

FARE FROM WORK

Plans for Reconsideration of Preston Bill.

THE MOTION WAS VOTED DOWN

Tolman Measure Was Then Reported Favorably—Only Difference Is That Governor Would Appoint Commission.

OLYMPIA, Wash., Feb. 13.—This afternoon the bill providing for the reconsideration of the vote whereby his railroad commission bill was defeated, he changed his vote in the committee on general consideration. The motion was defeated by a vote of 19 to 15, each Senator recording himself in exactly the same manner as he did upon the final passage of the bill last Friday.

The result on the motion to reconsider proves that George U. Piper and W. H. Paulhaus were unable to deliver to the Preston combination sufficient votes for reconsideration, and that finding themselves unable to do so, they permitted the Senator whom they did control to vote with the railroad people.

Immediately after the defeat of motion for reconsideration, Senator Preston, on behalf of the railroad committee, reported favorably upon the Tolman railroad commission bill, with such amendments as made it identical in its provisions with the Preston bill, except that the Governor is given power to appoint the commission.

The report of the commission, as a matter of form, was adopted. The bill was not made a special order for any given time, but will come up on general order.

It is generally acknowledged that Piper and Paulhaus were able to deliver three votes on reconsideration. Three votes were necessary, however, and they were not able to deliver the third vote.

It is believed that the next step of the bill will be to aid the anti-railroad people to pass a bill reducing freight rates.

IN THE SENATE.

Bills for Apportionment of State into Three Congressional Districts.

OLYMPIA, Wash., Feb. 13.—Senator Crow, of Whitman, on behalf of Democrats introduced a bill dividing the state into Congressional districts as follows: First—Adams, Astoria, Clatsop, Columbia, Douglas, Ferry, Garfield, Klickitat, Lincoln, Clatskanie, Spokane, Stevens, Walla Walla, Whitman and Yakima.

Second—Chehalis, Clallam, Clark, Columbia, Jefferson, Klamath, Lewis, Pacific, Pierce, Skamania, Thurston and Wahkiakum.

Third—Island, King, San Juan, Skagit, Snohomish and Whatcom.

Under the terms of this bill the first district—Eastern Washington—could naturally be expected to be Democratic, and the other two districts Republican.

The first district includes all of Eastern Washington except Klickitat County, which is placed in the southwest district. The bill also places Congressmen Cushman and Jones in separate districts. In the rough, the bill puts King County and the northwest in one district; Clallam, Clatsop, and the southwest in the second, and Eastern Washington, barring Klickitat County, in the third.

The Senate passed a bill by Baumgardner changing the name of Lewiston, in Astoria County, to Clarkston.

Senator Randa, of Clark, introduced a bill for the relief of W. W. McCredie, of Vancouver, in the payment of \$100 to the party in question for prosecuting certain cases before the Land Department. Randa also introduced a memorial praying Congress to take such action as is necessary to provide for the speedy hearing of such cases before the Supreme Court of the United States as involve the title to odd-numbered sections in quarter-sections.

Welly of Lewis introduced a bill which provides that standing timber on all state land, when it shall exceed 1,000,000 feet in any quarter-section, may be sold separately from the land, and when so sold must be removed within three years.

The Senate passed several minor House bills, including one making a deficiency appropriation for the passage of the State Superintendent of Public Instruction.

Senator Megler offered a resolution for the appointment of a committee. The enemies of the Preston railway commission bill were suspicious of this resolution, especially as it conferred the power to appoint the committee, and it was voted down, although the majority will undoubtedly be appointed before the end of the session.

Crow and Hall, both of Whitman, presented several petitions from their constituents praying for the passage of the Rosenbaum bill, which provides for a reduction in freight rates.

Senator Preston offered a resolution looking to the abolishment of the printing of the Senate calendar. He declared that the calendar was worthless, and was a needless expense. The matter was referred to the printing committee.

House bill No. 90, providing that prosecutions under the dog bite law be instituted in Jefferson County, was passed.

House bill No. 42, limiting the Coroner to a charge of \$5 for burial expenses in the case where no claim is made upon the estate of the deceased person, was passed.

At the afternoon session Senator Smith introduced a constitutional amendment providing that the general election be held during the six months immediately preceding any general election. The bill provides for the submission of the amendment to the people of the state at the next general election.

Senator Biggs, of Whatcom, introduced a bill changing the name of New Whatcom to Whatcom. Dr. Biggs suggested that the bill be referred to the committee on medicine, hygiene and dentistry, because, as he said, "the name needs fixing." The bill was so referred.

A bill giving King County an additional Judge of the Superior Court was also passed. The bill gives the Governor authority to appoint the Judge until the next election. It has already passed the House. It is generally understood that G. Meade Emery will be appointed. Mr. Emery is a prominent Democrat of King County.

Senate bill No. 67, for the relief of G. W. Geiser, a land cruiser, was passed. The bill carries an appropriation of \$75.

IN THE HOUSE.

Petition for Popular Election of Senators Was Referred.

OLYMPIA, Wash., Feb. 13.—In the House this morning a communication from the Oregon Legislature urging the Washington Legislature to join in a prayer to Congress urging a constitutional convention for consideration of an amendment providing for the election of United States Senators by popular vote, was read and referred to the committee on memorials.

Ulmer of Clallam introduced a bill, prepared at the instance of Adjutant-General Drain, amending the present military code. The bill increases the salary of the Adjutant General, and provides that he shall be the brigade organization, creates one regiment, and centralizes the military power of the state in the Adjutant.

A memorial was introduced praying Congress to pass the bill now pending providing for the importation of nursery stock.

The bill appropriating \$12,000 to cover a deficiency in the office of the State Printer and another appropriating \$400 for a deficiency in the office of the Secretary of State, were passed.

Ulmer introduced a bill removing the maximum penalty of 20 years in cases of persons convicted of murder in the second degree. Under the bill the court is allowed to sentence persons so convicted to life imprisonment if in his judgment such a sentence is justified.

A bill was introduced appropriating \$5,000 for the relief of P. H. Goss, former contractor on the State Capitol building. Goss was awarded the contract for the building, but it was never formally signed and the reason that the state warrants became unobtainable.

The House this afternoon consumed most of its time in the second reading of bills. The bill allowing cities of the state to pay their own rebates on taxes and receive the benefit of penalty and interest, which at present goes into a county fund, was passed by the House.

THREE WAREHOUSE BILLS

ARE NOW BEFORE THE OREGON LEGISLATURE.

Object Is More Effectual Regulation of Receipts—Third Exempts Grain Storage.

SALLEM, Or., Feb. 13.—Three bills are before the Legislature pertaining to the business of warehouses, one by Senator Adams, who has passed the Senate, and by Representative McCracken, which has been recommended for passage (but was today recommitted), and another by Representative Smith, of Marion County, which was returned back by the committee as amended.

Senator Adams' bill makes it the duty of every warehouse, flouring mill or place where grain is kept for storage to make monthly reports to the County Clerk, stating the amount of grain owned by the company, the amount of grain received during the year by exchange, the amount of grain shipped, ground or otherwise disposed of, the amount of grain owned by each person, firm or corporation at the date of said report, the total amount of grain received from farmers during the month covered by said report, the total amount of grain received from other sources, the total amount of grain received, and the total amount of grain stored, and also the amount of grain hypothecated, the total amount of grain on storage by farmers and the United States. No action was taken upon the Chinese exclusion question.

Third—To oppose any proposition to increase the salary of any member of the House clerical force.

Fourth—To support the proposition to have the workings of the state offices for the past five years investigated by a joint committee subsequent to the adjournment of the Legislature and to make an appropriation of \$500 for that purpose.

Senator Auditor Atkinson today held that any increase in the salary of any member of the clerical force must date from the time it is made, and that it cannot be dated back.

CAUCUS AT OLYMPIA.

Republicans Agree Upon a Course of Legislation.

OLYMPIA, Feb. 13.—The Republican members of the House held a caucus tonight and agreed upon the following points:

First—To take no action upon the division of Yakima County, but to leave the matter to be settled upon its merits.

Second—To pass a memorial to Congress urging the exclusion of Japanese labor from the United States. No action was taken upon the Chinese exclusion question.

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IDAHO LEGISLATURE.

Both Houses Were in Long Session—Important Business.

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By Pyke—Providing for the collection of fees for filings of corporations with the Secretary of State, according to capitalization.

By Stephenson—For the preservation of flags used by the Idaho Volunteers in the war with Spain. Two of these flags were the only ones on the firing line at Manila February 19, 1898.

By Kelley—Abolishing the fellow-servant clause in the present law.

By French—Providing for the issuance for \$5000 bonds for improvement of the State University.

There were five new bills presented, the more important being:

By Sweetser—Appropriating \$5000 for construction of a bridge across the Snake River between Lincoln and Owyhee Counties.

By committee—Appropriating \$6000 for a wagon road from Pocatello to Chesterfield.

By Pyke—Providing that electors who voted at a preceding election in a precinct which makes more than 200 votes were cast, shall be registered without making application.

By Hunt—Prohibiting pollution of waters used for domestic purposes.

By Egan—Providing for holding teachers' institutes 10 days in each year in each county.

By Mounce and Sweetser—Appropriating \$5000 to the Lewis and Clark Normal School.

By Erickson—A pure food law. It provides that it shall be unlawful for any person to in any manner dispose of adulterated food.

By Richards—Appropriating \$5000 for a bridge across the Snake River on the Caldwell-Silver City road.

IN THE SENATE.

Turner presented a bill to establish an academy for the education of the deaf and dumb.

Donnelly presented a bill providing for the assessment of railway property by the State Board, no matter where located.

There was no other special business. The Senate went into committee on the whole, where Moody's pharmacy bill and the one making liquor licenses issuable annually were discussed.

PHARMACY BILL AMENDED.

Senate Excludes Proprietary Medicines From Measure.

BOISE, Idaho, Feb. 13.—In the Senate today a measure which has been bitterly opposed, because it would shut out proprietary medicines, was amended so as to exclude such preparations from the bill. The amendment was read to third reading. The amendment reads: "Provided, that nothing in this act shall be construed to apply to the manufacture, sale or use of proprietary or patent medicines."

CHARGED WITH HORSE-STEALING.

Warrants Out for Alleged Cattle Thieves.

BOISE, Idaho, Feb. 13.—A case of wholesale horse stealing in Washington County has come to light. Warrants are out for the arrest of a number of men, the principal ones being John Walker and one Vance. It develops that Walker, on Saturday, engaged two cattle cars at Huntington, but could get only one. Sunday morning he was seen to load horses on the river from Idaho to Huntington, but for some reason could not be shipped. Sheriff Gray of Washington County, learned of the matter and went to Huntington on the Sunday afternoon train, where he found the horses in the stock yards and brought them back to the owners.

It is alleged that Walker and Vance are at the head of an organized gang of horse "rustlers," and that they have been doing business for a long time. Walker claims that he bought the horses in question from Vance, but the latter has disappeared. Walker is in Stater, where he is well known, and it is believed that he will be arrested. If arrested, to turn state's evidence and "give away" all he knows of the horse business.

After arriving in this city today state that the stock found at Huntington belongs to Williams Brothers & Durbin, of Weiser, and that the Williams brand is a horse figure. It is known to Walker, at least. The impression is that Walker is the chief of the outfit, but that Vance is to be the scapegoat. Sunday Walker went around Huntington buying money until he had raised \$150. Vance left that night and has not been seen since. Feeling is high in Washington County, and it is whispered, if the Sheriff succeeds in arresting the gang, there will be a number of lynchings.

ORPHAN BILL PASSED.

Senate Takes Favorable Action on the Measure.

SALLEM, Or., Feb. 13.—The Senate has taken a favorable view of the bill for the relief of various orphans' homes, and has passed the bill by a large majority. Penalties are also provided for in this bill for violation, and for recovery by civil process. The removal, transfer, etc., of any property without the written consent of the holder of the receipt is made unlawful.

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THE PROVISIONS OF THIS ACT, PROVIDED THAT NO MONEY SHALL BE PAID BY THE STATE TO AID IN THE SUPPORT OF ANY CHILD THAT HAS ANY OTHER LEGAL INCOME.

There are now some 200 children in the state who will be reached by this measure, not counting those cared for by the Boys' and Girls' Aid Society. This society now receives an appropriation of \$2000 per year. It is reported that the boys and girls committee will cut off this appropriation and let the Boys' and Girls' Aid Society receive money under the provisions of this act, should it become a law.

The passage of this bill by the Senate was secured principally by the efforts of Senator Smith, of Multnomah, who was ably seconded by Kelly of Linn and Brownell of Clackamas.

HIS LIGHTNING-ROD UP.

Hermann Will Be Grateful for All Favors.

SALLEM, Feb. 13.—It was reported this afternoon that Senator A. C. Smith, of Multnomah, intends to vote tomorrow for his colleague, Senator Inman, but when questioned by the committee on general consideration, Hermann, if, however, that gentleman fails of election, he would very likely vote for Mr. Inman sooner or later. This is a liberal construction of the citizens' party, and the committee will report in favor of the members of the Multnomah delegation to vote for whom they please.

Burger Hermann, Land Commissioner, has been hearing good news from Oregon during the past two days, but not quite good enough, as the following telegram (dated Salem, Feb. 13, 1901) will show:

No. 83, P. O. R. N. DD. 10 D. H. Washington, Feb. 12, 1901.

Your kind report would help me now. I shall always gratefully appreciate your kindness. BINGER HERMANN.

Tomorrow when the unusual Hermann strength is carried off in a wheelchair to the House committee. They have come to believe that the efficacy of long-distance telegraphing in behalf of short-distance candidates, is not what it is cracked up to be.

SALARY OF THE SHERIFF.

Bill to Reduce That of Next Incumbent.

SALLEM, Or., Feb. 13.—The Multnomah delegation today reported a substitute to take the place of House bill 78, reducing the salary of the Sheriff of Multnomah County. The original bill fixed the salary of the Sheriff at \$2000 and was so drawn as to affect the present incumbent, an emergency clause even being added so as to make it operative as soon as passed. This morning the bill was reported by an official did not meet with much approval outside of part of the Multnomah delegation. It was discovered to be unconstitutional. The original bill was drawn on the motion of Schumann. The substitute bill, which does not affect the present Sheriff, adopted today, provided that the Sheriff in the first place, if these old veterans could not be secured, should receive a salary of \$2000 annually, with one clerk, one jailer, each at \$500 per annum. Section 2 of the act provides that it shall not be so construed as to affect the salary or remuneration of any person now in office.

PROMOTED TO COLONEL.

Able Officer at Vancouver Has Been So Recognized After Long Service.

VANCOUVER BARRACKS, Feb. 13.—Lieutenant-Colonel William E. Dougherty today received word of his promotion to the rank of Colonel. He has served in the army for 41 years of faithful service at the Army.

He entered the Army as a private in the 11th Infantry, and in less than three years became a First Lieutenant. On admission as a Second Lieutenant in the regular Army he was by distinguished service in the war with Mexico, for which he also received the Medal of Honor. In 1878 he was made Captain, 19 years later he became Major, and in 1897 he was appointed Lieutenant-Colonel of the 11th Infantry, which stationed at this post. He expects to leave for Manila and join his regiment, the Nineteenth Infantry, as soon as he receives his orders.

VIGOROUS MORAL CRUSADE.

Monmouth Citizens Are Thoroughly Aroused Against Vice.

MONMOUTH, Or., Feb. 13.—Colonel Holt, the temperance lecturer, has been holding a series of meetings here during the past week, and 250 people have signed pledges.

Monmouth has always been known as a dry town, for saloons are prohibited by the town charter. The present crusade against gambling, and other immoralities, and is vigorously waged by the W. C. T. U.

Yesterday a delegation of 30 women from Dallas and 25 from Independence in the United States, accompanied by prominent ministers from each place, left in the slot machine en route from Dallas on the train was seized and the placard torn off and flouted in the meeting.

JAPANESE HELD MEETING.

Will Keep Undesirable Fellow Countrymen Away.

TACOMA, Wash., Feb. 13.—A hundred Japanese residents of Tacoma met last evening tonight and appointed a vigilance committee of 10 to keep the undesirable Japanese element out of the city and to prevent the passage of the bill which would establish a precedent for just such pensions, and if they were allowed in one instance, there was no just reason why they should not be allowed in all. Hence, the committee, during the last session of Congress, reported a substitute bill, which provides for pensioning only those Indian War veterans who actually enlisted in the Government service, and whose names are on record in the War Department.

It was explained to Mr. Loudenslager that this bill would affect very few, if any, of the veterans of the Oregon wars, and would not accomplish the end sought. He then said that if the veterans, co-operating with the Oregon delegation, could devise some plan whereby the Indian War veterans could be pensioned by the general Government, and yet not establish a precedent for these hundreds of thousands of service pensions, he, for one, would be willing to give such a proposition his support.

In talking the matter over informally, the delegation decided that if they could secure the passage of the bill as it now stands on the calendar, they might then present a new proposition to the conference committee. The fact that the House and Senate bills, as passed by the respective bodies, would be different makes a conference report necessary. It is now the intention to let the bill pass as it stands, with the favorable recommendation of the committee, and then submit a proposition to the conference committee of both House and Senate whereby the Oregon Indian War veterans may be recognized. The scheme is simple. Most of these veterans, who were not mustered into the United States service, were paid off by the general Government. It is the hope of the delegation that a provision may be inserted in the final bill which will recognize the pension claims of all Indian War veterans whose salaries were paid by the general Government, which, in now thought, will include only the veterans of the Oregon wars. At any rate, such a provision is thought to operate principally in the interest of these veterans, and to the exclusion of the great mass of service pension claimants. It is true it is not customary for the Government to pay the salaries of any troops not regularly enlisted in its service, but on the basis that it did pay these troops when in actual service, it is hoped some favorable recognition may be had.

Of course, the committee will not act hastily on this proposition. It may be found upon a careful investigation, that many of the home guards, state militia

and other organizations were also paid by the general Government, or other equally as meritorious conditions may be found to exist in a large number of instances, and, if so, that fact will operate against the Indian War veteran bill.

At all events, the Oregon veterans are convinced that the McBride bill, open as it was even though it was passed by the Senate more than one, stands not a ghost of a show of ever passing the House, nor of securing favorable recognition by the House committee. They have come to realize that, while the Senate may be very liberal, and in many instances careless in pension matters, the House committee is extremely cautious, and is doing everything possible to see that recognition is extended only in meritorious cases, and is also endeavoring to discriminate against non-class. This is true in all pensioning matters, but is brought forcibly to their attention in the Indian War veteran pension case.

NORTHWEST DEAD.

Henry Emrick, Pioneer.

CORVALLIS, Or., Feb. 13.—The funeral of Henry Emrick, for 40 years a resident of Benton County, took place from the Episcopal Church this morning at 10 o'clock. The deceased was born in Ohio, December 23, 1824, and came to Oregon in 1852. He took up his residence in Benton County in 1861, and resided here until two years ago, when he went to Portland, where he died Monday. The interment was in the family cemetery, on the old home place farm, 3 1/2 miles south of Pllomath.

Mrs. Rachel Cheshire.

EUGENE, Or., Feb. 13.—Mrs. Rachel Cheshire died this morning at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. E. Whittam. She had been confined to her bed for the past five years from the effects of a fall. Her maiden name was Smith, and she was born at Rutledge, Tennessee, May 20, 1808. She was married in Tennessee in 1828 to Edmund Cheshire, who died in 1881. In 1874 she came to Oregon to live with her daughter, Mrs. E. Whittam, Mrs. E.