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TODAY'S WEATHER.-Probably fulr. with

PORTLAND, FRIDAY, JANUARY 25.

The Democratic floor leader of the House has only one thing against the naval bill; it was developed in Wednesday's running debate, and that is that the amounts appropriated seem to be gradually increasing. This is a notable tribute to the honesty and efficiency of the Navy Department, whose estimates have been approved by the naval committee, but it is a terrible arraignment of the Nation as a whole. What We ought to have, of course, is a series of naval appropriations growing less and less as time goes on, so that in due course the amount set aside for new ships and repairs on old would simply be no dollars. How can this end, so desirable in Mr. Richardson's view, be effected? There are two ways, One is to have do Navy, and let the rest of the world run over us at its own sweet will. Another is to reverse the process by which we have established the need of a Navy. Instead of expansion, take up shrinkage. Get rid of them gladly, either from us as a gift, or from Aguinaldo with Dietrich's aid. Spain. Give Porto Rico and Cuba back to Spain, Alaska to Russia, Hawali to its and others who used to quote "West-royal family, Texas and California to ward the star of empire," etc., without Spain, the Pacific Northwest to Engprocess of shrinkage, in righteous antagonism to the unboly cause of expansion, our need of a Navy would disappear, and with it the increasing appropriations. Mr Richardson's real grievance, evidently, is not against the but against the country. Its growth of population, increase in trade infernally big and busy and prosperous. Let us lay the ax to the root of

tented, but merely driven to some other theme of misery and grief. Senator Vest, of Missouri, a statesman of the old school, a lawyer of acumen, a man with a long lifetime of public service, stood up in the Senate Wednesday and delivered a speech against the subsidy bill that compelled congratulations from men of all par-Vest was right about the bill, and his recognized abilities served to put the Democratic position in a strong light. But why should Mr. Vest trouble himself about a matter of this sort? It has Bryan-he is enough for it in the way of men. It has free silver, free riot and class hatred for its principles, and they are all-sufficient in the way of didn't want Mr. Vest or need him, and counsel. His idea that Government should get along without bothering its head about individual privileges is not Democratic doctrine, for the party's attitude on this matter was thoroughly defined by Mr. Bryan in his pathetic protests that a poor apple-grower is not as well fixed as a trust magnate, and that poor men's wives do not have as elegant Summer homes as the wives of the rich. What is the use of talking about the iniquity of subsidies so long as the crime of '73 is unavenged and the man with the blistered hand cries in vain for sliver dollars on payday? If the Democratic party would adopt he views of Cleveland, Carlisle, Caffery, Lindsay, Gray, Palmer, Mills, Olney, Watterson, Vilus and others whom It has driven out of its ranks, it might take some comfort in Vest's speech on the subsidy bill. But as that might mpel Mr. Bryan to go to work like other men, a sphere in which, whether as actor, editor or inwyer, he is helpone, the thing can't be done. The peerless leader and great commoner, as he calls himself, must keep the throne at all hazards. Otherwise, Democrats might also be men.

Mrs. Carrie Nation, of Wichita, Kan., is a fanatical woman, whom it requires the and glasses, she smashes without peration and madness she strikes this sympathy takes the form of regret | realized, upwards of 200 lives will be | our currency. In regard to subsidiary | notoriety in that respect is National.

for her misguided action. There is absolutely nothing remedial in a fury that vents itself upon inanimate objects, No principle is vindicated and none assailed thereby. Mrs. Nation is, upon one subject at least, insane. Her husband and friends who aid and excuse her in the special line in which her insanity finds expression are, if more sane than she, the more reprehensible, since they should soothe and check rather than encourage her in her folly. True reform discountenances all violence, and such expressions in its name must of necessity be repudiated by practical, orderly people.

It is difficult to see what justifies de ay or hesitation at Salem in the matter of a drydock for Portland. Of course, if we want all vessels that need docking to make their charters to Puget Sound, or to be dragged around there after they get here, we can let things drift. Puget Sound has two docks and is going to get two more. It would seem that the necessity for having one on the Columbia would need no demonstration to any one sincerely interested in the welfare of the port and the state. At the last session a Legislative measure would have been asked for, but it was expected that the drydock would be built by a local shipbuilding firm. That has proved impracticable, and act from the Legislature this time enabling the City of Portland to bond itself for the requisite amount. Portland is willing to do this, and no time should be lost.

The Oregon Legislature will honor the state in honoring the memory of the galiant dead of the Second Oregon, and the gallant living, as well, by providing means, supplemental to the volunteer fund now on hand, for the erection of a suitable monument commemorative of their patriotism, their service and their death. That popular subscriptions to this fund have ceased is not due to lack of appreciation of the work of the regiment that went eagerly to hard military service in a foreign field. Everywhere and by all classes of our citizens this service is regarded with the admiration that is the just meed of courage and patriotism Subscriptions lagged and finally ceased in obedience to the fact expressed in the trite saying, "What is everybody's individual responsibility in the matter and provide funds from the public purse to carry out the wishes of the people of the state in regard to it is the purpose of the bill introduced by Senator Hunt, printed Tuesday. A bill more popular than this one is not likely to be submitted to the Legislature this session, nor one which will meet with less opposition in either branch of that body,

#### NOT A NEW OBJECTION.

"Tut! Fear boys with bugs." The expression is Shakespeare's. We may apply it to those who try to frighten the country with the "bug" of "imperialism." Justice, liberty and civilization the Philippines-Germany will take will be advanced through our retention of the islands recently acquired from

We are told now daily by wise editors

a tremor, that the word empire, which, land and Chief Joseph, the Mississippi as employed in this saying and as our Valley to France. By continuing this fathers were wont to use it-meaning simply rule or domain-is unfit to pass American lips. That was not Jefferson's opinion. He shied neither at the word empire nor at the thing. He acquired the great Louisiana territory, he was for acquiring Cuba; he looked forward to the next war for acquisition of maritime advance is only an incident Canada. In one of his letters to Madi-in our general widening of territory, son he wrote, "I am persuaded that no constitution was ever so well calculated and gain in wealth. The country is too as ours for empire and self-govern-internally big and busy and prosper-ment." Here is the dreadful word, used without hesitation, by the author of the the tree. Make Uncle Sam a boy again, phrase about consent of the governed. turn back the clock, and then our pes-A subscriber to The Oregonian writes simistic statesmen will be-no, not conthat he cannot take The Oregonian any longer because "it advocates violation of the Constitution" in this matter of retention of the Islands taken over from Spain. That acquisition of territory is violation of the Constitution is an old objection, set up by "anti" people. It was asserted as violently when we received Louisiana as it is asserted now. The atrocity of taking California from Mexico was dwelt upon with equal indignation by our "anti" people. The hope was expressed that Mexico would 'welcome our soldiers with bloody hands to hospitable graves." This is an ancient fury, Josiah Quincy, the head The Democratic party does not want of the great family of New England, his advice or counsel or aid, and it said: "This Constitution never was does not believe in going before the and never can be strained to lan over ountry on the principles he advocates. all the wilderness of the West, without essentially affecting both the rights and the convenience of its real proprietors. It was never intended to form a covering for the inhabitants of the The Kansas City Convention Missouri and the Red River country; and whenever it is attempted to be It never missed his presence or his stretched over it will rend asunder. I oppose," he added, "this bill (for the acquisition of Louisiana) from no animosity to the people, but from the deep conviction that it contains a principle incompatible with the libertles and safety of my country. This bill, if it passes, is a death blow to the Constitution. It may afterward linger, but, lingering, its fate will at no very distant period be consummated." Great numbers talked that way. We had then, in

proportion to the population, a greater number of fearful souls than now. We have subdued savagery, enlarged the limits of civilization, opened wider opportunities for liberty, given justice oader fields, through these measures thus deplored. Who doubts, on any reasonable ground, that we shall do the same in our new possessions?

## NEEDLESS SACRIFICE OF LIFE.

Over six weeks have passed since the British ship Andrada picked up Pilot Cordiner off the mouth of the river and vanished in the fog and darkness. There was a striking similarity between the case of this vessel and that of the Cadzow Forest, which vanished with all on board after taking a pliot aboard about four years ago. The only message that ever came back from the great stretch of imagination to call a | Cadzow Forest was a life buoy picked eformer. A fury let loose among bot- up on the west coast of Vancouver Island, months after the disappearance discrimination and demolishes without of the ship. As the days drift into eason. One cannot withhold sympa- weeks and the weeks run into months. thy from a woman whose home has the conviction grows that a similar destroyed and whose husband or message is all that will come back ms have been debased by drink, if in from the Andrada. Four other ships bound for this port and Puget Sound indly at the visible means that have are now so long overdue that but little grought wee, and desolation to her hope is expressed for their safety. destined before long to pass perma-

approximate \$500,000. Less than three years have passed since the Caradoc, Laurelbank, Midas and Dominion, bound across the Pacific Ocean for Oregon and Washington ports, disappeared in the same manner. Five years ago the Lord Brassey and a number of other ships disappeared while making the voyage. All of these ships were in ballast, and in nearly every case the trouble was said to be due to an insufficiency of ballast, and to that which was carried being improperly secured. Losses from this are becoming so frequent that it would seem an opportune time to enact legislation to prevent them. An international law covering this point should be made, and made quickly. All of the great maritime nations of the world have stringent laws preventing the overloading of vessels, and yet there is nothing apparently which will prevent a stingy owner or a daredevil captain from sending an insufficiently ballasted

ship to sea. Times come inevitably when storms sweep over the ocean with a violence that the best skill of man is powerless to withstand, but the history of wrecks in the North Pacific shows that practically all of the trouble encountered by the ballast ships has been due to an insufficiency of ballast, lack of shifting nothing is left to be done but to get an | boards, or both. The desired legislation to put an end to these sacrifices of life and property, or at least to minimize them, should seemingly emanate from the underwriters, who must foot the bills; but if these persons fail to take action, it is the time for Government

THE BIRTHDAY OF BURNS. Today the birthday of Robert Burns will be celebrated with appropriate honors of speech and song by all the English-speaking people of the globe. Today wherever you find a Scotchman, whether he languishes under the fires of the tropical sun or shivers within the confines of the Arctic zone, you will find him drinking the health of Scot-land's greatest poet, The universal reverence paid to the memory of Burns by his countrymen is due to the fact that all Scotland is in his verse; "the links, the watchwords, the Masonic symbols of the Scottish race." His capacity to make all his poetry redolent of Scotland, to taste of all the alkalies business is nobody's business." To fix of its soil and to smack of all its sweetness, has given Burns his grip on the heart of Scotland. If this was all that could be said of him, Burns would be little better than the gifted minstrel of a single clan, but Burns is one of the world's men, for he was equally the minstrel, the poet and the philosopher. In his own day William Pitt, cold, stately Englishman, a university scholar and accomplished orator, promptly recognized Burns as a great poet, despite the fact that Burns was a political radical who threw up his hat and cheered over the destruction of the Bastile. Burns has always had the widest popularity in America, not only among the plain people, but among our severely educated scholar poets. Whittier's praise of Burns is not more fervent than that of Holmes, while Lowell writes of the brooklike songs of Burns, whom "glory never weaned from humble smiles and tears." Burns' works are known to every man in every clime where the English tongue is spoken. Nearly seventy years ago his works were rendered into German.

The strength of Burns with Englishmen and Americans is a far severer test of the original depth and breadth of his genius than his immortal memory with the whole Scottish people, for he is loved by the Scotch chiefly because his muse is intensely Scotch. But Burns appeals to the rest of the English-speaking world because his genius is of the sort that found its field of art work in the home of all unconventional culture. The eighteenth century's best brilliant artificial quality of Pope, while Goldsmith was a mere melodious fluteplayer in the fields. Burns was a new date for poetry of the natural school of song. He was "a living man set beyond the pedant's tether," and it was this quality, this new departure in poetry, that caught the eye of the cold but critical William Pitt, who saw at once that a new star had risen in the literary firmament. The poetry of Wordsworth's earliest and best lyrics, allowing for the fact that Wordsworth as a man of scholastic culture could not write intelligibly for the peasant folk that comprehended Burns. The fame of Burns endures the test of time. In his last years Tennyson confessed that the songs of Burns were so perfect that there was nothing in our literature to compare with them in beauty out-

side of the best of Shakespeare's In originality and versatility of poetic of human nature's daily food, there is nothing since Shakespeare that equals "Tam o' Shanter" and "The Jolly Beg-There are passages in "Tam Shanter" that recall the incantation of the witches in "Macbeth" over their cauldron, and there is no better picture of the social anarchist since Shakespeare sketched "Jack Cade" and his men than that drawn by Burns in the 'Jolly Beggars," when the tramps in the barn applaud the lines:

A fig for those by law protected; Liberty's a glorious feast; Courts for cowards were streeted; Churches built to please a priest.

It is common to hear regret expressed that Burns died so early that we possess only a tithe of what was in him; that penury and disappointment curbed the flow of his noble soul; but these regrets we believe are without foundation. Like Byron, he did his best work, not when he was comparatively free from trouble, but when was in suffering and trouble, and, like Byron, while his life was short, he probably gave us his best and highe notes. He never spared with his satire false pride of birth, or false pretenses in religion. It has been said of him that "Burns' generous verse sprang out of the tron-bound Calvinism of the land like water flowing from Horeb's rock." He needs no monument, for the English-speaking world has always read him and will continue to read him and clasp him closely to its great throb-

It is said that the doom of the sliver dollar-the cumbrous cartwheel that has long retarded the movement of the commercial car-has been sounded. Director Roberts, of the mint, said recently that there was no demand for this always unpopular coin, and that it was But the strongest element in Should the worst fears for this fleet be mently out of existence as a part of

sacrificed, and the property loss will silver coin, half-dollars, quarter-dollars CASE OF HOWARD AT STANFORD SAD DEGENERACY IN DIETETICS and dimes, the reverse is true, the demand for them increasing so fast that the mint cannot keep pace with it; whereas the Government is now coining the smallest number of silver dollars allowed by law, 1,500,000 a month. The bullion for these is taken from the vast store purchased before the repeal of the Sherman act in 1893. Of this store, about 65,000,000 ounces, or enough for \$85,000,000, remain on hand. Director Roberts thinks the coinage of silver dollars should at once and forever be stopped, and the sliver bullion on hand be used for the subsidiary coins. As soon as this is accomplished, he favors recoinage of the big dollars into the smaller denominations, thus giving the people coins that they want and can handle in place of those that they do not want and cannot carry in their A bill has been introduced into Congress embodying these views. If it becomes a law, it will be but a question of a few years when the 500, 000,000 silver dollars now in circulation will assume a more convenient form.

> A dispatch from San Francisco a fev days ago stating that a man from British Columbia suffering from consumption had been refused a landing at that port created some surprise. While, as in the case of other germ diseases, consumption is contagious under certain conditions, it is not communicated by the simple presence of the sufferer. has been scientifically demonstrated that the seeds of this disease must be conveyed, if by the air, only through the sputum having become dry and arising in the form of dust. So prevaent is this disease and so general the habit of expectoration in public, it is probable that no one escapes exposure to these germs in the dry season of the year. Many persons are immune on account of constitutional resistant powers, while others are susceptible to infection through contrary conditions. Ordinary intelligence in the care of a consumptive is all that is required to ward off infection. The danger lies more in the habit of expectorating in public and in an infected milk or meat supply than in nursing a patient afflicted with the disease. In this view It is unwarrantable to treat a consumptive as a leper or a victim of smallpox, whose touch or presence is contamina-

> tion. Efforts to establish a branch of the Young Women's Christian Association in this city go steadily forward, and should, as they no doubt will, meet ultimately with gratifying success. The usefulness of the Y. M. C. A. has long ago become a fixed fact in the urban life of the Nation. Helpful because it is self-helpful; suggesting and leading to upright, self-sustaining endeavor; recognizing the social needs of life while contributing to its spiritual requirements and industrial needs, this organization has done a work the scope of which cannot be overestimated. All that the Y. M. C. A. has done for young men, or, more specifically, as much as it has done for men, the Y. W. C. A. may, if properly managed, do for young women. Changed conditions in industrial life have made a place, and, indeed, created a demand, for such an organization, and the response has already been made in many cities. It is a matter of congratulation that Portland is soon to fall into line in this endeavor, since in so doing it will testify In a practical way to its progressive spirit.

There is something that commends itself even to republican simplicity in the instant succession of a trained man to the rulership of a great nation, without the strain and intrigue of a political campaign and the uncertainties and ex-VII in his long tutelage as Prince of must have been a deed in governmental law if what he poetic product had been poets of the has learned does not stand the country in good stead, now that he is its recognized head. If he has learned from his astute mother the subtle art of keeping hands off where interference would be detrimental to the interests of the Nation; if he has been duly impressed by her upright life and the loyalty that attended it through long years to its very close, that old things, as monarchies go, have passed away and orders his life and reign accord-Burns is really the inspiration of ingly, there is no reason to suppose that the house of Hanover will not continue to hold a firm and, in a sense, a sacred place in the affections of the British people.

Alexandra, Queen Consort of Edward VII. has become identified with the English people through pearly a third of a century as Princess of Wales. Of sturdy Danish stock, beautiful and carefully reared, she went to England n her girlhood as the bride of the power, directed to themes that are part heir apparent to the throne. As mother and grandmother of future Kings, she has succeeded to the long-deferred title of Queen Consort. Many joys and sorrows lie between her wedding day and the day of her husband's accession to the throne; her position has often been a most trying one, but she has endured all and overcome all, and today occuples a place in the hearts of the British people only second to that so long filled by Queen Victoria. Opinions differ in regard to Edward VII and his ability to fill the measure of the expectation of his subjects, but no one doubts that his Queen will bring womanly dignity and sweetness to the position that she will occupy by his side.

> A farmer has asked what industry game laws protect. Has he forgotten the entertainment and pleasure of "sportsmen"? Recreation and diversion are the chief industries of the state, as any one knows who does not think otherwise, although they produce nothing and trample green wheat fields.

A Nebraska professor has predicted disintegration of the British Empire after the death of Victoria. He is wonderfully if not supernaturally gifted with prophecy. Who ever thought dis-integration of China would follow the death of Darius?

An Astoria paper says the boycott committee is pleading with citizens to keep their money at home. This is a hard whack at the stocks and prices of Astoria merchants.

The Congressional committee decided that the death of Boos was not due to hazing. If he is within hearing, doubtless he will be glad to know it.

Many women are glass smashers, but

Mrs. Nation is the only one whose

New York Tribu The little flurry on the Pacific Coast caused by the dismissal of Professor Howard, of Leland Stanford, Jr., University, for conduct unbecoming a scholar and a gentleman, has been prolonged, with some indications of artificial encouragement, by the voluntary withdrawal of two or three of his sympathetic colleagues. Thus far, however, there are no signs that the country is alarmed for the safety of its educational institutions and, on the whole we should say that the incident was not unlikely to have salutary consequences. There is reason to think that the air which college instructors of a certain type have been breathing of late years needs to be cleared, for their own sake as well as for the general advantage, in order that a more distinct view may be obtained of their real place in the order of existence We are not lacking in true respect either

or the scholars of eminent character and conspicuous instructors who do their appointed work with a devotion and a thoroughness which are perhaps too selfrom estimated at their real value. But considerations which may be urged in it in contrast to such men there is a small class of college professors in whom an erroneous conception of their own natural diet. It is bountiful, it is available ability, and especially of their aptitude for public affairs, has been unhappliy tostered by the newspaper attention which they expertly solicit, and who have conpetite than the sounding fragrance! It fostered by the newspaper attention which they expertly solicit, and who have con-sequently come to look upon themselves as authentically commissioned to direct the progress of events. Hence they oc-cupy their excessive leisure in commu-New England vernacular—should have in nicating to the world their views on all spired the homely poet to draw the fol conceivable subjects, excepting, perhaps, lowing picture:
those which they are expected to investiMeanwhile the housewife urges all her care gate and employed to teach, and are not infrequently enabled to obtain a notoriety which rewards their cheap ambition, but which is out of all proportion to the value of their opinions. It may be well to add of their opinions. It may be well to add in passing that they do not often actually imperfi their connection with the college to which they are a detriment, and possi-bly in condemning Professor Howard's excursion far outside his sphere of duty and the limits of decency some credit should be given to him for a certain sert.

To stir it well demands a stronger hand: of courage. But assuredly that is the single concession which it is permissible to make in his behalf. The quality of The ladle flies; at last the toil is crown'd. the man and the grossess of his offense are sufficiently indicated in these phases, taken from his harangue denouncing the dismissal of Professor Ross last November: "I do not wogship Saint Market
Street; I do not reverence Holy Standard
Oil, nor do I doff my hat to Celestiai Six
Companies." There is no manly assertion
of principle in this; but only a gratuitous

It is from instructors of this general type that the perfervid talk about freedom of teaching chiefly proceeds. As we have suggested, they are not wholly to blame for their misconceptions, since a considerable number of their fellow-citizens, in ciubs, newspaper offices and political re-form circles, are singularly fond of cod-dling them, until their natural vanity thus cuitivated finally leads them to think it more important to liberate their opinions on any subject which comes into their heads than to promote the essential puroses for which the institutions that employ them were founded. It is reasonable Stanford, without threatening true freedom of teaching in any manner or degree, will tend to check the spread of false and mischiavous notion that the possession of a college chair confers upon its incum-bent a license to degrade its dignity and undermine the influence which it was designed to exert.

## The Resourceful Publisher.

"A Letter to a Young Publisher," in London Punch, shows how by the simple citement of a general election. Edward expedient of selection and omission all re-VII in his long tutelage as Prince of views may be made to bear a smiling. The drop from those sheer walls is 2000 views may be made to bear a smiling The experiment is made on an imaginary novel of the rising novelist Penwiper:

L-THE RAW MATERIAL "Mr. Penwiper's latest production, 'Ma-ria's Marriage,' scarcely calls for serious notice. It seems hard to believe that even the most tolerant reader will contrive to study with attention a work of which every page contains glaring errors of taste. Humor, smartness and interest are all conspicuously wanting."-The Thun-This book is undentably third-rate-

dull, badly written incoherent; in fine, a dismal failure."-The Wigwam. "If 'Maria's Marriage' has any real mer-ft, it is as an object-lesson to aspiring authors. Here, we would say to them, is a striking example of the way in which ance should not be written. Set yourself to produce a work exactly its cosite in every particular, and the cha are that you will produce if not a mas-terplece, at least, a tale free from the most glaring faults. For the terrible warning thus afforded by his volume to budding writers, Mr. Penwiper deserves to be heartly thanked."—Daily Tele-

"'Maria's Marriage' is another book that we have received in the course of the month."—The Parachute.

IL-TRE RESULT. "Maria's Marriage!" "Maria's Gigantic Success-The Talk of London. The 25th edition will be issued this week if the sale of 25 previous ones makes this

ecessary. Each edition is strictly lim-'Maria's Marriage!" The voice of the press is simply unani-nous. Read the following extracts—taken

almost at random from the reviews of eading papers: "Mr. Penwiper's latest production . calls for serious notice . . . the reader will . . study with attention a work of which every page contains taste, humor, smartness and interest."—The Thunthe reader

"Undeniably . . . fine!" - The Wig-"Has . . . real merit . . . an object lesson . . . a striking example of the way in which romance . . . should be

written. A masterplece . . . free from faults. Mr. Penwiper deserves to be

# Detroit Free Press. The various reform and anti-vice cru-

adea that are being carried on in differsades that are being carried on in different parts of the country have resulted thus far in a maximum of talk and a minimum of improvement. In certain respects the American citizen is a most shiftless creature politically. He talks a great deal about his rights and his liberties, but he will undergo an astonishing amount of inconvenience before he will take steps to profest these feets and Fill his poor head full of figures and facts. Fill his poor head full of figures and facts. shiftless creature politically. He talks a great deal about his rights and his liberties, but he will undergo an astonishing amount of inconvenience before he will take steps to protect those rights and liberties. In municipal affairs he is refreshingly indifferent to his civic duties. Once boys grew up at a rational rate, Now we develop a man while you wait. Hush him through college, compel him to ground for the nake of putting another set.

Yankee sounds an alarm about the dis-appearance of what is known in the East "hasty pudding" and in the West as rnmeal mush. Here is another ad-onition to the American public regarding the steady encroachment of Sco oats, shredded biscuits, wheating and all oats saredded discults, wheating and all of the spurious stuffs which are classified under the specious name of "food cereals." The progress of this form of dietetic heterodoxy has apparently been more pronounced in the East than in the West, but it is sufficiently rapid everywhere to create againty and to invite preventive measures it is not to say the where to create anxiety and to invite preventive measures. It is not, to say the least, a happy omen for the new century, for there is not much to be hoped for from a civilization which rejects that which is genuine and takes up with a miserable imitation.

The arguments in favor of commeal much as arguments any of its filmsy sub-

mush as against any of its filmsy sul stitutes are abundant and invicible. It is to be prized primarily for its thorough Americanism. It is rather a cause of sat isfaction to know that the efforts to pop for the scholars of eminent character and attainments whose influence upon the thought and life of their time is gratefully recognized, or for the great majority of acter of this fine cereal and its inadapts. bility to effete and decadent tastes. Its consumption should be maintained as a matter of patriotism, if for nothing else though there are other more practica

much pot and its tempting fragrance! It

breaks) Foams, wars and rages with incesso So the vex'd caldron rages, roars and boils

to interests and individuals identified with the foundation and support of the institution which employed him, to which he owed unswerving loyalty, and from his connection with which his vulgar utterances derived the only importance they possessed.

tory? Think of the crisp brown rectangles heaped high on the platter and inviting the assaults of unsophisticated digestion: Has anything appeared in all of the crisp brown rectangles heaped high on the platter and inviting the assaults of unsophisticated digestion: Has anything be more satisfactory? Think of the crisp brown rectangles heaped high on the platter and inviting the assaults of unsophisticated digestion: Has anything be more satisfactory? Think of the crisp brown rectangles heaped high on the platter and inviting the assaults of unsophisticated digestion: Has anything appeared in all of the crisp brown rectangles heaped high on the platter and inviting the assaults of unsophisticated digestion: Has anything appeared in all of the range of new-fangled cereal preparations which can offer the slightest justification for the rectangles heaped high on the platter and inviting the assaults of unsophisticated digestion: Has anything appeared in all of the range of new-fangled cereal preparations which can offer the religious particular anything anything the assaults of unsophisticated digestion: Has anything appeared in all of the crisp brown rectangles heaped high on the platter and inviting the assaults of unsophisticated digestion: Has anything appeared in all of the range of new-fangled cereal preparations which can offer the religious particular anything appeared in all of the range of new-fangled cereal preparations which can offer the range of new-fangled cereal preparations which can offer the range of new-fangled cereal preparations which can offer the slightest particular anything appeared in all of the range of new-fangled cereal preparations which can offer the slightest particular anything appeared in all of the range of new-fangled cereal prepara of hygiene, the comfortable and substan-tial dishes of a more sincere and genuin-age should have been replaced by prepara-tions that are anaemic and trilling? Shredded biscuits and Scotch oats, in deed! Are these cereal impostures to nour-ish the manhood and womanhood of the 20th century in the United States of America? Perish the thought! Out with su a pairry desertion of finer and stronger ideals! Away with such hospitality to enfeebling innovations! Throw away the stew pan! Hang on to the mush pot! Let ads than to promote the essential pur-see for which the institutions that em-yo them were founded. It is reasonable hope that the recent occurrences at came in with the abandonment of "hasty

#### Cruel Christophe. "Where Black Rules White; Halti

Prichard. There seems to have been nothing to appeal to in the "Emperor" Christophe's nature. Bravery, humility, all slike failed to touch him. He had no bowels of mercy. He was one day on the battlements with a youth, who, perhaps presuming on past feet to the plain below. "You are, of school teachers' answer or try to answer course, about to die," said Christophe, is avanimation? We are intending to "but I will be kind to you. You shall have a choice of deaths. Either you throw yourself over here or the soldiers shall shoot you." The young man chose to fling shoot you." himself into space. But by a miracle he fell among some trees or bushes on the cliff-side, and so escaped with a broken arm. He gathered himself up somehow, and presented himself again before the Emperor. "Your bidding has been done, sire," he said. "Yes, it has," remarked Christophe, "and I am very much interested to find that you survive. Oblige me

## Good Riddance.

by trying if you can do it again!"

Philadelphia Press. "Aw!" exclaimed the visiting Briton, "everything here is so new, don't you know. You have no noble old ruins in America, as we have!"
"No," replied the Yankee; "they merely come over here to marry our helreages.

then they go back home to England again. PLEASANTRIES OF PARAGRAPHERS

How It Happened.—Hi Stackpole—I see that city feller ye took out huntin' resterday got a few quall. Josh Gunn—Aw, yes! A fool bird would occasionally fly into the shot.—Puck. Home-Grown Luster.—"Then you don't bank much on ancestral pride?" "No: It is more to a mun's credit to start from nowhere and be somebody than to start from somewhere and be nobody."—Indianapolis Journal.

His Ambition.—Wigg-Isn't it funny the way Lodger is always joining some new society? Wagg-Well, he confided in me that he hopes to become famous some day as the sole survivor of something or other.—Cleveland Leader. Nothing of the Kind.—"Why, that's a gen-uino Raphael!" said the caller, surprised and delighted. "Not at all," replied Mrs. Gaswell, with cold distantiness. "My husband nover en-gages in raffies. He bought that picture in the regular way and paid cash for it."-Chicago Tribune.

What Hurt Her.-Mrs. Heartless-Just to think, my husband fell and broke - and broke - Mrs. Simpythetik-There, dear, I think, my hundard ten and droke—and broke — Mrs. Simpythetik—There, dear, I heard all about it; the poor man broke his leg; it's a great affilotion, I know, but— Mrs. Heartless—Oh, I didn't mean that; you haven't heard the worst—he was carrying my new Venetian vase when he fell, and broke it, 100.—Ohlo State Journal.

faults. Mr. Penwiper deserves to be heartily thanked!"—Daily Telephone.
"The book . . of the month!"—The Parachute, etc., etc.
"Maria's Marriage!" A veritable Triumph! Order it from your Bookseller to-day! Noah and his sons went to work and carried the enterprise through without asking a pen ny's assistance from the government. But, of course, those were primitive days."-Washing-

out for the sake of putting another set in, but this is largely in the way of making a more even distribution of the loot. He has no illusions as to the eventual outcome of it all, and knows that ultimately the new government will be as bad as its predecessor.

Huss nim threege college, compel him to Of every known subject a dip and a dah. Get him in business and after the cash, All by the time he can grow a mustache. Let him forget he was ever a boy, Make gold his god and its jingle his joy. Keep him a-hustling and clear out of breat the college.

NOTE AND COMMENT.

Mrs. Nation seems about as hard to lown as General Dewet.

"The Vacant Chair" is now the popular song at Stanford University.

And now the Willy boys must hasten to find out how the new Prince of Wales wears his clothes.

Alfred Austin is probably- but no, even be must have some respect for so great a woman as the late Queen, Mrs. Nation may not think twice before

she does anything, but she cannot be called a woman who wrecks not.

Roosevelt has killed a lion with his knife. He will remain in Colorado, however, till be ties the record of Hercules,

If Bryan refused an offer of \$10,000 a.

year to become the editor of a Denver

paper, what salary must be be paying

himself? That fine old phrase, "fanfare of trumpets," is again parading pompously through the correspondence of the Asso-

The barbers' effort to get a law passed prohibiting any of their craft working on Sunday reminds one of the colonists who voted that "the laws of God should govern them till they had time to make better ones."

Again the oppressor rears his awful head, and raises his heavy hand to crush with a single blow the palladium of our liberties, the liberties that our forefathers struggled for when they wrung Magna. Charta from the unwilling hand of King John, when they removed the haughty head of Charles the First, and when they inscribed their autographs on the imnortal Declaration of Independence, and sent the army of George the Third whimpering back to its ships. One of the sacred institutions of the Nation is threatened with annihilation, and it is "up to" a sovereign people to rise and rebel. Representative D. M. Watson, himself compassed about by all the immunities and privileges of a Republic so benign as to extend the right of free speech even to a Bryan Democrat, stands boldly forth and in brazen tones asks the people of the State of Oregon in Legislature assembled to abolish the free lunch! Surely here is a fitting champion of the cause of the downtrodden Filipino, a man well qualified to remove the heel of oppression from the Tagal bandit, and lift the yoke of tyranny from the stooping shoulders of the silver-mine proprietor. What free schools are to the children of this enlightened Republic, what free speech is to the anarchist, and what free transportation is to the member of Congress, that is free lunch to the American politician, The advocate of this monstrous measure says in its defense that it is retaliatory, that it enables the restaurant-keeper (de is one of them) to "break even" with the saloon-keeper, for the saloon-keeper may dispense food at any and all times, while the restaurant-keeper who sells liquor must pay a license for the privilege. But what has the American politician to do with the petty bickerings of the men who feed the public and those who quench its thirst? An institution is throatened, seritage left us by our fathers, and which we hope to bequeath to our sons must again take up the struggle and fight for the right. We must meet the danger in a solid phalanx, and stand unflinching ly against it. Let "Vive free lunch!" be our watchword, and let us battle to the death, if need be, rather than allow our liberties thus to be wrenched from our grasp.

Here is a verbatim copy of a letter recived yesterday by State Superintendent of Instruction Ackerman

Stony Fork, Tloga County, Pa., Jan. 17, -Dear Sir: Will you kindly send me a list of questions such as Oregon 'country in examination? We are move to Oregon soon, and my daughter wants to teach as soon as she can. I may teach again, too, I'm going there partly for my health. "Kindly answer me the following ques-

"First-What school books are the most of the examination questions taken from? We want to 'study up.'

"Second-Are teachers scarce near the large places, as The Dalles, Wasco County; Corvallis, Benton County, and Eugene, Lane County? What salary do they get in the country near those places? Where in Oregon do they get the largest pay? Why?

"Third-Are married women allowed to teach there, earn and own property, the same as single women?

"Fourth-Is there much chance near any large place for an old ex-teacher to teach select school? I may not be able to get certificate there at first, as it has been 16 years since I taught school, but I've kept interested in books since, and I help my 14-year-old daughter with her studies yet. My health is poor and has been very poor, and I've had lots of trouble, so of course I'll have to study "lots."

"Fifth-What will all of the books cost please, a book on teaching included? We'd like a large history, too, similar to Parsons' Popular History of the United States.

"Sixth-At what age do girls begin teaching and how long are the school terms in Benton, Wasco and Lane Coun-

ties? What months? "Seventh-Do teachers have to board

around? Is there much danger from Indians or wild animals or anything? If so, kindly tell us what and where it's the most dangerous, as we want to keep out of too much danger, of course. We'll be very grateful for any information about Oregon schools, industries, etc., or anything. I want my children to attend the Agricultural College there as soon as they can. Kindly excuse pencil writing, as my ink is spilled."

In Praise of Ballades.

Pall Mail Gazetts.

Give me the gay ballade

Where mirth fits to and fro,

Where thought is not too glad. For a wave of cheerful woe Hesurgent from below

Like sea-wind through a reacty;

Sonnets are staid and slow—
The gay ballade for me.

The epic is y-clad in gold and purple glow; The dramatiat must pad
Whether he will or no:
Let his plangent trampets blow,
And his pennons futter free
With the glamor of long ago—
The gay ballade for me.

The love of lass and lad, A lift for the twinking too, The morest glance at the sad in the music's obb and flow. The sound of scythes a-mow The sound of scythes a-mow, A hint of a gallantry, Bright eyes and a neck of snow-The gay ballade for me.

Lady, 1 do not know Your taste in ponsy— Scott, Wordsworth, Milton, Post— The gay ballade for ms.