The President of the Reichsrath has communicated to the House Emperor Francis Joseph's reply to the deputies'

expressions of loyalty, as follows:
"Even though, with the passions a

present prevailing, one may anticipate a

stormy moment which will tax to the utmost the patience of the President and vice-President of the House. I

hope, nevertheless, that the time for fruit-ful work is nearer than hitherto, and that

great value of a vigorous parliamentary life." the people will soon be convinced of the

Methuen Opposed by a Strong Force.

received the following from Lord Kitch-

marched here, having cleared the country through Wolmarestadt. At Haartbeeste

were turned out after severe fighting, in

which the Yoemanry, the Victorian bush

men and the Lancashires distinguished

Queen Victoria's Fortune.

the cash balance on her personal ac-

Boers Captured Foodstuffs.

JOHANNESBURG, Wednesday, Feb. 20

The Boers destroyed a culvert between

Natal Spruit and Klip River, on the rall-road, just south of here, at dawn today.

They cantured a trainload of foodstuffs,

iently carry, set fire to the rest of it and

No Duty on Farm Implements.

Pasha, has again tendered his resignation

THE DAY'S RACES.

Races at Tanforan.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 21 .- Results at

Five and a half furlongs, selling-Bogus

Bill won, Santa Lucia second, Sweet Will-iam third; time, 1:11%.

tus second, Mocorito third; time, 1:17%.

Winners at Onkland.

won, Pepper Sauce second, Maraschino third; time, 6:52%. Mile and 70 yards, selling-Uarda won,

Ostler Joe second, Homage third; time,

Feature of the Dog Show.

the competition for the general prizes of-fered by the Ladies' Kennel Association

of America and the Ladies' Kennel Asso-

dation of England. Out of five prizes

offered four were taken by Senn-Senn

belonging to Mrs. F. Senn, of New York

The most important of these and what

is regarded as the most important award

of the exhibition, is the Bally-Hoo Bey challenge cup, presented by W. C. Whit-

Tremble Outclassed Schook.

SEATTLE, Feb. 21 .- Emil Schock lay

round of what was to have been a 20-

round contest tonight. Tremble clearly outclassed his opponent,

Crosby Again First.

HOT SPRINGS, Ark. Feb. 21 .- At the

fourth day of the shooting tournament Crosby came out first again, with a

total of 161. Glibert, Fanning, Slab and

Kimball finished as named, in a special event of seven pairs, doubles.

Regent for Oregon.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.-The National

congress of the Daughters of the Ameri-

There was a heated debate

can Revolution set today for the election

as to how the election for the presidency-

present. The following state regents were announced: Montana, Mrs. D. J. Browne;

Oregon, Mrs. J. B. Montgomery; Utah, Mrs. C. A. Allen; Washington, Mrs. George W. Bacon; Wyoming, Mrs. Har-

The afternoon session was occupied in

be announced tomorrow. The nomina-

Proposed British Columbia Roads.

VICTORIA, B. C., Feb. 21.-Among .

measures foreshadowed in the speech

from the throne, which will be read at the opening of the House tomorrow, is un-

derstood to be one to grant aid to the

railway from the coast to the Kootenai, a railway through Northern British Co-

lumbia and to the Yukon, and a railway

to the north end of Vancouver Island

some changes will be made in mining

laws and inducements will be offered to

The Allegheny Bank Run

which began Tuesday afternoon, is prac-

opportunity to withdraw their money however, the bank will remain open to morrow (Washington's birthday.)

Kennedy Murder Trial.

NEW YORK, Feb. 21.-The case in the

teer who went to South Africa.

Sternberg, District of Columbia,

riet Richards.

ney for the best American-bred dog.

show today was the judging in

NEW YORK, Feb. 2L-The feature

Gibbons third; time, 1:12%.

Five and a half furlongs, selling-The

CONSTANTINOPLE, Feb. 21 .- The ar-

angement whereby farming inmplements nay be imported into Turkey free of duty

been renewed for another decade. Turkish minister at Madrid, Izzet

Porte, owing to the non-payment

and, after taking all they could

disappeared over the veldt,

of his salary.

1:32%

Doffson

count in Coutts' Bank.

themselves. Our casualties were officers and 13 men killed, and five

"Klerksdorp, Feb. 21 .- Methuen's force

HEAD-ON COLLISION

Train Wreck on the Pennsylvania Near Trenton.

AT LEAST TEN PERSONS KILLED

About Twenty-Five Were Injured-Some of the Victims Perished in the Burning of the Wreckage -Trainmen to Blame.

PRINCETON, N. J., Feb. 21 .- One of the worst collisions in the history of the Amboy division of the Pennsylvania Railroad occurred at about 5:30 o'clock this afternoon at Rusting's Siding, near Bor-dentown, and about eight miles south of Trenton. The "Nellie Bly" express from New York for Atlantic City coilided with passenger train No. 330, running from Camden to Trenton. The number of dead so far as known is 10, and the injured up-

special train which arrived at 9 o'clock from the scene of the wreck brought four dead bodies and 18 wounded. The wounded were distributed among the three Trenton hospitals. Other wounded engers were taken to Cooper hospital at Camden.

Among the killed was Walter Earl, en-

gineer of the express, and James Bir-mingham, baggage-master of the local train. Most of the killed were Italians. Frank Boland, a passenger on train No. 230, an employe of the Pennslyvania Raliroad Company, had both legs cut off. The doctors say he will die. Michael Mc-Graw, fireman on the "Neille Bly," was badly injured, but is expected to recover. Frank Thompson, engineer on No. 230, had a leg broken and is badly bruised. He is in a precarious condition. Edward Garwood, fireman on No. 330, was badly ruised by jumping, but will recover. Ed ward Sapp, conductor of No. 330, was also injured by being thrown forward on the floor of the rear car of his train. His wounds are not believed to be serious.

Most of the remaining dead and in-jured are Italians. The Italians were riding in the smoking car of the express train. They were being taken to Atlantic City to do construction work for the rall-

The two trains collided at full speed, and both engines were completely demoi-ished. The forward cars of each train, in both instances the combination baggage and smoker, were entirely demolished also and the wreckage took fire. The second car of the "Nellie Bly" turned over on its side and the passengers had to climb out through the windows. In this they were assisted by passengers from the cars that did not leave the track. The track at this point is so close to the Delaware & Raritan Canal that the pas-sengers in getting out of the overturned coaches got into the canal and many of the bodies of the dead and injured had to be taken from the water.

Thomas Lawrence, of Trenton, said he saw one man buried beneath the ruins and crying for assistance. He tried to pry him out, but found he could do nothing to help him. He believes the man perished in the flames. The scene of the wreck was far from outside assistance, and when the wrecking train arrived from Trenton it was after dark and the work of clearing up the debris and removing the bodies was necessarily slow.

The "Neille Bly" was running in three sections, and it was the third section with which No. 230 collided. The local train had taken the siding to permit the ex-press to pass, and it is believed that through some misunderstanding or mis-take the local came out on the main track after the second section had passed, mistaking it for the third section

Story Told by Passengers.

"Nelly Bly" express was made up of a day coach, containing, as far as out 24 Italians, who were en route to Atlantic City to do construction work; a baggage-car, day coach, combi-nation car and two more day coaches. The car with the Italians was directly behind the engine. The express had made frequent stops on the run down from New York, and was slowing up just north of Bordentown when the accident oc-curred. At this point there is a curve. The first thing the passengers knew wan a sudden joiting of the train, caused oably by the engineer putting on the brakes, and the next moment a terrible crash. Both engines were reduced to a confusion of broken and twisted iron. The car containing the Italians was crushed to splinters and all of its occu-pants were buried under the mass of wreckinge. The second car piled upon the first car, and the third car crashed into the mass and tumbled into the canal alongside the rallroad. The latter with passengers from New York, and all went down with the car. Every one, however, got out or was chapped free from this car, some of the passengers being quite severely injured. The remaining three cars did not turn

The wreckage took fire from the engines, and it is believed a number of Ital-ians who were not killed outright were burned to death. One of the first bodies taken out was that of the engineer in charge of the express. He was killed instantly, his head being cut off. Then the body of the baggagemaster of the local train was found. Willing hands went instantly to work, and it was due to the good work of the uninjured passengers that many lives were saved.

The railroad officials put the blame on the crew of the local train, which was in charge of Conductor E. S. Sapp and Engineer B. F. Thompson, both of Cam-den. The railroad authorities say that the crew of this train had been given orders to walt on a siding at Bordentown until the express should have passed. Instead of doing this, they kept on up the

Collision at a Crossing.

GRANITE FALLS, Minn., Feb. 21 .- A passenger train on the Great Northern collided with a passenger train on the Minneapolis & St. Louis line at a creing near Hanley Falls today. The Gr Northern engine was badly wrecked and sengers on the St. Louis train were injured.

Fire at Atlanta.

ATLANTA, Ga., Feb. 21.-A fire which started from the explosion of an oll tank in the wholesale grocery house of J. J. and J. E. Maddex today spread to adjoining buildings and caused a loss aggregat-The principal losses are

J. J. and J. E. Maddox.

John Silvey & Co., dry goods.

Markham House Company
Drayer-Coggins Shoe Company.
R. N. Fickett Paper Company
Arnold Hat Company
Dickinson & Davidson
McConnell & Christopher
Gramling & Spaulding

New Naval Conling Stations.

NEW YORK, Feb. 21 .- According to a Washington special to the Herald, Rear-Admiral Bradford, chief of the Bureau of Equipment, has prepared plans for the establishment of new coaling stations im-mediately after the appropriations authorized in the pending naval appropriation

appropriated. A part of this likely will chitect.

be made to the improvement of American coaling facilities in Cuba. Rear-Admiral Bradford also has in mind the location of s station in Chiriqui Lagoon, Colombia, tie has approved the plans for stations at Naragansett Bay and at Manila. He also lesires to establish stations at San Diego, Cal.; Sitka, Alaska; Unalaska, and one in Porto Rican waters or at St. Thomas, in

ase of its acquisition.

The department seems to have given up all intention of establishing a station or the coast of Liberia because of the absence of a convenient harbor in thos

CONSTRUCTION COMPANY.

To Build the Salt Lake-Los Angeles Railroad.

SALT LAKE. Feb. 21.—The first im-portant step toward the construction of the much-talked-of railroad between Los Angeles and Sait Lake City was taken today when the articles of incorporation of the Empire Construction Company were filed with the County Clerk of Salt Lake County, by C. O. Whittemore, local counsel for the company.

This is the corporation that is organ-ized to construct the railroad from Los Angeles to Sait Lake, to be known as the San Pedro, Los Angeles & Sait Lake Raliroad, of which Senator W. A. Clark, of Montana. is president and R. C. Kerens, of St. Louis, is vice-president. The construction company is organized with a cash capital of \$1,000,000. The officers and incorporators are: J. Ross Clark, Los Angeles, president; George D. Leigh-ton, St. Louis, vice-president; T. F. Miller, Los Angeles, treasurer; H. S. McKee, Los Angeles, secretary. The directors are: W A. Clark, R. C. Kerens, C. K. McCornick David Kelth, Reed Smoot and T. E. Gib . The other incorporators are Charles Clark and C. O. Whittemore.

In addition to building railroads, the company is empowered to construct tele-graph and telephone lines necessary for the use of the railroad, to acquire and hold real estate and stocks and bonds of railroads and generally to transact all business pertaining to companies of this

HAULING THE SOLDIERS.

Transcontinental Railroads Form a Poul.

CHICAGO, Feb. 21.-The Tribune says: "General passenger agents of the trans continental roads in session in this city considered measures for the absolute maintenance of military rates. Many of the regiments in the Philippines are expected to return home in the near future, and the roads are anxious to prevent a scramble for the business by the various lines, and the cutting of rates below a paying basis. A pool is now being formed in connection with this business. and it is to be divided equally among all the competing roads. To carry out this agreement, it was decided that no bids shall be made by individual roads, but that hereafter Chairman McLeod, of the Western Passenger Association, is to put in a bid for all roads when the Gov-ernment asks for bids."

CUDAHY KIDNAPERS.

Amateur Detective in St. Paul Arrested Prominent Men.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Feb. 21.-Something of a sensation was created here today when it became known that Patrick Hussey, a well-known local character, and John E. Layne, a well-known and highly respected contractor of Minneapolis, had been taken into custody on a warrant charging them with being implicated in the abduction of young Cudahy, at Omaha. The warrant was sworn out by John M. Baum, who said he was a detective from Omaha, but who, it later developed, was a local "amateur sleuth." It appears that Baum, working on alleged "ciews," had developed what seem ed to him a gigantic conspiracy, which in "clews," had developed what seem cluded a number of men and women, and told the County Attorney such a plaus-lble story that he issued the warrants Both men have been released and the police officials consider the affair a huge joke.

Hearing of Callahan.

vors of the wreck were brought to Cam-den, N. J. The story of the wreck, as told by the passengers, is as follows:

The "Nelly Bly" system with the court of the was arraigned for a hearing before Judent OMAHA, Feb. 21.-The courtroom was Vinsonhaler in the County Court this morning. Three complaints-grand larceny, robbery and false imprisonmentwere read to him by the County Attorney to all of which he pleaded not guilty. The court asked Callahan if he had secured counsel, to which he replied he had had no opportunity to do so, and the hearing was continued until Monday at 10 o'clock, at which time Callahan said he would be ready for trial. His ball was fixed at \$2500 on each count, which he did not furnish, Mrs. George F. Wittus today positively identified Callahan as the man she saw repeatedly in the neighborhood house where Cudahy was held a prisoner.

DANISH ANTILLES.

Denmark Has Not Refused the United States Offer.

COPENHAGEN, Feb. 21.-A semi-official communication, confirming the dispatches of the Associated Press, relates that the statements published in London to the effect that Denmark has definitely refused the offer of the United States to pur the Danish West Indies for 12,-kroner are untrue. The negotiations for the sale are proceeding.

Mark Twain's Companion

COLORADO SPRINGS, Colo., Feb. 21, Dr. Mayo G. Smith, the companion and friend of Mark Twain, and inspiration of the novelist's "Doctor" in "Innocenta Abroad," is dead at his residence in this

Mass., August 19, 1816. He was one of the first graduates of Oberlin College and was an intimate friend of Horace Greeley, starting life as a preacher and later as the first reporter employed by Greeley on the Tribune. He went to California in 1849, joined the Regular Army; later He was master and part owner of the first ship that sailed from San Francisco to Australia.

Dr. Smith was the author of two works on ether and chloroform from experi-ments he conducted. For several years he gave his attention to medicine, and later was associated with Morse, in complete ing the telegraph and constructing the first line between Washington and Balti-

Championship Pigeon Shoot. GARDEN CITY, L. I., Feb. 21.—The annual contest for the amateur pigeon shooting championship began today on Carteret Gun Club grounds with 17 mon entered. When the 25th round had been completed, Dr. Wilson, of Savannah, was leading with a total of 45 killed out of 25; Kirkover, of Buffalo, was second with 25 birds to his credit, and Money, of Carteret, was third with 22. The others finished in the following order: Bradley, 21; C. A. Painter, Guthrie and Martin, 20 each; McAlpin and Dolan, 19 each; Eddy

and Duryea 18 each; Captain, Money, Hill and Stanley, 17 each, and G. E.

Painter 14.

Hernld-Square Monument. NEW YORK, Feb. 21.-The jury to de-ide which of three models for the monument to be erected in Herald Squar should take the prize has decided that the first prize, carrying the monument itself, should go to Apollo Piccirili, the sculptor, and Mageni, the architect. The second prize is awarded to George Julian Zolna, the sculptor and Freelander, the act become available.

Seven hundred thousand dollars will be architect. The third prize goes to Austin Hayes, the sculptor, and Barber, the ar-

KOBE HOSPITAL BURNED

TWENTY-ONE PATIENTS PERISHED IN THE FLAMES.

Eleven Were Injured and Several Are Missing-Japanese Aroused by Secret Russo-Chinese Trenty.

VICTORIA, B. C., Feb. 21.-The steamer Idzumi Maru, which arrived this morning from the Orient, brought the news of the burning of the hospital attached to the Kobe University. Twenty-one pa-tients were burned to death, Il injured

and several are missing.

The secret convention believed to have been concluded between Russia and China bids fair to prove a source of serious trouble in the far East. The Japanese press accepted the report as to the existence of a secret Russo-Chinese un-derstanding without reservation. Both Marquis Ito and Mr. Kato, Minister for Foreign Affairs, have admitted that the present situation cannot be passed over, and instructions have accordingly been sent the Japanese representatives in London and Berlin to ascertain the exact views of the governments to which they are accredited. The Minister of Foreign Affairs has dispatched an official telegran o St. Petersburg, asking for a definite ply regarding the alleged existence of a

Russian troops are committing depre dations along the northern frontiers of Coren. They often cross the Lumen River and loot villages, carrying off valuables, as well as grain and cattle. Their excuse is they are pursuing Boxers. The Corean Government has lodged a vigorous protest with the Russian Minister for transmision to St. Petersburg.

Yueng Ku Wan, a Chinese reformer, was shot down while teaching an English class in Hong Kong, a man sneaking in and firing four shots, all of which took effect. Another reformer was shot the previous day.

ATHERTON DIVORCE CASE. Sensation in London Society Cir-

eles. LONDON, Feb. 21.-Major T. J. Ather ton, second in command of the Twelth (Princes of Wales') Lancers, now in South Africa, has filed a suit for divorce against his wife, Mabel Louisa Atherton, naming the Duke of Westminster as the co-respondent. The proceedings have long been anticipated. Within the past hours a lawyer, who is looked upon as the leader of the divorce-court bar, has been retained in behalf of the peti-

The case cannot be aired in court at any rate for some months, and possibly not before Autumn, and the friends of the just-married Duke may not succeed in compromising the matter and preventing a trial. But, as Major Atherton is re ported to have already refused a check for £40,000 as compensation for the injury he is said to have sustained, the task ahead of those who are trying to arrange settlement, among whom is said to be King Edward himself, would seem to be

Major Atherton ought to have succeeded to the command of hie Twelfth Regiment when its late Colonel, the Earl of Airlie, was killed in South Africa in June last, but he was passed over in favor of Colonel B. T. Mahon, who commanded the British forces which relieved

The wife, Mabel Louisa Atherton, is a sister to Sir Aubrey Paul, Bart, She married the Major in 1892. They have one son, born in 1899. Mrs. Atherton is a good-looking, stylish woman, about 35 years of age. She belongs to the London

When Mrs. Atherton went to South Africa her husband's regiment was with Lord Methuen's command at the Mod-der River, and she proceeded there, Mrs. Atherton was at the Modder River camp with other women, when Dr. Treves de-nounced the "plague of women" at the front in South Africa. The Duke of Westminster, then Lord Belgrave, and the brother of a well-known South African millionaire, whose name has also been mentioned with that of Mrs. Atherton were at the same camp.

For a long time Major Atherton re-mained in ignorance of the camp gossip, but finally some of his brother officers notified him of the facts in the case Mrs. Atherton returned to England it October, and stopped off at the Island a steamer which was taking the Duke of Westminster home. They arrived in Lon-

don November 3, Since the return of Mrs. Atherton, the Grosvenor family (the Duke's name is Hugh Richard Arthur Grosvenor) has been engaged in an attempt to prevent the case getting into the courts. The er, invited Mrs. Atherton to her house. This move silenced the gossips for some Then came the report of the serv-

ice of a cliation on the Duke of West-minster the day of his marriage, which was disproved by the fact that the suit was not then filed.

The Duke of Westminster was married at St. Paul's Church, Knightbridge, London, February 16, to Miss Selagh West, daughter of Coionel William Corwallis

IN THE HOUSE OF COMMONS.

Chamberlain Explains Roberts' Ac-

tion in Annexing Republics.

LONDON, Feb. 21 .- Replying to a series of war questions put by Henry Labouchere, Mr. Chamberlain said in the House of Commons today that Lord Roberts had acted on his own initiative in proclaiming the annexation of the Boer republics. The Colonial Office left to him the choice of The terms of the surrender, conained in Lord Roberts' telegram to General Buller March 6, were founded on instructions from the government, but Lord Roberts' telegram never reached General Botha, who had previously refused General Buller's offer to allow the burghers to return to their farms with their arms. To the great satisfaction of the Minis-terial benches, Mr. Broderick, the Secretary of State for War, informed Mr. schere that the government approved the military suppression of the pro-Boer ewspapers. The pro-Boer papers in-lude Mr. Labouchere's Truth.

Mr. Balfour, the government leader, as-sured Mr. Dillon, Nationalist, that due notice would be given in regard to the sed vote to donate £100,000 to Lord Roberts.

In reply to a question, Lord Cranbourne the Parliamentary Secretary for the For-eign Office, said the British Minister at Pekin had never consented to any intima tion to China that an edict requiring Chi nese officials to commit suicide would be approved by the foreign Ministers.

Lord Cranbourne said the government was still considering the suggestion of reassembling the Brussels sugar conference, to see if the European nations concerned could reach an agreement on the question of bountles.

John Redmond moved an amendment favoring a system of compulsory sale of lands in Ireland. The only permanent solution of the Irish land question, he said, was the immediate creation of an occupying proprietary. The amendment was seconded by Thomas W. Russell, Libwas seconded by Thomas W. Russell, Lib-eral-Unionist, who asked: "What is it not worth to end this land question forever? From this day forward Parliament has a new Ireland to deal with." Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman said he thought the fact that 35 per cent of the Irish members advocated purchase was the strongest argument in its favor. Mr. Russell then moved the closure, which was carried by a vote of 251 to 132. The amendment was rejected, 235 to 140.

VIENNA, Feb. 21.—There is absolutely jury this afternoon. No Dictatorship in Austria.

no truth in the story circulated in the United States by a news agency that the VALUE OF MINING BUREAU altuation here is so serious that Emper-or Francis Joseph has threatened to as-sume an absolute dictatorship.

WOULD BE OF GREAT BENEFIT TO THE INDUSTRY.

Would Make Possible Exchange of Experiences and Information on Oregon Mines.

TREMONT, Or., Feb. a -(To the Edior.)-Much has been said of late regarding a state mining bureau and as the subject has been a favorite hobby of mine for years, you will pardon me for 'harping" on the same string at this time. LONDON, Feb. 22.-The War Office has As we are all aware of the fact that the mining industry of our state has not received proper recognition in the past, and bill No. 160 is a step in the right

Mining has been one of the very first fertrin 1400 Boers, under General Devil-liers and Linebenerg, opposed him. They held a strong position obstinately, but dustries of our state, having been carried on for half a century, contributing millions to the Nation's wealth, without having asked any assistance from the state, and in order that the mineral resources of our state may be successfully and economically developed it is desirable that every assistance and encouragement cers and 25 men wounded. The Boers left 18 dead on the ground, and suffered prospecting and mining for the prospestor and ploneer have special claims for consideration at the hands of the state. It was they who first blazed their trails through our mountains, carrying their packs upon their backs; enduring all kinds of hardships and privations, and NEW YORK, Feb. 21 .- A dispatch to the Herald from London says; It can now be stated on absolutely reliable authority that the gross amount facing danger in every form as with their of Queen Victoria's private fortune, in-cluding investments in real estate, cash trusty rifles they contended for every foot of ground against both savage men and wild beasts, and without their services in bank and personal property outside of what rightfully belonged to the crown, will not exceed £600,000 (\$3,000,000.) The many years may yet elapse before the mineral riches of our state are fully made bulk of this coneists of city property in which Her Majesty had quietly invested. The remainder stands in the shape of

As our state contains nearly all the conomic minerals known and in work-ble quantities, although, owing to the lack of cheap transportation facilities quite a number of our most promising mineral properties are either undeveloped or are lying idle or are being worked at a great disadvantage. The great stores of ores and structural material found within our borders should be made known both at home and abroad. Not only our ores and precious metals but also our struc tural material. Every variety of building stone found within our state should be represented by a fair sample, dressed and pollshed, as well as samples of onyx, building brick, roofling slate, terra cotta, sewer pipe, paving stone, etc. In fact everything used in construction pertaining to the mineral kingdom that can be utilized either in a crude or manufac-tured state, should be collected and placed on exhibition, and the only and proper means of so doing is by the establishing of a state collection of typical specimens

of all our mineral products.

The Federal Government having appro priated the sum of \$100,000 for a postoffice at Salem and but two Oregon quarries are offering building stone for the masonry work, while the interior of the uilding is to be finished with marble from Tennessee and Vermont, thus taking more than 50 per cent of the appro-priation out of the state while our own Seven furlongs, purse—Montanic won, Wyoming second, Gonfalon third; time, great deposits of marble and onyx re-main undeveloped. This should not be so, and would not be so if we had had a

Six and a half furlongs, selling-Gold properly managed mining bureau and Badge won, Birdle Stone second, Mammie Hildreth third; time, 1:25%.

One mile, selling—Rio Chico won, Prestom second, Walkenshaw third; time, Let us compare our situation with that Let us compare our situation with that of our younger neighboring states, and observe the rapid increase of population and mineral development, the great tream of capital and immigration flowing in upon their mining districts and the transformation of regions but lately unin-Six furlongs, selling-Isaline won, Invic Seven furlongs, selling-MacGyle won, Lizzella second, Sublime third; time, habited into scenes of industrial activity Montana has increased in population dur ing the last decade over 84 per cent. Utah over 23 per cent. Washington over 48 per cent, and Idaho over 91 per cent; SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 21.—Weather ine at Gakland; track heavy. Results: Five furlongs—Young Morello won, Comeanion second, Hilary third; time, 1:04%. Six furlongs, selling-Duckoy won, Good Hope second, Pat Morrissey third; time, Half mile, 2-year-olds - Glendenning

much of which is owing to the develop-ment of their mines, and though Oregon ossesses as great mineral wealth as any possesses as great mining has been carried on for a half century, yet today no one knows with the slightest approach of accuracy, the status of our mineral industries, either technically or statistically, as regards the source, amounts and valuation of the va-rious products and it is doubtful if there is another state in the Union where less known regarding her geological formations and mineral resources. How few of our citizens have any idea of our mineral wealth. The bill introduced by Mr. Storey will, if it becomes a law, aithough having defects, do much to edu-cate not only our own people but also attract the attention of outsiders tour ists, capitalists, miners and manufac-turers, as the evidence that we possess great mineral wealth is abundant and constantly accumulating. One of the chief reasons why the development of our min eral wealth has not been more rapid, is that but few of the pioneer explorers and prospectors had any knowledge of geolog. ical formations or mineralogy. Instances are common where a prospector expected to discover one mineral and quite unknowingly was mining another of equal or more value than that which he expected or he was told by some one with more knowledge of ores or minerals of the value of his discovery. This should never be the case, nor would it be if people took as much precaution and would prepare themselves for the purpose of being prospectors and miners as they do before en-tering upon some of the other less im-

portant callings.

The State of Oregon occupies a superficial area of 94,500 square miles, and lies midway on the great mineral belt that extends from Alaska to Nicaragua, while the State of New York is comprised within an area of 49,170 square miles, with a population of 7,266,600, while Oregon, with nearly double the amount of terrihas but 413,532 inhabitants. point with pride to the fact that our state has made far more rapid strides in the half century of her existence as a state than has New York in nearly general should be conducted. The call of regents showed there were 503 voters two centuries, much of which is due to our exceptionally fine climate and rich soil, and if our underground resources were as well developed as are our agricultural we could well claim our place at the very head of the sisterhood of states, for no portion of this continent possesses greater advantages than does our own Oregon. She produces the very the nominations, and in the evening the voting was conducted. The results will products required by those living east south and north of us, and all that is now lacking to place us at the head, where we belong, is the proper development of be announced tomorrow. The nomina-tions for president-general were: Mrs. Washington A. Roebling, New Jersey; Mrs. C. W. Fairbanks, Indiana; Mrs. Donald McLean, New York. Among those our great mineral wealth. In order to accomplish this, it becomes necessary that some measure should be taken for the practical and scientific training for vice-president-general were: Mrs. Ma-jor-General Wheeler, Mrs. George H. all who may engage in the industry, as well as to direct the mining industry from some of the many detriments that have beset it. We need more practical mining men in charge of our mines, as one of the most serious detriments to our mining industry is that we have alto gether too many "mining experts" and "mining engineers" who have never seen a mine, who have never been under-ground a half hour in their lives, and whose only mining experience consists in selling wildcat stock to "tenderfeet." This class must be replaced by the responsible and practical mining man. This can only be brought about by a combined effort of our bona fide mine-owners, in immigrants, and a grant of land will be made to each British Columbia volunconnection with a well-managed mining whose first object should be to establish our mining industry upon sound basis by first divesting it of all bo-PITTSBURG, Pa., Feb. 21.—The run on the German National Bank of Allegheny, gus mining experts and curbstone bro kers, and thus divest mining of its gam bling features, so that in the future min-ing in Oregon will be synonymous with tically over. Only a few depositors were on hand when the bank opened today. In fair and square propositions. These re-sults can only be brought about by a combined effort on the part of the mineorder that all who desire may have an owners connected with a state mining bureau. Our miners will then wield an influence and command respect should they see fit to go before our Legislature and ask that the state's great mining

industry be recognized by passing such laws as the miners might suggest. This

has been successfully done by our agri-culturists, horticulturists, etc. In this way our mining industry will be placed on a firm basis, which will place us among the foremost of the world, as inventive genius is doing for the mining business what it is doing for other phases of our industrial life, and has lifted the miners' vocation to a higher plane. The advancement made in mining and extracting the metals from the ores during the last few years has been remarkable, for not only have machines been devised to simplify the work and expedite mining operations and increase the output, but chemistry has grasped the problem of the underground world with brilliant success, as the treatment of ores has kept pace with their extrac-tion from the earth. Science has clasped hands with invention, thus insuring success for the future of the industry, and a mining bureau will aid our miners in keeping abreast of the times by supplyng them with all the necessary informa-tion that will enable them to prosecute their arduous labor to the best advantage. Where science and practice go hand in hand only good results will follow, as he who adds scientific knowledge to the use of pick and drill is more likely to be rewarded, for the work of mining has ceased to be a work of chance, but has become one of the most scientific of occupations. How often have we seen the mistakes in mining in one district repeated in another, involving waste of energy, time and money, as it is one of the misfortunes of mining that under the present system, experiments are re-peated over and over again, simply through the lack of exchange of views which a well-conducted mining bureau would obviate, as it would gather together the experience of prospectors in the various districts, keep them on rec-ord for reference, and give the prospector a place where he could exchange views with others and compare his specimens with those of known value. This would prove to be of incalculable value to all concerned, for in mining, as in every other line of human effort, wisdom must be gained largely from experience, and more particularly from the experience of others engaged in the same occupation. We send our sons to college to pt them for some learned profession what does his perfection consist of? Why, he simply reads the experience as reorded of others in the same profession n order that he may add to his own fu-ture experience the wisdom gathered from the experience of others, and thus make his brains save his hands, which laces him at an advantage over those who depend on their own experience only The doctor and lawyer, in a course at college, get the benefit of the accumu-lated experience of all the doctors and wyers who have gone before them, and earn from their experiences where to avoid errors. So, too, if the experience of the successful miner and prospector were carefully collected and arranged in a permanent form for reference, the in-deligent miner and prospector can per-ceive the mistakes of his predecessors, and thus avoid much unnecessary labor and expense. In all other lines of human effort this storing up of the experience for the use of others has been better

one than in the profession of the miner, and it is high time that an effort be made to place the miner on the same ooting in this respect as men of other Our mining industry has been conduct ed without any aid from the state, and a law providing for a mining bureau of information, a collection of minerals roperly labeled and classified, woul ender such valuable service to the de elopment of our mineral resources as to fully justify the move, and would enable our prospectors and miners to profit by

the experience of others, and not waste

their time and substance in repeating the errors that others have already paid for, A. W. MILLER,

Inauguration Plans. WASHINGTON, Feb. Zl.-Senator Han a, chairman of the joint committee ongress on the inauguration of President McKinley, had a talk with the Presi-dent today about the programme for the ceremonies at the Capitol, and the ride thence from the White House. Senator Hanna said that as chairman he would ride in the carriage with the President would also occupy the carriage. The par-ty will leave the Executive Mansion at 11 o'clock and after the common at the Capitol, the President members of with Vice-President Roosevelt and other prominent men. From the Capitol the President will go direct to the reviewing tand near the west gate of the execu-

Negro Flend Lynched. LAKE CHARLES, La., Feb. 21.—Thomas Vital, a negro, who criminally assaulted

Old Coughs

First you think it is a little cold, nothing but a little hacking cough; then a little loss in weight; then a harder cough; then the fever and the night sweats. Then consumption.

Better stop the disease early. Better cure your cough today.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

lifts that pressure on the chest; takes away that feeling of suffocation; heals and makes

Three sizes: 25c., 50c., \$1.00.

If your druggist cannot supply you, send us one dollar and we will express a large bottle to you, all charges prepaid. He sure and give us your nearost express office. Address, J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

to defend Vital, was shot to death. Vital had been previously shot in the leg by the girl's father, and was not yet under ar-

Roosevelt at Chicago.

CHICAGO, Feb. 21.—Colonel Theodore Roosevelt, apparently enjoying the best of health, arrived here at 7:45 A. M. He greeted the news aper reporters briskly and was driven to the Auditorium Annex, where he took preakfast. This forenoon Colonel Roosevelt received a number of friends in his apartments. He took the guest of Volney W. Foster, president of the cr. b. Many prominent business men were present.

Tried to Bribe a Butter-Maker,

ST. PAUL, Feb. 21.-A sensation was created at today's session of the Nationa. Creamery Butter - Makers' Association, when W. D. Collyer, of Chicago, one of the judges of the butter exhibit, lodged a formal complaint with the executive committee charging a St. Paul butter-maker with offering him a \$500 bribe. The executive committee immediately went into executive session, and began the examination of witnesses.

Daily Trensury Statement. WASHINGTON, Feb. 2i.—Today's state-ment of the Treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the \$150,000,000 gold in the division of redemption, shows; Available cash balance\$145,298,640.

The Montana Deadlock. HELENA, Mont., Feb. 21.—The result of the vote on Senator today was:

Over the Governor's Veto. SALT LAKE, Feb. 2L-In the Legis-lature today the Senate passed the anticompulsion vaccination bill over the Governor's veto. Similar action was taken of the bill by the House some days ago.

Manitoba Legislature Opened. WINNIPEG, Feb. 21.—The Manitoba Legislature was opened today by Lieutenant-Governor McMillan. All the mem bers took the oath of allegiance to King Edward.

VALPARAISO, Feb. 21.—There were three heavy earthquake shocks at Arica, Chile, at 3 A. M. Wednesday, The inhabitants were panicstricken.

TO HOUSEWIVES:

There is as much difference in wheat as in any other product of the soil—a good wheat is the basis of all good flour. Web-foot flour is made from good wheat. At the 13-year-old daughter of Esteive Miller, was taken from his home near Fenton last night by a mob and Samuel Maddox, who attempted your grocer's,



Troubles.

All troubles of the head, such as headache, dizziness, pressure, dullness, irritability of temper, sleeplessness, blues, mania, fits, melancholy and insanity, are nervous disorders, no matter what may be the apparent cause. Strengthen the nerves, increase the vitality and build up the worn-out brain-cells and you will get well. The best remedy for head troubles and nervous disorders of all kinds is Dr. MILES' NERVINE.

"My brain trouble began with pain in back of head, followed by dizziness, duliness and much confusion of mind. My sleep was disturbed with dreams and restless tossing and I became nervous. After four years of doctoring without getting any better, I began taking Dr. Miles' Nervine and was relieved almost at once. It did me more good than all the medicine I ever took." REV. J. R. MERIDETH, Lecompton, Kans.

Dr. Wiles' Nervine

Is food for the worn-out brain and wasted nerves, and a restorative

medicine without an equal. Don't fail to give it a trial. Sold by druggists on a guarantee. Dr. MILES MEDICAL Co., Elkhart, Ind.