caus-Three Weeks' Fiesta.

He Is Youth Who Murdered Claire Fitch, of Portland, Two Years , Ago This Month.

SALEM, Or., July 1 .-- The Supreme Court today affirmed the decision of the Circuit Court of Mulfnomah County in the case of the State of Oregon against Frank E. McDaniel, who was convicted of the killing of Ciaire Fitch and sentenced to 15 years' imprisonment in the penitentiary. The case was tried in the lower court by Judge M. C. George. The opinion of the Supreme Court was written by Chief Justice R. S. Bean

The opinion states all the facts regarding the finding of the body of Claire Fitch in Cycle Park, Portland, and the evidence tending to show that death was caused by strangulation. The story of the case against McDaniel is told in full, but the opinion does not relate the evidence in detail, for the reason that it presented questions for the jury, and not for the

The first alleged error of the lower court to receive attention is the action of the court in overruling the challenges to Jur-ors Keenan and Kronenberg. The opin-ion reviews the testimony, in which each of these jurors said that whatever opinions he might have formed would not in-fluence him in rendering a verdict, and it is held that the challenges were properly overruled.

The next assignment of error was based upon the ruling of the court in admitting in evidence a letter offered for the purpose of identifying the defendant and Claire Fitch as the couple seen by a Miss Rohrgoing out Twelfth street on the even-ing of July 19. The letter was found upon the person of the defendant and taken from him at the time of his arrest. The objections to the admission of the letter were that its seizure was a violation of the constitutional guaranties against unreasonable search; that its production in court was a violation of the provision that no person shall be compelled to give evidence against himself, and that it was incompetent and irrelevant. The opinion

Letter That Was Against McDaniel. "The fact that the letter was taken from

the person of the defendant at the time of his arrest, by the officer having him in charge, is no valid objection to its admis-sibility in evidence if it is otherwise competent and pertinent to the issue. . . . Miss Rohr testified that about 10 minutes before 8 o'clock in the evening she was in the second story of her house, and, looking out, saw a young man and woman pessing along the street. The lady was reading a letter, consisting of two or three sheets of paper, having a deep printed and prominent heading, like a letter from a business house, and as the couple opposite the house she heard the lady What a funny thing for her to BLY: Miss Rohr testified that, to the write." best of her knowledge, this was the same letter offered in evidence." The court The court holds that it was competent as a means of identification, and as the letter was not offered for any other purpose, it is held that there was no error. On this

point the decision says: "The letter having been properly admit-ted, the jury was entitled to read it if they so desired. It is so connected with the conversation as to make it almost, if not quite, a part thereof, and necessary to explain the remark of the deceased concerning its contents. It is urged that the letter tended to blacken the character of the defendant and to prejudice him before the jury. If this were true, it would afford no reason for its nonadmission, if otherwise competent; but we are not prepared to say, with counsel for defendant, that of itself it would have such an effect, and no extraneous testim was offered concerning it, except the stateent made by defendant to the Chief of Police, that it was written by a married woman.

The state introduced evidence of deciarations made by McDaniel to the Chief. of Police soon after his arrest, concerning his illicit intimacy with the deceased. The of the river. Pilots Cann and Matthews

M'DANIEL MUST DO TIME SUPREME COURT HOLDS HIS CON-VICTION WAS JUST. from Umatilla County, W. R. Ellis, Judge, affirmed. Opinion by Chief Justice Bean. The defendant was indicted for murder in the first degree, and convicted of mur-der in the second degree, for killing her hushand. From the judgment entered against her she appealed, assigning as in or (1) the refusal of the court to admit/ in or (2) the refusal of the court to admit/ in evidence, for the purpose of impeach-ment, the testimony of certain witnesses taken before the Coroner's jury; (3) the court's instruction to the jury that they might find the defendant guilty of murder in the first or second degree, manslaugh-ter, or not guilty; (3) its definition of a reasonable doubt; (4) its statement to the jury that it was admitted in the case that the deceased came to his death by a

wound inflicted by a ball fired from a pistol, which the defendant purchased a few days prior thereto. The testimony before the Coroner's jury was reduced to writing and signed by the

witnesses, hence it is held that the wit-nesses could not be impeached unless the testimony were shown to them before questions were asked concerning it. It is also held that the court did not err in the cond particular.

Ine trial court's definition of a reason-able doubt was: "A reasonable doubt is such a doubt as exists in the mind of a reasonable man, after a full, free, and careful examination and comparison of all the evidence. It must be such a doubt as would cause a careful, considerate and prudent man to pause and consider before acting in the grave and most important affairs of life." The Supreme Court holds that this definition is open to criticism, as is every definition yet given by the courts on that subject. The definition approved by the Oregon Supreme Court in the case of State vs. Morey, 35 Oregon, 34, is held to be a safer one, but it is held that there

was no reversible error in the definition given. The statement made to the jury regard-ing the purchase of the pistol is held to be in accordance with the facts, and therefore not error.

State of Oregon, respondent, vs. James Hill, appellant, from Union County, Robert Eakin, Judge, affirmed. Opinion by Justice Moore.

The defendant was convicted of the larceny of a mare, the property of D. H. Shaffer, in August, 1889. He was sen-tenced to two years' imprisonment, and it appearing that the court below committed no error, the judgment is affir

State of Oregon, respondent, vs. William Ogden, appellant, from Union County, Robert Eakin, Judge; reversed. Opinion by Justice Moore.

The defendant was convicted of forcibly ravishing the prosecutrix, a woman 21 years of age. The defendant introduced evidence to show that the woman's reputation for chastity and virtue was bad, whereupon the prosecution called a wit-ness to testify that her reputation was good. The defense, in cross-examining this witness, asked the witness whether he knew of certain specified acts which indicated a bad reputation. This evidence was ruled out. The Supreme Court holds that the evidence was admissible and reverses the case upon this ground. Other questions that may arise at the next trial were also considered

UNCLE SAM MAY BUY STEAMER. Callender Will Probably Be Used to

Visit Forts on Columbia.

ASTORIA, Or., July 1 .- Negotiations are in progress for the purchase by the Gov-ernment of the steamer Callender, owned by the Callenders, of Knappton, for use as a tender to the forts around the mouth of the river. Yesterday a board of officers took a trip around the river on the craft, and upon their report a decision will be reached as to the purchase. From re-marks made by these officers, it is belleved their report will be favorable. The price asked is not made public, but it is reported to be about \$13,000.

Manzanlia Getting Ready to Leave. The lighthouse tender Manzanita is at the Tongue Point buoy station, taking on supplies. consisting of buoys, anchors, chains and such things. On July 5 she is expected to leave out for Alaska, to visit the aids to navigation there, and will be absent on the trip a month or six

Pilot Schooner Goes Outside. The pliot schooner San Jose went outside his afternoon to her station off the mouth

Sampson in the Navy, and the Navy De-partment is full of them, because of the close relation between the Oregon and the Brooklyn, the flagship during the battle of July 3, 1895. Captain Clark and Ad-miral Schley have always been very warm friends. Admiral Schley recognized the great qualities of the Oregon, espec-ally in running down the Colon near the TRAGEDY ON THE LAKE FRONT AT CHICAGO. The officers of the Department who had to design the medal did not care very much about having anything relating to Schley connected with it, but at the same time the return designating "The Man

Ten Boys and One Man Who Sought Shelter From the Storm Were Struck by Lightning.

STRUCK BY THUNDERBOLT

CHICAGO, July 1 .- Crowded together in a little zinc-lined shanty under a North Shore pler, 10 boys and young men and one old man met instant death by light-ning today. They had left their fish linss and sought shelter from the fierce thunder storm fhat deluged the northern part of the city, about 1 o'clock. Ten minutes later their bodies lay, with twisted and tangled limbs, 'like a nest of snakes, as the men who found them said. Ther There were 12 who sought shelter, and just one escaped. Tweive-year-old Willie Ander-son was uninjured, but he lay many long minutes before he could be drawn out from under the heap of dead bodies. The

dead are all from families of comparative-ly poor people. They were fishing and honor of San Juan, the patron saint of

OBJECT OF GOMEZ' VISIT TO THE UNITED STATES,



GENERAL MAXIMO GOMEZ.

NEW YORK, July 1 .- General Maximo Gomez has been spending much of his time in conference with Tomas Estrada Palma, at the Waldorf-Astoria. Neither would divulge the exact nature of their talk. It is thought that General Gomez is here to sound the head of the Cuban junta on the question of his candidacy for the Presidency of Cuba. General Gomez, who is himself a Presidential possibil-ity, declared recently in favor of Senor Estrada Palma. When this subject was

clined to receive any of the visitors, a fact that seemed to be very displeasing to some Cubans. Senor Gonzales, who accompanied him, saw some reporters, and

tion, and respectfully requests reporters to excuse him. He is going to Washing-ton on some personal business, but just when he will get back has not been de-

One report which is current is that the General's visit to this con he will issue a statement covering the object of his trip north, and setting

seeking relief from the heat of the day, or had come to wade or swim. The dead are: throughout the island, where one's saint George Brabinet, 11 years old. Meyer Jacobs, 45 years. George Priebs, 12 years.

day is more celebrated than one's birth-day. The San Juan News, the American dally, gave a holiday to its employes

OKLAHOMA LANDS WILL BE OPENED ON THE DATE FIXED.

NO

Numerous Contests Are Already in Sight, and Years of Litigation May Be the Result.

REASON FOR DELAY

Schley connected with it, but at the same time the reverse, designating "Tha Man Behind the Gum," is a Schley remark. The Admiral made it in speaking of the great victory, saying that the "man be-hind the gun" deserved as much credit as the officers. There ought to be some sort of a medal or official recognition to commemorate the trip of the Oregon, and her achievement in the battle of San-tiago. Perhaps some sort of a distinctive medal can be secured. WASHINGTON, July 1. - Secretary Hitchcock has decided that there is no authority of law permitting a delay un-til October, 1901, in the opening of the Wichita Indian reservation in Oklahoma, as desired by certain cattle interests. The Secretary's announcement followed a hearing, which he had given to representa-tives of the lessees and of companies which had lent money on reservation cat-tle owned by the lessees. The cattlemen have paid the money up to October 1, and say an injustice would be done them if the reservation should be opened at the PATRON SAINT OF SAN JUAN Feast Day Celebrated by Porto Riif the reservation should be opened at the date proposed. There was a full and free discussion, but the Secretary did not fee SAN JUAN, Porto Rico, June 25,that he had authority to grant the de-

lay asked for. While he has announced no formal decision in the matter, his views are to the effect stated, and preparaion will be made for opening the lands for settlement next month.

Settlers Will Contest.

GUTHRIE, O. T., July 1.-The Govern-ment's plan of settlement of the Klowa and Comanche country is to be contested by settlers who expect to take claims when the country is opened. The plan of contest is the legality of the drawing scheme. Among those who will be leading plaintiffs is L. N. Hornbeck, of Minco, I. T., who has been a Government sur-veyor. An attorney from Texas has secured 40 clients, and will follow the same

The best advances show that thousands are now ready and prepared to enter the country as soon as the proclamation is made. Claims will be staked off by those who are already camped along the bor-ders, and if a fight is to be made along the proposed lines of contest, it will occasion endless suits for right and titles in the land offices and the courts. The bellef of the land attorneys is that only wo legal ways are open for those who want a claim; First to settle upon a quarter before some one else files; second, to file before the other feilow set-ties. The courts, not the departments, are the interpreters of the law, and all questions must be finally passed upon by the courts.

More Trouble Is Promised.

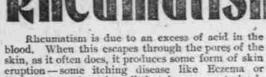
DENISON, Tex., July 1 .- A company of fexas, Indian Territory and Oklahoma men has been formed to make a rush for the lands of the Klowa and Comanche country when they are opened to settle ment. They have employed Richard Mor-gan, of Perry, O. T., as counsel, and, if necessary, will fight their case in the courts. They have been given legal opin-ions that the Kiowa and Comanche country has been purchased by the Govern-ment; that it is public domain and open for settlement by the citizens of the United States; that it can only be subject to the homesead laws of the United States; that the homestead laws provide but one means of selecting homes, and that is to move on a claim, stake it off and own it as a homestead, and there is no provision in law for selecting claims by drawing lots.

SECRET SERVICE DIVISION.

What Chief Wilkle's Men Have Done **Buring** the Year.

WASHINGTON, July 1.-The annual re-port of Chief Wilkle, of the Secret Serv-ice Division, submitted to Secretary Gage today, states that during the 12 months ending June 10, 1901, there were placed in circulation but four new counterfeit notes against an average of about 10 for each year during the preceding 10 years. Only of these new notes was dangerous the others being the product of unskilled workmanship. The total amount of counterfeit currency which came into the pos-session of the division during the year amounted to \$30,066, while \$18,117 in counterfeit coin was confiscated. Coin coun-terfeiting decreased all over the country.

except in New York and vicinity, when



sens, as it often noted in the sense like Eczema or Tetter -- but when these little tubes or sweat glanda are suddenly closed by exposure to cold and sudden chilling of the body, then the poisons thrown off by the blood, finding no outlet, settle in membranes,

the blood, infining no outlet, settle in memoranes, consistent of the muscles, tissues and nerves. These parts become greatly inflamed, feverish and hot; dagger-like, maddening pains follow in quick succession, the muscles become extremely tender, the nerves break down and the sufferer is soon reduced to a state of helplessness and misery. This acid poison penetrates the joints and scents to dry out the natural oils, and the legs, arms and fingers become so stiff and sore that every more mental with a verminative rains. that every movement is attended with excruciating pains. Liniments, plasters, electricity and baths, while their use may give temporary

ease, cannot be called cures, for the disease returns with every change of the weather. S. S. S. cures Rheumatism by working a complete change in the blood ; the acids are neutral-

"Three years ago I had a severe attack of la grippe, which left me almost a physical wreck. To add to my wretched condition, a severe form of Rheumatism developed. I tried all the physical is one difference. tried all the physicians in our city, but none of them could do me any permanent good. I used all the rhoumatic cures I could hear of, but received no benefit. After beginning S. S. S. I was relieved of the pains and have gained in flesh and strength and my general health is better than for years. I consider S. S. S. the grandest blood medicine in the world, and heartily recommend it to any one scek-ing relief from the tortures of Rheumatism. B. F. GREGORY, Union, S. C."

which deaden the pain but do not touch the disease and lead to ruinous habits. Alkalies and the potash and mineral remedies so often prescribed, affect the tender lining of the stomach and weaken the digestion, thus adding another burden to the already weak and impoverished blood. S. S. S. con-tains no mineral or dangerous drug of any kind, but is a simple, vegetable remedy and the most perfect blood purifier known. Send for our book on Rheumatism and write our physicians if you wish any information or advice. We would be glad to mail you a book free; we charge nothing whatever for medical advice.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC COMPANY, ATLANTA, GA.

three-pounders and two six-pounders, and Marines of the Kearsarge and the Ala-ama will be put ashore under command of Major C. A. Doven, fleat marine and the Ala-the number of claims pending May 13, 1991, was 415,409, and on June 39, 1991, 655,659. will plant four naval-defense mines.

of Major C. A. Doyen, fleet marine officer. This equipment and this force will hold the place against the fleet. After a sham battle and the passage of the mines by the fleet, the offensive force will be landed from the ships and will capture the place. The sham battle is calculated to give every opportunity for mining, countermining, signaling and landing men by night and day, and all tactics that actual conflict would afford. The Bailey will attack the fleet at night,

WASHINGTON, July 1.—The Secretary of the Treasury today bought \$128,000 short-term 4 per cent bonds at 112.934, in-terest due July 1, and \$59,000 5s at 108.32, Details of the expedition and maneu-vers have been prepared under the supervision of Rear Admiral Francis G. Hig-

WIRELESS TELEGRAPH IN NAVY.

ginson.

Admiral Bradford Recommends Equipping Warships Wth It. NEW York, July 1. - Rear-Admiral Bradford, chief of the Bureau of Equip-

ment, will point out in his annual re-port, says a Herald dispatch from Washington, the necessity of equipping American men-of-war with a system of wire-less telegraphy. As soon as the approprintion is obtained, he will recommend the system to be adopted for the naval service. Belleving that Commander Richardson Clover, Naval Attacke in London, is deeply occupied with his cur-rent work, the Rear-Admiral has recommended to Secretary Long that a wire-less telegraph expert be sent to England to represent the Navy in the trial of the two systems developed by Lloyd's agency

Having made arrangements for the establishment of coal depots on the New England Coast, the Navy Department will now give special attention to the Pacific. A depot capable of accommodating 10,000 dating 10,000

tons of coal will be located at San Diego, Cal. Instructions have been sent to Cap-tain Merry, at Honolulu, to begin condemnation proceedings at Pearl Harbor, which is to be the site of a large naval station. Nine hundred acres of land will station. Also, when hundred acres of and while be acquired. The report of the board or-dered to examine Guam with a view to improving the harbor of Agam and lo-cating a town upon its shore will be sub-mitted about the middle of July The defor a depot in the harbor which will accommodate 10,000 tons of coal.

YEAR IN THE PENSION OFFICE.

Appointed Quartermaster. WASHINGTON, July 1. - Joseph T. Davidson has been appointed Quarter-master, with the rank of Captain, The Philippines. General F. D. Grant in Leslie's Weekly, The archipelago is of first importance from a military standpoint, because it

gives us a station at a comparatively short distance from the great future field of commerce-the Chinese Empire, with 400,000,000 inhabitants, in the southeastern part of Asia. As these nations produce more they will become more capable of buying, and the chance of controlling their trade is enhanced by having a strong outpost at Manila, at the very gates of the Orient. It may not be that we shall ever have to fight to hold or control this trade, but we shall be much more apt to have our share of it if we are prepared for strong measures to defend our rights, just as a man makes secure against burgtars by having a watchman in the house and putting locks on his front

It is for the corps of engineers of the Army, of course, to consider the forti-tication and defense of the Philippines, and some surveys have probably made aiready with that end in view. I am especially hopeful of the Filipino as a soldier. The natives are stubborn and courageous fighters, and an army, offi-cered by Americant, could be raised among them sufficient for the defense of the archipelago. So far we have not taken many natives into the Army, but we have used them to police the cities with excellent results. The few that have excellent results. served with me have shown courage and

the material interest of the Fillpinos as

and will enable them in time to enjoy

the same freedom that the Americans do.

dash on the field when led by white of-



ized, the circulation purified and

the rich, healthy blood that is carried to the irritated, aching

muscles and joints, soothes and

heals them. S. S. S. cures Rheu-matism even when inherited or

brought on by the excessive use

of mercury. Opium, in some form, is the basis of nearly all

so-called Rheumatic Cures,

pared with the previous year, was about

Clatms Commission's Decision WASHINGTON, D. C., July L-The Spanish Treaty Claims Commission de-cided this afternoon that testimony may be taken in

be taken in the case of claims either in or outside of the United States. This de-cision will necessitate additional legisla-

Purchase of Short-Term Bonds.

tion on this point next Winter,

ntioned to Senor Palma last night, he said: "I would rather not discuss the matter. It is too early, anyway, and the Cu-

bans have really not yet made up their minds whom they desire for President." Cards from callers were sent to his rooms, but the General invariably de-

said to them "General Gomez has nothing to say about anything at this time for publica

upon.'

to do with a readjustment of the agreement made between him and the United States Government at the close of the Spanish War. General Gomez was then placed on the Government pay-roll, value being put on his services among the Cubans. General Gomez left the city this morning with Senor Palma for the latter's home at Central Valley, N. Y. He expects to go to Washington tomor-row and call upon President McKinley. Before going to the capital it is possible forth his views on Cuban affairs.

Supreme Court holds that this was competent as forming a link in a chain of circumstances tending to connect the de-fendant with the commission of the crime.

Note to Dead Girl.

The state offered in evidence a letter alleged to have been written by McDaniel to Claire Fitch shortly before her death, and found in the latter's room after her death. It rended to show that illicit relations had existed. Two witnesses had identified the handwriting as that of Mc-Daniel, and one witness testified that, when shown a copy of the letter, McDaniel admitted having written it. This was held sufficient proof of its authenticity.

The state, having put Clay Morse or the stand, attempted to impeach his testimony by showing that at a previous time he had testified differently. The defense objected that a party cannot impeach his own witness. The Supreme Court holds. section \$38 of the code, the state had a right to lay the foundation for his impeachment by the inquiry whether he had at other times made statenents inconsistent with his testimony at the trial.

During the trial the court told the attorney for the defense that leading questions must not be put to Clay Morse for he appeared to be a witness favorable to the defense. This statement was made to show the reason why leading questions must not be put. Counsel for defendant excepted to the language, whereupon the court instructed the jury to disregard the words, and that they were the sole judges of the credibility of witnesses. The Su-preme Court holds that the trial Judge made only such statements as were neces-sary to explain to counsel why leading questions must not be put, and therefore

there was no error, especially since the jury was instructed to disregard the

During the cross-examination of Witness Necritz, she was asked if, when ex-amined by the District Attorney, she was sworn not to disclose what occurred or to repeat her statements to any one else. Objection was made to this question on the ground that it was not proper cross-examination, and was incompetent, during the argument on which the Deputy District Attorney accused counsel for the defense of pettiforging. This language was objected to and the court disapprove and later instructed the jury to disregard

Heid no reversible error. ' filton Weidler, secretary of the Milton Portland Fire Department, whose duty it is to keep the record of fire alarms, was called as a witness for the prosecution, and testified that the fire bell did not ring on the evening of July 19, up to 12 o'clock midnight; that he based his knowledge upon the fact that the city keeps a regis ter and system of electric apparatus by which every fire alarm is automatically indicated in the office, under which it is impossible for an alarm to be rung with-out a record being made of it, and thus coming to the knowledge of witness. Ob ection was made on the ground that witness was not speaking from his persona The evidence is held con knowledge.

petent Several other minor questions are con eldered, but after a full investigation of the case, the Supreme Court finds no er

rulings of the lower court, and affirms the judgment,

THREE OTHER DECISIONS.

Woman Who Killed Husband Not Entitled to New Trinl.

SALEM, Or., July 1 .- State of Oregon. adent, vs. Minnie Crockett, ap

are on board of her. SALMON PACKERS COMBINE.

Papers Will Be Signed Today, and

Details Made Public. SCRANTON, Pu., July 1 .- M. G. Munly, of Portland, Or., was here today on his way home from New York, where he par-ticipated in the formation of a combine of Salmon packers of Alaska and Puget Sound, representing 1,700,000 pounds of the annual output of 3,000,000 pounds. The papers are to be signed tomorrow, and then the details will be made public.

Amputation of Leg Cost Life.

ASHLAND, July 1.-Thomas Phillips, aged 25, a native of Pennsylvania, and a member of the Southern Pacific steel gang on Siskiyou mountain, who fell under a freight train he was getting aboard of at Hornbrook, Saturday night, at mid-night, and had his leg badly mangled, died under the operation of amputation of the limb.

Much Dried Fruit Burned.

SAN JOSE, Cal., July 1.-Four hundred and fifty tons of dried fruit was destroyed last night by the burning of the fruit packing house of George N. Her-bert, near this city. Loss, about \$60,000; insurance, \$40,000.

Night Watchman at Reform School, SALEM, July L-The State Board of Education today appointed William Education Pierce, of Polk County, night watchman at the Reform School.

arion County Tax Collections. SALEM, July 1.- Sheriff Durbin today paid into the County Treasury \$21,034 29, the amount of his tax collections for the month of June.

Wish is Father, Etc.

Pendleton East Oregonian, Judge Lowell is modestly feeling his way as a candidate for Governor. The Judge would make a very acceptable Governor. As a Republican he is clean and fearless, and this is the barrier to his nomination. No clean and fearless man particularly from Eastern Oregon, is wanted by the leaders of the Republican party in the gubernatorial office. The man who gets the nomination as a can-didate of the Republican organization must consent to be bound and gagged by the machine in Portland. Judge Lowell stands little, if any, show of the nomination, because he will not enter into

a bargain for the office. If he would do so, he might secure it, and an Eastern Oregon man would at last be Governo of Oregon. But why discuss the impos-sible and impractical! Eastern Oregon Republicans are well within the traces and will have to pull with the machine, whether they want to or not, and those in the saddle are not caring for their ef-forts or interested in their ambitions.

Carnegie's Offer to Detroit.

DETROIT, July 1.-George W. Rad-ford, member of the Detroit Public Library Board, has received a letter from Andrew Carnegie stating that Mr. Car. negie will contribute \$75,000 toward the erection of a new public library building in this city.

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NCINNATI,	DETROIT	AND	BUF-	Y
	FALO.		1.	b
	and the second sec			1.22

July 1, 2 and 3 are dates for anle of round-trip tickets to above points. Rates greatly reduced. Full information at O. R. & N. ticket office, Third and Washing-

Frank Coozey, 11 years. Carl Kruze, 18 years. Edward Bloch, 23 years. Unknown man, supposed to be named

oderick Unknown man. Three unknown boys.

The scene of the tragedy was a pier just south of Marquette Terrace, and a few hundred feet from the waterworks pumping station, at the foot of Montrose boulevard. The storm was as violent a visitation as has ever been experienced the finabling giare of lightning, and the air rumbled steadily with thunder. Half bling has been openly conducted. a dozen houses, outbuildings and trees in the vicinity were struck and almost all

of the telephone wires burned out. There were 13 men and boys on the pler at the time. They rushed for the only available shelter and crowded themselves

in through the little trap door in the top of the cabin till they were packed almost to the suffocation point. Then came the to the suffocation point. thunder bolt. It was the worst of the Watchers in the pumping station storm. saw the sigzag lightning strike the water, as they thought.

There was one small boy, however, who saw the bolt, and whose senses were all alert, despite his excitement. But for him the dead might have lain where they were for hours, and little Willie Anderson might have been suffocated under their bodies. Percy Keane, clad in bathing trunks, and watching from the water, heard a scream as the bolt struck. Mind-less of the storm he rushed across the beach. At the pier he heard a cry, "Help! Get me out!" He looked into the cabin, and in dismay saw the twisted bodies. Young Percy, crying, pulled at the dead nen's arms and legs to get them away. He saw Willie Anderson's head, and a part of his body, but he could not pull him out, nor could he pull the heavy bodies from on top of him. Then young Keans telephoned to the police, who suc-

ceeded, after a great deal of difficulty in reviving young Anderson and recovering the dead bodies of the others.

WEST INDIA NAVAL MEDAL. The Intention to Have Battle-Ship

Oregon On It Was Abandoned.

bgk WASHINGTON, June 27 .- There is oguite an interesting story in connection with the final decision not to have the battle-ship Oregon on the reverse side of the West India Naval medal. The first decision met with general favor, because the Oregon was recognized as the greatof the Navy during the Spanish would also have been a recogest ship war. It nitiof of the great trip she made around the Horn to enter the West Indian Naval campaign, and of her superior work in the battle of Santlago. The suggestion met with universal approval from all sources except Naval officers who were on other ships. The Brooklyn people thought that this flagship, which took a prominent part in the battle, ought to be on the medial if any ship was represented, and Captain Evans, of the Iowa, Captain Taylor, of the Indiana, and the friends of Captain Philip, of the Texas, all came in to assert that it would be unfair to the other variate that mere actually to the other vessels that were actually in the fight to grant this distinction to

the Oregon. The suggestion was made that the New

and issued no paper this morning, For two weeks San Juan has been enjoying a 20-day fiesta. Thousands of dollars was collected by a committee ap-pointed by the Alcalde, and San Juan

prepared a prolonged celebration unequal-ed by any of the past. A special pro-gramme was prepared for each day. There was music every night, money prizes were given for athletic contests, cycle, boat and horse races, big public balls were given at the theater and scores of private functions were held. The plaza has been brillfantly illuminated at night, in Chicago. The skies were filled with and thousands, of dollars have

> Sunday there was a series of road races with \$300 in prizes, one \$100 prize and four of \$50 each. The horses were not trained for racing, and there was no jockeying, but thousands of people witnessed the event, and considerable money changed hands. What is called a ribbot race, but would be more properly termed a competition, was also held. For this young society ladies prepared a lot of ribbons an inch or two wide and a yard long. These were hand painted or cm-

broidered, and each bore the maker's name. The ribbons are suspended across the roadway from a wire. They hang about a foot above the rider's head. T the lower end of each ribbon is attached To a small steel ring. The rider is armed with a wooden lance, with which, while riding at high speed he attempts to cap ture as many ribbons as he can by insert ing the end of the lance in a small ring One who is an expert can capture half a dozen. A committee of the young la-dies judge the contest. Nearly 100 riders participated in this amusing event on Sat urday. Bicycles are also used in this

Last night there was a very fine public exhibition of fireworks, all of native man. ufacture and each piece loudly applaud-ed by the spectators, particularly by the Americans. Yesterday's flests began with bands playing in the streets at daylight and ended at daylight this morning, when the ball broke up. During the week there have been daily

sports for the populace. The fiesta of San Juan began June 10, and there are yet five more days of it, and then three days' rest before the Fourth of July celebra-

General Allen has appointed a committee to prepare for the proper observation of the Fourth, with Dr. Brumisaugh as chairman and this committee appointed over a dozen subcommittees. All are working hard, and the celebration bids fair to excel any celebration that Porto Rico has ever seen. There is a Govern-ment appropriation of \$500, which, with the contributions of individuals, will enable San Juan to observe Independence Day in a manner which would do honor to any American city of its size

Giocomo Not Threatened by Moha CHEYENNE, Wyo., July 1.-The report to the effect that the Italian Minister at Washington had requested the State Department to protect Dr. Giocomo, of Rock Springs, from violence at the hands of a mob, while true, has aroused a great deal of amusement here. The state au-thorities have failed to hear anything of the pending violence, and messages to Rock Springs bring out the intelli-gence that Giocomo is in no danger of mob violence, and never has been. no danger of

No. The suggestion was made that the New York, Admiral Sampson's flagship, should be on the reverse of the medal, but this could not be granted, as it would have caused universal dissatisfaction among the officers and crews of the other ships. Then again, to place the Gregon on the medal was opposed by the friends of

there has been a gradual increase in this class, particularly cases in which genu-ine silver forms the basis of the imita-The arrests for 12 months show a total of 594. Of these 410 were for mak ing, passing and having in possession interfeit coin. Of the prisoners, 30 were Italians, 24 were Germans and six Swedea. Four hundred and thirty-two were born in the United States

The contraband property captured included 372 sets of molds, of which 24 were metal and 246 plaster of paris. There were 45 metal dies for the striking of coin and 202 plates of various character for and 202 plates of various character for the printing of the currency of this and foreign countries. Eighty-one plates for the printing of forbidden advertising ma-terial were also confiscated. A large amount of work was performed for the other departments of the Government in the departments of the Government in connection with National bank defalca-tions, naturalization frauds, thefts of Government stores and property at the United States mint and assay offices. The drafting of a habitual criminal act for ubmission to Congress is urged.

PUBLIC DEBT STATEMENT.

Shows a Decrease of Seventeen Mil-Hons in June.

WASHINGTON, July 1 .- The statement of the public debt issued today shows that at the close of the fiscal year, June 30, 1901, the debt, less cash in the Trens-ury, amounted to \$1,044,739,120, a decrease during June of \$17,737,574. This decrease is accounted for in the main by an in-crease in the cash on hand. The debt is recapitulated as follows:

.\$ 987,141,042 1,415,620 383,015,584

Total

This amount, however, does not include \$771,754,659 in certificates and Treasury notes outstanding, which are offset by an equal amount of cash' on hand held for their redemption. The cash in the Treas-ury is classified as follows:

Gold reserve fund \$ 150,000,000

Cash balance\$ 326,833,124

NAVAL SHAM BATTLE.

Elaborate Programme of Maneuvers in Vineyard Sound.

NEW YORK, July 1.-The sham battle and naval maneuvers of the North Atlantic Squadron in Vineyard Sound next Friday and Saturday will be nearly as ex-tensive as those off Newport last September, says a Herald dispatch from Newport, R. I. The battle-ground was selected by Rear Admiral Francis J. Higginson, Commander-in-Chief of the North Atlantic Squadron, and Captain French E. Chadwick, president of the naval war college, a month ago. Wood Holl will be the objective point, and Newport the base of supplies. The flagship Kearsarge, the battle-ships Alabama and Massa-chusetts and the torpedo-boat Balley will participate. The squadron will sail from Newport Friday morning, and will steam at once for Wood's Hoil. Naval defense mines will be supplied to the ships from the torpedo station, and tents from the

Forty-Nine Thousand Names Added

to the Rolls. WASHINGTON, July 1.-A statement prepared at the Pension Office shows that for the fiscal year ended June 30, 49,612 names were added to the pension rolls, of which 44,861 were original lasues and 4501 were restorations. The original issues included the following:

nvalids, Civil War invalids, war with Spain Survivors of Mexican War... Survivors of Mexican War. Survivors Indian wars Widows, Civil War. Widows, Mexican War. Widows, Indian wars Widows, 'old wars prior to 1861''..... Widows, War of 1812 Nurses .19.842 . 1,241

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Negro Fiend Lynched. RICHMOND, Va., July 1 .- A negro who attempted a criminal assault upon a Brunswick County woman a few days ago was taken from the jail at Lawren Sunday night by a mob and lynched.

well as to their intellectual develo

NEW RATES.



I feel that the Americans, in taking the Philippines, are performing a great humanitarian act, which will redound to