OLDS, WORTMAN & KING

FANCY SILKS
SO REDUCED

As to make every knowing woman glad. Choose this week from all the odd lots of our best fancy $1.00 and $1.25 silks,

At 49c yard

A wide range of colors, and not an unworthy piece among them.

BIG WAIST SALE

TOMORROW ONLY

We offer 500 White and Colored Waists, of dimity, percale and madras. Our $1.25 to $3.00 grades,

At 59c each

Sale begins at 8 A. M. Be here promptly.

HOW ABOUT FLAGS
AND DECORATIONS
FOR JULY FOURTH?

Here's a chance to get them cheaply.

FAST COLOR
COTTON FLAGS
Mounted with brass spear heads.

18-inch flags, at.....10c ea
24-inch flags, at.....20c ea
36-inch flags, at.....30c ea
48-inch flags, at.....50c ea

Also Silk, Bunting and Muslin flags, all sizes.

TISSUE DECORATIONS
For indoor or outdoor uses. Cheap and effective.

IT'S A TIE BETWEEN NOVELTY AND PRICE for supremacy in our

SALE OF
FANCY RIBBONS

At 24c yard

A trifling price to pay for 35c, 40c and 50c ribbons, in dainty stripes, cords, figures, changeable and plain effects. SEE WINDOW.

Today and Tomorrow
Extra Low Prices on
Ladies' Summer Vests

Only 9c for

Low neck, sleeveless or wing sleeve vests, with tasty crochet trimmings.

Only 19c for

LACE-STRIPE HOSE—Fast black, full finished and reinforced. A prime 25c grade.

LADIES
WHO NEED SHOES

Should not fail to select them at THESE LOW PRICES.

HOUSE OXFORDS AT $1.18
Best $2.00 grade, tan and black.

OUTING SHOES, AT $2.48
Tan or black, with heavy or light soles. Strong $3.00 grade.

$5.00 SHOES, AT $3.68
Laird, Schober's latest shapes, in tan or brown.

FOR THE SUNDAY ICE CREAM, get one of our

"GEM" FREEZERS

The best double-action freezer known. Prices special this week:

$1.58 for 2-quart freezers
$1.80 for 3-quart freezers
$2.12 for 4-quart freezers

LAST DAYS FOR
TRAVELING BAGS AT REDUCED PRICES

Child's 60c Express Wagons, at.....38c ea
Child's Outdoor Folding Chairs, worth 30c, at.....19c ea

Window Shades made to order here.
Best hand-made opaque used. Lowest prices.

Lipman, Wolfer & Co.

Pearl Buttons

2000 dozen Clear White Pearl Buttons, all sizes. Today at..... **5c card**

AN IMPORTANT SALE OF FINE

Separate Dress Skirts

Made of fine Imported Black Pebble Cheviot. Flare style, with bands of stitched Taffeta Silk. All lined with Percaline and Velveteen bound. The shape and style of the skirts are the very newest. The real value of the above skirts is $10.00 each.

Today only, on sale at special,

$6.95

Sale of Embroideries

At 5c *yard Embroideries, real value of which is 10c yard.*
At 7c *yard Embroideries, real value of which is 12 1-2 yard.*
At 10c *yard Embroideries, real value of which is 20c yard.*
At 15c *yard Embroideries, real value of which is 25c to 30c yard.*
At 25c *yard Embroideries, real value of which is 35c to 50c yard.*

Two days more of the Great Basement Sale—All lines reduced.

Meier & Frank Co.

New arrivals in Men's Shirt Waists—Latest styles—$1.50 to $3.00.
June sale of Carpets and Mattings—Considerable saved if you buy now.

Temptingly Priced Children's Wear

Unfortunate is the mother that lets this opportunity go by for dressing the young ladies for vacation season at a great saving. Today and tomorrow a sweeping reduction on all lines of summer goods in our children's departments. We've made prices that no economical mother can afford to miss. Here's a few of the plums:

$5, $6, $6.50 Sailor Suits, **$3.55**

Children's sailor suits of serges and cheviots, blue or red, neatly made and trimmed, ages 4 to 14 years. Just the thing for vacation or coast wear. $5.00 to $6.50 values at $3.55.

Percale Dresses **48c**

Children's percale dresses in pink, blue and lavender, braid trimmed, neatly made, good style, ages 4 to 14 yrs. Big value at 48c.

(Second floor)

$3.50 Crash Sailor Suits **$2.19**

Children's crash sailor suits trimmed with blue or red Galatea cloth, ages 4 to 14 years. Regular $3.50 values at $2.19.

Children's $2.25 Jackets for **$1.28**

Children's jackets of all wool, medium weight material, sailor collar, braid trimmed, blue or red, ages 4 to 12 years. $2.25 values at $1.28.

Infants' Coats
$4.50 Values $3.18

Infants' long or short Bedford cord coats, lace or ribbon trimmed, the regular $4.50 values at $3.18.

Children's percale dresses, pink or blue trimmed yoke or ruffle, $1.75 value at $1.22.

White Dresses Our entire stock of white dresses for children 4 to 14 years—lawns or Swisses prettily made, your choice at cost.

Vacation ...Needs

Trunks and traveling bags, largest variety in town, and always the lowest prices.

Hammocks—immense assortment. We made unusual effort when buying hammocks for this season to secure the very best styles and at little prices.

Telescopes—all sizes, suit cases, croquet sets, tennis goods, outing shoes, fishing tackle, etc.

Today 626th Surprise Sale

Ladies' Hose, Lord & Taylor Samples **24c pr.**

Lord & Taylor, America's best hosiery house—After each season they have a thorough stock cleaning of all house samples, odd dozens, etc., usually amounting to about 1500 dozen, which they equally divide among a few of their best accounts. This year we fortunately came in with the lucky ones, resulting in the best hosiery values of the year. 200 dozen black, fancies and solid colors, lace open work, richelieu rib and boot patterns—all sizes, including out-sizes. This season's leading styles in stripes, dots and figures, best colors—35c to 50c values—at 24c a pair. (See window display.) Come early.

Some Grocery Bargains

Telephone Private Exchange 4.

100 Bargains in Kitchen Goods

Snider's Catsup, 2 bottles for	35c	Pioneer Baking Powder, 1-lb can	35c
Lea & Perrin's Sauce, bottle	25c	Armour's Ham Loaf	10c
Nail City Catsup, 3 bottles for	25c	Armour's Veal Loaf	10c
Van Camp's Soups, 3 cans for	25c	Armour's Chicken Loaf	20c
Full Cream Cheese	15c	Armour's Deviled Ham, 6 for	25c
McLaren's Roquefort Cheese	20c	Bayle's Salad Dressing at	20c
Dried Beef, jar	25c	McLaren's Imperial Cheese, 2 for	25c
Standard Oysters, 3 cans for	25c	Macaroni, box	38c
Germea at	20c	Royal Soap, 10 for	25c
"Yucco," 3 pkgs, for	25c	Cocoanut, lb	13c
Canned Pineapples, 3 cans for	50c	Rising Sun Stove Polish	5c
Lb. Ground Chocolate	27c	Armour's Deviled Chicken	10c
Ghiradelli's Cocoa, per can	23c	Armour's Deviled Turkey	10c
Baker's Cocoa	25c	Vienna Sausage	10c
Cornstarch, pkg	5c	English Walnuts, 2 lbs for	25c
Tapioca	5c	Soda Crackers, 3 lbs for	20c
Split Peas	5c	Ansom Sardines	11c
		V. B. Sardines, 3 for	25c

MEIER & FRANK COMPANY.

TOOK UP TRUST ISSUE

PORTLAND BRANCH OF ECONOMIC LEAGUE ORGANIZED.

Judge C. B. Bellinger Elected President—First Lecture of Course by Dr. Hulbert Fuller.

The Portland branch of the Economic League met in the Assembly Room of the High School last night, and listened to the first lecture in its course, by Dr. Hulbert Fuller, of Chicago. The subject was "Trusts." The league also completed necessary details in its own organization, electing permanent officers for the year. Judge C. B. Bellinger presided. A nominating committee having been called for, the chair appointed Judge J. C. Moreland, John Brooke, Charles H. Carey, Edwin Mays and Robert H. Wilson. These retired for consultation, and upon their return handed in the following names for officers, all of whom were elected unanimously:

President, Judge C. B. Bellinger; vice-president, Thomas G. Greene; treasurer, C. E. Ladd; secretary, Herbert Lee; assistant secretary, Robert H. Wilson; executive committee, Hon. George H. Williams, R. L. Sabin, Judge A. F. Sears, B. B. Beekman, Rev. T. L. Eliot, Frank Ribler, W. B. Chase, Dr. H. C. Fenton, Robert F. Bell.

Dr. Fuller in his lecture on "Trusts," gave a very lucid and well-rounded exposition of the subject, bringing before his audience a full array of the leading arguments pro and con, simply and tersely expressed. As an epitome of the most recent opinions advanced by leading thinkers of the day, the lecture was of distinct value to an audience seeking enlightenment on the newest and most important industrial problems. Many of the popular delusions regarding trusts were probed and found to contain nothing but air. The benefits to be derived were then examined, in turn, and the suppression of predatory competition in favor of "potential competition" was touched upon. He did not deny that trusts would probably bring an advance in prices, notwithstanding the elimination of waste and friction, the necessary accompaniment of the old system, but quoted Professor Bemis' witty remark, that whatever the effect on the prices of goods, there is no doubt that they have raised the prices of aldermen and state legislators.

The speaker dwelt upon the effect of trusts on wages, showing many cases in which the laborer had been benefited by an advance in wages. These advances, however, had not come, as a rule, on account of the generous impulse of the trusts, but as a result of the demand of the labor unions. Quoting Adam Smith, he said that the produce of labor constitutes natural recompense, or wages, which means that the laborer creates his own wages and should have a right to them. But how is it in the case of a watered stock trust? There, it seems, the produce of labor constitutes unnatural recompense, or dividends.

The only remedy that Dr. Fuller had to offer was to be found in the marvellous growth and development of human sympathy, teaching by actual contact and experience, that when one person suffers from wrong, the whole of society suffers. This remedy, therefore, is justice.

The lecture, at its close, gave rise to much animated discussion and many questions from persons in the audience. Among the speakers was Judge George H. Williams, who said that while he sincerely hoped this remedy might prove real and practicable, he had his doubts, never having seen anywhere an effective remedy suggested. He believed that the trusts would collapse owing to their own inherent weakness, the selfish quarrels and disagreements that are sure to arise among those in control. The explosion when it came would be terrible in its effect upon the country, producing panic and untold suffering. This is sure to come, for capital will combine; it cannot be prevented in a free country. It is not the trusts so much as the collapse of the trusts that is to be feared.

of the Lewis and Clark exposition, and co-operate with the Sellwood Sub-Board in its efforts to locate the exposition at that point. The motion was unanimously carried. The next meeting will be held Monday evening, for permanent organization and election of officers.

A rousing meeting of the Eleventh Ward Sub-Board, Piedmont, was held last night. The principal business was free mail delivery. A petition asking for free delivery for Highland, Woodlawn and Piedmont was signed by every one present. A delegation from the Tenth Ward Board pledged support of free delivery for that district and for all permanent improvements that may be undertaken. A special committee was appointed to co-operate with committees from other Peninsular Sub-Boards in locating the Lewis and Clark exposition at University Park.

FIVE DIVORCES GRANTED.

No Defense Made to Cases Heard in the Circuit Court.

Five divorces were granted by Judge George yesterday, and no defense was made in any of the cases. William R. Maffett was granted a divorce from Xenia E. Maffett on account of desertion. Haffett testified that his wife left him in April, 1896, and refused to return. They were married in Multnomah County, in April, 1889.

Lucy Amelia Wright was divorced from Edwin Wright because of cruel treatment. The evidence of Mrs. Wright was that her husband was idle and shiftless; that he spent for drink money which she earned, and that he gambled. She said he threatened to kill her and more than once drew a pistol on her. In September, 1898, when they were returning from the funeral of his mother, he accused her of having killed his mother. They were married at Oswego, Or., in 1896. Mrs. Wright was restored to her maiden name of Taylor.

Mattheo Rofrano accused his wife, Madelena Rofrano, of infidelity. The principal testimony submitted was in the form of depositions taken in New York City. Rofrano testified that they were married in Italy in 1883, and that there are no children. He said he left his wife in Italy three years after their marriage, and came to Oregon. He sent money to her, and afterwards ascertained that she had gone to New York and was not conducting herself properly.

Desertion was the ground alleged by Henry Neiger in his suit against Annie Neiger, to whom he was married in this State in 1886. He stated that she abandoned him December 5, 1899. Neiger is a milkman, and when he went home that evening he found the children alone, his wife having disappeared with William Steiner, the hired man. He said he heard that she was at Spokane, but she never communicated with him after leaving. John Teuscher, a school teacher at Hillsdale, corroborated the statement of the plaintiff's. The legal custody of the children, eight in number, was awarded to the father.

Eileen Maud Hickling was granted a divorce from Edmund Hickling because of desertion and cruel treatment. She testified that he was guilty of habitual intemperance and abused her continually, and finally drove her from home in April, 1898. They were married in New Westminster, B. C., in 1895.

New Suits.

L. P. Beno and William Ballis have filed suit against the Canadian Bank of Commerce in the State Circuit Court to compel the execution and delivery of a deed to fractional block 35, Couch Addition. The plaintiffs aver that on June 14 they purchased the property from Rountree, Diamond & McLeod, the authorized agents of the bank, for $6100, the purchase price to be paid on or before July 10. They state that they have tendered the money and the bank has refused to accept it or make the transfer of the property.

Downing, Clark & Co., of New York City, yesterday filed an attachment suit in the State Circuit Court against Arthur Kohn to recover a balance due of $239 for goods sold. Kohn could not be served with the papers for the reason that he left for New York several days ago.

Court Notes.

Judge George will announce decisions tomorrow morning in the following cases: Garretson vs. Nickum; Watts vs. Watts; Gaston vs. City of Portland et al.

In the case of Luckel, King & Cake Soap Company vs. Fairbanks, in the United States Court, an order was made yesterday allowing an appeal to be taken.

Lucy Dougherty was appointed by Judge Cake yesterday administratrix of the estate of her husband, Edward J. Dougherty, deceased, consisting of personal property valued at about $350.

The suit of Abe Tichner against the County Clerk, to determine if warrants can be issued in payment for county supplies purchased by the County Court without a contract, will be argued before the Judges of the State Circuit Court today. There will also be a hearing on the proceeding to test the constitutionality of the barbers' Sunday closing law.

A motion for a new trial in the suit of Anthony Neppach against the Oregon & California Railroad Company was to have been heard in the State Circuit Court yesterday but owing to the illness of O. F. Paxton, one of the attorneys for the plaintiff, the motion was continued until September 17. This is the big land suit in which Neppach got a verdict for $45,000 damages.

H. F. Smart, charged with obtaining money under false pretenses from J. Lesser, by means of a bogus subscription for a weekly newspaper, pleaded not guilty in the State Circuit Court yesterday.

S. J. Kafura, whose name was mentioned yesterday in connection with the suit of Louisa W. Bartlett against her son, W. L. Bartlett, states that Mrs. Bartlett did not lend him any money, but that he sold a half-interest in the rug and Oriental goods business to W. L. Bartlett for $500, and afterward disposed of the remaining half-interest to Bartlett. He says the stock of rugs, etc., was worth over $1500.

TWO-MILL TAX IN DOUBT

MAY NOT BE LEGAL FOR CITY TO AID THE 1905 FAIR.

Name Adopted Is Not the One Mentioned in the Enabling Act Passed by the Legislature.

At the meeting of the Board of Trade yesterday the question was raised that it may not be legal to vote money by taxation in Portland for the 1905 fair, as the name adopted is not the one mentioned in the act of 1901 authorizing the city to vote on the proposed levy. The act speaks of "Oriental Exposition" and "Oriental Fair," whereas the official name selected recently at a meeting of the Oregon and Washington Commissioners with members of the Oregon Historical Society is "Lewis and Clark Centennial and American Pacific Exposition." The tax levy which Portland is authorized to levy, if the electors so vote in June, 1902, may not exceed 2 mills. As the point involved is important, the Board of Trade decided that an investigation should be made, and P. L. Willis, Seneca Smith and Willis S. Duniway were appointed to report.

Appended is the text of the act empowering the City of Portland to vote money for the support of the fair:

Section 1. The Common Council of the City of Portland are hereby authorized to submit to the voters at the next general municipal election the question of levying a special tax of not to exceed two mills on the dollar for the purpose of raising money to be donated to the Oriental Exposition to be held at the City of Portland during the year 1905.

Sec. 2. The Common Council shall provide by ordinance the number of mills proposed to be levied, not exceeding two mills, and submit the same to the legal voters as to whether the same shall be levied or not.

Sec. 3. It shall be the duty of the Clerk of the County Court, upon receipt of a certified copy of the ordinance, to provide suitable ballots at such election. Said ballots shall be provided in the following form: For the levy of a special tax, the money when collected to be donated to the Oriental Fair to be held at the City of Portland in 1905, yes, no.

Sec. 4. The intention of the voter shall be expressed if he votes in the affirmative by canceling the word "no," and if he votes in the negative by canceling the word "yes."

Sec. 5. It shall be the duty of the County Clerk to provide a separate ballot box and separate ballots and cause the same to be distributed to the various polling places before the opening of the polls of such election, and the votes upon the question of levying the tax shall be deposited in a separate ballot box by the judges of election, upon receiving the same from the voters. All expenses incurred in preparing such ballots and ballot boxes, and in distributing the same shall be paid out of the general fund of Multnomah County.

Sec. 6. In the event that a majority of the votes cast by the said qualified voters of the City of Portland are in favor of the levying of the tax, it shall be the duty of the Common Council, at the time the first levy of taxes for city purposes is made, to levy a special tax, not to exceed the millage submitted to the voters and by them authorized, the same to be collected the same as other taxes are collected, and paid over to the City Treasurer.

Sec. 7. It shall be the duty of the Mayor and Common Council, upon the collection of all funds arising from the millage tax hereby authorized to be levied, to turn the same over to the board of directors of the Oriental Fair to be held in the City of Portland during the year 1905, and the receipt of the president and secrtary of the corporation conducting the fair shall be the City Treasurer's voucher for the payment of the same.

William Grimes Fined.

The trial of William Grimes, a saloonkeeper of Montavilla, for assault on Mrs. Snyder, wife of Captain H. Snyder, who also keeps a saloon in the same place, took place yesterday afternoon before Justice Vreeland. Witnesses for the prosecution were Captain Snyder, his wife, and H. C. Renst, who were very positive that Grimes struck Mrs. Snyder. Fred Burdick, J. E. Blackburn, A. F. Burdick and E. A. Miller testified that the defendant was the one assaulted and not the woman. Miller said that Snyder practically admitted that he struck his wife by mistake. One witness testified that Mrs. Synder wore "three pounds of beefsteak on her eye" for several days before the discoloration subsided. Justice Vreeland decided that Grimes struck the woman, and fined him $5.

GOOD STRAWBERRY SEASON

Hood River's Large Crop Marketed at High Prices.

From S. F. Blythe, of Hood River, who has been attending the G. A. R. Encampment at Forest Grove, it is learned that the strawberry crop of Hood River Valley for the season is practically harvested. From the later patches in the upper end of the valley, some of which are within 10 miles of the snow line, berries will continue to arrive for two weeks yet, but in most places picking has ended.

The season has been a very successful one, and the demand has been greater than the supply. Over 40,000 crates, containing 24 pounds each, have been shipped, principally in carload lots, to Montana and the Dakotas, and some to Minnesota. The average price received was $2 per crate, thus netting $80,000 to the growers. Just how many acres are planted to strawberries in the valley is not exactly known. There are about 300 persons engaged in cultivating strawberries there. The largest patch contains 50 acres, and from that down to one acre. "Clarke's seedling" is cultivated almost exclusively, as it is found to be the berry best adapted to that locality, and finds the most ready sale. About 2000 pickers are employed during the season, half of them being Indians. The pickers are paid 1½ cents per box, and packers are paid half a cent.

Hood River is a busy place during the berry season, as many "fakers" and other adventurers gather there to harvest their share of the money paid the pickers. While berry growers generally make money, not all do. There is a difference in localities, and some growers are unfortunate in their selections and management, and so are not successful. The men who can get their berries to market earliest receive the best prices. A good many blackberries are raised in Hood River Valley, but they will not be ready for market for some time. The apple crop at Hood River will not be so large this season as usual, and will probably not be quite 75 per cent of a full crop.

CANDIDATES FOR ANNAPOLIS

Eleven Take the Examination for Admission to the Naval Academy.

Of the 15 boys who applied for permission to take the competitive examination for a cadetship at the Annapolis Naval Academy from the Second Congressional District of Oregon, 11 appeared at the United States grand jury room in the Postoffice Building yesterday for the ordeal. These were Harold Baldwin, of Prineville; Ernest Durr, of Baker City; V. Carlyle Driver, of The Dalles; Percy A. Smith, A. Murphy, Horton C. Nicholas, Hugh Billings, Edwin C. Metschan, Marion W. Fisk, Ben S. Morrow and Will Randall, of Portland. The examiners selected by Congressman Moody were Professor S. R. Johnson, of the Portland Academy; J. F. Neff, of The Dalles, and J. A. Churchill, principal of Baker City schools.

The branches in which applicants were examined were history and civil government, arithmetic, geography and grammar. The day was taken up with writing answers to the questions, and the examiners will be busy today marking the rating of the papers. It will be late today before the result will be known, and he who stands highest will be recommended for appointment to the Naval Academy.

NEW SUB-BOARD OF TRADE

Brooklyn District Indorses Sellwood for the 1905 Fair.

At an enthusiastic meeting last night in the hall over the drug store on Powell and Milwaukie streets, steps were taken toward the organization of a Sub-Board of Trade. J. J. Murphy was elected temporary chairman. C. W. Miller, secretary of the Portland Board of Trade, explained the purpose of the sub-boards, and the workings of the central body. It was decided to form what will be called the Brooklyn Sub-Board of Trade, and the following committee on organization and membership was appointed: Councilman D. T. Sherrett, H. H. Emmons, Thomas Hislop, E. G. Urfer, W. W. Terry, J. S. Foss and George Brown. The hall committee is composed of L. H. Wells, F. Neidermark and N. Darling. D. M. Donaugh, president, and E. B. Madden, secretary of the Sellwood Sub-Board, welcomed the new organization and expressed a desire to co-operate with it. It was moved by Thomas Hislop and seconded by George Brown that the Brooklyn Sub-Board indorse City View Park as the site

COLLECTING OLD TAXES.

Mortgage Company Which Is a Heavy Debtor Has Not Settled.

County Commissioners Mack and Showers and County Judge Cake considered petitions, at their meeting yesterday, for the remission of delinquent taxes. Yesterday over $2000 back taxes was collected by the County Clerk, and much more will be taken in within the next few days. Some of the individual payments which are promised will amount to over $2000. Some of the mortgage companies have paid, but the mortgage company which owes more old taxes than any of the others has not yet paid a cent. The county officials hope that this company will conclude to pay before long, as the collections of old taxes will help very materially in paying the indebtedness of the county. Clerk Holmes has not estimated the total amount of delinquent taxes collected during the past three months, but it is large.

Persons whose occupation gives but little exercise are victims of torpid liver and constipation. Carter's Little Liver Pills will relieve you.

EPISCOPAL CLERICUS.

Ministers Vote to Hold Meeting in Spokane Next Year.

St. Stephen's Chapel was the objective point yesterday morning of the clerical gathering of the dioceses and jurisdictions of Columbia, New Westminster, Caledonia, Kootenai, Olympia, Spokane and Oregon.

Holy communion was celebrated at 8 A. M., the bishop of Spokane being the celebrant, assisted by Rev. T. N. Wilson and Rev. Dr. F. E. Judd, of Portland. At 9 A. M. breakfast was served by the ladies of St Stephen's, in the parish-house, after which the gathering was called to order by the president of the Oregon clericus, Rev. J. E. Simpson.

An invitation to hold the next annual meeting at Spokane was extended to the gathering by Very Rev. Robert Perine, dean of Spokane, and was accepted.

A paper on the "Personal Religious Life of the Priest," by Archdeacon Scriven, was read, and discussed by Rev. H. M. Bartlett, Yakima; Rev. William E. Potwine, Pendleton; Rev. I. N. Wilson, Portland; Rev. William J. Dickson, Chehalis; Rev. W. S. Short, Astoria; Rev. Freeman Daughters, Wallace Idaho; Rev. Everett P. Smith, Lewiston, Idaho; Rev. Dr. A. A. Morrison and Rev. G. B. Buzzelle.

The afternoon session was called to order in St. Paul's Church, Oregon City, where a paper by Professor Richard H. Thornton, of Portland, "The Use of the Psalter in the Services of the Church," was read. The party was afterward entertained at supper by Rev. P. K. Hammond, rector of St. Paul's, and Mrs. Hammond.

The evening session was held in the Church of the Good Shepherd Albina, when an interesting paper on "The Sacramental System of the Church," was read by the Rev. G. B. Buzzelle, of Seattle.

After refreshments were served by the ladies of the Good Shepherd, the meeting adjourned until this morning at St. David's Church, East Twelfth and East Morrisson streets, at 8 A. M. The closing service will be held in Trinity Church tonight at 8 o'clock. Right Rev. L. H. Wells, bishop of Spokane, will be the preacher.

PROFIT FOR ABSTAINERS.

British Soldiers Are Encouraged by Money Not to Drink.

NASHVILLE, Or., June 25.—(To the Editor.)—With regard to the subject of your article of June 15, on lower insurance rates to total abstainers, it strikes me that the same kind of inducement—the pocket inducement—might be held out to total abstainers in the Army. I suppose that this is one of the many causes that total abstinence has grown so immensely in the British Army, that now (I think I am right in quoting) the proportion is one-third in the India-serving regiments.

The detriment to health in that climate from drinking makes the authorities anxious to discourage it as much as possible. For good conduct marks the men have extra pay given them. Among total abstainers there have been on an average half as many again receiving good conduct pay. They had, too, three-fourths fewer forfeits for arrests. One-sixth more were promoted. No abstainer (up to the time I quote) had had his good conduct stripes taken away from him. Only half as many were invalided from climatic causes, and there were only half the number of deaths.

Another arrangement that might lessen the odium of the present canteen regime with regard to funds for buying luxuries, would be an Army post co-operative society, such as was described in the London Spectator not long ago. Started in 1893, by two regiment officers, for the good of their men, it was found that by purchasing straight from wholesale dealers, without the intervention of any middleman, there were considerable profits accruing to the men. L. A. N.

Feed wrinkling, flabby, loose, creased skin with Satin-Skin Cream tissue-building skin food. 25c. Meier & Frank.