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American and European Plan.

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**State Normal School, Monmouth, Or.**

Demand for graduates. The demand for graduates of the Normal School, during the past year, has been much beyond the supply. Positions worth from \$60 to \$75 per month.

State Certificates and Diplomas: Students are prepared for the state examinations, and readily take state papers on graduation. Strong academic and professional courses. Well equipped training department. Expenses range from \$150 to \$175 per year. Fall terms open September 1. For catalogue containing full announcements, address

P. L. CAMPBELL, President.  
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**THE PIANOLA**

The Pianola has created considerable discussion and an investigation of the instrument has invariably led to the enthusiastic commendation of musical critics.

Enthusiasm is aroused because any one can do at once that which can be accomplished by the human fingers only after years of tedious practice—i. e., play upon the piano any solo from another.

Commendation is given because the playing so closely resembles hand playing, that as a musical instrument it is a virtual triumph. This is the distinctive feature of the Pianola, and is the result of the absolute control which the player may exercise over expression.

**M. B. WELLS, Northwest Agent for the Aeolian Company**  
Aeolian Hall, 353-355 Washington Street, cor. Park

**CHIEFS OF POLICE. LABOR CONVENTIONS.**

**Reading of a Paper Caused Rumpus in the Convention.**  
NEW YORK, May 29.—A. H. Leslie, of Pittsburg, presided at the second day's session of the Association of Police Chiefs. The committee on membership made its report, and the remainder of the session was spent in the reading of papers. Chief Detsch, of Cincinnati, read a long paper on "Police Organization and the Treatment of Criminals." The paper discussed the question of the social evil, and favored localization and careful control. Objection was made to the paper, and, after some confusion, an attempt was made to shut it off by vote. The convention decided to hear it through, however, and it was read. Chief Detsch, in his paper, referring to money paid for police protection, said:  
"A man who profits in this way is nothing less than a common loafer. He should be publicly disgraced and sent to the workhouse. A poor devil who steals to satisfy his hunger or to keep his family from the workhouse is far superior."  
This statement started a ripple. Chief Jensen, of Milwaukee, jumped to his feet and moved "that this portion of Colonel Detsch's paper be not read; that it be discussed in executive session or spread upon the minutes without reading."  
Somebody seconded the motion, and Chief Kelly, of St. Louis, protested, "I object," he said. "We can not dodge the subject. It is not fair. I should like to hear all Colonel Detsch's has to say."  
Chief Jensen argued that there was a precedent for his motion, as in Cincinnati a couple of years ago a like address was included in the minutes, but not read. Chiefs Quirk, of Philadelphia, Cassidy, of Elmira, and Hill, of Chattanooga, all spoke in favor of a continuation of the paper, and Chief Leslie, the presiding officer, decided that Colonel Detsch should proceed.

**Paderewski's New Opera.**  
DRESDEN, May 29.—Paderewski's three-act opera, "Mazur," was produced at the Royal Opera tonight and was received with every sign of popular enthusiasm.

**VENGEANCE OF MOB**

**Negro Burned at the Stake in a Florida Town.**

**PENALTY FOR TERRIBLE CRIME**

The Brute was Captured by Men of His Own Race, but the Authorities Could Not Protect Him.

BARTOW, Fla., May 29.—Fred Rochelle, a negro 35 years of age, who at noon yesterday was a criminal, was burned at the stake here today. Mrs. Rena Taggart, a well-known and respectable white woman of this city, was burned at the stake here early this evening in the presence of a throng of people. The burning was on the scene of the negro's crime, within 100 yards of the principal thoroughfare of this city.

At 6 o'clock yesterday Mrs. Taggart, who was born and reared in this place, and was a woman of good family and reputation, went fishing alone in a small rowboat that she kept at the city bridge over the Peace Creek. This is in the view of the public thoroughfare. A few minutes before noon, desiring to return home, she rowed her boat to the bridge and made it fast. A negro man was fishing from the bridge at the time. Mrs. Taggart started home, and had proceeded only a few steps in the swamp toward the open prairie and the street when she was approached by Rochelle, who had been hiding in the swamp. He seized her, and she broke loose, and screaming, ran into the prairie, where he overtook her. After the assault he held her by his hands and knees, and taking his knife from his pocket, cut her throat from ear to ear, causing instant death. He then walked to the negro who had been fishing on the bridge, and who was thoroughly frightened, and asked him what he should do with the body. He was told to leave it where it was. Rochelle took the bleeding form in his arms and carried it back to the swamp, where he threw it down and escaped into the interior of the swamp.

In a few minutes the crime had been reported, and in less than an hour practically the whole city was in arms and a well-armed posse was moving in every direction in search of the criminal. Bloodhounds were secured, and all night a fruitless search continued. This morning no trace of the negro had been secured, and the people were becoming more determined to apprehend him, as his escape seemed to have become a matter of honor. About noon a courier arrived announcing that the negro had been captured by two other negroes three miles south of the city. Posse were immediately started, but the captor succeeded in getting his prisoner quietly into the city and turning him over to the Sheriff of Polk County.

In less than 10 minutes after the transfer had been made the streets became congested, and the crowd being augmented as it marched, they headed toward the jail. In view of the fact that a strong guard of deputies who made every effort to protect him from mob violence, the mob secured the prisoner and took up the march to the scene of the crime. Rochelle was half dragged, but carried to the bridge, enveloped by a great throng of people of all ages. Scream after scream broke from the wretches, and the crowd, with their prayers for mercy. At the bridge the mob turned toward the prairie, and then into the swamp and to the scene of the negro's crime.

By common consent burning was to be the penalty. There were no ropes, no plans for lynching by hanging. The stake was the only suggestion as to the proper execution, and before the crowd was organized effort, and yet with apparently unanimous understanding, a barrel was in readiness and was placed by the stake in the very spot where Mrs. Taggart was murdered. The negro was placed and chained to the stake. He pleaded for mercy, but in the great crowd around him silence was the only response. There were no jeers, no swearing, no disorder. The crowd, which surrounded his body had been made fast, cans of kerosene from many sources were passed to the front, and one of the leaders stepped forward, and deliberately poured it on him and his clothes until the clothing and the barrel were well saturated.

When the match was touched the blaze quickly leaped skyward. The burning body could be seen only as a dark object in the circle of a roaring flame. Then the fire slackened and the writhing body came back in full view, but already the groans had ceased, and the only evidence of life was in the contortions of the muscles of the limbs. For fully 15 minutes the body burned, and in half an hour from the time the match was applied only the charred bones were left as a reminder of the negro's crime and his fate. The crowd then quietly dispersed.

**RICH STRIKE OF OIL**

Made Twelve Miles From Olympia, Washington.

**WELL IS DOWN ONLY 198 FEET**

Superior Quality of Lubricating Oil is What Experts Pronounce the Discovery—Probable That It Will Develop Into a Gusher.

OLYMPIA, Wash., May 29.—What experts pronounce a superior quality of lubricating oil has been discovered in Thurston County, and a genuine oil boom is fairly under way in this section. The "entrance of the United States on the scene as a world power is already regarded as a highly disturbing factor by the European Chancelleries. The new departure makes it more important than before for the British and Americans by all possible means to keep on good terms with each other and settle by friendly negotiation all outstanding differences."

The Daily Chronicle, dealing editorially with the judgment of the United States Supreme Court in the Insular cases, says: "The United States has become an empire. That is the real meaning of the decision. A second empire is born from the old Anglo-Saxon stock. To many minds it will seem a descent from the old, lofty ideals. Yet on a broader view of the whole matter, the decision sanctions an expansion which should be an enlargement of the area of well-ordered government."

**WILL LAY CORNER-STONE OF SALEM FEDERAL BUILDING.**

EDWIN C. CROSS, EDWIN will lay the corner-stone of Salem's new Federal building tomorrow morning. It will be the oldest Federal building in the Northwest. This building was organized in Salem in 1852, and is therefore 49 years old. Mr. Cross became a member of the lodge in 1881, and served a term as noble grand in 1885.

The ceremonies attending the laying of the corner-stone will be conducted under the auspices of the Odd Fellows' lodge in this city, Chamberlains, No. 1, and Olive, No. 18. The original plan was to have the ceremony performed by President McKinley, and when his trip to the Northwest was abandoned it seemed that the formal laying of the stone must be given up. The Odd Fellows' lodge, however, took the matter up and arranged to procure the stone and put it in place. The ceremony will be performed at 9:30 o'clock. In order not to interfere with the observance of Decoration day, the Salem Military Band and the Chemawa Band will furnish music for the parade, leading from the Odd Fellows' Temple to the post-office. There will be vocal music by a quartet composed of Mrs. Hallie Parrish Hines, Miss White, Dr. H. E. Copley and Professor Z. M. Parvin. Governor Geer, who is a member of Olive Lodge, I. O. O. F., will deliver an address.

**GRANTED MACHINISTS' DEMANDS.**

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., May 29.—The Pope Bicycle Company and the Prossit-Whitney Company tonight issued a communication to the striking machinists of Chicago and vicinity was ordered tonight by the local committee of the machinists' union. The break-down of the attempts at arbitration came after a five hours' session between the joint arbitration board of the union and the Manufacturers' Association. The issue up for arbitration was the question of fixing a wage scale per hour for the new nine-hour day inaugurated May 20 in place of the 10-hour day then then in effect. A compromise was made by both sides, but to no purpose, and the strike order followed. The walk-out will affect over 7000 men.

**STRIKE IN WABASH SHOPS ENDED.**

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., May 29.—J. B. Barnes, master of motive power of the Wabash Railroad, stated tonight that the striking machinists of Wabash, Mo., and this city, obeying orders from their leaders, would return to work Friday. General Manager Ramsey having granted their demands in regard to pay, working time, and granted an increase of wages.

**STRIKE ON THE SOUTHERN RAILWAY.**

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., May 29.—All but six machinists employed by the Southern Railway at this place went out on strike today. A report from Salisbury, N. C., says that all the 50 machinists there went out today also. The strikers claim that 95 per cent of the machinists on the system of the Southern Railway will be out tomorrow morning.

**UNION PACIFIC WAGES RAISED.**

KANSAS CITY, Mo., May 29.—The blacksmiths, machinists and boiler-makers employed at the shops of the Union Pacific Railroad in Kansas City, Kan., have received notice from the company to the effect that they are to be given, beginning on the 1st of next month, a raise in wages amounting to about 15 per cent.

**COURTMARTIAL OF TOWNLEY**

MANILA, May 29.—The court-martial of Lieutenant Richard H. Townley, for alleged participation in the commissary frauds at Manila, began at Cavite today. Lieutenant Townley, in his testimony, admitted that he asked a contracting firm to contribute to Captain Read, (formerly chief of the Manila Cavalry), a percentage of future business toward covering Major Davis' shortage. The defense is that the motive was purely to shield the commissary from the public eye. Henry Wilson has been sentenced to three years' imprisonment in Bilibid prison for stealing supplies. The trial of Harold M. Evans, manager of Evans & Co., charged with improperly purchasing Government stores, has been passed.

**VALIDITY OF PHILIPPINE CONCESSIONS.**

WASHINGTON, May 29.—An important issue touching the validity of concessions in the Philippines was before the Senate today. The Spooner amendment, was presented to Secretary Root today by Mr. Dos Passos, of New York, representing the Pacific Commercial Company, a New York corporation, which has acquired whatever rights in the island of Palawan were held by Prince Poniatowski. This nobleman contracted on January 2, 1900, with the Sultan of Sulu for a franchise covering the island of Palawan, and agricultural rights in the large island of Palawan. The question presented to the War Department now is whether this concession was granted properly, and whether it is still in force since the passage of the Spooner amendment. Secretary Root regards the issue as important, and will give it due consideration.

**IMPORTS FROM PHILIPPINES.**

WASHINGTON, May 29.—A statement prepared at the Treasury Department shows that the receipts from customs duties collected upon articles imported from the Philippines into the United States from April 1, 1899, to March 31, 1901, were \$1,003,917. Of this amount, \$582,942 came from sugar, \$119,538 from cigars, and the remainder from miscellaneous articles.

**OUR RELATIONS MODIFIED.**

LONDON, May 29.—The world at large stands to gain something by this momentous decision by which Congress may decide for the dependencies a form of government outside the American Constitution," says the Westminster Gazette to-day, discussing the United States Supreme Court's judgment.

"Without the decision the United States Government would have been unable to adopt a more liberal trade policy outside of America than within, without disturbing the whole of its continental fiscal system. The relation of America to Europe and the world is profoundly modified by the new departure. Colonies mean a Navy; a Navy means naval bases and coaling stations, and naval bases are in danger unless they are backed up by the possession of a hinterland. This is the logic of imperialism, and it may lead the

**FOR EXTRA SESSION**

Move to Convene Washington Legislature.

**REQUEST MADE TO GOVERNOR**

District Attorney Desires Capital Punishment Laws Amended So as to Remove Probability of Murderers Going Free.

**COLONEL MICHLER DEAD.**

General Miles' Secretary Died at Washington Yesterday.

**NEW ORLEANS WELLS IN THE SOUTH.**

NEW ORLEANS, May 29.—An oil gusher through hard blue clay, impervious even to the leakage of oil. At 132 feet the first evidence of oil was found, just as the drill reached a white sandstone formation. The oil is rich, heavy, black, and, according to experts, it will be worth at least \$2 a barrel when refined. It is predicted by the experts that a short distance below the white sandstone formation at the bottom of the well a gusher, or at least a good flowing well will be developed as there is a tremendous pressure under the drill.

**PHILIPPINES.**

Lieutenant Townley's connection with the Manila frauds is being investigated. Page 1. Major Batson is negotiating with the emissaries of Cattles. Page 1.

**FOREIGN.**

The allied troops are preparing to leave Chinese territory. Page 2. A plague case has been discovered in a London suburb. Page 3. The American University Club in Paris gave a banquet. Page 2.

**DOMESTIC.**

A negro fender was burned at the stake in Florida. Page 1. The Reformed Presbyterian General Assembly will take up the question of secret societies. Page 2. Mrs. Eddy, the Christian Scientist, was sued for \$100,000 damages. Page 2. The President and party will reach Washington this morning. Page 3. The Confederate Veterans' reunion adjourned. Page 5.

**SPORTS.**

McGovern knocked out Herrera in the fifth round. Page 3. Tracey and Neill fought a 20-round draw at Seattle. Page 3. Portland defeated Seattle—6 to 2. Page 3. Spokane won from Tacoma—8 to 5. Page 3.

**PACIFIC COAST.**

Rich, strike of lubricating oil made near Olympia, Wash. Page 1. Governor of Washington asked to call special session of Legislature. Page 2. Competitive examination for Annapolis cadetship will be held in Portland, June 27. Page 4. Arthur Hauerbach won intercollegiate football contest of Oregon, Washington and Idaho. Page 4. David Starr Jordan, in commencement address, told what made a great university. Page 5.

**MARINE.**

What cargo cleared from Portland for Antwerp direct. Page 10. Portland wheat ship reaches Queenstown on fire. Page 10. Dutch bark Pax arrives out with four cargo. Page 10. Casco Locks closed by high water. Page 10. Misouit river steamboat destroyed by dynamite. Page 10.

**PORTLAND AND VICINITY.**

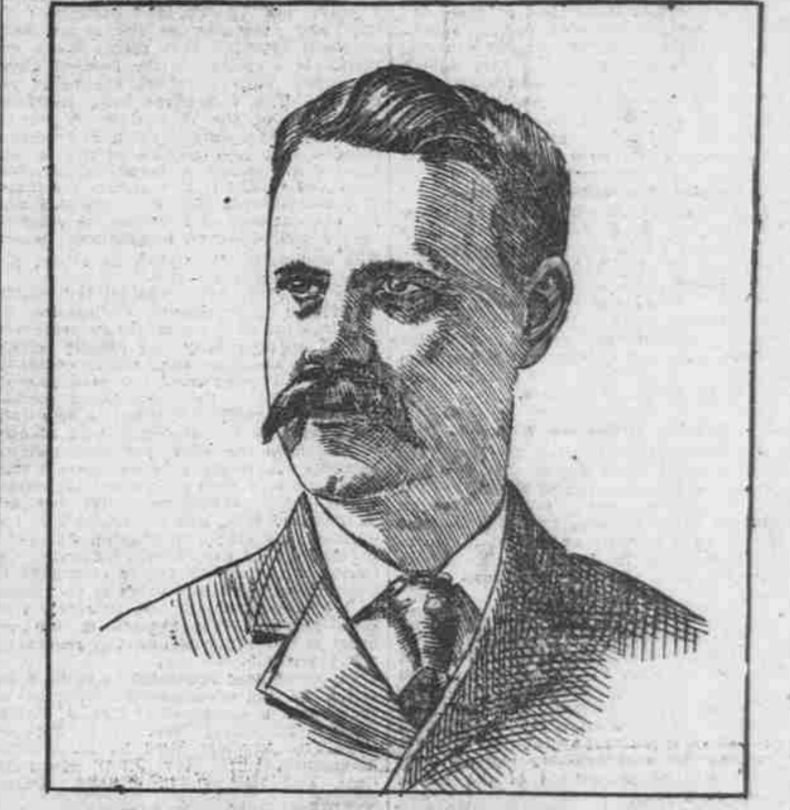
Former Postmaster at Belknap Springs convicted of fraud. Page 8. Rev. R. S. Winchester, pastor of Hassalo-Street Congregational Church, returns. Page 10. County Commissioners willing to build bicycle paths in the city limits. Page 8. Citizens' meeting resolves on a Fourth of July celebration. Page 7.

**WILLIAM S. SPELRS.**

CHICAGO, May 29.—William S. Speers, late commissioner of the Southwestern Traffic Association, of St. Louis, died at his home here today after a service in the railroad profession of 34 years. He was 59 years of age, and leaves a widow and five children.

**CONTROL OF LACKAWANNA.**

NEW YORK, May 29.—The World tomorrow will say: "That the Rockefeller-Gould Syndicate is making a determined effort to get control of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western as an Eastern outlet for the Missouri Pacific transcontinental system, is accepted as a fact in Wall street. It was reported yesterday that George Gould has made an offer to the Moses Taylor estate to take over the entire 40,000 shares of stock held by that estate. The price offered, it is said, is \$59 a share. The Rockefeller-Gould interests are said to own outright 15,000 shares of the stock of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western. If they succeed in purchasing the Moses Taylor holdings they will have 30,000 shares. This will give them the largest holdings in the road, though not a majority. William K. Vanderbilt owns over 3000 shares."



EDWIN C. CROSS.