AN INSURCENT SPY

Arrest of General Agent of Tabacaleria Company.

STRONG EVIDENCE AGAINST HIM

Belgians of Manila and the Bay Lake District Implicated in a Plot to Kill Captain Jones-New Provost Marshal.

MANILA, Feb. 20.-At Pagsanjan, Province of Laguna, yesterday, Lieutenant Vaughan, of the Thirty-seventh Infantry, arrested Fernando Rustan, general agent of the Tabacaleria Company, on the charge of having aided the insurgents Abundant documentary evidence against the prisoner has, it is asserted, been se-cured. Rustan is a French subject and a close friend of the insurgent General. Cailles, and was to a certain extent as-sociated with D. M. Carman, the American contractor, who was recently taken into custody, charged with having furnished supplies to the insurgents. Tabacaleria Company is said to be further incriminated.

It has also been learned that Rustan furnished the insurgents with supplies, information concerning the American troops and their movements, as well as with money. He dealt directly with the rebel General, Callles, who has been operating continually in the district of Manila

Mr. Webb, the bookkeeper of the Philip pine Trading Company, has made a par-tial confession to the effect that certain Belgians residing in Manila and the Bay Lake district were implicated in the plot of January 17 to kill Captain Jones, commanding the American troops stationed in the town of Bay.

Another force of insurgents will soon be

deported to Guam.

Many of the discouraged insurgents in

the provinces are coming in individually and surrendering their guns. Hiliario Rubio, the alleged ringleader in the Macabebe outrages, has been arrested

in Manila, for receiving much copra from the insurgents.
At a conference held between the United States Philippine Commission and W. L. Lawshe, the new Auditor of the Philippine

Islands, it was decided to establish an office and perfect plans for increased efficiency in the Auditor's Department. Brigadier - General G. W. Davis will hortly take up the duties of Provost Marshal of Manila, succeeding Brigadier-General J. Franklin Bell, who, as soon

as relieved, will proceed overland to Vigan, and there assume command of the district of Northern Luzon, commanded for over a year by Major-General S. M. Captain Stern, of the Thirty-sixth Vol.

uniter Infantry, has been appointed Col-lector of Licenses for the City of Manila, to succeed Lieutenant Bishop. The collections from licenses in Manila alone amount to \$300,000 in gold a year. The members of the new Federal party

are preparing to celebrate Washington's birthday on a grand scale.

Reports from the gold-mining district of Northern Luzon are lately more encouraging. A find of \$2500 gold was re-cently made in a single pocket in Lepanto Province, about 175 miles north of Manila.

MacArthur's Death Report. WASHINGTON, Feb. 20,-General Mac-

Arthur reported the following deaths since

his last report:

Dysentery—Third Cavalry, Farrier Ed.
ward Canavan; Signal Corps, Elmer Reelhorn; Twenty-first Infantry, Corporal
Michael McCue; Twenty-fifth Infantry, Corporal Ernest A. Sloanker; Forty-ninth Infantry, William Parness.

Died of wounds received in action—Pifth Infantry, William Heape; Fertieth Infan-try, John Jaksap; Forty-sixth Infantry,

Typhoid fever-Eighth Infantry, Daniel McCleer; Fourth Cavalry, William Boden; Pertieth Infantry, William R. Ford,

Heart disease-Fortieth Infantry, Frank Hospital Corps, Frederick Schilling. Tuberculesis-Nineteenth Infantry, Gus Anderson; Twenty-fourth Infantry, Homer Patton; Thirty-fourth Infantry, Corporal

Malarial fever-Sixth Infantry, Charles Polkey; Sixteenth Infantry, James A. Mo-

All other causes-Fifth Infantry, Walte Forty-seventh Infantry, Samuel W. Hutslar; Second Infantry, Corporal es H. Wilson; Twenty-second Infantry, David T. Crossier; Thirty-fourth Infantry, John Williams; Hospital Corps, M. Adams; Thirteenth Infantry David Lober; Thirty-fifth Infantry, Will iam Wells; Third Cavalry, Samuel Robertson: First Infantry, Stephen J. Jones; Ninth Cavalry, James T. Times. Drowned, body recovered-Thirty-sixth

Not Responsible for Andre.

Infantry, William Wiethern,

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.-Count Lichtervoldt, the Belgian Minister, has explained that the Andre represented to be the Belgian Consul and reported to have fled from Manila to avoid arrest on a charge of assisting the rebeis, is not a Beigian, nor is he a full-fledged Consul. was a resident merchant of Manila and acted as a sort of business agent for Belgian Government, which does not feel that it should be charged with the esponsibility for his political actions.

MEMORIALS TO CONGRESS.

Those from Oregon Have Been Presented at Washington.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 16 .- Senator Simon has presented to the Senate joint me-morial No. 8 of the Oregon Legislature, favoring the passage of a pure food bill by the National Congress,

Senator Poster has presented a petition of sundry citizens of Alaska asking that an appropriation be made for the comple-tion of a military road from Valdes to Eagle City, and also for the completic of the military telegraph lines between those points. It is their desire that the road, when completed, shall be used an all-American route for carrying the

Representatives ''ongue and Moods have presented to the House the several memoriais of the Oregon Legislature, Senator Simon has presented them

Canadian Paper Mills Consolidation.

NEW YORK, Feb. 20 .- A special to the Times from Montreal says:

There are prospects of great activity in pulp and paper manufacturing in Canada during the coming season, Smallet Eastern Ontario are to be amalgamated into one large company. The Consolidated Pulp & Paper Company, of Toronto, incorporated under the Oncorporation under the companies act of the Dominion Government, with a cap ital of \$2,500,000, with the power to in-

crease it to \$5,000,000 if necessary, The properties to be consolidated imms diately are those at Newburg and Strath cona, Ontario, the Metabetchouan prop erty at Lake St. John, and the India rette mills, near this city. On the Metabotchouan property are good pulp mills, with a capacity of 80 tons per day

of 69 tons per day will be erected. The Lorrette mills will also be rebuilt, The provisional directors of this company are John M. Peole, Toronto, president; W. H. Mackay, Toronto; E. L. Young, George Thompson, Newburg, Ontario, and J. H. Charles, Perth, Ontario.

GEILTY OF MANSLAUGHTER

Verdict of the Jury in the Hamilton

MINNEAPOLIS, Feb. 20.-The fury in the case of Frank H. Hamilton, charged with murdering Leonard R. Day, after 49 ours' deliberation, furnished a genuine surprise this morning by reporting that it had agreed upon a verdict of man-slaughter in the first degree, with a recommendation to the mercy of the court. Hamilton was brought into court to hear the verdict. He had enjoyed a good night's sleep, and seemed in excellent spirits. When the verdict was read Hamilton appeared dazed, and made no other sign than to shake his head in mute pro test. He was remanded to jail to awalt sentence, and absolutely refused to see any one except his devoted friend, Miss Johnson, of Colorado Springs. The penalty is imprisonment from five to 20 years.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Feb. 29.-Starr K. Jackson, clerk at the Hotel Pfeister, who was one of the witnesses for the defense in the Hamilton trial, said:

"There are two men in Minneapolis who, if they told the truth, could clear Hamilton. Hamilton is no more guilty of that crime than any of the other race who were in the billiard room that night. There is something mysterious about the trial. One of the state witnesses testi-fied that he first met Day a week before his death, while I know positively that the two men lived in the same hotel for

BENT ON LYNCHING.

Officers Foiled a Mob of Railroad Men in Topeka.

TOPEKA, Kan. Feb. 30.-The vigila of the officers was all that saved "Slick" Slater from lynching by an infuriated mob tonight. He will yet be lynched if he can be found. Slater assaulted li-year-old Lottie Gerberick Monday evening, and was captured by the Topeka officers the next day in Carbondale. This afternoon it became known that he was here, and immediately the Santa Fe shopmen, of whom the assaulted girl's father, George Gerberick is one, decided that he should be lynched. They at once sent a com-mittee to watch the jall while they quietly arranged the details of the expected

By 6 o'clock there was an angry mob of 1600 around the County Jall, demand-ing that the prisoner be delivered to them. A brigade of sturdy bollermakers, armed with heavy sledgehammers, stood ready to make short work of the jall in case the demands were not granted. Sheriff Cook told the crowd that the prisoner had been removed, and offered to let a committee search the jail. Ten men, headed by George Gerberick, made a thorough earch, but Slater could not be found. They returned and told the mob, but that failed to satisfy them, and twice they

started to break in the jail doors.

Early in the afternoon, the Sheriff, in anticipation of trouble, ordered a deputy o get Slater out of town. He was or-lered not to leave him in Jackson County or take him to Leavenworth. The deputy drove to Hoyt with Slater and entered a north-bound Rock Island train. It is thought that Slater is now in jail in Atchison. The Santa Fe shopmen are calmly determined to lynch Slater when he is brought back here for trial. They have appointed a large vigilance committee to be constantly on the outlook, and vow that Slater will never leave Topeka alive, The shopmen have past records in cases of this kind. They lynched John phant 12 years ago for a like offense,

PROGRESSES SLOWLY.

Work of Recovering Bodies of Mine Victims.

VANCOUVER, B. C., Feb. 29.-The work of recovering the bodies of the victims of the mine disaster at Cumberland, B. C., proceeds slowly. So far eight bodies have been found, four being those of whites.

The most recovered bodies are The most recently recovered bodies are ested powers. But it is stated that this those of A. J. Payne, D. M. Davis and was done with the sole purpose of keeping amend the Constitution so as to make These were found in the main drive, lying face down close to a enve-in. They at first appeared to have seen badly burned, but investigation showed that they had been blistered only after-heat. They had apparently left their stalls, and were attempting to make their way toward the shaft of No. when overcome. Several of the Chinese corpses were badly bruised. All the bods recovered were buried today, after the remains had been formally viewed by the Coroner's jury. The inquest was ad-journed for a week. Two shifts returned without more bodies. Fire damp was very thick ahead of the working party, the men being in some cases almost prostrated. Work was temporarily suspended in No. shaft today to allow air to displace the fire damp, and also that more water might avoid any possibility of an inrush of air which might result disastrously. It is expected that the cave-in which the rescuers reached in No. 5 shaft will cause much trouble, although some bodies may be buried under the debris.

A feature of the rescue work is the absence of widows and other bereaved relatives from the pit mouth. The lapse of time since the explosion has operated toward calmness and resignation, and the wise counsel of friends seems to have pro-

STRINGENT DECLARATION.

Law and Order League Announce Principles for City Election. DALLAS, Feb. 20 .- Today the Law and

Ofder League of Dallas made public the following declaration of principles for the oming city election: First-This organization shall be known

Citizens' Law and Order League, Second-The co-operation of voters with

this league shall not affect their standing with former political parties, except in municipal election of the City Third-That it is the object of this

eague to promote the enactment of good and wholesome laws for the government of the City of Dallas, and to assist in and demand the execution of all the state laws of Oregon, with reference to bawdy houses, gambling and the sale of intoxicants, as well as cigarettes and tobacc

ourth-That this league is in favor of the strictest economy in the administra-tion of the city government of Dallas, consistent with good service.

Fifth-That licensed saloons within the rporate limits of Dallas must be sub There shall be no screens nor sight obstructions of any kind, and the pren ises shall contain only one room, with ut chairs, benches, or tables, and there shall not be allowed in or about these premises any dice boxes cards, slot machines, or any other games for fun or gambling, and that no diee box, slot ma-chine, or other device for gambling shall be allowed in any business house within the corporation of Dallas, and that dru stores must conform to the law in refer ence to the sale of spirituous liquors. Sixth-We demand the enforcement of the Sunday cleaning law.

These declarations are being circulated for signers and many are indorsing them.

Daily Treasury Statement. WASHINGTON, Feb. 20 .- Today's state ent of the Treasury balance in the gen cral fund, exclusive of the \$150,000,000 gold in the division of redemption, shows:

FOREIGN ENVOYS AT PEKIN AGREE

TO A COMPROMISE. Lenders' Sentences to Be Commuted-

Strangling, Decapitation and Suicide for Others.

LONDON, Feb. 21.—"At their last meeting," says the Pekin correspondent of the Morning Post, wiring yesterday, "the foreign envoys agreed to a com-promise. They propose to permit the Imperial court to commute the sentences of decapitation in the cases of Prince Tuan. Duke Lan and General Tung Fu Hslang. to life imprisonment, and will agree to the following punishments: Prince Chwang to be strangled, Yu Hslen to be decapitated. Chan Shu Chiao and Ying Nien to be permitted to strangle them-selves and Chi Hsien and Hsu Cheng Wu to be beheaded in Pekin. If the court advances no new obstacles, the negotia-tions on the first point of the demands of the powers may be considered closed."

Dr. Morrison, wiring to the Times from Pekin yesterday, says: The court has yielded and consented to the infliction of the punishment demand-ed, petitioning, however, that the sen-tences on Chao Shu Chlao and Ying Nien may be strangulation instead of decapita-tion. To this the foreign envoys have agreed. The question, therefore, is vir-tually settled, and a raison d'etre for the Tai Yuan Fa expedition ceases to exist." It was learned that the government to-night is without any further official ex-planation of Von Waldersee's action in anning an extensive expedition. An explanation has been asked for in order that the Cabinet, at Friday's meeting, may have some satisfactory basis for its de-liberations upon the Chinese question. The action of British members of Parliament and papers, especially the London Times, in calling Von Waldersee's action a bluff causes the greatest chagrin and has given rise to the feeling that it is impossible to meet Chinese finesse with similar

TO PREVENT PETTY SEIZURES.

Object of Ambassador White's Conference with Von Richthofen.

BERLIN, Feb. 29.—The correspondent of felony, and provide the Associated Press understands that the penitentiary. he object of the recent conference which United States Ambassador White had with the Secretary for Foreign Affairs, was the prevention of petty seizures of territory and the obtaining of special privileges in China by separate powers. The United States is seeking Germany's support for joint action on the part of the powers in order to obtain what is ceded for the proper security of their diplomatic and commercial interests in China. It is be-leved the United States and Germany are n full accord on this subject.

The German Foreign Office says Field Marshal von Waldersee's expedition is to be confined to the Province of Chi Li, unless the obduracy of the Chinese Government makes an extension to Sinan Fu of the military movement necessary. The expedition is intended to bring pressure to bear on the Chinese court, in order to bring about the full acceptance of the demands made through the Ministers of the powers at Pekin. The Chinese peace missioners immediately telegraphed ews of the projected military movement to Sinan Fu and the latest reports indicate that the step taken is having the destred effect.

No Protest to the Powers. WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.-The State De-Governments or Japan through their for. offth, Heikes fourth, Parmalee offth, eign offices, respecting its discount for the fifth. eign offices, respecting its dissent to the proposed military campaign in China. The only influence brought to bear upon the powers by the State Department in that direction has been exerted there are the state of the powers by the state Department in that direction has been exerted there are the state of the ister Conger, who already has expressed it is understood at St. Petersburg thimself to the other Foreign Ministers at the Anglo-Russian syndicate formed

our representatives thoroughly informed of the progress of the negotiations.

The Next Problem. PEKIN, Feb. 20 .- A representative of he Associated Press was informed by the Foreign Ministers today that they think the gravity of the situation over; but it is expected that difficulties will now arise among themselves when some of the govraments send their indemnity claims, and particularly is there uneasiness regarding the attitude of Germany, that her claims must be paid in cash before the evacuation takes place. The other Ministers resent this, saying it will be impossible for China to pay, as China has not a large eserve, and the customs receipts go to pay dividends upon former loans, and it is not probable that she could borrow a sum of great magnitude. United States Minister Conger estimates the total de-mands upon China at \$490,000,000.

Rumor of a Chinese Loan.

NEW YORK, Feb. 20.-There has been ome talk in Wall street of an attempt of the Chinese Government to float a expenses of the Boxer uprising, to pay indemnities, etc. It is said that Minister Wu has approached a number of bankers, and has suggested that it would be possi ble for the government to guarantee the loan by an increase of the customs above the point upon which England has a lien

CONTRABAND OF WAR. British Officials Not Alarmed Over

Proposed Congressional Inquiry.

LONDON, Feb. 20.-The reported deter ination of the House of Representatives at Washington to inquire into the questi treaty of 1871, by permitting the exportation of horses, mules and other supplies to the British forces in South Africa, created more interest than practical co ern in the government departments here. The officials of the War Office regarded the possible effects of any future action in the United States as being of small im horses required for South Africa had been During the course of the inquiries made

by the Associated Press representative the nteresting opinion was expressed that the end of the war as an active campaign was now in sight, and that within a few months military operations in South Africa would resume that stage which for four years has marked the war in Burmah which were itself out without attracting particular interest in Great Britain or elsewhere. This opinion was expressed by no less an authority than the Under-Se retary of State for the Foreign Office, Lord Cranbourne. He produced from the files of the Foreign Office a copy of the treaty, where it has peacefully repo since the days when the Alabama matter stirred both countries, and pointed out that mules and horses had never yet been classified as contraband of war. So far as supplies go, the official maintained the Great Britain has not secured from the united States anything which would come under the head of "military supplies," which is the wording of article 6 in the Foreign Office official, "we have found to our cost that contraband is what each nation chooses to make it, all treaties to the contrary notwithstanding."

Boers Had the Same Chance.

WASHINGTON, Fcb, 20.-The answer of the State Department to the House reso-

VARIETY OF PUNISHMENTS to the Boers, will point to a well-estab-lished section of international law warranting neutral nations in selling supplies to belligerents, though those supplies may properly be seized by a belligerent. I will also be shown that no obstacle was interposed by the United States Govern-ment to the purchase of horses and mules by the Boers, who presumably did not do so because they were unable to land them in South Africa.

Telegraphic Brevitles. King Edward may visit Ireland in the

Admiral Sampson is sick at Boston, but

Rockefeller has contributed \$250,000 to Brown University.

The condition of Empress Frederick re-nains unchanged. Lord Wolseley will defend his course in the House of Lords next week.

Lord Roberts has been offered the Lord Wardenship of the Cinque ports. King Edward will go to Friederichof Saturday. He will not visit Berlin, The body of a native who had died of

ague has been found in a low quarter f Cape Town. New York poolroom keepers are said to organizing to enforce the gambling

law at racetracks, The stockholders of the Westinghouse Electric Company decided to increase the capital stock \$10,000,000.

Charges of kidnaping and robbery were formally filed against Callaban by County Attorney Shields at Omaha. President Schaffer, of the metal workers, denied that he was going to New

York to see Carnegie in the interests of The famous observatory on the Zeburg, which the celebrated astronomers

Euckola, Sack and Linden worked, has been burned. The Dutch Government, fearing an attempt at annexation by some European is strongly fortifying the harbor

power, is s of Batavia. The hearing of testimony in the trial of Dr. Samuel J. Kennedy, for the murder of "Dolly" Reynolds was concluded in New York.

A bill was introduced in the Illinois Senate yesterday for making hazing a felony, and providing for imprisonment In

The United Mine-Workers, of Illinois voted to send \$500 to the families of the iners who perished in the explosion on Vancouver Island. Will L. Wood, traveling salesman for a

Pittsburg, Kan., meat firm, committed suicide in a Parsons, Kan., hotel. He was short in his account. At the meeting of the Jewish Women's Council, in New Orleans, Mrs. Newman, of Portland, Or., read a report on the con-

dition of the society in her city. The run on the German National Bank of Allegheny, was continued yesterday, but there was an absence of excitement. Depositors were paid promptly.

Thirteen negro miners were entombed in the coal mines of the state insane asylum, two miles from Tuscaloosa, Ala., by a flood of water from an abandoned shaft Cold and stormy weather prevails throughout Europe. At Leipsic the tem-perature was 13 below. Snow fell at Madrid for the first time in eight years. There was a repetition of the turbulent scenes marking most of the recent elttings of the Austrian Reichsrath, which compelled the President to close the ses-

Crosby won first honors at the Ho Springs shoot with a score of 161 out of a possible 165. Gilbert was second, Fan-

It is understood at St. Petersburg that

construct railroads and exploit mines inludes representatives of the Vanderbilt A resolution was adopted by the Illinois

United States Senators elective by a direct vote of the people. Both Houses of the New York Legislature passed the New York City single head police bill over the Mayor's veto

by a party vote. It now goes to the Gov-The American Sugar Refining Company announced that guarantees will be with-drawn at the end of the 30-day contract mit on any or all portions of contracts

not regularly taken out. Madrid papers publish a rumor that Don Carlos, the Spanish pretender, has decided to abdicate in favor of his son, Don Jaime, who is supported by a ma

Jority of the Carlist party. Cash slot machines valued at \$2000 were seized in Fort Scott, Kan., saloons, and C. S. Hoyt, local manager of the com-pany, was arrested on a charge of gambling, which is a felony under Kansas

for London. Her hurried departure fol-lowed a conference of her physicians, who say that a surgical operation is necessary The operation will be performed in Lon Fire destroyed a four-story building Kansas City occupied by B.

Olga Nethersole sailed from New York

sholesale liquor dealer, and the Jaimeso Manufacturing Company, grocers' and bakers' supplies. Loss, \$100,000, fully in-J. G. Leishman, United States Minister

to Switzerland, who was recently selected to succeed Oscar S. Straus, as the American representative at Constantinople, presented his letters of recall to President

Sheriff Gano, of Medicine Lodge, Kan has fled to Anthony with Professor Ham lin, to prevent him from being typched. Hamlin, a country school teacher, is charged with criminally assaulting a lit

A mob took Peter Berryman, a desperate negro, out of the city jail at Mena, Ark., and hanged him to a tree. The crime of which Berryman was accused was an assault on a 12-year-old girl, whose condition is critical. John P. Squire & Co., capital stock

\$7,500,000, was incorporated at Trenton, N. J., to do a pork-packing business in Boston and other Eastern points, absorbng about a dozen concerns, including the business of John P. Squire, at Boston Winners at New Orleans were: Pirate Queen, Al Caskey, Lizzie Kelly, Brigade, Zolo, Bohul; at Oakland, Peace, Algura, Victoria S., Sea Llon, Lennep

at Tanforan, Racetto,

Appleby, Impromptu, Vulcain, Handleap Consul Hill, at Amsterdam, has enclosed a letter from the Colonial Bank, of that ity, asking for information relative to the price and terms of the best American sugar machinery, and also American tramway engines and appurter behalf of the bank's agent at Sorabaya,

Came First in 1895; Not Here in 1896 VANCOUVER, Wash, Feb. 20 .- (To th Editor.)-For the purpose of settling dispute, will you kindly answer the lowing: Did Willitam J. Bryan make his first speech-making tour of Oregon 1896 or 1897, and was Bryan in Ore at all in 1896?

The work of clearing out the channel in the

The channel between the piling put in by the overnment had been completely filled up, and current broke through to the old chann

sons for allowing United States ports to be used for forwarding American horses and other supplies to the British Army in South Africa, a privilege not allowed to the British Army in South Africa, a privilege not allowed to the British Army in South Africa, a privilege not allowed to the Boars will privilege and allowed to the Boars will privilege and allowed to the Boars will privilege and allowed to the British Army in South Africa, a privilege not allowed to the Boars will privilege and allowed to the British Army in the Boars will privilege and allowed to the British Army in the Boars will privilege and allowed to the British Army in the Boars will privilege and allowed to the British Army in the Boars will privilege and allowed to the British Army in the Boars will privilege and allowed to the British Army in the Boars will privilege and allowed to the British Army in the British Army in

Nominal Fee System in Vogue at the Copeland Institute the Strongest Standing Indictment of the Boodle Spirit in Medicines---\$5 a Month, Treatment and Medicines Included, the Limit of Expense Allowed by Dr. Copeland.

STEER CLEAR

Steer clear of the boodler in medical Do not stand in awe of the ractice. doctor who feels your pulse and then shakes his head to frighten you over your condition and make you pay 10 times over what his services are worth. The medi-cal profession, like every other profession, has its pretenders, its mountebanks, its merciless impostors. The nominal assess-ment ystem in vogue at the Copeland Institute is the invalid's protection from the wolf and the boodier in medicine. Five dollars a month, medicine included, for the most effective treatment known.

PROTECT THE WEAK

The fame of the Copeland medical sysem is based on the two-fold service it

has rendered to society. First, in the evolution of more enlighted methods of disease treatment, has added chronic catarrh, deafness, epi-demic is grippe, asthms, bronchitis, kid-ney trouble and inciplent consumption to medical list of curable infirmities, while in virulent

Ends the Nonsense of Life-long Doctoring.

perceptibly reduced the period of professional attention requisite to their cure. It has ended the nonsense of the life-long doctoring for diseases that promptly yield to correct diagnosis, followed by correct treatment.

Second, the Copeland system has given

the public its first great lesson in med

onomy. By limiting the expense outlay of patients to \$5 a month, medicines in-cluded, until cured (and no patient is ever permitted to pay more). It has bared the public eye of the devilish iniquity and crime of bieeding the unfortunate sick with preposterous fees.

And, while exposing the boodler in med-icine, to the angry suspicion of the world, it saves the invalid from becoming their prey, because , if there is no statute law preventing a dishonest doctor from charg-ing a dishonest fee, neither is there law or essity for the sufferer, with the Cope land system before him, to become a cand pay the fee. He don't have to.

THE COPELAND TREATMENT.

Its cost is trifling.
It is praised by thousands.
It is within the reach of all.
It is given for a month for \$5. Its cured patients recommend it.

It restores health.

It is taken at home successfully. It drives catarrh from the system. It demands no big physician's fee. It is taken by rich and poor alike. It is both local and constitutional

It uses mild, antiseptic inhalations reaches distant patients by mail makes a radical and lasting cur-It stops innumerable aches and pains. It costs but \$5 a month, medicine free.

HOME TREATMENT.

Doctor Copeland requests all who are alling, all who feel a gradual weakening, or all who realize that their health is being undermined by some unknown complaint, to cut out this slip, mark the question that applies to your case, and he will diagvirulent all-ments it has nose your case for you.

"Do you sleep with mouth wide

"Is there pain in front of head?"

"Is your throat dry or sore?" "Have you a bad taste in the morning? "Do you cough?"
"Do you cough worse at night?"

"Is your tongue coated?" "Is your appetite failing?"
"Is there pain after eating?"

"Are you light-headed?" 'When you get up suddenly are you dizzy?"

"Do you have hot flashes?"
"Do you have liver marks?"
"Do your kidneys trouble you?" "Do you have pain in back or under shoulder-blades?" "Do you wake up tired and out

'Are you losing flesh?"

"Is your strength falling?"

STEER CLEAR

Steer clear of patent cure-alls! To try to attack a hidden disease by means of a secret cure-all nostrum is the same piece of insanity as for an invalid to go blindfolded into a drugstore and eat medicine from the shelves without guidance to what is good and without warning against what is bad. Nor is there any abuse or folly against which the Cope-land nominal fee system is more directly aimed. With expert individual treatment at \$5 a month, all medicines included, where is the temptation or necessity to tamper with secret cure-alls?

PATENT CURE - ALLS

Their Use Invariably Dangerous and Against Common Sense.

When any person uses a patent cure-all as a means of self-doctoring for any particular disease - la grippe, catarrh, ung trouble, for instance-he assumes the risk of firing at random through his whole body to take the chances of hitting the diseased spot. He is

Taking Medicine Blindfold from an

He is taking medicine from an imaginary doctor who nev-Imaginary Doctor er saw him nor ever heard of him. He is driving at his heart when the disease is in his boweis, or driving at his lungs when the disease is in his liver. Whether he commit suicide ar not, he commits a blunder and a folly, and goes against common sense at his own risk and his

Simply Going

It Blindfolded.

own expense.

It has been claimed that

It Is the Great Cost of expert medical services that has en-couraged the sale of these patent curecouraged the sale of these paient sys-alls. Under the nominal assessment system in force at the Copeland Institute, however, invalids are fully protected against the evil. With expert individual treatment in each individual case, at a fee rate limited to \$5 a month, all medicines included, there is no longer either temptation or necessity to tamper with

DR. COPELAND'S BOOK FREE TO ALL. CONSULTATION FREE.

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W. H. COPELAND, M. D. OFFICE HOURS-From 9 A, M. to 12 M.; from 1 to 5 P. M. EVENINGS—Tuesdays and Fridays.

INDIAN WAR VETERANS. No Hope of Any Recognition From Government at This Session of

HE WILL NOT ALLOW PENSIONS TO

WASHINGTON. Feb. Simon, Foster and Shoup, together with Representatives from these states, called on Speaker Henderson today with T. A. Wood of Portland, representing the Indlan war veterans, and urged the Speaker to give recognition to the bill for pen-sioning Indian war veterans. The Senators returned after the conference and all stated rather positively that they got

Congress.

no encouragement from Henderson. The Speaker said that there were number of other pension bills pending of them urged as strongly as this partleular bill, and some with the entire Grand Army behind them, including the ervice pension bill, and to single trouble, and he could not at this time allow the service pension bill to be con-sidered. Every man that heard the Speaker became convinced that there

was no hope for the Indian war veteran bill at this session of Congress. The belief is expressed by a great many senators that President McKinley is using the threat of an extra session for effect in Cuba. It is known that General Wood is trying to bring the Cuban constitutional convention to terms which will be satisfactory to the Administration, re-garding the future relations of the coun-try. If Wood is not successful, McKinmay call an extra session, but meanwhile it is understood that Wood is using this proposition to influence the rates to make such terms as the Adorce the President either to withdraw United States authority from Cuba en-tirely or to remain in Cuba in defiance

of the so-called Teller resolution,

Farmer Boy Robbed a Bank. RANTOUL, Ill., Feb. 20 .- The private anking institution of F. B. Vennum, at oday of \$1620. Arthur Hyser, a farmer aged 22, entered the bank and in a same time covering the clerks with a distol. Cashler Vennum handed out the money and the robber backed out of the

GOOD DIGESTION

ally indicates weak digestion. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, taken before meals, will create a healthy desire for food, by cleansing the clogged bowels and stimulating the secretions of the stomach. It also purifies the blood, strengthens and invigorates the liver and kidneys. It is undoubtedly the most efficient medicine in the world for stomach troubles. A private revenue stamp covers the neck of

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH

Accept No Substitutes.

BLOCKED BY HENDERSON door. The robber boarded a freight train just pulling into the yard, taking charge of the engine. Several citizens caught proceeded to Wendling on foot, reaching the caboose as it passed the depot. They crawled over the tops of the cars and exchanged several ineffectual shots with the robber. The train was stopped after a mile had been covered, the robber was The Walla Walla artificial ice plant is captured and the money recovered.

Oregon Notes.

The Lostine Commercial Club is working on a creamery project. The La Grande Chamber of Commerce will assist the public library project. A lodge of Ancient Order of United Workmen was organized at Wendling Saturday night with 15 charter members, Knights of Maccabees of Ashland celebrated their eighth anniversary

Thursday evening. Over 70 members were Saturday Levi Herren, of Turner, lost a valuable horse under unusual circumstances. The sudden appearance of a push cart so frightened the animal that it ropped dead in its tracks.

The large Tipton ranch of about 6000 Umpqua River, near Glide, has been sold | Gray's Harbor City. by R. S. Sheridan to W. G. Hughes, of os Angeles for \$35,000, according to the Roseburg Review. Bird Farrier, an old mountain prospector, who has been making his nome with Baker Stewart, who resides 12 miles east of Cottage Grove on the Bo-

hemia road, was found unconscious at the bottom of a steep declivity last Saturday Last Friday while employes of the Southern Pacific Company were loading railroad ties near Irving, they found the box containing the papers taken from A. Bond & Son's safe at the time it was blown up by robbers, on the night of Jan-

uary 11, says the Eugene Guard, While out riding Monday morning, the 14-year-old son sof B. H. Crisp, of Express, was hurt in a most shocking manner, either by the horse falling with him or by throwing him. The boy's scalp from the forehead back almost half way across the skull was laid bare. The lad made

his way to the nearest farmhouse Monday afternoon a man, evidently demented, entered the office of the university, at Eugene, and, addressing Miss Nannie Paddock, the registrar, asked if she had any money, and if she had, de-manded that she give it to him. He did not press the matter, however, and soon He is now in the hands of the au-

The Central Point city election will come off March 11. The tickets are: Peoples'-Trustees, Ell Mayer, W. H. Patrick, Frank Amy, H. Corum, B. F. Peart; Street Commissioner, W. A. Owen; Treasurer, G. S. Moore. Citizens'-Trustees, J. W. Merrit, W. C. Leever, W. J. Freeman, Ell Mayer, J. W. Jacobs; Recorder, H. H. Rippey; Street Commissioner, W. A. Owen; Marshal, W. Stidham; Treasurer, G. S. Moore.

The body of A. B. Crooks, who for years resided in Linn County, opposite Jefferson, and who was drowned Sunday by reason of the sudden freshet of the Santiam, was recovered in an eddy in the main channel of the river, not far distant from his cabin. The rise in the river was phenominal, the stream rising at the rate of four feet an hour. So rapidly did the stream rise the man had no time to make his escape before being entirely surround-

Elsia Pickard returned to Eugene Sat urday evening from the scene of the horse drowning near Springfield. When the party reached the slough near James Ebbert's place all the occupants of the conveyance except Pickard got out and Pickard started to drive across the slough, which was a raging torrent. The current took horses, hack and driver down stream at a rapid rate, and they finally lodged against a tree. Pickard succeeded in climbing into the tree, but the horses became entangled and were drowned. Mr. Pickard says it was pitiful in the extreme to see the horses during their last living moments. They would look up at him with agonizing and almost human ex pressions in their eyes, as if imploring him to help them out. Frank Shuman, one of the party, plunged into the swift current to help save the horses, but it was all he could do to save himself from drowning. He swam to the tree where Pickard | 2 & W.

SUNDAYS-From 10 A. M. to 12 M. was and they both were brought to the shore with the aid of ropes. The party

here about 7 o'clock. Washington Notes.

seing extensively improved. A saloon was held up at Granite Falls, Snohomish County, Monday night, by two men, and robbed of \$50. The Hoquiam ship-yard will be busy this Summer. Two four-masted schooners will be built, and also a large shed, which will

cost about \$3000. This will be done to en-

The Walla Walla Horticultural Society has adopted resoluttions favoring the pas sage of the rate reduction bill introduced ment of a Winter agricultural course at the State Agricultural College at Pallman. Hoquiam people are enthusiastic over the report that the Northern Pacific will extend its road to North Beach in the near future. A surveying party of the railroad has now a line surveyed north

from Hoquiam some distance beyond Owing to heavy rains and melting snow in the mountains, Mill Creek, flowing through Walla Walla, rose to such an extent that considerable damage was done. A stone bulkhead, built by the city last Spring, was partially washed away,

causing a loss of about \$1000. John Crow has 1800 acres of Winter in, and will put in over 200 acres of Spring wheat, says the Pendleton East Oregonian. He says there has been no damage to crops from freezing thus far in his neighborhood, eight

Scrofula

Is a disease as old as antiquity, and as young as the newest-born infant.

It has infested the blood of humanity

from ancient times down to the present It is hereditary, or may be acquired. It appears in swollen glands, scrofuous sores, hip disease, boils, pimples,

eruptions, and, as believed by high au-

thorities, even in the forms of catarrh

and rheumatism. It can be cured by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla faithfully and persistently. We know this, because Hood's Sarsa-

parilla has done it. It will cure you if you give it a trial. You should begin to take it today.

Hip Disease-"I suffered from hip disnse; had 5 running sores; used crutches and each Winter I was confined to my bed for weeks at a time. Hood's Sarsaparilla has accomplished a perfect cure-saved my life. I have a good appetite and feel strong and well." Annie Roberts, 49 Fourth street, Fall River, Mass.

ula and sores appeared in her eyes. A few bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla entirely cured her, and she has never had scrofula since." Mrs. Howard Pope, Alpha, Or. N. B.-If you decide to take Hood's Sarsaparilla, do not be induced to buy any

In Her Eyes-"My little girl had scrof-

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