PICKED UP AT THE LAST

PORTLAND NINE DEFEATED SEATTLE BY 6 TO 2.

Score Stood 2 to 0 in Favor of Losing Side at End of Sixth Inning.

SEATTLE, July 28.—The last game of the Portland series was taken today by the visitors. The score was 2 to 0 at the end of the sixth inning in favor of Seattle, but Stovall in the seventh and eighth was touched up for five hits, netting Portland five runs. A storm of protest from the grandstand was raised in the seventh inning, when Brown was called safe at third when Zeigler had touched him several feet off the base. The decision was nevertheless perfectly correct, as it was a case of blocked ball, the ball having gone into the crowd in left field. Several of McDonald's other decisions were also unpopular. Attendance 3500. Score:

SEATTLE.

	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Hurley, 1b	2	0	12	3	0
Peeples, 2b	0	0	1	2	0
Klopf, ss.	0	1	1	2	0
Frary, c.	0	0	6	2	0
Bodle, l. f.	0	3	6	2	0
Zeigler, 3b	0	0	2	3	1
St. Johns, c. f.	0	0	1	0	0
Harmon, r. f.	0	0	0	0	0
Stovall, p.	0	2	2	4	0
Totals	2	6	27	17	1

PORTLAND.

	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Muller, l. f.	1	1	2	0	0
Deisel, ss.	1	1	2	3	0
Anderson, 2b	0	2	2	3	1
Tinker, 3b	1	1	1	0	0
Weed, r. f.	1	1	1	0	0
Brown, c. f.	1	1	1	0	1
Mahaffey, 1b	0	0	9	0	0
Vigneux, c.	0	1	7	1	0
Engel, p.	0	1	2	2	0
Totals	5	9	27	9	2

SCORE BY INNINGS.

Seattle	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0—2
Portland	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	2	0—5

SUMMARY.

Struck out—By Stovall 5, by Engel 5.
Bases on balls—Stovall 1, Engel 1.
Double plays—Deisel to Mahaffey; Anderson to Mahaffey; Deisel to Mahaffey.
Two-base hits—Muller, Deisel, Brown, Bodle.
Sacrifice hits—Peeples 3, Zeigler, Engel.
Stolen bases—Tinker, Weed, Klopf.
Left on bases—Seattle 3, Portland 4.
Time of game, 1 hour 25 minutes.
Umpire—McDonald.

TACOMA EASY FOR SPOKANE.

The Dudes Were Defeated by Eleven to Four.

SPOKANE, July 28.—Rickey Adams pitched masterly ball today, while Willner, for whom he was recently traded, was easy picking for the home team. The feature was the hitting of the two Marshalls and Kelly. The former smashed out two home runs and a triple, while Kelly drew two bases on balls and a pair of singles. Attendance, 2500. Score:

SPOKANE.

	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Kelly, r. f.	2	2	1	0	0
Lougheed, 1b	2	1	8	3	0
T. Marshall, ss.	3	3	2	1	0
Risley, 2b	1	0	2	4	1
Huriburt, c. f.	1	3	3	1	0
McQuaid, l. f.	0	1	1	0	0
Ed Marshall, 3b	1	4	1	1	0
Swindells, c.	2	2	9	1	1
Adams, p.	1	1	0	2	1
Totals	11	17	*26	13	3

*McQuaid out, hit by batted ball.

TACOMA.

	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
McIntyre, ss.	1	3	3	1	0
Murdock, c. f.	1	1	1	0	1
Flannery, 3b	0	1	0	0	1
Lynch, r. f. & 1b	0	0	5	0	0
McCloskey, 1b	0	0	2	0	0
Stulz, 2b	0	0	2	2	1
Menefee, c.	1	0	8	1	0
Theiman, l. f.	1	2	1	0	0
Willner, p.	0	1	0	6	0
Carter, l. f.	0	0	2	0	0
Totals	4	8	*26	10	2

*Lougheed out, hit by batted ball.

SCORE BY INNINGS.

Spokane	4	0	1	2	4	0	0	0	0—11
Tacoma	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	0—4

SUMMARY.

Runs earned—Spokane 4, Tacoma 2.
Two-base hits—Huriburt to J. Marshall to Swindells; Stulz to Lynch.
Bases on balls—Willner 6, Adams 4.
Struck out—By Adams 8, by Willner 8.
Time of game, 2 hours.
Umpire—O'Connell.

Northwest League Standing.

	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
Portland	31	16	.660
Tacoma	28	20	.583
Spokane	23	20	.535
Seattle	23	32	.418

HILLSBORO-CORNELIUS WON.

Defeated a Nine From Portland by Five to Two.

HILLSBORO, Or., July 28.—Five hundred people witnessed the best game of ball ever played in Washington County, at Hillsboro, this afternoon. The Hillsboro-Cornelius nine went up against a Portland team, in which were several of the best amateur players of that city. The score was 5 to 2, in favor of Hillsboro. both batteries did excellent work. Portland scored twice in the fourth inning, and then failed to bring in another run. Hillsboro failed to score until the sixth inning, when four runs were made, which, with one in the eighth, gave the home team five tallies. Downs, the crack second baseman, and Harkins, with the Second Multnomahs, played with the visiting team. The line-up was as follows:

Portlands.		Hillsboro-Cornelius.
Slavin	C	Suess
Harkins	P	Downs
Gardner	SS	Hare
Downs	1B	Purvin
Saltzman	2B	Briggs
Logue	3B	Cook
Reed	R. F.	McKee
Doscher	C. F.	Hatch
Keilar	L. F.	Hunter

The score by innings:

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Portland	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	—2
Hills'-Cornelius	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	1	*	—5

Umpire—Roy Cook, Cornelius. Time of game, 1 hour 40 minutes.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Milwaukee Wins Two Interesting Games From Washington.

MILWAUKEE, July 28.—Milwaukee and Washington played two games today, the home team winning both by the great work of Garvin and Hawley in the box. Garvin was very effective, shutting the visitors out in the first game with only five hits. Gear, in the same game, allowed Milwaukee but one run. Hawley outpitched Lee in the second game and with good support won out handily. Attendance, 5600. Score:

First game—

	R.	H.	E.		R.	H.	E.
Milwaukee	1	8	1	Washington	0	5	1

Batteries—Garvin and Donohue; Gear and Clarke.

Second game—

	R.	H.	E.		R.	H.	E.
Milwaukee	9	10	3	Washington	4	7	1

Batteries—Hawley and Maloney; Lee and Clarke.

Detroit Beat Baltimore.

DETROIT, July 28.—Baltimore started out today to annihilate Siever, the first three men up making singles and the next a double, but from that time on to the eighth they failed to bunch their hits. In the eighth the visitors put two singles and a double together and Siever forced in a run, but that ended their hitting and wound up an exciting game. Attendance, 5000. Score:

	R.	H.	E.		R.	H.	E.
Detroit	6	12	1	Baltimore	4	10	1

Batteries—Howell and Bresnahan; Siever and Buelow.

Game Postponed.

CHICAGO, July 28.—Chicago-Boston game postponed on account of rain.

American League Standing.

	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
Chicago	53	28	.654
Boston	46	30	.605
Detroit	45	35	.563
Baltimore	41	32	.562
Washington	32	39	.451
Philadelphia	32	42	.432
Cleveland	30	48	.385
Milwaukee	29	54	.349

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

St. Louis Wins From Pittsburg, With a Score of 5 to 3.

ST. LOUIS, July 28.—St. Louis found Philippi easy, while Harper was an enigma to the leaders. The largest crowd that ever entered League Park was in attendance, numbering 21,372. Score:

	R.	H.	E.		R.	H.	E.
St. Louis	5	12	2	Pittsburg	3	3	4

Batteries—Harper and Schriver; Philippi and O'Connor. Umpires—O'Day and Brown.

Game Postponed.

CHICAGO, July 28.—Chicago-Cincinnati game postponed on account of rain.

National League Standing.

	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
Pittsburg	48	32	.600
Philadelphia	45	32	.577
St. Louis	47	38	.566
Brooklyn	42	38	.525
Boston	35	40	.474
Cincinnati	32	46	.410
New York	33	48	.407
Chicago	22	54	.372

Upchurch Team Wins.

Upchurch Lodge, A. O. U. W., baseball team defeated the Fidelity nine yesterday afternoon by a score of 9 to 8. Fans like Ed Rankin, who umpired, agree it was one of the best amateur games of the season. Interest in the game was intense, and 500 spectators were present. The man that tallied the score narrowly escaped mobbing for marking up four runs instead of three for Upchurch in the fourth inning. The feature of the game was the pitching of McInnis, of Upchurch, who held his opponents down to a goose-egg score after the third inning and struck out 10 men in the game. By fielding errors his team allowed the Fidelity nine to send five men across the plate in the first inning, and it looked like a walk. But his men steadied down, gave him good support, and the game was pulled out in the ninth. Up to that time the score was 8 to 6. With two men out, McInnis walked, and the fireworks then started on the Fidelity side, and three Upchurch men scored.

Zan's catching and Ainslie's work at second base for Upchurch contributed to the victory. For Fidelity, Aitstock's catching, Senner's pitching and the creditable work of Newall at shortstop, who played an errorless game, were worthy of note.

Both teams have now won a game, and the final match will be played within a few weeks. Next Sunday a picked nine from the Upchurch and Fidelity teams will play the Woodmen of the World on the Portland baseball grounds.

Following is the score by innings:

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Upchurch	0	2	1	3	0	0	0	0	3	—9
Fidelity	5	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	—8

Golden Wests Won.

The Golden West (Closset & Devers) baseball nine defeated the Gresham team in the return game played yesterday morning in Albina. The score was 22 to 8. The Greshams were handicapped in the first few innings by the fact that they had to play without their regular pitcher. When he arrived, the lead of the Golden Wests was too great to overcome. McInnis' pitching was the feature. The 17-year-old lad pitched a great game in the morning, and repeated the performance in the afternoon, when he was in the box for the Upchurch Lodge nine. The batteries were: Golden Wests, Hume and McInnis, pitchers, and Bredemeier, catcher; Greshams, J. Steele, Shattuck, W. Steele, pitchers, and Moll, catcher. This victory is the seventh out of eight the nine has played.

Baker City Defeated Walla Walla.

BAKER CITY, July 28.—Baker City defeated Walla Walla today in a spirited game. Attendance, 600. Score:

	R.	H.	E.		R.	H.	E.
Baker City	6	10	3	Walla Walla	3	7	2

Red Men Defeated Foresters.

OREGON CITY, Or., July 28.—The Foresters and Red Men played baseball on Willamette Field this afternoon, the latter winning by a score of 21 to 12. There was a good attendance.

Monroe Beat Elkes' Record.

NEW YORK, July 28.—About 4000 spectators witnessed some exciting sport at the Vailsburg track today, but none of the professional stars were present. The five-mile motor-paced race between John King and Ben Monroe, of Mobile, Ala., was the feature. Monroe won both heats easily, and in the second announced that he would try for the record made by Elkes at Manhattan Beach Saturday. Monroe rode steadily throughout, and finished strong, making the distance in 7:27. The old figures were 7:47 4-5. The 25-mile unpaced amateur race was won by Edward Forrest, of Brooklyn, in 1:00:39, a new world's amateur record.

Shamrock and Erin Reported.

LONDON, July 28.—A dispatch from Tuscar Rock, on the southeast coast of Ireland, in St. George's Channel, says the Shamrock II and the Erin, which left Gourock yesterday for New York, passed at 8 o'clock this morning, westward bound.

Elkes and Michael Matched.

NEW YORK, July 28.—Harry Elkes and Jimmy Michael have been matched to ride a 15-mile motor-paced race on the Asbury Park track August 8 as the principal attraction at the National track meeting, which is to be held there on that day.

A Watch-Face Joke.

New York Times.

Hardly one man in a hundred can correctly mark on a piece of paper the numerals on the face of his watch, even if he has carried the latter for years. Betting small wagers on the proposition is a very pleasing hot-weather amusement to a number of patrons of the Hoffman House, who are aided in their amusement by the fact that the numerals on the two faces of the swinging clock in the rotunda are not alike. About every man stumbles on the four-hour mark. On most dials it is represented by IIII, but nearly everybody marks it IV. Then many insist on making VI for the sixth hour, when the watch face invariably shows a second hand and no mark for the sixth hour.

Colonel Joseph Cunningham and William Sautter were requested to mark a paper, but before doing so Colonel Cunningham was marched to the desk on an excuse that he was wanted, while Mr. Sautter remained near the door. Both glanced at the clock from their respective viewpoints. The Colonel marked IV for four, while Mr. Sautter put down IIII. Still each made mistakes. Colonel Cunningham asserted that he had correctly marked the four, while Mr. Sautter was equally confident that he was right, and the clock dial in view sustained Mr. Sautter. Those understanding the joke enjoyed it, and after many bets had been made the matter was explained.

"Old John" Reynolds, a Healdeburg "soak," took a dose of strychnine by mistake for medicine. His life was saved, but his appetite for whisky has vanished.

DEFENDERS TO COMPETE

CONSTITUTION AND COLUMBIA WILL SAIL FOR CUPS.

Entered in Last Racing Event of This Year's Cruise of New York Yacht Club.

NEWPORT, R. I., July 28.—The last racing event of this year's cruise of the New York Yacht Club will be sailed tomorrow, when the flyers of the fleet will compete in the annual contest for the Astor cup. This race has long been one of the principal features of the cruise, having been founded by the late Ogden Goelet, over 20 years ago, and continued after his death by Colonel John Jacob Astor, Mr. Goelet having offered two valuable cups for schooners and sloops, and Colonel Astor supplementing them each year. Every cup defender since the days of the Puritan, in 1885, has competed in the sloop class, and all have won with the exception of the Defender, in 1899, which was disabled within four miles of the finish when miles ahead. Up to the present year a $1000 cup has always been given in the schooner class, and a $500 cup for sloops. But tomorrow the value of these prizes will be reversed, the larger of the cups going to the sloops, cutters and yawls, while smaller cups are offered to schooners. The reason for this change is that in the past few years the schooner fleet has been constantly diminishing, the interest almost entirely being with the sloops.

For tomorrow's races, 15 sloops and yawls have been entered, while only three schooners will probably start in that class. As the sloop and yawl class includes, besides the Constitution and Columbia, three yawls and five cutters, the owners of these two latter rigged classes of vessels have arranged private prizes among themselves, believing they have little show with the two cup defenders.

ILLINOIS' PROTEST ALLOWED.

Another Trial Race for Defender for Canada's Cup Ordered.

CHICAGO, July 28.—The cup committee in charge of the trial races for the selection of a defender for the Canada's cup today allowed the protest entered by the Illinois against the Cadillac. In consequence, yesterday's race, in which Cadillac crossed the line a few seconds ahead of the Illinois, has been given to the latter yacht. This puts Illinois, Cadillac and Milwaukee on the same footing, each having two victories to her credit. The seventh and deciding race of the series will be sailed tomorrow, these three boats only taking part.

MATCH FOR GUS RUHLIN.

He Will Go Against Joe Acton on the Mat Next Month.

Gus Ruhlin, the big boxer, who aspires for championship honors in the prize ring, Billy Madden, his manager, and his sparring partner, Denver Ed Martin, will open training quarters today at Second and Glisan streets. Ruhlin, when he is not after big game, is fond of a bout or two on the mat, so that Billy Madden, in casting about for something in the local field to keep the big fellow happy and contented, as well as in good condition, made arrangements for a wrestling bout with the retired "Little Demon," Joe Acton. This match will take place at the Multnomah Club on August 9. Joe Acton, once the champion wrestler of the world, is still strong and vigorous, and his work instructing the youngsters at the Multnomah Club has kept his hand at the game in which he was once the foremost exponent. The wrestling will be Graeco-Roman.

Gus Ruhlin is pleased at having some match in prospect. He said yesterday: "I have, of course, been looking forward to my match with Jeffries, but I have been unable to do anything to hurry it on. Jeffries is the champion, and you can't force the champion. He takes his own time, and, of course, I can say nothing.

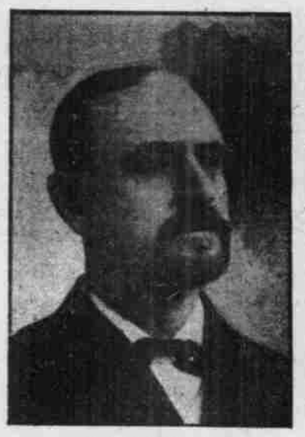
"As to my match with Acton, I intend to begin my training right away. I am in fair condition already, but I need to do some mat work. I have been unable up to date to find any one that I can wrestle with. When I trained for my match with Fitzsimmons, I wrestled every day with Roeber, and got into very good shape. This match of mine with Acton will be a whole lot like a boxing contest in which Acton was pitted against me. When Fitzsimmons and I wrestled we were both boxers and unused to the other sport. Fitz beat men in six rounds in the ring, while I took two falls out of him on the mat, the first in 14 minutes and the second in 12. Fitz had, however, wrestled a great deal more than I had, having been fond of mat work in training for his fights. Acton should be able to give me pointers on wrestling, but I have the weight, and can keep him working. The contest is for the best two out of three falls.

"After my match with Acton we go to Seattle, where Denver Ed Martin meets Gus Russel, of Seattle. Russel is a big fellow, over six feet tall, and well proportioned, weighing about 210 pounds. Martin is a clever fellow and the go should be a good one, with the chances somewhat, I think, in favor of the dusky boy. Russel is a strong favorite in Seattle, and has had considerable experience, having done a good deal of fighting in San Francisco and in Denver. This fight will come off on August 12. After that I shall go to San Francisco, where my match with Jeffries will probably take place. I am sorry that our match that was arranged for in Cincinnati did not come off. There would have been big money in the fight, at least $100,000. San Francisco is a good town, however, and the contest will draw from all over the country."

Whistplayers Gathering.

MILWAUKEE, July 28.—Whistplayers from all parts of the country are gathering to attend the 11th annual congress, which opens tomorrow. Among the prominent arrivals are Vice-President P. J. Tormey, of San Francisco. The programme includes 18 contests. The first begins Tuesday afternoon, and will be for the Hamilton Club trophy, representing the team of four championships for 1901-1902, the succeeding rounds being played each evening and in the afternoon during the week on the lose-and-drop-out blank, the finals being confined to not more than eight teams.

TWO POPULAR PORTLAND CRICKETERS.



S. L. N. Gilman.

A. C. Rae.

Much of the success of the Portland Cricket Club is due to the untiring efforts of two of its officers—President S. L. N. Gilman and Secretary and Treasurer A. C. Rae. Mr. Gilman is a veteran cricketer, and he is quite an enthusiast and authority on the popular British game. Last Saturday he was umpire for the Portlands at the Portland-Tacoma cricket game, and discharged his duties with fairness and satisfaction to all concerned. Mr. Rae has played cricket both in this country and in Scotland, and next to Captain Lawrence he has been the principal worker in the organization of the newly formed cricket club. Mr. Gilman and Mr. Rae have made many friends by their excellent social qualities.

CABLE NEWS SUPPRESSED.

War Office and London Paper Clash Over South African News.

LONDON, July 29.—The Daily Mail makes the following statement today: "In consequence of the Daily Mail's publication of the fact that the Boers killed British wounded at Vlakfontein, all cables from the correspondent who made the charges have since been suppressed." It also asserts that Mr. Brodrick, the War Secretary, is using the Daily Mail's publication of Lord Kitchener's new plan of campaign as an occasion for "the insinuation that we obtained the news of Lord Kitchener's scheme by purloining documents at the War Office," and has cut off the Daily Mail's list of casualties, having also informed the Daily Mail in writing that he had warned the news agencies under contract with the Daily Mail not to supply the paper with casualty lists or other official news.

Will Receive Gift From Emperor.

VIENNA, July 28.—Emperor Francis Joseph has forwarded a generous gift to Senora Concha Mendez, the Mexican songstress, on the occasion of her 80th birthday. After Emperor Maximilian had been shot and Empress Carlotta had gone insane, the audience at a Mexican theater called upon Mendez to sing a song vilifying them, but she cried out: "No, I shall not vilify the dead and the unhappy," and a hush fell upon the house. Emperor Francis Joseph recalls the incident.

Russia's New Demands on Sultan.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 28.—The Sultan yesterday agreed to comply with the demand made a short time ago by the Russian Government for the release of the Servians recently arrested in Albania, together with the restoration of the arms taken, and for the recall of Djemal Bey, the instigator of the arrests. Notwithstanding this prompt compliance, the arrests were continued, and today Russia repeated her demand in forcible terms.

France Pressing Settlement.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 28.—France is pressing for a settlement in connection with the French-owned docks, the contract calling for their purchase by Turkey. All the legations are making representations against interference by the Porte with the decisions of the sanitary council. The palace officials receive these protests with the utmost serenity, replying that the Sultan is the sovereign of Turkey.

Chinese Throne Gives Instructions.

PEKIN, July 28.—Li Hung Chang, Prince Ching and Kun Yang, resident members of the regency board, have received from the throne a long communication laying down general injunctions as to reform, honesty of administration and the desirability of imitating all meritorious features of the institutions of Japan and Western nations.

Anti-Clerical Demonstrations.

MADRID, July 28.—Anti-clerical meetings held today, in connection with the promulgation of the law of 1837 suppressing convents and monasteries, resulted in disorders in Madrid, Saragossa and Barcelona. The police charged the crowds, who shouted "Long live the republic," and "Death to the Jesuits." Numerous arrests were made.

The So-Called "Allied Villagers."

LONDON, July 29.—The so-called "allied villagers," according to native reports, include 25,000 well-armed troops in Southwestern Chi Li, says the Pekin correspondent of the Standard. Most of them are old Boxers or disbanded soldiers. They have captured all the imperial supplies sent overland from Pekin.

Fell Over a Rock 300 Feet High.

LONDON, July 29.—According to a dispatch from Berne to the Daily Mail, Arthur Copel Davis, a London shipowner, while climbing, last Friday, to the Doldenhorn clubhouse, fell over a rock 300 feet high and was killed.

Midway Shows Closed by Police.

BUFFALO, July 28.—The attempt of the midway shows to open for business today was a failure. The first show to announce that it was ready for business was the Indian Congress. In front of the concession were two of the directors of the concern and their attorney. Captain Dagman, of the exposition police force, notified them to close, which they did under protest. Later another attempt was made to open the show. Spikes were driven into the pavement by the police department. From the spikes a rope was stretched in the form of a square, which completely blocked the entrance to the Indian Congress. Several other shows opened their doors for a few minutes, but were closed by the police.

Puebla Had a Rough Passage.

VICTORIA, B. C., July 28.—The steamer City of Puebla, which arrived today, had a rough passage from San Francisco, a northwest gale having caused the carrying away of 30 feet of rail and the steps to the bridge. The seas washed over her funnel.

$75,000 Grocery Store Burned.

KEENE, N. H., July 28.—A fire today destroyed the building of the Holbrook Grocery Company. Loss, $75,000.

MORE RAIN IN CORN BELT

WEATHER BUREAU THINKS THE DROUTH IS BROKEN.

Lower Temperatures Reported From Almost Every Point—Continuation of Showers Is Predicted.

WASHINGTON, July 28.—Today's weather advices from the corn belt were the most encouraging that have come to hand for the past 40 days, showing, in the opinion of the forecasters, that the great drouth has been broken by a general visitation of showers in many portions of that section, and with a prospect of their continuation tomorrow. Coincident with the fall of rain has come reduced temperature. With few exceptions, the temperatures reported are not abnormally high, no maximum of 100 degrees being reached. West of the Mississippi River, they were generally in the neighborhood of 90. The forecasters, while not making any specific predictions as to the effect of the rain on the crops, express the opinion that all those crops that have not been irreparably ruined will be benefited by the breaking of the drouth. The late crops, naturally, will be helped the most.

The reports show that during the past 24 hours showers were quite general in the corn belt, and were heavy over much of the State of Iowa and over parts of the corn belt not before visited by rain, including Western Nebraska, Southern Missouri and Oklahoma. Monday there will be showers throughout the corn belt region, except in the extreme western portion and Southern Indiana and Southern Ohio, and they will continue general on Tuesday in the Ohio and Middle Mississippi Valleys. There also have been showers and thunder storms in the Northern tier of states from New England to the Dakotas, in Northern New Mexico, Northern Arizona and Southern Utah and on the West gulf.

MORE RAIN IN KANSAS.

Farmers Will Today Begin Replanting Their Vegetables.

TOPEKA, Kan., July 28.—Copious rains have again fallen throughout Kansas today. All along the line of the Santa Fe, far out to the Western part of the state, there were generous supplies of moisture. In Topeka, nearly two inches of rain fell today, commencing early this morning and continuing until afternoon. This makes about four inches in the past three days. Tomorrow the farmers of the state will begin replanting their vegetables, and will plant immense quantities of turnips, kaffir corn and sorghum for forage. The ground is in excellent condition for these products now, and plenty of rough feed for the coming Winter is assured.

NORTHERN KANSAS REDEEMED.

Drouth Broken in Many Districts by a Steady, Drizzling Rain.

ATCHISON, Kas., July 28.—The drouth in Northern Kansas, which has lasted without interruption since April 15, was broken last night and this morning. The Missouri Pacific has received reports from all stations, which extend 300 miles westward from the Missouri River and northward into Nebraska, and all except two or three report a downpour of from a fourth of an inch to two inches. The rain was a steady, drizzling one, and continued, in most places, for three or four hours. The parched earth absorbed the moisture as fast as it fell. While the recent rains have covered Central and Southeastern Kansas, they have not touched the Northern counties up to within the last 24 hours.

Rain and Stiff Breeze at Chicago.

CHICAGO, July 28.—For half an hour in Chicago today, the percentage of humidity was 93, with the thermometer registering 90 in the shade. Not a breath of air was stirring at the time, and the atmosphere was suffocating. At 1 o'clock a heavy downpour of rain and a stiff breeze from the lake brought relief, and in less than an hour the temperature had dropped 16 degrees.

Better for Corn Than Reported.

LINCOLN, Neb., July 28.—Reports from over the state show that rains that visited Nebraska last night and this morning have left the corn in many localities in better condition than was at first believed. In some localities, however, there will be no corn, while in many localities there will be about one-third of a crop.

Rain Means 80 Per Cent Corn Crop.

BEDFORD, Ia., July 28.—The drouth in this section is broken, about three inches of rain falling this morning, and it is still raining. This means an 80 per cent corn crop in this locality.

Drouth in Iowa Broken.

DUBUQUE, Ia., July 28.—The drouth has been broken by a rainfall of 1.86 inches, and reports from points in the west and north of Iowa show the storm was general.

Rainy Day in Kansas City.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., July 28.—Rain fell here almost continuously today, the downfall amounting to over an inch.

One Death at Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, July 28.—Nine deaths and several prostrations from heat were reported here today, with a maximum temperature of 101.

Fell Dead From the Heat.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., July 28.—Mrs. Antonia Van Oesten, an aged Holland woman, fell dead from the heat on the street today, while on her way from church. She was supposed to be in very poor circumstances, but a cloth pouch was found tied about her waist, under her skirts, containing $1045 in gold and bills.

St. Louis One of Hottest Places.

ST. LOUIS, July 28.—St. Louis was one of the warmest points in the United States today, a maximum temperature of 98 degrees being recorded. Three deaths, directly attributable to the heat, were reported.

THE RECIPROCITY FUNERAL

Strong Presentation of the Exporters' View of the Case.

Brooklyn Eagle.

How greatly the Republican party has disappointed the merchants and manufacturers of this country and how completely it has violated its pledges in regard to reciprocity is made plain by a study of the treaties that were negotiated but have not been ratified. Some cannot be revived, for the time limit has expired. Others are still pending and will come before the Senate in the next Congress. What reason is there to hope that wisdow will have been gained in one Summer and that Senators will at this late hour return to give comfort and consolation to reciprocity, which, with protection, in the platform of the party is declared to be "a true measure of Republican policy"? This turn has been forgotten. It has lost its mother and is left to freeze at the door.

John A. Kasson, of Iowa, was appointed by the President nearly four years ago to negotiate trade treaties with foreign powers under the terms of the Dingley law. Full of enthusiasm he settled himself to his task in the belief that he would have the support of his party in Congress. It is fair to say that he received cordial co-operation in the State Department and the machinery of the Government was freely employed to assist him in attaining the important objects for which he had been appointed by the President. The information and the various agencies of which the Government is possessed were freely placed at his disposal, but after about three years of industry and diligent effort, the Senate ratifying not a single treaty of all those he negotiated, he gave up the job as vain and returned to the ranks of private citizenship. The public knows that he worked zealously and honors him for his devotion to the principle. He tried and he failed, which would have been the fate of any other commissioner who should have undertaken the thankless task.

So long as Commissioner Kasson made agreements with foreign countries under section 3 of the Dingley law, which did not require the ratification of the Senate, he sailed on a smooth course. But the Republican Congress took good care that executive officers should have very little latitude along this line. The McKinley law, under which Mr. Blaine, with General Foster's help, effected so many reciprocal trade arrangements with South American countries, gave some discretion to the State Department. The treaties did not have to be ratified by the Senate. But the framers of the Dingley law saw to it that the basis for making a tariff dicker in the State Department should be confined this time to argols, brandies, twine, oil paintings and statuary. With so few privileges at hand Mr. Kasson could not secure much on this plan. With little to give, he could get little, although he succeeded in making executive arrangements which have been of more or less benefit to American trade with four European countries—France, Portugal, Italy and Germany.

Under section 4 of the Dingley law reciprocity treaties were to be negotiated by the President or by agents of his appointment on a larger scale, but these required Senatorial confirmation. Reductions on the Dingley law rates could be made up to a maximum limit of 20 per cent, and no less than 12 conventions were completed and signed with representatives of foreign powers by Commissioner Kasson. The Franco-American treaty came first, then six conventions with Great Britain for Barbadoes, British Guiana, Turks and Caicos Islands, Jamaica, Bermuda and Trinidad, and treaties with Argentina, Nicaragua, Denmark (for the Island of St. Croix) the Dominican Republic and Ecuador. Not one of these conventions was ratified by the Senate, nor did one come near ratification. On the contrary, they were openly or secretly antagonized, and while the time within which they may be approved has been extended in some instances, there is little enough reason to think that they will meet with any better treatment in the next Congress. The Republicans rise to heights of oratory and sentiment about reciprocity. Like the famous Irishman they are in favor of the law, but "again its enforcement."

The French treaty, which is still pending for an extension of time was secured by a later protocol, is one of the most liberal which this Government can ever hope to secure. We grant concessions to France ranging from 5 to 20 per cent on 126 classes of merchandise, while we obtain from France reductions on no less than 635 items, averaging 28 per cent, and in some instances running as high as 60 per cent. It is almost the whole French minimum tariff and yet with all the advantages on our own side the Senate refuses even to consider the convention respectfully because of objections noisily urged by a few manufacturers of cotton hosiery and imitation jewelry.

The treaties with the British colonies gave them markets in the United States for vegetables, fruits, sugar, molasses and rum in exchange for concessions to our machinery, canned goods, meats, cotton-seed oil, etc., a commercial exchange in which we should have nothing to lose and much to gain. The Argentine treaty, the most important after the French treaty, offered concessions on our side on sugar, hides and certain kinds of wool in return for freer markets for our canned goods, rope, twine, cereal foods, bacon lumber, furniture and cotton-seed oil. This treaty aroused even more hostility than the convention with France. The American wool-growers would have none of it and the fleece of the sheep carried it into the lumber room.

Now, what has come out of all wealth of promise on the part of the Republican party? Nothing but broken pledges to the large manufacturers of this country, who want larger markets for their goods. Mr. Kasson has done his duty. He will receive due recognition for his industry and zeal. The weight of responsibility rests upon the shoulders of powerful party leaders in the United States Senate. They have killed these treaties and have put upon their party the onus of having dealt a death blow to a policy which, for years, it has laid claim to as its own. It remains to be seen what the country will say to such open traduction of the people's commercial interests.

Liver Pills

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50 CTS. OF DRUGGISTS, OR R. P. HALL & CO., NASHUA, N. H.

AN EMPHATIC PROTEST.

Indiana Democrats Tired of Fatuous Bourbonism.

Indianapolis Sentinel, Silver Dem.

We think we can speak for the Indiana Democrats. We can assure Mr. Bryan that an overwhelming majority of them heartily indorse the Ohio platform. A majority almost, if not quite, as great was opposed to the adoption of the free-coinage resolution at Kansas City a year ago. This was not because the Indiana Democracy believed that the movement for the remonetization of silver had been wrong, but because they recognized the changed conditions which had, for the time at least, removed the occasion for it, and especially because they realized the presence of a fundamental issue compared with which any merely economic question, however interesting, dwindled into insignificance.

Mr. Bryan also says that "the money question is not out of politics." If Mr. Bryan means by this that the question of the "free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1 without the consent of any other nation" is not out of politics, the Sentinel must reluctantly but emphatically differ with him. The Sentinel was a bimetallist before Mr. Bryan was heard of. It has never been anything but a bimetallist. But the Sentinel never believed that the question was one of such transcendent importance as to justify the abandonment of all other issues in its favor by the Democratic party. It deprecated the extreme policies adopted at Chicago in 1896 and at Kansas City in 1900, but believing in the Democratic party and in Mr. Bryan's integrity, patriotism and ability, it made as vigorous a fight for the platform and the ticket in both of those unfortunate campaigns as any other newspaper in the United States. The Sentinel's loyalty and the value of its services to the Democratic party cannot, then, be impugned by anybody. And the Sentinel begs leave to say, with all the emphasis it can command, that the silver question is out of politics, if not for all time, at least for as long a time as existing conditions prevail, which may be for a generation or more to come. It is out of politics because the American people have three times passed upon the question and pronounced with constantly increasing emphasis against free coinage. It is out of politics because the business of the world has adjusted itself to the gold standard, and because the relief which free coinage was expected to afford has come from the increased supply of gold and from other causes. And finally it is out of politics because events have evolved another issue so vital and of such overshadowing importance as to dwarf it into insignificance, even though it had otherwise a raison d'etre.

The Sentinel is Mr. Bryan's friend and admirer. It has done him valiant service in the past. It has always believed in him and wants to believe in him still. But it warns him in all kindness that the rank and file of the Democratic party—the boys in the trenches—the men who go to the primaries—are tired of the fatuous bourbonism which would link the party to the corpse of an issue, which, however vital at one time, has been killed by the logic of events and buried under a thrice-repeated avalanche of popular disapproval.

Retires From Board of Trade.

CHICAGO, July 28.—C. B. Eggleston, for many years one of the prominent figures on the