NO TIME FOR A VOTE

Opposition to Settling Fate of the Subsidy Bill.

PRITCHARD SPOKE IN ITS FAVOR

Naval Appropriation Bill Considered by the Scante-The House Passed 184 Private Pension Bills-Other Business Transacted.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8 .- An ineffectual effort was made in the Senate today to reach an agreement on a time for a final wete upon the shipping bill. Vigorous protests were made by opponents of the

for a date in the indefinite future. Pritchard spoke today in support of the shipping bill, and then the naval appro-priation bill was considered the rest of the day, the shipping bill being laid aside informally. The naval bill had not been acted upon when the Senate adjourned. There was no night session, and will be none tomorrow night none tomorrow night.

Soon after the Senate convened a resolution previously offered by Pettigrew, calling on the Secretary of War for a copy of General MacArthur's report as to the conditions in the Philippines and for other papers relating to the Philippines was

At the instance of Frye, consideration of the shipping bill was resumed. Frye then appealed to the Senare that a time be fixed for the vote upon the pending measure. He was exceedingly desirous for a vote. Personally, he had no more desire for night sessions than any other Senator. He hoped that the Senate might agree upon some time for a vote—a time far enough off to permit the necessary latitude for proper debate. Jones (Ark.) said he did not think at this time any agreement could be made

Hale said he could understand perfectly the views of those opposed to the measure, but believed the Senate would be indubrent, as it always had been, with Sendulgent, as it always had been, with Sen-ntors who desire to prepare espeches upon the measure. He suggested that the pend-ing measure is in effect a political meas-ure, and that the majority will have to assume the responsibility for it. He said he did not believe there is any desire to fillbuster against the bill.

Tillman expressed his admiration for the

wisdom and diplomacy always exhibited by the Senator from Maine (Hale), and he placidity with which he had attempted to smooth troubled waters here." He in-quired, however, how the Senators could prepare speeches when they were now un-ler a full head of steam from 7 o'clock in the morning until 11 o'clock at night. Hale said he believed those who desired prepare speeches would find time to

Tillman said he had no great objections to a vote upon the bill, provided he could be absolved from any responsibility for permitting the passage of the measure, because, in his opinion, the more rope the Republicans were given in drawing money m the Treasury, the sooner they would

ang themselves. Chandler thought the solution of the pending question was to be found in an extra session of Congress. It was an in-jurious custom to try to force through Congress at a short session much import-ant legislation in addition to the appro-

Money declared his willingness to accept Money declared his willingness to accept the responsibility for an extra session called to pass appropriation bills which might fall by reason of debate upon the shipping bill. "The extra session would be your affair," said he, "not ours. We can go fishing." Pritchard spoke in support of the meas-

Fritchard spoke in support of the measure, dealing with it in connection with the advancement of Southern industries. It was, in his opinion, the most vital measure presented to Congress in recent years, as it proposed to build up an industry not only valuable in itself, but apecially valuable in advancing the interests of the outer country. He proterests of the entire country. He produced figures to prove that the South was particularly interested in the enactment of the pending measure.

At the conc usian of Pritchard's speech. the shipping bill was, without objection, laid aside temporarily in order that the mayal appropriation bill might be consid-An amendment was agreed to providing that the promotion of officers of the Navy and marine corps, made on account of war services, shall not interfere with the regular promotion of officers.

An amendment involving the length of the course of study at the naval academy brought on a long discussion. The Senate committee had stricken out the House provision that the naval cadets who had completed their four years' reg-ular course at the academy should be ular course at the academy should be commissioned as naval officers at once. Hale explained that by the House provision 142 officers would be "dumped" into lines. the Navy at one time at the foot of the list, thus creating what was known tech-"hump" would stop the promotion of the rounger officers. It was not expected.
Hale said, that officers should be provided inmediately for all the war vessels authorized. If such a plan were followed, it would cost \$100,000,000 a year for the Navy.
Tillman defended the action of the Sengle committee, while Foraker, Caffery.
McCherry and Butter instead the House

ate committee, while Porada the House provision should be reinstated. Chandler, an ex-Secretary of the Navy, said that no greater mistake could be made than to reduce the cadet course from

ely years to four years, as the House had

executive session, at 6 P. M., adjourned. During the afternoon Spooner offered the following amendment to the Army appropriation bill:

That all military, civil and judicial powers necessary to govern the Philippine Islands, sequired from Spain by the treaty concluded at Paris on December 10, 1988, and at Washington on November 7, 1900, shall, until otherwise provided by Con-gress, he vested in such person and per-sons, and shall be exercised in such man-ner as the President of the United States shall direct for the establishment of civil government, and for maintaining and pro-tecting the inhabitants of said islands in the free enjoyment of their liberty, property and religion; providing that all franchises granted under the authority here shall contain a reservation of the right to alter, amend or repeal the same."

In the House. This was probably the last day to be devoted to private pension legislation by the House this Congress. The high-water mark made in the Fifty-first Congress, was almost reached today, when 15t bills were passed, against 157 passed at a single seedon in the former Congress. In all the House at this Congress has passed

about 900 bills, a number considerably ex-ceeded in the Fifty-first.

A general pension bill was passed to restore to the pension rolls widows of sol-diers of the Rebellion who subsequently married and became widowed or divorced. By the terms of the bill, however, its benefits are limited to widows of soldiers who were married before the close of the Rebellion, and who are now dependent upon their own labor for support.

Hills were passed to permit homesteaders on the abandoned Fort Fetterman military reservation in Wyoming to enter on the quarter sections of grazing lands; to confirm two locations of Chippewa halfbreeds' soript in Sait Lake City, Utah, and

transportation of dutiable goods to the Port of Honolulu. The Speaker laid before the House the following letter from Acting Secretary of State Hill

State Hill:

"I have the honor to inform you of the receipt of a telegram from the Ambassador to Great Britain reporting that His Majesty's Minister for Foreign Affeirs inid before the King the resolution adopted by the House of Representatives relating to the death of Queen Victoria, and that by the King's command, Lord Lansdowne expresses the world presentatives of that expresses the royal appreciation of that mark of respect, and also of the additional respect shown by the House to the mem-ory of the late Queen by its immediate The House adjourned at 5:40 P. M.

Amending Immigration Laws. WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—The bill amending the immigration laws so as to exclude persons affected with insanity, idiocy or epitepsy was today favorably reported from the House committee on immigration and naturalization.

HAWAIIAN LICENSE LAW.

Supreme Court Declares It Unconstitutional.

HONOLULU, Jan. 30, via San Fran-cisco, Feb. &—The Supreme Court has de-clared the Hawaiian merchandise license law to be unconstitutional, leaving territory without any law of the kind, un-til the Legislature meets and enacts a new one. The old law provided for an importation license. This was held to be in conflict with the interstate commerce laws. This decision was rendered in an action against Theodore Davies & Co., involving license fees of \$750 90, or threevolving license fees of \$750 90, or threeeighths of 1 per cent of the value of imported goods sold by the firm in a year.

Honolulu has seen the last of the roundthe-horn fleet of salling sugar vessels.

This year the sugar crop goes to New
York in the large new steamers of the
American-Hawaiian Steamship Company.

A large fleet of sailing vessels has been
semblowed every Summer for some years oyed every Summer for some years past to take the sugar round the Horn. It is reported that the new company will put 11 large steamships, all new, on its New York-Honolulu-San Francisco line, running a steamer every two weeks to make the trip from New York here in 58 days via San Francisco.

days via San Francisco.

The fallure of President McKinley to appoint a Circuit Judge to succeed Judge Silliman, who resigned two months ago, has resulted in a serious overcrowding of the court calendar. When Judge Humphreys opens the February term of the court on March 4 he will have twice as much new criminal business on the cal-endar as he can attend to during the term. Cases on appeal and civil matters

will have to be left to wait.

News of the death of Queen Victoria
was brought here on the steamship Sonoma on the 30th. Though expected, the news that the aged Queen had passed away profoundly shocked the community, Flags were at once placed at half-mast and a number of business houses closed

their doors on receipt of the news.

Many Japanese and native workmen on
the Island of Maut, have formed an association on the lines of some American unions, and they have started a series of strikes. The plantation managers have been anticipating trouble among the Japanese for some months, and are anxious to supersede them with other laborers Japanese who strike are usually very who strike are usually very promptly discharged.
The 23 Tennessee negroes

brought here have become dissatisfied and have left their work. They are said to be city men, of an undesirable class, and have proved an undesirable importation.

have proved an undesirable importation. Many of them are making their way to Honolulu. They claim \$25 a month with quarters, fuel, etc., free.

The last lot of Porto Ricans have proved a better class and are working satisfactorily. Sixty Portuguese who came here from New England are also well liked by their employers. The steamship Zealandia, on her next trip, will bring about 700 of these. She will go south after leaving San Francisco, and take them direct from Loe Angeles.

WIRELESS TELEGRAPH.

New System Developed by the Weather Bureau. NEW YORK, Feb. 8 .- A special to the

World from Washington says: A new system of wireless telegraphy has been developed by the Weather

"It is a success," said Willis S. Moore, chief of the bureau. "We have been ex-perimenting for a year at Cobb's Island, in the Potomac River, 70 miles below Washington. We have completed an apparatus that we expect will enable us to signal ships 500 miles or more out at sea. We shall soon send out ships coulpped with receiving instruments. We have just completed a station at Roanoke, N. C., and will soon have stations at Hat-

terns and Cape Henry.
"We have succeeded in telegraphing perfectly with our wireless system for 30 miles over a rough country around Washington. That, I believe, is fully equal to the best transmission that has ever been accomplished by the Marconi method. Our system is quite distinct from his, and is being developed along our own

"We succeeded in sending messages for some distance from a staff only three feet nically as a "hump" in this list. This high We established regular communication between the laboratory and Wash-ington, 60 miles. One of our men has a farm near Fort Myer, Va. just across from Washington. A staff 100 feet high was on the place and at the top we placed our instruments. We were able to communicate with the island as regularly and According to the arrangement heretofore as freely as though we were working over a wire. The speed of the waves was practically that of light. We used a system of dots and dashes, and our receiver was of the 'sounder' type. We read messages by sound. We expect, however, to de-

velop a receiver that will record mess "Notwithstanding our success, it not seem that wireless telegraphy is developed yet to the point where it can be used for ordinary commercial purposes on land. The earth disturbances and the conlitions that surround cities would prove

Orders to the Tenth.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.-The War Department has issued a general order designating the second battallon of the Tanth Infantry, which regiment is now in Cuba, as depot battallon of that regiment, with stations as follows:

"The Colonel's staff, band and company E, at Fort Crook; Company H, at Fort Niebrara; Company F, at Fort Robinson. and Company G. at Fort Mackensie. The companies of the third battalion aer or-dered to the Presidio, where they will be prepared for immediate service in the The two active battalions will be filled by transfers and recruits to the maximum of 150 men per company.

A Canadian Scandal.

OTTAWA, Ont., Feb. 8.—Senator Mac-Kenzie Bowell, leader of the opposition in the Senate, has given notice that he will move for a committee on inquiry into the charges of H. H. Cook, formerly a members of the Commons, who said during the last general election that he was offered a Senatorship for \$10,000.

ECZEMA; NO CURE NO PAT.

Tour druggist will refund your money if PAZO CINTMENT talls to cure Ringworm, Tetter, Old Ulcers and Sores, Pimples and Blackheads on the face, Riching Humors, Dandruff and all Skin Diseases no matter of how long stunding, Price Soc. If your druggist should full to have it send us Soc in postage stamps and we will forward same by mail, and at any time you notify us that the cure was not satisfactory we will promptly return your many. Your druggist will tell you that we are rollable, as our LaxATIVE SHOULD-QUININE Tablets, which have a National reputation for colds, are handled by all druggists. Address PARIS MEDICINE CO., St. Louis, Mo. ECZEMA; NO CURE NO PAY.

THEY WILL FIGHT ANYWAY CINCINNATI PROHOTERS SAY THEY

> Claim They Can Keen Within the Bounds of a Sparring Match in Both Contests.

WHA PULL OFF CONTEST.

CINCINNATI, O., Feb. &-With the exception of William A. Brady, who did not arrive from New York until tonight, all the witnesses have been heard on the application for an injunction against th Jeffries-Ruhlin contest here next Friday night. Counsel for the Saengerfest Ath-letic Club are not sure tonight that Erady will be called. In any event, coun-

Run-off, General McGruder won, Al-1:20. Run-off, General McGruder won, Albert Vale second: time, 1:214. Six furiouse, handicap—Educate won, Empress of Beauty second, The Elbat third: time, 1:194. Mile and an eighth—Lancewood won, Zolo second, Nearest tätrd: time, 2:034. Mile and a sixteenth, selling—Madeline G. won, Brown Vall second, Claude Walton third; time, 1:55%.

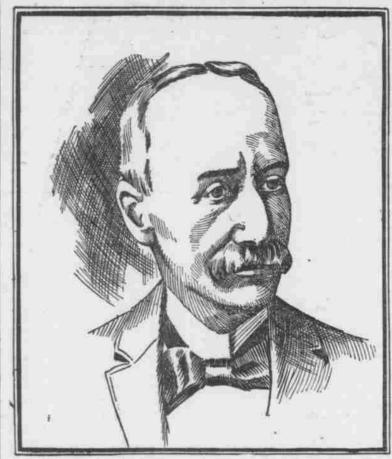
Barry Outpointed Turner. DENVER, Feb. 5.—Dave Barry, light-weight champion of Canada, outpointed Rufe Turner, the lightweight champion of the Pacific Coast, two to one, and was given the decision at the end of a 16-round go before the Colorado Athletic Association here tonight.

KILLED WIFE, THEN HIMSELF Act of Portland Man in Oakland-

Brady will be called. In any event, counsel on both sides have agreed to limit their arguments so that the case will be closed tomorrow night. Judge Hollister is not expected to reserve his decision longer than next Monday, but there is no assurance on that point.

Even if an injunction is issued against a prizefight, so-called, it is stated that the promoters will claim the right to pull Domestic Trouble Was Cause.

SIGNOR SARACCO.



PRESIDENT OF THE ITALIAN MINISTRY JUST DEFEATED.

ROME, Feb. 8.-King Victor Emmanuel conferred today with Signore Ivilla, Ricotti, Rudini and Bianchert, with the view of forming a new Cabinet to succeed the Saracco Ministry, which resigned yesterday.

off a boxing contest here next Friday night and keep within the bounds of a sparring match in both the 10-round bout between Childs and Martin and the 20-round contest between Jeffries and Ruh-lin. The defendants deny the jurisdiction iin. The defendants deny the jurisdiction of the court to restrain such a boxing contest as is allowed under the Ohlo statutes, and they maist that they do not intend that there shall be a violation of the law at any stage of the contest. The defendants, on these grounds, expect to appeal the case to a higher court if Judge Hollister grants the injunction, and they feel confident that, with absolute assurances of a boxing contest only, as described in the permit of the Mayor, and not a prizefight, they will be able to carry

out their programme.

The star witness today was Billy Madden, who was on the stand most of the forenoon and all of the afternoon. He insisted that boxing was in the interest of health as well as skill. He said the training of boxers was simply an exercise for the perfection of health, so that they would be in such condition as to be they would be in such conditoin as to be ine from interes

Madden insisted that there had been no prizefights by champions in recent years, and that Jeffries, Ruhlin, Childs and Martin belong to a later school of scientific boxers, and that none of them had ever engaged in a prizefight.

Troops Will Be Ready.

LIMA, O., Feb. 8.-Colonel Ream, of the Second Ohio Regiment, says he has been notified that his regiment will be called upon to go to Cincinnati in case the troops are used to prevent the Jeffries-Ruhlin fight.

BACETRACK WAR.

Tanforan Meeting May Continue Indefinitely.

BAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 8.—The local racing world was surprised today by a declaration of war between the Tanforan and Oakland racetracks. Prince Ponla-towsky, president of the San Francisco Jockey Club, announced that the Tanfor-an meeting would continue indefinitely. prevailing between the tracks, Tanforan would have closed tomorrow for the customary period of time, and the sport would have been taken up across the bay Monday. Included in the declaration of the Prince was the statement that there would be a special handicap at Tanforan next Saturday afternoon for which foran next Saturday afternoon for which a purse of \$10,000 would be offered. This handicap is to offset the attraction at Oakland Park next Saturday afternoon, where the Burns handicap, one of the greatest racing events of the year, is scheduled to come off. Owners of racing horses at Oakland will not be allowed to start at Tanforan.

Prince Poniatowsky explained the declaration of war by saying it was due to the fact that he believed President Will-lams, of the California Jockey Club, which controls the Oakland track, was responsi-ble for the San Mateo legislation, shorten-ing the Tanforan season. The special match race between Canmore and Articulate has been postponed until next Wednesday. Results at Tanforan today were: Six furlongs, selling-Impromptu won, Courtier second, Raveling third; time,

Three and a half furlongs, purse-Sol Lichtenstein won, Rosewar second, Rory Ough third; time, 0:43%. Six and a half furiongs, selling-Morelia won, March Seven second, Vantine third; time, 1:28.

time, 1:28.

Mile and a quarter, purse—Anjou won,
Aster second, Bogus Bill third; time, 2:14. Six furlongs, selling — Quis II won, Birdle Stone second, Bathgar third; time, One mile, selling-Imperious won, Billy Moore second, Phil Archibald third; time,

Baces at New Orleans. NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 8.—Results: One mile, selling—Rushfield won, Locus Slossom second, Heroics third; time,

Mile and a sixteenth, selling-Joe Col-Mile and a sixteenth selling—Joe Col-lins won, Little Boy Blue second, Mirt Boykin third; time, 1:56.

Six furlongs (heats), selling—First heat, Albert Vale won. Tildy Ann second, Dousterswivel third; time, 1:195, Second heat, General McGruder won, Douster-swivel second, Albert Vale third; time,

daughter, which Mrs. Seely succeeded in getting in Portland last December after some trouble. Seely arrived from Portland Thursday to recover the child. When he called on his wife tonight he found her entertaining a friend, who left the room when Seely entered. Shortly afterward shots were heard in the room. The members of the household rushed in and found the couple dying.

Mrs. Seely's father, J. H. Drummond.

lives at Cloverdale, near Portland, and a sister, Mrs. D. B. Ladd, is a resident of San Jose. Seely was secretary of Mount Hood Division, No. Si, Order of Railway Conductors, at Portland. There is a Frank M. Seely given in the city directory as residing at 331 Mechanic street. Inquiry at the Terminal depot elicited this information: "About a year

or two ago there was a Frank M. Seely employed on the O. R. & N. trains as a conductor, and he afterward joined the last night: "I knew Frank M. Seely when

BANKER CREEL'S VISIT.

To Arrange Some Way of Putting Mexico on a Gold Basis.

NEW YORK, Feb. 8.-At a dinner given in his honor by Charles R. Flint, Senor Earique C. Creel, a banker of the City of Mexico, was the principal speaker. The dinner was attended by a number of

are concerned, the financial and indus-trial interests of the two countries are of the closest and most important character. Hitherto American capital has found ample field for investment at home. Its increase has been so enormous in recent years that it now seeks investment abroad. Mexico is the most abroad. Mexico is the most profitable field to which it can tura. I am not alone in this opinion. Many of the most eminent American financiers think so."

LARGEST YEAR IN ITS HISTORY Business of the Mutual Life Insurance Company for 1900.

NEW YORK, Feb. 8.-The last of the

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—Today's state-ment of the Treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the \$150,000,000 gold serve in the division of redemption Available cash balances\$143.549.467

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tableta. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

NEW YORK, Feb. &-The new developisations touching the transfer of the carnegie Steel Company to J. P. Morgan and his associates were: First, that Mr. Carnegie is to receive \$1500 for that Mr. Carnegie is the property, and he has apparently convinced Mr. Morgan and his friends that his valuation of the interest in the Carnegie company was not excessive.

The acquisition of the control of the Carnegie Company in the interest of other Carnegie Company in the interest of the Carnegie Company in the intere ments today in connection with the nego-lations touching the transfer of the con-rol of the Carnegle Steel Company to J. bonds will play a large part in the price to be paid Mr. Carnegle, and, fourth, the first public amnouncement in connection with pending negotiations of an official with pending negotiations of an official character, coslisting of a statement by E. H. Gary, president of the Federal Steel Company, confirming the news that J. P. Morgan is planning the acquisition of the properties of some of the largest Iron and steel companies of this country. Judge Gary's statement follows:

"J. P. Morgan & Company are undoubtedly configured as a companies of the acquisition."

edly considering plans for the acquisition of the properties of some of the largest iron and steel companies of this country. Presumably they will not make or authorize any official statement until after the plans are perfected, and it is probable that they will manage the ownership or control so as to secure perfect and per-manent harmony in the larger lines of this industry. It is not intended, however, to obtain control of any line of business or to create any monopoly or trust, or in any way to antagonize any people, policy The success of the enterprise wiresult in great benefit to investors in se-curities, consumers and workingmen or employes.

The statement throws little light upon the details of the great transaction that is now in progress, and it is probable that actual official information in this respect will not be obtainable until the deal is really completed. The statement was, however, the subject of much guessing. It apparently confirms the general impression that all the "Morgan companies" are actively interested in the transaction, and, while nothing was said as to the Ameri-can Steel & Wire Company, the fact that counsel of that company attended the conferences between President Gary and Mr. Morgan seems to leave little doubt that the negotiations unfer way include the steel and wire consolidation. Inci-dentally, it is said that interesting developments may occur at the annual meeting of the corporation February 14. The "Morgan companies" are not generally supposed to have any interest in the financial side of the new deal, but it is believed that they will be disposed to work in harmony with the Morgan interests, at least while the market conditions continue favorable. It appears not unlikely, however, that the Pennsylvania Steel Company may be included in the "com-munity of ownership" plans, a theory that gains some color from the report that Pennsylvania Railroad capitalists are to have an interest in the financing of the

A feature suggesting that Mr. Carnegie had in mind the sale of his company at the time of charter in New Jersey is the peculiar clause in the charter providing that the directors of the company may dispose of the property of the company as an entirety. It is this clause of the charter that the men who are at present ngaged in financing the deal are taking dvantage of.

If, as now seems certain, Mr. Carnegie to receive \$1500 for each \$1000 share his stock, the transfers in his case alone will be the equivalent of nearly \$130,000,000, inasmuch as the great steel magnate's holdings at present amount to \$26,000,000. If, as seems probable, the ininority holders are to be looked after by
Mr. Morgan's syndicate, the financiering
will involve the equivalent of \$260,000,000.
It is certainly beyond even Mr. Morgan's
shiflity to provide this sum in cash on
short notice for a single transaction withour seriously severage the money mar. out seriously affecting the money mar-ket, and no surprise was, therefore, felt when Judge Gary made the statement today that the actual transfers of cash

would be small. Mr. Carnegie is not likely to give up police force for some little time. He was about 43 years old."

A personal friend of the dead man said tractive, and no surprise was expressed in the control of the dead man said. financial circles today when it became he was a conductor on the Astoria & known that the financial plan contem-Columbia River Railroad, about two years ago. He was in a train wreck, and one of greatly enlarged basis of one of the ex-his legs was amputated. Then he went to listing steel companies or the formation Alaska, and came back to a position as news agent on the O. R. & N. trains." of an entirely new corporation to hold the controlling stock of the various com-panies, all of such stock to constitute the collateral of the new bonds which shall be issued to Mr. Carnegie and to such other of the present Carnegie Com-pany stockholders as may wish to sell out with him.

It may be stated, on what is practical authority, that the full details of the proposed scheme of financing the big transfer had not been completed up to a late hour this evening, but the general out-lines of the plan, it is stated, do contem-plate either the issue of bonds or a sys-The dinner was attended from the dinner was a the first country visited, but the first country visited the possible stringency in an all the great Continental cities. On the of a possible stringency in market. These notes were to be secured by the deposit in trust of the Carnegie stock as collateral. This scheme, however, did not meet Mr. Carnegie's objection to parting with personal control of the country of the had received full the first country visited, but the first country visited the company until he had received full payment. Such an agreement would repart but of all the stock that the Carnegle Company stockholders sell until the notes should be taken up, a proposition which it was pointed out would tend to increase rather than decrease the importance of the transaction, if viewed entirely as a possible money market influence. If Mr. Carnegie released a certain amount of stock as the notes were paid, he would become a minority stockholder in the event of a subseque fault on the later notes, when it become necessary to realize on the collateral.

Whatever the exact shape that the annual statements of the three great life financial transactions might take, there is insurance companies, the Equitable, the little doubt whatever that it represents Mutual and the New York, is just out. the termination of a hattle royal between The amount of business written by these modern financial giants. The contest it-companies in 1900 was \$528,297,175, and their self may be said to have grown out of companies in 1900 was \$28,297,175, and their insurance in force at the beginning of the the "community of interests" idea of such year reached the enormous total of \$35,600. As usual the Mutual Lafe Insur-railroads. It started on its most serious ance Company of New York is far in stage as a result of the Pennsylvania the lead and easily maintains its po-sition as the largest, strongest, most proform by President Cassatt, of refusing to the lead and easily maintains its position as the largest, strongest, most prosition as the largest, strongest, most progressive life insurance company in the world. Its assets amount to \$25,753,162; its income was over \$50,000,000, and the volume of its business was the greatest in its listery. Nearly \$2,500,000 were paid in dividends. All the companies are looking formally and he objected, it is said to the policy and he objected, it is said to the policy. idends. All the companies are looking for-ward to an exceptionally prosperous year. Instituted by President Gassatt. The int-tor, however, refused to renew the old contract. Mr. Carnegie then appealed to Mr. Morgan without success, and thus found himself "bottled up," as it were, in Pittsburg, with transportation facilities no more advantageous than his smallest competitors. This was a situation to which a man of his capital, nerve and energy could not be expected to submit, and the next thing heard was that he had purchased thousands of acres on the Lake Eric front and that he had made definite plans to compete with Mr. Morgan's steel interests at the most vulnerable point,

CARNEGIE GETS HIS PRICE

namely, by building an enomous up-to-date tube plant.

Not only did Mr. Carnegie do this, but he went about it in a practical way, equiring control of railroad property with the apparent determination of securing his own road to tide water. It then became apparently a question of a contest with a determined man with ample capital and generally agreed that a war of rates in railroade as well as in steel would mean the loss of millions. President Cassatt about this time decided to make concessions in the rates for large shippers, such as might rates for large shippers, such as might have been satisfactory to Mr. Carnegie at the outset but the latter continued upon his competitive policy, and appears to have convinced Mr. Morgan's associates

Carnegle Company in the interest of other large consolidations is undoubtedly of yast importance, inasmuch as there will now be no reason for the carrying out of some of the new competitive projects of that company which have caused so much con-cern. In the iron and steel trade, it is claimed, during the last few years there has been an enormous increase in the producing capacity of the industry. In many departments this capacity is far ahead of the consumptive demand. For these reasons, bankers and financiers in touch with the interests involved in the Carnegle-Morgan deal believe that some of the most extensive and daring plans instituted by Mr. Carnegie under the spur of competition will not be carried for-ward when the control has finally passed to new hands.

DUTY ON PEARLS.

Recent Decision Saves the Government a Quarter of a Million.

NEW YORK, Feb. 8.-A decision saving the Government 250,000 or more has been handed down by Justice Coxe, in the United States District Court, for the Northern District of New York. It is the final outcome of an action started two years ago to determine the amount of duty on pearls.

of duty on pearls.

The tariff on pearls in the natural state is 10 per cent. On those that are strung or set there is a duty of 00 per cent, but

for a third class of pearls no duty was set down in the tariff laws. The Board of Appraisers fixed the duty at 20 per cent, but this met with opposition from members of the trade. An appeal was made to the Board of General Appraisers to lower the duty, but the Board sustained the action fixing the

rate at 20 per cent.

Then the matter was carried to the United States Circuit Court, and Judge Lacombe sustained the Board, He. ever, suggested that if the suit had been brought under the similitude clause, a different result might have followed. The matter was then taken to the United States District Court, where the Board of Appraisers have been finally sustained. It is estimated that had the decision been against the appraisers, more than \$250,000 would have had to be returned to importers who paid the duty under pro-

Lack of Assistant Surgeons.

NEW YORK, Feb. 8.-A special to the Herald from Washington says: Serious embarrassment prevails in the Navy because of the inability of the Med-ical Corps to obtain competent young physicians willing to accept appointments as assistant surgeons. There are now is vacancies and two more will occur during the year by the retirement of Medical Director W. K. Scoffeld, sentor officer of the Medical Corps, and Medical Director J. G. Ayers. Numerous applications for appointment are received, but as soon as the applicants learn that the rank to which they will be appointed is only that is probable that in order to induce su-perior men to enter the service Congress will be asked to authorize greater induce-ments at the outset of a naval career.

Telegraphic Brevities. Heavy snow delayed trains at Chleago

Chris Sharp, a well-known St. Louis business man, is dead. George Dixon and Harry Lyons fought a 20-round draw in Baltimore. General Rivera resumed his seat in the Cuban constitutional convention. Governor Gallet, of Tahlti, has been recalled by the French Government.

W. F. Harrity will succeed Samuel Rice as president of the whisky trust. The Croms-Geggs department store in Pueblo, Colo., was burned. Loss, \$130,000, Fire in the power-house of the Omaha

Street Rallway Company caused a loss of \$85,000 The General Chemical Company and the New Jersey Zinc Company will form a combination.

The four-story department store of J. Lutz & Co., in Chicago, was burned. Loss, \$75,000. The jury in the case of G. F. Weaver, charged with perjury in the Powers trial, could not agree.

Marvin McIntyre, charged with abetting Casper Mussey in embezzling \$140,000 from WHEN YOU ORDER Baker's EXAMINE THE RECEIVE SURE THAT

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Dr. Burkhart's Wonderful Offer 30 DAYS' TREATMENT Dr. Burktario COMPOUND

DR. W. S. BURKHART, Cincinnati, O.

the Merchants' National Bank of Ruf-land, Vt., was found guilty. Charles Yost was stabled by Fred Hoffman, a New York grocer. The quarrel

Fire destroyed the Flatbush car stable Fire destroyed the Flatbush car stable of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit in Brooklyn, causing a loss of \$20,000.

David H. McAlpin, the millionaire to-bacco manufacturer of New York, died from an attack of apopiexy, aged 55.

Toby Irwin, the 115-pound champion of the Pacific Coast, defented Larry Glesson,

of Chicago, at Hot Springs, after 39 rounds. Governor Wells, of Utab, vetoed the anti-compulsory vaccination bill passed by the Legislature last week. He offers a

George Brown, while driving with his wife in a sleigh, near Butte, Mont., shot and killed his wife, and then put a bullet into his own head.

Carnegle Library for Decatur. DECATUR. III., Feb. 5.-Andrew Car-egie has offered to donate \$60,000 for the founding of a city library, provided the City of Decatur will provide a site and agree to spend not less than \$8000 a year for its maintenance. The city will accept

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General Debility

Day in and out there is that feeling of weakness that makes a burden of itself. Food does not strengthen.

Sleep does not refresh It is hard to do, hard to bear, what should be easy, -vitality is on the ebb, and the whole system suffers.

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For this condition take

It vitalizes the blood, gives vigor and tone to all the organs and functions, and is positively unequalled for all run-down or debilitated conditions.

Moon's Pills cure constinution. 25 sense.



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Has no equal for the cure of Nervous and Physical Debility, Exhausted Vitality, Varicocele, Premature Decline, Loss of Memory, Wasting, etc., which has been brought about by early indiscretions or later excesses.

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