PREPARATIONS FOR THE PUBLIC CEREMONY IN WASHINGTON

Changes Made at Mrs. McKinley's Request-Officials Who Will Be in Charge.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 15 .- The following official statement, making important changes in the plans for the funeral service over the remains of President Mc-Kinley in this city, was given to the press

compliance with the earnest wishes of Mrs. McKinley that the body of her husband shall rest in her home at Can-ton Wednesday night, the following changes in the obsequies will be made: Funeral services in the rotunda of the Capital will be held Tuesday on the arrival of the escort which will accomwhere the body of the late President will he in state in the rotunds for the re-mainder of Tuesday and will be escorted to the railroad station Tuesday evening. The funeral train will leave Washington at or about 6 o'clock Tuesday evening day Wednesday

"Secretary of State." "Secretary of War,

"HENRY F. MACFARLAND, "President Board of Commissioners

District of Columbia."

The heads of the various departments and fheir principal assistants were busy today making arrangements for the proper execution of so much of the funeral programme as fell to them respec-Secretary Flay came to his desk early in the morning and remained there throughout the day. Though it was Sunday, cablegrams of condolence were still ing to the Department of State from all parts of the world-

In the War Department, Acting Secre-tary Sanger was in consultation with General Gillespie, Colonel Ward and General Barry, arranging for the transportation to Washington of the troops to participate in the funeral procession, making details for guard duty and other matters. General Randolph, Chief of Artillery, who is represent the Army at the Capitol, ar ranged with Sergeany-at-Arms Ransdell that they should co-operate in the man-agement of the funeral ceremonies at the Capitol. Four private soldiers will stand watch day and night, one at each corner of the camfaique, so long as the remains of the late President shall lie in the Capitol building. A suitable guard will be maintained at the entrance and will keep the people in alignment when they are admitted to the Capitol to view the re-

Acting Secretary Hackett ordered that a detail should be made up consisting of two officers, four petty officers and 21 privates in the Marine Corps for duty at the Capitol next Tuesday to supplement the Army representation.

The Guard of Honor.

special guard of honor to represen the Navy at the funeral ceromonies will comprise the following officers of high rank: Admiral Dewey, Rear-Admiral Crowninshield, Rear-Admiral O'Neil, Paymaster-General Remoy and Brigadier-Gen-

eral Heywood, of the Marine Corps. While General Brooke will be in ger eral charge of the military arrangement, General Francis S, Guenther will be in command of the military contingent in the procession. Colonel Samuel Reber, sonin-law of General Miles, has been detailed to meet Mrs. McKinley and look specially after her comfort, while Colonel Henry M. Whitney, of General Miles' Stuff, has been ordered to perform similer service for President Rossevelt.

At the Capitol, Sergeant-at-Arms Ransdell directed the preparation of the ro-tunda for the funeral services. The space In even this vast structure is entirely in-sufficient to meet the demand for admission of more than a fraction of the perto the services next Wednesday. The public will be excluded, as the accommo-dation will not suffice for the officials who must be present. The diplomatic corps must be present. Ine diplomatic corps alone will occupy about 300 places and, in addition, there will be the United States Senate and the United States Supreme Court, the House of Representatives and a large number of officials, Army and Navy and civilians. Every Army and Navy officer in Washington having been ordered to attend the funeral service, they alone would consume a large portion of this space. The general public will have an opportunity to view the remains of the late President while the body lies in state before the

The Sergeant-at-Arms has had the catafalque, which supported the remains of Lincoln, Garneld and other statesmen. brought out and has turned it over to the funeral directors. The catafaloue is to be draped entirely with new black cloth. Sergnant-at-Arms Ransdell has taken

steps to secure the attendance at the fu-beral next Tuesday of as many Senators as can be reached, and has arranged for a special car to bring from Chicago to Washington such Senators from Western points as can gather there in time. This car will be attached to the regular Pennsylvania train leaving Chicago at 3 p'clock P. M. Monday, the 16th Inst. It will be in charge of B. W. Layton, assist-ant sergeant-at-arms of the Senate. Telegrams have been sent to every Senator within reach of wire communication, and the sergeant-at-arms has received a number of replies from individual Senators. promising to be present. Senator Frye the President pro tem, of the Senate, telegraphed that he would leave Lewiston Me, this morning and would be here to-morrow night. It is expected that he will appoint all of the Senators who co Washington a committee of honor to par ticipate in the funeral services.

Tribute From the Philippines.

A cablegram was received at the War Department today from General Chaffee,

Mantin, Sept. 15.-The officers and the soldiers of the Division of the Philip-pines beg the department to place an ap-propriate floral design on the bler of the President of the United States as a token of their great sorrow. They offer their deepest sympathy to Mrs. McKinley. "CHAFFEE."

In regard to this appeal, the War De partment arranged with a local florist to supply a handsome floral shield with the Eighth Army Corps badge in the center. General Barry, assistant Adjutant-Gen eral, who has been placed in charge of the affairs at the White House during the time the remains are in Washington, has completed his programme. He has di-rected the commanding officer at Fort Mc-Henry, Baltimore, to dispatch 12 non-commissioned officers to Washington in charge of a commissioned officer, to act as bodybearers. They are to arrive in Washing ton tomorrow in time to handle the re-mains when they reach the railway station tomorrow night. They are to remove the casket from the train and place it in the hearse, and will walk six on a side next the hearse to the White House. It also will be their duty to place the casket upon the stand in the east room, and to perform like offices at the Capitol, the rallway station and at Canton General Barry has arranged to have

six ebeny columns placed in the White House to support the casket.

The active guard at the Executive Man-sion will consist of two officers, three noncommissioned officers and nine privates of artillery from Port Hunt, supplemented by an equal number of officers from the Navy and six members of the Loyal Legion and six of the Grand Army of the Republic. From the time the remains

reach the White House, the guard will be naintained until the body is removed to the Capitol Tuesday morning. A soldier and a sailor and a marine will stand at the head of the coffin and two more at the foot, while on their side will stand a member of the G. A. R. and a member of the Loyal Legion. Provision will be made or relieving these watchers at proper

To provide for the proper arrangement in the line of procession of the diplomatic body and of Senators, Representatives and other persons who may gather at the White House to join in the procession to the Capitol, General Barry has selected a special staff, headed by Lieutenant-Colo-nel A. M. Miller, of the Engineers; Cap-tain C. B. Wheeler and W. W. Gibson, of the Ordnance, and James B. and Captain M. M. Matrick, of the Engi-

Naval Orders.

Secretary Hackett today Issued an orto all officers of the active list of the Nav 'yand Marine Corps on duty Washington to meet the remains of the late President on its arrival from Buffalo Monday and to march as a guard of honor to the Executive Mansion and on Tuesday between the White House and the Capitol, and on Wednesday between the Capitol and the Pennsylvania station. The following special guard of honor, which will escort the remains over the same route, and finally to Canton, was appointed: Rear-Admiral A. S. Crown ushield, Rear-Admiral Charles O'Neil, Paymaster-General A. S. Kenny, Briga der-General Charles Heywood, U. S. M. C. All officers of the flag rank will constitute an additional special guard in Wash-ington, but will not accompany the remains to Canton.

The following members of the District of Columbia Loyal Legion have been designated to act as special guard of honor at night while President McKin-ley's body lies in state in Washington. Admiral John G. Walker. Colonel Cecil Clay, Captain C. C. Cole, Major F. C. Larrabee, Colonel Archibald Hopkins, Captain F. W. Mitchell, General George 3. Williams, Colonel G. A. Woodward, Colonel Cerroll D. Wright, Captain R. W.

Thus far the only naval orders issued for participation in the parade have been to the Marine Band, a detachment of mamiral Higginson's squadron at Hampton

The hearse used in the parade will be by six black steeds draped with black netting, and groom in black, wearing a high hat, will ride beside each

The casket, it is probable, will not be spened at all while in the White House. In the Capitol, the statues in Statuary Hall will be draped with the American flag, but there will be no other draping in the building, with the possible excep-The United States Veterans' Legion, in addition to the G. A. R. and the Loyal

Legion, of all three of which the late President was a member, also will occupy a post of honor immediately in front of the hearse in the parade.

The special guard of honor, composed of the general officers of the Army and of officers of high rank in the Navy, will

not march in the purade on Tuesday and Wednesday. The troops ordered here by the War Department will report for duty at the White House Tuesday morning. Company A.

Army Engineers' Corps, from Fort Tot-ten, will arrive Monday night. Acceptance of an invitation to participate in the parade began arriving today. Governor John F. Hill, of Maine, wired Acting Secretary Sanger that he would come with his staff, and Governor Yates, of Illinois, telegraphed to know where his military staff should assemble here. The Mayor of Savannah, Ga., with a delegation of six, will attend. The Mayor of Boston, with a delegation of three, accompanied by Representative Naphen, will

arrive Tuesday morning.

Representing the Cuban Government, notice they will participate in the civic parade Tucsday, including 1000 men of the G. A. R., Department of Potomac, and representatives of chapters of the Sons of the American Revolution in about 20

Miles and Clark Going East.

states

BUTTE, Mont., Sept. 15.-Lieutenant-General Nelson A. Miles and President James J. Hill, of the Great Northern Railway, arrived in this city on their special train about 1 o'clock this morning. They remained here several hours to meet Senator Clark, who took General Miles for a drive, and they also went down one of the Senstor's mines to a depth of 1300 feet. Senator Clark was invited to join the party which is hurrying to Washington to attend the funeral serv-ices of the late President. The Senator accepted the invitation and they left about noon via the Northern Pacific, and expect to reach the Capitol Wednesday

Day Making Arrangements.

CANTON, O., Sept. 15 .- Judge William R. Day arrived home from Buffalo today and made partial arrangements for the funcial of President McKinley. Adjutant-General Giger tendered the services of the National Guard and numerous societies and lodges made tender of their services. From fear that Canton will become congested the tenders were held in abeyance for further action, Canton churches were filled Sunday with sorrowing congregations, who assembled to hear eloquent eulogies of President Mc-

Committee of Representatives. WASHINGTON, Sept. 15.—Speaker Hen-derson has appointed a committee of 56 Representatives to attend the funeral of President McKinley. Among them are the following: Grosvenor, Burton, Nor-ton and Taylor, of Ohlo: Loud, of California; Cushman, of Washington; Mon-dell, of Wyoming; Richardson, of Tennes-see; Bell, of Colorado; Glenn, of Idaho;

Edwards, of Montana; Newlands, of Nevada, and Tongue, of Oregon. Mobilizing Ohio Guardsmen. CLEVELAND, Sept, 15.-Plans for the mobilization of the Ohio National Guard at Canton, to take part in the final obsequies of the late President, were perfected at a meeting of the state officials to-The entire guard of the state, num bering about 5000 men, has been ordered to report for duty in Canton by Wednes-This includes infantry, cay-

ARRESTED THE MILITIAMEN Norfolk Police Stopped Them From

Firing Half-Hour Guns.

troops, batteries, and naval re-

NORFOLK, Va., Sept. is.—In obedience to orders by Governor Tyler, all the bat-teries of the Virginia Volunteer Artillery came out this morning before sunrise for the purpose of firing a gun every half hour until sunset in respect to the dead Presi-dent. The Portsmouth battery placed its pieces in front of the Madison Hotel. At sunries the first report rosred out, and several windows in the hotel were shat-tered by the concussion. The police placed Captain Warner under arrest and warned his men that if the gun was fired again the whole troop would be arrested. When the half hour had expired the cannon again roared, and the police arrested all of them. The matter was finally set-

Your Grocer Knows "Webfoot"

THE SERVICE OF PRAYER

(Continued from First Page.) They were on the north side of it. A place directly at the head had been reserved for President Rooseveit. Secretary Root sat alongside this empty chair. Then came Attorney-General Knox, Secretary Long, Secretary Hitchcoek, Secretary Wilson and Postmaster-General Smith in the order named.

The Parting View. About 100 in all saw the body. were so overcome with grief at the sight of the thin countenance that their frames shook convulsively. Several clung to the side of the bier, and with difficulty could

be persuaded to leave. Almost every face was tear-stained. The great love for this man choked all in the house. Among those in the procession were Sen-ators Fairbanks and Burrows, Governor Yates, of Illinois, Controller Dawes, General Manderson and Mrs. Manderson, Representative Littauer, of New York; Ex-Postmaster-General William L. Bissell and the consulting physicians, most of whom had met President McKinley personally for the first time after he was stricken and had learned to adore him while he

suffered so gently and patiently on his bed of pain.

Hanna Overcome. Senator Hanna, who has fairly wor-shiped his dead friend for years, entered the room at this time, but did not approach the casket. His face was set like an iron-willed man who would not let down the barrier of his grief. The Senator spoke to no one. His eyes were vacant. He passed through the throng and seated himself beside Governor Odell, sitting far down into his chair and rest-ing his head upon his hands. During all the service that followed he did not stir. Just before 11 o'clock President Roose-velt entered, coming into the room from the rear through the library. After passing into the hall he had made his way around through the sitting-room behind into the library. There was an instantaneous movement in the room as the President approached. The procession was still passing from the south side around the head of the cusket and back between the Marine Band, a detachment of ma-nes from the Washington Barracks and at its side. Every one rose and all eyes seamen from the Illinois and New Or-were turned toward the President. He leans, but the remainder of the naval moved forward again with the tide of contingent will be ordered tomorrow by Acting Secretary Hackett from Rear-Adof the line of Cabinet officers. He held himself erect, his left hand carrying his silk hat. Those who were coming to-ward him fell back on either side to let him pass. He paused once or twice to shake hands sliently, but there was no smile to accompany his greetings. He, too, like the man deep down in his seat against the wall who had forgotten to rise when the President of the United States entered, seemed to be restraining

a great grief.
When President Roosevelt reached the head of the line of Cabinet officers he kept his face away from the casket. The infantrymen guarding the dead, stood be. fore him rigid as a statue. Although the commander-in-chief stooped until he could have touched him, the soldier did not salute. The President spoke to Secretary Root, or, perhaps it would be more precise to say that the latter spoke to him.

Strain on Roosevelt. The President appeared to be steeling himself for a look into the face of him whose death had made him the first ruler of the world. The tension in the first rule; of the world. The tension in the room was great, every one seemed to be waiting. The minister of the gospel stood with the Holy Book in his hand ready to begin. Perhaps it might have been 60 seconds. it seemed longer. Then the President turned and at the same time advanced one step. He bowed his head and looked down upon the man whose burden and respon-sibilities he had taken upon himself. Long he gazed, standing immovable save for a twitching of the muscles of the chin as he labored with heavy breath to re-press his emotion. At last he stopped back.

Colonel Bingham, the aid to the President, standing 10 feet below the foot of the casket at the side of the loyal Corteiyou, glanced in the direction of the Rev. Charles Edward Lock, of the Delaware Secretary of State Diego Tamayao, Secretary of Agriculture Perfecto Lacasta and Avenue Methodist Episcopal Church, who Special Commissioner for Cuba Gonsala was to conduct the service. The pastor de Quesada have telegraphed they will was at the door leading into the hall, a attend. Numerous societies have given station whence his words could be heard Numerous societies have given station whence his words could be heard

Services Begin.

The signal was given and there welled out from the hall the beautiful words of "Lead, Kindly Light," sang by a quartet. It was President McKinley's favorite hymn. Every one within sound of the music knew it and half of those in the room put their faces in their hands to hide their tears. Controller Dawes leaned

against a bookcase and wept. President Roosevelt seemed to be swaying to and fro as if his footing were insecure. When the singing ended, the clergyman-read from the lith chapter of the first Corinthians. All had risen as he began. and remained standing throughout the remainder of the service. Again the voices rose with the words of "Nearer, My God, to Thee," the very words President Mc-Kinley had repeated at intervals of con-sciousness during the day of agony before he died. As the music died away the

Dr. Locke's Prayer. "Let us pray," he said, and every head fell upon its breast. He began his invocation with a stanza from a hymn sung n the Methodist church. His prayer was

O God, our help in ages past, Our hope for years to come, Our shelter from the storm's blast

And our eternal home. We, thy servants, humbly beseech thee for manifestations of thy favor as we come into thy presence. We laud and magnify thy high name and praise thee for all thy goodness. name and praise thee for all thy goodness. Be merciful unto us and bless us, as stricken with an overwhelming sorrow we come to thee. Forgive us for our doubts and fears and faitering faith; pardon all our sins and shortcomings and help us to say, "Thy will be done." In this dark night of grief, abide with us till the dawning. Speak to our troubled souls, O God, and give to us in this hour of unutterable srief the neares and outst hour of unutterable grief the peace and quiet which thy presence only can afford. We thank thee that thou answereth the sobing sigh of the heart and dost assure us that if a man die he shall live again. We that if a man die he shall live again. We praise thes for Jesus Christ, thy Son, our Savior and elder brother, that he came "to bring life and immortality to light," and because he lives we shall live also.

We thank thee for the unsuilled life of thy servant, our martyred President, whom thou hast taken to his coronation, and we pray for the final triumph of all the divine principles of pure character and free cov-

rinciples of pure character and free gov-rnment for which he stood while he lived, and which were baptized by his blood in his Hear our prayer for blessings of consoliation

upon all those whe were associated with him in the administration of affairs of the Gov-ernment; especially vouchsafe thy presence to thy servant who has been suddenly called to assume the high responsibility of our Chief Magistrate.

O God, bless our dear Nation, and guide the ship of state through stormy seas, help thy people to be brave to fight the battles of the Lord, and wise to solve all the problems

Graciously hear us for comforting blessings rest on the family circle of our departed friend. Tenderly sustain with thine hand the widow upon whem the blow of this sorrow most heavily falls. Accompany her, O God, as thou hast promised, through this dark val-ley and shadow, and may she fear no evil, be-

ley and shadow, and may she fear no evil, be-cause thou art with her.

All these things we ask in the name of Jesus Christ, our Lord, who has taught us when we pray to say: "Our Father who art in heaven, hallowed be thy name. Thy king-dom come; thy will be done on earth as it is in heaven. Give us this day our daily bread and forgive us our treamasses as bread, and forgive us our trespasses as we forgive those who trespass against us; and lead us not into temptation, but deliver us from evil, for thine is the kingdom and the power and the glory forever. Amon." May the grace of our Lord Jesus Christ, the

love of God, the Father and communion of the Holy Spirit be with us all evermore.

Rooseveit's voice being audible at the back of the room. The service concluded with a simple benediction.

Last Look at His Friend. The funeral director was about to step forward to place the cover on the casket when suddenly there was a movement behind Governor Odell. Senator Hanna, who had risen, saw that the last oppor-tunity to look into the face of his dead friend had come. Pressing forward in an instant he was at the side of the casket and bending over and looking down into it. Almost two minutes passed, and then he turned away and the coffin was closed.

Colonel Bingham signaled the body bearers. Four sailors, two infantry Sergeants and two artillery Sergeants bore the casket aloft and out of the house, The President, Cabinet and the others followed it. Mrs. McKinley and the mem-bers of the family remained. The widow had passed through the ordeal bravely and without breaking down. The trained nurses and the personal attendants of the President gathered on the side porch to see the body taken away.

Escort From Milburn House. It was within a minute of 11:30 o'clock when three long rolls of a muffled drum told those outside the house that the funeral cortege was about to appear. From the darkened rooms the assemblage began to file out to the street. Soon the walks and lawns were again covered with the

silent throng with heads bared.

At the moment the casket appeared,
"Nearer, My God, to Thee" ascended in
subdued strains from one of the military
bands. Tenderly the bearers lowered the
casket from their shoulders and placed
it in the hearse. The notes of Chopin's
fungral dires succeeded the strains of the funeral dirge succeeded the strains of the hymn. The soldiers and sailors swung into long columns and took up the march southward toward the City Hall.

President Roosevelt came from the house almost immediately following the maket, and arm-in-arm with Secretary Root, moved through the aisle of people He entered the first carriage with Mr. Boot, Attorney-General Knox and Postmaster-General Smith. The Presidential cortege followed immediately back of the Following the second carriage were Sec

retary Long, Secretary Hitchcock, Secre-tary Wilson and Secretary Cortelyou. Majer-General Brooke was in the third carriage, and Rey, Dr. Locke and his wife were in the fourth. In this order the four carriages preceded the hearse.

Veterans Followed the Hearse. After these four carriages there was a clear space of 100 feet, and then came the hearse bearing the dead President. At the head of each of the leading horses a police officer walked with a hand at the bridle. On each side of the hearse walked a detachment of soldiers and sailors, four men from the Army and Marine Corps on the right, and as many more bluejackets, under Lieutenant Eberly, on the left. Immediately back of the hearse marched a score of G. A. R. veterans, who had been assigned to this position of honor.

In the carriage following the Grand Army marchers role Senator Hanna, Gov-erner Odell and Senators Fairbanks and Kean, Senator Burrows, Director-General Buchanan and two exposition officials occupied the next. Then came Colonel Bingham and Major Thomas W. Symons, who has been the active representative of the War Department since the shooting occurred. The White House staff, who were so closely identified with the President, rode after. Mayor Diehl, of Buffalo, and the city officers and members of the City Council were the last of the official mourners in the cortege After them followed a long line of carriages occupied by those who had been near the President officially and person-ally, and who followed more as friends than as officials. None of the members of the family entered the carriages.
As the funeral cortege moved

through Delaware avenue toward the City Hall it passed through a vast concours of people, filling the walks and cross streets and crowding housetops, window and every available space of the buildings along the line of march. As the escort of soldiers swung into Franklin street a few drops of rain fell. In two minutes it was raining hard

At the City Hall. The long line of troops took their sta-tions at attention facing the City Hall. The carriages containing members of the Cabinet hurried up to the entrance. The last of the carriages was the one bearing President Roosevelt. Removing his hat the President stepped from the whice and walked into the vestibule.

When the hearse appeared, the four horses were led slowly to the entrance and stopped. The band, some distance away, began "Nearer, My God, to Thec." At the same instant the rain came down in sheets and, driven along by western gale off the waters of Lake Erie,

tore across City Hall Square, The casket was lifted from the hears to the shoulders of the sailors and ma-rines and was borne into Buffalo's official home Outside there was not a man s far as could be seen, who did not stand, defying the elements, with hat removed respecting his dead President. Inside, with steps impressively slow and measured, the bearers made their way to the catafalque. A moment later and the body of President McKinley was lying in state.

Draped in Mourning.

The scheme of the inter'or drapings was unique and most artistically carried out. Entering the main vestibule from Franklin street the vision was greeted with the graceful sweep of festoons of black and white cashmere. The drapery ascended from the floor to the ceiling and dropped The drapery ascended to the moldings, where it was caught in bows of deep black, thence to follow downward the contour of the building. A mammoth column situated half way between the side halls of the vestibule served to develop the arches. The column itself, reaching to the ceiling, became a monument of mourning in its garb of black. Color was lent by large pictures of the martyred President, fastened on either side of the column, while champion pieces of like dimensions adorned the walls. Many yards of drapery converted the rectangular spaces demarcated by the column and the walls into two arches of imposing proportions, affording entry to the main corridor where had been con-structed the canopy of state under which the dead President was to repose while Buffalo's people by the thousands paid their last respects. Leaving the arches, the elevator shafts on either side were literally hidden from view behind a perfect sea of black. Above the centra point of the corridor, directly under the flowing walls, white and black cash-mores of costly price floated down in graceful lines from a point high up in the building. The purity of the white alternated with the somber of the reaching down in French drapes with festoening of beautiful simplicity. Dropping down in oppressive grandeur were four of the country's flags, so hung as to burst forth into a cross. The Catafalque.

Below on the tiled floor of the corridor rested the catafalque. It was covered with the same costly cashmere, relieved by six knots of generous proportions of satin material. Its head rose 18 inches from the floor and made a gentle angle, allowing the bier to slope to the foot-Stairways flanked the two sides of the corridor. The balustrades were hidden from view beneath the conventional garb of mourning. Mounting the stairway posts were chandeliers of six lights burning low. The arms of the chandeliers were wound with black and white, with altar crosses. A radiator was swallowed up in a mass of funeral color, and back of this impromptu altar there spread out a space not unlike a chancel, all in black and white. Behind it all floated an American flag of generous proportions. The enclosure for the catafalque was surrounded by banks of palms. There were pandans, arecas, kintias, bay trees, phoenix, inclanata and raffia, worked into the gen-eral succession of decorations. There was but one set floral piece. This

All present joined in the Lord's prayer was a contribution from the French so-as the minister repeated it, President cety of Buffalo. It consisted of two flags, United States by the Auguste Victoria,

United States and French, on standards with drapings of purple and black, caught in the beak of a pure white dove, framed in the words: "With sympathy and re-

gret." This design occupied the central place in the southern line of paims. Later, superb set pieces from the Mil-burn house reached the City Hall and were given places in the system of decorations. Of striking beauty was a white wreath, bearing in immortelles the name

Circled about the bier was a distin guished company. To the left stood Pres. General Knox. Then came Secretary Long and Secretary Wilson. Across to the right was Secretary Cortelyon. With him were Secretary Root, Secretary Hitch-cock and Postmaster-General Smith. Guarding the body were a Sergeant of artillery at the head, a marine at the foot, to one side was a Sergeant of infantry, to the other another marine,

The casket was immediately opened to its fullest length. An American flag was thrown across the foot of the casket, and resting against it were wreaths of ros A moment of silence prevailed. Then President Roosevelt nodded to Secretary Root, and side by side they left the scene by the rear doors, followed by the other members of the Cabinet. Five minutes were spent in completing arranged; antifor the admission of Buffalo's citizens. Streamers of double-faced satin ribbon, white and black, were stretched from the hands of the soldlers and sallors, a mark to be respected by the throngs.

The Public Admitted. At 12:25 o'clock the police were notified that the body could be viewed by the people. A minute later and the first of the long line came through the doors. Solemnly they moved through the doors, past the bler to view the face of the President. Old men and weak women and strong men and children, leaders of men and laborers all were represented in the throng that flied past. During the first hour the people passed the catafalque at the rate of 115 a minute, and at the end of the first hour it was estimated that 5000 persons had passed the bier. Outside the lines were amazing in their dimensions, solid masses of people stretching for half a mile in either direction. Through the long hours of the after-

noon there was never a cessation of the silent, moving stream of people. In the early hours the function was rendered dis agreeable by the violent rain, but at 5 o'clock the heavens cleared. The crowds grew larger and it was decided to leave the City Hall open indefinitely. On through the evening the great crowd continued, and at 10 o'clock tonight there

seemed to be no end to it. The police were finally given orders to continue the state function until the crowds showed signs of lessening. At a late hour tonight the long lines on the street remained.

BUFFALO, Sept. 15.—The Coroner of Eric County today issued the following certificate of death of the late President McKinley:
"City of Buffalo, Bureau of Vital Statistics, County of Eric, State of New York—Certificate and record of death of William McKinley: I hereby certify that he died on the 14th day of September, 1801, about 2:15 o'clock A. M., and that to the best of my knowledge and belief, the cause of death was as becausing welf. the cause of death was as hereunder writ-

"Cause-Gangrene of both walls of stomach and pancreas, following gunshot wound. "Witness my hand, this 14th day of

"Witness my hand, this 14th day of September, 1901.
"H. R. GAYLOR, M. D.
"H. Z. MATSINGER, M. D.
"JAMES F. WILSON, Coroner,"
"Age-58 years, 7 months, 15 days,
"Color-White.
"Single, Married, Etc.-Married.

'Occupation-President of the United Birthplace-Niles, O. "How long in United States if foreign

"Father's Name-William McKinley.
"Father's Birthplace-Pennsylvania,
United States.

"Mother's Name-Nancy McKinley, "Mother's Birthplace-Ohio, United States. "Place of Death-1168 Delaware avenue.
"Last Previous Residence-Washington,

"Direct Cause of Death-Gangrene of both walls of the stomach and pancreas, following gunshot wound." Death Mask Made.

BUFFALO, Sept. 15 .- A death mask of the President's face was made at 7:20 o'clock. The mask was taken by Eduoard Pausch, of Hartford, Conn. Pausch has modeled the features of many of the distinguished men who have died in this country in recent years. The mask is a faithful reproduction of the late President McKinley's features.

THE PRESIDENT'S WILL.

Bulk of the Property Left to Mrs.

BUFFALO, Sept. 15.-President McKinley has left a will. The instrument was executed some time before the shooting and at no time during his final suffering was there any wish or occasion to revise it or to frame a codicil. It leaves the bulk of his property to Mrs. McKinley How much the estate is worth cannot be stated with exactness by those most fa-miliar with the late President's business affairs, but it is believed to be a goodly sum, although not amounting to a large fortune.

Insurance on His Life. NEW YORK, Sept. 15 .- That President McKinley expected to live for many years and had every reason for so thinking is evident from the insurance he carried on his life in favor of his wife. Only a few weeks ago, it can be said on good authority, he had changed a straight life insurance policy for \$50,000 for a 30-year endowment-plan policy. He carried this in one of the big New York companies. It was announced by another insurance company today that his agents had paid by check Saturday to Mrs. McKinley a policy calling for \$15,000. Reports that the President carried insurance amounting to \$200,000 or more are not credited by leading insurance men in this city. Several experts yesterday placed the total amount at not more than \$75,000.

NEW YORK IN MOURNING. Draping Public and Private Buildings in the City.

NEW YORK, Sept. 15.- The draping of public buildings in the city, banks and business houses in the financial district, business houses on Broadway, hotels and theaters has been going on all day. By tomorrow morning commercial and financial New York will present an appearance commensurate with the e the event which is

The City Hall is the most conspicuous building in the down-town section. A special appropriation was made for the artistic work suitable for the occasion and this work was nearly completed at The three landmark churches on Broad-

way, Trinity, St. Paul's and Grace, are conspicuous by the grouping of flags intertwined with crape. By tomorrow morn-ing Wall street will be buried in black and the National colors. In the resident district, especially onthe west side from Seventy-second street the west side from seventy-second afreet to Harlem, flags bordered with black were hanging at half-mast. In many of the homes occupied by English and French the displays consist of a blending of the flags of the two nations with American flags and black. In some instances, British polors alone are at half-

stances British colors alone are at half-

Ambassador White Coming Home. BERLIN, Sept. 15.-United States Am. White will leave Monday for

mast with black streamers.

MEETING OF THE CABINET

BOOSEVELT'S CONFERENCE WITH HIS ADVISERS AT BUFFALO.

The President Will Leave for Washington This Morning-Hundreds of Messages Received.

BUFFALO, Sept. 15.-President Rooss velt passed a very quiet day at the Wil-cox house, arranging to attend the fu-neral of the late President. His secre-tary, Mr. Loeb, and his assistants were, lowever, kept busy opening telegrams an mail and classifying them. Piled upon the table in the sitting room of the house were at least 600 telegrams and letters all of them expressing regret at the sad occurrence of the late President, and as-surance of confidence and support to the new President.

Among those who sent telegrams to the new President were: Ex-Governor Vin-cent, of Connecticut; ex-Governor Ladd, cent, of Connecticut; ex-Governor Ladd, of Rhode Island; Governor Shaw, of Iowa, who telegraphed: "You will have the loyal support of the people of Iowa in unstinted measure"; Governor Richards, of Wyoming, who said: "My God endow you with abundant wisdom and discretion"; Mayor Hart, of Boston; Governor Stone, of Pennsylvania, who said: "Earnestly hoping that the curse of anarchism may be speedily lifted from our land by may be speedily lifted from our land by the passage of wise and effective laws, I hasten to assure you of loyal support"; the Republican Club, of Massachusetts; the National Republican Lesgue; Sons of America, of Philadelphia; Don M. Dick-inson, F. Norton Goddard, George E. Green, W. Bourke Cockran, Seth Low, Joseph H. Manley, Harriet S. Blaine, Rev A. O. O. Raymond, Lieutenant-Governo Woodruff Booker T. Washington.

The only announcement the I had to make today was that Mr you, the secretary of President McKinley, would, for the present, act in that capacity for him because of his knowledge of the condition of affairs, Mr. Cortelyou

onfirmed this statement. The President asked that several perso be asked informally to dinner, and when the party sat down there were in addi-tion to the President and his host, Mr. Wilcox, Governor Odell, Attorney-General Knox, Secretary Root, Secretary of State Keene, of New Jersey and William C. Warren, Republican State Committeeman of Buffalo. There was, as if by general consent, no discussion on political sub-

During the afternoon there was a stream of callers, but the President saw but few of them. General Hawley, Senator from Connecticut, was one who had a long talk with the President, and the latter invited him to go to Washington in his special car tomorrow.

In the evening, part of the Cabinet met at supper. About the board, in addition to the President, were Secretaries Long. Wilson and Hitchcock, Postmaster-General Smith and John G. Milburn. Here, too, political discussion was avoided entirely, but after supper the President had a long discussion with the Cabinet officers n the political situation of Governmental affairs. President Booseveit declined to talk today or tonight on public topics, except to say that the predictions made in some newspapers regarding his Cab-inet were premature, particularly in view of the fact that he had asked that the Cabinet stay with him.

President Roosevelt retired early tonight in preparation for the journey tomorrow,

Mrs. Roosevelt's Movements. NEW YORK, Sept. 15 .- Mrs. Theodore Roosevelt, accompanied by her five chil-dren, nurse and maid, reached this city

from Albany early this morning. On reaching her home, Mrs. Roosevelt, by request, gave out the following: "Leaving Oyster Bay, accompanied by Theodore Roosevelt Jr., Monday morning at 8 o'clock. On arrival at Long Island City will proceed to the Manhattan side and take carriage for Jersey City, arriv-

ing there at 19 o'clock in time to catch the Congressional Limited." The Pennsylvania Railroad Company will place a private car at Mrs. Roosevelt's disposal. The other children of the household will go to Washington as soon as arrangements can be made there

LONDON MARKET STRAINED

Gold Shipments to the United States Are Expected.

LONDON, Sept. 15 .- The strength and onfidence of the Stock Exchange, which experienced such a severe shock when the news of the attack upon President McKinley was received, suffered an ai-most equal strain yesterday on the sud-den announcement of his death. It is regarded as certain that the death of Mr. McKinley will precipitate gold shipments, owing to the desire of New Yorkers to strengthen their position. Consequently, discount rates are hardening materially. 2% per cent being asked on three month lls and 3 per cent for longer periods. While railway securities and industrials are hesitating over the internatonal outlook, mining shares are decidedly more cheerful, especially on the strength of better news from South Africa and the approaching date of the effectiveness of Lord Kitchener's proclamation,

No Effect on Berlin Bourse. BERLIN, Sept. 15.-The announcement of the death of Mr. McKinley did not exercise any depressing influence upon The German bourses, it being believed that Mr. Roosevelt would pursue the same policy as his predecessor and also that the efforts of New York financiers to prevent a crash would succeed. Canadian Pacific and Northern Pacific shares fell off somebut this was partly recov y. The Berlin bourse, how ered Saturday. ever, suffered independently of the death

A COMPARISON.

of Mr. McKinley from a variety of unto

ward events.

Correspondent's View of Difference Between Gregon and Washington.

ST. LOUIS, Or., Sept. 10.—(To the Editor.)—In an editorial of Tuesday, September 3, 1901, The Oregonian thinks to make the situation plain by giving a number of filmsy reasons why the State of Washington is growing faster in population, business, industry and wealth, that the State of Oregon. Without much exersophistry, the situation can be made mucclearer by keeping more to the existing facts. I had an active hand in this very business, and I know what I have four and what I am writing. The main rea-sons why the State of Washington is growing faster in all lines than Oregon as follows:

Oregon has comparatively few active settlers, but mostly lazy landholders. They oppose the newcomers sharing They oppose the newcomers sharing the benefit of the land, for fear they would stir them up and molest the moss on the backs. Many having large tracts of lan refuse to sell or to rent it, nor do the work it themselves. Others are idle waiting to sell out as soon as they car get three times the value of their land Three-fourths of the Oregon lazy landhold ers openly curse at the climate and a the conditions of Oregon in general, an almost all, without exception, are openly opposed to any improvement that would

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Asthma

The doctors tell us they cannot cure every case of asthma with Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. They say it is the best thing for relief and that it often completely cures. We are willing to take their word for it, are you?

"After having spent hundreds of dollars trying to be cured of my asthma, I now rely entirely on Ayer's Cherry Pectoral for the relief of the severe paroxysms of coughing. It is the best medicine for this I can find."

Geo. W. Stout, Sacramento, Cal. 25c., 50c., 51.09. J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mann.

in part change their old methods of am

inconcerned living.
All oppose competition to the last. They feel sick and are tired when facing the work; they are born tired. In many rural districts they form a circle, keep out or let in whom they please, and to a certain extent control every floating dot, lar. They are talking, scheming, esting, sleeping, drinking, doing everything ex-cept working. This is done in the coun-try, and there is often not a hole left even a sneak settler to get through; and, of course, intelligent settlers leave the state at once as soon as they see so many unfavorable obstacles,

Had only one-fourth of all the home-seekers who came to Oregon not left on account of such and other similar rea-sone, Oregon would be better settled than it is now. It is often gloomy in the country for newcomers, and very sultry in

Take the old bosses of Portland, for in-stance, whose backs are heavily covered with moss, which they raise in the old way of Summer-fallow; they stand to-gether like one man to keep out every one who might share in their line of business; they have all they want, and what they can do; they keep out competition, and fight to the last in their old way before they allow themselves to be molested by newcomers in their state of lethargy. New things, new methods, new energy, are against their nature. They do not mind their neighbors, but the neighhors should mind them. Once in a great while you hear them say that they wish settlers to come to Oregon, but their own business should not be affected. Once in a few years they form an immigration. bureau (the very agents of which are sell-ing land) to call settlers, in the hope to get some money without working hard for it; settlers come, and, scoing the trup, go north and south, where they get value for their money.

In Oregon one keeps the other back, while in Washington every one looks ahead to get there in the quickest way, and those shead are anxiously followed by the others without a kick; there they pull one another by the head, and here by the tail; there they move to go ahead and here to hold back; there they take what they can get and move on, while in Oregon they count what they will got 10 years hence and remain waiting in

There are many first-class settlers and first-class, broad-sighted business men in Oregon, but there are not enough of

In the State of Washington they live and let live: each one depends on his own clook grease, and freely uses it, while in Oregon too many want to live on somebody clae's expenses. I have, so to say, forced newcomers on the old Tillamook, mossbacks; I have met with the greatest stubbornness in all lines; and Tillamook, then the most dreary, secluded and for-saken country, is today the happlest and livelicet part of Oregon. This will happen little by little in all sections of Oregon, but the weeds will be thrifty until the wheat gets the upper hand.

If Oregon is as far ahead as it really is, it is because many old mossbacks had to go or starve, and better settlers got their places. This makes the situation clearer, although some stronger flashlight can be turned on Oregon's backward situation but even this is not wanted by the old mossbacks, lest they might find some-thing new. JOSEPH SCHELL.

More Than She Expected.

Harper's Magazine.

She had returned with an M. D. from the university after her name, and had been elected to the chair of English literature in a small local college. On the day before the session opened the presi-dent was explaining to her the duties of her place. "In addition to your work in English literature," he said, with apple-getic hesitation, "I should like you to take the junior and senior classes in elecution, and also assume charge of the physical

'Is there no teacher of elocution?" asked "Well, no: not at present." "And who has charge of the physical

"To tell the truth, we have no teacher as yet. You perhaps noticed in the cata-logue that these two departments were "to And I was elected to the chair of Eng-

But he was reasoured by her winning smile. "I will take the work and do what I can with it, Dr. Smith." she said, bright ly, "but why didn't you write me at first that the chair was a settee?" Annrehist Meetings Forbidden. BERLIN, Sept. 15 .- The Cologne Gatette asserts that all anarchist meetings

Yes," the president answered gloomily

have been forbidden in Germany since yesterday, and that all anarchist clubs will be closed,

Constipation Headache, billiousness, heartburn, indi-

gestion, and all liver lils are cured by Hood's Pills Sold by all druggists. 25 cents.

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