TEAMSTERS QUIT WORK

DRAYING BUSINESS IN 'FRISCO IS AT A STANDSTILL.

Struggle Between the Draymen's Association and the Teamster's Brotherhood—Serious Effects.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 22.—The draying business of this city is almost at a standstill. The teamsters' strike went into effect at noon, and nearly 1000 teamsters are now idle. On the water front thousands of tons of freight are piled up on the docks, and incoming steamers are continuously adding to the congestion. The larger wholesale dealers, the fruit canneries, and the factories have been the most seriously affected so far. Most of the smaller commission-houses and other business establishments having their own teamsters, were able to get their freight moved this morning, but this fact has scarcely any perceptible effect on the situation.

One consequence of the strike, and not the least serious, is the abrupt fall in the prices of farm and orchard products. Potatoes and fruits suffered most in this respect, and the impossibility of moving large quantities of peaches, pears and plums made these commodities almost unsalable at the wharves this morning. Freight arriving by rail is in the same situation as that coming in by the water route.

The business of the local Custom-House is also interferred with. Tons of dutiable freight are at the docks, awaiting removal to the Appraiser's store and the bonded warehouses. Much of this freight is valuable. It was announced this afternoon that the Overland Freight Transfer Company had secured men to drive the trucks. Customs officers will be detailed to guard them while they are carrying bonded goods. Secretary Reuner, of the Draymen's Association, said:

"The draymen today have employed about 200 men. We are willing to employ union men, but we require every applicant for work to enter an agreement to give willing and absolute obedience to the orders of his employers, irrespective of his union. The men may have unions, but those unions are not to run our business for us, nor to dictate with whom we shall do business. That is the point, and on that line the Draymen's Association, with the backing of the Employers' Association, is prepared to carry the contest to a finish."

The teamsters assert that the Employers' Association has inaugurated a movement to break up every union in the city. The officers of the brotherhood are confident that they will win their strike unaided. However, if they find that the employers are too much for them, it is probable they will call out other organizations. About 12,000 men are actively affiliated with the teamsters.

Exclusive of the striking teamsters, the officers of the Labor Council number the total strikers in this city at 7783. Of these, 3651 are ironworkers, 1200 machinists and 2707 affiliated tradesmen. The cooks and waiters, who are still out, number about 225 men.

There are over 4000 men driving teams that are connected with the various unions constituting the Teamdrivers' Executive Council. Then this body is affiliated with the Water-Front Federation, which embraces men that are more or less connected with or depend upon the teaming business. This includes stevedores, sailors, porters, packers, warehousemen, marine firemen and engineers and in affiliated branches perhaps about 8000 more. In the event of a strike being ordered all these would, of necessity, go out in sympathy. There is likely to be some lively times on the water front. Nonunion men will have to do the driving. In that event the longshoremen will refuse to handle the merchandise brought to the various vessels by nonunion drivers, and the coasting vessels will either tie up or go away in ballast. Should nonunion longshoremen be secured to handle the merchandise, then the sailors will go on strike and refuse to work the ship. The outlook seems to be for a general tie-up.

WHY THE CONCORD RETURNED.

Commander Was Seriously Ill—Department Is Satisfied.

WASHINGTON, July 22.—The report of Lieutenant-Commander Minnett, of the gunboat Concord, as to the circumstances which brought that ship back from Alaska without orders, was received at the Navy Department today. The officer says that Commander Knox, who was in command of the vessel at the time she went North, was taken seriously ill and had to relinquish command. There was no means of sending him back or of leaving him in a place where suitable attention could be given him. Under the circumstances it was deemed essential that the ship should carry back the sick officer. The department has accepted this explanation as sufficient.

Concord at Bremerton.

SEATTLE, Wash., July 22.—The United States gunboat Concord is at Bremerton, awaiting orders from the Navy Department. The department desires to have the gunboat return to her station in Behring Sea as soon as possible, but it is hardly expected that she will be able to leave the Sound before August 1. Commodore Knox, on account of whose sickness the Concord came south, is slowly recovering at the Seattle General Hospital. When he is able to travel he will probably be sent to the Naval Hospital at Mare Island, Cal. His successor, Commander Delanoe, is still ill at Washington, D. C.

ALLEGED EMBEZZLER ESCAPES.

Seattle Man Is Believed to Be on His Way to Portalnd.

SEATTLE, July 22.—W. H. Kernaghan, who, it is alleged, embezzled $3000 to $5000 from the Pacific States Telephone Company's office here, and was shadowed for several weeks by detectives, has made his escape and is headed southward. It is believed he is going to Portland. Every station on the line has been notified and the Portland police have his description, with orders to arrest him on sight. He is a young man, and was married a month ago to an Everett girl, who is also missing, but is thought to be in Everett.

Private detectives of the telephone company are after him, and he will probably soon be caught. He was in the employ of the company for three years, being two years in the treasurer's office.

SAYS SHE SIGNED BY MISTAKE.

Woman Asks to Have Her Name Stricken Off Husband's Note.

SALEM, July 22.—A petition was filed today in department No. 2 of the Circuit Court of Marion County, in the matter of Tilmon Ford, as executor of the last will and testament and estate of William Cosper, deceased, plaintiff, vs. A. S. Gilbert et al., defendants, by Anna Whale. The petition sets forth that C. A. Whale, husband of petitioner, made, executed and delivered his certain promissory note for $1500 to A. T. Gilbert on October 3, 1900, payable one year after date, and to secure said note he gave a mortgage. Petitioner alleges it was agreed that she was to sign the mortgage, so as to bar her dower interest, but was not to sign the note; that the note and mortgage was left with a notary public of Salem, Or., to be executed, and that petitioner signed the note by mistake. She prays that the note may be reformed and corrected by striking her name as one of the makers out.

COLONEL ALBERT JENKS DEAD.

Noted Artist Drops Dead of Heart Disease in Los Angeles.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., July 22.—Colonel Albert Jenks, a well-known artist, dropped dead this morning on the street in front of the residence of his friend, Mrs. C. B. Bruhn. Heart disease was the cause of death. Colonel Jenks and H. Langley, the writer and publisher, were walking at the time, laughing and chatting, when, with an unfinished joke on his lips, Colonel Jenks pitched forward and expired.

The deceased was born in New York 73 years ago. Early in life he moved to Aurora, Ill., and engaged in the banking business. He also studied painting, but at the outbreak of the Civil War entered the Army and attained the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel. After the war he devoted himself to portrait painting. Among the distinguished persons portrayed by him were Lincoln, Sheridan and John A. Logan.

Oregon Pioneer Minister Dead.

SAN JOSE, Cal., July 22.—Henry Root Avery, one of the pioneer Presbyterian ministers of the country, died here this afternoon, aged 73 years. He organized the First Presbyterian Church, in Corvallis, Or., in 1859.

WILL BORE FOR OIL AT ASHLAND.

Californians Organize Company With $1,000,000 Capital.

ASHLAND, July 22.—Lands in the vicinity of this city are to be further prospected and drilled for oil. Messrs. Guggenheim and Mack, of Southern California, who in the past two years have purchased about 15,000 acres of land in the foot-hills of Siskiyou Mountains, have just incorporated under the laws of California a company with $1,000,000 capital, called the Ashland Oil Company, and the stock has been fully subscribed. The offices of the company have been located in the Crocker building, San Francisco, and its officers are: President, A. J. Mack; vice president, J. J. Mack; manager, L. Guggenheim; superintendent, J. C. Hill.

The properties purchased by these capitalists have been thoroughly experted by reliable engineers, who pronounce them prolific in all the indications of petroleum.

A light rig for prospecting purposes will reach Ashland during the present week, and the heavier machinery will follow. Prospecting will be carried on with the light rig to find the most likely place for boring, and then the heavy machinery will be set up.

GRAIN SHORTAGE MADE UP.

Warehouse Company Pays for a Shrinkage of 8000 Bushels.

GARFIELD, July 22.—A stockholders' meeting of the Farmers' Warehouse Company was held here Saturday, when General Manager John C. Lawrence reported a shortage of 8000 bushels of grain in the warehouse. Mr. Lawrence discovered the shortage in checking up his warehouse accounts since the first of the month. The stockholders of the corporation at once arranged to take up the shortage. All farmers who have had wheat stored have been paid in full. Mr. Lawrence has been re-elected as general manager. This was the first time accounts had been checked up or grain in the warehouse weighed for three years, during which time the company has handled nearly 750,000 bushels of grain. Two years ago, when Cameron & Co., grain exporters, became bankrupt, this firm owed the local company $3000, which accounts for a portion of the shortage. The rest was shrinkage and waste. The Farmers' Warehouse Company was organized in 1893 and has paid in dividends 165 per cent since its organization. Mr. Lawrence has had charge of affairs for seven years.

CALIFORNIA MAYOR SHOT.

Badly Wounded as a Result of His Order to Stop Fighting.

SANTA PAULA, Cal., July 22.—Mayor Hugh O'Hara, of this place, was shot and probably fatally wounded Sunday by Charles Waxsmith, an employe of the Union Oil Well Supply Company. Since the shooting the town has been in a state of turmoil, and for a time there was a prospect of a lynching. A meeting of 300 angry citizens was held, and the greatest excitement prevailed. The crime was vigorously denounced and measures taken to rid the town of objectionable characters.

The shooting was the result of the Mayor's effort to preserve order among persons who insisted on fighting on the street. Four machinists, Charles Waxsmith, George Gregg, H. W. Worly and John Bottoms are under arrest. The Mayor ordered the four men arrested for fighting with a Mexican, but before they were apprehended Waxsmith secured a pistol and deliberately shot the Mayor, who was sitting in front of his own house.

Saengerfest at New Whatcom.

NEW WHATCOM, July 22.—The German singing societies of Washington and British Columbia are holding a saengerfest here. About 500 visitors from Seattle, Tacome, Walla Walla, Everett, Fairhaven and Vancouver, B. C., are in attendance. Last night the Pacific Northwest Saengerbund was organized, which will comprise in its membership all of the societies in Washington, Oregon, Idaho and British Columbia. Seattle was chosen for the first place of meeting, and April 1 named as the date.

The newly-elected officers are: President, Max Siebert, Seattle; vice-president, J. M. Fiedler, Walla Walla; secretary, H. Altman, Fairhaven; treasurer, E. Siburg, Tacoma; musical director, H. Schwarz, Whatcom.

Oregon Sheepherder Killed.

LEADVILLE, Colo., July 22.—During a severe rain and electrical storm near Thomasville yesterday afternoon Amos Shaffer was struck and killed by lightning, and two other men, one of whom is James Blue, were severely injured. Shaffer came here with the Buckley herd of sheep from Oregon about two months ago. His remains will be sent to that state.

A Number One Dairy Cow.

NORTH YAMHILL, Or., July 22.—Lars Gregerson, a North Yamhill farmer, owns a dairy cow which averaged 59 pounds of milk daily for nearly six months, the product showing an average test of 9 per cent butter fat.

Man Almost Instantly Killed.

TACOMA, July 22.—Dr. Charles F. Reed, a veterinary surgeon, was almost instantly killed tonight by being thrown from a horse in front of his residence. He leaves a widow and two children.

Oregon Notes.

Wallowa County spent $772 for coyote scalps last month.

Thomas Sherwood has been appointed Stock Inspector for Union County.

Large quantities of matchwood are being shipped to Portland from Coos Bay.

Athena has paved its streets, and is now working for an electric lighting system.

July 31 the Sumpter Valley Railroad will give an excursion for people over 68 years of age.

A large hay crop in the Willamette Valley has made that staple cheap, selling for $3 to $5 per ton.

W. E. Burke, a real estate man of Portland, is in Harney County, looking up desirable tracts of public land for settlement.

The town of Lostine is practically deserted, everybody except the newspapermen having gone out to work in the hay fields.

Fossil is to have a half-mile racetrack. The Hotel McKenzie, at that town, is nearing completion. It is said to be the largest and finest hotel in Oregon not in a railroad town.

The Klamath River Irrigation & Electric Company, organized by J. F. Goeller, C. C. Maltey and E. J. Boyd, of Klamath Falls, will appropriate water from the Klamath River for irrigation purposes, and will erect and operate an electric light and power plant, with headquarters at Klamath Falls. The capital stock is fixed at $350,000, divided into shares of $1 each.

ARE TENANTS IN COMMON

SUPREME COURT DEFINES STATUS OF OWNER AND OCCUPIER.

Agreement for Cultivating Land on Shares Does Not Constitute a Lease—Other Decisions.

SALEM, July 22.—The Supreme Court today handed down the following decisions, affirming the decision of the lower court in one case, and reversing it in three others:

F. R. Messinger, appellant, vs. Union Warehouse Company, a corporation, respondent. Appealed from Sherman County, W. L. Bradshaw, Judge; opinion by Moore, J.; affirmed.

This was an action to recover the possession of 408 sacks of wheat, or the sum of $474 50, its alleged value, in case possession thereof can not be secured. Congress, on February 25, 1867, granted to the State of Oregon, to aid in the construction of a wagon road from The Dalles to Fort Boise, the "alternate sections of public lands designated by odd numbers to the extent of three sections in width on each side of said road," which the state, on October 20, 1868, granted to The Dalles Military Road Company, and the title thereto becoming vested by mesne conveyance in the Eastern Oregon Land Company, a corporation, the latter company secured a patent therefor. For several years prior to January 8, 1900, a controversy existed between said corporation and certain settlers upon its lands, respecting the validity of the title thereto, but on that date it was settled by decree of the Supreme Court of the United States confirming the title in the corporation. Prior to such decree, one George Meader, having taken possession of a quarter section of land within the limits of said grant, leased the same to plaintiff, who, in consideration thereof, agreed to give him in sacks at Moro, one-fourth of the crop of grain to be raised thereon in the season of 1900, and in pursuance of the demise the plaintiff entered into the possession and sowed it to wheat in 1899. After said decree was rendered, plaintiff, having been notified that unless he leased said land from the corporation, a new tenant would be put in possession, informed Meader of the threat and on March 17, 1900, entered into a contract with said corporation, whereby he agreed to give it one-fourth of the wheat to be harvested from said land during that year. Plaintiff having threshed the wheat grown on said land, Meader, on August 30, 1900, alleged he was entitled to one-fourth of the crop under his lease with plaintiff, and took 408 sacks of the grain, which he delivered to defendant. A warehouse receipt was given therefor with knowledge of plaintiff's interest in the grain. The complaint alleges that plaintiff is the owner and entitled to the immediate possession of said wheat, which is of the value of $474 50, and that in consequence of the taking thereof he has been damaged in the sum of $100.

The answer, after denying the material allegations of the complaint, avers that plaintiff's attornment to the Eastern Oregon Land Company was collusive and made in bad faith. The reply, having denied the material allegations of the new matter in the answer, averred the facts in substance as hereinbefore stated. A trial on these issues having resulted in a judgment against the plaintiff, he appealed therefrom.

The Supreme Court holds: "It is contended that the incontradicted testimony shows plaintiff made, in good faith, a valid attornment to the Eastern Oregon Land Company, to avoid eviction, and this being so, Meader had no right to the wheat, which he unlawfully took, and hence the court erred in refusing to instruct the jury, when so requested, to find for plaintiff. The court cites the thirty-seventh American Decisions, page 309, which holds that in the absence of a stipulation evidencing a contrary intention of the parties, the rule that an agreement by which land is let to be cultivated for a share of the crops does not constitute a lease, but that the owner and occupier are tenants in common. This law prevails in Alabama, Maryland, Michigan, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York and Vermont. The opinion concludes as follows:

"We believe the rule adopted in those states is conducive of best interests of the respective parties, and while the person who agrees to cultivate the land for a part of the crop has possession of the premises, he and the owner are tenants in common of the products to be divided and the latter impliedly reserves the right to remove his share, if necessary, without the consent of the occupant. It must be assumed, in absence of anything to the contrary, that Meader and the plaintiff entered into their contract under such conception of the law, and this being so, no error was committed in refusing to charge as requested, and hence the judgment is affirmed."

Alice L. Hoover, respondent, vs. Newt Hoover, appellant, appealed from Harney County. M. D. Clifford, Judge. Opinion by Wolverton, J.; reversed.

In 1897 the plaintiff instituted a suit against the defendant for a divorce, and alleged in her complaint, among other things, that defendant was the owner and possessor of real property described as follows: East ½ of the southwest ¼ section 8, township 25 south, range 32½ E. W. M." The prayer was for a decree dissolving the bonds of matrimony, and allowing and setting apart to the plaintiff the real property heretofore described, and restraining the defendant from disposing of, or in any manner incumbering the same. Service was had by publication, but the defendant failing to appear, default was entered, and J. W. Coleman was appointed referee to take the testimony and report his findings of facts and laws, which findings were in accordance with the complaint. The court then entered a decree, granting the divorce and giving the plaintiff the following described property: The east ½ of the southwest ¼ of section 4, in township 25 south, range 32½ E. W. M.

On November 4, 1899, nearly two years later, upon motion of plaintiff, without notice to defendant, the court made and entered an amended decree nunc pro tunc, which was in all respects like the first except that section "eight" was substituted instead of section "four" in describing the land, and the land itself was "set apart in fee simple for plaintiff's own use and benefit."

On April 16, 1900, defendant moved the court upon notice to plaintiff of his intention to set aside the amended or nunc pro tunc decree. This motion was denied and the defendant appealed from the amended decree and the order last entered.

The opinion holds that the erroneous entry in respect to substituting the figure eight for the figure four, was a mere misprison of the Clerk; that the court had no authority to change or modify the decree, and the defendant should be relieved from the effects of the amended decree, and the action of the trial court in awarding it will, therefore, be reversed, leaving the original decree to stand as it was when first entered.

Lina H. Sturgis, appellant, vs. William Baker, respondent. Appealed from Umatilla County. W. R. Ellis, Judge. Opinion by Bean, C. J.; reversed and a new trial ordered.

This was an action on a promissory note, and came to the Supreme Court on an appeal from a judgment of an involuntary nonsuit. The complaint alleges that the plaintiff is the owner and holder of the note, and it has not been paid.

The answer denies the allegations of ownership and nonpayment, and alleges that defendant paid the note in full on December 4, 1893, to plaintiff's intestate, S. P. Sturgis, who alleged to have it in his possession.

In order to explain certain memoranda and indorsements on the note, plaintiff offered in evidence certain entries made by Mr. Sturgis in his private books, showing his business transaction from day to day, but the court refused to admit such entries, on the ground that they were not against the interest of the party making them, and, on motion of defendant, directed a nonsuit. The opinion by the court holds that the court erred in refusing to admit in evidence the entries made by Mr. Sturgis in his books, explanatory of the indorsements on the note, and in not submitting to the jury the contested questions of fact in the case. The judgment is therefor reversed, and a new trial ordered.

Peter West, appellant, vs. George Eley and Andrew Eley, respondents. Appealed from Umatilla County. W. R. Ellis, Judge. Opinion by Wolverton, J.; reversed.

The complaint alleges that the defendants are indebted to the plaintiff in the sum of $60, upon an account for services of the plaintiff as attorney, between March 1, 1894, and November 1, 1894, in prosecuting and defending certain suits and actions at request of defendants, that said services were reasonably worth said sum, and defendants agreed to pay said sum therefor.

There was a denial of the allegations, and some new matters were set up by way of separate defense. At the trial plaintiff testified to having agreed to bring suit on a certain promissory note of $430, for a fee of $50, and upon which he did bring suit. When plaintiff rested defendants moved for nonsuit, which was allowed by the court.

The opinion by the Supreme Court holds that the case should have gone to a jury, as undoubtedly there was no failure of proof. This leads to a reversal of the judgment, and the case will be remanded.

Supreme Court Orders.

Orders were made by the Supreme Court today as follows:

In the matter of the State ex rel., Bar Association, plaintiff, vs. Henry St. Rayner, defendant, ordered that volume 1, of the testimony in State vs. McDaniey, be sent to referee.

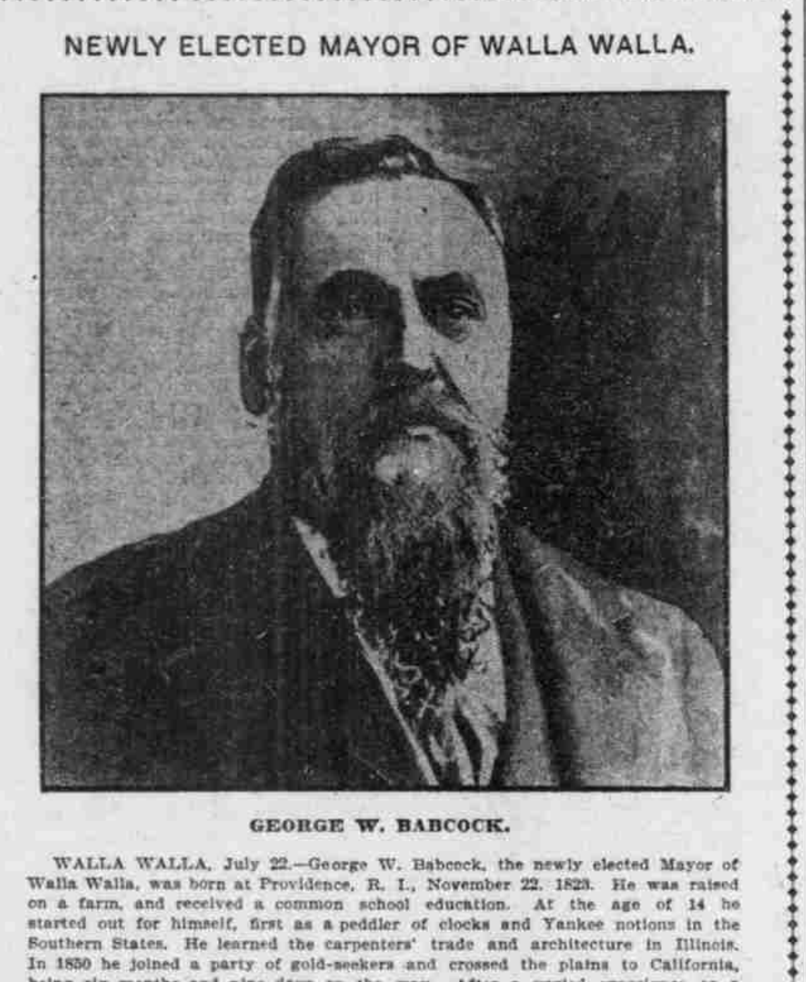
G. D. Trotter, appellant, vs. Town of Stayton, respondent, ordered on stipulation that respondent have until August 1, 1901, to serve and file its brief.

W. T. Wright et al., appellant, vs. A. C. Craig et a.., respondent, ordered on motion that respondents have until August 10, 1901, to serve and file their brief.

First Automobile at Hoquiam.

HOQUIM, July 22.—The Gray's Harbor Automobile & Omnibus Company received its first automobile from San Francisco yesterday by the steamer Newburg, and will place it on the Hoquiam-Aberdeen route Wednesday. It has a carrying capacity of 36 persons, and speed of 18 miles an hour.

NEWLY ELECTED MAYOR OF WALLA WALLA.



GEORGE W. BABCOCK.

WALLA WALLA, July 22.—George W. Babcock, the newly elected Mayor of Walla Walla, was born at Providence, R. I., November 22, 1823. He was raised on a farm, and received a common school education. At the age of 14 he started out for himself, first as a peddler of clocks and Yankee notions in the Southern States. He learned the carpenters' trade and architecture in Illinois. In 1850 he joined a party of gold-seekers and crossed the plains to California, being six months and nine days on the way. After a varied experience as a miner, he went to San Francisco in 1859, and became a successful contractor. He came to Walla Walla in 1886, as architect and superintendent of construction of the state penitentiary, and has resided here ever since. During his residence in Walla Walla he has prepared the plans and superintended the construction of nearly all the public and private buildings of any importance, including the beautiful Whitman College structure. Two years ago he was elected Councilman from the First Ward, and so well did he serve the people that they elected him Mayor at the election held the early part of this month.

NOME IS BECOMING A CITY

ABOUT SIX THOUSAND ARRIVALS THIS SEASON.

Gamblers and Thugs Flock in From Dawson, but Good Order Is Maintained—Other News.

NOME, July 10.—(Special Correspondence.)—It is estimated that about 6000 people have been landed here since the opening of the season, and every steamer arriving brings a full passnger list. About 1200 came down from Dawson, and their desirability as an accession depends altogether upon the point of view. The great majority of them belong to what is called the "sporting" class, and their departure from the Yukon country is due to the Dawson authorities' decision to close all gambling games. The crop of suckers, however, does not seem to be adequate to the demand, and this, with the territorial license of $1500 on saloons, is making Nome a "dull" camp this year, notwithstanding the fact that the news from the gold fields is of the most encouraging kind. The District Attorney informs me that among the newcomers are many notorious criminals, one attorney having pointed out to him four men whom he defended on separate charges of murder, and there are sure-thing men, thugs and minor criminals galore. The authorities here, however, are fully adequate to the task before them, and it is to their credit that there is no more orderly city in the United States today, so far as safety of life and property is concerned.

The rural free mail delivery system has been established here, and will extend westward to Gold River, eastward to Nome River, and north to Anvil, Snow and Glacier Creeks; the service to Gold Run being weekly, and to the other points tri-weekly. Postmaster Wright claims that this will be a great convenience to a very large number of miners and business men.

There is trouble between rival claimants of mining properties in this district, and gunplays are quite frequent. A valuable bench claim on Glacier Creek has been the scene of several forcible ejectments. It is claimed by the Mongollon Mining Company, of Minneapolis, and also by Stewart Richards, Judge Stevens and Judge Dubose, the gentleman who is now on his way to San Francisco to serve a sentence of six months for contempt of court. Two weeks ago the Mongollon Company took possession and ejected Stewart and Richards as jumpers. Last Friday Stewart, Richards and a number of others appeared on the grounds with arms. Three of the Mongollon men were asleep and another was cooking dinner, and almost before they were aware the enemy was upon them and their tents were falling about their ears. Then they were driven off the claim and warned not to return.

The workingman who thinks of coming to this country would do well to figure a little. Wages here are $5 per day and board, and it is out of reason to expect more than three months' work. It will cost $75 second-class fare from Seattle, expense for extra clothing and blankets will not be less than $75 more, and the return fare another $75. This takes $225 out of a possible but not probable $450, and makes no allowance for idleness, sickness or accidents of any kind. The chance of getting a valuable claim is not worth figuring on, as the country, except in the interior and the extreme North, has been very thoroughly prospected and stakes are as plentiful as hop poles in the Willamette Valley. What the country needs is capital. There is a surplus of laboring men here now and the outlook for the coming Fall is certainly not pleasant.

Mr. C. D. Lane is one of the class of men this country needs, and to his energy and ability will in a great measure be due the permanence of this city as a mining center. He clearly recognizes the difficulties existing and proceeds in a businesslike way to remove them. He has announced that during the coming Winter he will sell coal at not to exceed $30 per ton, and horse feed at from $60 to $80 per ton. As Mr. Lane puts it: "The fact having been established that deep diggings exist in this region, what is most needed to develop them is cheap fuel and cheap horse feed." As coal last Winter sold as high as $150 per ton, it can easily be seen that Mr. Lane's announcement means a great deal to this community, and, as he is a steamship owner and controls large capital, he can carry out his beneficial designs. At present he is putting in a large pumping plant to furnish water for the dry claims on Anvil Creek. It will have a capacity of 5,000,000 gallons daily and will be capable of lifting water to the top of Anvil mountain, thus enabling scores of otherwise worthless bench claims between Nome and Anvil to be worked at a profit.

Mayor Strong has severed his connection with the Nome News, which, under his management, became a very popular and profitable paper, and has purchased the Chronicle, changing the name to the Nugget. The News will be edited and managed by E. B. Wishaar, formerly of The Oregonian. E. H. FLAGG.

MINING CONGRESS OPENS TODAY.

Many Delegates at Boise—Sessions Will Open Today.

BOISE, Idaho, July 22.—Everything is in readiness for the meeting of the Mining Congress tomorrow. Governor Prince, of New Mexico, president of the congress, accompanied by a large number of Eastern delegates, arrived this afternoon. The Eastern Oregon delegation, 40 strong, arrived tonight. The delegates from the western part of the state are expected early in the morning, when an organization of the Oregon men will be effected. Pending formal organization, Judge Burke, of Baker City, is acting as the Oregon chairman.

Today the California delegation began placing its mineral exhibit in the Senate Chamber. It promises to be most elaborate. The city is handsomely decorated in honor of the occasion, and elaborate arrangements for the entertainment of the delegates have been made. It is likely an interesting and important discussion on the amendment of the mining law will be a feature of the meeting. Judge W. B. Heyburn, of Wallace, Idaho, is to present a paper on the subject, and members seem to be prepared to discuss the matter thoroughly.

Oregon Delegates Leave.

BAKER CITY, Or., July 22.—The Eastern Oregon delegates to the International Mining Congress, at Boise, Idaho, headed by Colonel John Temple Grayson and Colonel F. V. Drake, of Sparta, departed this evening for the Idaho capital. The delegation from this section will make a determined effort to have a large number of the Montana, Colorado and British Columbia delegates visit the several mines of this section.

DECLARE BONDS ILLEGAL.

Chicago Firm Which Bought Baker City Paper Will Not Accept It.

BAKER CITY, Or., July 22. — Messrs. Tenney Crawford & Thompson, of Chicago, the successful bidders for the $45,200 water bonds, voted for at the municipal election last April, today notified Mayor Carter and the City Council that the issue is illegal and, therefore, could not be accepted. The Chicago firm alleges as an excuse for the rejection of the bonds that the ordinance authorizing their sale does not specify the date they were to be issued. The City Council held a special meeting this afternoon, and, acting under the advice of City Attorney Hellner, all bids for the completion of the gravity water system were returned unopened to the bidders. The city fathers will hold a regular meeting next Wednesday evening, and some action will be taken as regards the forfeiture of the $2500 check deposited by the Eastern bond-buyers, who rejected the bonds.

REDMEN AT BAKER CITY.

Royal Entertainment Ahead for Lodge—Excursion to Sumpter.

BAKER CITY, Or., July 22.—Great Sachem A. B. Cherry, of Portland, and 100 braves of the Improved Order of Red Men reached Baker City today, and the visitors have taken possession of the city. The delegates are in attendance at the annual meeting of the Oregon Grand Council, and on Tuesday evening will be given a grand ball at the Armory. On Wednesday the Red Men will be tendered a banquet in the Council chamber. The conclave will close Friday with an excursion to Sumpter, where an elaborate entertainment has been arranged.

OREGON LUMBER GOES TO MAINE.

Clatsop Mill Company Ships a Carload to Saco.

ASTORIA, July 22.—The Clatsop Mill Company has recently shipped a carload of square lumber to Saco, Me., which is about the longest distance it could be shipped in this country from Astoria.

Big Pile Raft for 'Frisco.

The Robertson pile raft, which is being built at Westport, will be completed within 10 days and ready to be towed to San Francisco. It will be the largest raft ever built on the Columbia. Dimensions are as follows: Draft, 23½ feet; beam, 53 feet; length, 632 feet. It will contain 525,000 lineal feet of piles.

Salem Man Will Build Branches.

Spore & Robinson, of Portland, who have the Government contract for constructing the barrack buildings at Fort Columbia, have sublet the whole work to a Salem man named Langdon.

Fisherman Drifted Out to Sea.

Yesterday afternoon a fisherman drifted out to sea, lost his net, and was compelled to anchor outside the jetty. The Cape Disappointment life-saving crew rescued him.

Salmon Run Continues Good.

The run of fish was good today, and about equals that of yesterday. Some of the fish buyers did not follow the announcement that they would not pay over 6 cents for any size of fish. Seven cents per pound is being paid for fish weighing 25 pounds or more.

The preparation of a list of property to be sold by Clatsop County is proving much more of an undertaking than was supposed. The taxes on the railway subsidy property, for the years 1893 and 1894, were remitted by the court, but they were never canceled, and as the property appears on the books in the names of the original owners, it must all be checked off now.

Quotations of Mining Stocks.

SPOKANE, July 22.—The closing quotations of mining stocks today were:

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
Amer. Boy ..	5½	7	Morn. Glory..	3¼	3⅝
Blacktail	10¾	10½	Morrison	3¼	3½
Butte & Bos..	½	1¼	Prin. Maud ...		1¾
Crystal	5½	6½	Quilp	20	26
Conjecture ..	5	5¾	Ramb. Car ..	38¼	38½
Deer Trail ..	2⅝	2¾	Ross. Giant ..	2	3½
Dewey	2	4	Sullivan	7½	8¼
Gold Ledge ..	1⅝	1¾	Tom Thumb ..	14¼	14⅝
L. P. Surp....	5⅛	6	Wonderful	3⅝	5
Mtn. Lion ..	24	28			

SAN FRANCISCO, July 22.—Official closing quotations of mining stocks:

Alta	$0 04	Justice	$0 02
Alpha Con	4	Mexican	15
Andes	3	Occidental Con ...	3
Belcher	11	Ophir	68
Best & Belcher...	18	Overman	15
Caledonia	86	Potosi	7
Challenge Con ...	35	Savage	8
Chollar	7	Silver Hill	32
Confidence	1 40	Standard	3 55
Con. Cal. & Va....	2 00	Union Con	13
Crown Point	11	Utah Con	2
Gould & Curry....	12	Yellow Jacket	25
Hale & Norcross.	22		

NEW YORK, July 22.—Mining stocks today closed as follows:

Adams Con	$0 20	Little Chief	$0 12
Alice	45	Ontario	9 00
Breece	1 40	Ophir	65
Brunswick Con ..	12	Phoenix	9
Comstock Tunnel.	6	Potosi	5
Con. Cal. & Va...	1 90	Savage	7
Deadwood Terra..	50	Sierra Nevada	14
Horn Silver	1 35	Small Hopes	50
Iron Silver	58	Standard	3 10
Leadville Con ...	5		

BOSTON, July 22.—Closing quotations:

Adventure	$ 24 50	Osceola	$ 92 00
Bing. Min. Co..	21 00	Parrott	50 50
Amal. Copper ..	111 75	Quincy	169 00
Atlantic	37 00	Santa Fe Cop.* ..	6 50
Cal. & Hecla....	780 00	Tamarack	342 00
Centennial	27 50	Utah Mining	20 00
Franklin	17 00	Winona	2 50
Humboldt	25 00	Wolverines	59 50

*Ex dividend.

Tried to Rob a Church.

VANCOUVER, July 22.—An attempt was made last night to rob St. James' Catholic Cathedral. The burglars tried to effect entrance at a rear door by removing the locks with an augur and chisels. Evidently the thieves were frightened away before completing the job. The traces of their work were discovered early this morning by Father F. Verivilghen. Two chisels, one broken, were found a few feet away from the door. William Clark, a butcher, says he was passing the cathedral at a late hour last night, when, hearing a noise inside the high church fence, he called out. The noise ceased immediately and he heard rapid footsteps, as of two persons running. He supposed them to be some mischievous boys and passed on.

Rain and Hop Lice at Chehalis.

CHEHALIS, Wash., July 22.—Considerable rain fell yesterday and it is still raining here today. The rain catches much hay in bad shape, as considerable is down or in windrows. A greater part of the timothy hay is in the shock and will not be damaged by the rain. Hop lice are still to be found on the fruit trees and growers find that the flies continue to circulate and deposit aphis on the hop vines. Most of the Lewis County growers have already done some spraying, but will be compelled to spray again.

Change in Management.

CHEHALIS, Wash., July 22.—F. B. Hubbard and Harry McCormick have bought the stock of W. C. Miles in the Rock Creek Lumber Company, the latter having retired from the management of the company.

Washington Notes.

The first carload of peach plums has been shipped from Walla Walla for St. Louis.

Some fine timothy has been brought in from the Rehmke place, near Ellensburg, for the Buffalo exhibit. It is six feet high with ten-inch heads, and much of it will yield six tons to the acre.

Joseph Tibbetts, a Tacoma bookkeeper, while out camping near Port Gamble, accidentally kicked over and discharged a loaded shotgun. The full charge of buckshot struck his left foot and tore it half off.

There is a scarcity of residences for rent in Pullman, and unless a number are built before the opening of the Fall term of school, many families who contemplate coming to Pullman for the Winter will be unable to do so.

Two boys, 8 and 10 years of age respectively, are missing from their homes at Hoquiam and their parents are searching the near-by towns for them. The little fellows started out to see the world on Thursday, spending that night in a refrigerator car near the Northern Pacific Depot and have since been missing.

Thus far since the new hunting law went into effect but 14 hunters' licenses have been taken out in Walla Walla county. As the Game Warden must be paid from the fund created from payment of hunters' licenses, it behooves sportsmen to come up the captain's counter and settle. The Commissioners at a recent meeting voted to pay the Game Warden $25 a month out of this fund, but if no more licenses are taken out the appointee, Ed. Diamond, may not feel disposed to accept the job.

NO TRACE OF GOLDSTEIN

YOUNG MAN WHO WAS LOST NEAR MOUNT ST. HELENS.

Searching Party Followed His Tracks in the Snow for Five Miles, and Then Lost Them.

VANCOUVER, July 22.—No trace has been found of Abie Goldstein, the young man who became lost in the wilderness at the base of Mount St. Helens a week ago yesterday. No word has been received from I. Goldstein, the boy's father, and the party which accompanied him from here last Wednesday in search of the missing boy. The only news of any description which has been received here from the vicinity of the search party's camp was brought in by an unknown man yesterday evening. He stopped at the Goldstein residence long enough to tell the anxious mother and sisters of the boy that he had not been found up to Friday, the day he left the vicinity. He said the search party was divided into two divisions. One reported having followed the boy's tracks in the snow a distance of five miles. The tracks followed the course of a mountain stream going down toward a settlement. The party lost the trace at the snow line and is now searching the surrounding country. The identity of the man bringing the news could not be learned, as he did not give any name to the family. He was on his way to Portland.

WHAT THE ASTORIA CASE IS.

Damage Action Which Involves Constitutionality of Charter.

ASTORIA, July 22.—A telegram was received from Salem today stating the appeal in the case of Henry Mattson vs. the City of Astoria had been set for hearing in the Supreme Court July 24. The case is a suit brought to recover $10,000 damages for injuries received by falling through the roadway in Uniontown. The jury in the Circuit Court returned a verdict of $625 for the plaintiff, and Judge McBride held that the provision in the charter releasing the city from all damages that might arise from defective streets was unconstitutional. The question to be submitted to the Supreme Court is the constitutionality of that provision of the charter.

DIVIDEND IS DECLARED.

Creditors of Vancouver Bank Get 50 Per Cent at Once.

WASHINGTON, July 22.—The Controller of the Currency today formally announced the first dividend of 50 per cent in favor of the creditors of the First National Bank of Vancouver, Wash., on claims proved, amounting to $213,558. The commission of A. B. Eastham, of Vancouver, as receiver of this bank was made out today. He is to take charge on August 15, relieving Temporary Receiver Maxwell.

Pass Militia Examinations.

ALBANY, July 22. — First Lieutenant Frank C. Stellmacher and First Sergeant Charles W. Wallace, of Company G, Fourth Regiment, O. N. G., went to Eugene Saturday to be examined before the military board of the Fourth Regiment for commissions as Captain and First Lieutenant, respectively. They were elected to these offices June 26. The examining officers were: Captain D. E. Yoran, Adjutant; Captain J. M. Williams, Company C, and Lieutenant J. A. Currie, Company C. Messrs. Stellmacher and Wallace returned home yesterday afternoon, having satisfactorily passed their examinations.

Shot and Killed.

PRINEVILLE, Or., July 22.—Emmet Egan, son of James Egan, of Lamonta, Or., who was shot Saturday morning by Andy Lytle, died at 9 o'clock the same evening at Durham's saw mill, near Hay Creek, Crook County. After the shooting Lytle gave himself up to the Deputy Sheriff, the Sheriff having gone to the scene of the shooting. Arrangements have been made to hold an inquest.

School Teachers' Conference.

SALEM, Or., July 22.—D. W. Yoder, city superintendent of the Salem public schools, is holding a conference with the teachers and principals of the city schools working out a course of study from the new text-books. He is endeavoring to formulate a thorough, practical course, and believes the new text-books will meet all requirements.

Oregon State Fair

Premium list for 1901 is now out carrying a liberal cash premium on ..

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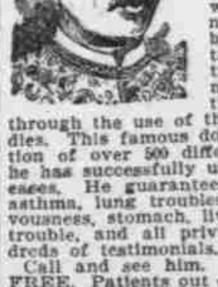
Genuine stamped C. C. C. Never sold in bulk. Beware of the dealer who tries to sell something "just as good."

C. GEE WO, The Great Chinese Doctor



Is called great because his wonderful cures are so well known throughout the United States and because so many people are thankful to him for saving their lives from operations. He treats any and all diseases with powerful Chinese herbs, roots, buds, bark and vegetables, that are entirely unknown to medical science in this country, and through the use of these harmless remedies. This famous doctor knows the action of over 500 different remedies that he has successfully used in different diseases. He guarantees to cure catarrh, asthma, lung troubles, rheumatism, nervousness, stomach, liver, kidneys, female trouble, and all private diseases. Hundreds of testimonials. Charges moderate. Call and see him. CONSULTATION FREE. Patients out of the city write for blank and circular. Inclose stamp. Address THE C. GEE WO CHINESE MEDICINE CO., 132½ Third street, Portland, Or. Mention this paper.