

EMPEROR LAID AT REST

REMAINS INTERRED IN THE MAUSOLEUM OF FRIEDENKIRCHE.

Imposing Funeral Pageant Witnessed by Invited Guests—Simple Ceremonies at Grave.

POTS DAM, Aug. 13.—The remains of the Dowager Empress Frederick were interred today beside those of her husband in the mausoleum of Friedenkirche, near Potsdam.

Between 8 and 9 o'clock the bells of all the churches in Potsdam were tolled with two intervals of rest. Shortly before 10:30 Emperor William, the crown prince and the imperial family, and the visiting Princes assembled in the royal hall at the Wild Park railroad station. The high court officials, military dignitaries, Count von Bismarck and his family, the Emperor and the members of the Reichstag assembled at 10:25 o'clock in an adjacent hall. Soon after 10 o'clock the special train, ordered by the Emperor to bring the invited guests from Berlin, reached Wild Park station. Among the guests the foreign Ambassadors made a striking figure, wearing their highest official uniforms. The United States Ambassador, Andrew D. White, however, was attired in simple black. He looked pale and weak and showed the traces of his recent bereavement.

At 9:30 A. M. the gates of Sans Souci Park were opened to the press and to a few ladies connected with government and court circles. The small crowd here was rigidly kept within the prescribed limits by a military guard. The morning brought an overcast sky, with the sun feebly peering through the clouds, adding to the solemnity of the occasion. A slight breeze rustled the foliage, bringing down an occasional leaf prematurely shriveled by the growth. The magnificent fountain broke the Sans Souci palace and an immense volume of water into the air, the splashing of which broke the silence reigning in the park. While the observers waited the military organizations attached to and made up around the central avenue, through which the procession was to pass. Numbers of artists from London newspapers occupied the time in sketching scenes in the park as settings for illustrations.

At 10:30 the signal was given that the funeral train was approaching. Conversation, which had hitherto been carried on in suppressed tones, now became an air of solemnity possessed by the assembly. The train rolled in slowly and noiselessly. Twenty noncommissioned officers of the Dowager Empress Hussar Regiment next came forward and bore the coffin to the royal hearse, which had in the meantime arrived from the new palace. Chamberlains and courtiers with the royal insignia participated in the transfer of the coffin from the funeral car to the hearse.

Slowly and solemnly the procession formed. Eight staff officers seized the reins of the eight splendid black horses attached to the hearse, and four Knights of the Black Eagle took hold of the points of the pall cloth, while 12 royal chamberlains held the supports of the canopy covering the hearse, and four other courtiers the cords from the canopy. Strangling these, to the right and left, were two staff officers and 12 Captains.

At 11:30 o'clock when the sound of music in the distance announced the approach of the funeral procession, the parade down the avenue moving masses appeared, now and then halting for the procession to assume its proper order. As the procession drew near the notes of the well-known funeral marches, played slowly and plainly, became audible, the muffled drums rolling in solemn impressiveness.

At the head of the procession rode Major-General von Moltke, nephew of the famous Field Marshal, in command of the military forces participating in the solemnities. Behind him came the Emperor's grand and solemn. The Guards' Duty Corps, with black and white pennants fluttering at their lance points, attracted much attention, as did the Royal Guard, the corps of cadets from the Military Academy at Gross Lichterfeld, in bright red coats, white, tight-fitting trousers and broad hats, trimmed with white lace. At the rear of the procession were the highest clerical dignitaries of Berlin, including Dr. Dryander, the court preacher, and Bishop Aszmann, the highest Catholic military chaplain, in a resplendent purple robe.

Over the head of the coffin were the imperial colors, on which was a crown of state of massive gold and heavily jeweled. Also on the colors was wreath, deposited there by Emperor William and Queen Alexandra, and two other wreaths. Behind the coffin marched the Emperor, with head erect and displaying the greatest self-possession and dignity, but his face was sad and sorrowful, and he gazed straight forward in a serious manner. King Edward, who was on the Emperor's left, walked heavily, and evidently found it painful to follow the Emperor. Both Emperor and King Edward wore the uniform of the Second Regiment of Dragoons, Queen Victoria's regiment. Ambassador White walked with the Emperor, while the Emperor's procession occupied 20 minutes in passing. All the bells of Potsdam continued tolling till the procession had reached the mausoleum and after the obsequies were complete.

The coffin was carried into the mausoleum, followed by the Emperor and Emperor, King Edward and Queen Alexandra, the royal family, the members of the royal families, the rest of those present remaining outside during the last ceremonies. After the body had been lowered into the vault, the choir from the cathedral sang "Christ is our Resurrection," by Grell. A prayer followed, and then the choir sang "Be Faithful Unto Death," by Neldhart. This was the only service. In the meanwhile the Emperor stood beside the tomb in a most solemn manner. There was no weeping, but King Edward frequently used his handkerchief, for beads of perspiration were coursing down his brow.

After the brief ceremony the royal party withdrew and the invited guests, military men, diplomats, statesmen, etc., filed in for the last view of the coffin. The Emperor's party left at 12:25 P. M. In the first carriage was Queen Alexandra on the right and the Emperor on the left. The second carriage contained King Edward on the right and Emperor William on the left. Numerous court carriages bore away the invited guests and dignitaries to their homes or to the railroad, and the crowd rapidly dispersed. While Emperor William excluded all kodaks and photographers' apparatus from Wild Park, he ordered a special photographer and also a cinematographer to take views of the procession.

Fear of Disturbances. NEW YORK, Aug. 13.—Commenting upon the reports from Germany in connection with the funeral of the Dowager Empress, one statement being that even the inhabitants of Victoria street, Potsdam, will not be allowed to stand in their own front gardens during the passage of the funeral procession, the London correspondent of the Tribune says: "Great popular discontent is said to prevail on account of these stringent regulations, which are probably due to fears of anarchist disturbances. The anarchists are believed to have tampered with the train conveying the German Crown Prince from Homburg. The spring of the carriage was found broken at Lennfelde, and at another station a piece of iron was discovered on the line."

Memorial Service in England. LONDON, Aug. 13.—A memorial service was held today in the Guildhall, St. James' Palace, simultaneously with the funeral of the Dowager Empress Frederick, at Potsdam. Among those present

were the Duke and Duchess of Argyll, Lord Salisbury, the United States Ambassador, Mr. Choate; Sir William Vernon Harcourt and Lady Harcourt; Lord and Lady Wolsey; Mrs. Randolph; Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Chamberlain, A. J. Balfour and many members of the diplomatic corps. As the opening sentences of the services were chanted, a royal salute was fired in St. James' Park, followed by the firing of 60 minute guns. Dispatches from all parts of the Continent announce the celebration of memorial services in honor of the Dowager Empress Frederick. Queen Wilhelmina, her husband and the Queen Dowager of Holland attended the service in the Engelse Church. The Japanese Services were held at all the capitals of the German states, and were mostly attended by the reigning Princes.

King Edward Goes to Homburg. BERLIN, Aug. 12.—King Edward left tonight for Homburg and Queen Alexandra started by special train for Homburg, where she will embark on the royal yacht Osborne, which will proceed to Copenhagen and then to Homburg. The Emperor at Homburg three weeks for the cure. Emperor William had him an affectionate farewell at Wild Park railway station.

GERMAN OPINIONS OF CRISPI.

Sympathetic Comment on the Italian Statesman's Death.

BERLIN, Aug. 13.—The papers comment sympathetically upon the death of Signor Crispi, but they do not ignore the great defects in his character. The strongest emphasis is laid upon his unyielding will toward Germany, his belief in the facile alliance and his friendship for Bismarck. The Berliner Post says: "Germany must not forget that in 1870 it was chiefly owing to Crispi's energy that Italy did not support France."

The Voessische Zeitung and other journals make the same point. The Nord Deutsche Allgemeine Zeitung closes a brief and cordial review of his career in this strain: "Thus it is befitting us gratefully to honor the memory of the man who was the chief promoter of the Central European alliance and a friend of Germany from conviction."

The National Zeitung considers it characteristic that the fact of Crispi's death was made known to Count von Bulow after it was sent to the King of Italy.

Kaiser's Tribute to Crispi.

NAPLES, Aug. 13.—A constant stream of people passed through the chapel, accented today to view the remains of ex-Premier Crispi.

Emperor William has instructed the German Consul here to transmit his Majesty's condolences to the family. To place a wreath of laurels and oak leaves in the chapel, and to accompany the remains to Palermo, as representative of the Emperor.

Factories Bill Passed.

Concession by the Government to the Nationalists.

LONDON, Aug. 14.—The House of Commons passed the factories bill to a third reading last night after a heated debate, which arose out of the action of the government in withdrawing a clause including insurers within the scope of the bill, because the Nationalists strongly objected to official inspection of the Catholic conventual laundries, on the ground that such inspection would be subversive of the discipline necessary to maintain in reformatory laundries conducted by nuns for fallen women. Mr. Ritchie, the Home Secretary, and Mr. Balfour frankly admitted the necessity of the concession, but many of the supporters of the government hotly denounced it as a surrender to Irish obstruction. The Conservative papers today are angry at what they describe as the "cowardly surrender" and "melancholy weakness."

POPULATION OF FRANCE.

Official Census Shows It to Be 38,641,333.

PARIS, Aug. 13.—The official census returns show the population of France to be 38,641,333, an increase of 421,564. The increase is mainly in urban centers. Twenty-eight departments show an increase, and 29 a decrease. The census figures include the troops in garrison and the sailors of the navy and merchant marine absent from France March 24.

The Ophir at Durban.

DURBAN, Aug. 13.—The British steamer Ophir, under the command of the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall and York, arrived here today.

Ambassador White's Investigation.

BERLIN, Aug. 13.—The correspondent of the Associated Press learns that Ambassador White's return here for the funeral was upon the special invitation of Emperor William. After the services at the mausoleum, Mr. White was about to withdraw with the other Ambassadors, when the Emperor sent for him and explained the reasons for his sympathy with him in his recent affliction.

Nothing Done in Macdonald Case.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 13.—Ambassador Choate has telegraphed the State Department that James Macdonald gave himself up to the London police, confessing to the larceny of \$200 from a lumber company in Portland. The Ambassador wished to know if Macdonald's extradition was desired. The department thereupon telegraphed the Governor of Oregon, who has replied that no complaint concerning Macdonald or request for extradition has reached him.

Siberian Reindeer for Alaska.

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 13.—News received here from Vladivostok says that Lieutenant Wallace Berthoff, of the United States Navy, began sending reindeer to Alaska. The first shipment has gone by the steamer Progress.

Cable Bill Passed Third Reading.

LONDON, Aug. 13.—The Pacific cable bill passed its third reading in the House of Commons today.

TO PRISON FOR LOOTING

AMERICANS SENTENCED BY CONSUL AT TIEN TSIN.

Took Part in the Robbery of a Pawnbroker's Store in a Village Near Peking.

VICTORIA, B. C., Aug. 13.—News was brought by the steamer Olympia of the trial of three Americans, James Winn, Alfred Plant and Richard Leslie Butler, who, together with Andy Holm, a Dane, and H. P. Piper, formerly correspondent of the North China Daily News, and a Chinese interpreter, looted a Chinese pawnbroker's store in a village about 30 miles from Peking, June 25. The case was tried at Tien Tsin before United States Consul Gardiner on the complaint of the pawnbroker, Chang Yuen Peng.

RETURN OF CROKER.

He Will Sail From England About the Middle of August.

NEW YORK, Aug. 13.—Says the Tribune's London correspondent: The villagers and tradesmen of Le-

JUSTICE JEROME, OF NEW YORK



Justice Jerome, of New York, is shown in a portrait, wearing a suit and glasses, looking towards the camera.

AMERICAN CITIZENS IN PEACE

He denied the right of deportation either in peace or war until evidence had been taken of an infraction of the law or hostility to the government.

The American claimants were not soldiers. They were subjected to brutal physical sufferings and must have compensation. General Ardash suggested that one of the claimants should give oral testimony, and said that the British Government would pay the witness' expenses. Mr. Crane accepted the suggestion.

THE POLICE INQUIRY

JUSTICE JEROME PUSHING THE FORCE, INDICTED BY THE GRAND JURY FOR NEGLECT OF DUTY.

NEW YORK, Aug. 13.—Justice Jerome and officials attached to the District Attorney's office held another judicial inquiry today concerning the charges that police officials have been accepting bribes from keepers of illegal resorts. Frank Moss, of the Society for the Prevention of Crime, was present during the proceedings. Some 20 persons had been summoned to the District Attorney's office. Captain Vrenenburg, of the Oak-Street Police Station, whose examination lasted during the afternoon and was adjourned until the afternoon of the 14th, once he left the building in company with Assistant District Attorney Garvin. They came back in a few minutes, bringing with them Peter de Lacy, proprietor, of the Fremo Saloon, who had been in the room on Park Row, which Frank Moss alleged was tipped off by Captain Vrenenburg Friday night, when the trap which has caused such a sensation was sprung.

THE TYPOGRAPHICAL UNION

Question of Stereotypers and Electrotypers Submitted to Locals.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Aug. 13.—The International Typographical convention today decided by a vote of 84 to 75 to submit to a referendum vote the preamble of the proposition to include electrotypers and electrotypers complete autonomy and to control, charter and organize members of their craft. Details of the plan of separation were not discussed and will be allowed to rest until the matter is acted upon by the local unions. Both branches of the printing trade are claiming a victory, and a spirited debate ensued before the vote was taken.

NO DECISIVE MOVES.

ceive the tax due it under the law applying to foreign corporations. If the company refuses to pay the tax, suit will be brought to collect it. If the corporation consents to pay the tax, it will have qualified. It is claimed, merely to do a legal business in the state. The Secretary of State and Attorney-General say they are convinced that the constituent companies are doing an illegal business in the state, in that they are connected with a trust and that the United States Steel Corporation pays the tax or not, proceedings will be brought against the Ohio companies under the anti-trust laws. The State of Ohio has petitioned over the United States Steel Corporation as a whole, and if the corporation's return to the Secretary of State satisfies him that it cannot qualify to do business in Ohio, he will petition the Attorney-General of the United States and the Attorney-General of all states where the steel trust operates may be asked to bring proceedings against it. Attorney-General Shreve stated that such a course is within the range of possibilities, but declined to make a statement as to his probable action.

GERMAN-AMERICAN RECIPROcity.

BERLIN, Aug. 13.—The Kreuz Zeitung publishes an article today by Paul Dehon warmly advocating a reciprocity agreement with the United States. The writer, who believes this to be feasible because the Americans "have a sharp eye for self-interest," says: "If Germany and the United States should enter upon a war of tariffs, other nations would only rejoice, inasmuch as their interests would be promoted, but other nations would be compelled to reckon with Germany and the United States if a treaty of reciprocity existed."

DEPORTATION OF AMERICANS.

LONDON, Aug. 13.—At today's session of the South African Compensation Commission, Newton Crane, counsel for the American claimants, made further representations regarding the claims of nine men who were expelled for complicity in the plot against Lord Roberts. Major-General Sir John C. Ardash, representing the Foreign Office, read documentary evidence from the military authorities, including a letter from Lord Kitchener to the effect that United States Consul Adalbert S. Hay had been invited to visit the men in prison, and had declined to guarantee the integrity of these nine or their willingness to be allowed to remain. When General Ardash read an affidavit alleging that James G. Maloney, of New York, one of the claimants, was an "extremely impetuous drunkard and an associate of ex-convicts," Mr. Crane interposed, saying: "I'll inquire into the truth of the statements, and if they are substantiated the American Government's pressure in regard to this claim will be circumvented." Chairman Milvan jocularly replied, "We won't go to war about this."

Rockhill Coming Home.

LONDON, Aug. 14.—Mr. Rockhill, the United States special commissioner, will leave Peking in a few days, says a dispatch to the Times from the Chinese capital. The English Government has characteristic courtesy, has offered the cruiser Pascal to convey him to Japan, whence he will proceed by steamer.

YANG YU RETURNS TO ST. PETERSBURG.

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 13.—The Chinese Minister, Yang Yu, who was detained in London by illness, returned here yesterday from abroad.

Signing the Protocol.

PEKIN, Aug. 13.—It is expected that the protocol will be signed Thursday.

Claimant Will Testify Before the Compensation Commission.

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Russia Imports American Resin.

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 13.—In spite of the discriminating duty against the United States, a shipment of resin has just arrived here from Pensacola, Fla.

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Governor Odell is Undecided.

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Opposition to Cracker Trust.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 13.—Representatives of 115 of the largest independent cracker factories will meet in St. Louis the last week of September to form an association similar to that of the wholesale grocers, the purpose being to fight the National Biscuit Company, known as the cracker trust, collectively and throughout all parts of the United States.

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MINERS ASPHYXIATED.

Peculiar Accident Cost Two Lives at Wickes, Mont.

HELENA, Mont., Aug. 13.—Two men were killed and two others staggered into the open air by the result of a peculiar accident, which occurred at 8 o'clock last night in the new tunnel of the Minah mine, at Wickes, Mont. The four men had gone to the end of the tunnel and started for 200 feet and were engaged in sinking a shaft, which they had been in progress several days. They had been using a small engine for hoisting dirt. The smoke from the engine was carried to a tunnel above the one in which the men were engaged, from where it was dissipated by means of an air shaft. Last night, after the men had been at work several hours, the air shaft became stopped up, and the smoke was forced to stop in the tunnel where it originated. When the men discovered their danger they began a retreat, and had reached a point about 700 feet from the opening of the tunnel, where two of them, Elt Gunville and Martin Johnson, fell dead. The other two men escaped to the open air, but were almost dead, and were restored after much difficulty.

POLITICIANS IN A ROW.

Boston Men Indulge in a Fight in New York.

NEW YORK, Aug. 13.—Three men, said to be prominent Boston politicians, engaged in a fight in front of the Gilsey House today, in which two men were stabbed. No arrests were made, and the injured men said they would make no complaint under any circumstances. The three politicians, whose names the police give as Joseph A. Conroy, Patrick Brown and Joseph Norton, started the fight. The wall paper manufacturers' convention is being held at the Gilsey House, and a number of delegates were standing in front of the doorway when the three men crossed the street to enter the hotel. Conroy, it is asserted, had some words with some of the paper men, and in a moment a lively fight was in progress. Others took part, and Conroy received a stab wound in the back, and

One Cleveland Mill Started.

CLEVELAND, O., Aug. 13.—The American Tinplate Company succeeded in getting one mill out of the six at the Crescent works started this morning with nonunion men. There is no disorder.

Revenue Decision Set Aside.

DENVER, Aug. 13.—The Supreme Court today granted a writ of superadea, setting aside the decision of District Judge Dixon which declared the revenue law invalid. The superadea was granted on the formal request of the Attorney-General's office and was obtained for the purpose of preventing any possible interference with the work of the State Board of Assessors by Judge Dixon.

Mrs. Helen Potts Hall Divorced.

NEW YORK, Aug. 13.—A decree of absolute divorce was granted today to Mrs. Helen Potts Hall from Blakeley Hall. Mrs. Hall is one of the claimants to a portion of the fortune of the late George F. Gilman, of Black Rock, Conn.

King Oscar Will Give a Fete.

COPENHAGEN, Aug. 13.—Upon the occasion of the tercentenary anniversary of the death of the Danish astronomer,

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