DISCUSSED THE DRYDOCK

EASTERN EXPERT RECOMMENDS BONEYARD FOR A SITE.

Sectional Dock 400 Feet Long Best Suited to the Commerce of Portland.

Drydock sites and styles of drydocks were discussed by the Port of Portland Commission yesterday afternoon. W. P. Runyon, president of the Perth Amboy Drydock Company, of New Jersey, sat with the commission and made a number of practical suggestions. He said the best site he had seen is the O. R. & N. boneyard between the Eastern and the North Pacific lumber mills in North Portland. At this point the distance from the high bank on the shore to the harbor line is 1000 feet, which gives plenty of room for a 400-foot end-on drydock and the protecting piers. He recommended a sectional floating dock as being best suited to Portland's commerce, for the reason that small vessels need not use all the sections, while the dock could be enlarged at any time by building a new section.

President Hughes dissented from Mr. Runyon's opinion on two points. He prefers a drydock built parallel with the river's course to an end-on dock and is disposed to favor a location on the East Side. He said that it may be necessary some time to open the channel on the west side of Swan Island. If this is done the harbor line will have to be moved back and a drydock built out to the present harbor line would be in the way of such an improvement. The discussion with Mr. Runyon was largely informal and no action was taken.

Mr. Runyon impressed the commissioners as a man who thoroughly understands drydock building. As there is a wide difference between natural conditions, wages of labor, etc., at Perth Amboy and Portland he could not give exact details, but his general survey of the subject was full of interesting information. He said Portland is one of the most peculiar harbors he has ever visited; yet its situation is favorable to a large commerce. It has fresh water, which shipowners like after a long voyage. It has little tide, the depth of water being regulated by the various stages of the river. Vessels load and unload at the docks without using lighters. Hence, the port has few small craft and the shipping is principally large vessels. On the main point, he made an apt observation that caught all the commissioners.

"I cannot promise you," he said, "that the drydock you are about to build will be a financial success. If that was certain private capital would have built a drydock at Portland long before this. You may not be able to make the drydock pay $2 for every $1 you invest in it. But if your purpose is to make Portland a great shipping city, you are going about the business in the proper way; the drydock is the thing that will do it. It will help you to keep the shipping you have and to get more vessels."

On the subject of site and kind of drydock, Mr. Runyon said:

"I would build the drydock as far up on the shore as possible. At the O. R. & N. boneyard this can be done and there is plenty of land on the shore for such purposes as it may be needed. This location has 1000 feet of distance between the shore line and the harbor line and the water is deep. The area is so great that it is possible to make a slack-water basin for 500 feet from the end of the drydock to the harbor line. Under these circumstances, the drydock would be out of reach of the river current and it would be an easy task to dock a vessel.

"My judgment is that an end-on drydock would be best for Portland. I would recommend a sectional drydock of five sections, each to be 80 feet long. This would give 100 to 110 feet width, 14 to 15 feet depth of box, 27 to 30 feet height on the wings, with 25 to 30 feet outriggers. The distance from the top of the wings to the bottom of the box would be from 42 to 45 feet. A dock 400 feet long would accommodate a 450-foot vessel. There is more strength and durability in a five-section 400-foot dock of modern pattern than there would be in a solid box 400 feet long. A decided advantage of the sectional dock would be that in the handling of small vessels it would not be necessary to use all the sections. Most important of all is that should Portland's commerce increase you can enlarge the dock to meet the new requirements by adding an 80-foot section. In that way you will have a 480-foot dock for the cost of an 80-foot section without having to enlarge the basin."

President Hughes could not see the advantage of an end-on dock as explained by Mr. Runyon. He preferred a dock built parallel with the river, the basin to be protected by bulkheads and piling. The southern end would be shut off from the current and vessels would enter while heading up stream. A roadway wide enough for a team to turn around would be built. A drydock on this plan would require 1500 feet of frontage.

President Hughes told Mr. Runyon that the O. R. & N. Co. would be the best customer of the drydock.

"If that is the case," said Mr. Runyon, "you should get as close as you can to the company."

"If we are going to build the drydock so that any one railroad shall derive the most benefit," said Commissioner Banfield, "let us favor the O. R. & N. Co. It is Portland's friend."

Commissioner Swigert read the following from section 5 of the act of 1901, amending the Port of Portland law:

"That said dock shall be so located and constructed as that at extreme low water in the Willamette River the same shall admit vessels drawing 20 feet of water; provided always, that nothing herein contained shall be so constructed as to authorize the said The Port of Portland to carry on the work of repairing, cleaning or painting vessels, but that, under such rules, regulations and charges as the said The Port of Portland may make, said dock shall be at all times open to the various mechanics of the City of Portland for the performing of such work."

"With all due regard to you," said Commissioner Swigert to President Hughes, when he had finished reading, "that is a mighty poor provision. We are not permitted to touch a vessel while she is inthe drydock or permit any of our employes to touch her."

President Hughes defended the provision. "I put it in the law with malice aforethought," he said. "My object was to keep the port from having anything to do with political jobs."

As a parting word Mr. Runyon told the commissioners that they would make a big mistake if they did not operate the drydock on business principles from the start.

HOLBROOK WON EASILY.

Multnomah Athlete Threw Nielson Two Falls—Other Events.

The wrestling tournament drew a large crowd to the Multnomah Club last evening. All the bouts were sharply contested, but interest centered in the main contest between Sam Holbrook and Bert Nielson, in the welter-weight class, which Holbrook won in two straight falls. In both bouts Holbrook took the aggressive at the start, and won the falls by half Nelsons in less than two minutes each. In the second bout, Nielson had forced him into a dangerous position, out of which he quickly wriggled and turned the tables on his opponent. In the try-outs in the light-weight class, Charles P. Holmes won out, and Richard Price took the medal for second place. In the light-weight class the winner was Henry Frank, with Chester Hughes second.

The tournament was run off in good fast style by Manager Greenland and Master of Ceremonies W. C. Duniway. Alex De France was referee for the minor matches, and Instructor Joe Acton for the main event. The whole evening's sport was one of the best that has been seen in local wrestling circles, and showed that the club is developing a promising set of athletes.

In the first round of the light-weight contests, Vince defeated King, Bay won from Johnson, Price defeated Ted Wood, Holmes won from Stipe, Whitcomb drew a bye. In the second round, Price defeated Vince, and Holmes won from Whitcomb. The third round was between Holmes and Bay, and Holmes won. The final match between Price and Holmes was one of the most interesting of the evening. Price was the favorite, having shown greater skill in the game during the matches he had appeared in previously. Holmes, however, rushed matters at the start, and threw his opponent by a fortunate hold.

In the first round of the feather-weight class, Frank won from Montague, Smith defeated Harder, Frohman won from Haynes, Murray from Mason, and Hughes from Sears. In the second round, Hughes won from Murray, and Frank defeated Frohman. Smith drew a bye. In the third round, Frank defeated Smith, and then went against Hughes in the finals. Frank took the aggressive from the start, and, after losing the upper position wriggled out of a dangerous hold, and won a fall when it looked as if his opponent had the advantage.

IN DOMESTIC TROUBLE.

Pugilist Dudley Evans Is Sued for Divorce—Wants Children.

Dudley Evans, the well-known pugilist, has filed a petition in the County Court asking to be appointed guardian of his children, Pearl N., Florence H. and Charles D. Evans, aged 7, 6 and 4 years, respectively, and his wife, Florence E. Evans, yesterday sued him for a divorce in the State Circuit Court.

Evans, in his petition, states that they were married in Portland in 1893, and have resided at 269 North Sixteenth street, where the children now are in the custody of Mrs. S. L. Green, the mother of Mrs. Evans. She, it is alleged, for the past two years has exercised the care and control of them against his (the father's) wishes, and refused to allow him to take them from the house or to exercise authority or parental companionship over them, and declines to vacate the place. Evans asserts that he has always been a true and faithful husband, and provided for his family, and that, on the contrary, his wife has been guilty of misconduct, and has neglected the duties of a mother towards the children. He also charges Mrs. Evans with refusing to stay at home and perform household duties. Mrs. Green is accused of influencing the children against his parental authority.

Mrs. Evans, in her divorce complaint, accuses her husband of infidelity, says he has not properly supported her during the past six years, and borrowed from her moneys she had earned and gambled them away. She charges that in March, 1897, he threw her across the room, and she would have fallen on a red-hot stove if she had not been caught by another. A further accusation is made that he struck her in March, 1899, and abused her on other occasions. She says he is an immoral man and a prizefighter. In anticipation of this suit and for the purpose of forestalling it, Mrs. Evans avers that her husband sued for possession of the children in the County Court. She states that he is an improper person to have their custody, and she asks that he be restrained from further proceedings in the County Court, or from molesting or interfering with her or the children in any manner until this case is decided. Judge Cleland issued a restraining order, which was subsequently modified on application of John F. Logan, attorney for Evans, who explained that the order as originally made had the effect of forbidding Evans from entering his domicile. Judge Cleland changed the restraining order so that Evans may stay at home, he and his wife to occupy separate rooms, and Evans must not interfere with the children. The case in the County Court will be called up on next Tuesday, at which time Mrs. Evans must file an appearance.

Bankruptcy Cases.

A report of the bankruptcy cases filed in the United States Court since the bankruptcy act was in force has been forwarded by the Clerk of the Court, E. D. McKee, to the Attorney-General. The total number of cases filed up to March 31 was: Voluntary 414, involuntary 15.

The number filed within the past six months was 92 voluntary, two involuntary.

The number of these cases adjudicated by the court was: Eighty-six voluntary and one involuntary; by the referee, one voluntary. One voluntary case was dismissed by the court. Bankrupts discharged, 63. A compromise was effected in one case. Fees were paid in 59 voluntary and two involuntary cases. In 23 voluntary cases fees were not paid. In 10 involuntary cases fees were paid after filing the petition.

The number of cases in which the petitioners take advantage of the pauper affidavit to escape paying court fees has been increasing of late. It is said that in some cases this is not necessary, but is to be attributed to the class of lawyers employed. When a petitioner's assets amount to $2000 and he swears that he cannot procure money to pay fees, it is natural to imagine that there is something wrong.

Court Notes.

The inventory of the estate of Joseph L. Shute, deceased, was filed. The property is valued at $5000, subject to a $2000 mortgage.

Alice M. Beeler, of Marion County, housekeeper, yesterday filed a petition in bankruptcy in the United States Court. Liabilities something over $1000. Assets consist of incumbered property, amount uncertain.

The inventory of the estate of Samuel B. Parrish, deceased, was filed. The property comprised $820 collected from the estate of J. L. Parrish, deceased, for moneys advanced to the estate by S. B. Parrish, while he was acting as administrator.

D. M. Dunne, administrator of the estate of Oliver Van Duzer, deceased, filed his first report. The estate in this County comprises realty valued at $7700. The heirs reside in San Francisco, where the rest of the property is located, and where the will was probated.

A verdict for the defendant was returned by the jury in the suit of Mrs. E. E. Wood against Dr. E. P. Mossman for $1000 damages for pulling the wrong tooth. Judge Frazer finished his charge to the jury at 10 o'clock yesterday, and the verdict was reported at 11:25. The trial occupied 3½ days.

Easter Praise Service.

The choir of the First Presbyterian Church has prepared a most excellent programme for the praise service tomorrow evening. Professor Hidden, the violinist, will assist. The music for the day will be as follows:

MORNING.

Organ prelude—"Communion, Op. 29" Batiste
Anthem—"Te Deum" ..... Van Boskerck
Easter anthem—"Jesus Is Risen" .... Schnecker
Postlude—"Moderato" ..... Kozeluch
(From "Sonata in D.")

EVENING.

Organ prelude—"March of the Israelites" .. .. Costa
(From the Oratorio "Elt.")
Easter anthem, with violin obligato—"O, Light That Breaks From Yonder Tomb" ..... Dressler
Easter anthem—"Lift Your Glad Voices" .. .. Schnecker
Easter anthem—"The Choir Angelic" .... Hamsom
Violin offertory—"Andante" ..... Mendelssohn
(From the violin concerto.)
Easter anthem, with violin obligato—"Christ, the Lord Is Risen Today." ..... Dulcken
Postlude—"Roman March" ..... Gounod

The choir—Mrs. Albert C. Sheldon, Harry W. Hogue, Mrs. Amedee M. Smith, Dom J. Zan; violinist, Reginald L. Hidden; organist, Edgar E. Coursen.

TO RECEIVE PRESIDENT

GENERAL MEETING TO BE HELD NEXT TUESDAY.

Preliminary Committee Meets, and Wires Mr. McKinley Urging Two Days' Stay in Portland.

The first steps toward the reception of President McKinley and his party when they shall visit here in May, were taken yesterday morning at a meeting of the presidents of the commercial bodies of Portland, held at the rooms of the Chamber of Commerce. After considerable discussion of the proposed reception, an adjournment was taken until Tuesday afternoon, when a meeting of the representatives of the commercial bodies and numerous state and Federal officials will be held in the United States Court-room.

Those present at yesterday's meeting were: Mayor Rowe, Henry Hahn, president of the Chamber of Commerce; H. M. Cake, president of the Commercial Club; Samuel Connell, president of the Board of Trade; E. C. Kilham, president of the Manufacturers' Association; Peter Ward, representing the Ohio Society, and United States District Attorney John H. Hall, representing the Federal officials.

Mr. Hahn called the meeting to order, and in a brief speech suggested that the reception should be entirely nonpartisan in character, and in the form of a welcome on the part of all the people of Portland to the Chief Magistrate of the Nation. Several other gentlemen concurred in Mr. Hahn's remarks.

Mr. Hall was called upon for suggestions, and stated that, upon the advice of Judges Gilbert and Bellinger, he had sent out invitations to prominent Federal and state officials, and to well-known citizens generally to be present, Tuesday afternoon, at a meeting to be held in the United States Court-room, there to discuss the question of the reception. Mr. Hall said that he had invited the Governor, the Secretary of State, the State Treasurer, the Supreme Judges, the Judges of the Circuit and District Courts, President Fulton, of the State Senate; Speaker Reeder, of the lower house; several Federal officials, and a number of well-known citizens, including H. W. Corbett, H. W. Scott, C. E. S. Wood, Wirt Minor, F. V. Holman, Robert D. Inman, Sol Hirsch, George Steel, and others, whose names he could not remember.

Mr. Hall expressed as his personal opinion that two committees should be appointed to receive the President, one headed by the Governor and the other by the Mayor. This was dissented from by several present, Mr. Hahn voicing apparently the general sentiment when he said that, in his judgment, the committee should be one body, and that the Governor and other state officials could be made honorary members, if desired. The committee finally agreed to meet on Tuesday with those invited from the outside, and at that time to settle the question of how the committee shall be formed, and of how many members it shall consist.

The committee, upon the suggestion of Mayor Rowe, agreed to send a telegram to President McKinley, urging him to devote two days to Portland, one day and a night to the city proper, and the second day to a trip down the Columbia River to its mouth. This telegram was sent later in the day. It read as follows:

Portland, Or., April 5, 1901.—President William McKinley, Washington, D. C.: The people of Oregon request and urge you to remain two days in this state, one day in the Willamette Valley and Portland, and one day on the Columbia, including a visit to the jetty and fortifications at its mouth. Nothing less will satisfy them. Oregon has always stood solid for you.

H. S. ROWE,
Mayor of Portland.
HENRY HAHN,
President Chamber of Commerce.
SAMUEL CONNELL,
President Board of Trade.
E. H. KILHAM,
President Manufacturers' Association.
H. M. CAKE,
President Commercial Club.
JOHN H. HALL,
U. S. District Attorney.

No further steps will be taken until the meeting Tuesday, which will probably be fully attended, and result in a definite plan of action being adopted.

Pleasing Entertainment.

An entertainment was given last evening in the United Brethren Church, East Morrison street, under the auspices of the Young People's Society. A number of musical and literary selections were given, and then Rev. Frank E. Coulter delivered his lecture on "The Causes of Earthquakes." He discarded the usually accepted theory of earthquakes being caused by subterranean explosions, or shrinking of the earth's crust. His explanation of his theory is contained in this extract: "That the violet rays of sunlight producing what has but lately been discovered a phenomena called ionization. That is, the atmospheric gas is divided into an equal number of ions charged respectively with positive and negative energy. The negative, however, developes a strong affinity for moisture, becomes heavy and sinks to the earth, where the energy is taken up, thus producing an electric tension and thunderstorms and cyclones. When the conditions of temperature and humidity become such as to force the shock of energy into the ground instead of in the air, the result is a subterrestial cyclone, or earthquake."

WILLIAM SHERLOCK'S WILL

Good Samaritan Hospital, Children's Home, Baby Home Remembered.

The will of William Sherlock, deceased, was admitted to probate yesterday. The estate comprises notes, personal and real property, valued at $100,000. Charlotte Sherlock, a daughter, and George Lawrence, Sr., a brother-in-law of the deceased, are named as executrix and executor without bonds. There is a bequest of $1000 to the Baby Home, and also one of $1000 to the Children's Home. To the Good Samaritan Hospital $3500 is devised, or as much as may be necessary to be applied to the endowment of a free bed, forever thereafter free, under the rules of the institution, to all worthy persons needing the same.

To Anna and Charlotte Sherlock, daughters, is bequeathed the home place at the intersection of Twenty-first and Washington streets, together with all household effects.

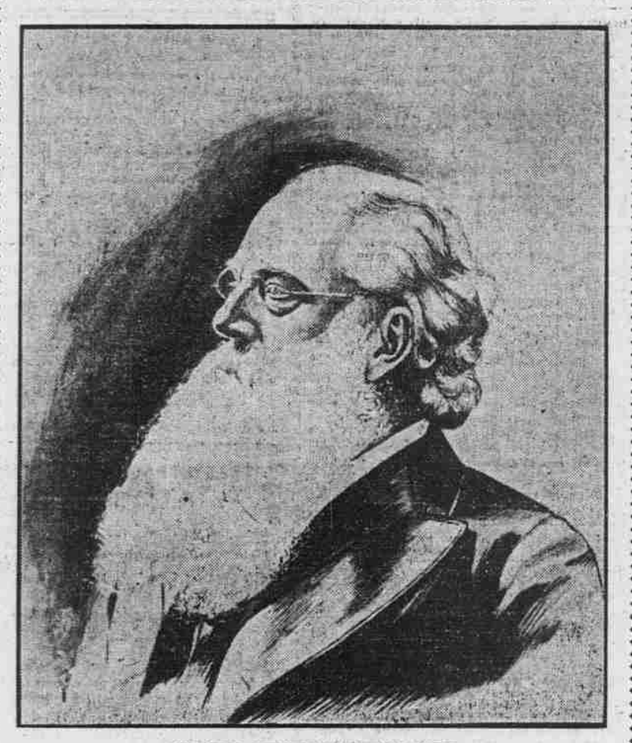
To Hattie Louse Breyman, a daughter, is devised a house and lot at 45 Twenty-first street; to Emma Huber, a daughter, a house and lot, No. 49 Twenty-first street, to Dorothea Eliza Mesick, a daughter, a house and lot, No. 51 Twenty-first street; and to Sophia Sherlock Walter, a daughter, a house and lot at 55 Twenty-first street.

The executors are directd to pay Rose Dorothea Lawrence, Anna McGarr and Sophia Norsworthy, sisters of the testator, $500 each.

To Charles Loftus Sherlock, a son, is bequeathed a gold watch, and one-seventh of the estate, which is to be held in trust by George Lawrence, Sr., for 10 years, and invested, the profits to be paid to Charles Loftus Sherlock, or such sum as may be reasonable for his support and maintenance. At the expiration of 10 years he shall be paid the principal, etc., if in the judgment of Mr. Lawrence he is worthy to receive the same.

The rest and residue of the estate is bequeathed to the children heretofore mentioned, in equal parts. It is provided that Mr. Lawrence shall receive $1000 for his services as executor. The will is dated February 6, 1894, and was witnessed by W. W. Thayer and E. B. Williams.

CO-FOUNDER OF THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY



COLONEL HENRY SCOTT OLCOTT.

Colonel Henry Scott Olcott, co-founder with Madame Blavatsky, of the Theosophical Society, is expected to arrive in Portland tonight, and a strong effort will be made by local devotees of Theosophy to induce him to deliver an address here. He has been at Honolulu recently, and came near taking passage for the United States on the ill-fated Rio Janeiro, which sunk off the Golden Gate. An accident detained him, however, and he did not come until the next steamer.

Colonel Olcott is an American by birth, and about 70 years of age. A lawyer in early manhood, he abandoned his profession to serve his country in the Civil War. At the close of the struggle he retired from public service with honors, and returned to the practice of the law. About this time he met Madame Blavatsky, while investigating spiritualistic phenomena at the Eddy farm, in Vermont. Together they founded the Theosophical Society, November 17, 1875, at New York City, drawing about them a number who were interested along occult and metaphysical lines of thought. In December, 1878, they left New York for India, since which time the Colonel has devoted himself entirely to Theosophy. His home is in India, where the headquarters of the International Society are, but he has made frequent visits to Europe and a few to America. He is a man of striking presence, and is credited with performing some marvelous cures by laying on of hands. He is the editor of the Theosophist, in which are being published "Old Diary Leaves," containing much interesting information regarding the early history of the Theosophical Society.

The
Ryl of the Lilies
BY L. FRANK BAUM,
Author of "Father Goose: His Book," "A New Wonderland," "The Wonderful Wizard of Oz," etc.
Story in
THE SUNDAY OREGONIAN
(Tomorrow).

MATINEES TODAY.

"The Highwayman" at the Marquam —"Nell Gwynn" at Cordray's.

At the Marquam today the matinee attraction will be De Koven & Smith's bright opera, "The Highwayman," sung by a good company which has crowded two houses. The music is bright and catchy, the comedy lively, and the afternoon's entertainment will be sure to prove pleasing. The curtain rises at 2:15.

The well-known play, "Nell Gwynn," will be presented by the excellent Cummings Company at Cordray's, with Miss Laura Nelson Hall in the name part. This is the first time Portland has had an opportunity to see this much-talked-of play, and as there has been a big advance sale, a crowded house is assured.

Avoid harsh purgative pills. They make you sick and then leave you constipated. Carter's Little Liver Pills regulate the bowels and cure you.

Greve's Ointment, for all skin troubles, is the need of every home. It recommends itself.

Parker's Hair Balsam is life to the hair.

CARES FOR LITTLE ONES

TEN YEARS' WORK OF THE PORTLAND BABY HOME.

Larger Fund Required to Carry on the Work to the Best Advantage.

An adjourned meeting of the stockholders of the Baby Home was held in the Dekum building yesterday afternoon. Fifty-nine shares of stock were represented. After reports of the retiring officers had been read, the following directors were elected for the ensuing year:

Mrs. Norris R. Cox, Mrs. Ellis G. Hughes, Mrs. J. C. Olds, Mrs. E. F. Riley, Mrs. David Robertson, Mrs. O. M. Scott, Mrs. L. W. Sitton, F. S. Akin, A. L. Keenan and H. H. Northup.

The directors elected the following officers:

President, Mrs. L. W. Sitton; vice-president, Mrs. E. F. Riley; secretary, F. S. Akin; corresponding-secretary, Mrs. David Robertson; treasurer, A. L. Keenan; physician, Dr. James F. Bell; assistant physician, Dr. George B. Story.

The following committees were appointed:

House and grounds—Mr. Akin and Mr. Keenan.

Admitting and discharging—Mrs. Sitton, Mrs. Riley and Mrs. Cox.

Purchasing—Mrs. Olds, Mr. Keenan.

It was decided to hold the annual May tea on May Day, and arrangements were placed in the hands of the women of the board.

Following is the report of the President, Mrs. Sitton:

President's Report.

Ten years ago we dedicated the Home we now occupy—a home of our own. We look back over these years with gratification and, we believe, pardonable pride, knowing that the necessity of the Home has been proven and that it is established as one of the permanent institutions of our city. During these 10 years we have had the valuable assistance of some whose names are no longer on our list of members, but whose sympathy and influence are ever present, and whose withdrawal from actual work is a serious loss to us. At present our board, while composed of good workers, has not the full complement of members, and we desire to add to our number loyal friends of the Home, who are willing to give freely of their time and energy to the betterment of our conditions.

During the decade we have cared for 350 different children, who were brought to us from various surroundings of poverty, distress and suffering, both physical and moral. Some have been with us temporarily, to tide over some pecuniary distress; others have been sheltered to give the mothers (working women) an opportunity for self-support. Still more have been placed with us for adoption, and nearly all such have been given into homes, after most careful and thorough investigation of the surroundings and influences to which they would be subjected. In this branch of our work we have been conscientious in the extreme. After watching over the children as closely as possible in the new homes, we feel assured that in most cases we could not have placed them better if we would. We realize the responsibility that rests upon us in the selection of homes and parents for these little ones deprived of or abandoned by those who, by nature, should furnish affection and protection to them. We do not favor wholesale charity, or what goes by that name, that relieves parents of their natural responsibilities. Where it is possible they are required to assist, but it is often best to withdraw a child from tainting and unwholesome influences and place it where the misfortune of birth may be overcome, so far as possible, by moral training and helpful association. The good of the child is and must be our first consideration.

We have passed through several years of discouragement, but the one just ended has caused us to become more hopeful, as friends have appeared in response to our appeal of a year ago. We have been enabled to accomplish some of the things long hoped for; notably the building of a barn, which has seemed a necessity for several years, but for which we have hitherto lacked funds. Now we have one, not large or imposing, but sufficient for all our needs in that direction.

At the present time the treasury is very low, and many more improvements are needed; but we have faith to believe all necessities will be met. During the year we have received $500 from the estate of Henry L. Hoyt, and $1400 from that of Margaret Lindsey, which is most gratifying to report at this time. These two sums, in addition to a small bequest previously received from the Shepard estate of Clackamas County, are the beginning of a fund to which we hope to be able to add, trusting that other friends will, in their generosity, remember the needs of the Home. The above-named donors will ever be held in grateful remembrance by the management of the Home.

On Decoration Day, 1900, we were the recipients of a genuine benefit, which resulted in a substantial sum being given us by the local freight and terminal company employes. July last a game of baseball between the traveling passenger agents of the different railroads and the commercial travelers was given, ostensibly for the benefit of the Home, but in truth, we are forced to believe, for the managers of the affair. After several reminders to the management of the tournament that we had heard nothing of results, a letter, written to your president, about January 1, stated that about $70 was made for the Home, and a settlement of the affair would be made at once, but it is evidently coming by slow freight in the hands of a well-known traveling passenger agent connected with a prominent road.

To our subscribers, those who have been on our list from the beginning of our history, we extend thanks for their ever-abiding interest and substantial help. To the newer ones we are grateful for their assistance in our time of need, and we hope, in our management we merit and may have a continuance of the same. To the City & Suburban Company we are indebted for many kindnesses.

We have need of renewed effort on the part of all the board in the raising of funds. Let us, each and all, feel that individual responsibility is necessary to carry on the work. It is believed that each one is interested, or he or she would not be one of our number, but there is work for all, and I earnestly urge each member to begin the new year with an unfaltering determination to do better and more earnest work and to share as equally as possible the responsibility that falls upon us. We must secure a large subscription list, with which to furnish the Home with all that is needed to make it comfortable, and in a far greater degree efficient. No great results can be accomplished without hard work accompanied by a deep and never-ending interest in the cause and energetic efforts to make that cause a success.

Comparatively speaking, the Home has had little sickness during the year. Our matron is an excellent nurse, and has looked after the health of the children most faithfully, and been a good mother to them at all times. She deserves praise for her faithful attention to duty. Her position is one of many and peculiar trials.

Our retiring secretary and treasurer have been faithful to duty and always ready to respond to the numerous demands upon time and energy. The physician in charge is deserving of our gratitude for his valuable suggestions, as well as his professional services. I think we should have an assistant to relieve him in making part of the visits to the Home. Being far from the business center, much time is required in the going and coming, which means much to one with a large private practice.

To my associates and assistant officer I extend thanks for the co-operation and sympathy shown me in the discharge of my duties during the past year, and I most earnestly hope we will as a board become a unit in our work, with loyalty to one another and to the cause which is of such great interest to each and all.

Annual Meeting.

At the congregational meeting Thursday night at the Forbes Presbyterian Church, Albina, the reports from the different branches of work were very satisfactory. The fiscal year closed with current expenses all provided for with a little balance on hand, besides applying $68 for benevolent purposes, $20 for assembly tax, and nearly $150 raised to apply on the church indebtedness. Messrs. A. F. Nichols, H. A. Pittenger, C. H. Bresler, George E. McRae and T. W. Vreeland were elected trustees, and G. W. Swank, George W. Cheadle, M. B. Godfrey, George E. McRae and Isaiah Darr were elected ruling elders. If these elders-elect accept, they will be installed Eastern morning. Mrs. Joseph Ellis was elected financial secretary; T. W. Vreeland congregational secretary, and M. B. Godfrey church treasurer. The board of session was increased from six to nine in numbers and a plan for extending the work of the church adopted. One of the features of the progress being made is the Mission Sunday School, in connection with which a boys' brigade has been organized, and a sewing class for girls is to begin soon. The best of feeling prevailed in the meeting, and hopes are entertained of soon clearing off all the church indebtedness through the Twentieth Century movement.

STREET MAY BE SAVED.

Wanted: Some One to Start Movement for East Washington.

If some one will take the matter up there are good prospects that East Washington street elevated roadway between Union avenue and East Water street may be either repaired or rebuilt. Heretofore the Logus property, on the corner of Union avenue and East Washington street, has stood in the way of any kind of improvement, but this property has passed into other hands and it is said that the new owners may not oppose improvement. Probably a considerable portion of the substructure would have to be renewed, but how much can only be known by an investigation by a bridge man. Most of the piles have stood a long time, 20 years or more, and would have to be replaced. It is thought that it would now pay the property-owners to go to the expense of improvement. The remaining buildings on the street could be used for some time. Besides work has already started on the warehouse of Page & Son, on East Second and East Washington streets. A man interested said yesterday that he felt confident that if some one will take the lead something can be done with this dilapidated roadway, and that it would be the making of East Washington street. Of course the property-owners have suffered loss, but to some extent on account of the condition of the street.

Will Raise a Building Fund.

At a congregational meeting of the members of the Mizpah Presbyterian Church, East Thirteenth and Powell streets, Thursday evening, it was decided to raise $5000 for the erection of a new church edifice. Penumbra Kelly presided, and a full discussion of the subject was permitted. Some repairs will have to be made to the present structure so it can be occupied for about a year, when it is hoped the building fund will be made up. It was felt that a good building should be built to take the place of the present one, but that the money should first be raised. The Mizpah Church is the pioneer of that district, and the members have concluded they must keep up with the progress of the times.

East Side Notes.

Isaac A. Yager, of Ivanhoe, an old resident, was buried at Multnomah cemetery. Mr. Yager had been a resident of the state for a number of years, coming here from Kansas. He was 77 years old and had been in failing health for about a year.

T. R. Spencer, a young man who enlisted with the Second Oregon from Albina and went to Manila, has re-enlisted. It will be remembered he had a hard time to get accepted by the Second Oregon on account of his size, but he was finally taken.

David Lang will commence the publication of a weekly newspaper at Montavilla today. Mr. Lang is a young man who lived in the neighborhood for the past 14 years, and thinks he sees an opening for a local paper devoted to that neighborhood.

Dr. Wise, room 614, The Dekum.

COMING ATTRACTIONS.

"The Telephone Girl" at Cordray's.

"The Telephone Girl," the latest and brightest of the Casino successes, will open a week's engagement at Cordray's Theater Sunday night. The company has been carefully selected, and the chorus, which consists wholly of female voices, is said to contain more pretty girls than have been sent out on the road in one organization this year. The comedy is lively throughout, and many of the musical numbers are especially catchy. Miss Mabel Hite, the soubrette, is a dainty comedienne, and is possessed of a wonderfully sweet voice. The scenery is all carried by the company, and is said to be unusually handsome.

"The County Fair."

Neil Burgess, who will be seen in this city in connection with the big revival of "The County Fair" at the Marquam Grand Monday and Tuesday nights, April 8-9, makes the interesting statement that Cold Molasses, the star horse of the three horses which appear in the racing scene of "The County Fair," actually travels three-quarters of a mile during the race scene of the last act. The traveling is done on a treadmill placed in a horizontal position, and the illusion of the horses galloping along at a breakneck pace is absolutely complete. It is heightened, of course, by having the scenery at the back made in panorama form, moving rapidly in the opposite direction from that in which the horses are moving. The horse which wins is made to do so by having the treadmill which it operates drawn ahead of the other two treadmills. It is said that Cold Molasses has come to know the whole proceedings so thoroughly that when the picture of the judges' stand appears approaching on the panorama the horse wants to stop, and is only kept in motion by the jockey pricking him with his spurs at this interesting crisis.

FOR THE GRIP.

You Have Heard of Many Remedies—Did You Ever Try This One?

Everybody you meet on the streets nowadays either has just had the grip, is coming down with it, or has a sure cure for it.

The disease has been a puzzle to physicians ever since its appearance several years ago and it is as much of a puzzle today as it was then. It exhibits such a variety of symptoms in different individuals and leaves such disastrous results after apparent recovery, that as yet its prevention and cure has baffled medical science.

However, there is no doubt but that the grip is catarrhal in character and the leading symptom in nearly every case is increased secretion in the head and throat, in fact the first indications of la grippe are those of a cold in the head which extends to the throat and lungs.

Dr. Johnson Ames advises as the safest course to pursue on the first appearance of grip symptoms to keep to the house for a day or two and take Stuart's Catarrh Tablets every hour the first day and every two hours the following day, and states that this will break up the trouble before it becomes deep seated.

These catarrh tablets are antiseptic and harmless and prevent fever and the further development of grip germs, and ward off the ever present danger of pneumonia.

Dr. Gerald Simpson says:

"I have found Stuart's Catarrh Tablets a pleasant and thoroughly reliable remedy for the grip, especially with elderly people, with whom this prevailing disease is always dangerous; the tablets can be found at any drug store and if used freely during the first few days of the attack will break it up."

La grippe is a catarrhal affection, the germs are in the air and no one is proof against it, but the timely use of Stuart's Catarrh Tablets will prevent any serious results.

500,000 WOMEN

Have been restored to health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Their letters are on file and prove this statement to be a fact, not a mere boast. When a medicine has been successful in curing so many women, you cannot well say without trying it—"I do not believe it will help me."

PINKHAM'S
Vegetable Compound

Is a positive cure for all those painful

Ailments of Women.

It will entirely cure the worst forms of Female Complaints, all Ovarian troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Falling and Displacements of the Womb, and consequent Spinal Weakness, and is peculiarly adapted to the *Change of Life*.

Your medicine cured me of terrible female illness. MRS. M. E. MULLER, 14 Concord Sq., Boston, Mass.

Backache.

It has cured more cases of Backache and Leucorrhœa than any other remedy the world has ever known. It is almost infallible in such cases. It dissolves and expels Tumors from the Uterus in an early stage of development, and checks any tendency to cancerous humors.

Your Vegetable Compound removed a Fibroid Tumor from my womb after doctors failed to give relief. MRS. B. A. LOMBARD, Westdale, Mass.

Bearing-down Feeling

Womb troubles, causing pain, weight, and backache, instantly relieved and permanently cured by its use. Under all circumstances it acts in harmony with the laws that govern the female system, and is as harmless as water.

Backache left me after taking the second bottle. Your medicine cured me when doctors failed. MRS. SARAH HOLSTEIN, 3 Davis Block, Gorham St., Lowell, Mass.

Irregularity,

Suppressed or Painful Menstruations, Weakness of the Stomach, Indigestion, Bloating, Flooding, Nervous Prostration, Headache, General Debility.

It is a grand medicine. I am thankful for the good it has done me. MRS. J. W. J., 78 Cecelia Ave., Jamaica Plain (Boston), Mass.

Dizziness, Faintness,

Extreme Lassitude, "don't care" and "want to be left alone" feeling, excitability, irritability, nervousness, sleeplessness, flatulency, melancholy, or the "blues," and backache. These are sure indications of Female Weakness, some derangement of the Uterus.

I was troubled with Dizziness, Headaches, Faintness, Swelling, Limbs. Your medicine cured me. MRS. SARAH E. BAKER, Bucksport, Me.

The whole story, however, is told in an illustrated book which goes with each bottle, the most complete treatise on female complaints ever published.

For eight years I suffered with womb trouble, and was entirely cured by Mrs. Pinkham's medicine. MRS. L. L. TOWNE, Littleton, N. H.

Kidney Complaints

and Backache of *either* sex the Vegetable Compound always cures.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Liver Pills cure Constipation, Sick Headache, 25c.

The Vegetable Compound is sold by all druggists or sent by mail, in form of Pills or Lozenges, on receipt of $1.00. *Correspondence freely answered.*

You can address in strictest confidence, LYDIA E. PINKHAM MED. CO., Lynn, Mass.

Russell Harrison Satisfied.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., April 5.—It was reported from New York today that Russell B. Harrison intended to contest the will of his father with a view of obtaining his portion of the estate. Howard Cale, who is Mr. Harrison's attorney, said this afternoon that the report was unfounded. Mr. Harrison, he said, is entirely satisfied.

TRY GRAIN-O! TRY GRAIN-O!

Ask your Grocer today to show you a package of GRAIN-O, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee. The children may drink it without injury as well as the adults. All who try it like it. GRAIN-O has that rich seal brown of Mocha or Java, but it is made from pure grains, and the most delicate stomach receives it without distress. ¼ the price of coffee. 15c and 25c per package. Sold by all grocers.

DAILY METEOROLOGICAL REPORT.

PORTLAND, April 5.—8 P. M.—Maximum temperature, 48; minimum temperature, 37; river reading at 11 A. M., 7.8 feet; change in the past 24 hours, 0.4 foot; total precipitation, 5 P. M. to 5 P. M., 0.62 inch; total precipitation since Sept. 1, 1900, 37.05 inches; normal precipitation since Sept. 1, 1900, 38.82 inches; deficiency, 1.77 inches; total sunshine April 4, 0:00; possible sunshine April 4, 13:00.

WEATHER CONDITIONS.

The disturbance yesterday near Vancouver Island has moved slowly eastward, and is this evening central over the British possessions north of Washington. It has caused general rains in the North Pacific States and Northern California. The following maximum wind velocities were reported during the last 24 hours: Portland, 44 miles, south; Astoria, 28 miles, south; Neah Bay, 26 miles, west, 26 miles, southeast; Pocatello, 36 miles, south, and Winnemucca, 44 miles, southwest. The indications are for continued unsettled weather and showers in this district Saturday.

WEATHER FORECASTS.

Forecasts made at Portland for the 28 hours ending at midnight Saturday, April 6:

Portland and vicinity—Showers during the forenoon, probably clearing during the afternoon; fresh to brisk squally southerly winds.

Oregon, Washington and Idaho—Showers; fresh to brisk southerly winds.

A. B. WOLLABER,
Acting Forecast Official.

NEW TODAY.

--WEBFOOT--
HAR