WEEKLY TRADE REVIEW

CROP REPORTS CONTINUE VERY FAVORABLE.

New Wool Has Livened Up a Little—Wheat Shipments Have Been Large.

NEW YORK, May 24.—Bradstreets tomorrow will say:

The general situation is still largely a favorable one, the primary encouraging feature being the good outlook for crops. General distribution, retarded hitherto by the backward Spring, has been stimulated by warm weather. Industrial conditions head the list of disturbing features, but confidence in conservatism and good counsel is widespread, and the effect upon general business exerted by the largest number of men idle for several years past has been apparently minimized.

Reports as to quiet trade in iron and steel come from the East. No special activity is looked for, however, in this branch, because large consumers are well supplied. Indeed, Pittsburg furnaces are booked well into July. The demand for finished goods is as heavy as ever, with premiums paid for quick delivery and large new business not accepted because of the inability of factories to promise immediate shipments. Good reports come from the Western hardware trade, the demand in building lines and for barbed wire fencing being especially active.

The boot and shoe and allied trades note considerable activity in manufacturing lines. Leather finds ready purchasers among manufacturers East and West and stocks do not accumulate. Hides are steady at the West, but easier in Eastern markets.

Such unanimity as to good crop reports has rarely been seen at this period of the year. Much was made in speculative grain circles of dry weather in the Northwest, but recent rains have placed that district in favorable condition as regards the Spring wheat. From the Winter wheat belt reports continue very optimistic, especially from Kansas, which promises a yield of 100,000,000 bushels, and the only anxiety expressed is for a sufficient supply of labor to harvest the enormous crop.

There is more doing in new wool at all markets and manufacturers are hopeful, although new demand for goods is still disappointing. Especially good advices come from wholesalers and jobbers in silks, and the raw silk market tends higher, on better demand. Wheat, including flour, shipments for the week aggregate 4,796,984 bushels, against 3,084,968 bushels last week, 3,698,968 bushels in the corresponding week of 1900, 3,198,319 bushels in 1899, and 4,309,133 bushels in 1898.

From July 1 to date this season, wheat exports are 190,048,662 bushels, against 178,393,566 bushels last season, and 209,893,175 bushels in 1898-99.

Failures for the week number 192 against 192 last week, 167 in this week a year ago, 158 in 1899; 231 in 1898 and 257 in 1897.

Canadian failures number 24 against 24 last week, 17 in this week a year ago, 23 in 1899; 18 in 1898, and 20 in 1897.

Bank Clearings.

NEW YORK, May 24.—The following table, compiled by Bradstreet, shows the bank clearings at principal cities for the week ended May 23, with the percentage of increase and decrease, as compared with the corresponding week last year:

		Inc.	Dec.
New York	$1,750,044,000	89.8	....
Boston	156,941,000	42.5	....
Chicago	156,759,000	24.5	....
Philadelphia	110,529,000	19.7	....
St. Louis	47,388,000	55.9	....
Pittsburg	44,796,000	37.6	....
Baltimore	25,071,000	38.2	....
San Francisco	20,654,000	11.7	....
Cincinnati	18,541,000	22.9	....
Kansas City	18,587,000	29.4	....
New Orleans	9,934,000	20.9	....
Minneapolis	8,505,000	....	4.8
Detroit	9,558,000	20.0	....
Cleveland	16,118,000	58.0	....
Louisville	10,040,000	35.6	....
Providence	6,588,000	4.0	....
Milwaukee	6,542,000	18.7	....
St. Paul	4,789,000	....	1.5
Buffalo	6,062,000	25.6	....
Omaha	6,546,000	2.2	....
Indianapolis	7,248,000	12.4	....
Columbus, O.	6,827,000	27.4	....
Savannah	2,967,000	4.7	....
Denver	4,136,000	10.7	....
Hartford	2,801,000	45.9	....
Richmond	3,706,000	8.7	....
Memphis	3,062,000	49.9	....
Washington	2,852,000	15.8	....
Peoria	2,347,000	36.1	....
Rochester	2,521,000	35.4	....
New Haven	1,525,000	17.4	....
Worcester	1,578,000	29.1	....
Atlanta	2,404,000	85.7	....
Salt Lake City	3,110,000	42.9	....
Springfield, Mass.	1,523,000	20.1	....
Fort Worth	2,688,000	39.3	....
Portland, Me.	1,203,000	35.8	....
Portland, Or.	2,110,000	....	21.3
St. Joseph	5,022,000	8.7	....
Los Angeles	3,125,000	20.1	....
Norfolk	1,333,000	12.2	....
Syracuse	1,001,000	....	4.7
Des Moines	1,362,000	....	14.0
Nashville	1,332,000	8.4	....
Wilmington, Del.	936,000	5.5	....
Fall River	758,000	7.4	....
Scranton	1,511,000	26.8	....
Grand Rapids	1,182,000	....	6.5
Augusta, Ga.	923,000	53.7	....
Lowell	640,000	15.1	....
Dayton, O.	1,102,000	10.3	....
Seattle	2,293,000	....	3.0
Tacoma	1,125,000	....	....
Spokane	1,024,000	....	8.2
Sioux City	1,815,000	8.5	....
New Bedford	388,000	21.2	....
Knoxville, Tenn.	646,000	35.6	....
Topeka	977,000	35.5	....
Birmingham	885,000	13.8	....
Wichita	478,000	17.6	....
Binghamton	305,000	....	11.5
Lexington, Ky.	408,000	15.2	....
Jacksonville, Fla.	297,000	18.2	....
Kalamazoo	407,000	16.2	....
Akron	569,000	23.9	....
Chattanooga	441,000	....	....
Rockford, Ill.	423,000	54.9	....
Canton, O.	369,000	38.0	....
Springfield, O.	268,000	12.4	....
Fargo, N. D.	289,000	41.0	....
Sioux Falls, S. D.	106,000	28.6	....
Fremont, Neb.	119,000	....	4.0
Davenport	881,000	4.6	....
Toledo	2,220,000	25.6	....
Galveston	6,000,000	14.2	....
Houston	9,590,000	89.2	....
Evansville	916,000	17.2	....
Macon	578,000	15.6	....
Helena	558,000	....	71.0
Little Rock	454,000	....	6.3
Springfield, Ill.	421,000	16.5	....
Colorado Springs	767,000	....	....
Wheeling	590,000	....	....
Youngstown, O.	403,000	36.9	....
Totals, U. S.	$2,522,461,000	65.4	....
Outside N. Y.	772,377,000	28.5	....
Dominion of Canada—			
Montreal	$ 18,812,000	64.2	....
Toronto	11,416,000	45.1	....
Winnipeg	2,062,000	16.7	....
Halifax	1,840,000	85.1	....
Hamilton	804,000	31.1	....
St. John, N. B.	783,000	36.8	....
Vancouver	832,000	12.4	....
Victoria	552,000	....	24.5
Quebec	1,320,000	....	....
Totals	$ 37,201,000	50.0	....

DUN'S REVIEW.

Labor Difficulty Does Not Seriously Affect Business.

NEW YORK, May 24.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade tomorrow will say:

The labor situation is the cloud hovering over the business world, but the difficulties are not sufficiently widespread at present seriously to interfere with the progress of manufacture and distribution. Some settlements of strikes have been effected during the week, and others seem probable at an early date. Meanwhile, prices hold firm, the capacity of producing plants in the leading industries is well employed. Crop advices are satisfactory.

A feeling of confidence in the permanence of values appears to have settled in all divisions of the iron and steel manufacture. Tranquillity regarding the future is undoubtedly due to the action of the large combination which has made no effort to secure exorbitant prices, but manifests an intention to maintain quotations at the current level. Independent producers show a disposition to work along the same lines, and the net result is less scrambling to get orders placed, but no indication that the actual demand is any smaller.

Although slightly smaller than in the two preceding phenomenal weeks, shipments of boots and shoes from the East were more than 100,000 cases, and far in excess of the same week in earlier years. Correspondents report the Winter wheat outlook steadily improving, and there is every reason to anticipate an abundant harvest. Atlantic exports have been large for the past week, including flour, amounting to 3,692,413 bushels, against 2,173,356 bushels in the same week last year.

Failures for the week number 199 in the United States, against 185 last year, and 22 in Canada, against 20 last year.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Speculation Has Been Dull Since the Northern Pacific Corner.

NEW YORK, May 24.—Bradstreet's Financial Review tomorrow will say:

Liquidation has apparently run its course, and the stock market is inclined to be dull. The shrinkage of the transactions at the New York Stock Exchange to below 1,000,000 shares each day demonstrates that the public has not only been shaken out of speculation, but is not inclined to come in again at present.

This is borne out by a general complaint on the part of Wall street interests that commission business has been reduced to a fraction of what it was before the Northern Pacific corner. In fact, these developments have altogether changed the complexion of the stock market, rendering it one wherein the professional influences are uppermost because the present movements seemed to be almost entirely the work of manipulators, and the board room traders supplied a very large share of the activity. Prices were irregular, and though a good deal of steadiness was shown, the sensitive feeling which still prevails made itself apparent in the readiness with which the list yielded whenever there was any symptom of further selling of long stocks.

The most important incident of the week was the further pressure which developed at London in connection with short contracts in Northern Pacific. The bears there cannot obtain the stock at any price, and while Morgan & Co. seem willing to make settlements on a money basis with those who have contracts with them, there are many outside speculative buyers of Northern Pacific who stand out for their full rights. The London Stock Exchange committee has met this situation by a further suspension of the right to buy in the stock, which will postpone any forced settlement until about June 10. At the same time, the situation at London in this connection is an unpleasant one and still seems to present some elements of danger. That this is appreciated was shown on Thursday when some scattered foreign buying orders put Northern Pacific up to 200 and caused a decided chill in the general market prices, selling off all around the room. The general conclusion, however, seems to be that the London Stock Exchange authorities will avert any serious disturbance, and real trouble need not be apprehended.

Oregon Notes.

The Hillsboro Council has ordered 500 feet of fire hose.

Sufficient funds have been pledged for a Fourth of July celebration at Roseburg.

A mass of falling rock and dirt in the DeLamar mine instantly killed A. Warren one day last week.

O. L. Miller has presented a bill to the Baker City Council for $1250 for damages suffered from falling into an excavation.

The 12th annual convention of the Washington County Sunday School Association will be held June 6 at Forest Grove.

Joe West has a new automobile, says the Milton Eagle. The machine is capable of making 20 miles an hour over ordinary roads.

It is reported at Baker City that the Climax mine, of the Granite district, has been sold, and that the first payment of $4000 has been made.

The Butte Creek Land, Livestock & Lumber Company purchased A. G. Ogilvie's sheep last week, says the Fossil Journal. The sheep numbered 1800.

It is reported from Junction that the A. O. U. W. picnic which was to have been held Saturday at Herron's Grove, five miles west of town, has been postponed indefinitely.

The Spaulding Lumber Company, of Oregon City, will start its log drive from Natron Monday. Much of the drive is composed of balm for the manufacture of wood pulp. Logs will be added to the drive as they proceed down the river.

A wild bull got into Baker City several days ago and made a great disturbance on Washington street. He saw his reflection in a large plate glass in the Antlers Annex, and very nearly demolished the building, but he was headed off and prevented from doing any damage. The police finally drove the wild beast out of the city.

A bad accident happened at Davenport's planer Monday morning, says the Hood River Glacier. Court Miller was working at the trimmer, trimming heavy timbers, and his buckskin glove was caught by one of the saws. He was thrown against the saw and his left hand cut off and the arm badly lacerated up as far as the shoulder.

W. J. Donaldson, of Prairie City, reports having been stopped by an armed man on Burnt River Mountain, who took his rig for the stage. Donaldson says that the night was so dark he could not see more than the outlines of the man. He was allowed to proceed unmolested, and on meeting the west-bound stage notified the driver, who had among his passengers two armed men. Nothing more has been heard of the would-be stage-robber.

Two carloads of horses were shipped from Baker City this week to the East by Susanville people. The incident brought up the recent difficulties at the stock yards over the mixing of brands of horses and the corralling for shipment of horses belonging to others who had not sold and did not want to ship. At first it was thought a number of horses had been stolen, but it was finally concluded that errors had been made. Much annoyance and inconvenience, and sometimes heavy losses are entailed upon stockmen by confusion of brands.

Miss Lulu Mounts, of Franklin, had one finger amputated from each hand last week, says the Junction Times. She will not miss them, however, as she still has five fingers on each hand. She and her twin brother were born 21 years ago and each had 12 fingers and 12 toes. The extra digits greatly inconvenienced her about her work and were constantly getting hurt and injured. They were almost natural size and were located just back of the first joint and extended out from the hand instead of paralleling the others. She expects to have her extra toes amputated also.

Miss Prudence Dunn, who lives on the Upper McKay Creek, a short distance below the ranch of Dave Horn, met with a serious accident Sunday afternoon, says a Pendleton paper. A party of young people had been in attendance at the McKay Sunday school, and after it was over were riding their horses around in sport. Miss Dunn was riding rapidly and leaned over to avoid striking the bough of a tree. She struck her head against another tree which she did not see and was knocked to the ground insensible. Luckily, both stirrup straps were broken, releasing her foot, or she would have been dragged and probably killed.

THAT TIRED FEELING.

There is nothing better for it than a sea trip. The O. R. & N. Co.'s steamships Columbia and Elder leave Portland every five days for San Francisco, and are two days at sea. Call at Third and Washington, and see plans of steamers, and get information regarding rates and sailing dates.

FLOODS ALONG YUKON

FORTY MILE MINING CAMP DAMAGED $100,000.

Town of Cudahy Also Inundated—No Fatalities, but Many People Had Narrow Escapes.

VANCOUVER, B. C., May 24.—Floods along the Yukon furnished the principal news brought in by the steamer Amur, from Skagway, tonight. The mining camp of Forty Mile was inundated, and Cudahy was also flooded. The damage to the former place is estimated at $100,000, and comprises wrecked warehouses, ruined stocks, and cabins which were swept away. The floods occurred on the evening of May 15, the waters receding almost as rapidly as they rose. Fortunately there were no fatalities, although several narrow escapes are reported of occupants of river cabins obliged to flee for their lives in the night.

The first steamer is scheduled to sail from Dawson June 1, when it is expected that upwards of $1,000,000 in gold dust will be brought out.

NEW GRAND MASTER OREGON I. O. O. F.

J. N. NELSON.

M'MINNVILLE, May 24.—J. N. Nelson, who was today elected grand master of the I. O. O. F. of Oregon, is a prominent business man of this place. He has represented the Odd Fellows' lodge of this place at the grand lodge for about the past 10 years. He has been prominent in the council of that order, and for the past three years has occupied the positions, with credit to himself and the order, which entitle him to advancement to the high station upon which he now enters.

MAY RESUME SITTINGS.

Joint High Commission Will Probably Take Up Boundary Matter.

OTTAWA, Ont., May 24.—The leader of the opposition in the House, having asked for information respecting the announcement that the Joint High Commission was shortly to resume its sittings, Sir Wilfrid Laurier said he had reason to believe the sittings would be resumed. It is desirable to bring matters to an issue of some kind, he said. The Alaska boundary has not been eliminated, but is in the forefront of the negotiations. In justice to Canada, and in justice to Newfoundland, it is necessary that the commission should resume its sittings. If the sittings fail, Canada will have to consider the question of revising its relations with Newfoundland. He also said it is important for all concerned that the Alaska boundary be definitely settled. If the commission fails to reach a settlement and the American and the Canadian contentions are so far apart that the Premier does not see any assurance that a settlement will be reached, and if a fair compromise cannot be arrived at, then there must be arbitration.

TO DEFINE BOUNDARY.

International Survey Party Will Locate United States-Canada Line.

VANCOUVER, B. C., May 24.—An international survey party, comprising United States and Canadian engineers, is about to begin the task of defining the international boundary between the United States and Canada from the Pacific Coast to the Rocky Mountains. It is contended that this work was inaccurately performed in the surveys of 1859 and 1861. One of the most important matters to be determined is the question of the national location of the Mount Baker mining district. Valuable mines are embraced in this section, and the territory is claimed both by the American and Canadian Governments.

Lieutenant Sinclair, of the Coast and Geodetic Survey, will be at the head of the United States party, and J. H. McArthur will lead the Canadian surveyors. The work will begin next week.

CHANGE IN OWNERSHIP.

Jacob Bros. Secure Full Control of Oregon City Woolen Mills.

OREGON CITY, May 24.—The Jacobs, who have owned equal shares of stock in the Oregon City Manufacturing Company with L. and M. Brown and B. Scheideman, of San Francisco, for the past 30 years or more, have purchased the blocks of stock owned by the latter. This gives them absolute control of the property. Max Bollack, who has been bookkeeper in the woolen mills for several years past, succeeds W. Smith, of San Francisco, as secretary. The latter has represented the interests of the Brown brothers since last August. A. L. Maxwell, who was appointed a director by the United States Court, as a mediator between the Brown and Jacobs interests, was elected vice-president. He will hold the honorary position until the annual meeting in July, but under the new management does not receive any salary for his services.

About a couple of years ago there was a clash between the Jacobs and Brown interests, and the matter was taken into the United States Court for adjudication. At one time last Summer the preliminaries for a sale of the Jacobs stock to the Browns was arranged, but the deal fell through. The matter went back to the courts for settlement and was finally compromised, and A. R. Jacobs was elected president, W. Smith secretary, and A. L. Maxwell appointed a fifth director by the court. The Jacobs have been active spirits in the immediate management of the woolen mills for nearly 40 years, and it has been in successful operation all this time, the two brothers, Ralph and Isaac, pioneer merchants, making it one of the greatest manufacturing concerns on the Coast. Later the Browns purchased one-half the stock, but the Jacobs had the immediate management of the mills. For a number of years past, sons of the elder Jacobs have assumed much of the business management, having been familiar with the details since early childhood. Within the past few months Ralph Jacobs and L. Brown have each passed away. Both were pioneer merchants and manufacturers. The price for which the stock sold has not been given out, although the woolen mill plant is variously estimated by those who pretend to know to be worth $150,000 to $200,000. The public generally is pleased to know that the woolen mills will continue under the present successful management, and that any possibility of litigation among the stockholders has been avoided.

IN ANSWER TO SALEM.

Surety Concern Says It Wants Too Much for Forfeited Franchise.

SALEM, Or., May 24.—The Fidelity & Deposit Company, of Maryland, which was surety on the $5000 bond given by F. R. Anson to the City of Salem, disclosed its defense to an action on the bond when it today filed a motion and demurrer attacking the complaint. The contention of the surety is that the bond entitles the city to recover only nominal damages. The city had granted F. R. Anson a franchise for the operation of an electric light and power plant in this city and on the public streets. In the ordinance granting this franchise it was provided that Anson should pay the city 2 per cent of the gross earnings of his plant, and should have the concern in operation by April 1. Anson agreed to this condition, and gave a bond for $5000, to be paid in case he should fail to comply with the terms of the agreement. He failed to install the light plant, and the city brought an action on the bond. Anson makes no defense, but the surety company resists collection of more than nominal damages.

The demurrer alleges that the consideration for the bond is illegal, for the reason that Anson had a right to the use of the streets and alleys of the city without paying any compensation therefor, and that the city had no power to exact a bond as a condition to the granting of a franchise. It is also contended that the making of the contract is beyond the power of the city; that the amount named in the bond is a penalty, and not liquidated damages, and that the complaint does not state facts sufficient to constitute a cause of action.

In the motion, the surety company moves to strike from plaintiff's complaint the three ciphers in $5000 where plaintiff alleges the amount due, thus leaving the amount $5.

Payments on State Taxes.

SALEM, Or., May 24.—Washington and Polk Counties today settled their state taxes for 1900 in full, the former paying a balance of $4595, and the latter $11,839 81. Bounty taxes were settled in full as follows: Wheeler, $808 78; Curry, $503 23; Polk, $3129 79.

Decisions of Judge Boise.

Judge Boise today heard arguments on the motion of Gertrude Roach for an order requiring her former husband, W. H. Roach, to pay her $20 per month to aid in the support of their children. The court granted the petition to the extent of this allowance.

In the case of Margaret Simpson vs. Allen Simpson, Judge Boise this afternoon granted the plaintiff a divorce. There have been three divorce trials between the parties.

Foreclosure Suit.

Maurice Klinger today began a $600 foreclosure suit against H. Klas and wife, of Aumsville.

THE JURY DISAGREED.

After Long Deliberation on Evidence in Cayton Libel Case.

SEATTLE, May 24.—After nearly 13 hours' deliberation on the evidence in the Cayton criminal libel case, the jury tonight reported a disagreement and were discharged by Judge Griffin, of the Superior Court. The charge of Judge Griffin stated that if the jury found that Cayton, in charging Chief of Police Meredith, in the Seattle Republican of March 22, with being a grafter, had told the truth, that he must also have told that truth with good motive and intentions. To this the defense took exception. The jury retired before 10 in the morning. After 10 this evening they were called into the courtroom and reported that they had at intervals voted eight to five all day long. The court then excused them. The vote is said to have stood eight for and five against conviction. Cayton had been arrested by Chief Meredith for the alleged libelous publication and thrown into the City Jail. The trial which followed brought out sensational testimony against Meredith as Chief of Police.

FOR A SUNDAY TRAIN.

Independence Will Join Other West Side Towns in Effort to Get It.

INDEPENDENCE, May 24.—Independence will join with other West Side towns in asking the Southern Pacific Railroad for a Sunday train service. At a meeting last night of the board of trade and business men it was decided that a petition should be circulated. The paper made its appearance today, and is being universally signed.

Will Celebrate July 4.

At a meeting of the business men last evening it was decided that Independence celebrate the Fourth of July. A committee of six on general arrangements was appointed, and plans for the celebration will be formulated at once.

Meeting of Indian War Veterans.

ALBANY, May 24.—A meeting of the Indian War Veterans of Linn County was held at the Courthouse in this city this afternoon. Commander T. A. Wood, of Portland, was present, and delivered an address, in which he reviewed the work of the committee appointed by the last State Legislature, which visited Washington, D. C., in the interest of an Indian War Veteran pension bill. Though Congress failed to act, Mr. Wood said he received encouragement which leaves little doubt in his mind that the next Congress will pass a bill making provision for the veterans. All members were urged to attend the grand encampment to be held in Portland June 13.

Hatchery to Be Put in Operation.

OREGON CITY, Or., May 24.—Representative J. A. Talbert, of Clackamas Station, will leave Monday for the Umpqua hatchery, which he will put in operation at once. This hatchery, which was established by the state last year, is 24 miles east of Roseburg, on the north fork of the Umpqua River. This season the station will be operated to its full capacity, and an eyeing sub-station will be established 25 miles farther up the river. The latter station is for the purpose of securing the run of salmon that have gone up stream before the water was low enough to put in racks.

Fatal Accident to Logger.

August Holm met with a fatal accident lately while working in Matson & Anderson's camp on Upper North Coos River. He was driving a steel wedge, and a sliver flew from the wedge and cut his jugular vein. His companions stopped the flow of blood as well as they could and carried him to Alleghany, a distance of 14 miles, where they procured a boat and took him at once to Marshfield, but he had lost too much blood to permit recovery, and died last Thursday. He was a native of Finland, aged 31 years and 5 months, and left a widow and three children.

Held Ten Months Without Trial.

VANCOUVER, B. C., May 24.—J. G. Allen, of Honolulu, has just been released from the New Westminster jail, upon habeas corpus, after a strange detention of 10 months without trial. He was arrested last year upon a charge of theft, but one of the principal witnesses for the prosecution disappearing, his trial was postponed from month to month, and Allen continued to be kept in jail. A habeas corpus application being presented to Justice Walker, Allen was promptly released upon his own recognizance.

School Promotion Exercises.

BAKER CITY, May 24.—The promotion exercises of the scholars of the eighth grade of the public schools who have been advanced to the high school were held at Baker's Opera-House last evening. A large and enthusiastic audience was present. The play of "Miles Standish," in exemplification of the class motto, "If you would be well served, you must serve yourself," was rendered in a very creditable manner. About 50 pupils were advanced to the high school.

McKenzie Files Apology.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 24.—In the United States Circuit Court of Appeals today, an apology was filed by Alexander McKenzie, the Cape Nome attorney who is serving a sentence of imprisonment for contempt. His deposition in the contempt cases of Judge Noyes, District Attorney Woods and ex-Congressman Geary will be taken tomorrow morning in the Alameda County Jail.

Second Mate Lost Overboard.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 24.—Second Mate Olsen, of the schooner Queen, was lost overboard from the vessel in a rough sea off Mendocino while the schooner was en route from Port Gamble to this port with lumber a few days ago.

Idaho Notes.

In the Federal Court at Moscow, Monday, J. F. Warren, who was recently arrested on the reservation with a large quantity of liquor in his possession, pleaded guilty. It is thought sentence will be passed Saturday.

There is some talk of celebrating the Fourth of July at Kendrick, but no definite action has yet been taken. There is a feeling that the money that would be spent on a celebration could be used to a better advantage by expending it on the construction of a road up Bear Creek, which is badly needed.

Work on three important enterprises was started at Kendrick this week. Lewis Hunter has made all the necessary arrangements for building his brick frost-proof warehouse. The Kendrick Grain Company will take out its grain chute and replace it with a bucket tramway, which will be arranged to handle the grain and fruit from Potlatch Ridge. With the fruit warehouse on the opposite side of the track, the farmers of Potlatch Ridge will save a long haul to market and have a safe and most economical method of marketing their produce. The warehouse will have a capacity of 20,000 boxes of apples and be frost-proof. The cost of these improvements will be about $5500. The third enterprise is the replacing of the poles for the electric light plant, which will be built by L. Kimmel, of Grangeville.

County Attorney Johnson, of Nez Perces, has submitted an opinion holding that delinquent taxes are not an asset of the county. The opinion was given in connection with outlining the basis on which the accountants should determine the indebtedness to be borne by the new County of Clearwater. The County Attorney quotes a decision of the Supreme Court of the United States as a basis for his conclusions. It is necessary for the accountants to determine the assets and liabilities before determining the actual indebtedness to be pro rated to the two counties according to the assessed valuation of the old county and the segregated part. The opinion of County Attorney Johnson is in effect that only assets of an immediate character, except those especially provided in the new county bill, may be claimed as assets.

EIGHTY-SIX DOLLARS TO BUFFALO AND RETURN.

Eighty-six dollars, Portland to Buffalo and return, via the O. R. & N. for the Pan-American Exposition. Tickets on sale Tuesday, June 4 and 18, and first and third Tuesdays each month thereafter until October 15, inclusive. Limit, 30 days; stopovers on return trip. Particulars at city ticket office, Third and Washington.

The Billings Floated Off.

The hulk of the steamer Billings floated off the rocks below Bialocks recently, and was recovered at Rufus. The capture is a valuable one. Although all the machinery was taken out months ago, there is a large amount of coal on board; and as the boat is over 200 feet long, an immense quantity of building material can be obtained from the wreck. The boat, while a total wreck, would not sink, owing to the vast size and extremely light draft. The wreck was steered into an eddy near the Coffield place, on the Washington side, and when the river falls the boat will be on dry land.

Northwest People in New York.

NEW YORK, May 24.—Northwestern people registered at New York hotels today as follows:

From Portland—W. S. Sibson, at the Albemarle; J. D. Coleman, at the Waldorf.

From Spokane—G. B. Dennis, at the Ashland.

From Seattle—A. G. Duncomb, at the St. Denis.

MANZANITA HALL
Palo Alto, California

A preparatory school of the highest grade for boys. Its students enter Leland Stanford and Eastern universities without examination. Lays a most thorough foundation for successful study, including physical preparation. Football, baseball and tennis the year around. Only manly boys with highest recommendations taken. Charges reasonable.

WRITE FOR PROSPECTUS TO
FRANK ORAMER, A.M., Principal

ALASKA SALMON PACKING

OUTPUT HAS REACHED VERY LARGE PROPORTIONS.

Industry in Grave Danger of Being Overworked Unless it Is Restrained.

WASHINGTON, May 19.—The season of 1900 was the banner year in the salmon industry of Alaska. Not only was the output greater than ever before, but the number of factories reached high water mark and old factories were rehabilitated. The Alaskan pack, as reported by Special Agent Howard M. Kisutchin, of the Treasury Depratment, was 1,529,569 cases, and 29,486 barrels, or the equivalent of 1,602,899 cases.

This entire output is estimated to be about three times the pack of all other American and British salmon fisheries, and is an increase of 42 per cent over Alaska's pack of 1899. The market value of this pack aggregated $9,219,887, as against $3,850,348 for the year preceding, an increase of 69 per cent. Every cannery in Alaska except one showed an increased pack, while 14 new plants put up 152,145 cases. The Bristol Bay fisheries produced 596,810 cases and 14,830 barrels, a pack which is said to exceed that of the Columbia River, Puget Sound and Frazer River combined. About one-third of the total pack of Alaska came from that section.

The aggregate number of fish taken in all Alaska was 21,353,497, as against 14,712,435 the year preceding. There were 137,289 king, 16,427,560 reds, 475,878 silvers and 4,312,779 humpbacks. Twenty-four companies, not counting several small salters, operated 44 canneries and six salteries. The aggregate capital stock of the same, $9,264,000. Of this amount the Alaska Packers' Association represents $5,000,000; the Pacific Steam Whaling Company, $2,0000,000; Hume Brothers & Hume, $1,000,000, and other concerns divers sums from $250,000 to $3500. The valuation of the plants amounts to $3,698,067. The investment of the Alaska Packers' Association, by far the largest, is estimated to be worth $2,100,000.

The amount of tax collected on the pack for 1900, at 4 cents per case and 10 cents per barrel, was $64,031. The year preceding this tax was but $44,736. The volume of this revenue to the government, points out the special agent, from the Alaska salmon fisheries, forcefully suggests the justice and propriety of a liberal expenditure of the same for their preservation. At present it is almost wholly net profit, as annual disbursements in that direction are relatively a trifle.

Special attention is called to the remarkable increase in the number of salmon packing plants in Alaska. This is due to the general expansion of commercial interests, but more particularly to the uniform success that has attended this Alaskan industry. The profits of the salmon packers have been large, with a growing demand for the product and appreciating prices. The decline of other fisheries has operated also to turn the attention of fish men to Alaska. In the opinion of the special agent, many of the new-comers are destined to disappointment, as most of the new ventures have been made in Southeastern Alaska, a region that has already been overfished, and where many canneries have of late years been closed. Bristol Bay could possibly support a considerable number of additional plants, while the mouth of the Yukon, Kuskokwim and other rivers which have never been fished extensively, are thought to be promising sites for new canneries.

Special Agent Kutchin, like others who have studied the situation, sees a dark future ahead for the salmon industry of Alaska, unless some radical step is taken to protect these fish from injudicious packers. It is impossible to patrol the whole Coast to prevent wanton destruction of the fish. It also seems impossible to restock the Alaskan streams. The past has developed no effective remedy, but Mr. Kutchin seems to advocate the rigid enforcement of the law requiring packers to restore to the streams a full measure of the fish taken therefrom. If experience shall prove that the theories of the applicability of artificial propagation to this species of fish are at fault, nothing remains but the most drastic restriction upon the catch. Should artificial propagation upon the extensive scale the situation demands prove practicable, all problematic devices of protection would be eliminated, and the work immensely simplified. "There is not a shadow of doubt in my mind," says Mr. Kutchin, "that in the absence of the wholesale propagation of salmon a very few years will see the conclusion of the packing industry in Alaska, although up to date it has been on a steadily ascending scale. Alaska is now by far the greatest resource in this particular. It will soon be the onnlly one unless the effort to replenish other salmon grounds by artificial propagation shall prove successful, and this remains in the realm of uncertainties."

Kinetic Energy and Potential.

Independence Enterprise.

What Oregon needs, and needs badly, are men of energy and money. The hills and plains of our beautiful state are teeming with wealth; the opportunities for manufacturing establishments are unsurpassed; the character and integrity of her citizens stand unchallenged, and the climate and other advantages as a resident section stand pre-eminent. When capital is turned into the state and the natural resources made to yield their fullest capacity, Oregon will then be fairly on the road to that goal which a famous Eastern editor once predicted for her, "the greatest state in the Union."

MARIE STUART.

A Favorite of the Dramatic Stage in Leading Roles.

Miss Marie Stuart, who is so favorably known for her dramatic successes in leading roles, wrote from Philadelphia on Jan. 2, 1901: "I have never used any other medicine since I discovered the value of Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey. It rests my tired nerves and keeps me in perfect health, despite my continual physical and mental strain."

MISS STUART.

Miss Stuart's only medicine is Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey.

Stars, prima donnas, public speakers, clergymen, lawyers and all public men and women like Miss Stuart are subject to severe physical and mental strain. The fact that they uniformly use Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey to fortify themselves against and to aid them to go through periods of hard work and excitement, is the strongest possible proof that Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey is the best tonic and stimulant.

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey cures nervousness and indigestion; gives power to the brain, strength and elasticity to the muscles, and richness to the blood. It positively cures consumption and all throat and lung troubles. It is a promoter of good health and longevity. Makes the old young; keeps the young strong. It is absolutely pure and contains no fusel oil. Government medicine stamp marks the genuine. All druggists' and grocers' or direct, $1.00 per bottle. Medical book sent free to any one who writes the Duffy Malt Whiskey Co., Rochester, N. Y.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY

Special Rate Bulletin.

Buffalo and return, $86. Tickets on sale June 4 and 18, good for 30 days. St. Paul and return, $60. Tickets on sale May 30 and June 7, good for 60 days. For full particulars call at Great Northern city ticket office, 122 Third street, or address A. B. C. Denniston, city passenger and ticket agent.

A Collapsing Fraud.

St. Paul Pioneer Press.

Within the walls of "Zion"—where, if John Alexander Dowie were the divine prophet and beneficent healer that he pretends to be, "the personal messenger of God" and "the reincarnation of the prophet, Elijah," there would reign harmony supreme, based upon infinite wisdom—there are now contentions, suspicions, a cry of fraud, downright revolt. The sick die in numbers despite the prayers of the healer. Several have died in such manner as to demand the offices of the Coroner and the courts. Nobody who has put his or her money into Dowie's hands can get it back. It is "consecrated to Zion." So is all the property in the community. That is, every asset of every kind is safely secured and recorded in Dowie's name. Now that his victims find that they have been deluded and robbed, a number of them have had the courage to break away and denounce the holy "overseer," as Dowie calls himself. It may be that the breaking away of these—all of them until lately prominent among Dowie's lieutenants and coworkers—may give courage to the cowering, browbeaten hundreds whom he has duped, and defrauded—give them courage at least to try whether any portion of their means may be recovered in actions for obtaining money under false pretenses. The general revolt and awakening must come some day, just as it came to the followers of Moore's repulsive creation, "The Veiled Prophet of Khorassan"—just as it came to thousands of sincere believers in Spiritualism through the exposure of frauds practiced by the foremost mediums—just as it must come, too, to the dupes of Mrs. Eddy, the Christian Science leader, who, like Dowie, is known to have amassed immense wealth through tribute levied in various forms upon thousands who have seemed really anxious to be humbugged—so utterly silly are the pretensions on which they have been "taken in."

Certainly, Friend, the Swag.

Salem Journal.

When everything is furnished free by taxation, will anything be worth trying for?

Lea & Perrins' Sauce

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS. This signature is on every bottle. Lea & Perrins. JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS, Agents, N. Y.

THE ORIGINAL WORCESTERSHIRE. Endorsed everywhere as the best and most delicious Sauce in the World for Meats, Game, Soups and Gravies.

Schlitz

The beer that made Milwaukee famous

You drink some beers that cause bilious headache. Perhaps you think that all beers do.

The cause of biliousness is the lack of age—too much haste to put the beer on the market. To ferment beer thoroughly requires a process of months. Without it the fermentation takes place in your stomach. That is the cause of biliousness.

Hurried beer is unhealthful. Schlitz beer is kept for months in