WHAT OLYMPIA WANTS

COMMITTEEMEN WILL BE SHOWN ABOUT THE HARBOR.

Necessity of Completing Improvements Planned Eight Years Ago Will Be Impressed Upon Them.

OLYMPIA, Wash., June 30.—The programme for the entertainment of the members of the rivers and harbors committee in this city July 3, has been completed by the local committee having the matter in hand. On the arrival of the Congressional Committee, which will be at 1 o'clock on the afternoon of the 3d, the visitors will be taken about Olympia harbor in a steamer for a couple of hours and facts and figures will be laid before them, showing what improvements are needed. In 1892-3 the state harbor line commission prepared an elaborate plan for the permanent improvement of the harbor, and this was approved by the board of engineers of the Army and the Secretary of War, S. B. Elkins. Owing to the general financial depression prevailing at that time nothing came of the plan as outlined. Now the local committee will bring this matter before the visitors and endeavor to impress them with the necessity of proceeding with the improvement as contemplated at that time. After the trip about the harbor is completed the guests will be treated to a clambake, and in the evening a public reception will be given them in the parlors of the Olympia Hotel. The committee will remain here over night, leaving early next morning for South Bend, where it will spend the Fourth.

Olympia's School Population.

School Clerk Schomber yesterday completed the compilation of the school census of this city, and the result shows that Olympia has 1346 children of school age. This number is but 37 greater than last year and is in a measure disappointing, as it is known that the population has increased to such an extent that there is not an empty house in Olympia. School Clerk Schomber, however, explains the discrepancy in this way:

"The returns of the school census now completed, show a smaller increase in our school population than was anticipated, hardly in keeping with the actual increase in our population. While the population of Olympia has very materially increased within the past year, the failure of the school census to show a corresponding and more substantial increase is largely due to the fact that many of our new residents who have been attracted to Olympia and so favorably impressed that they had determined to make their homes here, are young married people with small families. In many instances the enumerators have found in those families one or more children too young to come under the requirements governing school census. A larger percentage of young people, married and single, have become residents of Olympia within the past year than during any like period in late years, which fact speaks well for the future of Olympia, as the presence of a new, active and progressive element taking part in the development and building up of Olympia will surely make itself felt, and there need be no fear in regard to a substantial increase in our school population in the near future."

Loggers Lay Off.

The various logging camps of the Sound closed down last evening for the usual Fourth of July lay-off. The woodsmen will begin today to see the cities and will not return to work before Monday, July 8. Owing to the fact that neither Seattle nor Tacoma give celebrations this year, the woodsmen will spend the Fourth in the smaller towns.

THE TURNER CAMPMEETING.

Last Day Marked by the Largest Attendance of the Week.

TURNER, June 30.—The last day of the Christian campmeeting in the Turner Tabernacle at this place was the best of the session, so far as attendance and general interest were concerned. The weather being ideal, large crowds came from every direction and the campmeeting grounds were swarming with people all day long. Thousands gathered in the tabernacle at each service. Long rows of carriages stood along the fences, every available spot being utilized for the hitching of a team. At noon the people gathered in family groups to eat their lunches or crowded the hotel diningrooms for two or three hours before a place at the tables could be secured. Except during the time when services were being held, Turner presented a holiday appearance. The people who came to the campmeeting quite generally attended the religious services and at all times good order prevailed.

The Sunday school exercises were held at 9:45 A. M., and in the absence of the superintendent, Clara G. Esson, the exercises were conducted by Rev. E. M. Patterson. After singing and prayer, the classes were formed in different parts of the large room and each class was led by a teacher especially selected for this work. To one sitting apart and observing the work of the entire school, the scene presented the appearance of great confusion, all seeming to be talking at once; but as each class gave attention to its own instructor, the study of the Bible lesson was in reality very orderly and successful.

Following the Sunday school, the morning church services were held. Rev. M. L. Rose, president of the Christian missionary convention, presided and read the Scripture lesson. Rev. W. A. Wood led the congregation in prayer. Mrs. L. F. Stephens sang a solo in a very sweet and affecting manner, her clear voice carrying perfectly to the farthest corners of the room.

Rev. D. R. Dungan preached the morning sermon, taking as his subject: "Upon This Rock I Will Build My Church." The speaker called attention to the language of the text, which shows that the church mentioned was "to be" built, and that when built it should be "his" church. Many persons present might desire to join a church such as that mentioned, and on that account a study of the form of the church is important. The essential feature of an organization is its fundamental faith. The church mentioned in the text has for its foundation faith in Christ. The lesson from the Scriptures, he said, was that the adherents of this church in its beginning were known as Christians; their church officers were elders, deacons, bishops and evangelists; their ordinances were those of baptism and the Lord's supper; in the ordinance of baptism the convert was buried in the waters; the Lord's supper was celebrated on the first day of every week; salvation, according to the teachers of that church, depended upon repentance and baptism. Such was the church Christ founded and a departure from any of the characteristics of that church destroys the identity of the church. If it is right to depart from any of the characteristics of the early church, it is certainly also right to adhere to them. During the first two centuries of the Christian era the church was in its palmiest days. Those churches which have departed from the form of the early church are retrograding, while the church which retains that form is advancing. The millennium cannot come until the churches return to the form outlined in the Scriptures.

At 2:30 this afternoon Rev. W. A. Lindsay, of McMinnville, preached, and at 3:30 the weekly communion service was held. At 5 o'clock the Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor was led by Rev. E. R. Moon.

The closing service of the campmeeting was commenced at 7:30 o'clock with a praise service, after which Rev. D. R. Dungan preached the closing sermon. The subject of Dr. Dungan's evening sermon was "Faith," his text being from Romans, v:1. The speaker said that faith is belief. The verb "believe" has to do service for both the nouns "faith" and "belief." The question is, What must we believe in order to be saved? The answer is, We must believe in the Lord Jesus Christ, for in him alone is there salvation. We are to come into possession of faith by means of testimony, and divine faith comes by divine testimony. Having acquired faith, that faith will lead us to do what Christ would have us to do.

AT CAMP BEEBE.

Sunday a Quiet Day With the Fourth Regiment.

EUGENE, June 30.—Sunday was to a great extent a day of rest in Camp Beebe. Drills were suspended and only the usual daily ceremonies were observed. The guard mount in the morning was the best executed of the week and was witnessed by quite a number of visitors who arose early and came to camp to see the early morning exercises. At 9 o'clock the Colonel made the inspection of the regiments. Troop A was inspected this morning by Colonel James Jackson, Inspector-General. The Fourth Regiment will be inspected tomorrow by the same officer.

Governor Geer and his staff are expected to visit the camp tomorrow afternoon, and will, of course, be tendered a review.

Troop A will start in the morning on its return march to Lebanon, and will consume three days in the march. It will arrive at Albany July 3, and spend the Fourth in that city.

The Fourth Regiment Band, which was organized a year ago, is now the pride of every officer and man of the command. It is furnishing music of the first order, and gives much life and entertainment to the camp. Sergeant George H. Yerington is chief musician and has worked diligently until now he has a band equal to any in the state as a musical organization.

The health of the men in camp continues most gratifying. There has been absolutely no sickness whatever and the hospital department has had nothing to do more than to treat a few slight ailments, such as scratched fingers or something of that sort.

There has been excellent conduct on the part of the men, and the guardhouse is empty. The judicial officer, Lieutenant-Colonel Poorman, has had no cases of any kind to try. The camp up to the present time has been a success.

FUNERAL OF W. L. MEREDITH.

Church and Streets in the Vicinity Were Packed With People.

SEATTLE, June 30.—Funeral services over the remains of the late William L. Meredith were held today in the First Methodist Church, Rev. Clark Davis officiating. The exercises were held under the auspices of the Woodmen of the World, of which deceased was a member. Probably no more impressive funeral was ever held in Seattle. The church and streets in every direction from the church were filled for blocks away. A platoon of police led the march, and in the procession were numerous city and county officials, including Mayor Humes and Chief of Police Sullivan. Hundreds of carriages and other conveyances followed the body to the grave in Lakeview cemetery.

A Sawmill Accident.

DAYTON, Wash., June 30.—Charles H. Waterman, a prominent sawmill man, was severely injured Saturday afternoon at his mill on the Tukanon, 20 miles from this city. The frame holding the saw broke while the saw was in full motion, causing the saw and shaft to fly forward, striking Waterman a glancing blow on his left side. The flesh was stripped off his arm from shoulder to elbow, his shoulder blade was split, and the ribs of his left side were laid bare. After the accident, Waterman walked a quarter of a mile to his home without assistance. Dr. Black, of Pomeroy, thinks Waterman will recover, but may lose his arm.

Ashland Goddess of Liberty.

ASHLAND, Or., June 30.—The voting contest for the Goddess of Liberty for the Ashland Fourth of July celebration resulted in the election of Miss Gertrude McCallen, who received more than 1200 votes. Miss Ethelynde Sanford received nearly 1000 votes.

Body of an Unknown Man.

DALLAS, Or., June 30.—The body of an unknown man was found at 1 o'clock today near Suver, this county. He had evidently been dead some days. The Coroner will hold an inquest tomorrow.

Oregon Notes.

The woolen mills of Union bought 100,000 pounds of wool Wednesday.

Couse Creek school district, No. 41, Umatilla County, will build a new schoolhouse.

The Stockton company has bought a new hoist and boiler for its mine in Susanville district.

Ditch-digging for the new Weston water system is under way. The length of the ditch will be about 9360 feet.

Some of the machinery in the Helena mill, at Bohemia, was broken last week, making it necessary to shut down five stamps.

Miscreants of La Grande made a midnight raid on signs last week and destroyed property to the value of several hundred dollars.

Work has been commenced at Dailey & Bour's mine on Josephine Creek, near Kerby. A flume and water wheel are under construction.

Corvallis will be visited Tuesday by a company of cavalry from Vancouver Barracks, which will go into camp on the flat above town.

The gold dredge of the English-Canadian Mining Company, at Waldo, was sold at execution sale by Sheriff Lister last week to W. M. Bassett and W. Morsehead.

The John Day school district has sold $4000 worth of bonds to Mrs. Minerva Thomas, of Mount Vernon, for $120 premium. The interest rate is 6 per cent.

Cattlemen of the Warm Spring or Ritter precinct have organized, says a Canyon City paper. This action is to prevent beef cattle from being driven from the country by rustlers.

The Baldwin Sheep & Land Co. has engaged Dwight Lincoln, of Lincoln Center, to go to Germany and France to select some choice ewes and bucks, says a Shaniko paper. Mr. Lincoln sailed from New York on May 23.

A Grant's Pass correspondent says that the Old Channel Mining Company has deeded its entire property to J. R. Harvey and C. B. Beardsley, who have been operating it under bond for about a year. The consideration was $90,000.

While Joseph Brooks was harrowing on the reservation, about four miles from Pendleton, Monday, driving six horses, one of them became balky and excited the others. The horses turned around, upset the harrow, and a valuable brown mare was thrown upon the upturned teeth, which deeply pierced her side. The mare is badly injured, but it is thought she will recover.

It is probable that the old town of Susanville will be removed. About a month ago the office was moved from the place where for years it had been, on the county road, about half a mile from the hotel, stores, etc., of the town of Susanville, to Elk Creek, a mile and a half from town. A movement is on foot to get a new office in town, and, as the old name remains with the old office, a new one will go with the new office.

CANADIAN PACIFIC.

Tickets at special rates to Detroit and Cincinnati will be on sale July 1, 2 and 3. These are good on our fast train, the "Imperial Limited." For further particulars call on H. H. Abbott, 142 Third street.

No ointment, salve or grease is half as pleasant to use for sores, burns, chafing, any skin irritation, a dainty Satin-Skin Cream. Keep it handy. 25c. Meier & F.

FRASER RIVER STRIKE

IT WENT INTO EFFECT AT MIDNIGHT LAST NIGHT.

Two or Three Thousand Japanese Fishermen Are on the Ground Ready for Work.

VANCOUVER B. C., June 30.—The strike declared by the Grand Lodge of Fishermen against the canners of the Fraser River will go into effect at midnight tonight. All efforts yesterday to arrange matters came to naught and the season starts with between 2000 and 3000 Japanese on the ground ready for work. The white fishermen are making many threats that they will not allow the Japanese to work.

BEST PLAY YET.

Cummings Company Makes a Hit in "Woman Against Woman."

In "Woman Against Woman," with which they opened their second week at Cordray's, the Cummings company found and improved an opportunity to show its full strength, and the production was easily the best thing it has done in Portland. Mr. Cummings, in one of the character parts that suits him best, Miss Franklin, in an emotional role, and Hal de Forest, as an aged and erratic son of Erin, all made several and distinct hits, and shared among them an unusually large number of curtain calls, from a house which was longer on appreciation than on numbers.

The play, as a play, might be better. It is composed of heart interest and wronged women, with a dash of comedy which occasionally has to be dragged in by the ears, although it is usually very badly needed to keep the sobs in the parquet from stifling the speeches across the footlights. Bessie Morton, a village girl, goes to London with her sister, Miriam, and another girl who is rather too deeply versed in the ways of the world to be a safe companion to the young and innocent. Bessie keeps in the straight and narrow way and tries to guide the footsteps of her sister in the same path, but the influence of the other girl is too powerful, and the sister goes wrong. Here is where the trouble begins. The sister has a prospect of gathering in an Earl or a Lord or a Baronet, or something just as good, and to keep her from losing him, Bessie heroicly steps in, takes her sister's fault upon herself, mothers the child that arrives shortly afterward, and, quartering it in a farmhouse, returns to her happy home in the village town, sworn to secrecy as to Miriam's guilt. She meets and marries John Cressider and lives happily with him in London for a year, her sister in the meantime having landed the nobleman. But the other girl, whose name is Rachel Westwood, and who wears a red silk dress, comes around to make trouble, and is highly successful. Rachel has loved John herself, and to get even she discloses the story about the baby, together with sundry hints which cause John to quit work and look early and often on the flowing bowl, while his wife and little baby proceed to starve to death. Miriam is appealed to to release her sister from the vow, but without success. Things go from bad to worse till finally John and Bessie's baby gets disgusted and dies, and Rachel, happening in about that time, gets dealt with as befits the bad. Bessie strangles her nearly to death, and then, in the presence of every one connected with the plot, who flock in through doors and windows at the critical moment, she breaks her vow and tells the story of Miriam, which she ought to have done long ago.

Of course, John goes to Australia and comes back after Bessie has been long ill with typhoid or something of the kind, with a new suit of clothes, a pair of patent-leather shoes, and all kinds of money. Miriam and her husband, who had a slight misunderstanding when the facts about Miram's early life are made public, are reconciled, Bessie falls in John's arms, and all is well.

Mr. Cummings is perfectly easy and natural in the part of John Tressider, being exceedingly pleasing in the comedy parts and rising in the more tragic passages to a pitch of earnestness which would not hitherto have been suspected of him. The scene in which he prepares a meal on the stage evoked much merriment. Miss Elinore Franklin has a fine opportunity for emotional work, and improves it so well that she carries the interest of the spectator with her all the time. At the close of the fourth act she received three curtain calls. Hal De Forest contributed a jovial presence and a good brogue in the character of old man Tressider, and his acting throughout was artistic in the extreme. Mrs. Mary Bankson was an excellent mother-in-law, and scored in several scenes, while Florence St. Leonard dressed the part of Rachel Westwood with much taste and discrimination.

"Woman Against Woman" will be the bill until the matinee Thursday afternoon.

INDIAN HOUSEKEEPING.

A Sioux Girl Tells of Domestic Life on the Reservation.

A Sioux Indian girl, writing in Good Housekeeping, says:

I am going to tell you something about the uneducated Sioux women, their dress and their home life. The Sioux woman does more work than the man does. Of course, the women do not know very much about housekeeping; in fact, they don't know anything about it. They live in log cabins, with only the ground for the floor, and they have but one room. In that room they have their beds in one corner, their trunks around the sides, and they often have beautiful bead work hanging on the walls. They have a large stove as near the center of the room as they can. On that stove you will always find a coffee pot and tea kettle, and they are always kept full. If the women can have coffee to drink they are happy; they think it is a great medicine; they call it the black medicine.

In the summer the Indian women do most of their cooking out of doors. They put short poles on each side of their fire and a third stick across from one to the other, and on this they hang their kettle. The women when at home are almost always sitting in their tipi, doing some kind of bead work.

The women are always getting up some kind of a feast; that is, they have them very often, and especially if one of their sons or daughters gets married, they will spend their last cent to make a great feast. They have a certain man go around and tell everyone to come to that feast, whenever it may be, then when he has come back and told them that he has told everyone the women give him a horse. When they have the feast the women all dress up in their brightest colors, paint their faces and put all the bead work they can on their little children. They have a great time talking, especially the old women and men.

The women's dresses are made with only two seams, one on each side, so it makes a very loose dress. It is short in the back and front and long on the sides, and they almost always wear a long-beaded belt and shawl; in fact, they wear a shawl all the time; when it is not around the head and shoulders it is tied around the waist. They never wear a hat of any kind; even on the hottest days they are bareheaded.

A Good Word for the West.

Chicago Chronicle.

Dr. D. K. Pearsons is right in saying that money intended for the foundation of educational institutions should be given to the West. "The East is full of colleges." The trend of population, the prudence of keeping sons and daughters where they can be in touch with their families, the high scholastic standard already set in the new schools of the west, all combine to justify generosity in building up Western, not Eastern, education for both men and women.

ADVERTISED.

List of Unclaimed Letters Remaining in the Postoffice at Portland, Or.

Free delivery of letters by carriers at the residence of owners may be secured by observing the following rules:

Direct plainly to the street and number of the house.

Head letters with the writer's full address, including street and number, and request answer to be directed accordingly.

Letters to strangers or transient visitors in the city, whose special address may be unknown, should be marked in the left-hand corner, "Transient." This will prevent their being delivered to persons of the same or similar names.

Persons calling for these letters will please state date on which they were advertised, July 1. They will be charged for at the rate of 1 cent each.

WOMEN'S LIST.

Adams, Miss Lottie	Lial, Mrs Emma
Alger, Mrs E E	Linn, Mrs Mary
Allen, Miss Susie	Lindsay, Mrs Arnold
Ames, Mrs	McTiernell, Mrs P J
Anderson, Miss Jennie	McCurdy, Miss Ada
Anderson, Miss Maud	McCollum, Miss Isabel
Armstrong, Mrs Sue	McGowen, Mrs Agnes H
Ashby, Mrs C M	McGrigen, Miss Katy
Atkinson, Mrs Y R	McPherson, Mrs R K
Becker, Mrs	Martin, Miss Lillie-2
Beckerleg, Mrs C	Mason, Mrs H
Booth, Mrs Chas A	Meeks, Miss Lucile-2
Boriland, Mrs E	Mills, Mrs Isabella
Bowser, Miss Lizzie	Mitchell, Mrs Myrtle
Branham, Miss M	Mitchell, Miss Grace B
Brown, Mrs E K	Moran, Pearl E
Brebner, Mrs Emma	Morrisy, Mrs M A
Brockway, Mrs Marie	Mullen, Mrs
Burton, Mrs J F	Nacey, Mrs Archibald
Capiouns, Docia	Nelson, Dr Augusta B
Campbell, Mrs Howard	Nelson, Mrs A R
Campbell, Mrs H J	Nickoll, Mrs Nora
Canon, Miss Lucy	Nunnamaker, Mrs Eva
Carpenter, Mrs Wallace	Norris, Mrs John
Case, Miss Iris	Norris, Mrs Ada
Castoe, Mrs Julia A	Paxson, Bertha
Chrisman, Mrs W A	Pain, Miss H M
Clansen, Mrs Minna	Paron, Mrs Myrtle
Clayton, Mrs Anna Gibson	Parmenter, Miss N M
Closworthy, Mrs H Lee	Pelton, Mrs Florence H
Cole, Miss Hazel	Phillips, Mrs Don C
Cook, Miss Bertha	Pole, Miss Ida
Cooper, Mrs Rose	Rauft, Miss Grace A
Cox, Miss Helen Terry	Reddecopp, Miss Maris
Carnes, Mrs Nellie	Reed, Mrs
Danzer, Miss Rosa	Reed, Mrs Simon W
Davenport, Mrs A	Ross, Miss Elsie
Devine, Jane	Satter, Miss Mabel
Down, Mrs M B	Schere, Miss Bertha
Drake, Mrs G W	Serring, Mrs Geo
Duelin, Mrs Phoebe J	Seaberg, Mrs B A
Fairchild, Mrs W G	Sharon, Mrs Martha
Fetzer, Mrs Grace	Shilds, Mrs Linda
Fletkan, Miss	Simmons, Mrs Nettie
Farrens, Mrs	Smith, Miss Alice
Franks, Miss Lola	Elizabeth
Freeman, Mrs L A	Smith, Ora
Frick, Miss Dora	Smith, Miss Neva
Gaylord, Miss Margret	Southerland, Mrs Anna L
Garoutte, Mrs Ida	Stuart, Mrs Dell
Garrut, Mrs Mary	Stewart, Miss Daisy
Gates, Miss Edna	Swenom, Miss Emma
Geary, Mrs B	Swanson, Mrs Lina
Gilham, Mrs Lee	Symon, Mrs T
Goodmurphy, Miss Zetta	Taylor, Mrs A J
Greffy, Miss Hortense	Thibadeau, Louisa-2
Haffenden, Mrs Clara	Thebo, Mrs Carrie
Hammond, Miss A E	Thompson, Mrs A B
Hanson, Mrs Bergitte	Tracy, Miss Myra
Hanson, Miss Minnie	Vaughn, Miss Alice
Harte, Mrs L	Violet, Mrs Laura
Hillis, Mrs Julia	Vera, Miss Nellie
Hubberd, Miss Pearl	Way, Miss Winnie
Hurner, Mrs Nellie	Waldon, Mrs C H
Ingram, Miss J	Ward, Mrs L
January, Miss Lillian	Watt, Sadie
Jacqueron, Mrs Jennie-2	Watts, Miss E M
Jensen, Miss Edna	Wexler, Mrs M E
Keenan, Mrs Jennie R	West, Miss Grace
Kershaw, Miss Renna	Whitmarsh, Mrs A
King, Miss Emma	Wilhelm, Mrs L C
Lambert, Cora H	Wilcox, Miss Grace
Lansdon, Miss Addie	Wilson, Mrs
Lawyer, Mrs E J	Willson, Miss Anna
Lee, Mrs H C	Wodgeski, Miss Mary
Lee, Mrs W T	Zwimpfler, Mrs C
Leisure, Mrs Sophrona	Millet-2
	Zastrow, Bertha

MEN'S LIST.

Abell, Frank G	Magfell, F E
Allen, Master Harvey A	Matier, Mr and Mrs Cyrus
American Remedy Co	Meima, P
Anderson, Charley	Meickle, F W
Anderson, J P	Michael, M
Arneson, Lewis H	Mickleson, Peter
Ashby, Harry	Miller, E M
August, G W	Mitchell, Laru
Bair, Dr	Mitchell, Harry
Baker, E M	Mitchell, John
Banks, J H	Moeller, Rev F Jensen
Barclay, H C	Montgomery, F B
Baske, Albert	More, Dr Dunlap
Benger, S	Moore, C H
Bennett, John-2	Moore & Rhyno
Bernard, Carl	Moore, F E
Singler, H P	Mortole, Mr
Bishop, Geo B	Morris & Riley
Blakeley, W T	Mullaney, Thomas
Black, William	Meyer, Herman
Blue, Dr R	Mayer, Matt
Blumb, Frank V	Nebergall, Phil V
Boldson, John	Nilsson, Johan
Briere, Eugene	Oliver, Oscar
Brasthwaite, George	Oregon Bible Society
Bricoux, Harry	Owen, Ira
Brown, Chas	O'Neill, William R
Brown, Dr	O'Neill, J H
Bruette, Geo	Oneill, D S
Burke, Harry E	Paareala, Matt
Butler, William	Painter, S R
Camp, J B	Patten, M
Canfield, T S	Peffer, Vallie H
Carey, William	Pence, A S-2
Carey, Sargent John G	Perkins, C H
Carman, Dr Chas L	Pike, John
Cheney, W C	Pick, Dr H
Cloft, Harvey	Pierson, Seth
Columbia Medical Co	Pierce, Dr E D
Colbert, Chas	Pope, Henry A
Compton, J W	Portland Creamery
Cone, W S	Portland Packing Co
Corder, J W	Prinsler, George
Crawford, Fred	Puls, George Jr
Crewe, Thos A Jr	Quiberg, C
Crouch, E	Quint, M B
Daukton, Charlie S	Rankin, Jimmie
Davis, Bill	Reed, Jas
Davis, W G	Reid, Dr A
DeHow, J J	Reid, Dr Alexander
Devine, Joe	Reed, T N
Dineen, John	Reid, J T
Dun, Andy	Rowen, F A
Eckerson, Thos	Rug & Carpet Coupon Co
Eckert, T J	Sanders, E
Egan, B	Schiller, Albert
Frierberg, S	Schwartz, Jake
Facer, C H	Scott, Chas L C
Follows, John W	Serra, Aronne
Feinberg, Joe	Searer, Dale H
Fest, Wolf	Sellick, J F
Fenwick, Mell	Sellner, Frank
Fitzpatrick, Wm	See, W H
Fisher, A H	Sheaffer, Harry L
Fowler, A J-2	Sheasley, Erwin P
Forbes, Allen W	Sherar, J Earnest
Franklin, Harry	Shiria, E E
Fraser, W F	Shipley, Mr and Mrs Henry
French, Dr A E	Sisson, L D
French, M S Tenny	Simpson, F S
Gruol, William	Slack, Charles
Gruenberg & Co	Smith, Alex T
Gallagher, John	Smith, Mr and Mrs David F
Gardner, Chas	Smith, J F
Gleissy, Walter B	Smith, James L
Glenn, C M	Smith, J
Goldsmith, Aug	Smith, Richard
Goodmurphy, E H	Smith, Thomas
Goodell, Geo E	Spencer, J S
Goodrich, R N	Spence, Frank P
Gordon, E G	Spalding, Mr and Mrs Wallace
Gould, Dr E	Spaugh, William
Grall, Louis	Stumpp, E G
Gunnison, A W	Sturm, C
Hamilton, Dr J W-2	Stanley, F S
Harnack, F C	Steele, A Gray
Haynes, Fred	Stevinson, A J
Hegsted, Isaac	Stephnson, Harry P
Hensley, F D	Stratton, Winfield Scott
Henderson, S L-2	Sumner, Fred S
Hewlett, F J	Summers, W-2
Huddlestone, Claude	Swift Packing Co
Huston, T J	Tahnen, J J
Jacobs, Sol C	Tabernacle Construction Co
Jackson, J F Jr	Thielemann, C W
Jackson, James	Thebo, Frank
Johnson, Fred	Thodoben, Louis
Johnson, F M	Thompson, Jesse E
Johnson, Walter-3	Thompson, Charlie
Jones, F A	Thompson, J H-2
Jones, John	Tilley, J A
Kleegan Brothers	Titus, W A
Kalitsch, August	Eidemann, Niels Hansen
Klopeles, Mr	Tibbitts, Willard
Keller, W R	Tourons, Maurice
Kelly, John	Tower, Chas K
King, Ivan	Tribby, Sam K
Kuk, John	Turner, Sam P
Lakin, Geo M	Tremming, Math G
La Moree, Dr De Witt M-2	Waynefiete School, Principal
Lambert, Chas B	Wallace, W F
Lang, Frank	Warner, Wm
Laudon, J R	Watkins, G
Langell, F W	Watts, Peter
Laboe, Thomas	Weber, Frank M
Lawrence, Willse	Welder, Geo K
Lewis, C	Wheeler, G
Livingston Chemical Co	Wheeler, Guy
Lowe, W F	Wheeler, J B
Love, Chas W	Wilshire, G W
Lubeker, Wilhelm	Wilson, Henry
Lyttle, W S	Wilson, E A
McWatters, George	Wilson, John F
McIntosh, Dr G B	Wilson, Ora
McWilliams, John D	Wollberg, A T
McDohl, Barney	Wood, John
McClurg, E H	Wright, Thomas
McCarthy, Charles-4	Zimmerman, Theodore
McCaustland, W	
McCann, E T	
McDonald, Dr J S	
McFarland, D R	
McGrath, E A	
Maitland, I W	
Magee, Harry E	
Manton, L W	

PACKAGES.

Chase, Stanley P	Mallett, James
Harris, Major Alfred	Rader, M A
Jamison, Miss Leconia (foto)	Shultz, Fred B

The Hudson River, the Rhine of America, from its mouth to the Lakes takes in 400 miles.

CHANGE IN REVENUE TAX

SOME ITEMS REPEALED AND MANY OTHERS MODIFIED.

Check, Express and Telegraph Stamps Abolished—New Rate on Beer and Cigars.

Changes recently made in internal revenue taxes become effective today. The items repealed which most directly touch the public are the 2-cent tax on every bank check, the 1 cent levied on express receipts, and the 1 cent affixed to telegraphic messages. There are several other important taxes repealed, however, which will affect important interests, and in many cases will reach the public. Among these are the stamps affixed to proprietary medicines, perfumery and other drugs, which have given so much annoyance to the thousands of druggists throughout the country. The 10-cent tax on bills of lading terminated on June 30, and the high tax on charter parties suffered the same fate. There are important modifications of the rates on beer and cigars, but these taxes are far from being abolished. A compact summary of the changes made by the new law appears below:

Taxes Repealed.

Bank checks, 2 cents.
Bills of lading for export, 10 cents.
Bond of obligation by guarantee company, ½ of 1 cent on each dollar.
Certificates of damage, 25 cents.
Certificates of deposit, 2 cents.
Certificates not otherwise specified, 10 cents.
Charter party, $3 to $10.
Chewing gum, 4 cents each $1.
Commercial brokers, $20.
Drafts, sight, 2 cents.
Express receipts, 1 cent.
Insurance—Life, 8 cents on each $100; marine, inland, fire, ½ cent on each $1; casualty, fidelity and guarantee, ½ cent on each $1.
Lease, 25 cents to $1.
Manifest for custom-house entry, $1 to $5.
Mortgage or conveyance in trust, 25 cents for each $1500.
Order for payment of money on sight or on demand.
Perfumery and cosmetics, ½ cent for each 5 cents.
Power of attorney to vote, 10 cents.
Power of attorney to sell, 25 cents.
Promissory notes, 2 cents for each $100.
Proprietary medicines, ½ cent for each 5 cents.
Protest, 25 cents.
Telegraph messages, 1 cent.
Telephone messages, 1 cent.
U. S. money orders, 2 cents for each $100.
Warehouse receipts, 25 cents.

Taxes Modified.

Beer, $2 per barrel and 7½ per cent discount, changed to $1 60 per barrel and 7½ per cent discount repealed.
Bills of exchange, foreign, 4 cents for each $100; changed to 2 cents for each $100.
Cigars weighing more than three pounds per 1000, $3 60 per 1000; changed to $3 per 1000.
Cigarettes weighing not more than three pounds per 1000, $1 50 per 1000; changed to, valued at not more than $2 per 1000, 18 cents per pound; valued at more than $2 per 1000, 36 cents per pound.
Cigars weighing not more than three pounds per 1000, $1 per 1000; changed to 18 cents per pound.
Conveyance, 50 cents for each $500; now exempted below $2500; above $2500, 25 cents for each $500.
Legacies—Law modified so as to exclude from taxation legacies of charitable, religious, literary or educational character after March 1, 1901.
Orders for payment of money by telegraph, etc., issued by express companies, etc., drawn in but payable out of United States, 2 cents for each $100.
Passage ticket, $1 to $5; now exempted below $50 in value; for each $50, 50 cents; exceeding $50, in addition thereto, 50 cents.
Sales of products at exchanges: 1 cent for each $100 retained, but sales of merchandise in actual course of transportation exempted from tax.
Tobacco and snuff, 12 cents per pound; now discount of 20 per cent allowed.

Taxes Retained.

Bankers' capital and surplus, $50 for $25,000, and $2 for each additional $1000.
Bonds, debentures, certificates of indebtedness, etc., 5 cents for each $100.
Bond for indemnity or for due execution or performance of duties of any office or position, 50 cents.
Broker, $50.
Broker's contract, 10 cents.
Certificates of profits, 2 cents for each $100.
Certificates of stock, original issue, 5 cents for each $100.
Certificates of stock, transfers, 2 cents for each $100. (Amended to include sales at bucket shops.)
Cigarettes weighing more than three pounds per 1000; $3 60 per 1000.
Custom-House brokers, $10.
Dealers in leaf tobacco, $6 to $24, according to sales.
Dealers in tobacco, $12 when sales exceed 50,000 pounds.
Drafts, time, or bills of exchange, inland, 2 cents for each $100.
Entry of goods at Custom-House for consumption, 25 cents to $1.
Entry for withdrawal, 50 cents.
Freight receipts or domestic bills of lading, 1 cent.
Manufacturers of cigars, $6 to $24.
Manufacturers of mixed flour, $12 per annum.
Manufacturers of tobacco, $6 to $24.
Mixed flour, 4 cents per barrel.
Pawnbrokers, $20.
Petroleum and sugar refineries, ¼ per cent gross receipts in excess of $250,000.
Proprietors of bowling alleys or billiard-rooms, $5 for each alley or table.
Proprietors of circuses, $100.
Proprietors of other public exhibitions, $10.
Proprietors of theaters, museums and concert halls, $100.
Sleeping and parlor car tickets, 1 cent.
Sparkling or other wines, 1 pint, 1 cent; more than 1 pint, 2 cents.
Tea, customs duty of 10 cents per pound.

New Taxes Imposed.

Broker, class 2, special tax in addition to all other special taxes, $50.
Bucket-shop transactions, 2 cents for each $100.

Provisions to Redeem Stamps.

Action was taken by Internal Revenue Commissioner Yerkes as early as March 22 to notify local collectors of the method to be followed in redeeming unused stamps purchased under existing law, but which will no longer be needed with the application of the new law. The following are the principal provisions of the circular then issued by the commissioner of internal revenue:

Claims for the redemption of adhesive documentary and proprietary stamps, if purchased from a collector, must contain his certificate as to the date and amount of purchase. If purchased from a dealer in stamps, such dealer's certificate as to the date of sale to claimant and the certificate of the collector as to date of sale to the dealer must be furnished. Stamps that are not in the same condition as when issued will not be redeemed unless their condition is satisfactorily accounted for.

Documentary and proprietary stamps can be redeemed only when presented in quantities of $50 or more face value, and no claim for the redemption of or allowance for such stamps can be allowed unless presented within two years after the purchase of said stamps from the Government.

All claims for the redemption of stamps imprinted on checks, drafts and other instruments must be entered of record and forwarded to this office by the Collector of the district in which the order for the imprinting of the stamps was purchased. If the claimant resides in a district other than that in which said order was purchased his claim should be prepared and deposited with the collector of the district in which he resides, who will examine said claim and see that it is properly prepared in all respects, and cause it to be investigated and certified by one of his deputies, so far as it is practicable in that district, and will then forward it to the collector of the district in which the order for the imprinting of the stamps was issued, who will furnish the additional evidence required, and forward the claim to this office with proper certificate and recommendation. When claims are presented by any person or firm other than the one for whom the order for imprinting was issued and whose name or title does not appear upon the papers on which the stamps are imprinted, the claimant, in addition to the certificate of the collector and deputy collector aforesaid, must satisfactorily establish the fact of ownership of the stamps and furnish a certificate of sale by each owner of them from the time of their purchase from the person or firm for whom the order for imprinting was issued.

The owners of imprinted instruments, checks, drafts, etc., who desire to have the stamps theron redeemed must, in addition to filing claims as aforesaid, forward all such imprinted instruments securely packed to this office. Packages containing the same should be addressed to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, Washington, D. C., and each package should be plainly marked with the name and address of the owner who made the claim for redemption, and a statement of the number and kind of instruments contained in the package. Stamps for each claim should be packed separately, and no package should contain stamps presented for redemption on more than one claim. Under the law and regulations all stamped instruments and all imprinted checks, drafts, etc., presented for the redepmtion of the stamps thereon must, when the stamps are redeemed, be retained with the claim; therefore, no such instruments can be returned to the owners thereof.

The Monopoly That Would Suffer.

Detroit Free Press.

Senator Burrows, who was the highest jumper in the bunch when it came to tying up American capital in Canada and putting a big tax on American consumers at home through the prohibitory duty of $2 on lumber, says that "the Republican party is not in favor of destroying American industry in order to deal a blow at American trusts." Without raising any question as to the right of the Senator to commit his party, and without giving him any excuse for coming back with his scatter gun, we respectfully ask the Senator who or what, outside of the colossal monopoly itself, would be injured if the duty of $7 50 on steel products were removed.

No Hair?

The trouble is your hair does not have life enough. Save your hair. Feed it with Ayer's Hair Vigor. If the gray hairs are coming, Ayer's Hair Vigor will restore color every time.

$1. All druggists. J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

AMUSEMENTS.

CORDRAY'S THEATER—
One week, commencing SUNDAY NIGHT, JUNE 30.
Usual Saturday Matinee. Special Holiday Matinee July