

THE CLIMATE HAS REACHED

LEGAL BATTLE NOW THREATENS TO BEGIN.

Marion County Commissioners Refuse to Entertain Motion Against Inspection of Officials' Books.

SALEM, Oct. 28.—"Frivolous and scandalous," is the way County Judge Scott characterized the motion filed Saturday evening by Sheriff Durbin, Clerk Hall, Treasurer Downing and Recorder Roland. This motion asked the County Court to cancel its order employing Messrs. Clark and Buchanan, of Portland, to expert the county books. The motion came up for hearing in the County Court this morning, and it was ordered that the motion be denied and be expunged from the records for the reasons stated. This seems to indicate that the County Court will not recede from its position, and a legal fight in the courts is now on.

The four county officers whose books were ordered experted filed a motion by their attorneys, Hunt and Carson, asking that the court rescind its action on the ground that it was illegal and unnecessary. It was alleged that the motion was a question of experting the books was considered at a secret meeting, at which the four officers interested were not present, but at which the experts were present; that the order was not made upon the day stated in the record, but upon the next day, and the record was made to misrepresent the facts in this respect; that the court had no authority to employ experts at this time, and that the employment of experts was accomplished at the instance of County Judge Scott, who took that action in order to vent his spleen and ill will against one of the four officers named.

When the motion came up this morning only Judge Scott and Commissioner Kneeland were present. Commissioner Milley had opposed the employment of experts, and refused to sign the contract. Attorney Hunt asked the court to postpone consideration of the motion until Commissioner Milley could be present, as he wanted the matter considered by all the members of the court. County Judge Scott and Mr. Kneeland held a brief conference on this point, and the court decided by saying that the clerk would enter an order stating that the motion to rescind the former order was granted, and that the order was made upon the day stated in the record, and upon the next day, and the record was made to misrepresent the facts in this respect.

This afternoon the court made another order, very materially changing its position, but still insisting that the books must be experted. The new order ratifies and confirms the contract made with Clark and Buchanan last week, and then directs that the work of experting the books be performed by the direction and supervision of County Judge Scott. It also directs that the County Judge examine "for and on behalf of this court all records in the various offices of Marion County, Oregon, and make due report to this court of the business transacted in said offices" during the time specified in the order.

After this order had been made, the County Judge called in Sheriff Durbin, Recorder Roland and Treasurer Downing. He asked the Sheriff whether he would turn over his books to the experts, and Durbin replied at length, saying that he objected to Messrs. Clark and Buchanan examining his books. He would turn his books over to the experts, but he would not permit the experts to have his books. This refusal was based upon the controversy in Washington over the work done by Messrs. Clark and Buchanan and Durbin. Durbin took the same position Durbin did, and the Judge announced his intention to hold him in contempt of court. It was decided, however, to postpone the proceedings until the officers had time to take review proceedings.

PROFITABLE FRUIT SEASON.

Ashland Farmers Have Done Better Than Ever Before.

ASHLAND, Or., Oct. 28.—Except for the shipment of apples, the fruit season has been brought to a close in the Ashland fruit belt with a record. The fruiters sent away by express and by freight. About 8000 boxes of fruit were mislabeled, and the remainder and remainder of the season prices were much better for peaches than at the end of the year, but for the whole the season was a success by the fruit-growers is a handsome one.

The fruit and vegetable crop has never been handled so profitably and successfully as during the present season. The benefit derived by the fruit-growers from the organization of the Ashland Fruit Association has been fully demonstrated.

SHOT HAS RESIGNED

From Membership in the Republican National Committee.

BOISE, Idaho, Oct. 28.—Ex-Senator Shoup has resigned as the Idaho member of the Republican National Committee, the resignation to take effect next December. The reason for the Senator's resignation is not known. A meeting of the Republican state committee has been called for the purpose of recommending the appointment of a successor to Mr. Shoup.

Idaho Lumber Dealers' Association.

The regular meeting of the Idaho Lumber Dealers' Association was held in Pocatello October 25. The convention was called to order by President Shoup, of Boise. After the address of welcome by the Mayor and response by President Shoup, Secretary Kivett made his report, which was adopted. After this the regular routine work was taken up, there being some 20 or 25 members present, with a number of visitors from the lumber dealers of Utah, who came up to investigate the workings of the association relative to an organization of the lumber dealers in the State of Utah. The meeting was interesting. After the evening session there was a banquet given by the local Lumber Exchange and Secretary Kivett, at the Bannock, to the visiting members and their friends, which was well attended. The next regular meeting of the association will be held in Boise on the 11th of January, 1902.

Airmen From Scarlet Fever.

OREGON CITY, Oct. 28.—The public school at Parkside closed this morning on account of a scarlet fever scare. Yesterday Archibald, the 3-year-old son of Charles Smith, died of the disease, and his little brother is also ill with the fever. As the school building is situated next to Mr. Smith's residence, it was thought prudent to close the school for an indefinite time.

Gift of \$775.75.

ASTORIA, Oct. 28.—Harry Twilight, a young passenger brakeman of the Astoria Railroad, who lost an arm and a leg in an accident on the road, was today presented with a purse containing \$775.75, raised by public subscription among the friendly Archibald, the 3-year-old son of Charles Smith, died of the disease, and his little brother is also ill with the fever. As the school building is situated next to Mr. Smith's residence, it was thought prudent to close the school for an indefinite time.

Men Out of Employment.

ASTORIA, Oct. 28.—The Gray's Bay Logging Company closed its camp Saturday for the winter and a large number of men were thrown out of employment.

This was occasioned by the action of the mills in reducing the price of logs and inaugurating a more strict system of scaling.

Oregon Mining Stock Exchange.

Yesterday's quotations on the Oregon Mining Stock Exchange were:

Stock	Bid.	Ask.
Adams Mountain	10	12
Astoria-Melbourne (guaranteed)	12	14
Buffalo	10	12
Copperopolis	10	12
Champion	10	12
Gold Hill	10	12
Huronian	10	12
Oregon-Colorado M. M. D.	10	12
Riverdale	10	12
Sunshine & Curry	10	12

SPOKANE, Oct. 28.—The closing quotations of mining stocks today were:

Stock	Bid.	Ask.
Amer. Boy	10	12
Blackfoot	10	12
Crystal	10	12
Gold Lake	10	12
L. F. Corp.	10	12
M. L. Corp.	10	12
Mtn. Lion	10	12
N. G. Corp.	10	12

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 28.—Official closing quotations of mining stocks:

Stock	Bid.	Ask.
Alta	10	12
Belcher	10	12
Best	10	12
Calumet	10	12
Chollar	10	12
Consolidated	10	12
Con. Cal. & Va.	10	12
Franklin	10	12
Hale & Norcross	10	12
Justice	10	12

NEW YORK, Oct. 28.—Mining stocks today closed as follows:

Stock	Bid.	Ask.
Adams Con.	10	12
Alta	10	12
Breece	10	12
Calumet	10	12
Champion	10	12
Consolidated	10	12
Con. Cal. & Va.	10	12
Franklin	10	12
Hale & Norcross	10	12
Justice	10	12

FOR Government Work.

ASTORIA, Oct. 28.—Hale & Kern have a contract to deliver about 60,000 tons of rock from their quarry near Vancouver, Wash., at Fort Stevens, to be used in the construction work there. This morning a sample barge load was delivered in order that the engineer in charge might make a test of it.

Florentine Cornelius.

ASTORIA, Oct. 28.—Florentine Cornelius, the 4-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. T. S. Cornelius, of this city, died this morning of meningitis, after a brief illness taken to Hillsboro this evening, for interment.

DECISION AGAINST UNIONISM

State of Montana Must Treat Union and Nonunion Firms Alike.

HELENA, Mont., Oct. 28.—The Supreme Court today handed down an important decision involving the question of the purchase of supplies manufactured by nonunion labor. Some months ago the State Purchasing Board advertised for bids for furniture for the new state house. The contract was awarded the Robert Mitchell Furniture Company, of Helena, for about \$40,000. After the contract had been awarded, and before it was signed, the labor unions of the state protested against the action of the board on the ground that the Mitchell company employed nonunion labor. The board then, by a vote of 2 to 1, rescinded the contract, and set forth on the minutes that the reason of its action was because the firm employed nonunion men. Governor Toole, who is a member of the board, did not assent to the action of the board, and the other two members, Attorney-General Donovan and Secretary of State Clark, assented to the action of the board. The court today decided that the action of the board was illegal. The court today denied the writ on that ground, but in a long opinion it said that the reasons were not sufficient, and if the advertisement had been according to law, the fact that the company employed nonunion labor would not have absolved the board from its performance. Bids will be called for again, and under the decision nonunion firms will have the same consideration as union.

Mines Are Reopened.

BUTTE, Mont., Oct. 28.—All of the mines of the Amalgamated Copper Company, which were closed by the strike, are now open, and the company is now operating on a full scale.

PAN-AMERICAN CONGRESS.

Reyes Sees Nothing in His Speech Which Should Be Modified.

MEXICO CITY, Oct. 28.—General Rafael Reyes, the delegate to the Pan-American Congress from Colombia, and Vice-President of that country, said today to the press that he saw nothing in his speech, in allusion to the Washington comment on his speech at the banquet of the Mexico City Council to the regents, in which he paid tribute to Spain.

Transport From Manila.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 28.—The transport Meade arrived here today, 27 days from Manila. She has on board nine companies of Pacific Coast Artillerymen.

A Timely Suggestion.

This is the season of the year when the prudent and careful housewife replenishes her supply of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. Winter is over, and results are more prompt and satisfactory when it is kept in hand and given as soon as the cold is contracted and before it has become settled in the system. In almost every instance a severe cold may be ward off by taking this remedy freely as soon as the first indication of the cold appears. It is no danger in giving it to children, for it contains no harmful substance. It is pleasant to take—both adults and children like it. Buy it and you will get the best. It always cures. For sale by all druggists.

CONFIDENCE IN RESCUE

STATE OFFICIALS MORE SANGUINE OF SAVING MISS STONE.

It Is Believed Direct Negotiations Are Soon to Be Opened With the Brigands.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 28.—The State Department officials are more sanguine than they have been of late as to the successful outcome of the efforts now being put forth in behalf of Miss Stone. It is believed that they are about at a point where direct negotiations can be opened with the brigands.

No Definite News.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 28.—Those who have been in hourly expectation of news respecting Miss Stone and her companion have again been disappointed. Nothing definite has yet been heard of the dealing with the missionaries' abductors. A point which is much discussed among those here who are interested in the case is what shall be done if the brigands insist on being paid the \$25,000 in Turkish gold, which they at first demanded. Scarcely half that sum is available thus far, and it is believed that an agreement will be reached, but the offer of a less sum than \$25,000 Turkish will be withdrawn, even at the cost of the life of Miss Stone.

Position of the United States.

LONDON, Oct. 28.—The Porte must be aware that the patience of the United States is well-nigh exhausted, and that the United States Government is not likely to show the same leniency which France showed from fear of disturbing Eastern Europe.

To Reduce the Ransom.

LONDON, Oct. 28.—Mr. Dickinson, United States Consul-General at Constantinople, has written to Miss Stone at Balizta requesting her to induce the brigands to reduce the ransom to \$25,000. The Vienna correspondent of the Daily Telegraph, who is now on his way to Constantinople, has been instructed to induce the brigands to reduce the ransom to \$25,000.

SURE TO FIND HER.

Prefect of the Bulgarian Police Discusses Miss Stone's Case.

NEW YORK, Oct. 28.—According to the Sofia correspondent of the Journal and Advertiser, Colonel Kantecheff, prefect of the Bulgarian police, has made the following statement regarding Miss Stone, the missing missionary:

"If Miss Stone is living she will be found within 10 days. Three different parties are now on the ground, and communication with the brigands, Dickinson has sent two young men from Sofia. They are Macedonians and know the country well. They have been advised by Samakov with the same object. They are former pupils of Miss Stone, and volunteered for the trip. Mr. Dickinson pays all expenses. The third party consists of one sent by the Russian Minister."

"This is the most mysterious affair we have had since the court photographer was captured by the brigands. Samakov is 33 years old. He is still living and has a frugal life with the brigands cured him of several diseases."

"It is ominous that nothing has been heard of the capture for a month. Our fears are that the brigands have driven the brigands from the frontier to the interior, and it is now a race between the three relief parties which will find her first. Some one is sure to find her, if living."

Another Searching Party.

SOFIA, Bulgaria, Oct. 28.—Six young Bulgarians have banded themselves to search for the missing missionary.

Under the leadership of an American, and with the consent of the Bulgarian authorities have left Samakov for Mehoma with this belief, that they will find her. It is believed that this man was the one who was killed and the brigands have dispersed.

DESCRIPTION OF THE CAPTURE.

By the Man Whose Horses Were Ridden by Miss Stone and Party.

NEW YORK, Oct. 28.—A special to the Press from Boston says:

"Under the caption 'The Odyssey of Miss Ellen Stone,' the Evening Post of Sofia, Bulgaria, copies of which have just been received in Boston, contains a description of the capture of the American missionaries. The article contains an interview with Konstantine Pitsin, the Bulgarian horsekeeper, whose horses were ridden by Miss Stone and her party when they were held up by the brigands from the frontier. It thus describes the capture:

"We were traveling from Bankso to Djumay (Turkish territory), upon the mountain road. In this place, known as Gradoviste, there suddenly appeared 10 men, who, covering us with Mausers, called out 'surrender!'"

"We were all on horseback, six women and three men, including Grigor Tsalka, the husband of Mrs. Tsalka, and the student, Dimitri Kostov. We all dismounted, and the brigands straight up the mountain. The place was almost impassable. The saddles of the horses and even the clothes of the women were scratched and torn to shreds by the heavy underbrush. 'About 300 meters from Leaning Rock, our captors were joined by 20 more Turks and Armenians, who searched the women and took away their watches and other valuables on the mountain. Neither Miss Stone nor I were allowed to go. They left the rest of us under a guard of 15 men. There we remained all night under the pain of being shot. It was a terrible experience. When daybreak came we saw that the guard had vanished and we went to Mahoma."

The brigands spoke only Turkish.

On the day after my arrest in Mahoma I was taken before the Kadi, who urged me to say that the brigands were Bulgarian. This I refused to do, because I did not wish to persecute myself. Then they put me on the ground and beat me with rods and kicked me until I was unconscious. On the next day the Turkish soldiers captured all the woodcutters in the mountains of Gradevsko and massacred the men, while the women and children were driven to Djumay in chains. After three days I was released and succeeded in making my way to the mountains and then escaped into Bulgaria."

In another issue the Sofia Post prints an interview with a Macedonian refugee, who makes the following statement:

"The Post quotes the refugee as saying:

"In the town of Gradevsko 15 townsmen

were arrested and driven in chains to Djumay, where they were subjected to fearful tortures in prison. In the village of Subino-panas were seized and their feet placed in vices. After each tightening of the screws they were urged to make a confession identifying the brigands as Bulgarians. In many other villages the same barbarities are being practiced, all on the pretext of trying to locate the captured American."

LETTER FROM TSILKA.

Husband of the Woman Held Captive With Miss Stone.

NEW YORK, Oct. 28.—Gregory M. Tsilka, husband of the woman held captive with Miss Ellen M. Stone by Bulgarian brigands, in a letter dated Salonica, Turkey, October 7, and received today by the State Department, said that he and his wife, and two of their boys, were surrounded by a band of men, about 30 in number, armed with the latest rifles. They demanded our surrender, then made us climb up a thick forest, stopping here and there to examine the place. After half an hour or more we were ordered to sit down. There they caught Miss Stone, an American missionary, and my wife, and taking two of our horses, they went further in, while they kept us under arrest until the next morning, so we could not go and report to the State Department."

"On Tuesday, the 1st, a week ago, a man named Tsilka, who was traveling from Bankso to Djumay, on the way we found ourselves surrounded by a band of men, about 30 in number, armed with the latest rifles. They demanded our surrender, then made us climb up a thick forest, stopping here and there to examine the place. After half an hour or more we were ordered to sit down. There they caught Miss Stone, an American missionary, and my wife, and taking two of our horses, they went further in, while they kept us under arrest until the next morning, so we could not go and report to the State Department."

"Just before the taking of the women we had to witness a most terrible thing. They had captured at the same time, a Turk, and while they tied his hands back they were beating him with the backs of their rifles, and finally, taking his own knife, they stabbed him seven times and he died."

"For a long time we had to wait and hear nothing. Oh, the agony and the sleepless nights that we have spent waiting and watching, with no answer! Finally we got a letter telling us that the reason for the capture was to get money. They demanded more than \$100,000. It is a very large sum, and it seems impossible to get it. I am confident that my friends in America will do their best. Pray for us. When my wife goes free you shall have a long story of her experiences. God grant her freedom. I would never again be in the hands of the government, being examined and cross-examined almost every day. Many people have suffered terribly on this account. Some have been beaten to death with the hope that they would die they would tell where the missionaries are. The inhabitants all around the place where they were captured are in prison, or have run away and deserted their homes."

A GIGANTIC SWINDLE.

Boston Brokers Alleged to Have Got Money From All Parts.

BOSTON, Oct. 28.—In connection with what the United States Marshall's office declares to be one of the largest frauds they ever had to deal with in this city, members of the firm of J. C. Fisher & Co., brokers, who are now in the charge of using the United States mails in a scheme to defraud. It is alleged that \$100,000 has been taken from the public since the firm was organized.

The method of the firm is said by the authorities to have been simple. People all over the country, it is alleged, were written to and told what excellent investments they could make, and that large returns could be expected. Pools were formed, and those desirous of getting rich quickly were invited to join. After two or three weeks, it is said, investors would be advised that a pool had been formed on a well-known stock, and that as the quotations had gone down, the margin had been swept away, and the investors were advised to sell immediately in order to save the stock. After having put in two or three times the original amount, some investor became suspicious and called the attention of the authorities to the matter.

No Trace of Supposed Trainrobber.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Oct. 28.—No trace of the supposed Great Northern Express robber, who, on Sunday, escaped from two officers in this city, who were about to arrest him, has been found today. A negro ferryman on the Cumberland River, near this city, says he took a man across the river whose head was bleeding, and it is believed this man was the one who was in this vicinity that saw the supposed bandit.

Foul Play Is Feared.

BUTTE, Mont., Oct. 28.—Thomas Hogan, a well-known mining man of Butte, who recently located a rich claim in Alaska Basin, 75 miles from here, has disappeared, and is feared. Harry Thomas, a young man who was working with Hogan, a few days after Hogan dropped out of sight, drew money from a pocket on deposit with a storekeeper in Butte, and was never seen again. An investigation is in progress.

Whiteman Placed on Probation.

BOSTON, Oct. 28.—Alonso J. Whiteman, an ex-State Senator of Minnesota, who pleaded guilty a few days ago to one count of larceny was placed on probation in the Superior Court today. It is understood that restitution has been made to the persons from whom the defendant obtained money illegally.

On Trial for Perjury.

OMAHA, Neb., Oct. 28.—The trial of James Callahan began today before Judge Keyser, in the criminal branch of the court. Callahan was charged with perjury in his testimony at his former trial for highway robbery and the abduction of the son of Edward A. Cudaby, the millionaire packing-house owner.

THEY FOUGHT OVER \$10.

Evans and Weaver Have a Mix-Up But No Arrests.

H. Dudley Evans, formerly known in pugilistic circles, and now driving a Gray wagon, and Lawrence Weaver got into an altercation last night in a saloon on Sixth street, near Alder, because Weaver seized \$10 belonging to Charles Roberts. Weaver came outside with the money, and in the pursuit he was caught by Evans in front of the Marquam Theater. A fight followed, in which Weaver came off second-best, and he was taken in the patrol wagon to the police station. Evans called and saw the police officers, and after Weaver surrendered the \$10 he declined to prosecute any one, and the matter was dropped. Neither party was seriously hurt. Evans says that Weaver began the conflict.

FATAL FALL FROM WHEEL.

Solomon Wismer Unconscious for Three Days Until Death Came.

Solomon Wismer, formerly a barber, who had a store in this city on Front street, near Madison, died yesterday at Bethany from the effects of a bicycle accident. Last Friday he was riding his bicycle not very far from his father's farm, at Bethany, when he fell from his machine and became unconscious from the effects of a blow on the head. He did not recover consciousness afterward.

Identity of Highway Robber.

TACOMA, Oct. 28.—The highway robber who has been operating on an extensive scale on the outskirts of this city for the past week, and gave a fictitious name to the police when arrested Sunday, has confessed that his true name is Perry Reynolds, and that he came here recently from Pendleton, Or., where he has relatives. He is only 19 years of age.

FIFTY YEARS OF PROGRESS

WHAT OREGON HAS DONE IN MANUFACTURING.

Bulletin of Census Office Describes the Present Condition of Mechanical Industry in the State.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 28.—"Although agriculture is the most important industry of Oregon, the development of manufacturing and mechanical industries since 1890 has been very marked," says a bulletin of the Census Office, made public today.

"The natural resources of the state are extensive, furnishing material for its various industries. There is no lack of fuel. It has three good harbors for the marketing of manufactured goods. The streams of the state furnish abundant power at The Dalles, the Cascade and Oregon City, and the mines are producing a continually increasing supply of coal for fuel."

"In lumber and timber products is the principal industry in the state. In 1900 there were 484 wage-earners employed in this industry, and the products were valued at \$10,822,167, as compared with 4214 wage-earners and products valued at \$13,077,171 in 1890. There were 75,673,000 feet (board measure) of lumber, exclusive of custom sawing, sawed in 1900, as compared with 47,146,000 in 1890. The importance of this industry due to the remarkable forest lands of the state."

"Flour milling stands second among the manufacturing industries of Oregon, and reflects the large wheat-growing interest of the state. The production of this cereal amounting to 16,158,012 bushels in 1900. The flour-milling industry gave employment to 443 wage-earners in 1900, and had a product valued at \$2,804,023, as compared with 231 wage-earners in 1890, and products valued at \$4,184,473."

"The canning of fish ranks next among the industries of the state, with products valued at \$1,358,992 in 1900, as compared with \$1,643,324 in 1890. This industry, which is almost entirely the canning of salmon caught in the water of the Columbia River and its tributaries, has its center in the City of Astoria. The industry dates back to 1896, and reached its maximum production in 1893. It is carried on also on the north side of the Columbia River, in Washington, the value of the product of this latter state in 1890 being nearly a third of that of Oregon. The Columbia River has been famous for its salmon, the product for the year 1895 exceeding in value that of any other river in the United States or the world."

"The woolen manufacturers gave employment in 1900 to 97 wage-earners, and had products valued at \$37,824, as compared with 258 wage-earners, and products valued at \$614,822 in 1890. The importance of the woolen manufacture in Oregon is largely a result of the extensive stock-raising interests of the state. The City of Portland is the principal port and railroad center of the state. It is the terminus of three transcontinental lines, and is a distributing point for the products and supplies of Oregon, and to some extent of Washington, Idaho and Montana. Manufacturers here, therefore, find it advantageous to locate their enterprises in this vicinity."

PAST MASTER IN TREACHERY

The Filipino Described by an Officer Just Home From the Islands.

NEW YORK, Oct. 28.—Captain S. O'Connor, a former Captain in the Ninth Regiment of the National Guard, who has just returned from the Philippines, where he did valiant service as a Captain in the Fourth Volunteer Infantry, said in an interview upon the subject of the massacre of the Ninth United States Infantry, on the Island of Samar:

"The American people can form no idea of the treachery of the natives. They have been likened to the American Indian, but the comparison does not do justice to their capacity for betrayal. Such a body of fighters as the Ninth Infantry are never would have been caught in such a trap by the Indians. The Indians never have learned to play the friend like the Filipino. A soldier on the Western plains would be on his guard always against the redskin, but they cannot be dissembled. They may ambush you and rush you at night, but they do not know how to play the amingo trick, as did the Filipinos."

"That the Filipino is a past master in treachery I soon learned after getting into the field over there. Consequently I decided to be as severe as possible. I was Provost Marshal in several towns, and apparently was unduly harsh, but I found that the only way to meet the natives."

Transport From Manila.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 28.—The transport Meade arrived today from Manila, bringing with it a number of soldiers, and nine companies of Coast Artillery, the Sixth, Sixty-first, Sixty-second, Sixty-third, Sixty-fourth, Sixty-fifth, Sixty-sixth, Sixty-seventh, and Sixty-eighth, under command of Lieutenant Colonel A. H. Merrill. Other officers with the companies are Major H. C. Dances, Major H. C. Lindlow, Major Clarence Moens, Major C. R. E. Joy, C. S. Patterson, C. C. Greenough, Captain Deems, H. C. Merriam, R. H. Peimre and Augustus McIntyre.

The companies have seen much active service in the Philippines. A number of Army officers came as cabin passengers on the Meade, which also brought a few discharged sailors and 31 military prisoners.

Death of Cadet Noy Confirmed.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 28.—Secretary Long has received the following cablegram from Rear-Admiral Rogers, confirmatory of the Associated Press dispatch from Manila:

"Cadet Loveman Noy, while on shore, near Nipalpan, Samar, on boat expedition, was killed by natives October 27."

Naval Cadet Noy was appointed from Tennessee, and entered the Annapolis Academy in September, 1896.

Grandpa Zimmerman Disappointed.

NEW YORK, Oct. 28.—A dispatch from Kimbolton, England, to the World says: "It