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EASTMAN POCKET KODAKS

Are just the thing for your vacation trip. Always ready for snap shots. No dark room necessary. Easy to carry; easy to load. We have the new sizes. \$5.00 to \$17.00.

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WHOLESALE AND IMPORTING DRUGGISTS



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America's ORIGINAL Malt WHISKY Without a Rival Today

Blumauer & Koch, 108 and 110 Fourth Street
Sole Distributors for Oregon

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Four car loads just received. Gold plated and silver plated, nickel, brass, copper and white enameled, black and white Japanese. All sizes. Round and square, from 4x6 to 36x36.

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EUROPEAN PLAN

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| Rooms—Single | 75c to \$1.50 per day |
| Rooms—Double | \$1.00 to \$2.00 per day |
| Rooms—Family | \$1.50 to \$3.00 per day |

First-Class Check Restaurant Connected With Hotel.

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FRONT AND MORRISON STREETS
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American and European Plan.

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| American Plan | \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75 |
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J. W. Hill, M. D., Principal
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FROM NOW UNTIL AUGUST 1

We will sell every unclaimed tailor-made suit or overcoat in stock. No matter what it is worth or what it cost, it will go, from Monday, July 23, to Wednesday, July 31, at

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There is no reserve in this great offer. Everything goes. The actual value of the suits and overcoats runs from \$20.00 to \$50.00. Country orders receive prompt attention.

FARNSWORTH-HERALD TAILORING CO.

248 WASHINGTON STREET. NEW FAILING BUILDING

Plans for Beautifying Washington.

NEW YORK, Aug. 2.—The Herald says today that within a very short time the Manhattan Mining & Smelting Company, with a capital of no less than \$2,500,000, will be formed, either under the laws of Colorado or New Jersey, to take over the 67 properties owned by the Ploche Consolidated Company, in Lincoln County, Nevada, and through others to run the total up to about 100 different groups of claims, together with hoisting works, smelters, pumping plants and the electric light and water systems of Ploche.

EXECUTE THE BOERS

This is Chamberlain's Instruction to Kitchener.

WILL BE NO MORE LENIENCY

Death Order Applies to Boers Who Shoot Natives in the Employ of the British—News Elieleted Cheers in the House.

LONDON, Aug. 2.—A discussion arose in the House of Commons tonight over the Colonial Office appropriation, and it gave the opponents of the government a choice to make. Mr. Chamberlain, while making a motion, proposed to reduce by £100 the appropriation of which the Colonial Secretary's salary will be paid.

Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, the Liberal leader, said that, in view of the patience with which the nation had for 21 months endured Mr. Chamberlain's policy in South Africa, he thought it opportune to secure a statement from the Colonial Secretary as to the war situation. He went on to point out that Cape Colony had now invaded and overrun with Boers, and he asked what prospect there was of repelling the invaders; what the condition of Cape Colony would be after the war; with the prospect of famine as a result of the government policy of "de-vegetation," and where was Cape Colony's constitution, which appeared to him to be under lock and key since the declaration of martial law.

Mr. Chamberlain replied that farming had been entirely abandoned and replaced by the policy of concentration camps. He contended that these were humane and satisfactory institutions, as had been shown by the fact that thousands of Boers came into them voluntarily.

"The government have the best reasons to believe," continued the Colonial Secretary, "that a vast majority of the Boers acknowledge themselves beaten, and would gladly accept the terms of a successful pursuit, but for the comparative handful of irreconcilables, who are carrying on a guerrilla war that is rapidly degenerating into a brutal and senseless murder. Lord Kitchener is adequately dealing with the problem of establishing blockhouse corridors, within which the peace-loving Boers can safely settle and be protected."

Regarding the announcement by Lord Kitchener that Commandant Kritzinger had declared his intention to shoot all natives in British employ, whether armed or unarmed, Mr. Chamberlain said the government had telegraphed Lord Kitchener to inform the Boer leaders that such acts were contrary to civilized usage, and all guilty persons of this class, if captured, would be court-martialed and executed. Mr. Chamberlain's declaration was received with loud cheering.

"There seems to be an impression that we have come to some sort of agreement with the Boers," said Mr. Chamberlain. "In another portion of his speech, the speaker says that natives are not to be employed in this war; but there is no such agreement. Incursions into protected districts must be most severely dealt with. It is not the aim of the government to reduce the Boers to a state of abject poverty and even women."

"Rubbish," cried an Irish member.

Mr. Chamberlain retorted that he had met some of the Boers who were in this way. "If things have changed from this way in Cape Colony," he continued, "it is because the Cape rebels have found it impossible to carry on an even and successful performance. Then there has been mistaken leniency, and this was the policy in the past. Botha, Dewet and Schalkenberg do not say that the war was caused by the Boers. They say they are fighting for their independence. It is nonsense to speak of offering terms to men who say it must be a fight to the finish. This is now the policy of the government."

John Redmond said Mr. Chamberlain's speech was a "candid, if somewhat brutal, exposition of the government's policy," and he hoped that the assistance of the Boers might be strengthened. The debate was continued for another hour after Mr. Chamberlain's speech, and the amendment to reduce the salary of the Colonial Secretary was rejected.

CAUSED HORROR IN ENGLAND.

Cold-Blooded Boer Atrocities Create Demand for Stronger Measures.

NEW YORK, Aug. 2.—The cold-blooded Boer atrocities, reported by General Kitchener, have caused a feeling of horror throughout the country, says the Tribune's London correspondent. This morning's newspapers call for stern measures to meet this development of the war. Men who resort to deliberate murder forfeit their belligerent rights. The weakness of the British position lies in the reluctance of the military authorities to punish with legitimate severity offenses against the laws of war.

Considerable dissatisfaction has for some time past been felt, for almost all the excessive leniency General Kitchener has displayed in his operations against Boer guerrillas, but he may alter his policy with this announcement, as it shows the loyal natives that he is able to protect them.

Boer Strength in Cape Colony.

LONDON, Aug. 2.—The Cape Town correspondent of the Daily Mail, in a communication dated July 15, places the strength of the Boers in Cape Colony at between 300 and 800 men, all of whom are rebels. The Daily Mail contrasts this with the official statement not long ago that there were only 1000.

The colonial authorities, the correspondent continues, "have just awakened to the possibility that the last shot in the war may be fired from Cape Colony, and the sun came out warm and bright, there is nothing to prevent the Boers from holding out another 12 months."

A communication to the Daily Express of the same date says the Boer plan is to make a final stand south of the Orange River, and that they may hold out for six months.

Cost of the Boer War to England.

LONDON, Aug. 2.—In the House of Commons, Lord Stanley, Financial Secretary of the War Office, replying to a question, said the cost of the war in South Africa from April 1, 1900, to July 31, 1900, partly chargeable against the deficit of last year. The actual cost in July was £1,250,000 weekly. The statement was greeted with tropical Irish cheers.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer, Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, said that if the war continued at the same cost for the next year, the government would be spending the whole of the present year's budget for financing the third quarter, but he had reason to hope this would not be necessary.

English Have Armed the Natives.

LONDON, Aug. 2.—The correspondent of the Daily News, whose name the paper reserves, says:

"We have deliberately armed the natives. I have been scores of them with rifles and bandoliers. Once I traveled in a train which carried two truckloads of arms, blacks. They are constantly to be seen about Kimberley, to the north of that town. Armed Kafirs have been allowed to attack people on their farms in Bechuanaland, in parts of the Transvaal and in the vicinity of Mafeking."

Boers in Portuguese East Africa.

LONDON, Aug. 3.—The Boers who are in Portuguese territory, says the Daily Mail, number 500. They crossed the line near Nametate and are now going to the assistance of Koomalpoort. A Swiss farmer reports that his farm buildings have been burned, his stock has been driven off and his wife and servants are missing. Although the Portuguese authorities are preparing to police a rigorous resistance, only 144 men under Captain Almeida are pursuing the Boers.

Dispatch Censor-Stopped.

LONDON, Aug. 2.—A dispatch from Standerton, Transvaal, dated July 25, which has been stopped by the censor, has just been received here. It reads:

"Walter Kitchener met Louis Botha and his secretary, Dewet, by appointment near Plat Rand a few days ago. They brought Kruger's reply to Botha's surrender proposal. It was: 'Botha, Dewet, De la Rey—Continue fighting. Allowations will be sent when needed. Enough for the present.'"

SYNDICATE GETS TRUST.

New England Concern Will Be Operated as an Ally of New York.

NEW YORK, Aug. 2.—Interests identified with the Morton Trust Company, of this city, have completed arrangements in Providence, R. I., by which the Industrial Trust Company, of that city, the second largest trust institution in New England, has passed into the hands of a financial syndicate that will operate it as an ally of the Morton Trust Company, says the Herald.

A controlling interest in the stock of the Industrial Trust Company has been bought and delivered to the syndicate. The new factors were given a representation in the board of directors. There are three of Wall street's most important combinations represented in the new board, and it is understood that a policy of further absorption of trust companies in New England will be aggressively pursued.

At the meeting there were elected Levi P. Morton, Thomas F. Ryan and G. F. Baker, representing the Morton Trust Company; James Stillman, representing the National City Bank, and Richard A. Curdy, representing the Mutual Life Insurance Company.

Move to Keep Boers Out of Court.

JEFERSON CITY, Mo., Aug. 2.—In the proceedings of the Attorney-General in support of the order for the confiscation of the tobacco company for violation of the state anti-trust law, a motion has been made before Special Commissioner Judge Baker to grant an order for the production of the books of the company, and to require President J. B. Duke and Secretary W. H. McAllister to testify. A motion was filed by the attorneys for the defendant, who allege that the law under which the order was made is unconstitutional. A decision is expected in a few days.

Attendance at the Buffalo Fair.

BUFFALO, Aug. 2.—The board of admission announces that the attendance at the exposition, during the first three months ending at midnight, July 31, was 2,748,000. With the exception of one week, the admissions have shown a steady increase.

WON MORE LAURELS

Creceus, the Champion Trotter, Covered Mile in 2:02 1/2.

NEW HALF RECORD ALSO MADE

Stiff Wind Which Blew Directly Up the Stretch Kept the Trotter From Stepping Faster Than 2:02—Creceus Not Fatigued.

COLUMBUS, O., Aug. 2.—Creceus, champion of the trotting turf, added more laurels to his name today by trotting a mile in 2:02 1/2, reducing by half a second his week-old record of 2:03 1/2, made at

EDWIN L. GODKIN IS DYING.

NEW YORK, Aug. 2.—The Journal and Advertiser says: A report was brought over on the Deutschland that Edwin L. Godkin, ex-editor of the Evening Post, and famous for his philippic against local political organizations, is dying of Bright's disease in a little London suburb. Mr. Godkin has done little active editorial work for nearly three years, when he left New York and went to live in England. His health failed him some months ago, and he went abroad for recuperation.

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Cleveland last Friday.

The first half was trotted in 0:29 1/2, the first time that distance has been covered in less than one minute by a trotter. The time by quarters was 0:29 1/2, 0:58 1/2, 1:28 1/2, 2:02 1/2. A stiff wind blowing directly up the stretch kept him from stepping faster than 2:02.

About 12,000 people went to the Driving Park to see the trial. It was a brilliant assemblage, and intense enthusiasm for the race was manifested. The weather at noon was unpromising. The sky was lowering and overcast, and a few drops of rain fell, though not enough to hurt the track, which was in excellent condition, or to keep the crowd away, but a very strong wind was blowing from the south. About 2 o'clock the heavens cleared and the sun came out warm and bright, but the wind did not decrease in force. In the overnight pooling a great deal of money went into the box at odds of 25 to 1 on time against the trotter. At the track, owing to the fierce wind, odds against the horse increased to 25 to 1, but the backers of Creceus were game and took the short end as long as pools were sold.

At 5:40 o'clock the stallion was brought out for the trial. Tim Murphy, his trainer, was ready to accompany him and he pulled up at the first turn to try it again. Down to the wire he rushed, the runner two lengths behind, and this time it was a go. Gaily leading the breeze, the champion started on the journey, moving with apparent ease and at his greatest speed. The runner caught him at the quarter, and a sigh went up from the breast of the crowd as the time went up a quarter of a second less than 30 seconds. Now the wind was at his back, and realizing the advantage, the Ketchum kept him at a great clip. A half-mile was reached in 0:54 1/2, a record never before attained, and here the second runner caught him. Into the far turn and around him the great stallion thundered, his mighty muscles and machine-like stride carrying him as if on wings. The three-quarter pole was reached and passed in the wonderful time of 1:29 1/2. Then came the trial, for as Creceus turned into the stretch the wind beat him in the face and held him back by force. For a fraction of a second he seemed to falter, but his driver's voice was in his ears, and on he came. With great courage he plunged in toward the finish with weakened stride, but in spite of the buffeting breeze he struck the wire a winner against time. But for the wind against which Creceus struggled it is believed this time would have been a second faster. It was the most wonderful mile ever trotted on any track.

Enthusiasm broke loose as soon as the horse had passed the wire. The crowd rushed onto the track to greet the champion, and a huge wreath of flowers was hung round his neck. Mr. Ketchum, owner and driver, was carried to the judges' stand and called on for a speech. In a few words he expressed his appreciation of the interest taken in the attempt, his trust in Ohio horses and his confidence in his own great trotter. Creceus was not unduly fatigued by his effort, and an hour later seemed ready for another mile.

Millions Adams Married.

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PEACE OR WAR TODAY

Definite Turn in the Steel Strike Is Expected.

LAND-DRAWING ENDS.

Closing Scenes in Oklahoma Were Without Demonstration.

EL RENO, O. T., Aug. 2.—After the last of the 13,000 names were drawn from the wheels last night, the great boxes containing the 150,000 names of unlucky applicants were taken to the schoolhouse. There the work of drawing was continued, but no record, other than numbering the envelopes and notifying the owner of the name thereon is being made. The closing scene was tame and unmarked by any demonstration.

TOWN SPRINGS UP IN A NIGHT.

Ten Thousand People at Lawton, in Oklahoma Territory.

FORT SILL, O. T., Aug. 2.—A town of 10,000 people to be known as Lawton has

CONCESSION OF COMBINATION

Shaffer Goes to New York to Make Known Just What Points the Strikers Will Bring Up if Another Conference Is Called.

PITTSBURGH, Aug. 2.—Judging by indications that are practical facts, peace or war in the steel troubles will be announced from New York City tomorrow. When the Amalgamated Association executive board adjourned this evening, President Shaffer announced that another meeting would be held tomorrow. There will probably be a meeting here tomorrow of a portion of the board, but the National officers will be in New York. They left for that city tonight at 10 o'clock. The circumstances leading up to this unexpected trip, while not officially made known, are evident enough to substantiate the story which follows:

During the day, many telegrams were received at the Association conference-rooms, the last coming just before adjournment, and were answered promptly. This answer was, in all probability, the answer to the New York people that the trip would be made by the officials tonight, carrying out an arrangement entered into at Very Preston's rooms in the Hotel Henry, a short time before. At about 4:15 P. M. Messrs. Shaffer, Williams and Chappelle went to Mr. Preston's rooms, and were closeted with him for about 30 minutes. The understanding is that at this meeting Mr. Preston made known the combination's only concession in the matter of reopening the wage conference when it left off three weeks ago. This concession was in the shape of a demand that if a new conference is granted it must be specifically stated beforehand what is expected to be accomplished, what ground is to be covered, and what companies are to participate. This brings the matter up to the Amalgamated Association, and the mission of its high officials to New York is, doubtless, to convince the steel people there that a new conference is essential to peace and an amicable settlement of the strike troubles. The conference today was a repetition of yesterday, the strictest kind of secrecy being maintained as to the happenings inside the room.

The executive board went into session at 10 o'clock. James Nutt, secretary of the labor bureau of the Republic Iron & Steel Company, and Joseph Bishop, secretary of the Ohio Board of Arbitration, were present.

The strikers at Clark's mills, in this city, are much discouraged at the turn affairs have taken with regard to the settlement of the strike. Several of the most enthusiastic strikers have intimated their intention of returning to the plant, at the earliest moment, on the most favorable terms they can get.

The strikers at Painter's mill and the Lindsey and McCutcheon plants are still enthusiastic, and say they will stay out until the leaders notify them to return to work.

Fifteen strikers structural ironworkers attacked a number of nonunion men unloading iron at Wilkesburg, Pa., this morning, and Charles Force, one of the workmen, was seriously injured. The workmen, reinforced by a number of policemen, and about 100 citizens, attacked

(Concluded on Third Page.)

SUMMARY OF IMPORTANT NEWS.

Anglo-Boer War.

Kitchener is instructed to execute all Boers who shoot natives in British employ. Page 1. London papers regard this order of Chamberlain as a step toward a settlement. Page 1. Kruger denies the reports of Boer atrocities. Page 1.

Foreign.

Venezuelan-Colombian war would affect several other nations. Page 2. Draft of the Chinese protocol has been submitted to the Ministers of the powers. Page 2.

Domestic.

Peace or war in the steel strike may be announced today. Page 1. Roosevelt spoke at Colorado's quarto-centennial celebration. Page 2. Corn King Phillips will resume business next week. Page 3. Tennessee mob took a man from the Court-house and lynched him. Page 3. Edwin L. Godkin, ex-editor of the New York Post, and a famous political writer, is dying. Page 1.

Sport.

Creceus, the world's champion trotter, made a mile in 2:02 1/2, reducing his own record. Page 3. Cadillac will defend the Canada's cup against the Canadian challenger invader. Page 3. Two more teams may be added to the North-west Baseball League next season. Page 3.

Pacific Coast.

Fort Hall Indian Reservation, in Idaho, will probably be opened for settlement by October. Page 4. Numerous conferences were held yesterday in effort to settle the San Francisco strike. Page 4. Washington shingle manufacturers are in favor of shutting down until market improves. Page 4.

Commercial and Marine.

Weekly trade reviews show a more hopeful tone. Page 8. New York market still in a state of stagnation. Page 11. Corn is still active, but wheat is easier. Page 11. French vessels carrying cargo around the Horn for \$2 per ton. Page 10. First April ship from Portland reaches Queenstown. Page 10. Custom-house business for the month of July. Page 10. Twenty-five per cent. reinsurance paid on the British ship Brablow. Page 10.

Portland and Vicinity.

Henry E. Doeh writes from Buffalo that expositions pay. Page 8. Council street committee recommends that popular trees be grubbed. Page 7. Sawmill men of Eastern Montana talking of forming a combine. Page 8. National topics discussed at G. A. R. reunion. Page 10. Andrew Allen has plans for an improved drydock. Page 8. Federated Trades Assembly suggests provisions in the interest of labor for the city charter. Page 8. O. R. & N. Co. has put nearly \$4,000,000 into physical betterments. Page 8.

Wheat in Northwest Territory.

WINNIPEG, Man., Aug. 2.—Hugh Keller, Minister of Agriculture, estimates the yield of wheat in Manitoba and the Northwest Territory for this year at 55,000,000 to 60,000,000 bushels.

Timber Cases Dismissed.

HELENA, Mont., Aug. 2.—Although characterizing the request as reprehensible, Judge Hiram Knowles today granted a motion to dismiss the indictments against Chauncey Griswold and Albert Jemison, charged with subordination of perjury in connection with timber entries in the Missoula Land Office. When court opened this morning, District Attorney W. B. Rodgers presented the matter to Judge Knowles, entering a nolle prosequi.

"I do not understand that the Attorney-General of the United States has the right to make a motion of this kind in this court," replied the Judge, "and must assume that you make such motion as the United States Attorney for the District of Montana ever trotted on any track."

"I make the motion to dismiss these prosecutions against Griswold and Jemison as United States Attorney for the District of Montana," said Judge Knowles, "and the nolle entered. I cannot help saying, however, that it is reprehensible, very much so."

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