

CAPTURE OF AGUINALDO

REPORT OF GENERAL FUNSTON MADE PUBLIC.

Story of the Forged Letters and Details of the Taking of the Filipino Chieftain.

WASHINGTON, July 12.—The War Department today made public Brigadier General Funston's report of the capture of Aguinaldo May 2. This report presents in detail all the facts relating to the capture of Aguinaldo, which were made public at that time. General Funston shows that his entire plan of the expedition was submitted to the Commanding General of the Department of Northern Luzon and then was sent to General Arthur, by whom it was approved. General Funston goes into details concerning the captured correspondence of Aguinaldo and the use he made of it. General Funston, who had presented himself to Lieutenant J. D. Taylor, of the Twenty-fourth Infantry, with letters of Aguinaldo he was to deliver to various insurgent chiefs. General Funston gives the following account of the forged letters which were used to deceive Aguinaldo:

"On October 10, 1900, while scouting in the vicinity of Gapan, General Funston had surprised the insurgent Chief Lacuna in his camp and had captured, among other things, some writing paper which bore his handwriting. General Funston wrote two letters to Aguinaldo under the carefully forged signature of Lacuna. One of these letters was dated February 21, 1901, at Bulua, a place in the mountains. In it Lacuna acknowledged the receipt of Aguinaldo's letters of January 13 and 14, and thanked him for the confirmation of his (Lacuna's) appointment as Brigadier General. General Funston previously by Alejandro. It will be remembered that the letters of Aguinaldo referred to had fallen into our hands. The letter included in the usual rhetoric employed by the insurgent chiefs in their correspondence and gave a glowing account of the progress of the campaign from the standpoint of Lacuna.

"Another letter, signed by Lacuna, was prepared, stating that the writer had just received a communication from Balduino Aguinaldo ordering him to send one of his best companies and a reliable officer to meet Aguinaldo in Isabella. In accordance with these orders he was sending this force under Lieutenant Colonel Hilario Pradillo. General Funston had been captured by the Americans a year ago and after his release he had lived in Jaen, but recently had taken to the field again. General Funston was told for fear that Aguinaldo might have heard that Pradillo had been captured by the Americans and had taken the oath of allegiance. The letter also stated that Aguinaldo's courier, Cecilio Cegasmundo, was with Lacuna and would accompany the column.

"These two letters were dictated by me, but were written by Segovia. We were in possession of a number of samples of Lacuna's signature and had previously succeeded in executing a very fair forgery of his signature. The end of each one of the two sheets.

Iron Imports in Philippines.

WASHINGTON, July 12.—An increase of 15,000 tons, or 24 per cent, in the value of manufactured iron and steel imported into the Philippines during 1900, is shown in a comparative statement made public today by the division of Insular Affairs, War Department. The value of iron and steel imports were valued at \$1,430,553, as against \$1,232,635 for 1899. The imports of these commodities from the United States increased from \$721,121 in 1899 to \$1,232,635 in 1900. The remainder of the iron and steel imports are from the Philippines, Germany, and other countries.

Insurrection in Cebu.

MANILA, July 12.—Cebu, capital of the island of that name, is still frequently fired upon by the insurgents. General Hughes, in command of the Visaya Islands, reports progress in the task of penetrating the island and scattering the insurgents.

WRECKED SEVENTH NATIONAL

Depositors Will Receive Eighty Cents on the Dollar.

WASHINGTON, July 12.—Controller Dawes received the preliminary report from the receiver of the Seventh National Bank of New York City today. The receiver states that his estimates of the value of the assets of the bank are approximately \$500,000. He estimates the amount which will be finally recovered for the depositors from the assets, including stockholders' assessment, at about 80 cents on the dollar. The receiver ordered today an assessment of 100 per cent on the \$500,000 capital stock of the bank. The report of the receiver contains no reference to any of the investigations how being made as to the existence of criminal infractions of law. All these matters are under the charge of the Department of Justice.

NEW YORK, July 12.—E. R. Thomas, president of the Seventh National Bank, was shown the dispatch from Washington, saying that the stockholders would receive 80 per cent of their claims. "I do not care to talk about that," said Mr. Thomas. "The directors are in practically continuous session to discuss plans of reorganization, and it is possible we may have some statement to make in a day or two."

The Uprising in Corea.

WASHINGTON, July 12.—The reported uprising on the island of Quepari, off the Korean coast, and the killing of several hundred Christian converts, is confirmed in mail news advices reaching the Japanese Legation, which contains the report of the Japanese man-of-war Senzen. The Senzen was at Chemulpo, Corea, when the first word of the uprising was received. She made a rapid run to the island, arriving June 2. The captain reports that when two French men-of-war had arrived at the island, they found the insurgent in a menacing attitude. Attempts were made to land French marines. As the landing was opposed the French warships made a demonstration and succeeded in landing their marines. The insurgents then were repulsed and two missionaries held by them were saved. After that affairs quieted and the uprising subsided. It is reported that about 200 converts were killed by the insurgents. The captain of the Senzen reported that all the Japanese residents were saved, and that the trouble was over when he arrived. Although a body of Korean troops had been sent to quell the disturbance, they found quiet restored by the time they arrived.

Brick Combine Being Organized.

NEW YORK, July 12.—The Journal of Commerce says: "There are now under way for the organization of a large brick combine to take over various brick companies in New England and New York, including the New England Brick Company, which was organized last year as a consolidation of manufacturers in Eastern Massachusetts. The new company, which will be known as the Interstate Brick Company, with a capital stock of \$5,000,000, and a bond issue of \$1,500,000. A circular which has been sent out in connection with the deal is preferred stock of \$100,000. The output will amount to 300,000,000 annually. The committee appointed to consider the details and organization of an educational exhibit at the World Exposition decided to recommend to the board of man-

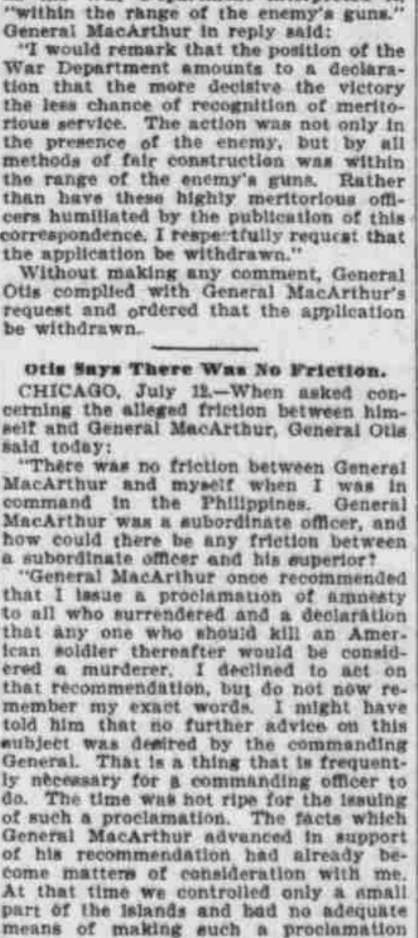
AN IMPORTANT PROBLEM

ELEMENTARY EDUCATION IS A VITAL QUESTION.

Declaration of Principles by the National Educational Association—Last Day of Convention.

DETROIT, July 12.—The National Educational Association tonight, at the last session of its fortieth annual convention, adopted a declaration of principles declaring that the problem of elementary education is the most important one with which the state must deal. The work of the Bureau of Education, under Commissioner William F. Harrison, was endorsed, and the association declared that its powers should be extended so that it should have jurisdiction over educational matters in all our new possessions. Compulsory educational laws and the consolidation of rural schools were endorsed and state support of institutions for the training of teachers is recommended. When the morning session was called

WILLIAM T. HARRIS.



NATIONAL COMMISSIONER OF EDUCATION, WHO READ A PAPER BEFORE THE EDUCATIONAL CONVENTION YESTERDAY ON THE RECENT GROWTH OF HIGH SCHOOLS IN THE UNITED STATES.

order in Light Guard Armory by President Green, the smallest audience of the week was present. "Higher Education" was the topic of the morning. President Charles F. Thwing, of Western Reserve University, Cleveland, discussed "The Functions of a University in a Popular Democracy." He said:

"There is one special respect in which the university proves to be of great advantage to organized religion. The university helps to show to the world the relative worth of the church and the relative lack of the worth of churches. The church is founded upon the primary belief in the existence of a personal God, and upon the derived belief that the will of this Being is made known to the will of man, and also upon the derived belief that the will of God is to be obeyed by men. Churches are founded upon some adaptation of application or corollary of this fundamental conception. The present promotion of social efficiency the university adjusts itself in best ways to the growth of that ever-growing force, the sense of humanity. It is significant that the growth of the sense of humanity has been especially vigorous in the 40 years that have elapsed since the publication of the 'Origin of the Species.' As it has become evident that man has arisen out of the lower forms of life, the sense of humanity, the highest form, has been more appreciated, and the sense of the oneness of this present highest form being the more clearly harmonized. The recognition of the unity of the human race, the university is set to promote. Through the interpretation of human movements and through a sense of love for all men and a desire to serve all men, the university most directly ministers to the noblest growth of the noblest humanity.

"The university also performs an important function toward that element of society known as public opinion. Public opinion is the special product of democracy. It arises from the freedom of the body democratic to express its thoughts and its reactions on the people and helps to create and maintain a democracy. The university is the voice of the people. It is at times the voice of God; and it has sometimes free democracy an authority greater than that of God. Public opinion in a democracy is usually tyrannical, and those over whom it rules are commonly its willing subjects. It is the tyranny of the majority, and it is the power of a tyrant raised to the ninth degree. To public opinion the university owes its duties: First, it should give enlightenment in order that public opinion may be rightly formed; second, it should teach the right of dissent; and third, it should teach and give an example of fairness and moderation.

"In point of intellectual condition, the higher classes in a prosperous democracy are subject to the temptation of materialism and sensualism; the middle classes to the temptation of mediocrity and complacency; and the lower classes to the temptation of brutishness and of contempt of all knowledge. In point of manners and social condition, the higher classes are open to the temptation of arrogance; the middle classes are open to the temptation of pettiness; and the lower classes to the temptation of bestiality. To each of these classes the university owes a special duty. To the higher it owes the duty of teaching spirituality; to the middle the duty of teaching the relativity of the facts of knowledge and of the truths of personality and of things; and to the lower the duty of teaching gentleness and humility. American scholarship, through its ministry in the university, through its teachings and its teachers, is to remove the temptations of the material, to broaden the narrow, to enrich the poor, to elevate the low, and to make the unnatural natural and the human divine.

F. E. Fulton, president of the University of Mississippi, read a paper on "Federal and State Interest in Higher Education." National Commissioner of Education W. T. Harris read the last paper of the morning on recent growth of public high schools in the United States affecting the attendance of college. The papers were discussed by William H. Stanley, of Denver, and James Russell Parsons, Jr., of Albany. The committee appointed to consider the details and organization of an educational exhibit at the World Exposition decided to recommend to the board of man-

STILL NO AGREEMENT

SECOND DAY OF PITTSBURGH CONFERENCE WITHOUT RESULTS.

The Indications Are That Today a Settlement or a General Strike Will Be Decided Upon.

PITTSBURGH, July 12.—The second day of the conference between the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel & Tin Workers and the steel manufacturers came to a close tonight without an agreement having been reached. The conference will be held tomorrow, and from indications late tonight, a settlement or a general strike will be decided upon. When the conference adjourned tonight, the conferees were appealed to for information as to the status of affairs, but nothing definite could be learned. Late tonight, however, President Shaffer, of the Amalgamated Association, stated that he would be quoted in the following statement: "Nothing actually was accomplished today. No proposition was submitted to-day. No agreement was reached. No time limit has been set on the conference, but it must come to an end. Tomorrow must settle it one way or another. If no agreement is reached by the end of tomorrow, which was set for last Monday, will proceed. I am still hoping for a settlement."

When asked if, in the event of a strike, it would involve all the plants of the Amalgamated Steel Corporation, Mr. Shaffer replied that every union man in every plant in any way connected with the steel corporation would be called out. In the general strike, the Amalgamated Association would include the union workers in the Federal Steel Company, the National Steel Company, the American Tinplate Company, the American Sheet Steel Company, the National Steel Company and the American Steel Hoop Company, and all union members in non-union or open mills, aggregating about 60,000 men, who would be affected.

It is believed by conservative steel men that compromise will be reached tomorrow and a strike averted. President Shaffer, however, stated that he is prepared to initiate a compromise, intimating that should one come from the other side he would gladly meet it half way and concede anything not compromising his honor or the honor of his organization. Judge E. H. Gary, chairman of the steel committee executive committee, was in the city all day practically incognito. He did not take part in the conference directly, nor did he take part in the meeting, but he is learned on high authority tonight that he was not far away from the meeting, and was convinced of everything that transpired. Without making public in any way the purpose of his visit here, he left for Chicago tonight on the Pennsylvania Limited.

Previous to the opening of the joint conference, the executive committee of the Amalgamated Association met and discussed the course to be pursued at today's meeting. The conference was resumed at 10:25 A. M. with the same representatives in attendance as yesterday. The conference adjourned for lunch at noon. The afternoon session was taken up entirely by the arguments of the manufacturers. Among other matters considered is what is called the "non-interruption" clause, which is a clause in the contract accepted by the Republic Iron & Steel Company and the American Tinplate Company when their concerns signed the Amalgamated Association agreement, but it was continued upon its acceptance by the American Sheet Steel Company and the American Steel Hoop Company. The conference reconvened at 2:15 P. M. and adjourned at 4:30 P. M. to meet again tomorrow morning.

THE STRIKE A FAILURE.

Machinists at Cincinnati Decide to Go Back to Work.

CINCINNATI, July 12.—The machinists' strike, which was organized May 29 and which involved from 5000 to 7000 employees in this city, has practically been declared off. A second mass meeting of strikers was held today, at which a formal report was made that it had been found to be impossible to procure assistance in money from the headquarters in Washington. The strike benefit fund is exhausted, and the strikers were advised to return to work. Already about 600 have applied for reinstatement, and many more will do so tomorrow and Monday. A meeting of the shop committees of striking machinists from the various concerns affected was held in Workingmen's Hall tonight. At the conclusion of the meeting a statement was given that emphatically denying the report that the strike had been declared off. It is learned that while it was left discretionary with the men in a number of shops to return to work, the majority of them are settling the strike, several firms were picked out on which the fight is to be prosecuted. These firms were picked out, it is said, from those in the Metal Trades Association which are known to be most favorable to granting the demands of the men. The men in these shops have pledged to remain out and those who return will support them. Should any of these shops attempt to transfer their work to those in which the men return, the men have agreed to refuse to handle it. The various shops were visited during the day by committees of their respective concerns who were to see that the men under which they would allow them to return to work. There were approximately 3500 machinists involved in the strike here and of these the strikers say about 100 have already returned to work. These shops affected by the decision of the union to continue the fight employ about 1100 men.

Settlement at San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 12.—The Iron Trades Council has received favorable reports from the nine affiliated unions on the question of giving the council authority to effect a settlement of the machinists' strike in the city independent of what is done in the East. The council has therefore appointed a committee of five with full power to act to meet the employers, should they agree to a confer. The strike of metal-pollishers has been declared off.

Ended at Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, July 12.—About 1200 machinists decided today to give up the fight and return to work. They were employed for reinstatement in the shops of the Maryland Steel Company Monday. This brings the machinists' strike to an end in this city. About 1200 men employed at various shops laid down their tools, and the majority of them were granted their demands.

Servant Girls' Union.

CHICAGO, July 12.—Servant girls and workingwomen generally have taken the preliminary step for the formation of the union they have been waiting for so long. Last night the Workingmen's Union of America was organized under the direction of the International Union Labor League. Pledges hours of work, more freedom and better conditions generally are the objects sought by the Workingwomen's Union of America. Another meeting will be held next week, at which it is expected the organization will be perfected. Mrs. J. Louchrie, president of the Workingwomen's Union of America, said: "One of our prime objects will be to

500 DOZEN CARNATIONS TODAY

At 15c a Dozen

Have you ever seen the day when Woodard, Clarke & Co. were undersold on toilet articles, drugs, sundries, or the thousand and one articles carried in a first-class pharmacy? Our SPECIAL SALE of toilet articles and sundries closes today.

- Triple-strength Washing Ammonia, special..... 3c
Dickinson's Witch Hazel, large size, regular 23c; special..... 12c
Packer's Tar Soap, special..... 11c
Mennen's Talcum Powder, special..... 11c
Lynn's Tooth Powder, special..... 12c
3c Tooth Brushes, special..... 3c
25c Tooth Brushes, special..... 12c
Newbro's Herpicide, special..... 55c
Sheffield's Tooth Paste, special..... 12c
Woodbury's Facial Soap, special..... 11c
Almond Meal, special..... 11c
Benzo Cleaning Compound, special..... 13c
Holmes' Fragrant Frostilla, special..... 12c
25c Wood-back Nail Brushes, special..... 12c
Barber's Razor, special..... 11c
47 1/2 White Rose Glycerine Soap, special..... 11c
Pears' Glycerine Soap, special..... 10c
Mount Hood Cold Cream, special..... 13c
All 25c Dressing Combs, special..... 14c
25c Hair Brushes, special..... 13c

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Embraces the same horizon as the human eye. A most wonderful picture-making machine. Let us show you these cameras—\$100 to \$1000. All perfect. Instruction free. Classes every Monday and Friday evening.

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gain set hours for household employes. Girls should not be compelled to work from 16 to 20 hours a day, but should have set hours and time off for amusement and recreation, the same as women employes in other occupations. We intend to show housewives that the quality of their service will be improved by giving their help more time for rest."

Inquest at Telluride.

TELLURIDE, Colo., July 12.—The Coroner's jury summoned for the purpose of inquiring into the causes of the deaths of the three men killed in the attack on the Smuggler-Union mine July 3 returned a verdict today that death resulted from gunshot wounds inflicted by persons unknown.

ADDRESS TO PYTHIANS.

Pledges the Order to Protect All Certificate Holders.

CHICAGO, July 12.—Under a resolution adopted by the Supreme Lodge, Knights of Pythias, directing the members of the order, supreme vice-chancellor and the president of the board of control of the endowment fund to prepare an address to the members, an address has been issued by the supreme vice-chancellor, which has just been held in this city. The address covers substantially the same facts as were telegraphed last night. The official figures of the result of the examination by the insurance departments of Illinois and Connecticut, as given in this address, show that the fund was \$25,235, of which the sum of \$20,583 was not admitted, leaving net assets of \$33,565. The actual liabilities for the deficit of \$25,237. The address formally pledges the order to protect every beneficial certificate issued by and in force in the endowment fund of the order. The Pythians and a full and prompt payment of all claims due thereon.

Stockman Hitt is Still Alive.

BLAKEFOOT, Idaho, July 12.—Frank K. Hitt, the well-known stockman who was killed by Walter Hilton last night, as Hitt and Mrs. Hilton were returning from a buggy ride, was taken to his home at Idaho Falls this morning. The doctors claim to have secured the bullet which entered the right lung. At an early hour this morning Hitt was united in marriage to Miss Minnie Gibson, a lady who was present at the wedding. Hitt had been engaged to Miss Gibson for some time.

The Kappa Alpha Theta.

NEW YORK, July 12.—Election of officers this afternoon and a banquet this evening marked the close of the biennial convention of Kappa Alpha Theta, a large and active fraternal organization. The delegates represented 23 active chapters and seven alumnae chapters. They are from institutions in all parts of the country, from New England to the Pacific Coast. The fraternity was established in 1870 in Depauw University, Indiana, and has a large executive and graduate membership.

Victims of the Alton Wreck.

KANSAS CITY, July 12.—Leslie E. Colburn, of Paw Paw, Mich., died at St. Joseph's Hospital at 8 o'clock tonight, being the twenty-first victim of the Chicago-Alton train wreck at Norton, Mo., to succumb. Miss Lottie Still, of Hornellville, N. Y., died early this morning at University Hospital. The other most seriously injured were all slightly improved today, with better chances of recovery.

Forest Fires in Colorado.

DENVER, July 12.—Forest fires are raging in two sections of the state, and it is feared that they will destroy a vast amount of property before they can be controlled or extinguished. One of the fires is on the banks of Chalk Creek, in Chaffee County, and the other in Larimer County. Both are said to be in timber on school lands.

Oil Found in Oklahoma.

GUTHRIE, O. T., July 12.—The people over the discovery of oil near the town. The oil was found at a depth of 107 feet and spouted to the surface in great quantities. The company that sunk the well will go deeper in hopes of developing a gusher.

Oklahoma Town Destroyed.

WICHITA, Kan., July 12.—A fire at Mountainview, O. T., this morning destroyed an entire block. Loss, \$68,000. About 150 men employed at the town about business houses were burned.

SICK HEADACHE

Positively cured by these Little Pills. They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable. Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

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