Sensational Speeches by Lentz in the House.

HE IS BRANDED AS A TRAITOR

Declared the Soldiers in the Philip pines Were Justified in Deserting -Brought the Entire Republican Side Down on Him.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.-The House finally today passed the sundry civil appropriation bill today and entered upon consideration of the general deficiency gentleman delivered before," he conbill-the last of the general appropriation bills. Lentz (Dem. O.), who in this and the previous Congress attacked the Adcharacter and brought down upon himself the whole Republican side of the House. In some remarks about a paragraph in the bill for payments for the apipplines had buried a native alive and had then beheaded him, and he read a letter, written he said, by a soldier in the Philippines saying that he and his companions, while on the expedition were ordered to shoot every man and beast they found. Lentz said if these things were found. Lentz said if these things were and shot; Mahon said that Lentz' remarks | than the soldier himself. were a revamping of the copperhead "Has Massachusetts shot Senator speeches of 40 years ago, and Moody read Hoar?" shouted Lentz, while the applause

than the deserter. The proceedings were enlivened by a humorous speech made by Allen (Dem.

Miss.) in favor of an amendment offered by him to appropriate \$30,000 for a fish hatchery at Tupelo, Miss. Allen goes out

with a plan agitated some years ago to remove the seats and substitute benches, the Army or Navy." something after the manner in which the House of Commons is arranged, came up on motion made by Crumpacker (Rep. Ind.) to appropriate \$115,000 "for refur-nishing and rearranging the hall of the House of Representatives, including the removel of the individual deaks of m bers and the reduction of the size, and re-seating of the hall in a manner that will

Mexico, who was at one time a member of the Ohio Legislature and who, the newspaper said, voted for Hanna for United States Senator. With this paratext he attacked corruption judicial place had been given Mr. Ly-land in return for his vote for United

lates Senator Hanna, Steele (Rep. Ind.) made the point of or-

not jumping on a dead man." replied Lentz, 'but on a man who is so allve that he will ride on Pennsylvania venue with the President one week from "I do not know Mr. Lyland." inter-

rupted Cannon, emphatically, "but I do know the gentleman from Ohio. Brave men fight the living; ghouls ravish the tombs of the dead. That is all I have to (Republican applause.) Later on, Grosvenor tried to secure an opportunity to reply to Lentz, but Lentz

objected unless 20 minutes were allowed a side. "It is not possible that my ague will insist upon his objection?" said Grosvenor. "He made an attack upon a dead man and I desire five minutes "I did not make an attack upon a dead

man," replied Lentz. "I made an expose of a live man. I have the proof here if you desire to open up the subject." Angered by Lentz' refusal to allow him heard, Grosvenor, with flushed face and uplifted arm, declared that the gentleman from Ohio (Lentz) had be ous faisehool. "And he knows added Grosvenor

A few minutes afterward. Lentz pro sed that Grosvenor be given 15 minutes and he (Lentz) 10 minutes. "Oh, I object," called out Cannon. "If the gentlemen desire to wash their dirty linen, they should hire a hall."

"A very sensational episode occurred paragraph providing that not over \$50 should be paid for the appre hension of a deserter from the Army This paragraph was selzed upon by Lentz for a base from which to attack what he said was going on in the Philippines and which so disgusted our soldlers there that they deserted. He declared that reports were coming back from the Philippines to the effect that our soldiers were killing prisoners, and he said that he knew of a letter received by the father of a soldier in the Philippines telling how a native had been buried his captors and then "If that is the sort of civilization that is being carried into the Philippines," Lentz declared, "It will take \$3000 to prevent our soldiers from desert-

Lentz' remarks roused the House to fever pitch. Graham (Rep. Pa.) challenged Lentz to produce the letter he had reto. He said he thought it existed the imagination of the gentleman from Ohio. Lentz declared that the letter could not be produced without getting the

Cannon, in impressive tones, declared that a gentleman who would rise in his place in the American Congress and advise men who had enlisted under the American flag to desert might be safe here, but if he should say the same thing in the Philippines, he would be tried by drum-head courtmartial and shot. This statement brought a round of applause

from the Republican side. But Lentz returned to the assault. He read a newspaper account of a letter aileged to have been received by the father a soldier saying that the soldiers were ordered to shoot every man and beast they found. Lents declared that he could

the world. He charged that our soldiers were gullty of murder and said that the time had come when the country was entitled to know the facts and not to

rely upon a censored press. Cannon said the gentleman was lashing slandered were probably in the performance of their duty. Cannon said that in his life he had heard more eloquent men than the gentleman from Ohio encourage desertion. "When the life of the Nation was at stake," he said, "men al over the North stood behind the firing line and encouraged desertion. I leave the gentleman to the contempt of an indignant people," continued Connon, amid a whiriwind of applause, as he took his

"Was the gentleman on the firing-line?" was the gentleman on the aring-ine: cried Lentz.

"It matters not where I was," retorted Cannon, jumping to his feet. "I was not disloyal then, and what is more import-ant, I am not disloyal now." (Renewed

ablican applause.) Mahon challenged Lentz to bring in a resolution to ask the Secretary of War whether such orders as he had referred to ever had been issued. The result of some such inquiry, he said, would show

tinued. "They are but a revamp of the copperhead speeches from 1861 to 1865. The copperhead charged every crime in ministration, furnished the sensation of the day. He used a newspaper para-graph recounting the death of a Federal seuse you encourage them to desert, and Judge in New Mexico who had been a member of the Legislature which elected Senator Hanna, as a text for charging rebellion I thought if 8060 or 10,000 of the corruption in that election. This called copperheads had been shot, we would not for a rebuke from Cannon (Rep. III.), have been troubled with desertion. Some who declared that brave men fought the of those men still live—thank God, very living and only ghouls ravished the tumbs of the dead. Grosvenor (Rep. O.) attempted to reply and the two Ohloans state will be paid to make such charges were anxious for the fray, but Cannon would not permit. He thought if "dirty linen" was to be washed, the gentlemen should hire a hall. Later. Lentz made a second onshaught of a more sensational you—you are not worth it—but because you-you are not worth It-but be of your everlasting demagogy."

This brought Lentz again to his feet. When he declared himself a Jeffersonianprehension of deserters, Lentz made the Lincoln Democrat, the Republicans startling charge that soldiers in the Phil-

"It is a great satisfaction," laconically observed Mahon, amid laughter. Grosvenor also paid his respects to ng. Cannon, Mahon (Rep. Pa.), Grosvenor, Moody (Rep. Mass.), amid warm
applause, strongly rebuked Lentz. Cannon declared that were Lentz in the Philippines he would be tried by courterward.

the words of Lincoln that the man who encouraged a soldier to desert is worse "Oh, get out," called Dalzell (Rep.

Pa.). The excitement then subsided and the

"Provided further, that the superintendof Congress March 4, after a service of 16 years. He declared that "thousands and millions of unborn fish were clamor." "Provided further, that the superintendent of the Naval Academy shall make such rules, to be approved by the Secreing to this Congress for the opportunity of being born in Tupelo" (Allen's home).

The amendment was unanimously cadet found guilty of participating in. or encouraging such practice shall be The question of rearranging the hall of the House of Representatives for the accommodation of members, in accordance to the corps of cadets, or be eligible for appointment and appointment of the corps of cadets.

## THE ARMY BILL.

Amendmen's by the Senate Committee on Military Affairs.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.-The Senate committee on military affairs today com-pleted its consideration of the Army apbe most convenient for the sessions of the House." The amendment also provided for the refurnishing of the Speaker's the Spooner Phillippine amendment to the room. The proposition was debated at considerable length and then defeated. 245 to 161. The bill was then passed.

The House next took up the general deficiency appropriation bill. Speaking to a pro forma amendment. Lentz had read a prosperate from a company fro to a pro forms amendment. Lentz had insi vacancies in the grade of Captain tion in the United States, you will find read a paragraph from a Columbus, O... in the Quartermaster's, subsistence and that the profits of the English railroads pay department, may be made from Army Charies Lyland, Territorial Judge of New officers of valunteers commissioned since Mexico, who was at one time a member April 21, 1888, and now in the service. Another amendment strikes out the an propriation of \$2,000,000 to pay soldiers' de-posits, made by the bill as it passed the House, and appropriates \$50,000 to pay in-

high and low places, charging that it terest on the deposits.

Icial place had been given Mr. Ly- Among the other amendments inserted was one providing that "upon the occur rence of a vacancy in the grade of Colo-nel in the Inspector-General's Department, der that Lentz was not speaking to the subject under consideration, but "was therein shall have been promoted or rejumping on a dead man." thereafter the number of officers author One Inspector-General, with the lows: rank of Brigadier-General; three Intors-General, with the rank of four Inspectors-General, with the rank of

with the rank of Major.

Discourteous to England. WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.-The Senat idverse action upon the resolution heretofore introduced by Senator Morgan de claring the right of the United States to proceed with the construction of the Nicaragua Canal regardless of the Clayton Bulwer treaty. The reason given for the committee's action was that it would be

the resolution while the Hay-Pa treaty is still pending before the British Government. Considered Mason's Amendment. WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.-In obedience to the call made upon Senator Wolcot chairman of the committee on postoffices while Senator Mason's pneumatic tube amendment was under discussion in the Senate today, the Coloradoan called a meeting of the committee immediately after the Senate adjourned to consider

discourteous to Great Britain to adop

an agreement, adjourned until tomorrow A French Sugar Trust.

sion for half an hour, and, falling to reach

The committee was in ses-

PARIS, Feb. 20 .- An important sugar refinery at St. Outen, Department of Seine, announces that it will close, as its machinery is out of date and the establishment is unable to compete with other refiners.

L'Aurore asserts, however, that the closing down is really due to an agree-ment between some of the principal sugar refiners, such as MM. Sommier, Say and Lebaudy, who have suppressed refinery in order to restrict the output. L'Aurore declared that this operation an entire monopoly of the sugar in dustry."

Tillamook Shipping.

TILLAMOOK, Or., Feb. 20.-The tug George R. Voeburg returned to the vesterday from Nehalem, where she has been bar-bound and unable to reach As toria to have her bollers covered The schooner C. H. Wheeler has been partly loaded with lumber at the Tillamook Lumber Company's mill, at this city, with about 350,000 feet of spruce. She has been towed to the Davies' mill, on the Trask River, where she will take on board 250,000 feet more of spruce previous to being towed to San Francisc

Belgium Will Make No Reprisals. WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.-It is stated at the Belgian legation that Belgium has no engaging in retaliation ris. against the United States because of our Government imposing a countervalling ridge R. Hills. First Lleutenants to be duty on Belgian beet-sugar imported into the United States, that method of repris. Straub, Henry O. Schumm, Alfred M. in economy. The being foreign to Belgian practice. had been issued, he said, this Congress the United States, that method of repriscollectively should be ashamed to face al being foreign to Belgian practice.

PNEUMATIC TUBE SERVICE

THE SUBJECT AGAIN BROUGHT BE-FORE THE SENATE.

Precipitated by Amendments Extending It to Chicago and St. Louis-Railway Mail Pay.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.-The Senate spent the day on the postoffice appropria-tion bill, making some progress, but not mpleting it. The amendment of But ler proposing a reduction of about 9 per cent in the pay for the railway postal service was defeated, 18 to 51, after a debate in which Depew answered Butler's criticisms on the large profits made by American roads. Late in the day a sharp ontroversy on the pneumatic tube ques on was precipitated by an amendmen offered by Mason, extending that service to Chicago and one by Vest extending it to St. Louis. Hale severely criticised those promoting the system, referring to a "job and lobby." When he made a point of order that a committee had not passed on the amendment the advocates of the on the amendment the advocates of the extension quickly circulated a call for a meeting of the committee on postoffices, and the session closed with Welcott's humorous announcement of the committee meeting in response to the impera-

tive demands made on him. Soon after the Senate convened Petti-grew offered a resolution, which was agreed to, directing the committee on printing to ascertain why the public printer had not delivered to the Senate the instructions and papers sent to the Paris Peace Commission. Bills to grant land warrants to descendants of the New York Indians who served in the War of 1818, and to pay an award of the Sec-retary of the Interior in favor of the Cherokee Indians were referred to the

Court of Claims.

Consideration of the postoffice appropriation bill was resumed at the conclusion of the routine business. The pending quetion was the amendment of Butler to reduce the pay of railroads for carrying the an aggregate of about 9 per cen-The North Carolina Senator continued his peech begun Monday. Butler said he ould rather see the ship subsidy bill ome a law than to have the pending bill pass containing the present provision for railway mail pay, as under the pend-ing appropriation bill a bigger hole would be made in the treasury than would be made by the subsidy bill. Butler pointed out that according to the report of Pro fessor Adams, the expert of the Postal Commission, which he had read, 48 per ent of the amount paid to the railroads for carrying the mails actually was paid for carrying mail pouches. He had often wondered, he said, why the leather and the locks in the mails were so heavy. "It seems," he said, "that the railroads have used their influence to have them made heavy because they are getting the same pay for carrying them as they are getting for carrying mail matter. He thought there would be just as much sense in charging the weight of the car against the Government. Butler contrasted the ost of railway mail pay in Europe and this country to the disadvantage of the United States.

Depew interrupted to say that the wages pald by European continental railroads were only about one-fourth of the wages in this country, while the freight rates in this country were only a little more than one-fourth of what they were in

"Does the Senator mean," inquired Butler, "that the American railroads are los-"I do not mean to say they are losing money," responded Depew. "I mean to say that if they had anything like the rates charged for freight in Continental

Europe, they could carry the mails free, and, in addition, pay a large revenue to "No railroads in the world have larger profits than those of the United States,

"The capitalization of railroads in Europe," responded Depew, "Is much larger than it is here. In Great Britain it "Is about \$350,000 a mile. If that capitalization be reduced to the average capitaliza-tion in the United States, you will find

Welcott said, as to European railroads carrying the malis free, that in Great Britain the cost of railroad mail trans-portation was little less, if any, than here. In Continental Europe the govern-ment either owned the railroads or guar-anteed the payment of the principal and interest of their bonds, and of 5 or 6 pe ent dividends on their stock, whether they earned it or not.

The amendment offered by Butler, making an aggregate reduction of about 9 per cent in the railway mail pay, was re-Jected, 18 to 51.

The amendment appropriating \$80,000 for the transportation of mail by pneumatic tubes and repealing the law which prohibits future contracts for pneumatic tube service, together with the pending point of order against it, was called up, president pro tem., Frye, submitted the point of order to the Senate, and it was sustained without division, the amend-

ment thus being stricken out. Mason then offered an amendment apropriating \$500,000 for the maintenance of pneumatic tube service in cities where it is now in operation and for its establishment in Chicago, provided that all future contracts for the establishment of the service be advertised publicly. Against the amendment. Hale raised a point of , saying it was clearly "general leg-on" On a vote, the amendment was held to be in order, 54 to 16.

Hale interposed a further point of order on the ground that a committee had not passed upon the proposition. The Senator added some very severe remarks on the "gigantic lobby" behind this pneu-matic tube plan. He had thought it had en smitten in the teeth by the action Congress two days ago, but now the "job" was here again, and the streets leading to the Capitol were fairly lined with people importuning Senators from the time they left their homes. Mason replied in vigorous terms. Vest moved an amendment that St. Louis be included in the provision for pneumatic tube service At this point Wolcott gained recognitio and said: "I have just been handed a communication of a rather imperative character—the most imperative that I re-call in 12 years." He then read a request addressed to him by a large number of Senators of the postoffice committee. "Please call immediately meeting of committee on postoffices and post roads to consider Mason's pneumatic tube amendment," Wolcott said that with such an imperative request before him. he would call the meeting. In the mean time, he asked that the subject be laid aside and that the Senate adjourn. There was a general laugh at the sudden shift of affairs, and then, at 5:25 P. M., the Ser ate adjourned.

PRESIDENTIAL NOMINATIONS.

Another List of Promotions in th Army. WASHINGTON, Feb. 20 .- The Presiden

today sent these nominations to the Sen-Army of the United States-To be jor-General: Brigadier-General William R. Shafter, United States Army, retired

Cavalry-Lieutenant-Colonel Edward M. Hayes, Fourth, to be Colonel; Major Charles L. Cooper, Fifth, to be Lieu-Department-Assistant

geons with rank of Captain, to be Surgeons with rank of Major: Charles M. Gaudy, Jefferson R. Keene, Harry I. Raymond, Francis J. Ives, Edward R. Mor Artillery-To be Major: Captain Eld-

March, Eugene T. Wilson, Edmund M. Blake, John T. Martin, Wilmot E. Ellis, William L. Kenly, William G. Haan, Sidney S. Jordan, Walter A. Bethel, Morris

hey S. Jordan, Waiter A. Bethel, Morris K. Barroll, Delamar Skerrett, Edward T. McGlachlan, Jr., Archibald Campbell. Quartermasters' Department — First Lieutenants to be Quartermasters with rank of Captains: Joseph T. Crabbs, Eighth Cavairy, and Louis B. Lawton, Ninth Infantry, Subsistence Department-First Lieuten-ant A. M. Edwards to be Commissary

with rank of Captain. Infantry-Sergeant William J. Schmidt, Twelfth Infantry, to be Second Lieuten-

Volunteers-Eleventh Cavalry, First Lieutenant C. R. Trowbridge to be a Captain, and Second Lieutenant John Holtman to be First Lleutenant. Acting Asdstant Surgeons, United States Army, to be Assistant Surgeons of Volunteers with oe Assistant Surgeons of volunteers with rank of Captain; James Edmondson, New York; Joseph C. Relfsnyder, Pennsylva-nia; Joseph J. Curry. Massachusetts; James K. Stoddard. North Carolina; George R. Plummer, Florida; William R. Van Tuyl, Kansas; Joseph S. Fogg. Maine.

Navy-Commander Robert M. Berry to be Captain; Lieutenant-Commander Danfel V. Stuart to be Commander; Lieu-tenant William P. Rush to be Lieutenant-Commander: Lieutenant (junior grade) Wilfred V. M. Powelson to be Lieutenant. Justice—Marshall E. Woodworth, of California, to be Attorney for the Northern District of California.

## VALUE OF THE CANAL.

Isthmian Waterway From a Military Standpoint.

NEW YORK, Feb. 20 .- "The Isthmian Canal" was the subject of discussion at a meeting of the American Academy of Political and Social Science at Philadelphia last night. Professor Emory R. Johnson of the University of Pennsylvania, a member of the Canal Commission, spoke upon "The Economic Aspects of the Isthmian Canal Question, and Colonel Peter C. Haines, of the Army, upon "The Isthmian Canal From a Military Point of View," Colonel Haines is quoted in a spe-

cial to the Tribune as saying: "For an isthmian canal to be of service to the United States, it must be presupposed that passage of it, through it and from it is assured. But passage to or from it in case of war with a strong naval power could only be maintained by a strong naval force. If the canal bristled with guns from one end to the other, it would be of no use to the United States while a powerful hostile fleet dominated the Caribbean Sea. The nation that controls the adjoining seas will, in time of war, control passage through the canal, no matter which one has possession.

"From a military standpoint the canal is valuable only as a shortened line of communication. It has no other value, It does not serve as a good base of operatlons in a war with a strong naval power. No prudent naval commander would hold a fleet in Lake Nicaragua or Lake Bahla to spring out on the foe in either ocean, as has sometimes been suggested. If our enemy be weak, it would not be necessary; if strong, the dangers of being bottled up are too

Suppose, on the other hand, the canal were neutral. It would not then become a prize of war. Neither the maintenance of an army to protect it nor of a fleet to keep open communication with it would be necessary. Great Britain might possibly send ships through it, but even that is doubtful. The most that could be gained by doing so is a saving of time Under some circumstances this might be an important matter. But the naval preponderance of Great Britain is such that time would be of less importance to her than to us.

"It is believed in consideration of the freedom of the canal extended by the United States to the ships of all nations, those nations would agree to an arrangement by which the region of the canal and large areas of the sea at each terminus should be exempted from the operations of war. The larger these areas of neutrality the better should such an agreement be violated by any nation that The United States could destroy the canal if necessary, so as to render it impossible of being used against us. As no nation except Great Britain would wish to use the canal for any other than peaceful purposes of commerce, and as she probably would have no strong reason for using it in other way, it is not seen why such an agreement might not be made.

RUSSIA ONLY WILL BE HURT

W. T. Stead on the Threatened Tariff War.

NEW YORK, Feb. 20.-W. T. Stead, in special dispatch to the Journal and Ad-

"Russia does not mean to quarrel with the United States, not even to the extent of a tariff war. The sudden and startling application of the maximum tariff to im ports from America, valued at \$19,000,006 year, as a method of indicating dissatisfaction with Gage's method of levying duty on a commodity of which America imports only \$200,000 annually, can hardly

"Being a convinced free trader, believ ing Russia's material development has been and is still being horribly retarded by the heavy protective duties which she imposes on imports, I regard the increase of Russian duties on American iron and steel goods with profound regret. loes not matter much to the American manufacturer if he is temporarily shut out of the Russian market; it matters everything to the Russian consumer that the price of his machinery should not be increased. The Russian peasant needs cheap agricultural machinery. As Professor Ozeroff cried out not long high duties on iron and steel hit the

agriculturist at every turn. "From a political point of view, with Count von Waldersee menacing China with a great expedition inland with Count von Waldersee's master hand in glove with Great Britain, it would be unheard-of fatulty for the great powers which are in accord as to the policy to be pursued in China to allow a trifle, such this matter of interpretation as to what is and what is not bounty-fed sugar, to involve them in a dispute which might render their co-operation in China less easy and natural than it is today. "Cassini has now assured Gage that Russia is prepared to cut off her nose to spite her face. Such is the extraordinary dementia that sugar seems to have produced upon the minds of the financlers. There is little doubt that Russia will carry out her threat. Could not Gage, under these circumstances, discov er in the inexhaustible resources of the art of interpretation some means of saving Russia from inflicting an injury upon herself out of all proportion to the grievance which she seeks to remedy?

The Moser Murder Trink PEORIA, Ill., Feb. 20.-One of the witesses examined Saturday afternoon in the Moser trial testified that Moser had told him he went to Utah to kill himself because he did not care to live in the Amish community. Sheriff Mount testi-fied that the accused told of the manner of killing his family. On cross-examination he said Moser told him the only reason why he was expelled from the Amish church was because he held his crying child on his lap during services. He testified to conversations with Moser which Moser blamed the church for all his trouble.

A LONG LOAF IS WISE LOAF

"Webfoot" flour makes all loaves long economy. Tastes just as good in any

MRS, NATION FOR THE PRESENT WILL LIVE IN JAIL.

Saloon-Smashing Cases Postponed Until April-Progress of the Crusade in Kansas.

TOPEKA, Kan., Feb. 20.-Mrs. Carrie Nation and her two companions, Mrs. Crist and Miss Madeline Southard, are atili confined in the County Jail. Mrs. Nation stolidly persists that she will not give a \$2000 bond to keep the peace, and will remain in jail. The other two women are undecided, but it is thought will secure bonds in a day or two. There has been a constant stream of visitors, and yesterday afternoon Mrs. Nation sent own word that she was not to be disturbed.

Judge Hazen postponed the case against Mrs. Nation and others for the malicious destruction of property, Sunday. until the next term of court, which wil he in April. Mrs. Nation arose several times to address the court, and each time called him "Your dishonor." When asked if she were ready for trial, Mrs. Nation, who acts as her own attorney, said: "Your dishonor, I am incapable of trying my case this afternoon, as I have been poisoned by cigarette smoke in the County Jail. I want to see how the other cases are tried anyway."

The indications are that there will be a legal battle over the trials. The attorneys for the defense will insist that they be granted a change of venue, on account the alleged prejudice of Judge Hazen.

THE MILLWOOD MURDER.

Raiders Took Advantage of Reform Movement to Settle an Old Fend.

LEAVENWORTH, Kan., Feb. 20.-John Hudson, the bartender whose wife was killed in Tuesday's raid at Millwood. came to Leavenworth today and swore arrest here, charging them with murder in the first degree. Hudson says he knows who fired the shot that killed his wife, and that he will make his name known at the proper time. Thomas McNamara, Hudson's cousin, openly accuses one of the quartet with firing the fatal shot. The Coroner's jury will not sit on the case until next Monday. In the meantime, the Coroner is busily engaged in gathering evidence against the raiders, and several additional arrests will, it is said, follow. It is said today that none of the raiders were temperance beople, and that they took advantage of the reform movement to pay an old grudge. William Webb, who was wounded in the raid, is reported in a serious condition today, and may not live. He is 60 years of age.

Firemen May Be Called Out.

WICHITA, Kan., Feb. 39 .- A definite pian has been formed here, in case of a raid on the saloons in the night time, which is expected to take place at any moment, to call out the fire department to reinforce the inadequate police service. For the purpose of quelling a riot, the firemen will be permanently clothed with the authority of policemen, with power to eputize citizens at next Monday night's Council meeting, and until then it is un-derstood that they will have temporary authority to make arrests.

It is reported on reliable authority that Judge Dale, of the District Court, today made a statement that the ministers of churches shall have no immunity from arest, so far as his court is concerned, if they use language calculated to incite a riot, even though such language may be used in the pulpit.

Mr. Nation Heard From.

PEORIA, Ill. Feb. 20.—David Nation, nusband of Mrs. Carrie Nation, has writ-ten the editor of the Journal, which Mrs. Nation is to edit next Tuesday, stating that he will probably accompany his wife to Peoria, and that he is more fully in secord with this latest of his wife's ventures than with anything else she has done since coming so prominently before the public. Continuing, he writes; "Will you place in your paper; 'We are authorized to say, in the most positive and emphatic terms, that the statement telegraphed from Wichita that Captain David Nation. usband of Mrs. Carrie Nation, is about to institute divorce proceedings against his wife unless she returns to Medicine and his wife are in perfect accord.

Mrs. Diggs' Compliment.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Feb. 20 .- Mrs. An nic L. Diggs, the Kansas reformer, has come out as a defender of Mrs. Nation. In a paper read before the Current Events Club, she says: "Were Mrs. Nation just the ordinary crank, zealously pursuing me purpose, or cherishing but one idea wane, but instead, each day and hour she reveals some unique, picturesque and strong phase of character. Mrs. Nation is utterly uninfluenced by vulgar desire for notoriety." Mrs. Diggs declares that Mrs. Nation is so thoroughly unmodern as to date back not only to Puritan days, but far back to biblical ages

Crusade Resulted in Death.

SISTERSVILLE, W. Va., Feb. 20.-At Stringtown a small oil village in Tyler County, a fire started last night in a drug store, and before the flames could be controlled John Clendenning was burned to death. There had been a Carrie Na-tion crussde against the dives and "speakeasies," and a warning had been given that unless the proprietor of the store, over which Clendenning stopped selling liquor, the place would

An Armistice Declared.

WINFIELD, Kan., Feb. 20.—Rev. George T. Smith, chairman of the mass meeting that issued the ultimatum to the jointists issued a printed circular declaring a cessation of hostilities, and further trouble seems to have been averted. Rev. Mr. Smith says the original purpose has been accomplished, and the prohibitionists will rely on the Mayor and Council to keep the joints closed.

"Joints" Classed as Nuisances TOPEKA, Kan., Feb. 30.-The Houstoday passed Senator Hurrell's bill relating to the sale of intoxicating liquors, and it was sent to Governor Stanley for his signature. The bill classes as a public ce all places where liquor is sold illegally.

HIS SECOND ESCAPE. Again the Boers Nearly Captured General Kitchener.

LONDON. Feb. 20.-A special dispatch from Pretoria says the Boers at Klip River, February 18, derailed a train containing Kitchener's baggage. The train was

er-in-Chief as a passenger. An armored train drove off the Boers, but the latter secured the contents of the train derailed. LONDON, Feb. 21. - Lord Kitchener's

second narrow escape from capture calls out newspaper warnings as to the danger of his rapid flittings by train from place to place. It is considered better for him to remain in Pretoria than to risk upsetting his carefully elaborated plans of campaign. As Lord Kitchener is now back in Pretoria, the inference is that General Dewet has again escaped from the supposed cordon. There is no further of General French's pursuit Commandant Botha in Eastern Trans-

Statements emanate from both Pretoric and Brussels that Mr. Kruger contem- DUFFY MALT WHISKEY CO., Rochester, N. Y.

# NOT GIVE BOND WOMEN OF THE UNITED STATES

Regard Peruna as Their Shield Against Catarrh, Coughs Colds, Grip and Catarrhal Diseases.



MRS. BELVA A. LOCKWOOD, LATE CANDIDATE FOR THE PRESIDENCY.

Mrs. Belva Lockwood, the eminent barrister, of Washington, D. C., is the only woman who has ever been a candidate for the Presidency of the United States. She is the best known woman in America. As the ploneer of her sex in the legal profession she has gathered fame and fortune. In a letter to The Peruna Medicine

"I have used your Peruna both for myself and my mother, Mrs. Hannah J. Bennett, now in her 88th year, and I find it an invaluable remedy for cold, catarrh, hay fever and kindred diseases; also a good tonic for feeble and old people, or those run down, and with nerves unstrung."-Belva A. Lockwood.

> not bad. I am not troubled with coughing

or spitting, or

any other disa-greeable symp-

toms of ca-tarrh. But, my

dear madam,

you may have

you may have



MRS. T. PELTON.

Mrs. T. Pelton, 562 St. Anthony avenue, St. Paul, Minn., writes: "Peruna has done wonders for me. It has cured my headache and palpitation of the heart; has built up my whole sys-tem. I cheerfully recommend Peruna to all sufferers afflicted with catarrh. My mother is never without Peruna. When one is thred and generally out of sorts, if Peruna is taken it immediately removes that tired feeling."

Peruna cures catarrh by removing the ause, inflamed mucous membranes, Dr. Hartman, the compounder of Perung, once said, in a lecture to women: "A great number of women consult me-very year. I often have occasion to say to these patients, 'I fear you have Address, Dr. Hartman, President of catarrh, madam.' They will generally The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.

catarrh of the pelvic organs." The doctor reliable family remedy,"-Julia C. Esrown. went on to say: preaching this doctrine for the last 40 years, but there are a vast multitude of women who have never heard; it yet. women who have keep organ of Catarrh may attack any organ of

plates returning to South Africa. It is instead of two at Boston and Philadelsaid that he has just finished writing a memorial on the war which will be sent to the European governments and to President McKinley.

Civil and Military Conflict. SALISBURY, Rhodesia, Feb. 20,-Con-flict between the civil and the military authorities here has arisen over the order of the latter for the suppression of the Times, a local newspaper, for printed a criticism of the conduct of Gen erai Carrington. The high court ordered the restoration of its right to the Times, and interdicted the military authorities from any interference therewith beyond the necessary censorship. The military authorities disregarded the order, and the staff of the Times were forcibly evicted

from their offices,

him.'

Smith-Dorrien's Column Missing. NEW YORK, Feb. 26.-A dispatch to the Journal and Advertiser from London sava "Grave anxiety is felt for the fats of Smith-Dorrien's column, which has not been heard of since February 6, when it ost 24 killed and 46 wounded it engagement with Commandant Boths, a Bothwell. The officer in command at Wonderfontein, the nearest post on the railway to the scene of the engagement; reports that he has no news of Smith-Dorrien, who has about 2500 men under

Train Derailed and Looted. COLESBURG, Feb. 20 .- A train was dealled by the Boers near Jalbosch and looted by natives. Two cars were ordered out, and the Boers fired on them, killing two persons and wounding many.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—The ways and means committee of the House held a long session today, but did not have occasion to take up the revenue reduction bill, as the conferees were not ready to make any statement on its prospects. The tariff reduction bill of Babcock, taking off the duties on most of the articles in the iron and steel schedule of the Dingley act, was referred to the sub-committe customs. It is hardly expected that anything can be done on a this far-reaching character at this late lay of the session.

The proposition to have one appraise

## The Fountain of Youth

"I feel like a boy again!" exclaimed Geo.

W. Attridge, a man 97 years old, after a three weeks' course of DUFFY'S PURE MALT WHISKEY. And he looked it too. The ruddy flush of health was in his checks, the

or health was in his checks, the youthful fire and brightness had returned to his eyes, and in his walk there was all the light-hearted buoyancy and vigor of his early manhood. A miracle? No; that is just what D UFFY'S PURE MALT WHISKEY is doing every day for the feeble and ailing who use it as a tonic and stimulant. It curs like magic. Abram E. Elmer, of Utica, is 119 years

old, and has taken no medicine except Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey for twenty-five It is the only Whiskey taxed by the Gov-

ernment as a medicine. This is a guarantee. All druggists and grocers, or direct. Refuse substitutes. Send for free medical booklet.

catarrh all the same. Catarrh is not always located in the head, You may have catarrh of the lungs, or stomach, or liv-

reply, 'Oh, no, I never had catarrh. My

nose is perfectly clear, and my breath is

Mrs. Julia C. drown, of Pecutonica, Ills., says: 'I have used Feruna in my half for the past four years, and am thoroughly convinced that it is a reliable family remer, or kidneys, and especially

body. Women are especially catarrh of the pelvic organs. There are 100 cases of catarrh of the pelvito one of catarrh of the head. Most peo-ple think, because they have not catarr, of the head, they have not estarrh at all. This is a great mistake, and is the cause of many cases of sickness and death." If you do not derive prompt and satis-

factory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

phia, and to increase the salary of the official retained, was lost on a tie vote, and similar adverse action proposition to consolidate the Chicago apraiser's office.

The bill allowing Government moneys to be kept in Government densitories in Hawas favorably acted on. Sulzer's resolution calling for information on the imposition of rates on Rusdan sugar was not taken up.



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Positively cured by these Little Pills.

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