### MANY ARE PRESENT

Woolgrowers at Pendleton Held Three Sessions.

THE DISCUSSION WAS VARIED

Present Inspection Laws Considered Inadequate-Extreme Care in Dipping Urged-Lecture on Methods of Feeding.

PENDLETON, Or., March 6,-The woolgrowers' convention warmed up to bus ess on the second day of the meeting sions drifted away from the cut-and dried discourses of the programme and personal experiences of growers in hand-ling the industry were interspersed in such a manner as to add interest and alue to the work of the session.
All of the members who were pres

on the first day are still here, and a number of belated arrivals came in last night and this morning, making a fuller attendance at both sessions today. Pen-dictonians showed their visitors that something besides wool and wheat can be produced in this county by giving an impromptu horse parade this morning. They exhibited over 50 fine horses, all of them of very high class and breeding. The exhibition was a revelation to some of the woolgrowers and it is doubtful if there is another city in the state that could make such a showing of fast trot-ters, pacers and draft horses;

made an interesting talk on diseases of sheep, at the conclusion of which a gen-eral discussion followed. The general opinion developed that the present animal inspection law is a farce and falls utterly to afford any protection against contagion or to provide for the eradication of mange, scab, and similar diseases Dr. McLean said that the mange could be mostly eliminated from the country if worthless range horses on reservation land could be destroyed. Mr. Hind, a prominent woolgrower of Heppner, recited the experience of growers in his sec-tion and stated that scabby sheep are driven wherever their owners choose thus spreading the disease among healthy bands. Mr. Young, of Shanko, said the fault is due to underpaid inspectors. Dis-cussion on this matter ran into the noon hour and was taken up again at the

The convention was addressed by Dr. George Hickok, Government agent in charge of inter-state shipment of sheep. He stated that nine federal inspectors are engaged in the West, and that where possible they work in harmony with state inspectors. He went into details regarding sheep diseases and urged extreme care in dipping, asserting that scab could be eradicated if proper precautions were taken. The discussion that followed brought to light the fact that the presence of scab in this state has caused a quar-antine of 50 days against Oregon sheep which are driven to Wyoming. This

Hickock's figures showed that in the six months ending in December, Or-egon was the greatest sheep state in the Union, and had but 27.2% head of sheep

Evening Session.

of the evening was an address by Hon. C. L. Smith, of Minnesota, on "Our

The speaker urged upon the people the necessity of living on the farm and hav-ing personal supervision of it. He at-tacked the present "ranch system," and said that four farmers living on and till-ing a section of land were of vastly more benefit to the country than one farmer who owns a section and lives in town. He asserted that the character and well-bing of the country had its greatest assurance from its farm homes, and that it was the duty of the farmers to beautify fruit, etc., and make them more attractive and comfortable. "The present system of ranch farming," he asserted, "must in a few years at the furthest give way to a system of smaller farms tilled by the owners, and everyone will be a gainer

dress a general discussion in miscellan-eous topics was held. The convention will adjourn comorrow evening. The election of officers, selection of pince of next meeting and other routine business is the programme in addition to discussions and addresses on three or four im-

New Superintendent.

PENDLETON, Or., March 6.—Colonel R. C. Judson, industrial agent of the O. R. & N., announced today that he had secured the services of a man to take charge of the experimental farm operated by him near Walla Walla, in connection with his department. He is Professor Rommell, assistant to Professor John A. Craig, of the department of animal industry at the Iowa State Agricultural Coldustry at the lows state Agricultural Col-lege. Colonel Judson regards Professor Rommell as one of the best men he could have found in the United States. During the coming season experiments will be made in sheep feeding, and several varieties of grass have been sown for that purpose. The new superintendent will take charge of the farm at the close of the wool convention here.

Cattle Market Affected.

PENDLETON, Or., March 6.-8, B. Calderhead, general freight and passenger agent of the Washington & Columbia River Railroad, is authority for the assertion that the newly established cattle raising industry of Southern Alaska will materially affect the market of the coast which has been supplying beef and mut-ton to Alaska and the British Northwest Territory. According to Mr. Calderhead, cattlemen have gone to Southern Alaska and taken advantage of the plentiful and nutritious grasses found there. They have been successful, and will be in the marke this year with no inconsiderable supply.

ALLOTMENT OF BANGES.

Will Be Made Among Sheepmen at

The Dalles Next Week. SALEM, Or., March 6 .- Captain S. B. Ormsby, superintendent of the Cascade forest reserve, will go to The Dalles Monday to allot the ranges on the reserve among the sheepmen who desire to graze their sheep within the reserve this Summer. The Oregon woolgrowers' conven-tion will be in session at The Dalles at that time, and it will be a convenience to all concerned to have the allotment

made during the convention. The sheepmen always have more or less trouble in making out their applications

tory to the land department, and thu there have been many delays in the issu-ance of permits. In order to avoid this, Superintendent Ormsby has decided to call the sheepmen together each year, so that he can aid them in making out applications, allot the ranges at the same time, and then send the applications to the Land Department at Washington for approval. This prevents any trouble in securing the necessary permits.

LARGE CATTLE THEFTS. Men on Trial at Lewiston for Com-

plicity in Depredations.

COL MALONE,

THE RESPONSE

BEHALF

-RICHARD

SCOTT

REHEARSING HIS ADDRESS.

VISITING

### ADAPTED

BOTH EASTERN AND WESTERN SECTIONS OF OREGON.

Professor Kent Sets Forth Possibilities and Present Proportions of the Industry.

LEWISTON, Idaho, March 6.—The arraignment and trial of a number of suspected horse thieves at the present term of the District Court in this county has developed a remarkable case. Wealthy Nez Perces Indians complain of serious losses of horses and cattle, extending over a period of two years. Not less than 200 interest are taken:

-- COL. YOUNG

SHANIKO.

### reports for each factory do not appear in this publication. The totals for the entire 54, however, are as follows: .\$ 61,33

per month
Average wages paid skim station
operators per month
Average price paid for butter fat... From the above figures, and from other information, the writer is of the opinion

ON A FARM SIXTEEN MILES EAST OF EUGENE.

Evidences Have Been Noticed Some Time-The Substance Is Combustible.

EUGENE, Or., March 6.-Oil has been discovered on the farm of Edward Dur-yee, in Camp Creek Valley, 16 miles east that the total output of creamery butter for the whole state, even including that made on farms from separator cream, was not far from 2,50,000 pounds for the year 1898. In California and some other states

FR GOODING,

PRESIDENT

SIGNS OF NATURAL OIL by the boats Lewiston and Spokane, from Lewiston to Wild Goose Rapids, 35 miles above here on Snake River. Next Saturday the steamboat Lewiston will leave for Wild Goose Rapids, immediately after its arrival from Riparia; returning Sunday afternoon. It will take up a cargo of mining machinery and supplies for the mining companies operating on Salmon River and in adjacent districts. There are over two carloads of such freight now awaiting shipment. Boats are making trips to Asotin about four times a week. Snake River is in its most satisfactory stage of

> E. H. Libby, of the Vineland Company. E. H. Libby, of the Vineland Company, states that the Grand Ronde Fower Company, a branch of the Vineland corporation, which has filed a water right on the flow of the Grand Ronde River, will this Spring make a survey, and expects at once to begin development of the power. The cover-house will be located 25 miles above power-house will be located 25 miles above Lewiston, three miles from the mouth of the Grand Ronde River.

> > Verdict of Snielde.

OREGON CITY, Or., March 6.-Coroner Strickland returned from Eagle Creek Strickiana returned from Eagle Creationization where he held an inquest over the body of the wife of W. R. Baker. She took carbolic acid in a fit of despondency yesterday. The jury returned a verdict of suicide. Deceased was 49 years old. The Bakers are old residents of that section.

Commencement Exercises. CORVALLIS, Or., March 6.-Commence ment exercises at the Oregon Agricultural Henry Foster is at Na College will begin Sunday, June 9, and vestigating the matter.

artificial matter.

Is entirely free from any

Made wholly from care-

close the following Wednesday. baccalaureate sermon will be delivered by Rev. Herbert S. Johnson, paster of the Warren-Avenue Baptist Church, Boston. The speaker is a native Oregonian, the son of the late President Johnson, of the University of Oregon. He is a Har-vard man, who has traveled abroad extensively, and now holds one of the leading Baptist pulpits in America.

Silver Republicans Defunct.

BOISE, Idaho, March 6 .- The Silver Republican party of Idaho was today formilly disbanded. Several members of the state committee were present and the meeting was attended by members of the Legislature and by some others. An address was issued in which the members of the party are advised to affiliate with the Democracy.

Miner Killed.

TACOMA, Wash., March 6,-A miner named Joseph Walker met with a fatal accident near Carbonado Monday. He was standing on a mass of loose coal in one of the chutes when the chute was opened from below and the unfortunate man pre-cipitated the full length of the passage. He died almost immediately.

Diphtheria at Napavine.

CHEHALIS, Wash. March 6.—There is some excitement about the prevalence of diphtheria at Napavine, seven miles below Chehalis. One young woman died of the disease and the public school has been closed. County Commissioner Henry Foster is at Napavine today in-

BEST

CEREAL

Morning Session. At the morning session Dr. McLean

Afternoon Session.

means a loss of 10 cents per head to the grower, and stricter enforcement of the head have been stolen from the reserva-tion. In addition a number of white men aspection law was urged by a number complain of losses, especially from the Salmon River ranges, a sparsely settled district on the south border of this county.

inspected by federal inspectors, while nearly 600,000 were inspected in Idaho. "Feeding Sheep for Market" was a

topic ably handled by Professor French, of the agricultural department of the Idaho University. Like the other matters before the convention today, it was dis-cussed at length. H. B. Carroll, a Min-We Feed Sheep in th St. Paul Stock-

The crowd in attendance at the evening session of the convention was the largest that has yet assembled. The main event

receive their reward when the stock was sold. On two occasions the cowboys were deserted by Chitwood as soon as he received the money for the stock. The un fortunates were left penniless, but each from which the stock was shipped. Chitwood in every instance afforded to his associates, after he was out of reach of the law, information that the stock was stolen by him and the only way for his helpers to escape a charge of complicity eir homes, suround them with flowers in the crime was to maintain stlence. He then appropriated all the proceeds of the sales and dropped out of sight. He re-peated the operation even in the same community, always with new helpers. The men on trial here were members of two different crews, if their stories are true. and they are all known to have returned to their homes in distressed circumstances after their Eastern experiences.

FIGHT OF TWO CITIES. Seattle and Tacoma Determined to

knowledge at the time that the transac-

tions were criminal.

Get the Same Contracts. TACOMA, March 6.-It begins to look as if there is going to be trouble for the Quartermasters' Department on the Sound. Some time ago the Quartermaster called for bids for warehouse and stor-age room, and the bid Tacoma put in was so much lower than any of the hids from Seattle that the Quartermaster recom-mended that it be accepted.

If Tacoma should get the contract, it would mean that all of the Government supplies, both for the islands and Alaska, would be billed to Tacoma, and that with the depot for the supplies at Tacoma it would only be a matter of time when the headquarters of the department would move. This awakened the citizens of Se-attie, and, at a meeting the other day, they said if it cost any money, and even if they had to give the Government a dock free of cost, the business must not be allowed to go to Tacoma, and it is said they piedged money enough to bring the bid of their dock within the price asked in Tacoma. When the business men of Tacoma heard this they called a meeting of the Chamber of Commerce, at which assurances were given that if Scattle did this the Government could have what it wanted at Tacoma free of cost. Just what the outcome of the fight will be cannot be foretold, as both cities are in sarnest.

SUIT OVER LABOR CLAIMS. Against Contractor of Silvia de

ASTORIA, March 6.—A suit was filed today for \$170 by H. Whitcomb against E. T. Johnson, who contracted to remove the Silvia de Grasse reef. The sult is over labor claims which have been assigned to the plaintiff, as follows: E. D. Brock, \$72; H. Whitcomb. \$72; Matt Fredenburg, \$56. An attachment was placed on the property of the defendant, which is also covered by attachments of several other

suffocated in a well at Fort Stevens yes-terday, is resting easily today. He had no bones broken nor internal injuries, and the physician in attendance believes that his injuries consist of only a few bruises The March term of the County Court convened this afternoon. The bonds of reporting amount of business for 1899 Sheriff Linville as tax collector in the preferred that the figures be not given

Some of the Delegates to the Woolgrowers' Convention. "While the creameries and cheese fac-Sol Caldwell, the son of a wealthy pio-neer stockman of this city, was placed on trial last week for complicity in these wholesale depredations. The jury after deliberations extending over four days, was discharged without having reached a the quantity and quality of its dairy products. In the Fall of 1900 the most up-toverdict. In the course of this trial it was developed that this stock was shipped to Eastern markets by a man by the name of Chitwood. The defendants admit a dedate creamery in the state was established at the town of Milton. At least, such is the opinion of a recognized auhority, who, after a careful inspection of the stock, as alleged, but they deny any this creamery, pronounced it the best equipped creamery be had ever seem, This establishment is conducted on the co-Chitwood made repeated shipments of horses and cattle from Elgin, Or., and perative plan, this method of operation eling decided upon after a careful invesperhaps other points. Those who helped to gather and drive and ship the stock tigation of creamery methods in the State of Minnesota by a committee of citizens of Milton and vicinity. This creamery were promised liberal pay in the event of a profitable enterprise. Those who as-sisted in the work were furnished trans-portation to the East, where they were to is said to be equipped with the latest and best appliances known to the creamery supply trade, and as it is conveniently located on the line of the O. R. & N., it should prove a valuable object leason to future creamery building in the northern portion of Eastern Oregon."

SECRETAR

J.W. BAILE'

Western Oregon. "The western portion of the state is factories operated on a co-operative basis commonly spoken of as the 'Willamette is shown by the following table:

careful estimates show that about onetories in Eastern Oregon are as yet very few in number, this section of the state is believed to have great possibilities as this basis of computation, the entire buta dairy region, especially in the northern portion. Indeed, parties familiar with dairying in Southern Minnesota are of the opinion that this section of Oregon will eventually rival equal portions of Southern Minnesota and Northern Iewa in the quantity and quality of its dairy products. In the Fall of 1960 the most up-10production outside of creameries, the writer feels that this estimate is the best that can be made. foregoing table show a production of 1,115,-016 pounds of cheese. The product of the few factories not listed and of individual makers would doubtless bring the cheese product of 1809 up to about 1,500,000 pounds The largest amount of butter produced by any one factory in the state was 262,587 pounds, by the Barnes Market Company, of Portland. The largest amount of cheese was approximately 275,000 pounds,

made by P. McIntosh, in his factories in Tillamook County. Four Largest Factories. The business cone by the four largest

0 1 1 1 > 1 4

\*At the Albany creamery the buttermak

er also acts as secretary and manager. The 210,085 pounds of cream received at

the Coos Bay creamery contained 50,544 pounds of butter fat. The average prices paid per pound for butter fat at the facto-

ries of the Tillamook Dairy Association and the Tillamook Creamery Association

are a fair indication of the returns that may be expected from milk delivered at

a creamery and at a cheese factory. The

former factory made butter only, while the product of the latter was practically

all cheese, the 333 pounds of butter being made in Winter when the milk supply was very light. The table shows that

the cheese factory was able to pay nearly

6¼ cents more per pound for butter fat than the butter factory. The cheese fac-tory is perhaps at a little advantage, as it-

handled only one-half as much milk as the butter factory. In this connection it should be remembered that the whey

from a cheese factory has only about one-half the feeding value that the skim milk

Coos County leads in the production of

butter, while Tiliamook leads in the pro-duction of cheese. A summary of the

factories' business in these two counties

4.52 91,368 62,80 21.3c

for 1899 is shown in the following:

Average wages makers. 82.00 Average price butter fat 23.4c

from the creamery has.

Average per cent fat in

389s.	oos Bay	llamook	bany Cream.	Illamook Cream
	Creamery	Dairy Asen	ery Company	eryn Assn
Counds of milk received Counds of cream received Counds of butter fat received Counds of butter made. Counds of cheese made Vernage per cent fat in milk Capital invested in plant Capital invested in p	210,035 154,886 158,690 31,084 4,53 \$ 9,000 33,518		68,540 78,821 4.10 \$ 3,400 14,452	53,352 3,183 135,168 3,90 3,300 13,252 25,10 cts

Vailey,' 'Southern Oregon' and the 'Coast Regions,' the latter being very important in the consideration of the dairy industry. While the whole of Western Oregon has a greater rainfall and a milder climate than the eastern portion of the state, the to-pography of the western portion warrants the division just mentioned. The Coast Range, running practically parallel to the Pacific Ocean and the Cascade Mountains, makes a rather formidable barrier between the Coast regions and the Will-amette Valley, which greatly interferes with transportation between these sections. A traverse range of low mountains known as the Calipoolas, makes a rather distinct d'vizion between the Willamette Valley and Southern Oregon, These two latter named regions, however, are con-nected by the Southern Pacific Railroad. "A person familiar with the topography of a mountainous region would scarcely realise the amount of territory covered by the foothills of a mountain chain like the Coast Range. It is safe to say that a strip of country averaging 30 miles in width and extending clear across the state from north to south is occupied by this range of mountains and its foothills. On the western side of the Coast Range these hills are usually covered either with a dense growth of timber, generally fir, or with a luxuriant growth of fern. And it is reported that where the fern has been killed and cul-tivated, grasses such as clovers intro-duced, they have made their way clear to the summit of these hills, and the prediction has been made that in the future this region may not be unlike picturesque and practical Switzerland from a dairy standpoint."

Professor Kent includes in the bulletin a list of the T butter and cheese fac-tories, of which 17 were established in 1900. He obtained from 54 of these fac-tories reports of the results of their operations. On this point he says:

Allen Still a Senator.

WASHINGTON, March 6.—Senator Al-len's name is still carried on the rolls as a Senator from Nebraska, and it is un-derstood it will be until the Nebraska Legislature elects or adjourns. There was Business in 1899. Some of the managers of the 54 factories some contention that his appointment would expire March 2, the close of the last Congress, but the authorities hold publicity, and for this reason individual

demonstrated that the oil which is found seeping through the earth is combusti-He will sink a well.

WHO MADE THE ADDRESS

WELCOME

BEHALF OF

Snake River Navigation LEWISTON, Idaho, March 8.—Local of-ficials of the O. R. & N. Co. have re-

## Sufferers from this horrible malady

early always inherit it - not necessarily from the parents, but may be from some remote ancestor, for Cancer often runs through several generations. This deadly poison may lay dormant in the blood for years, or until you reach middle life, then the first little sore or ulcer makes its ap-pearance—or a swollen gland in the breast, or some other part of the body,

gives the first warning.

To cure Cancer thoroughly and permanently all the poisonous virus must be eliminated from the blood—every vestage of it driven out. This S. S. S. does, and is the only medicine that can reach deep seated, obstinate blood troubles like this When all the poison has been forced out of the system the Cancer heals, and the disease never returns.

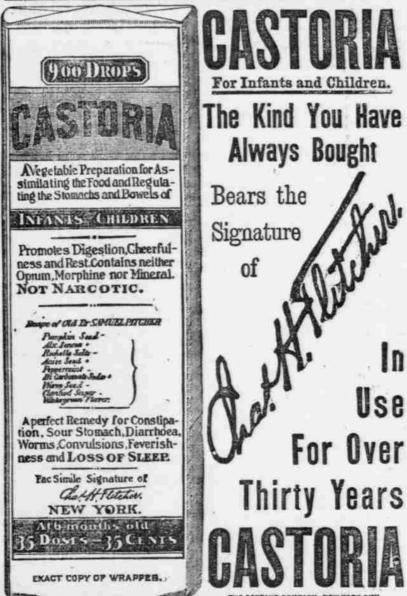
Cancer begins often in a small way, as the following letter from Mrs. Shirer shows:
A small pimple came on my law about an inch
below the ear on the left aide of my face. It gaw

A small pimple came on my law about an inch below the ear on the left side of my face. It gave me no pain or inconveneince, and I should have forgotten about it had it not begun to inflame and itch; it would bleed a little, then scab over, but would not heal. This continued for some time, when my law began to swell, becoming very painful. The Cameer began to eat and spread, until it was as large as a half dollar, when I heard of S. S. and determined to give it a fair trial, and it was temarkable what a wonderful effect it had from the very beginning; the sore began to heal and after taking a few bottles disappeared enturely. This was two years ago; there are stin ac signs of the Cancer, and my general health continues good.—Mas. R. Shiram, La Plata, Molion of the continues good.—Mas. R. Shiram, La Plata, Molion on the guaranteed purely vegetable. Send for our free book on Cancer, containing valuable and interesting information about this disease, and write our physicians about your case. We make no charge for medical advice.

write our physicians about your case. We make no charge for medical advice. THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

### COFFEE fully selected California fruits and grains. It makes a most palatable drink-a satisfying substitute for coffee and tea. Free samples at your grocers. Ask for one. Boil from 5 to 10 minutes only. ALL GROCERS SELL Figprune Cereal.

TIGPRUNE



# here's Health

Strong nerves. They are the fountain from which flows all the energy, all the strength and all the vital powers of the body. Strong nerves overcome the weaknesses and disorders of the system and give to the step a springiness, to the eye a brightness and to the mind a clearness that they can get from no other source. If you are tired and nervous, irritable, restless, run-down and sleepless, build up your worn-out nerves with

"My wife was down with nervous prostration and general debility for years, and nothing we could do for her seemed to do her any good. When we heard of Dr. Miles' Nervine we dropped all other treatment and began giving her that medicine, and the results were apparent from the start. She improved so rapidly that in a few months she had regained her old-time health and energy, and they returned to stay." C. W. OLMSTED, Kickapoo, Okla.

Nervine

It is a brain-food and nerve-restorer without an equal; and it nourishes, fortifies and refreshes both body and mind, as nothing else can. Now is the time to begin.

Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind. Sold by all druggists on a guarantee.

for grazing privileges in a form satisfac- sum of \$15,000 were approved.