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HONEYMAN, DeHART & CO.
FOURTH AND ALDER STREETS

Telescope Mirror Broken.

PITTSBURG, June 6.—A great 36 inch mirror belonging to a Newtonian reflecting telescope at Lick Observatory was shattered into many fragments yesterday in the workshop of Professor John A. Brashear, of this city, while it was being drilled to convert it into a cased glass. As a result it is probable that the long-projected expedition of the Lick Observatory into the Southern Hemisphere will have to be postponed. Professor Brashear will make a new glass for the Lick scientists, but the glass for this cannot be obtained from France in less than six months. The great mirror was five inches thick and weighed 600 pounds. It was valued at \$2000, but the greatest loss is in the delay it will cause in the starting of the South American expedition.

Lumber Plant Burned.

MILWAUKEE, June 6.—Fire at Milwaukee tonight caused a loss of \$75,000, of which \$50,000 is on the plant and lumber yard of the Wisconsin Furniture Company.

UNDER ARMY POWER

Secretary Root Real Head of
Philippine Government.

LITTLE CHANGE IN FIRST PLAN

Fine Distinction as to the Authority
of the Commanding General and
the Civil Governor—Islands' Foreign Trade.

WASHINGTON, June 6.—The new civil government to be established in the Philippines under the terms of the President and the Secretary of War. It will differ little from what was first outlined, as there will be a Governor for each of the eight provinces and a legislative Council and other officers. This government will have control of all civil affairs, but it will be under the war power to the extent of being directed by the Secretary of War. There will be a nice distinction as to the authority of the General commanding the troops in the Philippines and the Governor to be appointed under the civil government. No official declaration has been made as to which will be the supreme authority, but it is known that the Secretary of War will be supreme. While it is not the intention to conduct the government of the Philippines under the Foraker law, that law will be taken as a sanction for what is to be done. The new government will be similar to that which existed for a short time in the early days of New Mexico. There was a Civil Governor, appointed by the President, and a commanding General of the Army. Both had their functions in preserving the peace and controlling the affairs of the territory.

PHILIPPINE FOREIGN TRADE.
Large Increase Last Year in Exports and Imports.

WASHINGTON, June 6.—Imports of merchandise into the Philippine Islands for the first three quarters of 1900, an increase of \$68,251, or 72 per cent over the amount for the same period of 1899, according to a statement made public by the Division of Insular Affairs of the War Department today. During the period stated of 1900, merchandise to the value of \$1,573,972 came into the Philippines from the United States, as against \$1,500,000 worth of the total importation in 1900. An interesting feature is noted in the shape of an import trade worth \$1,000,000 from Africa, as against an entire absence of this trade in the preceding year. The above figures relative to the imports from the United States represent direct shipments only and do not include merchandise from the United States involved to Hong Kong and thence reshipped to Manila.

The comparative figures as to exports to the rest of the world show an increase double that noted in the import trade. The merchandise exported from the Philippines to the rest of the world in 1900 was valued at \$1,883,200; for 1899 it was valued at \$1,100,000, thus showing an increase of \$783,200, or 71 per cent. The exports to Europe, Asia, Africa, and South America in each case, the exports to Europe increasing from \$447,887 in 1899 to \$550,000 in 1900. Merchandise to the value of \$1,487 was exported to South America in 1900, as against no trade of this sort in 1899.

The exportation of hemp from the Philippines during the first three quarters of 1900 were valued at \$10,243,743, against \$6,403,990 during the same period of 1899.

UNEASINESS IN MANILA.

News of Supreme Court Decisions Causes Fear of a Deficit.

MANILA, June 6.—The fragmentary news received here of the Porto Rico decisions has caused apprehension that there will be such a deficit in the Philippine revenues that Congress will need to make an appropriation to meet it. Fears are also expressed as to the result of the application of jury trials and other features not suited to the conditions in the Philippines. Importers are anxious to claim for a refunding of the duties paid. General Chaffee was conveyed direct to Malacanang Palace today, where a private conference between General Chaffee and MacArthur took place. General Chaffee informed the correspondent of the Associated Press that while he was not sure of the Oriental's general capacity for self-government, he favored the establishment of civil control in the Philippines at the earliest practicable moment. He was in full sympathy with the commission's plan for native education and business advancement, but he was not sure of the interests and native interests in the same line. It seems certain that under a plain division of the civil and military authority, Judge Taft and General Chaffee will collaborate admirably.

Captain Almagro and his aid have been killed by Wray's command at Dou-sail, Albay Province. Reilly's Battery has sailed for the Colon on the transport Pak Ling. Commissioners Taft, Wright and Ide are at Cavite today establishing a provincial government. They were formally welcomed by Colonel George Goodell and the local dignitaries in the Town Hall. Judge Taft spoke, outlining the commission's provincial plan.

WASHINGTON, June 6.—News has been received here through official channels that Lieutenant Richard H. Townley, of the Navy, has been convicted by court-martial at Manila and sentenced to dishonorable discharge. The charges on which Lieutenant Townley was court-martialed was in connection with the recent commissary irregularities at Manila. The sentence must be approved by the President to become effective.

McKibben Goes Back to the Islands.

WASHINGTON, June 6.—By direction of the President, Colonel Chambers McKibben, Twelfth Infantry, has been relieved from command of the Department of Texas and ordered to resume command of his regiment in the Philippines. He will be succeeded in the command of the Department of Texas by Colonel James Wheaton, of the Twelfth Cavalry. It is understood that the change was made at the request of Colonel McKibben, who desired service in the Philippines.

Plague on the Kintuck.

WASHINGTON, June 6.—The War Department has been informed that the transport Kintuck is in quarantine in the harbor of Nagasaki and will not be allowed to depart until the ship is free of the alleged case of plague among her crew.

Mission Work in Philippines.

TOLEDO, O., June 6.—Rev. Hester D. Church, rector of St. John's Episcopal Church, has been appointed to take charge of the work in the Philippines for the American Board of Missions. He will begin his work about September 1.

Belgian Consul-General at Manila.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 6.—Leon Guis-lain, Consul for Belgium at this port, has been formally notified of his appointment by his government as Consul-General at Manila.

STATE HAS NO CASE

District Attorney's Idea of
Davis Defalcation.

HE DECLINES TO PROSECUTE

In a Letter to the Attorney-General,
Mr. Chamberlain Says the Statute of Limitations Has Run
—Pointed Comment.

INDEMNITY NOT REDUCED.

The United States Will Accept the Full Amount.

WASHINGTON, June 6.—The Ambassadors from most of the European countries were in conference with Secretary Hay today, mainly because it was diplomatically day, which afforded an opportunity for discussing the stage of the Chinese negotiations. It is understood that the middle ground, or middle vivendi, as it is being referred to, concerning the form of paying the indemnity, is likely to be settled by a joint and several guaranty. This will be in complete accord with the American view that there should be no joint guaranty in the sense of binding each government to securing the payment of the entire \$200,000,000. It will be joint, however, in the formal aspect of the instrument, by all of the powers jointly at the same time, and probably by the same instrument. This instrument doubtless will include a provision by which each government assumes no liability beyond the amount of its own share of the indemnity, which, in the case of the United States, is limited to \$50,000,000.

In answer to his inquiry, Special Commissioner Rockhill, at Peking, has been informed that the United States Government has not taken steps recently looking to the abatement of its claims for indemnity against China by one-half, regardless of the other powers. Some time ago the Government proposed through Mr. Rockhill that all the powers scale down their claims 50 per cent, so as to bring the total of the indemnity within China's ability to pay. Though this proposition failed of acceptance, the Government left Mr. Rockhill under instructions to lose no opportunity to secure a reduction of the claim, but it has never signified any intention to accept the full amount of our indemnity, regardless of the action of the other powers.

Ministers Blame Germany.

PEKIN, June 6.—The Ministers have ceased to hold meetings, while making inquiries as to the desire of their respective governments. The majority of the Ministers hold that Germany should have to take the Chinese side, although powers would agree to indemnify Germany for the loss at 4 per cent interest. They also think that the withdrawal of Count von Waldersee and the German troops shows a desire to accept the German demands, which they are not inclined to do.

Trouble between British and French soldiers in China continues.

General Lorne-Campbell, in command of the British troops, and the French commander will use their utmost endeavors to prevent further friction.

China Orders Bonds to Be Prepared.

LONDON, June 7.—"The Chinese Government," says the Shanghai correspondent of the Daily Express, "has ordered that bonds be prepared for the payment of the indemnity."

"FATHER OF THE ELKS."

Death of George W. Cumberland, Known as George Thompson.

NEW YORK, June 6.—George W. Cumberland, known to the American stage as George Thompson, "Father of the Elks," died in Brooklyn from blood-poisoning following an operation on his hand. He was 65 years old. He is said to have founded the Order of Elks 35 years ago, and to have been the convention of the United Elks, No. 1, in 1888. He afterward became district deputy grand ruler of New York, secretary of the Board of Grand Trustees and deputy exalted ruler of the United States.

Major George Arthur Dead.

CLEVELAND, June 6.—Major George Arthur, 34th Infantry, died at the Soldiers' Home at this city, where he had been confined since his return from the Philippines, died suddenly at the Soldiers' Home, in this city, early today. He was about 45 years of age, single and unmarried.

Major Arthur arrived at the hotel at a very early hour, and sat down in a chair in the lobby. Shortly afterward an attack of the fever found him gasping for breath and unconscious. He was at once removed to a room, but soon expired.

Deceased was a son of P. M. Arthur, grand chief of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers. An autopsy developed the fact that death had resulted from a ruptured blood vessel on the left side of the head. A large blood clot had formed just behind the ear. It is believed that Major Arthur, while defending the Government treasure-box in the fight with drunken soldiers last fall in the Philippines, received a blow on the head that ruptured the blood vessel and eventually led to his death.

Friend of Lincoln and Grant.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., June 6.—Captain H. S. Townsend died last night in East Maryville, Mo., aged 88 years. He was an intimate friend of Lincoln and Grant.

Injunction in the Gilman Case.

NEW YORK, June 6.—An application for an injunction to restrain George H. Hart, of this city, from selling, assigning, transferring or in any way disposing of the property of the Great Atlantic & Pacific Tea Company, was made before Justice Gilman in the Supreme Court today in behalf of Edward I. Norton, the New York administrator of the estate of the late George F. Gilman, Justice Gilman adjourned the proceedings until some day next week, when further arguments will be heard.

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BRITISH BARK POTALLOCH, WHICH WAS SUCCESSFULLY
FLOATED YESTERDAY, AFTER REMAINING SIX MONTHS ON
THE WASHINGTON BEACH.

desires filed in the name of the State of Oregon against Sylvester Pennoyer, George W. McBride and Phil Metchan, as the former State School Board, to recover the \$30,332.08 shortage in the accounts of ex-Clerk of the Board George W. Davis.

Mr. Chamberlain in a letter to the Attorney-General expressed an opinion that the statute of limitations has run, and also that the act of 1890 relieved the members of the board from personal liability for the acts of the clerk. He asks why cash accounts absolutely correct and all moneys accounted for? "What was the matter with successive committees appointed for the same purpose at the special sessions of 1898 and the regular session of 1899? "Either the committees appointed for that purpose were incompetent to discharge their duties, or as is more likely, appointed clerks to do their work because of some political pull rather than because of any peculiar fitness for the work in hand, with the result, that the cash accounts were not correct, and the state becomes the loser to the extent of over \$30,000, and the thief goes unpunished. That the shortage was discovered at all is somewhat of a surprise, but is due to the fact, doubtless, that a clerical force was appointed to do the particular work in 1901 who felt more interest in the discharge of a public trust than in the way of the cost and expenses of the enactment of vicious laws.

"It is unnecessary for me to say to you that I regret the loss to the state which the defalcation of Davis has caused, and I would cheerfully unite with you in the present or in any case where there might exist a possible chance to recover. But entertaining as I do a strong conviction that in this case the state has no standing either in a court of law or equity, and that such a suit as is proposed can but entail an additional loss in the way of the cost and expenses of the litigation, I must decline to attach my name to the complaint, and I return the same to you herewith. You can make such amendments to the complaint as you desire, attach your own name to the pleading, and if you desire me to do so, I will then have the papers filed here, subject to your conduct and control."

"I have the honor to remain, yours very respectfully,
"GEO. E. CHAMBERLAIN,
"District Attorney."

MET ON A CURVE.

Nine Persons Injured in a Collision Near Vicksburg.

VICKSBURG, Miss., June 6.—Nine persons were injured, three seriously in a head-on collision by two Mississippi Valley passenger trains, at 6 o'clock this morning, north of Vicksburg. These seriously injured are: Carry Jones, a clerk of train No. 24, shoulder dislocated and internal injuries; may die; E. S. Larreta, flagman, head crushed, may die; W. J. Harvey, mail clerk, ribs crushed.

The trains met on a sharp curve near Florence, 16 miles north of this city, and but for the prompt action of Engineer Jones, of the north-bound train, in reversing his engine, the wreck would have been more complete. The south-bound train was late, and was running at a high rate of speed to make up time.

Congressman Otjen Injured.

MILWAUKEE, June 6.—Congressman Melba Otjen and his private secretary, Nathaniel Green, were run down by both seriously injured by an electric car this afternoon, while driving in a buggy. The physicians attending Congressman Otjen and his secretary announced tonight that his injuries are not serious. Mr. Otjen will probably be able to be about in a few days.

Much Opposition to Milner.

LONDON, June 6.—The Common Council at the Guildhall today agreed to confer the freedom of the city on Lord Milner, but only after considerable criticism. Mr. Norton, who led the opposition, blamed Lord Milner for all the trouble Great Britain had in South Africa, and for the ill feeling existing between the Boers and the British.

No Negotiations for Farsan.

BERLIN, June 6.—The Foreign Office asserts that the only element of truth in the report that Germany has been negotiating with the Turkish Government as to the Farsan Islands is the fact that the government has acquired a coaling station in one of the islands for the China transport service.

PORTLAND IN 1902

National Convention of the
Travelers.

DAVE DUNNE'S GREAT SPEECH

Cincinnati, Which Competed for the
Prize, Characterized Portland
as Out of the Pale of
Civilization.

PORT MONROE, Va., June 6.—At today's session of the National Travelers' Protective Association it was decided to hold next year's convention at Portland, Or.

In the ballot for the convention Portland had 147 votes, Cincinnati 71. By a standing vote Portland was selected unanimously for the next convention place.

Dave Dunne's Great Speech.

PORT MONROE, Va., June 6.—The speech nominating Portland for the convention city of 1902 was made by R. M. Simmons, of Colorado. Speeches seconding Oregon were made by delegates from California, Alabama, Arkansas, Nebraska, Oklahoma, Maryland and Wisconsin. They were able efforts and favorably received. Then came a speech by Dunham, of Ohio, placing in nomination Cincinnati, which was a most able and brilliant oration and seemed to sway the convention. Following the opening speeches in Portland's favor came one by Alexander King, and this was most enthusiastically received. Hon. David M. Dunne then followed in response to the speech of Dunham, of Cincinnati, presenting the advantages and attractions of Portland and answering the attack of Dunham, who had asserted that Portland was outside the pale of civilization and too far away from the center of population. Colonel Dunne, in a most able and brilliant manner, described the resources and scenic attractions of Oregon. His speech was a revelation, and most completely refuted the arguments of Dunham of Ohio. The applause and enthusiasm following Mr. Dunne's speech was most hearty and spontaneous, and completely stamped the convention.

The vote by states was called and Portland received 156 and Cincinnati 71.

On the announcement of the vote, the entire delegation arose to their feet amidst great cheering and congratulations of the delegates. For the next few minutes pandemonium reigned and the business of the convention was suspended. When quiet was restored, Dunham, of Ohio, moved that the vote be made unanimous in favor of Portland, which was received with cheers.

(President Henry Hahn, of the Chamber of Commerce, who received a private telegram from E. Shelley Morgan, secretary of the Oregon and Washington branch, last night, was enthusiastic in his congratulations over the happy result.

The coming of the Travelers' Protective Association's National convention in 1902 means that hundreds of intelligent, active, progressive, up-to-date business men will visit Portland at the most favorable season of the year, when the city is at its best. More than 100,000 people of a class who are not gingerly or stingy in their praise of a town, and no one doubts that they will find plenty in Portland to praise. The advertising which the city will receive as a result of their visit can hardly be overestimated.

Portland's delegates to last year's convention worked very hard to secure the convention this year, and although unsuccessful for the time being, it is evident that their efforts started the sentiment that resulted in victory for next year.

SUMMARY OF IMPORTANT NEWS.

Philippines.

The Secretary of War will be the real head of the Philippine Government. Page 1.
Provincial government was established in Cavite. Page 1.

Philippine foreign trade in 1900 showed great increase over the preceding year. Page 1.

Federal Government.

The Industrial Commission considered the tariff question. Page 2.
The President issued a large number of Army commissions. Page 2.

The Mayflower has been ordered to Venezuela. Page 2.

Foreign.

Yerkes secured control of the London underground railway. Page 2.
American locomotives were not a success in England. Page 2.
German explorers were killed by cannibals in the South Sea. Page 2.

The principal German states will drop the double tariff. Page 2.

Domestic.

Next year's convention of the Travelers' Protective Association will be held in Portland. Page 1.
The Kennedy murder trial opened at Kansas City. Page 3.

The Manufacturers' Association favors the calling of a convention to consider reciprocity treaties. Page 5.

Montana copper companies have consolidated. Page 5.

Sport.

Portland shut out Tacoma. 1-0. Page 3.
Spokane defeated Seattle. 13-5. Page 3.
National and American League scores. Page 3.

Pacific Coast.

Two miners were severely injured in explosion at Sumpter, Or. mine. Page 4.
Legal move made to avoid extra session of Washington Legislature. Page 4.
Governor Geer informs Eastern paper he does not approve of third term for McKinley. Page 4.

Some members of House river and harbor committee will visit Vancouver, Wash. Page 4.

Oregon City may soon be without electric lights. Page 4.

Molders in five San Francisco iron works walked out. Page 4.

Commercial.

Portland market quotations. Page 11.
Domestic and foreign commercial news and quotations. Page 11.
New York stock market transactions. Page 11.

Marine.

British bark Potalloch safely floated. Page 10.
Tramp steamers may enter Pacific Coast grain trade. Page 10.
Lloyd liner Asryan wrecked. Page 10.

Portland and Vicinity.

District Attorney Chamberlain declines to join in suit against ex-state officers. Page 1.
Multimaster team breaks the four-game bowling record. Page 7.
Subdivision of the new charter work made. Page 12.
No private legal opinions wanted concerning July tax sale. Page 12.
Orders for National Guard field and camp duty. Page 8.