

DELAYED BY EASTERLY WEATHER PREVENTS SHIPS MAKING PORT.

The steamship Eve, which put into San Francisco yesterday, discharged a portion of her cargo at McNear's dock at Port Costa. She is expected to complete repairs and get away tomorrow.

FAVORS THE OUTBOUND FLEET

ASTORIA, Feb. 11.—Sailed at 4 P. M. German ship Asterkamp, for Queenstown or Falmouth for orders. Condition of the bar at 4 P. M.—Smooth; wind east; weather clear.

Two Ships Cleared Yesterday and Another Will Finish Loading This Morning—German Ship Edmond Reached San Diego.

The long spell of easterly weather at the mouth of the river remains unbroken, and the in-bound fleet is still on the Pacific waiting for a favoring breeze. All this is very pleasant for the outward-bound vessels, but if it continues a week longer, Portland will find herself right in the middle of a big grain season without a wheat ship in port. Two more ships finished loading yesterday, and another will finish this morning, leaving but three ships in port to finish, and all of them well on toward the finishing point.

The departure of the Asterkamp yesterday leaves Tacoma and Seattle for the first time this season. The outward-bound ships in port there are at Portland, Kerr, Gilford & Co., of this city, have just cleared the Asterkamp from Tacoma with the largest cargo that ever left Puget Sound on a sailing vessel. It consists of 30,000 bushels of wheat. Another sailing vessel, the Dunstaffnage, now loading for Balfour, Guthrie & Co. on the Sound, will make port for this cargo, with about 38,000 bushels.

YUKON STEAMBOATING.

No Cut Will Be Made in Wages of Masters, Pilots and Engineers.

A large number of Portland steamboatmen have been employed on the Yukon River steamers for the past three years, and have made better records than any other section. Some of them have been expecting a reduction in wages this summer, but according to advice from Victoria there is not much danger of a cut. McDonald Potts, manager of the Klondike Corporation, in discussing the matter in a Victoria paper, says:

"The deck and its department may suffer a little; still, good men always command the best pay. It is very hard to get good deckhands in that country, and if the wages are reduced we are bound to find it much more difficult to man our steamers. You would have been trying to amuse at the efforts of some men trying to run them. As regards the captains and pilots, I do not think their wages will be reduced at all. The increase in the number of steamers operating on the Dawson-White Horse run will alone cause a much larger demand for good men. The pilots will certainly command as large wages as ever—in fact, I would not be surprised to find that they will have to be paid more. A good engineer thoroughly familiar with the peculiarities of these ways worth good wages. This is one man who will work his pay. A green hand can easily lose the increase in wages time after time. Machine work at Dawson costs fairly money, and every day's delay also means hundreds of dollars in a country where the season is so short. Taking everything into consideration, I do not fancy that there will be any material difference in wages to that of former years. Until the Government completes the improvements on the river we must expect to pay for good men."

EDMUND REACHES SAN DIEGO.

Big German Ship Making Good Time Up the Coast From Santa Rosalia. SAN DIEGO, Cal., Feb. 11.—The tug Luckenbach has reached here, towing the German ship Edmond, Captain Gordon. The Edmond was ashore near Santa Rosalia, Lower California, January 18. The Luckenbach was sent to pull her off. After the Luckenbach has coaled she will tow the Edmond to San Francisco.

(The Edmond was under charter to Balfour, Guthrie & Co., of this city, to load wheat for Europe. She had finished discharging at the Mexican port and was outward-bound for this city when she was blown on the beach. It was thought at first that she would prove a total loss, but good work by the tug which was sent to her rescue saved her. The vessel was chartered for January loading at this port at a rate fully \$500 higher than she could secure today. It is hardly probable that she will make an investment about the same in her operation at the present time, there would be some inducement for her owners to send her here, as she would be in a much better position to seek business from Portland than from San Francisco after she comes out of the dock.)

ARDNAMURCHAN IS LOST.

Owner Says Canoe Salmon Picked Up at Seaside Is Proof.

ASTORIA, Or., Feb. 11.—W. A. Anderson, of Vancouver, B. C., was here yesterday to make an investigation about the cases of salmon which were recently washed upon the beach at Seaside. He was the owner of the cargo of salmon of the British ship Ardnamurchan, which sailed from Liverpool for Astoria on November 25, and he had received information that the salmon found here was from her. His investigation proved conclusively that this belief was true, and that they can now be no doubt that the vessel was lost, with all on board, as the salmon found was stowed in the lower hold of the vessel.

Derelict Proved to Be Tree.

The derelict that the captain of the steamship Buckingham sighted at the mouth of the Columbia has been found, and it proved to be the trunk and roots of an immense cottonwood tree, that at a distance resembled an overturned boat.

Indications of a Disaster.

ST. JOHNS, N. F., Feb. 11.—The government has received advice that wreckage, apparently part of a steamer, has drifted ashore near Baccy in a sandy and northeast of the Avlon peninsula. Other wreckage is reported at different points along the shore. It is believed that some serious marine disaster has occurred, resulting in the loss of a ship and her entire crew.

The Hula Reported Safe.

VICTORIA, B. C., Feb. 11.—The ship Hula, from London, for Liverpool with a general cargo, which was unaccountably been left on account of the finding of a life buoy from the ship by the revenue cutter Grant, is reported safe off Cape Beale.

Rough Weather on Atlantic.

QUEENSTOWN, Feb. 11.—Incoming steamers report having encountered terrific weather on the Atlantic, and adverse gales.

Marine Notes.

The lighthouse tender Manzanita has

IN HONOR OF LINCOLN

SERVICES TONIGHT AT CENTENARY CHURCH.

Short Addresses Will Be Made by Several Ministers—All Veterans Are Invited.

Lincoln's birthday will be properly observed this evening at the Centenary Methodist Church, corner East Pine and Ninth streets. As it was expected that services would be held in another church, arrangements were not made until Sunday. It was then decided to open the church for this Lincoln memorial this evening at 8 o'clock. Rev. G. W. Gray, D. D., pastor, a member of the G. A. R., entered most heartily into the movement, and although a little late, took up the arrangements for a programme of addresses yesterday, and succeeded in securing some prominent speakers for the evening. An invitation is extended to all Grand Army and military men and the general public to be present and participate in honoring the memory of the great American commoner. Colonel Bush, who published a paper in Pittsburg, Pike County, Illinois, in which appeared the editorial which first mentioned Abraham Lincoln for the Presidency, February 9, 1860.

PIONEER UNDERTAKER OF PORTLAND.

John Nelson, who died at Mount Tabor Sunday, was a pioneer of this Coast, having come in 1838 across the Isthmus. Mr. Nelson remained on the Coast at that time only for about four years. He returned 17 years ago, and for the past 12 years has made his home at Mount Tabor. He has two sons living—James Nelson, who was formerly telegraph editor of the Oregonian, and the latter is James B. Nelson, bookkeeper with a firm in San Francisco. His stepdaughter is Margaret McAdams, of Mount Tabor. The sons are expected to arrive and be present at the funeral.

Sunnyside M. E. Church.

The Sunday school of the Sunnyside Methodist Church has just elected the following officers: C. A. Gatzka, superintendent; H. D. Crockett, secretary; D. L. Ambler, treasurer; Hugh Krum, junior warden; Miss Haslem, organist. A junior league of 60 members has just been organized, composed of young people from all over the district.

At the Sunnyside M. E. Church.

The revival services which have been in progress for several weeks have closed. Fifty Lincoln memorial this evening, regrets cannot be present at that time, owing to his Salem engagement.

Amos Thompson, the aged father of Charles R. Thompson, who has been dangerously ill, is better.

Mount Tabor, is considered better. He is quite able to come down stairs, but still is quite feeble. Mr. Thompson is 94 years old, and is well known in the community as "Grandpa" Thompson.

Edward Gray, of the East Side department of the city waterworks, happened to have his buggy at the end of runaway accident on the West Side yesterday, and the vehicle was badly wrecked.

A team started to run and started another, and then a third, until Gray's buggy was reached. His buggy was upset and badly wrecked. Gray had just got out, and escaped being mixed up himself.

The death of Miss Lenora Ross, daughter of the late Dr. H. W. Ross, occurred at the home of her mother, 303 Division street, Sunday, after a long illness. She was born in Oregon City 42 years ago, and was long known as a beautiful and popular young woman in that place. Her health failed several years ago, and she has been an invalid. She came with her father and mother to Portland about 12 years ago.

Central W. C. T. U.

At a meeting of the Central W. C. T. U. held yesterday, Mrs. Spangler, state evangelist, led the opening exercises. During a prayer, a phone message was received from an absent member, saying: "I am praying that the crusade here will touch all your hearts." Mrs. M. C. Blackwell was appointed to make arrangements for the annual anniversary on the 11th inst. A parlor meeting was arranged in Monday, an old member of the organization, Mrs. C. E. Shipley, who is with her daughter, Mrs. Mil-

THE MINNEAPOLIS MURDER

TESTIMONY FAVORABLE TO HAMILTON ACCEPTED.

A Mysterious Stranger Introduced in the Proceedings—Woman in the Case Makes Her Appearance.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Feb. 11.—An eager throng, containing many women, blocked the spacious corridors of the Courthouse today, striving to get into the large court room to see the proceedings in the trial of Frank H. Hamilton, on the charge of having murdered Leonard Day.

Hamilton's first witness for the day was William G. Bennett, a St. Louis traveling man, who was in the billiard-room of the West Hotel at the time of the tragedy. He saw the party playing billiards, saw the scuffle between the principals, and saw George, whom he knew, separate them. Some five or 10 minutes afterward, he, with others, was ordered out of the room by Special Officer "Red" Hamilton. He went to the bar in the adjoining room, but was called back by a traveling man named Barbee. On returning, he saw Day on the floor between the two tables. Barbee had his right hand on Day and was supporting him. Hamilton was not there. The witness continued:

"I rubbed Day's other hand and then returned to the bar to get a drink. Failing to get any, I returned to the side of the dying man and found Hamilton and Canfield there. I told Hamilton to stop Day's hands and take off his shoes and rub his feet, which he did. The witness said, 'He is dying.' Hamilton said, 'Is he?' and reached his hand over Day's forehead. We continued to rub his feet and apply hot water. About 10 minutes afterward the doctor came in, and five minutes later Day died. I said, 'Let us offer a prayer.' I knelt down, and so did Hamilton by my side. 'An officer came and stood beside Hamilton and Canfield. I did not hear Hamilton say anything to the officer. I had no knife, nor had Barbee. Neither of us had any trouble in the room with any one.' On cross-examination, Bennett said there were 15 or 20 persons in the room at the time. There was no row going on in the saloon. He had known Barbee about six weeks, and had met Day casually. Ben Evans was the next witness. He is in the grain business. He described the saloon he had visited with Hamilton and his party, and then their going to the West Hotel. On entering the billiard-room he spoke to Day, whom he knew, and then introduced Hamilton to Day. The two shook hands, and then the witness turned away without hearing the ensuing conversation. He described his altercation with Force, who he understood had said something derogatory about him. 'I asked Force what he had against me, and for reply he shoved me down into a chair, saying: 'Sit down; I don't want to have anything to do with you. You broke in and said it was no time or place for trouble with Force. He got me out of the room, and when I started back I was warned by the bellboy not to go in, as there had been trouble.' On cross-examination, Mr. Penny went into the question of what witness Evans had drunk during the evening, beginning with those before he went to the theater. The witness emphatically appealed to the court to know whether this was relevant, but was told to answer. So he detailed a succession of drinks at various places. In all he had drunk about 12 or 15 drinks in seven times. He denied that he was drunk and that there was loud talk or profanity in the billiard-room. He had a copy of the back of his head with him, and he swore that it was caused by the back of the chair into which Force had pushed him. He had gone without his hat because he could not find it. Witness had no difficulty between Day and Hamilton. Frank M. Nye, for the defense, stated to the court that the defense had learned today with surprise that Barbee would testify in production of the state. The defense considered him as an important witness, and if he could not be produced, asked that his evidence at the coroner's inquest be admitted. County Attorney Boardman stated that he was not personally responsible, as he had come into office since the commission of the crime. His predecessor had made every effort to secure Barbee's testimony, but the state was outside their jurisdiction since he was out of the state. He objected to the admission of evidence as being unjust, because Barbee had not then been cross-examined.

The last witness of the morning was Charles L. Ferris, attendant in the billiard-room. He heard Day say to Hamilton: 'You are the man I've been looking for, and the rest of the conversation that ensued, as told by other witnesses. After the first scuffle he put away all the cues and balls, covered the tables up and took the cue back to the bar. When returned he met Hamilton and Canfield coming out after the affray was over. Afterwards he saw Hamilton sitting with a police officer in the barroom. Ferris said that he was present in the room, George Force, Gary, Evans, Canfield, Hamilton, Bennett, Barbee, Ruet and a traveling man he did not know, who went out before Hamilton came in. He saw the body of Leonard Day. He swore positively that there were no others in the room. On cross-examination, he said George reached down and helped Hamilton and Day up before Day died. He swore that he did not think he parted them. On the opening of the court in the afternoon, the defense moved that the County Attorney be required to produce A. Barbee in person as a witness. Mr. Penny pointed out that the laws provided for furnishing the expense money required in advance by the witness. The court denied the motion, and an exception was taken.

Death Returns.

February 11.—Cleora Lewis Hogan, native of Portland, aged 40 years, Mercy Hospital, Chicago; remains brought to Portland for interment.

February 11.—William S. Kirvin, age 21, Good Samaritan Hospital; residence: Damascus, Clackamas County; cause of death, contusion of the spine.

February 11.—Charles R. Dehn, 21 Hancock street, died; cause of death, pneumonia.

Real Estate Transfers.

M. E. Thompson and wife to Levi Hathaway, lot 10, block 24, Central street, \$300.

Portland Trust Co., of Oregon, to Martha Taylor, west half of lot 2, block 10, Woodward street, Oct. 20, 1900, \$200.

Constance M. and Walter F. Burrell to Daniel Kunkel, parcel of land, northeast part block Q, lying south of Market and west of Thirteenth streets, February 11, 1901, \$500.

Sarah A. Shattuck to Harry D. Wood, block 14, Summit's Addition, city, Feb. 11, 1901, \$1000.

Jeremiah Stanley and wife to Edward Spoth, 104 acres in T. 1 S., R. 3 E., November 11, 1900, \$2000.

Sterling Land Co., to Mary Mudgett, lot 3, block 11, Duane's Second Addition, Portland, Oct. 20, 1900, \$300.

J. D. Kennedy and wife to R. Livingstone, lot 1, block 1, N. King street, \$100.

Melinda King D. L. C. Fabry, ar. 5, \$100.

Anna Clancy to M. E. Thompson, lot 2, block 20, Central Addition, Oct. 20, 1900, \$200.

J. H. Bowen, of Fossil, shipped from Arlington Tuesday a carload of 23 horses for Los Angeles.

THE LATE CAPTAIN HORATIO COOKE.

and a prominent veteran of four wars, has consented to present at this meeting. Short addresses will be delivered by Rev. W. T. K. Rold, pastor of the G. A. R., W. Gue, Rev. C. E. Cline and others, including ministers and members of the G. A. R. Centenary's fire choir will furnish the music, with special patriotic songs. The G. A. R. Association, the Women's Relief Corps, the camps and auxiliaries of the Spanish-American War, and the Indian War Veterans.

John Nelson, who died at Mount Tabor Sunday, was a pioneer of this Coast, having come in 1838 across the Isthmus. Mr. Nelson remained on the Coast at that time only for about four years. He returned 17 years ago, and for the past 12 years has made his home at Mount Tabor. He has two sons living—James Nelson, who was formerly telegraph editor of the Oregonian, and the latter is James B. Nelson, bookkeeper with a firm in San Francisco. His stepdaughter is Margaret McAdams, of Mount Tabor. The sons are expected to arrive and be present at the funeral.

At the Sunnyside M. E. Church. The Sunday school of the Sunnyside Methodist Church has just elected the following officers: C. A. Gatzka, superintendent; H. D. Crockett, secretary; D. L. Ambler, treasurer; Hugh Krum, junior warden; Miss Haslem, organist. A junior league of 60 members has just been organized, composed of young people from all over the district.

Amos Thompson, the aged father of Charles R. Thompson, who has been dangerously ill, is better. Mount Tabor, is considered better. He is quite able to come down stairs, but still is quite feeble. Mr. Thompson is 94 years old, and is well known in the community as "Grandpa" Thompson.

Edward Gray, of the East Side department of the city waterworks, happened to have his buggy at the end of runaway accident on the West Side yesterday, and the vehicle was badly wrecked. A team started to run and started another, and then a third, until Gray's buggy was reached. His buggy was upset and badly wrecked. Gray had just got out, and escaped being mixed up himself.

The death of Miss Lenora Ross, daughter of the late Dr. H. W. Ross, occurred at the home of her mother, 303 Division street, Sunday, after a long illness. She was born in Oregon City 42 years ago, and was long known as a beautiful and popular young woman in that place. Her health failed several years ago, and she has been an invalid. She came with her father and mother to Portland about 12 years ago.

At a meeting of the Central W. C. T. U. held yesterday, Mrs. Spangler, state evangelist, led the opening exercises. During a prayer, a phone message was received from an absent member, saying: "I am praying that the crusade here will touch all your hearts." Mrs. M. C. Blackwell was appointed to make arrangements for the annual anniversary on the 11th inst. A parlor meeting was arranged in Monday, an old member of the organization, Mrs. C. E. Shipley, who is with her daughter, Mrs. Mil-



THE LATE CAPTAIN HORATIO COOKE.

portant discrepancies between his story and those told by the other witnesses. The sensation of the day was the calling of Caroline Single as a witness. She said she had known both Day and Hamilton for about three months. She admitted having visited Hamilton in jail, and said she was still on friendly terms with him. Asked if she had had a certain conversation with Hamilton before the tragedy, she turned to the jurors and said: "I understand that it is privileged." The defense insisted that the witness be instructed that she need not testify to anything which might tend to incriminate herself; at least the state should put its questions in writing and submit them to the court before they were put to the witness. After a consultation between the court and the lawyers, the court ruled that if the evidence tended to incriminate the witness she need not answer. "That is all," said the County Attorney. After recalling Force and George to clear up some minor points, the court adjourned for the day.

A KENTUCKY LYING.

Paris Negro Fled Taken From Jail and Hanged by a Mob.

PARIS, Ky., Feb. 11.—George Carter, a negro who was in jail here, charged with having assaulted Mrs. W. E. Board about three weeks ago, was lynched by a mob early this morning shortly after 10 o'clock about 30 determined men appeared at the jail door and demanded admittance of jail-keeper. He refused to make any statement. He was only the work of a minute to place a rope around his neck, and he was then half dragged to the entrance of the Courthouse. The rope was then thrown over the iron arch leading to the entrance, and the mob pulled on the rope and the others lifted his body. He died by strangulation. The mob then quickly dispersed. During the whole affair there was not a word spoken.

Soberly anyone in the town, outside of the immediate participants, knew that the lynching was to occur. The electric lights had previously been extinguished and the town was in a dark night.

Before the men dispersed they pinned a card on the body of the negro, bearing this inscription: "This will be the fate of all negroes who assault white women."

The other occupants of the jail, who are colored, were greatly frightened and their cries and moanings could be heard for several blocks. Half an hour after the lynching occurred the streets were deserted and the lifeless body of the negro was swaying in the wind.

The crime with which Carter was charged was a mob beating in the jail here. Board, who is the wife of W. E. Board, bookkeeper at the Deposit Bank in this city, was on her way home, about 6 o'clock in the evening with her little son, when she was accosted by a man. Her cries and those of her son attracted the attention of some men, but the assailant escaped. The negro was arrested last week, on a charge of assault on Board, and at the County Jail her son also identified him.

Preferred Suicide to Lynching.

CRESTED BUTTE, Colo., Feb. 11.—When a mob was besieging the jail here and threatening to lynch George Burrie, he committed suicide by hanging himself to a window-bar in his cell with an electric light wire. Burrie, who had been in a charge of having criminally assaulted Kate Muff, 13 years of age. He declared that he was innocent.

THE TURF WAR IS ON.

Racing at Tananor and Oakland Yesterday.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 11.—The turf war began in earnest today, and racing was held at both Tananor and Oakland. At Tananor there were 100 books on, three men could race at both tracks, and Tompkins at both tracks was good. There were some new developments in the war during the day. Jockey Poniatowski, of the San Francisco Jockey Club, defeated Tompkins in a race at Oakland. Jockey Burnes received instructions from W. C. Whitney to ride at Tananor. President Williams, of the California Jockey Club, announced that he would arrive here from Hot Springs in time to start at Oakland Thursday, in place of James F. Caldwell. It was also announced that Mounce had signed to ride only at Oakland. Alaris Garter and Genus ran a dead heat in the third race at Tananor. Tod Sloan won the handicap with Joe Fry. In the fifth race at Oakland Roy Shannon ran second to Sen. Lion at odds of 20 to 1. Sullivan rode three winners. Results at Tananor: Six and a half furlongs, selling—Toah won, Donator second, Impromptu third; time, 1:24. Three furlongs, purse—Roy Ough won, Minerva second, Maraschino third; time, 0:36. Five and a half furlongs—Alaris Garter and Genus ran a dead heat, Katie Wolcott third; time, 1:07. One mile, handicap—Joe Fry won, Advance Guard second, Puppi third; time, 1:41. Mile and a furlong, selling—Free Lance won, Rey del Bandejas second, Loochee third; time, 1:50. One mile, selling—La Bergia won, Parmelee second, Wm. Ack third; time, 1:42. Results at Oakland: Six furlongs, purse—Dunfee won, St. Rica second, Cambaceros third; time, 1:17. Six furlongs, selling—Toah won, Sen. Lion to second, Clarendo third; time, 1:16. Four furlongs, purse—Carrigan won, Dr. Scharr second, Vassallo third; time, 0:45. Six furlongs, purse—Frank Bell won, Ruet second, Yellow Tail third; time, 1:15. Seven furlongs, selling—Sen. Lion won, Rio Shannon second, Coming East third; time, 1:25. Five furlongs, selling—Jerid won, Maggie Davis second, Tburon third; time, 1:14.

Races at New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, La., Feb. 11.—Track heavy; weather, showery. Results: Six and a half furlongs—Little Duck won, Elmoran second, Novelty third; time, 1:18. Mile and three-sixteenths, selling—Rush

Unpledged for Senator.

Because one or more members of the Multnomah delegation to the Legislature, elected on the Citizens ticket, are voting for Mr. Corbett for Senator, they have been charged with unfaithfulness to pledges. Now the fact is that all the candidates on the Citizens ticket were specifically unpledged as to United States Senator, in these words:

"We accept the nominations tendered us upon the 'Citizens Ticket' without having expressed or having been asked our preference for any candidate for the United States Senate. We most solemnly avow that we are entirely unpledged for any candidate for that important position, and we each promise that we will, if elected, exercise our best judgment as to whom we will support; and, being uninfluenced by any selfish consideration, will, when the time comes, vote for such person as in our individual opinions is best fitted to represent the interests of the State of Oregon in the Senate of the United States."

Rushing the Shamrock.

GLASGOW, Feb. 11.—Owing to a serious frost upon the part of George L. Watson at the delay in the construction of the Shamrock II, the Dennys have put all their available workmen on the job and building of the America's cup challenge race will be completed by the day with no pause. Mr. Watson insists that the boat must be launched the last week in March, so that his elaborate plans for trial races can be carried out.

Famine in Russia.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 11.—The Ministry of the Interior at last officially admits that widespread distress exists in large sections of the country, owing to the failure of the crops. The government already has sent 500,000 rubles for the relief of the sufferer, and considers that 500,000 rubles will be necessary to meet the requirements, of which amount 5,000,000 rubles will be contributed by the government. The Minister of the Interior appeals to private charity in aid of the government.

No External Symptoms.

The blood may be in bad condition, yet with no external signs, so skin eruptions or sores to indicate it. The symptoms in such cases being a variable appetite, poor digestion, an indescribable weakness and nervousness, loss of flesh and a general run-down condition of the system—clearly showing the blood has lost its nutritive qualities, has become thin and watery. It is in just such cases that S. S. S. has done some of its quickest and most effective work by building up the blood and supplying the elements lacking to make it strong and vigorous.

"My wife used several bottles of S. S. S. as a blood purifier and to tone up a weak and emaciated system, with very marked effect by way of improvement. We regard it a great tonic and blood purifier."—J. F. Dury, Princeton, Mo.

S. S. S. is the greatest of all tonics, and you will find the appetite improved, the stomach proves once, strength returns, and nervousness vanishes as new rich pure blood once more circulates through all parts of the system.

S. S. S. is the only purely vegetable blood purifier known. It contains no minerals whatever. Send for our free book on blood and skin diseases and write our physicians for any information or advice wanted. No charge for medical advice.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

Purity above suspicion. SWIFT'S PURE MALT WHISKY

THIS MEDICINE is familiar in thousands of homes. For half a century it has had a permanent place as a family medicine.

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS WILL CURE Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Flatulency, Biliousness, Nervousness, Sleeplessness and Kidney Disorders.

Sold by druggists and dealers generally, with a Private Revenue Stamp over the neck of the bottle.

Vacuum treatment. A positive cure with the best of the best for victims of semi-manhood, exhausting drains, mental weakness and errors of youth. For circulars or information call or address the Swift Specific Co., 322 West Washington Street, Correspondence confidential.

THE MINNEAPOLIS MURDER

TESTIMONY FAVORABLE TO HAMILTON ACCEPTED.

A Mysterious Stranger Introduced in the Proceedings—Woman in the Case Makes Her Appearance.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Feb. 11.—An eager throng, containing many women, blocked the spacious corridors of the Courthouse today, striving to get into the large court room to see the proceedings in the trial of Frank H. Hamilton, on the charge of having murdered Leonard Day.

Hamilton's first witness for the day was William G. Bennett, a St. Louis traveling man, who was in the billiard-room of the West Hotel at the time of the tragedy. He saw the party playing billiards, saw the scuffle between the principals, and saw George, whom he knew, separate them. Some five or 10 minutes afterward, he, with others, was ordered out of the room by Special Officer "Red" Hamilton. He went to the bar in the adjoining room, but was called back by a traveling man named Barbee. On returning, he saw Day on the floor between the two tables. Barbee had his right hand on Day and was supporting him. Hamilton was not there. The witness continued:

"I rubbed Day's other hand and then returned to the bar to get a drink. Failing to get any, I returned to the side of the dying man and found Hamilton and Canfield there. I told Hamilton to stop Day's hands and take off his shoes and rub his feet, which he did. The witness said, 'He is dying.' Hamilton said, 'Is he?' and reached his hand over Day's forehead. We continued to rub his feet and apply hot water. About 10 minutes afterward the doctor came in, and five minutes later Day died. I said, 'Let us offer a prayer.' I knelt down, and so did Hamilton by my side. 'An officer came and stood beside Hamilton and Canfield. I did not hear Hamilton say anything to the officer. I had no knife, nor had Barbee. Neither of us had any trouble in the room with any one.' On cross-examination, Bennett said there were 15 or 20 persons in the room at the time. There was no row going on in the saloon. He had known Barbee about six weeks, and had met Day casually. Ben Evans was the next witness. He is in the grain business. He described the saloon he had visited with Hamilton and his party, and then their going to the West Hotel. On entering the billiard-room he spoke to Day, whom he knew, and then introduced Hamilton to Day. The two shook hands, and then the witness turned away without hearing the ensuing conversation. He described his altercation with Force, who he understood had said something derogatory about him. 'I asked Force what he had against me, and for reply he shoved me down into a chair, saying: 'Sit down; I don't want to have anything to do with you. You broke in and said it was no time or place for trouble with Force. He got me out of the room, and when I started back I was warned by the bellboy not to go in, as there had been trouble.' On cross-examination, Mr. Penny went into the question of what witness Evans had drunk during the evening, beginning with those before he went to the theater. The witness emphatically appealed to the court to know whether this was relevant, but was told to answer. So he detailed a succession of drinks at various places. In all he had drunk about 12 or 15 drinks in seven times. He denied that he was drunk and that there was loud talk or profanity in the billiard-room. He had a copy of the back of his head with him, and he swore that it was caused by the back of the chair into which Force had pushed him. He had gone without his hat because he could not find it. Witness had no difficulty between Day and Hamilton. Frank M. Nye, for the defense, stated to the court that the defense had learned today with surprise that Barbee would testify in production of the state. The defense considered him as an important witness, and if he could not be produced, asked that his evidence at the coroner's inquest be admitted. County Attorney Boardman stated that he was not personally responsible, as he had come into office since the commission of the crime. His predecessor had made every effort to secure Barbee's testimony, but the state was outside their jurisdiction since he was out of the state. He objected to the admission of evidence as being unjust, because Barbee had not then been cross-examined.

A KENTUCKY LYING.

Paris Negro Fled Taken From Jail and Hanged by a Mob.

PARIS, Ky., Feb. 11.—George Carter, a negro who was in jail here, charged with having assaulted Mrs. W. E. Board about three weeks ago, was lynched by a mob early this morning shortly after 10 o'clock about 30 determined men appeared at the jail door and demanded admittance of jail-keeper. He refused to make any statement. He was only the work of a minute to place a rope around his neck, and he was then half dragged to the entrance of the Courthouse. The rope was then thrown over the iron arch leading to the entrance, and the mob pulled on the rope and the others lifted his body. He died by strangulation. The mob then quickly dispersed. During the whole affair there was not a word spoken.

Soberly anyone in the town, outside of the immediate participants, knew that the lynching was to occur. The electric lights had previously been extinguished and the town was in a dark night.

Before the men dispersed they pinned a card on the body of the negro, bearing this inscription: "This will be the fate of all negroes who assault white women."

The other occupants of the jail, who are colored, were greatly frightened and their cries and moanings could be heard for several blocks. Half an hour after the lynching occurred the streets were