TEAMS PLAYED TIE GAME

PORTLAND AND SPOKANE NINES CONTESTED AT HILLSBORO.

Large Crowd Witnessed Match, Which Was Fought for Throughout the Eleven Innings.

HILLSBORO, Or., Oct. 4.—One thousand people witnessed an exhibition game today between the Portland and Spokane teams, and the game played was as hotly contested as if the Northwest pennant was the trophy. Spokane went to bat with Knox at the head of the list. He knocked a hit to center field and was out. Lougheed followed and scored on Hurlbut's hit. In the last half of the first Tinker and Muller scored for Portland.

No runs were then made until in the fourth, when Glendon crossed the plate. In the fifth, Knox, from the bunchgrass city, made a great hit with the bleachers. He landed the sphere over the fence at the left field and made a home run. Everything was a shut out after this until in the eighth, when Knox and Lougheed again crossed the home plate for the blue stockings. In the last of the ninth, Tinker scored on Glendon's hit and this tied the game. Two more innings were played without any pegging, and Umpire O'Connell called the game.

The teams were out for a good time, and they had it. They enjoyed the interest of the small boy and they were overjoyed at seeing so many in the trees and on the tops of barns, taking in the game without expense. A foul from Glendon's bat flew the fence and struck a man who was in a maple tree, knocking him to the ground. There was a general call for him to come in and pay the admission fee, but the injured fan valiantly climbed to his roost and watched the game out. The line-up was:

Portland.	Position.	Spokane.
Muller	lf	Adams
Deisel	c	Fay
Anderson	2b	Knox
Tinker	3b	Risley
Vigneaux	c	Lougheed
Weed	1b	Swindells
Glendon	rf	Thielman
Brown	cf	Hurlburt
Engle	p	Marshall

SUMMARY.

Spokane	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0—4
Portland	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0—4

Attendance, 1000.
Umpire, O'Connell.
Time of game, 1 hour 30 minutes.

TROTTING RECORD BROKEN.

Ollie M., a Two-Year-Old, Wins Fame at North Yakima.

NORTH YAKIMA, Oct. 4.—The racing programme at the State Fair this afternoon was an excellent one, and with the other amusements kept the crowd constantly entertained. Diodine, a 5-year-old mare belonging to D. M. Shanks, of North Yakima, took the second of the $1000 purses. She won the 2:15 pace in three straight heats in 2:16½, 2:15½ and 2:14¼. Starkey was second and Pathmark third.

The 2-year-old record for the Northwest was broken by Ollie M. She took two out of three heats in 2:22½ and 2:15¼. Milady and Oregon Sunshine took second and third money in a dead heat.

In the three quarters of a mile handicap, Espernado was first, Marengo second, Lucky White third; time, 1:15½.

In the three and a half furlongs running for 2-year-olds, Salmo won, Belle of Natchez second, Diccon third; time, 0:46.

Races at St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 4.—Following are the results at the Fair Grounds:

Five furlongs—Jigger won, Mr. Timberlake second, Kilimandscharo third; time, 1:02⅘.

One mile, selling—Antonette won, Teucer second, Tulla Fonso third; time, 1:46⅘.

Five and a half furlongs—Soundly won, Lelia Barr second, Hengist third; time, 1:08⅓.

Six and a half furlongs, selling—Jordan won, Sambo second, Attelle third; time, 1:21⅘.

Mile and a sixteenth, selling—Jessie Jarboe won, Picador second, Beana third; time, 1:47⅕.

Seven furlongs—Schnell Laufer won, Four Leaf C. second, Miss Theresa third; time, 1:28⅕.

Races at Harlem.

CHICAGO, Oct. 4.—The results at Harlem today were:

Five furlongs—J. A. Clarke won, Our Pride second, Lady Bird third; time, 1:01 3-5.

Six furlongs—Mountebank won, Little Louis second, Baughnaugh Gene third; time 1:14 4-5.

Steeplechase, short course—Lord Chesterfield won, Saintly second, Queen Ship third; time, 3:35 1-5.

One mile—Conqueror II won, Ben Battle second, The Lady third; time, 1:46⅘.

Five and a half furlongs—Julia Junkin won, Hoodwink second, Tommy Foster third; time, 1:06 3-5.

Six furlongs—Erema won, B. G. Fox second, J. A. Barness third; time, 1:14.

Mile and a sixteenth—Hard Knot won, Judge Redwine second, Sarilla third; time, 1:45 1-5.

Races at Gravesend.

NEW YORK, Oct. 4.—The results at Gravesend today were:

About six furlongs—Musidora won, Destitute second, Octoroon third; time, 1:12 1-5.

Mile and an eighth—Roxane won, St. Finan second, McAddie third; time, 1:53 3-5.

Five and a half furlongs—Clonmell won, Satucket second, Major Dangerfield third; time, 1:07 1-5.

Mile and a sixteenth—Sombre won, Peninsula second, Gunfire third; time, 1:48 3-5.

About six furlongs—Scotch Bush won, Lord Pepper second, Biff third; time, 1:12 3-5.

Mile and 70 yards — Bedeck won, Potente second, Criterion third; time, 1:45 3-5.

Races at Terre Haute.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Oct. 4.—Closing day:

2:14 pace, purse $1500 (unfinished from Thursday) — Council Chimes won in straight heats; best time, 2:09½

2:15 pace, purse $1500—Donna McGregor won in straight heats; best time, 2:14.

2:14 pace, purse $1500—Walter Keim won first, third and fourth heats; best time, 2:12. Glacy won second heat in 2:11½.

2:11 pace, purse $1000—Chestnut won in straight heats; best time, 2:07½.

2:14 trot, purse $1500—Red Princess won in straight heats; best time, 2:12¼.

Races at The Dalles.

THE DALLES, Or., Oct. 4.—Following is the summary of races here today:

Trot, 2:25 class, best two in three, purse $100—Package won, Roy S. second, Duke of Walstein third; time, 2:30 2-5.

Half mile, purse $75—Dewey won, K. C. second, Undergrowth third; time, 0:52 2-5.

Half mile, special, purse $75—Typewriter won, Tucker Snow second, Dell Mulkey third; time, 0:54¾.

The weather was fine and the track first class.

HAMMER-THROWING RECORD.

Broken by Flanagan in the Trials at Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Oct. 4.—The athletic games under the sanction of the A. A. U. at the Interstate Fair today were made notable by the breaking of the world's record for hammer-throwing by John Flanagan, of the Irish-American Athletic Club, New York. He threw the hammer 170 feet and one-half inch. The previous record of 168 feet and 4 inches was held by him. Flanagan also broke the world's record in the discus throw. He made 119 feet 7¼ inches. His previous record was 118 feet 9 inches, which was the record. The contests today were trials for the finals, which will be held tomorrow.

The 100-yard dash, open, first heat, was won by Duffy, of Georgetown University. There was a dead heat for second place between A. J. King, of St. Louis, and M. B. Emmerich, of Indianapolis. Time, 0:10. The second heat was won by G. Senn, University of Chicago; time, 0:10 2-5. Third heat was won by Hargrave, Yale; time, 0:10 1-5.

The 220-yard dash, open, first heat, was won by Hargrave, of Yale; time, 0:21 1-5. The second heat was won by W. J. Holland, of Georgetown University; time, 0:22 1-5.

The 120-yard hurdle, open, was won by T. G. Maloney, of University of Chicago; time, 0:16 3-5.

The 15-pound shot-put, open, was won by John Flanagan, Irish-American Athletic Club, New York, 40½ feet.

Six qualified in the running high jump at five feet six inches. Six also qualified for the running broad jump, open. F. C. Maloney, Knickerbocker Athletic Club, finished first, with 19.9 feet to his credit.

The 220-yard hurdle, open, was won by T. G. Maloney, of University of Chicago.

The 440-yard dash, open, was won by R. Barrett, of Chicago; time, 1:01 4-5.

The pole vault, open—Those who qualified for the finals were F. A. Martin, of Chicago; R. Albertson, of Chicago, and E. Quentrie, of Chicago. All went 10 feet.

Mile run, open, was won by W. R. Erskine, of Louisville Y. M. C. A.; time, 5:44 4-5.

BETTER MAIL FACILITIES.

Towns on Yukon River to Be Supplied Three Times a Month.

W. W. Wetzler, who returned a few days ago from a trip to Dawson and Nome, in the employ of the Postal Department, says mail facilities are to be increased on the Yukon this Winter, and that St. Michael and Nome will have a tri-monthly service. He had charge of the registered mail on the trip, and left Seattle for St. Michael two months ago. From St. Michael he was taken up the river on a steamboat to Dawson, stopping at such places as Rampart, Fort Gibbo nand Circle City. He saw no place along the river that he desired to remain in, as solitude and land distances prevailed elsewhere. Postoffices average about 300 miles apart all the way up the Yukon.

The mail this Winter will be taken to Alaska via Valdez, he says, and he would not be surprised to hear of a railroad being constructed as far as Eagle before very long. This would form an almost all-American route to Dawson. After the freezeup, dog teams will be used and road houses will be open about every 15 miles from Valdez to Nome, which is a distance of 1000 miles via Dawson and St. Michael. These road houses are simple log cabins in many instances, and very few of them are occupied. When the mail carrier and his dogs arrive, he builds a fire and cooks his own meal, and after feeding his dogs, passes on to the next station.

Mr. Wetzel thinks Alaska is becoming permanently settled. He found the family element quite strong at such places as St. Michael, Dawson and Nome, and school facilities are being looked after by the inhabitants. Nome, he found to be the cheapest town to live in, as meals and lodging could be obtained at about the same rates as Portland. St. Michael was the costliest town of all, because two big commercial companies monopolize everything. He paid $1 for a very ordinary meal at St. Michael, and obtained a better one at Nome for 20 cents.

The principal peculiarity on his Yukon River trip was the swarm of gnats that gathered about the heads of the passengers whenever a stop was made. Nets had to be used along the river and every window of the staterooms and cabins was fortified by a fine wire screen. Even then, the gnats obtained ingress and made life miserable for the passengers by their thirst for human blood. At the wood stations the gnats were thickest, as they hover in millions wherever they are sheltered by the growing timber. Mr. Wetzler has no particular desire to return to the Yukon, as he is well satisfied with Portland's climate and social advantages.

The Changes in San Francisco.

In speaking of the recent changes in the official roster of the Southern Pacific, the San Francisco Examiner says:

R. H. Ingram, who came to this Coast as executive secretary of Charles M. Hays, is to remain in the employ of the Southern Pacific Company. He was appointed yesterday to a similar capacity by Mr. Kruttschnitt, it being understood that he will be Kruttschnitt's executive secretary in handling all business that comes to him as President Harriman's assistant. Mr. King will continue as private secretary to Mr. Kruttschnitt in the operating department.

It is the intention of Kruttschnitt to spend half of his time in his operating office on the fourth floor of the Market and Montgomery street building, and the other half in the executive offices on the fifth floor. Mr. Ingram will continue to occupy the fifth-floor offices. The force of clerks and stenographers he had under him while Hays was president will not be disturbed. Besides an extended experience under Mr. Hays on the Grand Trunk and out here, Mr. Ingram had a great deal of valuable railroad experience in the South, under President Smith of the Louisville & Nashville system.

Messrs. Hays and Fitzhugh continue to be close-mouthed regarding their future railroad positions. Fitzhugh goes East the end of this week.

Traffic Director J. C. Stubbs will arrive here the 18th of this month. He is coming West to attend the wedding of one of his daughters and to remove his family to Chicago.

Independent Labor Party.

NEW YORK, Oct. 4.—At the meeting of the executive board of the United Silkworkers, at Paterson, N. J., the question of initiating a movement for an independent labor party was considered. After a long debate it was decided to issue a call for a workingmen's convention, to be held Monday night in that city. The four organizations represented in the executive board—the United Broad-Silk Weavers, the Horizontal Weavers, the United Ribbon Weavers and the Loom-Fixers and Twisters—will each send a delegation of 25 to the convention, and every trade organization in the city is invited to send the same number. It was also decided to secure the services of "Mother" Jones, the Pennsylvania organizer, to help in the organization of trade unions.

Northwestern People in New York.

NEW YORK, Oct. 4.—Northwestern people registered at New York hotels today as follows:

From Portland—J. W. Watson, J. F. Watson, at the Imperial.

From Hoquiam—H. J. Rossiter, at the Murray Hill.

From Seattle—The Misses Kuhuhe, at the Hoffman; Mrs. Furth, Miss Furth, at the Holland.

From Tacoma—Mrs. G. W. Vert, at the Park Avenue; W. J. Heller, at the Normandie.

Cincinnati Pastor Called.

NEW YORK, Oct. 4.—The members of the Bushwick-Avenue Congregational Church Society, at Bushwick avenue and Cornelia street, Brooklyn, have extended a call to the Rev. Charles T. Bayles, of Cincinnati. Dr. Bayles has received a call from the congregation of the First Congregational Church at Saratoga, but it is understood that he will accept the former call.

Wood and logging camps, saw and shingle mills at and near Rainier are busy. The Western Cedar Company has carpenters at work extending a branch of the main flume into Sam Rich's timber, and when completed will set its woodchoppers at work in that locality. The flume will convey the wood to the wharf. Later another branch will be erected to tap the fine timber of W. B. Thompson.

Never fail to cure sick headache, often the very first dose. This is what is said by all who try Carter's Little Liver Pills.

THE CUP WILL REMAIN

(Continued from First Page.)

according to official time, 48 seconds, but in reality she had done better than this, for to this 49 seconds are to be added the 15 seconds which Columbia led her over the starting line.

The Beat for Home.

After rounding the mark, Shamrock stood off for some minutes on the starboard tack. Just before 1 o'clock the defender came about and stood over on the starboard tack toward Shamrock. The two boats held along together on the same tack for five or six minutes. Then Shamrock put about and at 1:05 crossed Columbia's bows and tacked well on the American boat's weather.

Then, exactly as was the case yesterday at 1:12, another dramatic event of the race occurred. In three minutes Columbia passed clean through the lee of the challenger, went on the port tack and easily crossed her bow. Shamrock at once tacked under the defender's lee, and then developed a situation that could not be explained, unless by change of wind. While Columbia kept on pointing very high, Shamrock headed far off to leeward, and for several minutes did not point anywhere as high as Columbia, and rapidly fell off. The wind had now dropped materially, and it soon became fluky, as well, one boat getting it in puffs, and then the other. At times there was a great difference in their pointing, Columbia now heading well up, while Shamrock fell off, and then again the reverse was true.

At 1:30 the boats were standing along on the port tack but wide apart. Columbia was well to windward, the distance estimated by some of the yachting sharps at nearly a mile, but at the same time she was slightly astern. A series of short tacks was begun by both racers, and in these Shamrock showed evident gains, being aided by friendly slants of wind. For half an hour these short tacks continued, and when, at 2 o'clock, the boat came near enough to afford comparison, it was seen that the challenger had made up a large part, if not all, her loss.

The Excitement Begins.

The wind, meanwhile, had become more and more fluky, and was not over seven or eight knots. Instead of being a good test of sailing, the race now became a matter of luck in getting and good seamanship in meeting the varying puffs. At the same time it became a very close affair, and there was intense excitement in the eightseeing fleet.

A few minutes after 2 o'clock Barr put Columbia about on the starboard tack and headed for the Jersey shore. A minute later Shamrock followed, and it was then seen beyond any possibility of doubt that the American boat was not only to windward but was slightly ahead. Again the two racers went into short reaches and again the challenger came out with gains to her credit, so that at 2:20 she took the lead.

The wind was now fast dropping, but the boats were within five miles of the finish line and had plenty of time in which to cross within the limit, unless the breeze fell to a flat calm. It became anybody's race and the excitement increased. A few more short tacks and the British boat added to her lead by favoring puffs. Seamanship of the highest order was now required, and in this respect it was hats off to doughty Charlie Barr. He nursed his craft along in the light airs in a wonderful manner and at every moment had a sharp eye out for any change of wind.

Shortly after 2:30 both boats went on a long port tack and when, at 3:17, Shamrock put about to meet Columbia, it was evident that she still had a slight lead, for she forced the defender about. Having done this, Shamrock again went about on the port tack with the evident hope of fetching the line, now about a mile away. Columbia kept on a couple of minutes longer and then followed her rival. She was in the windward berth, but well astern, and the lead of the Englishman was unmistakable. Both boats were being sailed for all there was in them, and they went through the water at a speed remarkable for the wind that was then blowing.

A Nerve-Straining Finish.

It was apparent that a nerve-straining finish was at hand. Charlie Barr kept up his good work and took advantage of every change of air that could possibly help him. Columbia was perceptibly gaining, but every soul in the fleet was wondering if she could pull up enough to cross the line ahead. The wind headed both boats a bit, and it became apparent that neither could fetch by the lightship.

At 3:30 Shamrock went about on the starboard and headed for the middle of the line. Columbia tacked under her lee, Barr's game being to backwind the headsails of the challenger. On they came, the American boat gaining slightly. The crowd began to cheer, for it was then a certainty that the gallant yacht was well within her time allowance, if she could not cross first. Shamrock was first to luff across, but hardly was this perceptible before Barr did the same thing with Columbia and they went over only two seconds apart. But the two seconds were to the credit of Shamrock in actual time, though she was a beaten boat according to the rules of the game.

TO SETTLE THE QUESTION.

Suggestion That the Crews of the Yachts Be Changed.

LONDON, Oct. 5.—There is a feeling of supreme disappointment in London over the failure of Shamrock II to win even a single race. Those who denounced Sir Thomas Lipton's ambition, asserting that he was using his yacht to advance his business interests, now realize that his sportsmanslike efforts deserve a better result. The question is raised here whether the defeat of the challenger was due to the superiority of American seamanship or the better constructive ability of the Americans. With a view of settling the question, the Daily Express has cabled Commodore Morgan and Sir Thomas Lipton, suggesting that they should arrange a race with the Columbia's crew on board the Shamrock II, and the crew of the challenger on board the defender.

The morning papers are unanimous in admitting that the challenger was fairly and squarely beaten by a better boat. Most of the papers are gratified that Sir Thomas Lipton's public-spirited action should have stimulated international good will, besides resulting in the finest and closest race ever witnessed in the history of yachting.

MILWAUKIE GRANGE FAIR.

Excellent Displays Are on Exhibit—Baby Show Contest.

The interesting feature of the fair by the Milwaukie Grange, Patrons of Husbandry, at the opening yesterday afternoon, was the baby show, which took place at the Town Hall, in which the fair is being held. There was two contests. The first was for babies of 12 months and under, and the second for babies of 24 months and under. The first was won by Victor Swain, son of Mr. and Mrs. John F. Risley, and the second contest was won by Elvira, daughter of Mrs. A. Thurlow.

The contest was exciting. It was under the charge of T. R. A. Sellwood. He was assisted by R. S. Risley, Mrs. Holm, and others. The contests were decided by a vote of the audience. Several men were asked to act as judges, but they very firmly declined. There were three babies entered in both contests. Their mothers took seats on the platform, with the candidates on their laps. Each baby was numbered.

Mr. Sellwood made a short talk at the opening of the contest, and incidentally told of the object of the Grange, which, he said, was to promote a higher standard among the farmers. He said: "We are proud of our babies." Then the voting was commenced. Victor Swain Risley, received 28 votes, a plurality of the votes cast, and was declared winner of the blue ribbon. The second contest was decided in the same way. Little Elvira Thurlow received 33 votes.

The exhibits are excellent and are said in some respects to equal the same articles displayed at the State Fair. All came from within two miles of Milwaukie. The display of agates by A. J. Howell, of Elk Rock, gathered and polished by him, is very attractive. He has a fine display of Oregon woods. He shows a cane made from Osage orange, from the farm of J. W. Nesmith. A petrified goose egg in this collection attracts much attention. Mrs. L. S. Holm and Mrs. S. A. Trayle also show a fine collection of shells.

The fruit and vegetable displays are placed on elevated shelves, which extend the entire length of the hall, and may be seen to good advantage. The articles were all brought in yesterday forenoon. There are big pumpkins, cabbages, kale, fine apples from Richard Scott's farm, apples and dried fruits from R. S. Risley, displays of Mrs. William Wells, David Wills, John Walsh, and others. The pottery and fire-brick exhibit attracts much attention. There is also a fine line of potatoes of great variety.

Women's exhibits are on the platform. Here are fine needle-work of intricate pattern, many jars of preserved fruits, that would attract attention anywhere. There are loaves of bread on the long table that tell of the skill of the house. wife. The platform display is among the best in the hall.

This is the first fair the Milwaukie Grange has held, and it is highly creditable. The judges who will decide the merits of the exhibits are Messrs. Milam, Howell, Andrews, Mrs. Downing and Miss Castro. They will make their decision today at the close of the exhibition, which will be at 3 o'clock this afternoon. There is great interest in the fair. The hall was crowded yesterday afternoon, and in the evening the whole community turned out to the literary and musical entertainment that was rendered. The hall is handsomely decorated with flags and evergreens. Over the main entrance are fringes of corn.

Streets Will Be Opened.

Arrangements are making for the opening of all the intersection streets through the Hogue track, between Union and Williams avenues, in the near future. That portion of the track on the west of Williams avenue has been platted and streets opened. The opening of the streets through that portion on the east side of Williams avenue is an important improvement for that entire district.

East Side Notes.

Frank Meacham, formerly of the East Side, passed through Portland a few days ago on the way to Iowa, where he goes to attend a reunion of the family, after a separation of 20 years.

The handsome manse of the Sellwood Methodist church will be finished on the 28th of the month, when it will be occupied by the pastor, the Rev. W. J. Waltz, and family.

The handsome wreath of laurel placed on the monument of Arthur Venville, in Milwaukie cemetery, on the occasion of the unveiling, by Mrs. June McMillen Ordway, still remains almost as fresh and green as it was two weeks ago.

Wise Bros., dentists, both 'phones. The Failing.

W. T. Slatten, dentist, removed to room 212, The Failing.

Butchers Form a Company.

PATERSON, N. J., Oct. 4.—Articles of incorporation of the Volunteer Packing Company, the formation of which resulted from the strike of the butchers in Muh's establishment, have been filed in the County Clerk's office at Paterson. Soon after the strike was declared the striking butchers decided to form an independent company and to run it on the co-operative plan as far as possible. The authorized capital is $100,000.

Move in Patrick Case.

NEW YORK, Oct. 4.—Attorneys for Albert T. Patrick, who is under indictment for the murder of William Marsh Rice, the aged millionaire, in this city about a year ago, move today in the Court of General Sessions for an immediate trial of the case. The District Attorney opposed the motion and the court withheld decision.

Hay at Yale Bicentennial.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Oct. 4.—The Yale bicentennial committee has received from Secretary of State John Hay a positive acceptance to the invitation to attend the celebration. Mr. Hay will probably be present at the same time as President Roosevelt.

Greve's Ointment, for all skin troubles, is the need of every home. It recommends itself.

Parker's Hair Balsam is life to the hair.

Miss Helen Stone.

Efforts in Behalf of the Abducted Missionary.

BOSTON, Oct. 4.—Rev. Judson Smith, foreign secretary of the American Missionary Board, in behalf of his executive committee, prompted by numerous inquiries and criticisms, has issued the following official statement in connection with the abduction of Miss Stone:

"The American board, from the first, has done and is still doing everything in its power to secure the release of Miss Helen H. Stone from the hands of her captors in Turkey or Bulgaria at the earliest possible date. Miss Stone is an American citizen, and rightfully looks to our Government for protection and release. The American Government took up the case instantly, has worked constantly to deliver Miss Stone, and is still making every possible effort to this end."

ATTACKED BY KIPLING

GOVERNMENT DENOUNCED FOR RECENT ARMY APPOINTMENTS.

Spectator Demands That Kitchener Be Recalled and That Roberts Be Sent Out Again.

LONDON, Oct. 4.—"In spite of the pledges of the government, the whole army machine is to be hauled back as soon as it may be to the old rules of importance, pretense and collapse," writes Rudyard Kipling, in a striking letter to the Spectator, upon the appointment of Sir Redvers Buller and Sir Evelyn Wood to command army corps. This pungent sentence voices the national feeling that has prevailed this week without regard to party politics. All the weeklies, regardless of politics, take the government to task. The Spectator comes out boldly, not only with a declaration that the appointments of Buller and Wood are absurd, but with a demand that Kitchener be recalled and that Roberts be sent out again.

A dispatch from Dundee to the Times says that the Boers' attack on Fort Italia proves to have been a far bigger engagement than could be gathered from the first reports. The casualties on both sides indicate the fierceness of the struggle. The Boer casualties are now placed at over 400. The Boers informed the British prisoners that they expected to find the Fort Italia garrison only 100 strong. The burghers lost more men than in any previous action this year.

There seems no doubt, says the Times correspondent, that the Boers intend a combined invasion of Natal, east and west. It is stated that General Dewet ordered the burghers in the northeastern precinct of Orange River Colony to concentrate at Taelkop, but up to now the only result of the movement has been the invasion of Natal of a small command, which can easily be driven back. British officers who recently were prisoners say that General Botha's men and horses are in good condition. The British prisoners have been robbed of almost everything they possessed.

The main body of the Boers is still near the Zululand frontier.

KRUGER GROWING WEAKER.

Only Held Up by His Hatred of Great Britain.

THE HAGUE, Oct. 4.—A. D. W. Wolmarans, one of the Boer envoys who has been visiting Mr. Kruger, found the mental condition of the ex-President of the Transvaal to be by no means satisfactory. Mr. Kruger is slowly growing weaker, physically and mentally. His slowness in reaching a decision on important questions is found to be a serious hindrance to those working in Europe in behalf of the Boer cause. At the slightest question regarding his health, Mr. Kruger exhibits intense irritation and vehemently denies that anything is wrong. The approach of Winter causes anxiety, as Mr. Kruger refuses to leave Holland. According to a remark made by a prominent Boer, the ex-President's condition would long since have been much worse if hatred of Great Britain did not nerve him to continue.

Kekewich Was Surprised.

NEW YORK, Oct. 4.—Discussing the military situation in South Africa, the London correspondent of the Tribune says: "Colonel Kekewich's force was surprised by Commandant Delarey, as was suspected by military men when the earliest bulletins bearing the marks of close revision by the War Office were published. While this engagement supplies fresh proof that scouting is either a lost art or else ineffectual against the stealthy approach of mobile and crafty foes like the Boers, the veterans are satisfied with the fine fighting form displayed by Colonel Kekewich's command. They assert that the British Army had grown stale while only half employed in watching railways and moving across stretches of empty country, where the Boers eluded pursuit and would not stand, but that it is now again on its mettle when there is real fighting.

"Colonel Kekewich is regarded by South Africans as a vigilant officer, with a narrow mind and lack of flexibility. While he defended Kimberley successfully it was Cecil Rhodes who recruited the volunteer force of Colonials and imparted courage to the people of the town. Colonel Kekewich did not get on well with Mr. Rhodes, who was the real defender of Kimberley. There is a story that when General French entered Kimberley, Colonel Kekewich asked him to put Rhodes under arrest, but was laughed at. He has been one of Lord Kitchener's trusted lieutenants as an experienced officer, who thoroughly understands Boer tactics."

Sedition-Makers Revealed.

LONDON, Oct. 4.—The correspondent of the Times at Pretoria says the treason trials have revealed the presence of large numbers of sedition-makers, who have not only taken the oath of allegiance to the British Crown, but who, in many cases, have been receiving relief from the British authorities. In spite of this they communicated freely with their friends in the commandos in the field, feeling confident that they would be treated leniently if caught. There is no doubt, according to the correspondent, that 10 of the men could be proved guilty.

KING EDWARD'S CONDITION.

Sir James Reid Summoned to Treat Him for Lumbago.

ABERDEEN, Oct. 4.—Sir James Reid, the distinguished physician who is staying in this vicinity, has been summoned to Balmoral.

The Aberdeen News says: "King Edward is suffering from lumbago."

LONDON, Oct. 4.—The announcement of King Edward's indisposition, in the newspapers of Copenhagen, from which city His Majesty has just returned, and where secrets of the British court are more likely to leak out than elsewhere, is causing some commotion here, and the fact that the customary court circular does not appear in this morning's papers adds to the uneasiness. A story is in circulation, purporting to come from a titled member of the late Queen Victoria's household, giving color to the cancer story and saying that court circles are discussing the possibility of no coronation taking place next year. It is impossible, however, to obtain tangible corroborative evidence of this report.

It was ascertained this evening that King Edward's complaint is lumbago, but the attack is not at all serious.

Ask Him

Ask your doctor what he thinks of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. He knows the formula, so ask him if there is anything better for purifying the blood, strengthening the digestion, and building up the nerves. Follow his advice, whatever it may be.

"I have taken Ayer's Sarsaparilla every spring since 1848. As a blood purifying and nerve-strengthening medicine it cannot be equalled."
S. T. Jones, Wichita, Kans.

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Sore Hands Cured

I WAS troubled with hands so sore that when I put them in water the pain would near set me crazy, the skin would peel off, and the flesh would get hard and break, then the blood would flow from at least fifty places on each hand. Words can never tell the suffering I endured for three years. I tried at least eight doctors, but my hands were worse than when I commenced doctoring. I tried every old Granny remedy that was ever thought of without one penny's worth of good and could not even get relief. I would lie so badly mornings when I got up, to think that I had to go to work and stand pain for eight or nine hours, that I often felt like giving up my job, which was in the bottling works of Mr. E. L. Kerns. Before I could start to work, I would have to wrap each finger on both hands, and then wear gloves, which I hated to do, for when I came to take them off, it would take two hours and the flesh would break and bleed. Some of my friends who had seen my hands would say, "If they had such hands they would have them amputated"; others would say "they would never work," and more would turn away in disgust. But thanks to CUTICURA, the greatest of skin cures, it ended all my sufferings. Just to think, after doctoring three years, and spending money during all that time, CUTICURA cured me. It has now been two years since I used it and I do not know what sore hands are. I never lost a day's work while I was using it or since, and I have been working at the same business, and in acids, etc. THOS. A. CLANCY.

Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Humour, Consisting of CUTICURA SOAP, to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales and soften the thickened cuticle; CUTICURA OINTMENT, to instantly allay itching, inflammation, and irritation, and soothe and heal; and CUTICURA RESOLVENT, to cool and cleanse the blood. A SINGLE SET is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disfiguring, and humiliating skin, scalp, and blood humours, with loss of hair, when all else fails.

Millions of Women use Cuticura Soap, assisted by Cuticura Ointment, for beautifying the skin, for the stopping of falling hair, for softening and whitening red, rough, and sore hands, for baby rashes and chafings, in the form of baths for annoying irritations, for too free or offensive perspiration, in the form of washes for ulcerative weaknesses, for many sanative, antiseptic uses, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery.

Sold throughout the world. British Depot: F. NEWBERY & SONS, 27, Charterhouse Sq., London. POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CORPORATION, Sole Props., Boston, U. S. A.

Airship Would Not Fly.

NEW YORK, Oct. 4.—Herr Kress, inventor of an airship, started Thursday afternoon on another trial flight on the Tullnerbacher Reservoir, says the Vienna correspondent of the Herald. The result was disastrous. After going a certain distance, Herr Kress started his motor at full speed ahead, which caused the forward part of the flying machine to rise about 35 centimeters out of the water. On rising to this height the whole machine suddenly lost its equilibrium and swung over to the right. This caused it to fill with water, and it sank like a stone. The water at this point is 15 meters deep. Herr Kress, who was alone in the flying machine, was carried down with the ship, but thanks to the life-preserver he wore, he came to the surface and was able to grasp the poles which the officer and engineman, who were witnesses of the accident, held out to him. The aged inventor—he is more than 70 years of age—was in a very exhausted condition, and had sustained some slight injuries. He was taken home to Purkersdorf.

Dutch People Improving.

LONDON, Oct. 4.—The Brussels correspondent of the Times says that in the debate on the Queen's speech in The Netherlands States General, the Premier, Dr. Kuyper, gave facts and figures showing the improved condition of the Dutch people. The average Hollander, said Dr. Kuyper, is now taller, stronger and more prosperous than he was 40 years ago. Savings banks accounts have increased seven fold in 16 years, and private banks have doubled their capital in the same period. The sale of pawn tickets has also decreased one-third in 10 years. Imports, exports and steam tonnage have greatly increased. The Premier instanced the self-restraint of the masses in recent elections, when feeling was intense, as providing the good moral tone of the Dutch people. The correspondent observes that while Dr. Kuyper is a severe Calvanist and Conservative, during the years he speaks of, the government has been mostly in the hands of the Liberals.

Matter of Irish Representation.

LONDON, Oct. 4.—At the cutlers' feast last night, in Sheffield, the Earl of Halsbury, Lord Chancellor, and Robert W. Hanbury, president of the Board of Agriculture, made important declarations which seemed to show that the government had reconsidered the advisability of reducing the Irish representation in Parliament.

Scandal in Russian Navy.

LONDON, Oct. 4.—The Odessa correspondent of the Times says a scandal similar to that last year at Sebastopol, which involved 43 naval officers and some high officials, has been unearthed at Batum. Receipts for coal delivered to the Black Sea fleet were, it has been discovered, falsified. An inquiry is soon to be begun at Sebastopol, and is likely to result in the imprisonment or banishment of several officers.

Why the Cobra Sank.

LONDON, Oct. 4.—The jury in the inquest over the remains of the victims of the disaster of the torpedo-destroyer Cobra, which foundered in the North Sea September 19, resulting in the loss of about 70 lives, has rendered a verdict that the men were drowned through the unexplained buckling of the Cobra, and added a rider to the effect that the Cobra was too lightly built. This seems to dispose of suggestions of faulty navigation on the part of Lieutenant Bosworth Smith, commander of the Cobra, who has many friends in the United States, his wife being an American.

Schools for Officers.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 4.—The Secretary of War has made an allotment of $100,000 for the purpose of preparing the military post at Washington Barracks for the use and occupation of the Army War College, the School of National Defense and the Engineer School of Application. The War College and School of National Defense are entirely new institutions and will be organized under plans prepared under the special supervision of Secretary Root. The Engineer School is now at Willet's Point, N. Y., and will be formally installed at the Washington Barracks next week. Classes in the proposed War College and School of National Defense will be composed of honor graduates of the existing infantry, cavalry and artillery schools at Fort Leavenworth and Fort Monroe, respectively.

Gompers' Reply to Shaffer.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 4.—President Gompers, of the American Federation of Labor, publishes in the official organ of that body a vigorous and detailed statement in reply to charges made by President Shaffer regarding the attitude of Mr. Gompers and President Mitchell during the recent steel strike. Regarding Mr. Shaffer's statement that he arranged a meeting between J. Pierpont Morgan and Mr. Gompers, and at which Mr. Gompers failed to appear, Mr. Gompers says: "Mr. Shaffer says that which is absolutely untrue, and he knows it."

WHAT DO THE CHILDREN DRINK? Don't give them tea or coffee. Have you tried the new food drink called GRAIN-O? It is delicious and nourishing and takes the place of coffee. The more Grain-O you give the children the more health you distribute through their systems. Grain-O is made of pure grains, and when properly prepared tastes like the choice grades of coffee but costs about ¼ as much. All grocers sell it. 15c and 25c.

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