CADILLAC IS SELECTED

WILL DEFEND THE CANADA'S CUP AGAINST THE INVADER.

Decision Was Reached After the Detroit Had Won Another Victory Over the Milwaukee.

CHICAGO, Aug. 2.—Cadillac, of Detroit, has been officially selected to defend the Canada's cup against the Canadian challenger Invader. The decision was reached today by the judges, after Cadillac had won another decisive victory over Milwaukee, beating her over a triangular course of 21 miles by about 11 minutes, with the wind blowing at 25 miles from the north and northeast. The first race between Invader and Cadillac will be sailed August 10, weather permitting.

Shamrock II Expected Friday.

NEW YORK, Aug. 2.—Yachting experts think Sir Thomas Lipton's cup challenger, Shamrock II, may reach New York harbor Friday, August 9. She has covered 1300 miles, from the Clyde to St. Michael's Island, Azores, in five days, or at the average speed of 260 miles a day, beating the record of the Shamrock I to the Azores by one day.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Chicago Gives Detroit a Third Shutout.

CHICAGO, Aug. 2.—Chicago administered a third coat of whitewash to Detroit today in a game of clean hitting and sharp fielding. Attendance, 2500. Score:

	R	H	E		R	H	E
Chicago	7	9	0	Detroit	0	0	0

Batteries—Patterson and Sullivan; Sievers and Buelow.

Boston Beat Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 2.—Hard hitting by Boston, coupled with wretched fielding on the part of the home team, enabled the visitors to administer a bad defeat to Philadelphia today. Attendance, 2800. Score:

	R	H	E		R	H	E
Boston	16	22	1	Philadelphia	0	7	8

Batteries—Young and Schreck; Bernard and Powers.

Cleveland Beat Milwaukee.

MILWAUKEE, Aug. 2.—Dowling pitched a wonderful game today, shutting the home team out with only one scratch hit. Attendance, 1000. Score:

	R	H	E		R	H	E
Milwaukee	0	1	5	Cleveland	7	12	0

Batteries—Husting and Donahue; Dowling and Connor.

Baltimore Beat Washington.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 2.—Baltimore won a close and exciting game from Washington today. Attendance, 1193. Score:

	R	H	E		R	H	E
Baltimore	5	11	1	Washington	4	7	0

Batteries—Nops and Bresnahan; Carrick and Clarke.

American League Standing.

	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
Chicago	56	29	.659
Boston	48	32	.600
Baltimore	45	33	.577
Detroit	45	39	.536
Philadelphia	35	43	.449
Washington	33	43	.434
Cleveland	31	49	.388
Milwaukee	30	55	.353

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Boston Defeated Brooklyn by a Score of 4 to 1.

BOSTON, Aug. 2.—Boston defeated Brooklyn in today's game by superior all-round work. Attendance, 2500. Score:

	R.	H.	E.		R.	H.	E.
Boston	4	8	1	Brooklyn	1	6	3

Batteries—Pittinger and Kittredge; Hughes and Farrell: Umpire, Dwyer.

New York Beat Philadelphia.

NEW YORK, Aug. 2.—New York won from Philadelphia today by timely batting. Attendance, 4100. Score:

	R.	H.	E.		R.	H.	E.
Philadelphia	3	9	1	New York	5	10	3

Batteries—Donahue and Jacklitch; Taylor and Warner. Umpire, Emslie.

National League Standing.

	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
Pittsburg	49	32	.605
Philadelphia	47	36	.567
St. Louis	47	37	.560
Brooklyn	44	41	.518
Boston	40	41	.494
New York	37	51	.420
Cincinnati	33	48	.407
Chicago	35	55	.389

TO TAKE ON TWO MORE TEAMS.

Northwest Ball League Has the Matter Under Consideration.

SPOKANE, Aug. 2.—President W. H. Lucas, of the Pacific Northwest Baseball League, is in the city. He announces that plans are being considered to add two teams to the league next year, making six in all, keeping Portland, Seattle, Tacoma and Spokane, and taking Butte and Helena, if satisfactory rates can be secured.

THE DAY'S RACES.

Decision of Judges at Butte Caused Threats of Violence.

BUTTE, Mont., Aug. 2.—El Mido and Lee-Metford practically finished together in the seven-furlong race today. Many thought Lee-Metford had the best of it, but the judges gave El Mido the decision. For 10 minutes those who had bet on Metford, and many who had not bet at all, made such threatening demonstrations against the judges that it looked as though the officers of the law would be unable to prevent violence. Finally quiet was restored. Summary:

Four and a half furlongs—Undergrowth won, M. J. Schelly second, Abby Llex L. third; time, 0:56½.

Five furlongs—Flourish won, Tufts second, Clear Sky third; time, 1:04.

Mile and 20 yards—Barney F. won, The Buffoon second, St. Germain third; time, 1:46½.

Seven furlongs—El Mido won, Lee-Metford second, Devereux third; time, 1:32¼.

Five and a half furlongs—Virgie d'Or won, De Capo second, Miss Remsen third; time, 1:09.

Mile and an eighth, four hurdles—Gus L. won, Rainier second, Joe Bell third; time, 2:10.

Races at Delmar Park.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 2.—Delmar Park summary:

Mile and 70 yards, selling—Land Ho won, Quannah Parker second, Innuendo third; time, 1:48½.

Five furlongs—W. L. George won, Lillian M. second, Tenny F. third; time, 1:04.

One mile, selling—Menace won, Zonne second, Ladas third; time, 1:43¾.

Seven furlongs—Guide Rock won, Tickful second, Meddlesome third; time, 1:29.

One mile and 70 yards—Frank Peace won, Benham second, Zaza third; time, 1:48.

Seven furlongs—Nearest One won, Four-Leaf C. second, Revoke third; time, 1:28½.

Races at Columbus.

COLUMBUS, O., Aug. 2.—Cresceus, champion of the trotting turf, broke the world's record here today by trotting a mile in 2:02¼. This was the star event, but the two other great events of the closing day of the Grand Circuit meeting at this track were also marked by fast time. Summary:

2:18 class pace, purse $2000—C. F. W. won fourth, fifth and sixth heats in 2:10¾, 2:13, 2:12½. John R. Potts won first and second heats in 2:11¼, 2:12. Captain Potter won the third heat in 2:11¼. Samaritana, Joan, Legal Hal and Be Sure, Jr., also started.

2:11 class, pacing, purse $2000—Harold H. won three straight heats in 2:08¼, 2:08½, 2:10. Major Marshall, Billy H., Pussy Willow, Charles Dewey, Rego N. and Garnetta also started.

Races at Brighton Beach.

NEW YORK, Aug. 2.—Brighton Beach results:

Steeplechase, about 2½ miles—Mystic Shriner won, Isen second, Decameron third; time, 5:19 1-5.

Five and a half furlongs—Locket won, Oclawaha second, Cast Iron third; time, 1:08 1-5.

One mile and 70 yards—Monarka won, Candle second, Lucent third; time, 1:44 3-5.

One and a sixteenth miles—Ethics won, The Amazon second, Himself third; time, 1:46 3-5.

Six furlongs—Goldilla won, Hardshell second, Dr. Korber third; time, 1:15 3-5.

One and one-eighth miles—Intrusive won, McGrathania Prince second, Fatalist third; time, 1:53 3-5.

Races at Hawthorne.

CHICAGO, Aug. 2.—Hawthorne results:

Five and a half furlongs—Harry Wilson won, Fullen second, Hussar third; time, 1:10.

Seven furlongs—Silurian won, Whitfield second, Illilouen third; time, 1:28½.

Mile and 70 yards—Detoraine won, Hermencia second, Chauncey Fisher third; time, 1:47¾.

Mile and a sixteenth, selling—Obia won, Robert Waddell second, Malay third; time, 1:46¾.

Six furlongs, selling—Magic won, Doreen second, Lord Quex third; time, 1:15½.

Mile and 70 yards—Tammany Chief won, Constellator second, Pirate Queen third; time, 1:46¾.

Cresceus and The Abbot Will Race.

COLUMBUS, O., Aug. 2.—Cresceus and The Abbot will race over the Brighton Beach track August 15, during the meeting of the New York Breeders' Association. This announcement was made here after W. L. Marks, manager of The Abbot, had seen the champion trotter work a mile in 2:11, the last half in 1:01, and the last quarter in 29½ seconds. The Abbot has had a touch of distemper, and it was reported last week that the special match race was off. The horse has improved wonderfully, and seems to have all of his former bursts of speed.

Trotter Died on the Track.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Aug. 2.—The New Paltz trotting races were brought to an end with a sensational incident. Peral A., a bay mare owned by Francisco Bros., was favorite in the 2:35 trot and pace. She won the first and second heats, driven by one of her owners, who then gave the reins to George O. Smith, a more experienced driver. Smith drove her in the third heat. She was leading at the half-mile pole when she dropped as if shot and died in her tracks. A ruptured blood vessel was the cause of death.

Goodwood Race Meeting.

LONDON, Aug. 2.—The Barbary Maid gelding (Thorpe) won the race for an all-aged selling plate at the Goodwood race meeting today. Lilly Palmer (Clem Jenkins) was second, and Kilmakie third. The Hortensia filly (J. H. Martin) won the Molecomb stakes. Stalwyne was second and W. C. Whitney's Abeyance filly (L. Reiff) third.

Jeffries Covers the Sharkey Forfeit.

NEW YORK, Aug. 1.—Billy Pierce has received a telegram from the San Francisco Athletic Club saying that Champion J. J. Jeffries has posted $5000 to cover the forfeit put up for a fight with Tom Sharkey, says the World. The money and two sets of articles of agreement have been sent East. Sharkey says he will put his signature to the blank, whatever it calls for. He will begin training at Sheepshead Bay with Jack McCormack at once. Within two weeks Sharkey expects to start for San Francisco, and will probably have Tim McGrath and Jack Root as trainers.

Willie Smith Won the Golf Medal.

NEW YORK, Aug. 2.—Willie Smith, of the Midlothian Golf Club, Chicago, and ex-open champion golfer of the United States, won the all-comers medal play game of 36 holes from a field of 64 contestants on the links of the Hollywood Golf Club, near Long Branch, N. J., today. Willie Anderson, of Pittsfield, Mass., the present holder of the open championship title, won second honors, just one stroke behind Smith.

FELL TO HIS DEATH.

Kenneth H. McIsaac Thrown From His Wheel and Fatally Hurt.

Kenneth H. McIsaac, 7 years old, son of C. H. McIsaac, secretary of the Manufacturers' Association, fell from his bicycle last night on Sixth street, and was so severely injured that he died two hours afterward. Kenneth was a bright boy, of whom high hopes had been formed. He had unfortunately, however, suffered from two or three bicycle accidents. Three months ago he fell from his wheel and one of his legs was broken. He was cared for at the Good Samaritan Hospital. Last night he was riding along Sixth street, when some sudden illness seemed to attack him, for he fell backward from his wheel and one side of his head crashed against the pavement. He was hurried to his home, 81 Seventh street, in an unconscious condition, and medical aid summoned, but the poor boy never rallied and he died about 10 o'clock. The funeral will take place tomorrow.

Is He the Same Ormsby?

GRANT'S PASS, Or., Aug. 1.—(To the Editor.)—In The Oregonian of yesterday is a communication from S. B. Ormsby, in which he attempts to defend Hermann in the matter of the appropriation of public land by corporations under the name and guise of forest reserves.

There was a Captain Ormsby at Salem last Winter who had charge of Hermann's Senatorial campaign. The Captain Ormsby referred to was at the time an agent of the General Land Office, and his nominal duty was to protect the forest reserves from fire, for which alleged service he was understood to draw a salary of several thousand dollars per year. It was also understood that this Captain Ormsby was in fact on the Government payroll for the purpose of working up Hermann's Senatorial boom, and that his labor as a Government agent was of only secondary importance, and that he was on the payroll merely that he might make the Senatorial campaign without expense to himself or his employer. Is the Captain Ormsby above referred to the same who wrote the communication in The Oregonian of yesterday? And, if he is the same man, is he still drawing a salary from the United States? And state what, if any, service does he perform to entitle him to the salary. And if any services are performed by him, are the same for the United States or for Hermann?

An answer through your columns will greatly oblige many anxious inquirers in this section of the state.

JOSEPHINE COUNTY.

Four People Drowned.

HUNTINGTON, W. Va., Aug. 2.—The waves from a passing steamer near Central City last night upset a small boat containing a pleasure party, drowning Mrs. Fanny Hemming, aged 45; Katherine Hemming, her daughter, aged 14, and Imogene and Theodore Apperson, grandchildren of Mrs. Hemming, aged 6 and 7 years.

Fatally Injured in an Explosion.

ATLANTA, Ga., Aug. 2.—The boiler of the engine of the Western & Atlantic passenger train which left this city at 8:15 this morning, exploded at Bolton, fatally injuring Fireman Aenschbacher and badly injuring Engineer Bell. The engine was demolished.

LYNCHING IN TENNESSEE

MAN WAS TAKEN FROM THE COURTHOUSE BY A MOB.

He Sought to Attack the Character of a Girl Whom He Criminally Assaulted.

SMITHVILLE, Tenn., Aug. 2.—The first lynching in Dekalb County took place this morning, when Charley Davis, who was charged with a criminal assault on Miss Kate Hues, was taken from the Courthouse by a mob of about 25 friends and relatives of the young woman and hanged. The assault on Miss Hues was made last Sunday evening and Monday morning Davis was taken before a magistrate. He submitted his case and the trial was set for today. When the hearing began the defendant introduced witnesses to attack the girl's character. The father had said he would not join or allow any violent measures, unless this action was taken by the defendant. When the witness began to give his testimony friends and relatives of the girl arose and made for the prisoner. For a time there were wild scenes and the people were greatly excited. The prisoner made an effort to escape by jumping from the second-story window of the courtroom, but several pistol shots were fired in the crowd, and Davis was captured before he could jump. He was taken a quarter of a mile from town and hanged.

The Sheriff and one of his Deputies and a Constable, who were trying to prevent the lynching, together with the father of the defendant, were severely injured in a clash with the mob. The wounded officers are: Sheriff J. T. Odum, Deputy Bob Odum; Constable Manney Pass.

Milton Hues, the father of the victim, is a prominent grocer in Smithville and the mob was composed almost entirely of his relatives and friends. There were about 25 in the mob. After the execution of Davis the mob dispersed. There is no danger of further trouble.

NO MORE LYNCHINGS.

Further Trouble Is Not Anticipated in Mississippi.

CARROLLTON, Miss., Aug. 2.—The air has been rife with rumors of additional lynchings all day, but in each case the reports have been without foundation. A posse of men is scouring the country in an effort to apprehend several negroes suspected of complicity in the murder of Mr. and Mrs. Taliaferro on Tuesday night last, but up to 9 o'clock tonight no arrests have been made. The only persons lynched in connection with the murder were the three negroes, full details of which were sent in these dispatches last night. Sheriff Woodall stated tonight that he had released all negro witnesses and no further trouble was anticipated. The town is quiet tonight.

Negro Lynched in Alabama.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Aug. 2.—With a rope around his neck and death before him, Charley Bentley, a negro, confessed to the murder of Jim Vann, alias Williams, a white man, and was hanged by a mob in Leeds, St. Clair County, Ala., today. The murderer's body was riddled with bullets and left hanging. The murder was committed early in the morning, while Vann and his wife and child were asleep in a camp three miles from Leeds. Vann's skull was crushed with a stone, and his slayer then grabbed Mrs. Williams around the throat, but she screamed for help, and the negro ran into the woods. Bentley gave no reason for his crime, and the citizens could assign none except an intended assault on the woman.

Killed by His Father-in-Law.

HELENA, Mont., Aug. 2.—Ira Turner was shot and killed last evening in a wood chopper's cabin in Deadman's Gulch, eight miles from Missoula, by Henry Nudson, his father-in-law. Nudson and his family came West from their former home in Norfolk, Neb., a years ago. Nudson and his son-in-law had taken up timber claims in Deadman's Gulch. Nudson, who surrendered after the shooting, says that after having returned from town to the claims, he found Turner beating his wife.

New York Broker Arrested.

NEW YORK, Aug. 2.—George C. Thomas, a broker and a member of the Consolidated Stock Exchange, of this city, was arrested today and arraigned before United States Commissioner Shields, charged with violating the war revenue act in failing to place revenue stamps on sales of stocks. He waived examination, and was held in $1500 bail for examination. Mr. Thomas contends that the tax is illegal, and he was arrested in order that a test might be made in the courts.

Second Jury Unable to Agree.

DENVER, Aug. 2.—The jury in the case of W. W. Anderson, charged with the shooting of H. H. Tammen and F. G. Bonfils, proprietors of the Evening Post, after considering the testimony for six and a half days, tonight reported its inability to agree upon a verdict, and was discharged by Judge Mullins. The shooting occurred January 13, 1900. This was the second trial, the other having ended in a disagreement. The third trial has been set for August 26.

Harvest Hands Held Up.

ARKANSAS CITY, Kan., Aug. 2.—Three highwaymen last night held up 11 harvest hands in the railroad yard here and secured $105, seven watches and some other jewelry. The harvest hands were from Oklahoma, and were on their way to work in the Kansas fields. The robbers escaped to the territory.

FUSILLADE OF SHOTS.

Robbers and Victim Pepper Each Other and Nobody Hurt.

A strange story of attempted highway robbery, in which shots were freely exchanged between two robbers and their intended victim, on Water street, near the First-street bridge, was the burden of a telephone massage sent to the police station this morning about 1:30 o'clock. So far as known, no one was shot and no plunder was obtained. hTe telephone message stated that a man was waiting at First and Columbia streets to make a complaint that two men had tried to rob him, and that shots had been exchanged. Sergeant Church and Policeman Jamieson were sent to investigate, and they met the man at the spot mentioned, waiting with his horse and wagon. He was about 45 years old and he wore an old suit and carried a Winchester rifle.

This was his story: "I was camping for the night on Water street with my horse and wagon, resting before I came to town, when two strange men crept up and started to rob me. I resisted and when they opened fire I replied with my Winchester. I do not think I shot anyone, but I was badly scared and lost no time in sending a telephone message for assistance, as the men may be following me." The man, who would not give his name, is apparently a traveling merchant. He afterward drove in the direction of the city, stating that he felt safer there.

Size of the States.

New York Sun.

It appears from the geographical surveys accepted as a basis of the recent Federal census that Texas is the largest state in the country. In the New England group the largest of the states is Maine, with nearly 30,000 square miles of land surface; none of the other New England states has as much as 10,000. Two states which are most nearly alike in area are New York and North Carolina. Two others which correspond very nearly are Iowa and Illinois. Arkansas and Alabama are of almost the same size, and Ohio and Virginia differ by only a few square miles. The land area of each is about 40,000 square miles.

FOR VISITORS TO VIEW.

Industries Are More Important Than Oregon Scenery.

HILLSBORO, Or., July 30.—(To the Editor.)—Permit me to express my cordial approval of the letter from Mr. Alfred Holman, published in yesterday's Oregonian. The suggestions are both timely and wise. The habit of showing visitors Oregon scenery exclusively rather than the productive portions of the State is becoming too confirmed. Of the people visiting Portland from the East, and returning, less than one in ten, see, or learn anything about either Western or Eastern Oregon. In coming from California they reach Portland in the early morning, without having seen anything of the Umpqua or Willamette Valleys. If they are taken upon any excursions from Portland, it is either up or down, or both up and down the Columbia River. They leave the State either by way of Puget Sound, or by way of Eastern Oregon, in either case seeing very little of the state.

Early last Spring some prominent gentlemen from Chicago visited the Pacific Coast, and published a very neat volume, giving an account of their travels. The only reference to anything in Oregon, outside of Portland, is to the Cascade Locks and Multnomah Falls. In describing their visit to Western Washington there is a splendid description of the magnificent lumbering industries, even giving the size and length of the great trees witnessed at the saw mills upon Puget Sound. Later the Congressional delegation from Ohio spent two days in Oregon. They went away without seeing a single productive industry, or a single resource of the State. They were taken up and down the Columbia River from The Dalles to the Pacific Ocean. For what purpose? The reason given was that it was desired to make them friendly to Columbia River improvements. Did it ever occur to any one taking this position, that when a river is improved, it is because of the commerce to be benefitted, and the proportion of the commerce to the cost of the improvement, and not from the beauty of the flowers, the grandeur of the mountains, the number of waterfalls or snow-capped mountains witnessed from its peaceful bosom?

A few mornings ago I conversed with members of the German Societies visiting Portland just before leaving for the East. It was the old story; absolutely no knowledge of the State, or its industries. They had seen nothing but Portland and the Columbia River.

I notice in yesterday morning's Oregonian that the same policy is to be pursued with members of the Christian Endeavor Society. I read from the Oregonian the following:

"Tomorrow morning at 7 and 9 o'clock there will be more river excursions. On Wednesday 200 are expected to arrive under the guidance of Rev. T. E. Davis. They will go up the Columbia. Later in the morning another party of 200 will arrive under the charge of Rev. D. A. Gillespie, and after a trip up the Columbia they will leave for their homes Thursday evening. Friday, a party under the charge of S. G. Akers will arrive. They are Illinois people. They are booked for a trip up the Columbia."

What this State needs now is more men and more capital to develop its resources. Will this procedure bring either one or the other? Certainly not. On the other hand, it deters both. Those who come to Oregon think that if we had anything valuable to show but scenery we should certainly bring it to their attention, and so they go back, circulate broadcast wherever they go, that they have been to Oregon, know something about the country, and when asked to describe it, give an account of fine ranges of mountains, splendid waterfalls, a magnificent river, and get enthusiastic over the magnificence of Hood, St. Helens and other snow-capped mountains. It has long seemed to me that the sensible and wise thing to do is to take these people out through the Willamette Valley, show them its fields, its meadows, its orchards, its gardens, hop yards, lumbering industries, and then through the great wheat fields of Eastern Oregon, and the mining camps of Southern and Eastern Oregon. Show them what the State is and what it has, and what its possibilities and opportunities are. There is no state in the Union with such splendid undeveloped resources as Oregon that is making such a slow growth. There is no region in the United States possessing such great merit, and which is so little known throughout the United States as the Willamette Valley. I have met and talked with dozens of people who have been to Oregon, who never saw the Willamette Valley, or the rich lands of Umatilla County, who know nothing whatever about them, who could not tell whether they contain cultivated fields, great sheep pastures, or arid plains. And this result is due very largely to the fact that when visitors come to this state, such extraordinary great pains are taken to induce them to become enthusiastic over "scenery." Our scenery certainly is delightful and attractive. It is an element of pleasure to the visitor, but mixed with it, we ought to keep in view the useful, and some of the material benefits that should accrue to the state from the visits of prominent people.

I am very much pleased that Mr. Holman has called the attention of the readers of the Oregonian to this matter. Truly and sincerely yours,

THOMAS H. TONGUE.

Manzanita at Seattle.

SEATTLE, Aug. 2.—The United States lighthouse-tender Manzanita, Captain Gregory, arrived tonight from a three weeks' buoy-work cruise in the waters of Southeastern Alaska. Her voyage extended as far to the north as Sitka. Various old buoys were removed and new ones substituted, and general lighthouse work was done. The Manzanita will take coal tomorrow morning and probably proceed at once to Astoria, her headquarters.

Oriental Circus for Regatta.

ASTORIA, Aug. 2.—The regatta committee today closed a contract with George L. Hutchin for the appearance here during regatta week of the Jabour Oriental Circus and Menageries, which will give a street fair and carnival. This is the same company which will give the street fair and carnival in Tacoma this month under the auspices of the Elks.

Greek Scholar and Physician.

NEW YORK, Aug. 2.—Dr. Stephen Foss, formerly a practicing physician and a Greek scholar, is dead at his home in Brooklyn, aged 76. He lost his eyesight on account of constantly poring over Greek manuscripts, and for the past five or six years had been totally blind.

Released From the Tombs on Bail.

NEW YORK, Aug 2.—David L. Short and Morris Meyer, jointly indicted with Albert T. Patrick in connection with the alleged forgery of a will of William Marsh Rice, were released from the Tombs today on $15,000 cash bail. They had been in the Tombs since March 20.

Head-End Collision of Trains.

ODESSA, Mo., Aug. 2.—Two Chicago & Alton freight trains collided head on at Grain Valley today. Engineer Jacques was killed, and Engineer Walsh and Fireman Pulliam, all of Slater, Mo., were injured badly. Both engines were wrecked.

Funeral of Bishop John Moore.

ST. AUGUSTINE, Fla., Aug. 2.—Bishop John Moore was buried here today. The funeral was largely attended, and dignitaries of the church from all over the United States were present.

No mother should overlook so good a skin cure as Greve's Ointment. Every home needs it. Parker's Hair Balsam aids the hair growth.

CORN KING WILL RESUME

PHILLIPS IS TO BEGIN BUSINESS ANEW NEXT WEEK.

Customers of the Firm Were Overpaid $250,000 in the May Corn Deal.

CHICAGO, Aug. 2.—George H. Phillips will issue a circular tomorrow, addressed to the customers of his firm, announcing that he will be able to resume active operations on the Board of trade by next Tuesday or Wednesday at the latest, possibly Monday. The statement will also promise patrons of the company that before any new trades are made a complete and satisfactory summary of what his books show will be given to the public. Phillips asserts that the experts' examination of the firm's books make it certain that the worst has been told, and the firm is not a loser to a larger extent than $300,000. His faith in the loyalty of his clients is unshaken, and even carries him to the point where he believes that 90 per cent of those who are found by examination of the books to have been overpaid as a result of the May deal will gladly refund the balance due him. The total amount of this overpayment is estimated to be a little under $250,000.

Abel D. Osman resigned the secretaryship of the company today. Phillips was undaunted by the action of the secretary. He took over all of Mr. Osman's stock himself, and is now secretary as well as general manager.

PEACE OR WAR TODAY.

(Continued from First Page.)

the strikers, who retreated and disappeared in Fern Hollow. Further trouble is expected.

UNIONISTS FIRED UPON.

They Wanted to See Nonunion Men In a Boarding-House.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 3, 5 A. M.—A special to the Commercial-Gazette from Wellsville, O., says:

"At 4:30 o'clock this morning, 100 strikers surrounded the boarding-house of Harry Phillips, just back of the mill, where six nonunion men are living. Two shots, said to have come from the revolver of Harvey Yeager, a brother of Mrs. Phillips, were fired at the unionists as they came into the yard. The strikers then swarmed into the yard, and were met by Mr. Phillips with a drawn revolver. The strikers demanded to see the nonunion men, but Phillips held them back with his gun. The strikers finally withdrew, but surrounded the house and when the mill whistle blew the men were unable to go to work. The excitement is intense."

LABOR LEADERS HOPEFUL.

They Express Confidence That the Strike Will Be Settled.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 2.—A special to the Post from Altoona, Pa., says:

Instead of flatly refusing the request of the Amalgamated Association officials for another conference in order to bring about a settlement of the steel strike, the officers of the United States Steel Corporation have appointed an hour for meeting the Executive Board of the Amalgamated Association in New York this morning. The decision to meet them was announced in a message sent direct to President Shaffer yesterday afternoon, and was promptly accepted. At once the members of the board made arrangements to leave for New York. They hurried through their session, and at 10 o'clock last night they were all on the Pittsburg limited bound for the East. The representatives of the labor organization numbered 15 in all. Secretary Williams said the only member absent was Vice-President C. H. Davis, of Chicago. He said the members had no idea whom they would meet in New York, and could place no estimate that would be occupied in the metropolis.

The members were reticent, and declined to discuss their proposed visit. They were hopeful, however, of the result, and expressed confidence that the strike could be settled before their return to Pittsburg. The fact that the officials of the United States Steel Corporation had consented to discuss the matter with the official body of the Amalgamated Association, they said, was regarded as sufficient proof of the sincerity of the trust officials. Veryl Preston, who has acted for the trust in Pittsburg throughout the week, was among the passengers who boarded the train at the East End. He was in another car than the one occupied by the Amalgamated men. Mr. Preston was accompanied by another gentleman, whose identity he declined to reveal.

As to the exact status of the dispute, neither Mr. Preston nor the members of the Amalgamated Association would consent to offer an opinion or discuss it in any form. The only intimation given was that there were numerous points considered vital by the Amalgamated Association that would have to be considered and made perfectly clear before the strike could be settled One phase in particular was a more liberal interpretation of the non-interruptive clause in the wage scale. The only agreement offered by the Amalgamated Association at this time increases the period for arranging new scales by one month. The manufacturers want to prevent the closing of mills at any time, and to have such disputes settled by conference and arbitration. The practical abolishment of the mill committee on all mills is also demanded by the manufacturers, but they offer no other means for settling local differences in place of this. The workers insist that some official representative of the men should have a voice for them in such disputes. The question of unionizing all nonunion mills is said to be disposed of in the Morgan proposition in a manner that seemed to the workers to threaten the existence of their organization more than under former arrangements. It is said it opened the door to favoritism by manufacturers for nonunion men in all the mills. The union workers want assurances of equal treatment for all.

The signing of the wage scale is not apparently considered as of importance. There has been no disposition on the part of the workers or manufacturers to balk over this point, and it is believed that, once the more weighty matter is disposed of, the whole dispute can be quickly wiped away. If the conference in New York progresses as rapidly this week as the one between President Shaffer and Mr. Morgan last week, the strike may be declared off before Monday.

TRUST HAS THE BEST OF IT.

Number of Men Have Been Rushed Into Wellsville.

WELLSVILLE, O., Aug. 2.—At the close of the third week of the strike among the steel workers in the Wellsville plant of the American Sheet Steel Company, the steel trust has the better of the argument. A large number of men were imported today. The men were in the parlor car of the afternoon train, and the doors were locked at East Liverpool, and the strikers' pickets refused permission to enter. When the mill was reached, the train was stopped, and the men were rushed under the stockade before the pickets could speak to them. The strikers are in an ugly mood tonight, and much chagrined over the company getting the men in the mill. Reports are in circulation tonight that more men are coming on the midnight train. Organizer Griffith said tonight:

"It is pretty near time for the American Federation of Labor to take part in this strike. This afternoon their men locked a car door on us, and would not allow us in where the strike-breakers were. I propose to enter a protest about this matter where it will count."

MINERS' BOARD CONFERS.

Announces a Willingness to Help Out All Organized Labor.

COLUMBUS, O., Aug. 2.—President H. W. Haskins, Vice-President Dennis Sullivan and Secretary Savage, of the Ohio mineworkers' organization, held a lengthy session today. The meeting was called to discuss the mining trouble over the state. When asked if the steel strike had been discussed, the officials announced that the miners of Ohio are now ready to assist all classes of organized labor. We have an agreement with Ohio operators which expires April 1, 1902, but if the so-called trusts or large corporations are going to use the injunction for the purpose of defeating other labor organizations in their contention for justice, and a fair share of the results of these large industries we are not able to predict what policy the miners will pursue."

To Call Cutters Out.

NEW YORK, Aug. 2.—The striking garment-workers have decided to call out the cutters employed by several manufacturers, partly to force those who have not complied already with the demands of the strikers to do so at once, and partly to force the manufacturers to accede to the demands of the contractors, in order that the strikers may return to work as soon as possible. The attitude of the contractors is said to be unchanged. They have issued a letter or proclamation alleging that for the last few years the clothing trades have been agitated each year by the strikes of the workers, who have won all their demands. The contractors say the allegations of the labor leaders are false or exaggerated.

Negroes to Supplant White Workers

CLEVELAND, Aug. 2.—The big steel combine is utilizing negro labor to supplant its white workers in the Newburg mills here. Already 229 colored men have come to the city from Pittsburg, Homestead and adjacent iron centers in Pennsylvania. They are domiciled in a large dwelling-house at the mill. The negroes from Alabama and Tennessee, according to the colored agent of the steel corporation, see in this strike a glorious opportunity to improve their condition, and are flocking North in large numbers. It is also asserted that the steel corporation has given authority to its agents to gather all the skilled ironworkers possible, and to center them at the various points of the strike.

The Principal Point in Dispute.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 2.—The American Federationist, the official monthly magazine of the American Federation of Labor, in its issue for August, just made public, speaking of the steel strike, says: "The point upon which negotiations finally broke off was that the trust tried to make it a condition of employment that the men in the nonunion mills should refrain from joining any union. The Amalgamated Association insisted upon their right to endeavor to organize these nonunion men into the union, and to finally secure for them the wage scale paid in union mills operated by the trust."

Hanna Is Taking No Part.

CANTON, O., Aug 2.—Senator Marcus A. Hanna, who is here on a visit to President and Mrs. McKinley, gave out a statement tonight denying as erroneous the reports connecting him with efforts to settle the strike.

"I am just as anxious to have the steel strike settled as the vast majority of people, but I am taking no part in the negotiations," he declares. He says his visit is purely a social one.

Schwab Says There Is Nothing New.

NEW YORK, Aug. 2.—President Schwab, of the United States Steel Corporation, said today there were no new developments in the strike situation. He refused to discuss the report that negotiations between the Amalgamated Association and officials of the Steel Corporation had been broken off. J. P. Morgan reached his office soon after 11 o'clock. He had nothing to say with regard to the strike.

Tampa Is Much Aroused.

TAMPA, Fla., Aug. 2.—The entire business community is more aroused today than ever before on account of the manifesto signed by the manufacturers last night declaring they would move their factories to another city if the citizens of Tampa did not suppress the anarchist leaders of the Resistencia strikers, and protect them in their own business. The manufacturers represent over $40,000,000.

Machinists' Strike Settled.

SHARON, Pa., Aug. 2.—The machinists' strike at the National Steel Works and the Sharon steel plant was settled today. The agreement provides for an advance in wages of 50 cents per day, pay and one-half for overtime, and a week of 58½ hours. The company has agreed to discharge all the nonunion men now at work within 15 days.

Street Railway Tied Up by a Strike.

NEWARK, O., Aug. 2.—The Newark Street Railway and the Newark & Granville road, operated by the same company, are tied up by a strike for higher wages, and all cars are in the barns. There has been no disorder.

Nothing to Do With the Strike.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 2.—Secretary Nutt, of the Labor Bureau of the Republic Iron & Steel Company, said his presence at the meeting had nothing whatever to do with the steel strike. All the Republic mills are in operation, and he merely called on matters affecting the mills operated by his company.

Hodcarriers' Strike Declared Off.

DENVER, Aug. 2.—The strike of the union hodcarriers of Denver, which began June 1, has been declared off. Eight hundred men were out, and the strike has seriously interfered with building. The other labor unions of Denver refused to sanction and support the strike.

SALT THE ROOTS.

Successful Means of Eradicating the Canada Thistle.

BEAVERTON, Or., July 31.—(To the Editor.)—I have noticed of late articles in your paper (especially of Sunday last) of the depredations the Canada thistle is making in Oregon—the greatest pest that was ever allowed to grow in any land or state. I worked in Canada thistles from 1849 to 1850 in the State of New York, Cayuga County. I have bound oats and wheat, and received 25 cents a day more wages than I would if the grain had been free from Canada thistles, but that is not to the point. To get rid of them is the question. Summer fallowing will not do it, although it will decrease their growth. My father had a small patch on our farm and they were all cut down, taken off and burned. Then we went on the patch, crawled around on our hands and knees and split open every stalk and put salt in the split, and that fixed them. They never came up again. I moved to Wisconsin in 1850, and went five miles a few years later to see some Canada thistles. This was in Winnebago County. There were only three stalks. I fixed them as aforesaid. I lived there 19 years and never heard anything more about Canada thistles.

Now, if a crop is allowed to grow and go to seed in Oregon we are done for, for all time. They cannot be exterminated by pulling up, for every fiber of a root will grow even for four feet deep. Therefore, I hope that the law in such cases made and provided will be enforced to the utmost letter. If the thistle gets a start in our soil it can never be got out.

A. B. CADY.

A Salutary Law.

Nashville Banner.

A New York magistrate has discharged a violator of the anti-expectoration ordinance on the ground that everybody has a constitutional right to spit, and that whenever a law forbidding expectoration on a floor is to be enforced cuspidors must be provided for public use. This judgment appears a straining of a point to avoid a salutary law. Says this magistrate: "Men have to spit, and if cuspidors are not provided, they have to spit elsewhere." That depends. Men are not compelled to expectorate unless they are invalids or unless they put something in their mouths to make them do it. It is rarely the case that men have to spit in a drawing room or in other places where they are not expected to exercise the "constitutional right" of ejecting saliva. Women are subject to the same occasional necessities in this regard as men, but one does not see the women using the public floors for cuspidors. The anti-spit law is intended for the protection of the public and should be observed and enforced.

Idaho Notes.

Threshers have completed their run on the 100-acre wheat field of Gus Larsen, at Waha. The field yielded 3967 weighed bushels. Previous to threshing estimates on the field had been 20 to 25 bushels an acre.

A horse grain elevator is being put up in the W. R. Russell No. 3 warehouse on the Northern Pacific Railroad. By the use of this elevator five men can take from the wagons, weigh, truck and pile 3000 sacks of grain a day.

The Bunker Hill tramway cable, which extends across the town of Wardner, broke recently, letting the heavy ore buckets fall to the ground. Several buckets fell on the streets, but did no damage. The mine will be shut down five or six days as a consequence. Vetie Wilson was quite seriously bruised by the heavy tram cable falling on him while he was assisting to draw it in.

Ex-Minister of Swedish Finance.

STOCKHOLM, Aug. 2.—Hans Luding Forsheil, ex-Swedish Minister of Finance, died last night at San Bernardino, Switzerland. He contributed largely to the introduction of gold into currency in Sweden.

The smelting of iron in Sheffield, England, is supposed to date from Roman times, and there is distinct proof carrying it back as far as the Norman conquest, in 1066. The town had become famed for its cutlery by the 14th century. The town was the capital of Hallamshire from the Norman conquest. Owing to the antiquity of the town, it is not known exactly when it was founded.

The dwellers in the north of Europe have always been remarkable for their use of the beard. This, of course, is due to the cold temperature of those regions. At the present day Russia is probably the country in which beards are most generally worn. There the peasants wear beards to a man, while the upper classes, adopting the French fashion, usually affect an imperial or a short, clipped beard.

Derangement of the Liver, with constipation, injures the complexion, induces pimples, sallow skin. Carter's Little Liver Pills remove the cause.