HAD A DAY OF ORATORY

EPISCOPALIANS INDULGED IN LONG DISCUSSION.

Debate Centered Upon an Important Amendment to the Constitution, Which Was Finally Adopted.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 7 .- This was a day of oratory in the house of deputies of the triennial Episcopal convention, The debate which began last Saturday on the proposed addition to article 10 of the constitution, prescribing the form of wor-ship, was continued all day and finally resulted in adoption. As adopted its reads

But provision may be made by canon for the temporary use of other forms and directories of worship by congregations not within this church, who are willing to accept the spiritual oversight of the bishop of the diocese or missionary dis-

The vote was as follows: Clerical-Ayes, 30 dioceses; noes, 16 dioceses; di-vided 11 dioceses. Lay-Ayes, 35; noes,

The debate was very animated, and until the result was announced it was the prevailing opinion that the vote would be much more evenly divided than it was. It was strongly urged by the advocates of the proposed change that its adoption would open the way to a great increase in the membership of the church. Its opnents regarded it as too radical an in-

Variety of Opinions,

The Rev. Dr. Spaulding, of Alabama, thought the authority proposed to be given to the bishops was beyond the power of the convention to give. He was afraid, too, that it would open a door to heresies and schlems. The Rev. Dr. Fiske, of Rhode Island,

hesitated to support the measure on ac count of the uncertainty and ambiguity of its language. Then, too, he would like to know what sort of canon it was proposed to enact. It is supposed to be in the interest of Christian unity, but he felt sure it would be found to operate in just the opposite direction. The Rev. Dr. de Rosset, of Springfield,

said the amendment in its present form vention. He preferred to leave it with the bishops to provide in their own way for whatever exigencies arise requiring such provision of special forms of worship without canonical action.

The Rev. Dr. Bassett, of Rhode Island, called attention to the temporary use only that was contemplated. The canon to carry it into effect must be made by the general convention, and will surely make careful provision to guard against undue

Major Samuel Mahon, of Iowa, favored The Rev. Edward A. Larrebee, of Chicago, as an advanced churchman, said he believed in and used temporary prayer. in many cases. But he was opposed to giving the highest privileges of the church

to congregations brought into some tem-porary connection with the church, Alfred Mills, of Newark, claimed that the amendment was obscure. The Rev. Dr. McKim, of Washington, argued for the adoption of the amendment n the ground of its conformity to the principles of ecclesiastical antiquity.

The Rev. Charles C. Rollit, of Minne-apolis, said it seemed lost sight of that this constitutional provision, if adopted, would be entirely inoperative until a canon under it had been made. This, together with the ordination vows of the clergy, was a sufficient safeguard against the coming in of evil thorough it. He said there was a real and great demand

Foreign Deputations.

The Rev. Hudson Stuck, of Dallas, said it had not been shown that the work among the Swedish and other foreign peo-ples depended for its continued success upon the privileges here attempted to be given. He thought it would go on as well A motion to receive a deputation from Canada at noon tomorrow was

A message from the house of bishops reporting on its morning's work was re-

The Rev. J. D. H. Browne, of Los Angeles, feared that this legislation indicate to the world some lack of faith in the sufficiency of the prayer-book. He thought all that was desired could be had

by individual action of the bishops.

Dr. McConnell, of Long Island, said a similar question had been before this church for 50 years, since Dr. Muhlenberg's time. He thought there was a demand for something of the kind, and that it would be better to recognize and regulate the exercise of the liberty sought to be given, rather than leave it to the individual will of the bishops and clergy, which would surely bring more or less

The Rev. John Williams, of Nebraska. objected that it was legislation in advance of any demand. He declared that the expression, "not in union with this was ambiguous.

Mr. Randall, of Maryland, thought the adoption of the amendment would greatly help the work of the church among the red people of the South.

Mr. Stetson, of New York, said he could not think that the late Dr. Faude had brought in this amendment without the most deliberate consideration, and that there should not be any hesitation in adopting it. The Rev. Dr. John Fulton said the mo

tive of the original movers in the matter was to introduce the principle of the Lambeth quadrilateral into the constitution of the church, and with that motive was in entire accord. He was opposed to the measure in its present form, because of the absence of the safeguards which had a place in Dr. Huntington's resolution. He urged that the matter be to the next convention.

The Closing Argument.

The Rev. Dr. Huntington, of New York, made the closing argument. He declared it to be his purpose to bring in a canon embodying all the provisions of his original resolution referred to by Dr. Fulton, if this amendment should be adopted. If this is adopted, such a canon would be The four great questions, he said, which confront the American people are—the sanctity of the home, the purifiction of the municipal life of our great cities, the relation between capital and labor, and, towering up over all the oththe question whether all the religious forces of the Republic can be thoroughly and uniformally consolidated, and he eloquently argued that the step proposed to be taken by the Episcopal church would be in the direction of such a consolida-

The vote was then taken, and resulted follows: Clerical—Ayes, 30 dioceses; noes, 16: divided, 13. Lay—Ayes, 25; noes, 14; Givided, 5. The resolution was carried.

Other Matters.

The president announced that the Rev. Mr. Parker, of New York; the Rev. Dr. Lawrence, of Massachusetts; Sydney D. Miller, of Michigan, and Wilhellus Wynderee, of Long Island, were appointed a committee, together with a similar committee from the house of bishops, to re-ceive the delegation from the church in

Dr. Beatty, of Kansas, for the committee on unfinished business, reported a large number of matters left by the last convention in an unfinished condition. The Rev. Dr. Baker, of New Jersey, of the committee on a memorial with reference to a sustentation fund, made a re-port, the substance of which was the ex-

A message from the house of bishops announced its consent that the name of the diocese of Indiana be changed to the diocese of Indianapolis. The deputies immediately concurred. The Rev. Hudson Stuck, of Dallas, of-

fered the following resolution, which was referred to the committee on education: "Resolved, That the degree of doctor of philosophy implies in the holder original research of a character to further the progress of some science, and should be given only on residence at a duly incor-porated and qualified college on proof of such work by examination and thesis. "Resolved, That only degrees of doctor of philosophy so conferred should be recognized in the calendars and official publications of the church."

The house proceeded with the discussion of the amendments to the constitution, the question being the provision that special forms of service may be prescribed by canon for certain congregations not in full communion with the church.

An attempt was made to limit debate to 10 minutes. The Rev. Dr. Fulton op-

pression of hope that such a fund might PORTLAND PRESBYTERY be formed.

AT OREGON CITY. Officers Elected and Considerable

Routine Work Transacted-Session

Will Be Concluded Today.

OREGON CITY, Oct. 7.—The Fall meeting of the Portland Presbytery met this evening in the Presbyterian Church, and opened with a sermon by the retiring evening in the Presbyterian Church, and opened with a sermon by the retiring moderator, the Rev. W. S. Wright, of Sellwood. He took his text from I John iv:3: "In this was the love of God mani-fest that he gave his Son for us." In an

transcript, for the reason that the tran-script contained papers which had been rendered nugatory by the filing of subsequent amended papers, and hence the ontlay for such portion of the transcript was not necessary under rules 2 and 24 of FALL MEETING CALLED TO ORDER the Supreme Court.

> Other Supreme Court Matters. The case of the United States Mortgage & Trust Company, respondent, vs. P. A. Marquam et al., appellants, was argued and submitted on the petition of J. Thorburn Ross for leave to file an additional transcript, abstract and brief, in lieu of respondent. The petition was allowed, and it was further ordered that Ross have 10 days to file a brief, addi-tional abstract and additional transcript, and that appellants have 20 days after service of said brief to file their brief, and that the Title Guaranty & Trust Company have 20 days thereafter to file its brief. This case was also argued and submitted on motion to dismiss the second

VERITABLE SHE-DEVIL

OHIO WOMAN IS CHARGED WITH FOURTEEN MURDERS.

List Includes Four Husbands, Five Children and One Sister-All the Deaths Strangely Alike.

DAYTON, O., Oct. 7 .- Mrs. J. A. Witmer, a widow residing in this city, has been arrestd by the police at the instigation of the Coroner, and is held a pris-oner at the central station pending an in-vestigation into very serious charges. Mrs. Witmer, the police say, is suspected of 14 murders, the list including four hus-bands, five children, one sister and four members of different families in which

PROMINENT MINISTERS OF PRESBYTERIAN CONFERENCE.



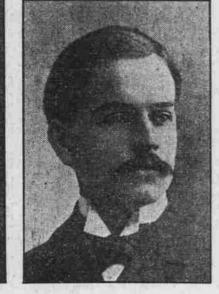
Retiring Moderator



Rev. A. J. Montgomery, Oregon City



Dr. Edgar P. Hill, Portland



Rev. Henry Marcotte, of Astoria

most important subject. The house, by a large majority vote, re-fused to limit debate, regarding such pro-

cedure as unconstitutional. A message from the house of bishops an-nounced the adoption by that house of an amendment to article 1, section 3, as adopted in this convention. The amendment would make the presiding bishop of the church elective by the house of bish-ops. Election would be by a majority of the bishops entitled to a seat in said house. They would have jurisdiction in the United States, subject to confirmaby the house of deputies; would hold office for three years, and would discharge such duties as may be prescribed by the constitution and canons of the general onvention. The house then adjourned till tomorrow night.

In the House of Bishops. The house of bishops adopted amendment to article I, section 3, of the constitution, above mentioned.

It was voted, in view of the growing importance of missionary work in China, to divide the district of Shanghai into two districts, to be known as those of Shanghai and Hankow. The bishops considered a number of reports and trans-acted considerable routine business. acted considerable routine business.

At the afternoon session the Rev. Dr.

Samuel Hart, acting registrar, made his report, from which it appeared that since the last general convention 15 bishops

S. E. Young et al., respondents, vs. John Hughes, as administrator, appellant, from motion to retax costs; costs retaxed. the last general convention 15 bishops had been consecrated, including the bishop for Brazil. The valuable documents in charge of the registrar are now safely cared for by the church missions in a large vault given by J. Pierpont Morgan. Valuable additions have been been stream, to safely cared for printing the abstract, 25 pages, \$25; the last convention of the safety and the safely cared for printing the abstract, 26 pages, \$25; the safely cared for printing the abstract, 26 pages, \$25; the safely cared for printing the abstract, 26 pages, \$25; the safely cared for printing the abstract, 26 pages, \$25; the safely cared for printing the abstract, 26 pages, \$25; the safely cared for printing the abstract printing the made to the archives, of pamphlets, ser-monsp reached at the consecration of American bishops, a set of original jour-nals of the general convention, etc.

Sunday School Institute. The American Sunday School Institute eld its first session at Grace Church. The attendance was large. Bishop Nichols, of California, conducted a prayer service and also delivered an address of welcome. Bishop Talbot, of Central Pennsylvania, was elected president and the Rev. H. L. Durbing, of Philadelphia, was retained as secretary and treasurer. The sessions were addressed by several prominent Sunday school workers. At the afternoon session the Rev. W. H. Durbing presided, in the absence of Bishop Hare. The topic for consideration

"The Child and the Church." This was discussed in detail.

Vice-presidents are to be appointed from each diocese and missionary district and the bishops of the church will act as

patrons of the society. An address explanatory of the objects and methods of the institute in promoting Sunday school work was delivered by the Rev. H. L. Durbing.

The Rev. Dr. Bodie spoke of the "Service," explaining its features as

grasped by the youthful mind.
"The Lesson" was the theme of a discourse by the Rev. Edward L. Parsons, and "How to Give-the Offertory," was thur S. Lloyd. A volunteer discussion followed, participated in by the Rev. S. Andrew Bachr, William C. Shaw and Dr. Perryn. A few remarks by the Rev. H. L. Durbing closed the session. In the evening there was a discussion of "Practical Methods in Sunday School Work. The closing address was delivered by Bishop Whittaker, of Pennsylvania.

Daughters of the King.

Daughters of the King, who meet n St. Luke's Church, held only one session today, the prayer service being conducted by Bishop Coleman, of Delaware The election of members of the council which will choose its own presiding of-ficers, resulted in the choice of the following:

Mrs. E. A. Bradley and Mrs. Warner of New York: Mrs. Peck and Mrs. C. E. Bouman, of New Haven, Conn.: Mrs. W. Wilson, of Chicago; Mrs. Leslie Pell Clark, of the diocese of Albany, N. Y.; Mrs. E. Witzel, of Minneapolis, Minn.;
Mrs. W. W. McCandless, of Pennsylvania; Mrs. Adam Denmead, of Baltimore; Mrs. W. G. Davenport, of Washington, D. C.; Mrs. E. Crait, of Louisville, Ky.; Mrs. E. R. Lenner, of New Jersey, and Mrs. M. D. Fietcher, of Alameda, Cal.

ameda, Cal, en will meet later and elect These women will meet later and elect officers. Several amendments to the constitution were adopted, the most im-portant providing that hereafter conventions of the order shall be held triennially, instead of annually, as has been

The question of the meeting place for the next convention was left for decis-ion until the subject is taken up by the general convention.

Lamar Chendle.

SEATTLE, Oct. 7 .- Lamar Cheadle, pioneer of Oregon and Washington, died at Adelaide, Wash., yesterday of blood poisoning, resulting from a splinter in his poisoning, resulting from a splinter in his used in, the trial court, and thereafter finger. He crossed the plains in '52, and sent up with the transcript. If the cost was 75 years old. He first settled near of extending the notes is allowable at all Salem and then went to Umatilla. He had a married sister at Pendieton. He was a charter member of the first lodge of Odd Fellows in Oregon, and also of Lodge 1, of Canton, O., which he presented with ground, buildings and regalia. Burial will be here.

posed any limitation to debate on this God is love; at another, that he is anger. vance cause for hearing, taken under ad-

We can only be assured of his love through its manifestation on Calvary. After the sermon the presbytery was constituted in the usual manner with prayer. The Rev. M. D. McClelland, pas-tor of the Fourth Presbyterian Church, of Portland, was elected moderator to serve until the Spring meeting, and the Rev. W. S. Gilbert, of Calvary Presbyterian Church, of Portland, was elected temporary clerk. The Rev. Edward M. Sharp, paster of the Mount Tabor Church, was received without examination on a letter of dismissal from the Presbytery of Buffalo. The presbytery adjourned to meet at 9 A. M. tomorrow. The morning session will be devoted to business, which will be dispatched promptly, in order that the presbytery may finish its work

SUPREME COURT VERDICTS.

Judgments Rendered in Two Cases-Court Orders. SALEM, Or., Oct. 7.—The Supreme Court today handed down two opinions, both on the subject of the allowance of costs and disbursements. They are as fol-

lows

transcribing testimony, \$40, and for pre-paring a petition for rehearing, \$4. The respondent objects to these items and alleged that the abstract contained only 25 and the brief 47 pages, including covers; that a reasonable charge for printing the same did not exceed 75 cents per page, and that the stenographer's fees did not constitute a disbursement which the ap-peliant was entitled to recover. The appellant thereupon filed an amended veri fied statement, denying these allegations, and for a further answer alleged that he was compelled to serve and file a printed abstract and brief, containing 26 and 48 pages, respectively, including covers, for printing which an account of \$74 was set out; that the cause was tried before the court, stenographic notes being taken of the testimony, and a decree rendered without any transcription of such notes, but that an appeal having been taken, it became necessary to transcribe the testimony for use in the Supreme Court, for which service he was compelled to pay a stenographer the sum of \$40; that after the decision of the cause on appeal he prepared a petition for re-hearing, and that not having sufficient time to print the same so as to present it before an adjournment of the court, he had some copies thereof made by a stenographer, for which he was compelled to pay the sum of \$4.

The opinion of the court says: "It is not alleged in the amended verified statement that the appellant had agreed to pay the sum of \$74 for printing the abstract and brief, or that said sum was a reasonable compensation therefor. It is the duty of the clerk, in taxing costs, to allow the prevailing party the actual cost of printing his abstract or brief, not exceeding \$1 a page, including cover, when printed in pica, and \$1.25 a page when printed in small pica. (Rule 23 of Supreme Court.) . . . When the objections to the cost bill were filed, the burden of showing the reasonableness of the charges of the several items controverted thereby was imposed upon the appellant, and this duty could be discharged only by filing an amended verified statement, making a prima facte case in his behalf. The appellant having falled to comply with this requirement, his amended veri-fied statement admits by its silence that the reasonable charge for such printing was only 75 cents per page." The Supreme Court allows the claim for

\$40 for transcribing the testimony, which was done after the decree in the court below, but disallows the \$4 item for making a petition for rehearing.

John H. Albert, appellant, vs. City of Salem, respondent, from Marion County, H. H. Hewitt, Judge, on motion to retax costs; motion denied. Opinion by Justice Moore.

The appellant claimed \$30 for transcrib ing the stenographer's notes of the testimony, and \$25 for the transcript. The clerk of the Supreme Court disallowed the \$30 item, and allowed only \$15 for the transcript, whereupon his action in that respect was brought up for review. The opinion says:

"It appears that in the absence of an official reporter in the trial court, the plaintiff and the defendant employed stenographers, who reported the testimony in shorthand, and transcribed the notes thereof for the use of, and which were under the circumstances, it was a dis-bursement in the trial court; but not having been there taxed, and no appeal therefrom having been taken, involving the question of costs, this court is pow-erless in the matter."

visement. Joseph Delsman, respondent, vs. I. W. Baird et al., appellants, argued and sub-

mitted. Martha J. Walling, appellant, vs. William Trevor, respondent, consideration of motion to dismiss postponed until T. B. Handley, attorney for appellant, is served with notice of time when such motion will be called up. L. Oldenberg, respondent, vs. Oregon

Sugar Company, appellant, rehearing de O. & C. R. R. Company, respondent, vs. Jackson County, appellant, rehearing denied.

TRIAL OF CONTEMPT CASES. They Are Consolidated for the Pur-

pose of Taking Testimony. SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 7.—The United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the Ninth District today ordered that the Ninth District today ordered that the contempt cases against Arthur H. Noyes, United States District Judge of Alaska, District-Attorney Joseph K. Wood and C. S. A. Frost, of Nome, and Thomas Geary, of this city, be consolidated for the purpose of having testimony taken before Commissioner Heacock. Judge Heacock continued the hearing until tomorrow. Ex-United States District Judge Johnson and other witnesses are here to give testiother witnesses are here to give testi-

The court affirmed judgment in the case of the Oregon Short Line Railroad vs. the Postal Telegraph Cable Company. This was a suit for infringement on land held cided that the purpose for which the telegraph company would use it was more important than that of the railroad company. The judgment secured by the Klondike Expedition Company against the steamer Noyo, et al., and John Jacobsen for \$4250 for failure to tow the schooner W. H. Evans from Seattle to St. Michaels was affirmed.

RETURN OF THE ROYAL COURT Expense Will Be Enormous, in Spite

of an Edict for Economy. PEKIN, Oct. 7.-The officials here have not been informed as to whether the court has started for Kal Fong Fu, as announced in a dispatch from Shanghai yes-terday. Previous advices lead to the be-lief that the court did start. The temporary palaces at Kai Fong Fu and Pao Ting Fu are being prepared, although they will only be occupied for a few days. Requisitions for the travelers' expenses amount to 13,000,000 taels, in spite of the edict enjoining economy in this respect The scope of the preparations may be judged from a single item, 30,000 taels, being expended on tableware. Several local officials along the route have re-signed because they are unable to meet the expenses of entertaining the court The latter's journey now is particularly unfortunate because the regions traversed have been impoverished by the famine. The Chinese officials are considering the desirability of protesting to the foreign Ministers against the conduct of the le-gation guards. The soldiers continue to troat the Chinese like a conquered peo ple. Groups of soldiers roam about the city, wearing their side arms, often intoxicated, and ill-treating the natives and committing petty robberles. A part of the Americans recently looted a silversmith's store, securing several bundred taels worth of property. The whole gar-rison was confined to barracks until the gullty men were detected. The Governor of Pekin protested because the foreign storekeepers continue to occupy buildings which they seized in 1900 regardless of their owners' wishes. The Ministers will evict the storckeepers from these

Correspondence has been exchanged be tween officials and the Ministers regarding the complaints made by Chinamen that they have been compelled against their will to take part in the work of building the new legation. It is becoming evident that some modus vivendi must be established, for the conditions will become in-tolerable. Notwithstanding the Ministers policy of moderation in erection of de-fenses the legation quarter presents the appearance of a fortified city. The British defenses, opposite the Imperial City are particularly formidable, the Italian defenses, adjoining the British, have em. prasures for cannon, a deep most protects the German section, and across the city wall the Germans have erected a stone

fort for artillery.

Prince Su, the collector of taxes, has adopted the policy of taxing goods brought into Pekin for foreign merchants.

Heretofore such goods have not been taxed of the policy of taxing goods. taxed, and the merchants have protest ed to the Ministers, who held that the goods should remain untaxed, on the ground that they are intended for the use of the legations.

One of Founders of Mormon Church KANSAS CITY, Mo., Oct. 7 .- Joseph Westwood, an associate of Brigham Young in the founding of the Mormon church, a member of the first party that went West to Salt Lake, and one of the earliest missionaries in England, died as eriess in the matter."

earliest missionaries in England, died at
The Supreme Court approves the action
Independence, Mo., today in his 30th year,

ago under mysterious circumstances. An autopsy performed at the request of Mrs. Witmer's mother, who same here from Detroit, is said to have disclosed the presence of arsenic and copperas poisoning in the stomach.

cording to Police Department data, the death of two children. The second hus-band died suddenly several years after the marriage, and three children of this marriage died in rapid succession. The third husband of Mrs. Witmer was William Stowe, who died at Middleton under symptoms, it is stated, of arsenic poisoning. Mr. Stowe's death created a sensation, Mr. Stowe's death created a sensation, and was the subject of an investigation by the Coroner. It was shortly after Mr. Stowe's death that Mrs. Witmer came to Dayton. She afterward assumed the duties of housekeeper for Charles K. Keller, a widower. Keller died suddenly, and the information since gained by the Coroner concerning Keller's death that his allment was similar to that of a person affected by poison. She next acted as housekeeper for John A. Wenz, an East End druggist. Wenz died in September, one year ago. The doctors attributed his death to blood poisoning, but now tell the Coroner that they were dissatisfied with their diagnosis at the time. Two months before Mr. Wenz's death his 4-year-old son died suddenly Mrs. Stowe next resided with a Mr. and Mrs. Gabler, on Best street, Riverside There two persons dled suddenly and the Coroner now says their sickness was of the nature of arsenic polsoning. Her last husband, A. J. Witmer, died last April. In each instance, death was somewhat sudden, and the cases were all

strangely alike.

The prisoner is 47 years of age and for merly lived in Middleton, this state. She has two sons in the Philippines, and a sister, it is stated, in a New York asylum. No conceivable motive for the sus pected crimes has been disclosed. Drugs which were found in the house occupied by Mrs. Witmer are in possession of the lice will be examined,

A DASTARDLY GRIME.

Boy Tied Up in a Bag and Allowed

to Suffocate. NEW YORK, Oct. 7 .- The body of Albert Robinson, a 6-year-old boy, who lived with his mother, a mulatto woman, at 300 West Twenty-first street, was found this morning in an areaway at 361 West Twenty-second street, tied up with his clothes in a burlap bag. The Coroner's physicians made an autopsy on the boy's body this afternoon, and found that death was due to asphyxiation. They found a quantity of alcoholic fluid in the stomach and serious lacerations of the lower parts of the abdomen. The physicians pronounced it one of the most dastardly of crimes. Alonzo Watson, a waiter, whose mother is ianitress of the tenement where to the Tombs under \$5000 bail on suspicion Tonight the police arrested Harry Trieder, white, and William de Lyons, Legro, on suspicion of being connected with the murder of the boy. Captain Moynihan gave it as his opinion that the murder was committed in the rooms of cupied by Trieder and De Lyons,

COMMITTED WITHOUT BAIL.

Four Men Who Kidnaped and Robbed a Woman in Philadelphia. PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 7.-Charged with abducting and robbing Mable Goodrich the proprietress of a disreputable es tablishment, Howard K. Sloan, Henry E. Wallace, D. Knight Finley and Oscar S. Dunlap were today brought before a magistrate and committed without ball until further hearing next Monday. Sloan is an unemployed newspaper reporter, Wallace was also a city reporter for the Press; Finlay was employed in the business department of the North Amer- 69 years old. His wife and one daughter,

ous and influential, and have large familles, and all their members are fearless.

Report of a Second Clash. MIDDLESBORO, Ky., Oct. 7.-A report reached here tonight by way of Tazewell Following closely upon the death of her first husband, Fred Schweger, came, ac-

Tenn., that a second clash between the Chadwell and Morgan factions had occurred late this afternoon, but the story is unconfirmed. At noon, when a horse-man arrived here from Ewing, Va., five miles from Big Springs, no more trouble had occurred, aithough the feeling was at tension. Both factions were barricaded in their homes, and were armed to the teeth. Many believe that they are waiting for darkness to renew the trouble. Two members of each faction came to Cumberland Gap today and secured a large Second Trial of Caleb Powers. GEORGETOWN, Ky., Oct. 7.-The sec-ond trial of ex-Secretary of State Caleb Powers, charged with complicity in the murder of Governor William Goebel, be-gan here today. The defense sprang a sensation by filing an affidavit to require Judge Cantrill to vacate the bench. The Judge thereupon adjourned court until tomorrow. The affidavit alleges in forceful language the partisan feeling shown

TRENTON, Tenn., Oct. 7.-Matthew Wilson, a married man, aged 25 years, was killed by a mob near Rutherford last night. Wilson was charged with attempting a criminal assault upon his sister-in-WAS A STRANGE CHARACTER

The Inte Jacob Ahles, Who Had Traits of a Miser.

by the Judge in the former trials.

Man Killed by a Mob.

KALAMA, Wash., Oct. 7.—Jacob Ahles, ploneer of 1852, died at his home near Kalama yesterday, aged 85 years. He was born in Germany and came to this country when a boy. In 1852 he crossed the plains from Missouri and spent the Winter of '52 and '53 at Portland. In the Spring of '53 he settled upon a donation land claim adjoining the present site of Kalama on the south, where he afterward resided. He was the father of eigh children, five of whom survive him, son, Fred, and a daughter, Mrs. Jo Schauble, live at Kalama. His wife died

about 25 years ago.

Jacob Ahles was an eccentric man. He is supposed to have left a snug fortune in gold coin buried somewhere near his lit-tle hovel, which he has inhabited alone, more or less, for a great many years. Before leaving Missouri for this coast he was known to have amassed considerable money from the shoe business. For a great many years after locating here he made money in the stock business, always represented himself poor, He was never known to spend money except for taxes and necessities. For several years he has not made much money, and when he "dug up" his hoarded gold for paying his taxes the twenties showed stain or mildew. He never conversed about his business affairs, even with his own family. He was always opposed to public improvements and refused repeatedly to sell any of his water front for mill sites. In 1890, however, he sold 10 acres of right-of-way to the Union Pacific for \$3000. The funeral will take place Tuesday.

George Simmons.

GRANT'S PASS, Or., Oct. 7 .- George Simmons, familiarly known as "Uncle George," died yesterday afternoon at the Western hotel after an illness of two years. He owned the famous Simmons placer mine at Waldo, one of the riches and most extensive in the state. He came to this coast in 1855 and spent the rest of his life in and about Waldo. He

Tired Out

ican as a stenographer, and Dunlap is a

Goodrich.

The woman was the first witness against the prisoners and indentified each of them. She then told the remarkable story of her abduction, confinment and robbery as detailed in these dispatches.

Detective Donaghy related the story of the arrest of the prisoners, and stated that all had confessed. Dunlap, he said,

Law and Order Society, which organiza-tion would reward them for their ser-vices. Later Wallace said Sloan made the proposition to rob the woman. Wai-

lace refused to become a party to the robbery, he declared, and said further that he did not see Sloan from that time until the day of his arrest.

Sloan and Findley were held in \$2000 bail each on the charges of assault and

battery and conspiracy, and committed to prison without bail on the charge of kidnaping and highway robbery. Wal-

lace, who turned state's evidence, and

Dunlap were committed without ball on the charge of conspiracy for kidnaping.

The penalty for kidnaping is life impris-

BLOODY FIGHT AT A CHURCH.

Family Feud Causes the Death of

Four Men-More Trouble Expected. KNOXVII.LE, Tenn., Oct. 7.-In a bloody fight at the Union Baptist Church,

at Big Springs, 10 miles from Tazewell, Tenn., yesterday, four men were killed,

two mortally wounded, and three wounded less seriously. The killed: TIP AND JOHN F. CHADWELL, RUSH AND HENRY MORGAN.

Mortally wounded-John Morgan, Asa

Wounded-Mr. Jones, leg broken; Mr.

Noble, flesh wound: Sheriff Brook, slight, There was preaching at the church, and

about 600 people gathered there. Just be-fore the 11 o'clock service began, Tip Chadwell went to the spring, 50 yards

from the church. Rush Morgan was at the spring, and began firing at Chadwell. Both factions immediately gathered, and

the fight lasted half an hour. Sherift

Jones attempted to arrest Asa Chadwell, who resisted. Both Brook and Asa Chad-

Chadwell,

well are wounded.

barber. The quartet were arrested urday on warrants sworn out by Mrs. Goodrich.

That's nothing. Every one is tired at times. The trouble is you can't get rested. It's your impure blood that makes that all had confessed. Duniap, he said, told him that his purpose was to assist Stoan in placing Mrs. Goodrich in the hands of the Law and Order Society. He had not been told of the intention to rob the woman.

Wallace was the only prisoner to testify. He said Sloan had suggested to him the plan by which Mrs. Goodrich was to be abducted in the interest of the Law and Order Society, which organizational storages with the contraction of the case and Order Society, which organizations. the disturbance. Try Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Your doctor will tell you what is in it, and why it will help you so promptly.

"I suffered terribly for 12 years. The doctors said my blood was all turning to water. At last I tried Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and was soon in the best

of health again."
Mrs. J. W. Fiala, Hadlyme, Conn. I C AVEDON LEGIT MAN

Ella, wife of J. T. Logan, survive him, He will be buried Tuesday from the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, under the auspices of the A. O. U. W., of which he was a member. He was one of the best known of the Southern Oregon ploneers,

J. L. Baker.

SALEM, Or., Oct. 7.-J. Lyle Baker, a son of Professor L. H. Baker, principal of the South Salem School, died in this city today of typhoid fever. The deceased was 23 years old. He was for a number of years a school teacher and recently had been engaged as a barber. He was a popular young man and was highly regarded. He was not married. regarded. He was not married.

W. W. Richardson.

SCIO, Or., Oct. 7.-W. W. Richardson, prominent pioneer of 1851, died in this city yesterday, at the age of To years, He came from Illinois to this state and took a leading part in the upbuilding of his section of the country. He was a member of the state legislature ten years ago, elected on the Republican ticket, and was a member of the Christian Church, He left four sons and three daughters.

THE LANCASTER MYSTERY. Dawson City Merchant Who Mysteris ously Disappeared Is in Texas.

well are wounded.

The feud between the Morgans and Chadwells has existed a long time. Last Christmas they met at Walnut Hills, Va., when a pitched battle ensued, in which several were killed. Eighteen months ago DENVER Oct 7. - The mystery surrounding the disuppearance of Joseph C. Lancaster, the wealthy Dawson City merchant, who dropped out of sight about a year ago in Seattle, Wash., has been, at they met near the Hancock line. Fight-ing followed, and one was killed. Both the Chadwells and Morgans are prosperleast partially, solved by a letter received in this city today. Mrs. Pauline Peyton, a sister of the missing man, received word from him at Beaumont, Tex, and in the letter he said he would leave at once for Denver on his way to join his family in Oakland, Cal. He offers no explanation for his strange action, further than to say he believes he suffered a physical and mental collarse while it. Sentity and that say he helieves he suffered a physical and mental collapse while in Seattle and that he, without realizing what he was doing, left the city, journeying southward, controlled only by the desire to find quiet and rest. He says he felt a peculiar sensation just as the vessel he traveled in from Alaska approached Fuget Sound, and he thinks it was due to nervousness which finally caused his collapse. Mr. Lancaster writes that he is improved Mr. Lancaster writes that he is improved in health and anxious to greet his family. Mr. Lancaster before going to Alaska lived in Butte, Mont., and several places in Colorado, being the first Mayor of As-

Dally Treasury Statement. WASHINGTON, Oct. 7.-Today's stategent of the Treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the \$150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption,

Available cosh balance\$172,631,686 Gold 101,486,565

The dizziness and faintness from which women suffer may be due to one of several causes. But the most common cause is disease of the delicate womans organism. The story of Mrs. Brown, example of the conditions under which so many women work: "I had a sick headache nearly all the time, was so weak around my waist could hardly bear any-

thing to touch me. I would work a little while and then lie down a while." Failing to obtain more than temporary relief from her doctor's treatment, Mrs. Brown began the use of Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription, with the usual result-a complete cure. Dr. Pierce's Fa-

vorite Prescription is the best medicine for the cure of dis-It establishes eases peculiar to women. regularity, dries offensive drains, heals inflammation and ulceration and cures female weakness. It makes weak women

strong, sick women well.

"A few years ago I suffered severely with female weakness and had at times dreadful pains," writes Mrs. Mary V. Brown, of Creswell, Harford Co., Maryland. "I went to my dector, and he gave me medicine which did me good for a while, but I would get worse again. I had a sick headache nearly all the time; was so weak around my waist could hardly bear anything to touch me. My feet would keep cold and I could hardly do my work. I would work a while and then lie down a while; was completely run down. Suffered from disagreeable discharge and also severe pains at times. After using five bottles of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, three of his 'Golden Medical Discovery' and one vial of Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets, and following the advice you gave regarding the 'Lotion Tablets,' I can truly say that I am cured. The doctor said it was uterine disease I had."

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical strong, sick women well.

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, in paper covers, is sent free on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to pay expense of mailing only, or if clothbound volume is desired send a Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. V.



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