

ROSTAND AN "IMMORTAL"

HIS ELECTION TO THE ACADEMY CAUSES SURPRISE IN PARIS.

Marguier de Vogue Was Also Chosen a Member—Queen Wilhelmina at Potsdam.

PARIS, May 30.—The Marquis de Vogue and M. Edmond Rostand have been elected members of the Academy, in place of the Duke of Broglie and Viscount Henri D. Boercher. The former's election was assured, but there was considerable opposition to M. Rostand. It recently became known that Madame Sarah Bernhardt, who had been in the latter's entourage, had written a letter to him, in which she expressed her admiration for his work, and his election was assured.

Some surprise is manifested here at the election of M. Rostand, in view of the opposition of the Academy, based on his lack of classicalism. Frederick Masson, the historian, who was favored for the honor accorded M. Rostand, was defeated by only a bare majority over his opponents. The absence of four of his opponents and the departure of M. Deschanel, who, after voting for M. Masson, left to attend the Chamberlain's departure, turned the voting in favor of M. Rostand. M. Rostand is one of the youngest "immortals" on record.

WILHELMINA AT POTSDAM.

Tendered a Banquet at the New Palace by Emperor William.

POTSDAM, May 30.—Queen Wilhelmina and Prince Henry arrived here today. They were received at the station by the Emperor and Empress of Germany, who accompanied them to the new palace. The visitors were warmly cheered. The apartment given tonight in honor of Queen Wilhelmina was of most interesting ceremony. The bands played a number of old Dutch hymns. All the assembled troops presented arms when the hymn called "Wilhelmus Nassau" was rendered. The music concluded with the "Honor March of the Dutch Navy."

At the banquet given at the new palace in honor of Queen Wilhelmina and Prince Henry, Emperor William, in a speech of welcome, said:

"Not as a friend do we greet Your Majesty today on her second visit to our house. For the first time you came in the springtime of life, and by the side of your beloved husband, the German emperor. These halls welcome the great-granddaughter of Louis, Henrietta, the wife of the Emperor of Germany. How, then, can the Queen of the Netherlands be welcomed otherwise than as a member of our house and in view of the intimate relations which have existed for centuries between my ancestors and yours?"

The Emperor then proceeded to dilate upon how much the house of Hohenzollern was indebted to the house of Orange. He said:

"We thought today centers in the wish that our great God may preserve and protect Your Majesty's life and that of your illustrious consort for the welfare of Orange and of Holland and all that that signifies. I add at the same time a pledge that love and friendship toward your house will never cease in the hearts of my house and my subjects. In this sense I think to Your Majesty's health."

Queen Wilhelmina, replying to the Emperor, expressed her thanks at his friendly allusions, both past and present, and reciprocated the Emperor's wishes for a continuance of the friendship between the two houses. After dinner the majesties witnessed from a balcony the military tattoo, in which German, Russian and other foreign troops had been invited.

OLD SCORES FORGOTTEN.

French General Delighted With His Treatment in Germany.

BERLIN, May 30.—To the correspondent of the Associated Press General Bonnal, director of the French war school, expressed his delight at the splendid reception accorded the French General by Emperor William and his army, and the military slight witnessed. He said:

"I have been astonished at the perfectly frank and soldier-like manner and speech of the Emperor. He has not only emphasized his gladness because the Germans and French fought shoulder to shoulder recently, not only in China, but in West Africa, thus learning mutually to esteem one another."

The Emperor said to General Bonnal yesterday:

"When you return to France tell your countrymen that here nothing is felt but sympathy and respect for France."

Regarding the German Army, General Bonnal said:

"Neither the German nor the French Army is the same as in 1870. There have been great improvements in both. The both might learn much from the other."

Emperor William will confer upon General Bonnal a high decoration. The French officer will witness the parades tomorrow and next day, and will leave for Paris Saturday.

BOYCOTT WILL FAIL.

No Hope for European Combine Against United States.

LONDON, May 30.—Commenting editorially this morning on the agitation in Germany and elsewhere for a combination against American commercial competition, the Times says:

"The sole hope for Pan-Europe, according to these writers, is to imitate Napoleon and introduce the Continental system against the United States. It must be owned that the precedent is rather disheartening. If the Continental system failed in Napoleon's iron grasp, it would hardly succeed in the hands of a weak ruler. The scheme is preposterous and impracticable on the face of it, but the editorial articles which propose it deserve attention as a revelation of the acute, continued jealousy and fear of American greatness and prosperity which prevail in certain quarters of the Continent."

PREFER TO REMAIN SLAVES.

Freedom Not Attractive to Natives of East Africa.

LONDON, May 30.—Ninety-eight per cent of the slaves of Zanzibar and Pemba prefer to remain slaves, according to correspondence issued by the Foreign Office concerning the working of the decrees freeing the slaves. Few slaves appear to have been freed. The scheme is preposterous and impracticable on the face of it, but the editorial articles which propose it deserve attention as a revelation of the acute, continued jealousy and fear of American greatness and prosperity which prevail in certain quarters of the Continent."

SINGAPORE BANK ROBBER.

Notes to the Value of \$250,000 Were Stolen.

LONDON, May 30.—The Daily Mail has received the following dispatch from Singapore:

"Bank notes to the value of \$250,000, mostly \$20 notes, have been stolen from

the Singapore branch of the Hong Kong & Shanghai Bank. There is no trace of the thief."

Return of Boer Crozier.

NEW YORK, May 30.—A dispatch to the World from Wantage, England, says: Though the utmost secrecy is maintained, it has been learned here that Richard Crozier has completed all his arrangements to return to New York at an early date. It seems highly probable that he will sail on the steamship Deutschland next Friday. He left for Wantage on Tuesday afternoon, and returned tonight. His departure Friday evidently depends upon whether or not he receives from New York such information as will enable him to stay over to see the Derby June 5.

The London correspondent of the World says that the Hamburg-American steamship agents, both in London and in Southampton, decline to state whether Richard Crozier is booked to sail for New York on the Deutschland next Friday or not.

Comment on the Kaiser's Toast.

BERLIN, May 30.—There is much diversity in the comments of the press on Emperor William's toast at the luncheon given at the annual review of the brigade of guards yesterday. The Kreuz Zeitung points out that, judging from the Kaiser's dispatch, no personal misunderstanding has arisen between the two emperors as a result of the China business. The Berliner Tageblatt sees importance in "the evident wish of the Kaiser to do justice to the French Republic."

Holla and the Czar.

ST. PETERSBURG, May 30.—Frederick H. Holla, of the International Court of Arbitration, left for Warsaw after having been received in a special audience by Emperor Nicholas. The conference was extended and most cordial. It is understood that the Emperor thanked Mr. Holla for his history of the peace conference, dedicated to His Majesty, and expressed the deepest gratification over the cordial support from the American people and the United States Government, declaring that he wished to thank the various American organizations, such as churches and chambers of commerce, for their enthusiastic effort in behalf of peace. His Majesty charged Mr. Holla with a personal message of good will to President McKinley and with congratulations upon the recovery of Mrs. McKinley.

A Stormy Sitting.

VIENNA, May 30.—The government's canal bill has aroused bitter opposition and the debate in the Reichsrath, continuing early this morning, was marked by stormy scenes. The Pan-Germans so fiercely abused Dr. Lueger, who supported the bill, that the sitting had to be suspended. The president being quite unable to quiet the tumult. Prince von Schwarzenberg, in opposing the bill, declared that the construction of bills provided an open door for foreign invasion, and that the government was guilty of a crime. Finally the Pan-Germans walked out of the House. Dr. Lueger denounced them as "contemptible traitors to the country."

Victory for a Radical Liberal.

BERLIN, May 30.—The Reichstag election at Grefelwald, Prussia, has ended in the defeat of the Conservative candidate, Herr Coubertin, and a victory for the Radical Liberal candidate, Herr Gethel. Great importance attaches to the result, because the election was fought in a strongly Agrarian district on the new tariff and agricultural insurance bills. Nevertheless, the Deutsche Tageszeitung, in a strong editorial, asks the Prussian Government to give aid to the tariff and agricultural insurance bills, as the next crop is certain to be the worst known for years, to say nothing of the rise in prices in consequence of American competition.

New Opera, "Much Ado About Nothing."

LONDON, May 30.—David Bispham, as Benedick in Charles DeWolf's new opera, "Much Ado About Nothing," tonight added another to his many recent Garden triumphs. The presentation of this opera was the novelty of the present operatic season, and it received a full measure of approval from a large audience, which included the president of the Royal Academy of Music, and the composer, and the artist in London, Marie Brema, as Beatrice; Suzanne Adams, as Hero; Mr. Coates, as Claudio; and Poi Planché, as Friar Abbot, shared the honors. The opera, which was sung and acted with singing and acting dominated the production.

Senator Beveridge in Berlin.

BERLIN, May 30.—United States Senator Albert B. Beveridge has arrived in Berlin. He has been visiting Prince Hatzfeldt, at Silesia, studying rural conditions. Tomorrow he will have interviews with Count von Bulow, Baron von Rheinbaben, Dr. von Miquel and Dr. von Siemens. He will start for Russia Saturday. Referring to the decision of the Supreme Court of the United States in the insular cases, Mr. Beveridge said:

"Apparently the decision gives Congress a Constitutional free hand, which affords me the greatest satisfaction. If the result be otherwise, I am much disappointed."

French Socialists Split.

PARIS, May 30.—The recent split in the ranks of the socialists at Lyons is bearing fruit. Eight deputies, including M. Vaillant, who retired from the congress on the defeat of the motion to expel M. Millerand from the party, have announced their withdrawal. They intend to organize a new group, thus weakening the government, hitherto supported by a large number of socialists. They are expected to follow the example of their colleagues and withdraw from the party.

A Birmingham Sensation.

LONDON, May 30.—A sensation has been caused at Birmingham by the discovery of the bodies of 31 infants in a cellar beneath an undertaker's establishment. The bodies were in various stages of decomposition, and had been buried in boxes. The establishment was conducted by a widow, who today was charged with causing the infants' deaths. The prisoner was remanded.

Carnegie on English Trade.

NEW YORK, May 30.—A dispatch to the Tribune from London says: Andrew Carnegie has an article in the Nineteenth Century on the industrial output of Great Britain. What is going on in England, says Mr. Carnegie, is its monopoly. There has been no retrogression. Altogether, the article is a rebuke to many British pessimists who have written on the same subject.

Will Use American Machinery.

LONDON, May 30.—It is said that the British Government has decided to introduce new American labor-saving machinery, such as portable steam engines, riveting machines, etc., at the Portsmouth dockyards.

Russian Town Burned.

ST. PETERSBURG, May 30.—As a result of the fire at Staraya Ryssa, near Simbirsk, in Southern Russia, 125 houses were destroyed. Two women were killed and many persons injured.

New Swedish Military Buildings.

STOCKHOLM, May 30.—Both houses of the Riksdag today voted 1,700,000 kroner for new military buildings.

IN NATIONAL CEMETERIES

USUAL TRIBUTE TO THE SOLDIER DEAD AT ARLINGTON.

Memorial Day Generally Observed in the Cities Throughout the United States.

WASHINGTON, May 30.—Memorial day was observed in Washington with the usual ceremonies. The weather, which has been stormy for the past week, was delightful, and the exercises at the different cemeteries where soldiers are buried were largely attended. President McKinley expected to visit Arlington during the forenoon, but was delayed by the visit to the White House of Mrs. McKinley's physician.

Arlington, as usual, was the point of central interest. Secretary Root and General Corbin were present. Israel W. Stone, the department commander, was in charge here, and the ceremonies were interesting and affecting. The veterans indulged in their usual short parade before taking the electric cars for Arlington. Arriving at Arlington, the procession formed at the principal gateway, while the Fourth Artillery fired the National salute.

The posts marched directly to the soldiers' graves, where the band played dirges, and special committees, composed of delegates of the Sons of Veterans, United Veterans Legion, Spanish War Veterans, and the Grand Army of the Republic, decorated the graves with flowers.

The graves of the known dead were strewn with beautiful garlands, and the ceremonies proper then began at the Amphitheater. Commander Stone called the assembly to order, and Department Chaplain Stevens delivered an invocation. Colonel John A. Joyce recited a poem, "Beyond the Gates of Paradise," and the president, D. Wright, Commissioner of Labor, delivered the oration of the day. Miss Etta Stone read Lincoln's Gettysburg address.

Through on a less elaborate scale, impressive and beautiful ceremonies were conducted at other cemeteries in the neighborhood where soldiers are buried. At the Congressional cemetery, Farragut Post conducted the exercises and Rev. Dr. Milburn delivered the oration.

PARADES AT SAN FRANCISCO.

One to the Odd Fellows' Cemetery, the Other to the Presidio.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 30.—Memorial day was observed with more than usual impressiveness, there being two parades, one to the National cemetery at the Presidio, and the other to the Odd Fellows' cemetery. Under the shadow of Lone Mountain, at 10 o'clock, an imposing procession of the 15 divisions comprising the regular army, the 1st Regiment of the National Guard of California, a battalion of the Naval Militia, various patriotic societies, the Veteran Guard and the Sons of Veterans, marched to the Presidio cemetery. After appropriate exercises, including an oration by D. E. McKim, of the Grand Army of the Republic, of whom died in China, and other patriotic songs, the graves were strewn with flowers. A special service for the dead was then held at the base of the soldiers' monument on the grounds.

The parade to the Odd Fellows' cemetery and the ceremonies above the graves of the veterans buried there were conducted by James A. Graham, Lincoln and General George Meade Posts of the Grand Army.

At Chicago Cemeteries.

CHICAGO, May 30.—Memorial services were held in every cemetery in Cook County and the grave of every one of the 6000 warriors buried therein was decorated with a wreath and above all unfurled the Stars and Stripes. The feature of the day was the parade of the G. A. R., 1500 grizzled veterans participated. With them marched the G. A. R. Memorial Association of the Illinois Naval Militia, various civic organizations and thousands of private citizens. Many of the veterans, unable to endure the two-mile march, rode in carriages. The parade was reviewed in front of the Art Institute by Governor Yates and staff, Mayor Harrison and regular Army officers delegated to represent General Otis, who is absent from the city.

At Rose Hill Cemetery, after the assembly call by its bugler, L. Prescott, Miss Clara Nourse unveiled a monument to the old Board of Trade Battery.

Oration by General Ransauer.

INDIANAPOLIS, May 30.—Lee Ransauer, commander-in-chief of the G. A. R., delivered the oration of the day at Crown Hill. General Ransauer said:

"While possibly the advantage of numbers was with our army, it was still a great advantage of fighting in the territory of our opponents was with those who fought to destroy our country. The war in the Transvaal, where over 20,000 trained soldiers and sailors of England are contending with less than 40,000 Boers, and our own trouble in the Philippines can only be mentioned to remove all doubt as to the importance or value of this latter advantage."

General Ransauer paid a high tribute to the late General Harrison, whose body lies near the scene of today's ceremonies.

St. Louis Statues Decorated.

ST. LOUIS, May 30.—Memorial day celebration in St. Louis began with the decoration of the statues of prominent men of the city by committees from the various G. A. R. posts. A procession, made up of members of the G. A. R., service men of the Spanish War and the Philippine Islands Veterans Association, marching through the downtown streets. After the parade the different organizations held exercises in the cemetery where the soldier dead are buried.

Ransom Post decorated the grave of General W. T. Sherman, in Calvary cemetery. Appropriate services were held there. The principal exercises of the day were held at Jefferson Barracks, where there are the graves of thousands of Union dead as well as many of those who fell in the Spanish War.

Andersonville Fountain Dedicated.

AMERICUS, Ga., May 30.—A beautiful memorial fountain over the Providence Spring in the historic Andersonville Prison stockade was dedicated today in the presence of a large crowd. National Commander James Atwell, of the National Association of Union ex-prisoners of War, unveiled the tablet, which bears this inscription: "This fountain was erected by the National Association of Union ex-prisoners of War in memory of the 5,384 Union prisoners who were confined here as prisoners of war and of the 13,000 comrades who died and whose remains are buried in the adjoining National cemetery."

Observed at Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, May 30.—Memorial day was fittingly observed by the local Grand Army posts. Not only were the graves of the departed heroes decorated with Spring flowers, but at each burial place visited special religious and patriotic exercises were held. The principal exercises of the day were held at Keneth Israel Temple. United States Senator Penrose was the orator.

Exercises at Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, O., May 30.—Memorial day exercises in this city were on an elaborate scale. Two plant together with two bouquets, were placed by the veterans on each soldier's grave. At noon the veterans met at the Central Armory, where appropriate and impressive exercises were held. The parade in the afternoon was reviewed by Mayor Johnson and other officials from a stand in front of the City Hall.

Observed in Georgia.

ATLANTA, May 30.—Special trains conveyed large crowds to Marietta, Ga., today where the graves of more than 10,000 Federal dead were decorated and appropriate exercises were held. The parade in the afternoon was reviewed by Mayor Johnson and other officials from a stand in front of the City Hall.

At Chattanooga National Cemetery.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., May 30.—The graves of the 13,000 Union soldiers and the 40 Spanish-American War soldiers buried in the National cemetery here were visited today and fitting ceremonies performed.

Address by Minister Conger.

DES MOINES, May 30.—E. H. Conger, Minister to China, delivered the Memorial day address at Dexter, Ia., his former place of residence.

Ohio Socialists.

COLUMBUS, O., May 30.—At the state convention of the Social Democrats, which met here today, it was decided to change the name of the party to the Socialist party. The fundamental and eternal law adopted is "the collective ownership and control of the means of production and distribution." A ticket was nominated, headed by H. C. Thompson, of Cincinnati, for Governor. The ticket will have to be placed on the ballot by petition.

Justice Brewer to Marry Again.

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PRESIDENT AGAIN HOME

THE PARTY ARRIVED AT WASHINGTON ON SCHEDULE TIME.

Physicians Hope the Improvement in Mrs. McKinley's Condition Will Be Maintained.

WASHINGTON, May 30.—The train bearing the President and Mrs. McKinley and the party accompanying them on the trip through the West ended its journey here at 7:30 o'clock this morning, exactly on schedule time. Mrs. McKinley was immediately removed to the carriage in waiting and driven slowly to the White House. She looked pale and worn, the natural result of the grave ordeal through which she recently passed. Secretary Cortelyou stated that she was bearing up splendidly.

"She passed a comfortable night," he said, "and is feeling better today. She has a gradual improvement."

No demonstration marked any portion of the early morning run of the train toward Washington. A few people were gathered at points along the way, but there were none but silent greetings in place of the usual cheering and waving. She looked pale and worn, the natural result of the grave ordeal through which she recently passed. Secretary Cortelyou stated that she was bearing up splendidly.

Owing to the early hour, perhaps, only a few officials were present. These included Second Assistant Postmaster-General Schallenger, Major Proctor, assistant secretary to the President; President McFarlan, of the Board of District Commissioners; Colonel Bingham, superintendent of buildings and grounds. The train was run onto a track in the middle of Sixth street just outside of the Pennsylvania station, and the Presidential carriage was drawn up alongside. The President's team of spirited horses shied at the sight of the crowd, and were almost unmanageable. President McKinley was on the platform as the train rolled in and bowed to a few who lifted their hats in silent salute. Some delay was caused by the nervousness of the horses.

Mrs. McKinley was removed from the private car Olympia to the carriage on a chair borne by the President and Dr. Rixey, assisted by the Cavalier others. She was pale and showed her weakened condition. Several members of the Cabinet stood alongside ready to lend a helping hand. Mrs. McKinley was slowly lifted into her carriage and made comfortable. Then to avoid the rough cobblestones of the streets, the crowd was cleared from the smooth sidewalk next to the depot where the carriage was to be driven on the way to the White House.

The President's carriage on arrival at the White House stopped at the edge of the plaza instead of being driven into the driveway. It was to avoid the steps at the driveway interfering with the lifting of the chair. An usher stood at the horses' heads as the President and Dr. Rixey, aided by the Cavalier others, lifted Mrs. McKinley in a chair and carried her slowly into the White House and to her apartments. Breakfast was served there, and later the President spent a few minutes in the Cabinet room before a few important matters.

Mrs. McKinley had a fairly comfortable day, but still feels the effect of the fatigue incident to the long trip. The President, however, was again safely abed in the White House, that the slight improvement that has manifested itself since leaving the Pacific Coast will be maintained and she will be able to sit up. She is still very seriously ill, and her every symptom is being carefully watched by those in charge of the distinguished patient. Dr. Rixey, the physician in charge of her case, spent some time at the bedside of the patient today. Associated with him in a consulting capacity are also Surgeon-General Sargent, of the Army, and Secretary of the Army of this city. The President spent most of the day at the White House in the company of his wife. Late in the afternoon, in company with Secretary Root, he went out for a short drive, taking a ride in the suburbs, but he returned to the White House in about an hour.

FIGHTING IN CAMARINES.

Infantrymen Encountered Zegovia's Guerrillas.

MANILA, May 30.—Thirty-three men of Company A, Twentieth Infantry, recently encountered Zegovia's band near Parang, North Camarines Province. Surgeon St. John was killed. The insurgents lost five men killed and had two wounded. Donoli has again been attacked and reinforcements have been sent from Manila.

Cincinnati Graves Decorated.

CINCINNATI, O., May 30.—An unusual large procession was the principal feature of Memorial day here. The procession included the regular number of children. At Spring Grove cemetery, where the graves of soldiers are buried, the graves were strewn with flowers. A new feature was the remembrance of the dead of the Spanish-American war, whose graves were also decorated.

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legislation for the archipelago will be made soon after the Cabinet meets next week.

Kemp's Inspection Tour.

WASHINGTON, May 30.—Admiral Kemp's departure from Manila for China on board the Kentucky has been reported to the Navy Department, but without any details of the proposed trip. This is merely a part of the cruise planned, now that there are three Rear-Admirals on the Asiatic station, and it is said to have no reference to conditions in China. The New Orleans, Monadnock, Monterey and Monocacy are now in Chinese waters, and it is expected that Admiral Kemp will make a trip along the coast visiting these ships. Admiral Rodgers will be in command at Manila until the return of Admiral Remy from his Australian trip, when the latter will resume command, and Admiral Rodgers will go to Japan on the New York to take part in the Perry monument exercises.

SPAIN AND ARGENTINA.