AND AFRICA

A. J. BALFOUR SPOKE AT THE PRIMBOSE LEAGUE MEETING.

New Methods of Nationalists to Secure Home Rule-England's War Policy Unchanged.

LONDON, May 8.-In the absence Lord Salisbury, A. J. Balfour, the government leader in the House of Commons, was the principal speaker at the annual meeting today in the Royal Albert Hall of the Grand Habitation of the Hall of the Grand Habitation of the Primrose League. An enormous audience filled the hall. The Duchess of Maribor-ough presented champion banners to the habitations which had secured the great-est number of new members. Mr. Bal-four, in a long speech, traversed a wide field, pursuing well-begaten paths in his discussion of the Irish and South African constricts.

Although little was heard of home rule at the last election," said Mr. Bal-four, "the Nationalists have now started a new method, intended to hore the country into granting home rule. Every and



weapons Providence put at his disposal, weapons Providence put at his disposal, and there might be some Nationalists in the House of Commons endowed by nature with the aptitude necessary to make the best use of the new method of warfare. But I cannot think they would sink so low as to employ measures which might be tritating, but which were utterly abortive in their effect upon the great lawses of the empire."

Breat issues of the empire."

Referring to the war, Mr. Balfour declared the hardest pro-Boer prophets must now be convinced that the resolution of the British people was unalterable, and that the constancy and deter-mination of the people yesterday found almost conclusive and admirable expressimple continued and admirable expres-sion in the by-election at Monnouth, in the very heart of the coal district, which erroneously supposed liself to have been singled out for harsh financial treatment on account of the burdens of war.

FIRST SITTING OF NEW MINISTRY. Details of the Career of Minister of Commerce Moeller.

BERLIN, May 8.—The reconstructed Prussian Ministry had its first sitting to-day, Count von Bulow greeting the new Ministers with a formal speech. The Reichsanzieger publishes letters from Emperor William to Herr Brefeld and Baron von Hammerstein, cordially thank-ing them for their services and conferring

bill at the earliest possible date for uniform imperial control of the trade in food and drinks through special officials. Count von Posadowsky-Wehner gave a noncommittal answer, but remarked that such control was a police function belonging to individual states.

The papers print today interesting details of the career of the new Prussian Minister of Commerce, Herr Moelier. In December, 1881, he appeared as a witness against an American who had used insuiting expressions against Emperor William

ing expressions against Emperor William in a Berlin wine house. Herr Moeller, who was present at the time, had a sharp sitercation with the American, who is said to have been in liquor, and threatened to call the police to eject him unless he left the place. About a year ago he interpel-lated the government in the Reichstag concerning Germany's trade relations with the United States and tariff treat-ment meted out to this country by the Washington government. The Lelpsic Zeitung, socialist, asserts that Herr Moelher played a prominent part in the 12,000 marks affair in which it was asserted that the Ministry of the Interior had asked the central union of German manufacturers to contribute towards the government's so-called hard-labor bill.

AGAINST THE STRIKE. British Miners Decide Not to Stop Work.

LONDON, May 8.-Falling to reach a pecision at the early session today on the question of striking in protest against the government proposal to impose a tax on coal, the miners' conference took a recess of two hours to enable the district delegations to caucus. Later a resolution was adopted as foi-

"The miners, having been told by the Chancellor of the Exchequer that the ex-port tax on coal will be paid by the foreign consumer, and that there are no rea-sons why it should affect the work-men's wages, and, believing this to be the reason the House of Commons so strongly favored the tax, this conference does not see its way to recommend a general stop-page of work, but recommends that it any mining district is asked to submit to a reduction of wages consequent on the tax, a general conference will be called to determine whether the whole of the miners of the country should be laid idle until the recommendation is withdrawn."

The resolution further condemns the tax and repudiates the alleged collusion between the miners and owners to cause a general stoppage of work,

Rioting at Barcelona.

PARIS, May 8 .- A dispatch to the Temps m Madrid says disorders were renewed at Barcelona this morning and were rig-orously repressed by troops and gen-darmes. The Spanish Government attributes the trouble to foreign and Spanish anarchists, who have returned from exile and who are co-operating with the ex-treme socialists. There have been numers of arrests, especially of foreign anarchists, and firearms, knives and hand-bills urging incendiarism have been seized, The Spanish authorities declare they have rarely seen a mob as violent as yester-day's and today's. The Madrid press calls on the government vigorously to suppress the Catalan movement.

LONDON, May 9.-Special dispatches from Madrid this morning describe serious conditions at Barceiona and assert that several rioters have already been shot after drumhend court-martials. Col-lisions with fatal consequences have oc-curred between the troops and the strik-

Victims of Cannibals.

BRISBANE, Queensland, May S. - A search party, which has returned from New Guinea, discovered the half-cateu remains of the Rev. James Chalmers and the Rev. Oliver Tompkins, of the Lon-don Missionary Society, and their follow-ers, who were massacred in April by na-tives of Fly River, New Guinea, after

It appears that when the party of Mr.

again. The punitive expedition partly de-stroyed the villages and canoes of the district where the massacre occurred, and killed 2 natives.

Plague Situation at the Cape. CAPE TOWN, May 8 .- Mr. Gregory, the principal medical officer of Cape Colony, says he cannot eradicate the bubonic plague until the rats in the colony are extinct. Hundreds of rats are still dying daily. Three colored persons and three Europeans are reported with the plague today. One colored person and one European have died.

Iron Syndicate in Trouble. BERLIN, May 8.-The syndicate control-ing the Differdingen steel plant and the Dannebaum colliery is in financial difficulties. The Darmstedt Bank has undertaken the reorganization of the concern is offering the creditors 20 per cent in and the rest in preferred shares and ob ligations at 5 per cent.

Australian Parliament Opened. MELEOURNE, May 9.-The Duke of Cornwall and York opened the Austra-lian Federal Parliament at noon today (Thursday). The ceremony was brilliant.

VICTIMS OF THE FIRE.

Widesprend Suffering Among the People of Jacksonville.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., May 8.—The full meaning of the widespread suffering in Jacksonville was realized today, when it was announced in one of the meetings that a great number of men who had never been used to manual labor were clamoring for work. Among them were clerks, collectors, bookkeepers and even professional men, three young physicians declaring their condition destitute, as they had lost wardrobes, libraries, office fixtures and everything in the fire. The department of labor has undertaken to give cierical employment to all of these

The executive committee of the relief association arranged today to establish a sewing tent, and 25 sewing-machines were ordered. This will enable the seamstresses who have lost everything to get work, and thus relieve the condition of fire sufferers who have lost all clothes except those they wear. A laundry will be erected, and colored laundresses will be started in business again. The city is still under martial law, and 500 men and 43 officers

has been paid by the adjusters, and the people are commencing the erection of temporary places of business and dwell-

Today one other body was found in the ruins, that of Mrs. Solomon Robinson, whose late husband was a member of the staff of the New York Tribune, Nothing remained to tell the story of her death but a cupful of bones which were found in the debris of her late home on Church street.

Church street.

Relief is coming in generously on every train, and the subscription list to date amounts to \$85,000, with promises of aid from many other places. Commissaries from many other places. Commissarie have been established all over the city.

FIRE AMONG COTTON. Compress and Warehouses Burned at Augusta, Ga.

AUGUSTA. Ga., May 8.—Fire broke out in a storage compartment of the Union Compress Company building at 1 o'clock this afternoon. An alley way about six feet wide separates the compress and Phinizey & Co.'s cotton warehouse. A stiff breeze in a short time swept the After the final passage of the wine flames over the heads of the firemen to bill, the Reichstag adopted a resolution this building, in which were stored 1200 asking the government to introduce a bales of cotton. From here the fire was

Forest Fires in Pennsylvania. AUSTIN, Pa., May 8.—Fanned by heavy wind, the fires in the forests at Big Run, Crowley Run and Crooked Run, which broke out Monday, are rapidly destroying thousands of feet of valuable timber and bark. Every available man in this vicinity has been called into service, but as yet they have not succeeded in gaining any headway whatever. The railroad shops and all mills have closed that the men may assist in subduing the flames. The heaviest losers will be the

The New York Apartment-House Fire NEW YORK, May 8 .- Two women were burned to death and a number of persons were injured in the fire in the five-story ent-house at Lexington avenue and Sixtieth street early today. The dead are: Mrs. Jennie McSorley, a widow 40 years old, and Miss Brown, 18 years old. Mrs. Elizabeth M. Winters sustained internal injuries which probably will result fatally.

PLEASED THE BRITISHERS. Chaffee's Political Speech at a Pe-

kin Smoker. NEW YORK, May 8 .- A dispatch to the

Herald from Pekin says: General Gaselee, of the British Army, gave a smoking concert in the Temple of Heaven in honor of General Chaffee

and his officers. General Chaffee made a political speech which caused comment outside the British camp. The following version was published in the official organ of the British Legation, and was accepted on all sides as correct:
"Let Kings, Ministers and politicians say what they may," said General Chaf-

"but I can tell you this-that never will you see Americans and Britishers facing each other in the field. Our Na-tional policy may be to steer clear of in-ternational complications; but, should circumstances arise in which we must take a choice, our inclination will be with Britishers.",

No Political Significance.

BERLIN, May 8.—The Berliner Post publishes an inspired statement of the firing by Germans on the British tug Ego at Tien Tsin Saturday. According to this version, the boat belonged to a British version, the boat beinged to a British lighterage company, but was being pursued at the time by the Chinese. It fouled a bridge over the Pel Ho, which the Germans were guarding. The Germans called a halt, but the boatmen attempted to escape hastily, and as they disregarded the third call, the watch fired. The statement concludes by asserting that the inent concludes by asserting that the incident was wholly without political sig-

Amount of Indemnity.

WASHINGTON, May &-Information has been received here confirming the As-sociated Press dispatches from Pekin regarding the amount of indemnity to be demanded. This total has now been reduced from something like \$1,000,000,000 to

Corea Refuses to Indorse Loan. YOKOHAMA, May 8.—Reports received from Seoul say the Emperor of China refuses to indorse the loan of the Yun Nan syndicate, and Minister Chip Wong Sik, the chief advocate of the loan, has

Another Beaumont Gusher. BEAUMONT, Tex., May 8.-Another off It appears approached the shore they were gusher came in today. The was surrounded by a fleet of cances filled with cated near the original gusher. The well is lo-

THE SECOND STEP TAKEN

MARTINELLI RECEIVED THE RED BERRETTA.

Conferred by Cardinal Gibbons in the Cathedral at Baltimore-Distinguished Audience Present.

BALTIMORE, Md., May 8.—Sebastian Martineili, titular archbishop of Ephesus and cardinal-elect of the Church of Rome, today received at the hands of Cardinal Gibbons the red berretta and donned the robes which will hereafter mark his rank. The ceremony, which is the second step in his elevation to his new position, was marked by all the pomp and brilliance usually attendent upon such occasions. It was held in the venerable cathedral, the first edifice of its kind erected upon American soil, and in which the first American priest and the first American American priest and the first American bishop were ordained. Among those who witnessed it were men and women prominent in every walk of life—diplomats, legislators, educators, journalists and ecclesiasts, the latter including half a score of archbishops, half a hundred bishops, priests, monks and seminarians.

The initial step in the ceremony took

riests, monks and seminarians. The initial step in the ceremony took place in the palace of the cardinal, and consisted of the transmission of the ber-retts to Cardinal Gibbons by Mgr. Mar-chetti, the papal ablegate. Brief addresses were made by both participants in this affair. While this was in progress a pro-cession was formed in front of Caivert Hall, a block away, in which were arranged in the order named the seminariranged in the order named the seminarians, priests, Franciscan and Augustinian
monks, the members of the faculty in the
Catholic University in Washington, abbots, bishops, and finally the archbishops,
The purple and gold of their rich vestments added brilliance to the scene. At
10 o'clock they moved through the cathedral into Charles street, passing the
valence of the cardinal where they were palace of the cardinal, where they were joined by his eminence, clad in full official paraphernalia, who took his place last in the line. Thence the procession moved

to the main entrance of the cathedral.

The cardinal-elect meanwhile had entered the building through a rear door and advanced to meet the procession at the altar rail. The cardinal and the carthe altar rail. The cardinal and the cardinal-elect saluted each other profoundly
and each sought the throne provided for
him. That for Cardinal Gibbons occupied
the gospel side of the altar, while that of
the cardinal-elect was placed upon the
epistle side. When they had scated themselves the papal briefs to Cardinal Gibbons and Cardinal-elect Martinelli were s follows:

Cleo XIII, Pope, to our Beloved Son, James Gibbons, Cardinal-Priest of the Holy Roman Church, Archbishop of

Baltimore—
"Our beloved son, health and apostolic "Having this day created cardinal of the

holy Roman church our venerable broth-er, Sebastian Martinelli, titular archer. Sebastian Martinelli, titular arch-bishop of Ephesus, we have committed to our beloved son, Francis Marchetti, one of our private chamberlains, the duty of presenting to him the red berretta, the nd mark of his new dignity. Monsignore Marchetti faithfully and diligently assists Cardinal Martinelli in the apostolic delegation. He will present himself to your eminence in the performance of his office, and will bring you our greetings. We commend him, entrusted with the honorable duties of our ablegate, to your kindness, and beg you to receive him with consideration and benevolence, as is fit-ting; for doing which we ourselves shall feel duly grateful to you.
"As an augury of heavenly blessing and

as a sign of our good will, we send you most lovingly in the Lord the apostolic

"ALEXANDER VOLPINL" Papal Brief to Monsignore Martinelli

"Our beloved son, health and apostolic "Although unworthy, being constituted

by divine mercy in the sublimity of the apostolic see, and by virtue of our office having care of the welfare of the Catholic church, ameng our chief solicitudes is that the college of our venerable brothers, the cardinals of the holy Roman church, should be kept brilliant by most distinguished men as the dignity of that nost splendid order demands. For this reason we have determined to inscribe you in their number for your piety, your learning, your zeal for the Catholic faith and your other qualities and gifts of mind, which lead us to hope that your ministry will be of great use and benefit to the and the Whorlum Lumber

Since, however, our beloved son, Reginald Plus de Raymond, to whom we had ommitted the honorable duty of apostolic delegate, has declined it, we accepted his refusal and resolved to commit it to Fran-cis Marchetti, auditor of the apostolic del. egation in the United States of North America, who will present to you, created by us a cardinal of this holy Roman church, one of the insignla of this subchurch, one of the insignia of this sub-lime dignity, the red berretta, so that when it shall have been conferred on you, having been raised to the cardinalitial dignity, must ever stand fearless and invincible against all dangers to the church of God, even to the shedding of your blood, preclous in the sight of the Lord. We wish, however, that before you receive the berretta you will by all means take the oath to be given to you means take the oath to be given to you by the said Francis Marchetti, and that, signed by you, you send it to us either through him or through some other per-

"Given at St. Peter's Rome, under fisherman's seal, on the 15th day of April, 1901, in the 24th year of our pontificate. "ALOYSIUS, CARDINAL MACCHI."

Mgr. Marchetti, upon the conclusion of the reading of the briefs, advanced to Cardinal Gibbons' throne and delivered to him an address informing him that the supreme pontiff had committed to him the office of investing with the red berretta Cardinal Martinelli, of whom Mgr. Marchetti said:
"His obedience overcame his humility

and brought him unwillingly to his sub-lime dignity, of which I will say nothing at present, as another more worthy than I will more clearly and more gracefully speak of it.

Cardinal Gibbons responded as follows "Most Eminent Father: I beg leave to tender to your eminence my most sin-cere congratulations on the well-merited honor which the holy father has conferred on you in associating you with the mem-bers of the sacred college. And I am sure that in offering my felicitations I am expressing not only the sentiments of my own heart, but those of all my ven-erable colleagues of the American episcopate, who are so numerously represented on this joyous occasion. They have come from the North and South, from the East and West, and many of them from a considerable distance, and with great in convenience to themselves, as this is the season of the year when they are usually engaged in administering confirmation and in making the visitation of the dioceses. I am certain also that the good wishes of the prelates are shared by the clergy throughout the United States. Less than five years ago you came among us an entire stranger. You will leave us bound by the hallowed ties of friendship, without a single enemy to sound a dis-cordant note in the universal jubilee of

praise and congratulation.

"Your mission to the United States has been a mission of peace. While living among us you have taken as your model the Prince of Peace himself, of whom it is written: 'He shall not contend nor cry

or ostentation, in discharging your mission as apostolic delegate. Your eminience has been actuated by a high sense of justice, by a justice tempered with charity. The spirit of your administration has been fittingly characterized in the words of the royal prophet: 'Mercy and truth have met each other; justice and peace have kissed.' You have followed the injunction of the apostle of the gentiles, which is also the sentiment of your own illustrious founder: 'Omnia vestra in charitate flant.' Let all your works be done in charity. By your charity you have healed the wounds which are sometimes inflicted by litigation. "There is but one sad note in the joyous feetilities."

"There is but one sad note in the joyous festivity of today, and that is found in the reflection that your eminence is destined to leave us. But we indulge the hope that you will abide with us for some time yet. And we are cheered and comforted by the consideration that when you take up your residence in Rome the comforted by the consideration that when you take up your residence in Rome the holy father will have in you a wise and prudent counsellor, who is conversant with the religious, moral and social conditions of the United States. Your eminence will be able to inform his holiness that in a country is the Christians. that in no country in the Christian world can be found a hierarchy or clergy or people more devoted and loyal to the overeign pontiff; more tenacious to the

zealous in extending the kingdom of Christ, than the bishops and priests and laity of the United States. laity of the United States.
"Be assured, most eminent father, that our prayers and best wishes will follow you. May you enjoy in the Eternal City that peace and tranquility which is the of a mission faithfully accom-

faith once delivered to the saints; more

plished.' Cardinal Gibbons descended from his throne to the front of the altar, accompanied by his attendants bearing the berretta. Mgr. Martinelli arose and, escorted by the members of the noble guard and the papal chamberlain, walked toward Cardinal Gibbons, before whom he knelt and bowed his head. Slowly lifting the berretta from the silver salver upon which it rested, Cardinal Gibbons unfolded it and held it high in order that the congregation might see it. gregation might see it. Then, stooping, and with what seemed to be a softly-murmured prayer, he placed it upon the head of the cardinal-elect, who arose, and, advancing to the front of the altar, spoke

as follows:
"Most Eminent and Most Reverend Sir:
Having been by the kindness of the sup-preme pontiff made a member of the sublime college of cardinals of the holy Ro man church, nothing could have pleased me more than to receive from your eminence, surrounded by this crowd of bish ops and illustrious personages, the in-signia of this honor and high dignity. It rejoices me to receive these signs of pon-tifical favor in this metropolitan see, in which the example of your apostolic zeal and pastoral care have been so bright and have done so much for the promotion of Catholic interests as well as for the furtherance of all things which aid it the progress of numanity and the glory of the Nation. But you will permit me to add another reason for my happiness I find it in your continuous and untiring kindness toward me from the moment in which, by the command of the supreme pontiff. I was placed at the head of the apostolic delegation. These and other considerations awaken in me a spirit of gratitude toward your eminence. I beg you to accept the thanks which I cordialy offer you, and not only to you, but t the illustrious prelates and others who have come to honor this occasion by their presence, do I offer the expression of my

end sir, I pray the great and good God long to preserve and bless you." Having concluded the address, the newly-made cardinal retired to the inner sanctuary, and in a few moments returned clad in his cardinalitial robes. Almost immediately afterward he divested himself of these and appeared in the white and gold vestments of the mass in which he was pontificate. Assisted by his priests and deacons he conducted this amid the breathless attention of the vast benediction.

"Given at St. Peter's, Rome, under the fisherman's seal, on the 15th day of April, A. D. 1901, and in the 24th year of Archbishop Ryan, of Philadelphia, after which Cardinal Gibbons pronounced the benediction and the ceremony was ended.

sincere gratitude, 'Meanwhile, most rever

MOB WAS UNSUCCESSFUL.

Tried to Lynch a Disreputable Farmer in Oklahoma.

GUTHRIE, O. T., May 8.—A mob made an unsuccessful atempt on the jail at Chandler last night in an effort to secure and lynch John Cofield, a farmer who is charged with having ruined his two stepdaughters, aged 12 and 15, and who, it is alleged, had a criminal operation performed on the older one, resulting in her death last Friday. When arrested Cofield attempted suicide. Sheriff Tligham arrested Dr. Calvert at Perry today on the charge of murder, it being claimed that charge of murder, it being claimed that he performed the operation which resulted in the girl's death, and took him to Chandler tonight. There is much excitement over the matter.

Girl Killed Her Father. ST. LOUIS, May 8.—Gustave Baare, aged 50 years, bailiff of the St. Louis School Board, a former Representative in the State Legislature, was shot and instantly killed at his home last night by his daughter, Ida, aged 20, who then turned the revolver upon herself, inflict-ing a wound from which she died in two minutes. Both were shot through the head. The action of the young woman was premeditated, as was shown by a let-ter she left. In it she said that the frequent insults offered her mother by her father became unbearable, and that she had resolved to kill him and then herself. Mr. Baare was taking a nap when he was killed.

EUROPEAN COMBINATION. Siegfried Predicts It if Our Trust

Everett, Wash,

Cross-Examination of Eastman. CAMBRIDGE, Mass., May 8 .- For two hours this forenoon, the Eastman trial was marked by the rigorous cross-exami-nation of the defendant by the Attorney-Eastman admitted some inac curacles and statements at variance with his testimony given before the grand jury. Nothing that the Attorney-General could say, however, could make Eastman waver in his statement that the shooting was an accident, that until the Government produced the center-fire bullet he had always believed that Grogan had been killed with a bullet from the old rim-fire revolver. The remainder of the day was given up entirely to experts on cartridges and re-

Leavenworth Fiend Still at Large. LEAVENWORTH, Kan., May 8.—Ethel Bonnie, the 18-year-old daughter of George W. Bonnie, engineer at the state penitentiary, who was assaulted yester-day by an unknown white man, was still alive this morning. However, it is not believed she can recover. Her assailant is still at large, although searching par-ties have covered nearly every inch of ground between here and Lansing. Talk of burning the man at the stake is freely

Sentry Killed by a Deserter.

CHICAGO, May 8 .- Private Cumberlidge CHICAGO, May 8.—Private Cumberildge, while on sentinel duty at Fort Sheridan tonight, was killed by Smith Wheeler, a prisoner in the guardhouse. Wheeler crept up behind Cumberlidge and snatched the sentinel's rifle, in the scuffle that followed Cumberlidge was clubbed to death with the rifle. Wheeler escaped, Wheeler deserted during the war while in Florida awaiting transportation to Cuba. He was serving a five years' sentence. tence.

New Oil Strike in Colorado. FLORENCE, Cal., May 8.-The strong est flow of oil yet encountered in the Florence district was struck today by W. I out, neither shall his voice be heard in the streets. The bruised reed he shall not break; the smoking flax he shall not extinguish. You have fulfilled your onerous duties most effectually, without noise to that territory.

A UNITED STATES MARSHAL

Thanks Peruna For His Rapid Recovery From Catarrh.



EX-UNITED STATES MARSHAL MATTHEWS, OF MISSISSIPPI.

Hon. S. S. Matthews, ex-United States Marshal of Mlesissippi, in a recent let-er to the Peruna Medicine Company, of Columbus, Ohio, written from Hazelhurst, Mise., says:

WILL CENTRALIZE OPERATIONS AT LARGE EASTERN PLANTS.

Among the Works of the Steel &

Wire Company That Will Be

Abradoned Is That at Everett.

PITTSBURG, Pa., May 8.-The Com-

mercial Gazette publishes the following:
"The United States Steel Corporation
has adopted the policy of centralizing
operations, of abandoning its smaller

plants, those disadvantageously located, and those that cannot be run economically. The work heretofore done at these plants will be transferred to those that

can be operated to the advantage of the company. Of these details I can say nothing. I only know that to work out some of the details of this policy, oper-

ating heads of the concerns of the United States Steel Corporation have been in conference in New York. Undoubtedly the plan will revert with greatest benefit to the Pittsburg district, as the most favored of all in which the United States

Steel Corporation operates."

The above is the statement of Joshua Rhodes, of Pittsburg, retired as chairman

of the board of directors of the Na-

which the most important supplies of raw material are drawn in this district will

also take on more men. The American

Bridge Company has had olans drawn.

for a \$1,000,000 plant in the Pitisburg district and plants scattered through the
East may be abandoned. The American
Sheet Steel Company has already

abandoned a number of its plants of lesser importance and nearly all of the apparatus of these was sent to Vander-

grift. For the American Steel & Wire

grift. For the American Steel & Wire Company the United States Steel Corporation is expected to carry out the plan of the wire company to centralize all operations possible at Neville Island, where \$10,000,000 works are being built. This has already led to the abandonment of plants at Worcester, Mass., and is expected to be followed with works at Cincinnati, O., the Portage Works, at Newburgh, N. Y., and the works at Everett, Wash.

Encroach on Foreign Markets.

in this country encroach on European markets to the detriment of European

manufacturers, I predict a combination of the commercial countries of Europe to raise tariffs on American goods to almost

prohibitive figures.'
So spoke Jules Slegfried, France's Min-ister of Industry, Commerce and the Colo-nies in the Cabinet of Ribot in 1892 and

1893, who is at present in this city.
"There is but one logical solution of the present situation," continued Mr. Sieg-fried, "and that is the signing of a fair

and equitable reciprocity treaty between the different nations. I always have been in favor of such treaties, because they

foster trade and increase the friendlines:

of political relations between countries party to them. It really is the only logical solution of the approaching trouble, "Do I believe a combination of Euro-

pean powers is probable in the near fu-ture? Well, it will follow after several of the countries have put up their tariffs to protect their own manufacturers. You

are a wonderful people, and your country is marvelous in its resources, and when your competition becomes so great as to be alarming, the combination of govern-ments will be a very natural result.

"Under reciprocity this situation would be almost impossible. Take my own coun-

try, France, for example. We buy our steel, iron and machinery from England,

but we could buy it from your mills just

as well. Under a reciprocity agreement

between the two governments we would come to you for our steel, our Iron, our coal, our machinery and, in fact, nearly

all of the material used in our manufac

tures and industries. On the other hand, we would send you our gloves, our fine linen and lace and cotton goods, and the

ommercial relations established would

bring the two countries into closer and

more cordial political relations. It would be of benefit to both."

Starch Trust Will Close Its Plants.

CHICAGO, May 8.- 'If the great trusts

"I am happy to say that I am cured of catarrh, and need no more attention from you. It is a great satisfaction that I am able to write you that Peruna has in my case done all that you claim, and that I will need no more medicine."

PLANS OF STEEL TRUST had not kept pace with the price of corn, and there is no profit in buying corn at the present price to make into starch regarding the Bond-Blaine reciprocity convention with the United States, which will probably be revived. It is also under-stood that Mr. Bond will discuss with at the present price. The company stopped buying corn here May I. Will-lam F. Piel, manager of the local plant, says that he understands that the glucose Sir Wilfrid Laurier the question of con-federating the colony with the Dominion, Mr. Chamberlain advocates such a union as the best means of disposing of the French shore question. manufacturers will also close their plants

Dover's municipal electric tramways earned BERLIN, May 8.—The Frankfurter Zei-tung, an organ friendly to the United States and an authority in financial

situations.

siders are now speculating on credit. The paper expresses fear that all earnest warnings will have no effect so long as Flonest the speculative craze is whetted by all sorts of fusion and combination projects. It admits that the business situation is excellent, except as regards textiles, but finds no justification for the present mad-Hearing in the Butte Mining Suit.

The Thirty-second Mustered Out. SAN FRANCISCO, May 8.—The Thirty-econd Infantry, U. S. V., was formally nustered out at the Presidio today. Schlitz beer is even cooled

Revival of Bond-Blaine Treaty ST. JOHNS, N. F., May 8 .- It is reported St. Johns that Mr. Bond, the Premier is on his way from London to Ottawa to confer with the Dominion Government

MANILA, May 8.—Colonel Astilla, the insurgent Governor of Infanta Province, has surrendered with 10 officers, 180 men, 170 rifles and 10 cannon.

Ordered to Manlla.

CHICAGO, May 8. - Colonel William Hall, Adjutant-General of the Department

of the Lakes, has been ordered to suc-sed Colonel Thomas H. Barry as Adju-ant-General of the Department of the Philippines. Colonel Hall will start at

affairs, discussing Wall street affairs, re-

gards the situation as dangerous, since

Catarrh

The best authorities say, is a disease of the blood.

Therefore local applications cannot

Being a constitutional disease it requires a constitutional remedy-

Hood's Sarsaparilla. By thoroughly purifying the blood, this great medicine reduces the inflammation of the mucous membrane and stops all catarrhal discharges of the nose, throat, stomach, bowels,

bladder and generative organs. Catarrh is especially dangerous in persons who inherit or have acquired a predisposition to consumption.

In these and all other catarrhal cases, Hood's Sarsaparilla so thoroughly renovates the blood and restores strength and vigor that it permanently cures.

In fact, because of the character of the disease, and the peculiar merit of the remedy, Hood's Sarsaparilla is the common-seuse treatment for catarrh.

"I was a sufferer from pasal catarrh, grad-

nally growing worse. I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla which completely cured me of that troublesome disease." MAUD DOAN, 1615 Arrow Ave., Indianapolis, Be sure to get

Hood's Starch Trust Will Close Its Plants. INDIANAPOLIS, May 8.—Orders have been issued at the 12 to 15 factories of the National Starch Company, including the factory in this city, to get ready to close down until the corn market becomes settled again. The price of starch, it is said. Sarsaparilla It is sold everywhere. Prepared by C. I. HOOD & CO., Lowell, Mass.

during the year ending March 31, \$10,770, of which the profits relieve the local taxes to the extend of 3 pence in the pound.

without any other advice than the directions to be found upon the bottle and in the pamphlets. There are those who prefer, however, to correspond with Dr. Hartman during their sickness. To all such he will make prompt and careful answer without charge.

Hon. J. F. Crooker, of Buffalo, N. Y., who

who was for years Superintendent of Schools at Buffalo, in a letter dated Oc-

"I have been a sufferer from ca-

Hon. J. F. Crooker,

Public Schools.

tober 16, writes:

tarrh six or seven

years, and after

trying many reme-

dles was Induced

by a friend to take

Peruna. The re-

sults have been

highly satis-

factory. I take

pleasure In re-

commending Pe-

runa to any one

suffering with ca-

remedy, Peruna:

terrh, as my cure is complete."

Hon, B. B Doviner, Congressman from

West Virginia, in a letter from Wash-ington, D. C., to the Peruna Medicine

Co., says the following of their catarrh

"I join with my colleagues in the House of Representatives in recommending your

excellent remedy. Peruna, as a good tonic and also an effective cure for catarrh." Mrs. Mary C. Fentress writes from

Paradise. Tex., the following: "I think I can say that your good advice and medicine has cured me of chronic ca-tarrh. I have had no pains in my head

darm. I have had no pains in my head since I have taken Peruna. I have been in bad health ever since 35, and have taken a good many medicines which were only of temporary relief. Peruna is the catarrh cure. The Peruna stopped my catarrh of the head so that it did not become chronic, and I am very thankful for Dr. Hartman's advice and medicine."

Peruna is a specific for all catarrhal.

Peruna is a specific for all catarrhal diseases. It acts quickly and beneficially upon the inflamed mucous membrane, thus removing the cause of catarrh.

Catarrh is catarrh wherever located. Catarrh is essentially the same every-where. The remedy that will cure ca-

tarrh in one situation will cure it in all

If you do not derive prompt and satis-factory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hariman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will

be pleased to give you his valuable ad-

de gratis.
Address Dr. Hartman, President of the

Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.

The first brewery of Jos.

Hearing in the Butte Mining Suit, NEW YORK, May &-Another hearing was given today by Chancellor Pitney in chancery chambers in Jersey City on the order to show cause why the Amalgamated Copper Company should not be permanently enjoined from absorbing the Boston & Montana and Butte & Boston Mining Companies. Counsel for the plaintiffs asked for a postponement in order that investigation might be made as to the actual value of the properties concerned, but the request was denied. Final argument will be heard tomorrow. Schlitz was a hut, but the beer that was brewed there was honest. That was fifty years ago. Today the magnificent Schlitz brewery REBEL COLONEL SURRENDERS forms a monument to that honesty. Astille and His Band of Filipinos

From the very beginning the main object has been to attain absolute purity. In Schlitz beer pure yeast was first introduced in America. In the Schlitz brewery are all the inventions men have made for protecting beer from impurities.

in filtered air; then it is filtered, then sterilized. It is well aged to avoid the cause of biliousness. Ask your physician about

Schlitz, the beer that made Milwaukee famous.

Phone Main 635 (O.T.Co.) J. Silve-stone, 605 Ch. Com. Blg, Portland.





Positively cured by these

Little Pills. They also relieve Distress from Dyspensia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Naussa, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TOR-PID LIVER. They Regulate the Bow-els. Purely Vegetable.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.