

PERMITS FOR GRAZING

TO BE ISSUED FOR 123,000 SHEEP IN CASCADE TRACT.

The Applications of Owners of Horses and Cattle Will Also Be Granted.

WASHINGTON, D. C. May 8.—Commissioner Harrison approved the following applications for grazing cattle in the Cascade forest reserve during the coming summer:

- G. G. Cray and Ira K. Hanson, Pellissippi, Tenn., 70
Arthur F. Hunt, Ashland, 190
J. M. Montgomery, Lava, 250
C. E. Hayward, Lowell, 300
E. E. Cogswell, Harrisburg, 300
W. J. Penza, Coburg, 100
George M. Neet, Fall Creek, 100
A. C. McClain, Hazel Dell, 100
Fred Warner, Fall Creek, 99
E. D. Lowell, Hazel Dell, 175
T. D. Hayward, Lowell, 175
An application of Cray and Hanson to graze 10 horses, is also recommended. The Commissioner's recommendation on applications to graze some 123,000 sheep in the reserve, previously enumerated, was approved today and they will be issued as recommended, as will be done with the cattle and horses applications, heretofore enumerated.

BAKERS WALK OUT.

In Sympathy With Cooks and Waiters, Who Are on Strike.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 9.—The strike of cooks and waiters employed in restaurants refusing to grant the demands of the labor unions has been followed by a sympathetic strike of bakers. In retaliation the master bakers threaten to close every bakery in the city. About 400 men engaged in the wagon and carriage-making trades have struck for recognition of their unions, and the union machinists have given their employers until May 20 to accept or reject their demand for a nine-hour day. It is estimated that about 350 men are now out, of whom 110 are cooks and waiters. A number of wholesale dealers are reported to have formed a combination to oppose the demands of the various labor unions by aiding the employers in every way possible.

NORTHWEST DEAD.

Frank Travis, of Astoria.

ASTORIA, Or., May 9.—Frank Travis, a native of New York, 44 years of age, and a resident of this city for the past 25 years, died here yesterday morning. Funeral services were held today under the auspices of the Astoria Aerie of Eagles.

W. B. Courtney, of Cathlamet. ASTORIA, Or., May 9.—W. D. Courtney, an old resident of Cathlamet, and a man over 80 years of age, died in this city last night of pneumonia, which followed a severe attack of the grip. He will be buried here.

Funeral of Sister Senion. VANCOUVER, Wash., May 9.—Funeral services over the remains of Sister Senion, whose sudden death was reported at Spokane a few days ago, were held at St. James' Cathedral today. The services were largely attended. Deceased was 26 years of age, and a native of Canada. She had been a frequent visitor to this city in recent years, and was well known here.

Committed to the Asylum. SALEM, May 9.—Percy Cadwell was committed to the asylum today by Judge Scott, of Marion County. He is 26 years old and a resident of Salem.

Deola G. Young, of McMinnville was also received at the asylum today. She is 26 years old.

May Sign Temperance Pledge. COQUILLE CITY, May 9.—Colonel J. C. Hall, the noted temperance lecturer, is leader of a series of meetings here this week. The first night 125 people signed the temperance pledge. Much interest centers in the meetings on account of the city election, which is to be held next Monday, the issue at which is saloons or no saloons.

Eugene Brevities. EUGENE, May 9.—D. D. Hyland, of Lowell, yesterday filed for record in the County Clerk's office deeds and patents to 17,000 acres of timber land on the Mid. die Fork of the Willamette, which he has been buying up for 25 years.

Not Enough Rain. INDEPENDENCE, Or., May 9.—The two days' rain, just ended, was about half enough to suit the farmers and hop-growers. Hop vines in some of the yards are very uneven. Some are long enough to reach the twine on top of the poles, while other plants have not yet set out sprouts that can be seen.

New Water System About Completed. ROSEBURG, May 9.—The Roseburg Water & Light Company started its pumps at Winchester today and filled the new reservoirs north of town. The new system will soon be ready for operation.

State Taxes Settled. SALEM, May 9.—Wheeler County has paid the state taxes for the year 1900 by permitting \$4610.84.

Idaho Notes. The Wood River Cattle Growers' Association held a meeting recently at Harley. No business interest was transacted. The association has secured lower rates on stock salt for its members than individuals have been able to get before.

M. Brockway was captured by a Deputy Sheriff at the home of Fred Foxman on Craig Mountain. Brockway is charged with entering the house of Half Moon, an Indian residing near Col. de Six, and stealing the sum of \$200. The alleged offense was committed Sunday afternoon, April 28, and since that date Brockway has been in hiding.

The Idaho Oil Development Company has filed articles of incorporation. The principal place of business is at Nampa, and the principal operations will be carried on at the scene of the new oil discoveries in Canyon County. The directors and incorporators are, C. J. Fry, E. H. Lewis, George H. Everett and Frank Estabrook, all of Nampa, and G. B. Shellhorn, of Port Angeles, Wash. The authorized capital stock is \$12,000, all of which is subscribed.

Fight Over Mileage. CHICAGO, May 9.—At a meeting of the executive committee of the Western Passenger Association, held here today, a fight resulted over the agreement which is being made to get all the lines west of the river to adopt a uniform interchangeable mileage book. The present of the Rock Island and the Missouri Pacific have an interchangeable book, but the other lines were for some reason adverse to adopting it. It is thought there will be a combination of all other lines against the Rock Island and Missouri Pacific.

Fair Directors Are Denounced. NEW YORK, May 9.—At the meeting of the board of managers of the American Sabbath Union the opening of the Pan-American Exposition at Buffalo on Sunday was discussed, and resolutions were adopted denouncing the directors for dis-

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WASHINGTON, May 9.—Brigadier-General J. M. Bell, who recently returned from the Philippines, in speaking of the future of the islands, the other day, said: "The islands are wonderfully rich and

fertile, and the possibilities in the production of sugar and hemp are unbounded. They have 80,000,000 acres of hard wood which belong to the United States Government, and for which no concessions have yet been granted. I know men who have held a sort of half concession from the Spanish Government, but they must first get it confirmed by the United States authorities before it will hold good. "When I left in the middle of March, the insurrection was practically dead, but industry and agriculture were paralyzed because people fear to leave their homes to work the fields. In most places the Filipinos live in villages and go out as far as two or three miles to cultivate their crops, returning again at night. The Ladrones and bandits who have been plundering and murdering, have spread terror far and wide, but the policy of the military authorities in hanging such of them as were caught proved very beneficial."

AMERICAN CIVIL WAR

franco-prussian war

crimean-war

boer-british war

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The present aggregate war debts of all the nations of the world are so great as to entirely pass comprehension. They sum up more than \$30,000,000,000. As there are nearly 1,500,000,000 people in the world it will be seen that if equally divided among them the world's war debt would give an average of \$18 apiece for every man, woman and child in the world to carry.

Even more startling are the figures which show what war has cost in the destruction of human life. In this line also the United States Civil War stands in first place, with a total of more than 800,000 men killed in battle and died of wounds and disease. Close to this terrible record is that of the Crimean War, in which 750,000 men lost their lives, while in the Franco-Prussian conflict the losses were 2,500,000. In these three wars alone enough people were killed to more than entirely wipe out the population of Chicago and leave it a lonely and uninhabited desert.

In addition to those who are recorded as dying in battle and of disease, there were other hundreds of thousands who were maimed in these wars or who contracted diseases which they were never able to recover. And, doubtless, in thousands of cases deaths were caused by the absence from home of their natural protectors, the fathers, the great war, the cost of the war, the loss of the services of all these millions of stalwart men it is entirely impossible even to estimate.

Writers on the cost of war estimate also that every war of any consequence di-

rectly affects practically everybody on earth, no matter how far distant they may be from the scene of the conflict. Thus during the Civil War, for instance, the cotton mills of England were cut off from their supply of raw material and as a result there was a "cotton famine" in Lancashire, which took on the proportions of a national calamity. As a direct result of the Civil War it has been estimated that 100,000 workmen in England, Germany and France were kept out of work continuously for more than three years, with much misery and starvation as result.

"War is so homicidal in its nature," says one writer, "that it slays thousands of victims, even at a distance of thousands of miles from the battle-fields."

It is pointed out that, in the nature of things, a single war becomes more costly each year. The invention of great guns and of enormous floating fortresses are among the causes of this rapid increase. A few years ago, comparatively, the cost of firing the largest gun made was not more than a few dollars. Now it costs \$27 to fire a single shot from a 14-inch rifle, or more than enough to pay the wages of a private soldier in the regular army for five long years. Even an eight-inch rifle costs \$15 each time it is discharged. If the 27 large seaports of the United States were each protected, as military men say they should be, with 10 batteries of five rifles each, it is estimated that it would cost nearly \$500,000 to fire a single war, because more costly in position. A single battle-ship or cruiser costs millions, and yet it may be entirely destroyed by a torpedo or by

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For military and naval purposes the nations of Europe spend annually \$70,000,000. They keep under arms continually more than 3,000,000 men, with six times as many ready to fly to arms when the word "mobilize" is spoken. It is estimated that the community loses at least \$200 a year for each man who is kept under arms and is, therefore, unproductive. For all Europe this loss would amount to \$600,000,000, which should be added to the \$700,000,000 annually paid out for military and naval purposes. Taking the two together, it appears that Europe pays something like \$1,300,000,000 a day in times of peace for the purpose of keeping itself ready to go to war.

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The Man who Works with His Head



needs all the aid his stomach can give him, and his stomach needs STUART'S DYSPEPSIA TABLETS.

After He Comes he has a hard enough time. Everything that the expectant mother can do to help her child she should do. One of the greatest blessings she can give him is health, but to do this she must have health herself. She should use every means to improve her physical condition. She should, by all means, supply herself with

Mother's Friend. It will take her through the crisis easily and quickly. It is a stimulant, gives strength and vigor to the muscles. Common sense will show you that the stronger the muscles are, which bear the strain, the less pain there will be. A woman living in Fort Wayne, Ind., says: "Mother's Friend did wonders for me. Praise God for your liniment."

Get Mother's Friend at the drug store. \$1 per bottle. THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga. Write for our free illustrated book, "Before and After Childbirth."

KNOW HIS BUSINESS. The wise, up-to-date, modern doctor is no longer tied down to the hard-and-fast rules of what his medical books say he shall use and what he may withhold in treating his patient. The successful doctor nowadays is the one who is quick to avail himself of any remedy, new or old, which holds out a chance of cure, no matter whether it is Allopathic, Homeopathic or neither one. Dr. Jennison, in an interesting article on indigestion and dyspepsia, says: "Nine-tenths of all people who apply to me for advice and treatment think they have this ailment or that ailment, but I find on close examination that their whole trouble arises from poor digestion. "They have little appetite and if they do have an appetite the food they eat does them no good. Why? Because it is but half digested, causing thin blood; weak nerves, sleeplessness, aching bones, pains in chest, formation of gases, belching, etc. They tell me they believe they have consumption or heart disease, rheumatism, nervous prostration, in fact, most every disease but the right one. "In reality the whole trouble is in the stomach and nowhere else. Now what do I do with such people? I don't feed them on predigested foods like babies, nor 'stomach bitters,' nor patent nostrums which I know nothing about. No honorable physician will prescribe a remedy unless he knows what it contains and its probable effects. For all such patients I have but one prescription; I advise them to go to the nearest drug store and get a 50 cent box of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets. I use them with remarkable success in all cases of indigestion and stomach trouble, because I know what Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets consists of and what they will do. They contain the vegetable essences, diastase and Government-test pepsin which are the things every weak stomach lacks to restore natural digestive vigor, and if I had dyspepsia myself it is the one remedy I should take. "When a patient comes to me complaining of dull headaches, sour stomach, bad taste, nervousness, belching of gas, or heart trouble which is generally caused from indigestion I tell him to take one or two of Stuart's Tablets after each meal and as often during the day as he has any trouble and I feel confident that I have given that patient the best advice I could give." Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are large, pleasant-tasting lozenges, containing diastase and pepsin combined with fruit and vegetable essences. They are not cathartic and do not act on any particular organ like ordinary drugs but simply act entirely on the food eaten. They are a natural digestive, pure and simple. Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are sold by druggists at 50 cents per package throughout the United States, Canada and Great Britain. F. A. STUART CO., MARSHALL, MICH.

LE ROUX SMOKE SOCIETY. PACKETS OF TEN 10¢. LARGE SIZE 15¢. L. MILLER & SONS, 543 BROADWAY, N.Y.U.S.A.