

THREE LIVES LOST

Result of Fire in a Boston Brick Building.

FOUR OTHERS BADLY INJURED

Men and Women Jumped From Burning Structure and Were Rescued by Police and Firemen.

BOSTON, Feb. 10.—Three persons lost their lives and four others were badly injured in a fire in a brick building in Harrison street early this morning. The dead are: Nora Hart, 50 years old, killed by jumping from a second-story window. Mrs. Matilda Barry, 45, a widow, who was badly burned, and died tonight. Mrs. Frances Riley, a widow, 50 years old, suffocated.

There is a suspicion that the fire was of incendiary origin and two arrests have been made. Harris Levin, aged 38, and his wife Bertha, aged 36.

Levin had a shoe store on the first floor of the building, and the arrests are made on the suspicion that he had something to do with the fire.

Men and women jumped from the burning building and firemen and policemen rescued others from smoke-filled corridors and hallways.

The second story was occupied by Daniel Hart, his wife and sister and four children. They all jumped from a window. One of the children was badly burned and suffered internal injuries by jumping, and died. Mrs. Hart was badly hurt.

The third story was occupied by Daniel and Thomas Brennan. The latter escaped, but Daniel jumped three stories to a shed and suffered serious injuries.

The fourth story was occupied by Mrs. Frances Riley and Mrs. Barry. Mrs. Riley was overcome by the smoke and suffocated. Her body was discovered after the fire.

Mrs. Barry jumped from the fourth story, and is in a precarious condition.

ARRESTED FOR SAFE-ROBBERY

Three Well-Known Men Trained Through the Snow.

ST. LOUIS CITY, La., Feb. 10.—Three men, believed to have been implicated in the theft last night at Manila, La., of a United States Express Company's safe, and to contain \$50,000, were arrested at that place this morning. They were traced by their tracks in the snow. The men are John Jackson, John Stovall and Charles Hayes. All live at Manila, and are well known. Their reputations herebefore have been good, and they stoutly protested their innocence. Mrs. Jackson, wife of John Jackson, was also arrested, but at a preliminary hearing, she was released. The three men are in jail, having been unable to furnish a bond, fixed at \$12,000 each.

None of the money or valuables has been recovered. The safe that was stolen contained in the neighborhood of \$400,000 worth of money, in cash, and the remainder in drafts, checks and various valuables. While the robbery undoubtedly was carefully planned, as the house and wagon were used as a convenient spot, it is not believed that the men knew they were making so rich a haul. They had no means of knowing the contents of the safe, only that it was used in carrying valuables.

The Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul train, on which the safe was taken from St. Louis City, arrived at Manila at 5:30 P. M. Saturday night. The safe was late, and James Sturtevant, of St. Louis City, the express messenger, did not hurry in unloading the goods and packages from his car. The messenger, with other articles, was placed on a truck on the depot platform, and then Sturtevant and the baggage man went to the other end of the platform to get another truckload.

When Sturtevant returned, he noticed that the articles on the truck were disarranged, and a glance showed that the iron box was gone.

There was great excitement, and no time was lost in spreading the alarm. Marshall Pearlman hastily assembled a posse. Snow lay thick on the ground, and it did not take long to discover the tracks of two men, who were seen to have been carrying some heavy object directly from the truck, as it stood on the depot platform.

They carried the safe a distance of about two blocks, and then loaded it into a wagon which had been left there in waiting. The wagon was driven about a mile and a half out in the country, and there the safe was safely opened, and the contents abstracted. The men abandoned the safe and went their way on a new track. It was not difficult to trace them, however, and this morning three arrests were made. The authorities say the shoes of two of the men under arrest fit exactly the tracks in the snow.

Detectives Hurred to Scene.

CHICAGO, Feb. 10.—Detectives of the St. Paul road and of the United States Express Company, was hurried to points in Iowa near the scene of the mysterious express robbery. The local officials detected all knowledge of the case, and secured the safe stolen contained currency and money orders in transit to the Chicago office. It was an oblong iron box, weighing about 40 pounds.

STEEL DEAL CLOSED.

President of Carnegie Steel Company Confirms Reported Sale.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.—The world tomorrow will say: The departure of Charles M. Schwab, president of the Carnegie Steel Company, for Pittsburgh, is interpreted as a sure indication that the sale of the vast holding of Andrew Carnegie to the Morgan-Rockefeller syndicate has been practically closed. Before his departure, Mr. Schwab told a friend that the published report of the immense transaction was substantially correct.

Joshua Rhodes, one of the powers of the American Trust Company, which is to form a part of the giant combination under Mr. Morgan's "community of interests" plan, came here from Pittsburgh yesterday. When Mr. Rhodes learned that Mr. Schwab had left he started back to Pittsburgh after a stay of only two hours. It is expected that before this week is ended, Mr. Morgan will make formal announcement of the purchase of the Carnegie Steel Company, and the unification under the "community of interests" plan of all the corporations in the steel and kindred industries.

There is much curiosity about the return which the American Steel & Wire Company will bear to the big combination. Consumption of the purchase, it is thought, will bring the general officers of the Carnegie company here from Pittsburgh, and consequently an immense amount of steady money.

To Protect Asphalt Interest.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.—The Journal and Advertiser tomorrow will say: The asphalt combination has made an offer to Captain N. B. Broward, of Jacksonville, Fla., to charter the famous filibustering steamer Three Friends, which he owned and two other boats. It is plain

that the asphalt combination is about to send a force of men to Venezuela for the purpose of protecting its interests at the asphalt plant known as La Falcidada. It is said that the forces of the asphalt combination are to be in charge of Captain Malcolm Rafferty, formerly of the Seventy-first Regiment, who was at the battle of San Juan in Cuba.

WANT INDEPENDENCE.

Philippines Will Not Accept Benevolent Assimilation.

BOSTON, Feb. 10.—Robert Treat Pine, president of the American Peace Society, has just received a letter from Senator Elio Lopez, which shows the attitude of the Philippines on the question of bringing the war to a close. The letter is in part as follows:

"The Philippines will never accept American sovereignty, as that word is generally understood, and they will not accept benevolent assimilation as the means to the definition of the word and the powers which it implies. But let me now briefly state what I intended to convey to you on January 10th last:

"First—The right and the means to fulfill certain (unspecified) obligations to other nations.

"Second—The right and the means to protect life and property, foreign and national.

"Third—A basis of trade and military operations for the Far East.

"Fourth—Coaling stations.

"Fifth—The right, or the desire to raise us, by a process called 'benevolent assimilation,' out of a condition of savagery which does not exist in our country.

"In order to obtain these rights the Administration demands that our people shall surrender, unconditionally, and submit to American sovereignty.

"The Philippines, on the other hand, demand one 'unalienable right,' namely, independence, or to institute a government of their own, which is not a submission to American sovereignty.

"But while firm in their demand, the Philippines are prepared to yield to the United States, but only on the condition that the above list from first to fourth inclusive. In addition to this, they are prepared to repay, in part or in whole, the expenses paid to Spain if the demand be made by the United States.

"As to paragraph five, the Philippines do not want and will not accept anything in the form of benevolence and charity from any nation in the world. But if any American citizen or citizens desire to embark in missionary enterprise, and if they really think that there are those in the Philippines who need special attention, they would be at liberty to spend their missionary zeal without let or hindrance. The Philippines would only reserve the right to recommend that such missionary zeal be expended on Spain or Turkey.

"If the United States be seen that every demand that the Administration is making, with the exception of that denied to George III, would be granted by the Philippines, therefore, if the Administration will say to the Philippines we will not deny you the one right which you claim and which you enjoy, we will grant you your independence, but we reserve the right to take such steps as may be necessary to enable us to fulfill our obligations and conserve our rights, the Philippines will lay down their arms at once."

Evangelical Meeting in Manila.

MANILA, Feb. 10.—The attendance at the second evangelical meeting in the Tondo Ward of Manila today was somewhat larger than the one held a week ago. There were not many Catholics present, and Senator Buenavista said the priests had directed them not to attend.

An affirmative expression was taken of the views of the meeting on the desirability of establishing an evangelical church, and Senator Buenavista has given the Rev. James B. Rodgers, missionary of the Presbyterian board of missions, charge of the effort. He is disposed to leave the Federal party in order to prove that he is not mixing political with religious reforms.

The Methodist missionaries were not present at the meeting, having gone to attend the Methodist conference at Singapore.

Domestic and Foreign Ports.

ASTORIA, Ore., Feb. 10.—Sailed at 12:30 P. M., steamer Alliance, for San Francisco via Coast ports; at 3 P. M., British steamer Queenstown, for Queenstown (via mouth); at 5 P. M., United States light-house tender Columbine, on cruise. Condition of the bar at 5:45 P. M. smooth; wind east; weather, cloudy.

Hogueland, Wash.—Sailed, February 8, barkentine Monitor, from Aberdeen, for San Francisco. Arrived, schooner Zampa, from San Francisco, for Aberdeen; schooner John A., from San Francisco, for Aberdeen; schooner Guide, from San Francisco, for Aberdeen.

New York, Feb. 10.—Arrived—La Champagne, from Havre, Potsdam, Rotterdam and Boulogne; Eureka, from Liverpool, and Queenstown; Sailed—Statenland, for Boulogne and Rotterdam; Minneapolis, for London.

San Francisco, Feb. 10.—Arrived—Steamer Newburg, from Gray's Harbor; steamer Coquille River, from Gray's Harbor; steamer Bonita, from Newport; Sailed—Steamer Santa of California, for Puget Sound.

Suez, Feb. 10.—Arrived—Steamer Glenloch, from Tacoma, via Singapore, for Liverpool.

Queenstown, Feb. 10.—Sailed—Servia, from Liverpool, for New York.

Portland, Me., Feb. 10.—Arrived—Dominion, from Liverpool.

Liverpool, Feb. 10.—Arrived—Etruria, from New York, via Queenstown.

G. A. R. Announcement.

CLEVELAND, O., Feb. 10.—The Associated Press requested to make the following announcement:

The Cleveland Grand Army of the Republic committee to have charge of the business arrangements of the coming anniversary next September, is in process of formation. Its officers will be elected in a week. In the meantime those who desire to communicate on matters connected with the encampment may do so by writing to the committee, care of the True building, Cleveland. All such matters will be taken up immediately upon formation of proper committee and communication thereupon entered.

The City of Cleveland has not the advantage of having its committee for the encampment formed a year ahead, as has been the case with every other city heretofore, but matters are shaping themselves encouragingly so far as the proper entertainment is concerned, and it is expected that within a week local business affairs will be organized.

Utah Legislators Off for Home.

BOISE, Idaho, Feb. 10.—The Utah Legislative train left here at 1 o'clock last night, and ran as far west as Huntington, the western end of the Great Salt Lake. Line there gave the visitors a banquet this morning, and at 8 o'clock the start was made for home. The Utah people were surprised at the evidences of wealth of the valley.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.

Take Laxative Broom-Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. S. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

CUBA AND PHILIPPINES

SENATE GENERALLY ACQUIESCES IN PROPOSED LEGISLATION.

Interminable Debate Was Expected—Appropriation Bills Have First Call This Week.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—If consideration of the naval appropriation bill is completed tomorrow, as expected, the ship subsidy bill will be called up by Senator Frye, and that bill will continue to receive the attention of the Senate during the remainder of the day. Senator Caffery will take the floor when the bill is taken up, and is expected to make a lengthy argument. Senator Proctor has given notice that as chairman of the committee on agriculture, he will call up the agricultural bill Tuesday. There will be no attempt to prevent displacement of the ship subsidy bill by the agricultural bill. The committee on appropriations hopes to be able to report the fortifications appropriation bill by the time the agricultural bill is taken up.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—The bill to establish a civil government in the Philippines, known as the Spooner bill, is expected to be reported later in the week.

The plan is to have all appropriation bills acted on as promptly as possible after they are reported. There are no bills of that character before the Senate at present. The Spooner bill will continue to have the right of way. The indications are that there will be no further immediate attempt to hold night sessions. The opponents of the subsidy bill declare that in case of a renewal of the night meetings, the friends of the bill will be compelled to keep constantly in the chamber a quorum of their own. While they make frequent demands for a call of the Senate during the evening sessions of last week, they always themselves replied to their names when called.

It has always been supposed that the bill would be brought up to do this in case of further efforts to bring the bill to a vote by carrying the Senate meetings into the night.

Much interest is shown in the effort which is to be made to secure legislation in connection with the Army appropriation bill in regard to the Philippines and Cuba. It has been suggested that any attempt in either direction would open up the entire colonial policy of the Administration and lead to interminable debate, but there is now unquestionably a general acquiescence in the effort to be made for Philippines and Cuban legislation.

A majority, at least, of the Democrats seem willing that a vote should be reached on both these provisions. Indeed, it is understood to be the position of Senator Jones, of Arkansas, and of his immediate supporters in opposition to the subsidy bill, that they will not oppose a vote on any bill before the Senate except the ship bill, and possibly the oleomargarine bill.

In all probability, however, the Cuban and Philippine questions will be discussed at considerable length, and even though there may be no desire to defeat them, they may be used to hold off the ship bill.

The committee on the Philippines will hold a meeting Monday, and it is expected will agree promptly upon a favorable report upon the Philippines amendment, but the question will probably not be taken up in the Senate until the Army appropriation bill has been reported. The Cuban committee probably will meet later in the week.

IN THE HOUSE.

Revenue Reduction Bill First Work.

Animated Discussion Likely.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—The revenue reduction bill will come before the House tomorrow, with some prospect of an animated discussion. The ways and means committee has already determined on a recommendation for a disagreement to the Senate amendments to the bill, and a conference with the Senate will be asked. But this determination has aroused considerable feeling among the majority members of the committee, and this may find expression when Chairman Payne presents the report, and he deals with the conference. Following this matter the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill will claim attention, the general discussion of foreign questions, particularly the Philippines, being still open. The Army appropriation bill and the sundry civil bill will also receive consideration during the week.

Among the measures of general legislation likely to come up is the important bill for Government aid and participation in the Louisiana Purchase Exposition to be held at St. Louis. Chairman Tawney, having the subject in charge, has received assurances from the Speaker of early recognition, and expects to take up the bill during the first part of the week. The bill retiring officers of the revenue cutter service, and establishing a standing bureau, will continue to be special orders when appropriation bills do not have the right of way. Legislation regarding West Point, however, may come at any time, though it is likely to be dealt with in conference in connection with the Military Academy appropriation bill.

WADE'S FRIENDS TO ACT.

Will Not Allow Other Army Officers to Be Promoted Over Him.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—The promotion of Colonel Young and Captain and Brigadier-General MacArthur to be Major-Generals over the senior Brigadier-General Wade, has raised a storm which may delay the confirmation of these officers. It is the intention to promote Wade, but the Administration desires to give the other three men rank over Wade, and prevent him from ever being in line for Lieutenant-General. Wade was in command at Tampa at the beginning of the Spanish War, and was organizing the Army like a soldier. Shafter was sent there, and as Wade ranked him, Wade

was ordered away, and the favorite, Shafter, given an opportunity to mismanage the entire campaign. As it was time of war, Wade pocketed the affront and obeyed like a soldier. His friends do not intend to submit tamely while MacArthur, another favorite, is given rank over him. The reason given by the War Department is that MacArthur is wanted as a commander in the Philippines, and if Wade should be commissioned a Major-General, he would take rank and command over MacArthur when he arrived at Manila.

SAMOANS' CLAIM SETTLED.

Surrender Money Promised Them Has Been Distributed.

SAMOA, Jan. 21.—The \$41,176 cash subscribed by the Governments of Germany, Great Britain and the United States for payment to the Samoans for guns surrendered by them to the high commission in 1899, immediately after the war, has been paid out to the Samoans in Apia, under the supervision of Governor Soli, representing Germany; Consul-General Osborne of the United States, and Vice-Consul Trood, for Great Britain. The cash was paid in British currency, with no allowance for exchange or premium.

MADRID, Feb. 10.—The banquet given at the Palace last evening by the Queen Regent in honor of Prince Charles, of Bourbon, who will wed the Princess of the Asturias, and of his parents, the Count and Countess of Caserta, was an extremely brilliant affair. On the right of the regents, at the Count of Caserta, the Infante Maria Teresa, the Minister of Foreign Affairs, Marquis Aguilar de Caspós, the Infante Enrique, and the Minister of Marine. On her left sat Prince Charles of Bourbon, the Princess of the Asturias, the Infante Maria Theresa, the Minister of Foreign Affairs, Marquis Aguilar de Caspós, the Infante Enrique, and the Minister of Marine. The regent's mother sat opposite her, with distinguished guests on each side.

It is estimated that some 400 of the Cabinet Ministers will be present at the wedding. It is now probable that the bride and bridegroom will not appear in the streets, but that the function will be carried out entirely within the Palace walls.

Six hundred students have sent an address to the Minister of Public Instruction declaring that "Considering the marriage of the Princess of the Asturias with the son of him who caused the nation so many sorrows to be a national misfortune and reason for mourning instead of rejoicing," they deemed it their duty not to accept holidays in honor of the event.

Senator Ugarte, Minister of the Interior, said in the course of an interview that yesterday's troubles were more serious than those of the preceding days because the political factions had joined with the students and therefore he had resolved to adopt vigorous measures of repression.

DISORDERS AMONG STUDENTS.

Police Stoned and General Depredations Committed.

MADRID, Feb. 10.—Last night at a meeting of the students upon the occasion of a lecture dealing with the anti-clerical play of the occasion, the students stoned the police. Four policemen, two Lieutenants and two students, were slightly hurt. Twenty-six arrests were made and several of the persons in custody were court-martialed. It was 2 o'clock this morning before quiet was restored.

The authorities took extensive measures to cope with the revival of disorder. At Valladolid yesterday students stoned the convents and monasteries and it was necessary for the gendarmes to charge them. They shattered the windows of the Jesuit college with stones and did not until the rectory of the university personally appealed to them.

Today in Valladolid, the Franciscans who appeared in the streets were stoned. The confusion of the night lighted the gendarmes charged the crowd which had stoned the windows of the tradesmen for refusing to close their shops.

At Barcelona yesterday, a group of students were dispersed by the police.

DUKE'S AUSTRALIAN VISIT.

Chamberlain on Proposed Trip of Cornwall.

SYDNEY, N. S. W., Feb. 10.—Joseph Chamberlain, Secretary of State for the Colonies, in the course of a cable to the Earl of Hopetoun, Governor-General of the Commonwealth of Australia, regarding the Duke of Cornwall's visit as to the visit of the Duke of Cornwall and York, says:

"It was the late Queen's desire that the visit should mark both the greatness of the occasion, and her appreciation of the loyalty, devotion and generous aid of the colonists in South Africa, and the splendid gallantry of the colonial troops."

His Majesty is confident that in making arrangements for the reception of the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall and York, the people in Australia will not fail to take into consideration the circumstances surrounding the visit."

The German Government has ordered the payment of taxes by the natives of German Samoa, amounting to £1 per head. In response to the wish of the Tutilla natives, the German Government has ordered the celebration of Emperor William's birthday, in Apia, on the 28th inst. It is stated that during the three days' festivity assigned for the celebration that the general amnesty will be granted to every one to do as he likes.

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AROUSED OVER WEDDING

COMING MARRIAGE OF PRINCESS OF ASTURIAS THE CAUSE.

Spanish Students Hold That Union With Prince Charles of Bourbon, Is Reason for Mourning.

MADRID, Feb. 10.—The banquet given at the Palace last evening by the Queen Regent in honor of Prince Charles, of Bourbon, who will wed the Princess of the Asturias, and of his parents, the Count and Countess of Caserta, was an extremely brilliant affair. On the right of the regents, at the Count of Caserta, the Infante Maria Teresa, the Minister of Foreign Affairs, Marquis Aguilar de Caspós, the Infante Enrique, and the Minister of Marine. On her left sat Prince Charles of Bourbon, the Princess of the Asturias, the Infante Maria Theresa, the Minister of Foreign Affairs, Marquis Aguilar de Caspós, the Infante Enrique, and the Minister of Marine. The regent's mother sat opposite her, with distinguished guests on each side.

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PROTEST AGAINST HIGHER CREDIT.

BERLIN, Feb. 10.—The Vorwarts, the leading socialist organ, prints an appeal from the socialist members of the Reichstag to the working classes in Germany to oppose the proposal to increase the duties on cereals. A million copies of the appeal have been distributed throughout the country. Its authors claim that an increase in the duties is contemplated not only in the case of cereals, but also in all agricultural products.

GRISCOM HAD AUDIENCE WITH SULTAN.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Feb. 10.—United States Charge d'Affaires Griscom had a farewell audience with the Sultan last Friday. His majesty returned the visit yesterday at Marlborough House, where all the royal families will remain until the opening of Parliament.

Colombian Insurgents Active.

KINGSTON, Jamaica, Feb. 10.—Advices today from Colon, Colombia, show that there is a continuance of insurgent activity in many quarters. Last week there were severe fighting between the government troops and the rebels near Panama, and the latter were then pressing toward Panama and Colon, in spite of the government reinforcements.

Duke of Connaught's Military Status.

LONDON, Feb. 10.—With reference to the report that the Duke of Connaught will be appointed Commander-in-Chief of the British forces in India, it is ascertained in official quarters that nothing definite has yet been decided as to his future military status.

Seventeen Lives Lost in Fire.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 10.—Official advices from the Governor of Taku, the scene of the recent fire, says that the total loss of life was 17, and that the loss of property will not exceed 1,200,000 roubles.

Bubonic Plague at Cape Town.

CAPE TOWN, Feb. 10.—Ten cases of what is supposed to be the bubonic plague have been isolated. One of the victims is a white person.

Mirror Sun-Flash Tests.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.—William A. Eddy, at Bayonne, N. J., today com-

Probably no action will be taken, but the incident explains why the legitimists were not allowed to place a wreath upon the statue of Charles I, January 30.

Court Presentations Unchanged.

LONDON, Feb. 10.—The Court Circular announces King Edward's decision that court presentations during the reign of Queen Victoria will hold good for the present reign. This will remove the difficulty that would have been involved in the thousands of renewed presentations.

At the opening of Parliament, which will be a great pageant, the King will wear a crimson velvet state robe, with rich trimmings of ermine. Ladies have permission to wear pearls and diamonds.

To Form Italian Ministry.

ROME, Feb. 10.—According to the newspapers of Rome, Signor Giuseppe Zanardelli has been definitely charged by King Victor Emmanuel to form a ministry to succeed the Saraceni cabinet. It is indicated that Giovanni Giolitti, Giulio Prea, Alessandro Fortis, Count Francesco Gullerandini and Marquis Raffaele Capelli will receive portfolios, and that Giolitti will be the actual premier, although he is said to have been selected for the post of Minister of the Interior.

Anglo-French Relations.

PARIS, Feb. 10.—Sir Charles Dilke, writing in the Figaro, comments on Anglo-F