

tablish Stove Factory.

The directors of the Board of Trade, at their meeting yesterday afternoon, took the first actual steps toward the formation of a development company to bore for coal and oll. A special committee which has been considering the subject reported in favor of the formation of a company the capital stock of which shall be \$10,000, divided into shares of \$100. No

companies whose lines run into Portiand, furnish the money for a drill or boring machine, which will cost about \$3000. The comparines whose innes run into Portuald, furnish the money for a drill or boring machine, which will cost about \$3000. The local representatives of the Southern Pa-cific have recommended to their head of-light and inclined to cave, and so the free that the company donate such a drill. The company, when formed, will en-deavor to lease 500 acres of land in West-ern Oregon for a period of 10 years for the purposes of drilling. After adopting the purposes of drilling. After adopting the report of the committee, the directors ap-pointed another committee, of which Secretary C. W. Miller is chairman, with power to name his associates, to solicit business men to purchase stock in the new concern. The idea is, if possible, to limit the sale to one share per man.

President Connell was empowered to ap-point a committee of three to look into the advisability of securing capital wherewith to back the manufacture of the Hampdon patent stove. The inventor of this stove is a Portland man. The stove is practically a crematory, and consumes almost entirely everything put in it. The opinion was expressed by several of the directors that were the stove to be manufactured and advertised, it would not only have a large sale, but would prove an important addition to Portland's instries.

A communication was read from the bureau of information of the Southern Pacific Company in San Francisco, stating that if the Portland Board of Trade would prepare suitable advertising matter of this city's and state's resources, the bu-reau would gladly distribute it. The bureau distributes advertising matter of all the states and cities to which its lines ex-

A communication was read from the Port of Portland Commission, similar to that sent to the other commercial bodies of the city, asking for suggestions from the board relative to the proper place for the location of the proposed drydock, to-gether with suggestions as to the general form of the same and quality of material to he used therein. The communication was referred to a special committee, to be appointed hereafter.

A special committee was appointed to draft resolutions of respect to the mem-ory of the late L. B. Cox, who was the first president of the board.

JONATHAN CARVER'S TRAVELS

Copy of the Famous Book Secured for Oregon Historical Society.

Assistant Secretary Himes, of the Ore gon Historical Society, has made several valuable additions to the society's col-lection of rolics. In books he has secured a copy of the second collion of "Jonathan Carver's Travels," published in Philadelphia in 1796; J. Quinn Thornton's "His-tory of Oregon and California, in 1848," Gustavus Hines' "History of Gre-' Carver's work was the first book in which the name of Oregon was men-

Mrs. Mary Richardson Walker, of Albany, has presented the society a piece of

high.

BADLY LAID SEWER.

Big Job of Repairs at South Portland School.

The sewcrage condition of the South Portland school has been giving a good deal of trouble lately, on account of the careless manner in which it was laid share is to be assessed more than \$5 in any one month. The plan is to have one of the railroad of the six-inch terra cotta pipe combeen constructed on the river side, and as the basement of the school is lower than the main directly opposite on Corbett street, the six-inch connection has to be extended northward to obtain a proper

> The plumber in charge of the repairs said yesterday that a sewer pipe may be laid at such a steep incline that it will carry off the fluids too rapidly, leaving the solids to cling to the sides of the pipe, and finally clog it up altogether.

> > STOCK IS ALL TAKEN.

Montana Millionaire Invests in Portland Woolen Mills.

All the stock for the Portland Woolen Mills has been subscribed. This statement was given out yesterday by E. L. Thomp-son, the secretary of the company. The last block was one of \$10,000, and was sub-scribed by R. Donnel Larrabee, a Mon-tana millionaire. Mr. Larrabee's substock, several others who desired to get in have been unable to do so. The capital stock is \$50,000.

now negotiating for the water rights on how negotiating for the water rights on two creeks in that suburb, and when it secures the rights, will connect the streams by a ditch, or small canal, and in this way run their mills by water power. Surveyors will be sent out this morning to get levels for the company The industry is an important one, and gets nothing

the promoters, all of whom are local business men, say they will be able to follow the establishment of hte mills with a worsted factory which is now located in an Eastern city.

BUSINESS ITEMS.

If Baby Is Cutting Teeth. Be sure and use that old and well-tried remedy, Mrs. Winslow's Southing Syrup, for children testhing. It southes the child, softens the gums, aliays all pain, cures wind collc and diarrhoes,

New Overland Ticket Office.

For all points East. Lowest rates. Superior attractions. Excellent service. Personally conducted excursions daily, via Rio Grande Western Ralling, 122 A Third street. entrance new Falling building.

If you are tired taking the large, old-fashloned griping pills, try Carter's Little Laver Pulls, and take some comfort. A man can't stand everything.

The best that can be said about a medi-cine is said about Hood's Sarsaparilia. It

Secretary Gage, of the Treasury Deartment, is reported to be considering plan to reduce to a minimum the inpartment. onveniences and dangers of the country's

Independent treasury system by letting the Government deposit its revenues with groups of banks strong enough to insure

It against loss without the intervention of bond collateral. Existing methods of get-ting rid of a treasury surplus are: First-By depositing it in National banks and requiring security from them in the shape of United States bonds. The first of these methods is the one

oftenest resorted to. All of them are, however, unsatisfactory to the Secre-tary. Mr. Gage's idea is that the Gov-ernment really needs in hand only about \$50,000,000 working capital, if it has other resources upon which it can draw in any emergency. If all the rest of the money which it now puts in the treasury vaults could be deposited with National banks in

reserve cities, so apportioned as to give each city a share corresponding to the ratio its reserve bears to the total reserve of the system, and to each bank a share corresponding to the ratio of its reserve to the total reserve of the banks in its city, the Government's lien being first upon all the assets of each depository bank, and the banks paying 2 per cent bank, and the banks paying 2 per cent upon the Government deposits, Secre-tary Gage believes the results would be highly salutary. He made a careful com-putation some time ago, and found that if this plan had been carried out during the 36 years since the Civil War, the Gov-ernment not only would have come out without the loss of a dollar, but with \$32,000,000 profit besides. There are 31 reserve citles, representing about 230 banks, in the country. The re-serve citles of the Pacific Coast are Port-land, San Francisco and Los Angeles, each of which has four National banks. Other

of which has four National banks. Other of which has four National banks. Other distinctly Western reserve cities are Houston, Tex.; Des Moines, St. Paul, Min-neapolis, Kansas City, St. Joseph, Lin-coln, Neb.; Omaha and Denver. All of these would come in for a share of the surplus if the Gage plan is put in operation. As it is now, only the banks of enormous capital are able to put up the

Government bonds as collateral, and the others must go without a share of the de-posits. The Atlantic cities get the lion's share of the money. Chicago comes in for a small portion, but the great West

J. Frank Watson, president of the Mer-J. Frank Watson, president of the Mer-chants National Bank, said yesterday that he considered the plan a good one. "The effect, of it," he said, "would be to add \$300,000,000 to the circulating me-dium. This money is now locked up in the treasury at Washington and is not doing any good to any one. If it is put out in the way suggested, it would earn \$5,000,000 a year in interest for the Government. The Government would get its interest, and the banks and the peo-ple would have the use of the money. Of course, the big reserve citles would

Of course, the big reserve cities would get the bulk of the treasury surplus, but every reserve city would be benefited in the proportion which its reserve bears to the total reserve. The only drawback I see to the proposed system is that with the surplus distributed over the country, the Government might not, in time of acute crisis, be able to lend a helping hand. Still, this might not be so, It is argued at the East that the plan would have the obvious advantage of

would be for the best all round.'

TELLS OF BILL DALTON.

Ohio Drummer Borrowed Six Bits From the Noted Highwayman.

I. J. Anderson, an Ohio commercial traveler, who is stopping at the St. Charles, has the honor of having bor-rowed 75 cents from the notorious Bill Dalton, who terrorized Oklahoma about banks and requiring security from them in the shape of United States bonds. Second—By purchasing such bonds with the surplus money of the treasury. Third—By anticipating payments of in-terest on the public debt. The surplus debt. wolver held to the hutshe of a big re-volver held to the face by Bill Dalton, who had ridden up behind. 'I want your money, and be — quick about it,' he said, and I handed him my purse, con-tations 17

said, and I handed him my purse, con-taining \$17. " Is this all you've got?" Bill demanded. " 'I have 75 cents more in my trousers pocket.' I said, handing it to him, 'but I would like to borrow it to pay for my

would like to borrow it to pay for my supper tonight." "Bill dropped the silver back into my hand and asked: "Where's your watch?" "I was lucky this time and left it at home,' I replied, though it was lying un-der the seat cushion, where I had laid it some time before, having been pre-vlously warned to look out for the Dalton brothers. The man at the horse's head said: "I've a notion to swap horses with you, old Grayback,' and I replied: 'If you do, don't give me a horse that stumbles, for heaven's sake.' I don't know what made me say this, as my horse was a thoroughbred, and very sure-footed, but it had a good effect on them, and Bill said: 'I set the old chap keep his horse. You don't gaile and break your neck,' and might fall and break your neck,' and they left me. "Bill was killed by United States mar-

shals a few months after, and I was not sorry to hear it. He was in the act of crawling on his hands and knees, from his house to his stable, at early dawn. A posse had surrounded the premises the night before, and were on the watch for him. The United States marshals in that region were, as a rule, good shots, and Bill fell flat, with a bullet through his heart.

WHAT A RUMMAGE SALE IS

Opportunity to Buy Household Articles for a Song.

Announcement is made of a rummage sale beginning tomorrow at 113 and 115 Third street (next door to Feldenheimer's) under direction of the women of the First Unitarian Church. Answering continued inquiries, be it stated that a rummage sale is one where cast-off household articles are given by people who have no longer any use for them and are bought by people who need them. It gives opportunity for those with slen-der means to buy necessities which to others of larger means is old lumber. Almost every home with an attic has articles too good to throw away which have been supplanted by something new. These discarded articles find ready pur-chasers in every city where a rummage sale has been introduced. Such a sale serves a triple purpose: First, it enables the well-to-do to get rid of that which is useless to them; second, it enables poor folk to buy what they need for a trifle third, the proceeds of an aggregate of trifles adds considerably to the fund of the society or association which underpractically putting in the hands of the people, for use in industry and com-merce, the money taken in taxes, which the reason that no expense is attached. takes such a sale. This is not profit for

GREAT SPECIAL SALE OF BOYS' CLOTHING

Today and Tomorrow only---we offer every \$3.50, \$4.00 and \$5.00

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Sailor Blouse Suit Vestee Suit and **School Suit**

in the house at the uniform price of

\$3.25

NEVER was such an opportunity offered in We doubt if ever there will be Portland. Regular prices will be resumed again. Monday.



Reliable Clothier

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