INDEMNITY CLAIMS

State Department Bill Defeated in the House.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA DAY

The Senate, in Open Session, Made Some Progress With the Legislative, Executive and Judicial Appropriation Bill.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21 .- The House today, after devoting some time to District of Columbia business, passed a number of bills under suspension of the rules. A. bill to give citizens of foreign countries the right to sue in the Court of Claims for indemnity for alleged injuries, which ad been recommended by the State Department, was disastrously beaten. Be-fore the regular order was demanded some routine business was transacted. The Postoffice appropriation bill was reported. The Senate amendments to the Army reorganization bill were disagreed to, and the House agreed to a conference. Hull (Rep. In)., Brownlow (Rep. Tenn.) and Hay (Rep. Va.) were appointed conferees. The House then proceeded with District business.

After the disposal of the District business, White (Rep. N. C.) was recognized move the passage, under a suspens the rules, of a bill to provide a ho for aged and infirm colored people. The bill provides that the money for the con-struction and maintenance of the home shall consist of the fund now in the Treasure due to Treasury due the estates of deceased colored soldlers. The fund amounts to \$30,-600. By the terms of the bill the home is to be erected in the District of Columbia, on ground now in the possession of a colored association organized for that pur-poss. After some debate the vote was taken and the bill was passed, 125 to 57. Ray (Rep. N. Y.), chairman of the com-

mittee on judiciary, moved the passage, under suspension of the rules, of the bill to permit subjects of a foreign country claiming indemnity for injuries received In this country, to bring suit in the Court of Claims. The bill, by its terms, applies only to non-clizens of the United States, and provides that the United States can set up a defense against such claims. Ray explained that the State Department had been overrun with claims of foreign citizens for indemnity, and the proposed legislation was strongly recommended by

that department.
Hitt (Rep. III.) said the bill had been prepared by ex-Secretary of State Olney, and that such legislation had been recom-mended by many previous Secretaries of State. Almost all the powers of the world. Hitt said, provided a tribunal for the trial of such cases. Our system, he said, had resulted in the presentation and

payment of extravagant claims. De Armond (Dem. Mo.), on behalf of the to give to foreign citizens privileges not accorded to our own citizens. The reci-procity feature of the bill, he said, also was objectionable. This regislation would offer a general invitation to speculative lawyers to rake and scrape the foreign population for pretext to bring suit against the Government. Williams (Dem. Miss.) believed that the

Circuit Courts should be opened not only to chizens of fereign countries, but to citizens of the United States. The bill was defeated, IT to \$2.

Brownlow moved to suspend the rules and pass the Senate bill to establish a branch Soldiers' Home at Johnson City. Tenn. The bill carried an initial approprintion of \$250,000, but Cannon (Rep. III.) said if the Home were built it would cost eventually \$1,250,000. The bill was passed, also was a bill to increase the salary of the Commissioner of Education of Porto Elico from \$3000 to \$4000 per annum. At 5:05 the House adjourned.

In the Scunte.

No business of special importance was transacted by the Senate today in open An executive session of more than two hours' duration was held, and 15 pages of the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill were completed

At the opening of the session the chap-lain in his invocation referred with deep outhos to the condition of Queen Victoria, paying tribute to her virtues as a sovereign and a woman, and invoking divine tenderness and sympathy to all the members of her family and to the

people of her realm.

An act to confirm in trust to the City of Albuquerque, N. M., the town of Albuquerque grant was passed.

nerque grant was passed.
Turner offered a resolution requir-g the President to transmit to se Senate, if not incompatible with public interest, information of what steps have been taken by the State Department to protect the rights of R. E. Brown, a citizen of the United States, in the matter of his claim against the South Afri-can Republic, together with copies of all correspondence and papers relating there-The resolution was adopted.

in presenting the resolution Turner made a statement regarding the case. Brown, the Senator said, was an Amerlean engineer who went to South Africa eight years ago. He located a number of was deprived of the claims by order of the South African authorities, and insti-tuted suit against them for \$1,550,000. The case was decided by the South African court in Brown's favor, his contention being upbeid upon every point, not-withstanding the order of President Kru-ger withdrawing the claims held by Mr. Brown from location. The judgment of the court incensed President Kruger and the Volksraad had the Judges relieved summarily from office. Subsequently, the new court dismissed the case of Mr. Brown and he was invited to institute a new suit. Realizing that the court was packed against him, he decided to appeal to his own government for justice, and with a view of securing his rights as defined by the highest court of the Trans-

Turner said the claims of Mr. Brown now are worth \$5,900,000 or \$5,000,000. In view of the governmental changes that had taken place in the Transvasi, Turner said the purpose of his reso-lution was to press upon Great Britain the merit of the claim of Mr. Brown, and to ascertain what stops had been taken by this Government in regard to it since Great Britain had assumed the responsibilities of sovereignty over that terri-

Foraker, went into executive session. The matter of the confirmation of James B. Harlan as Attorney-General of Porto Rico was discussed, but Pettigrew again took the floor and made a speech in oppoto the confirmation. He was fol-

At 3:25 P. M. the Senate resumed the transaction of legislative business in open session. Gallinger said that last Friday, during the discussion of the amendment to the Army reorganization bill, intended Philippines, he had made a statement that liquor licenses had been issued to mileons in Manila by an army officer whose residence was in California—meaning General Harrison Gray Otis. He then read a tolegram from General Otis saying that he had never granted and never had the power to grant such licenses.

REDWOOD CIHY, Cal., Jan. 21.—The Board of Supervisors of San Mattee Country to the May season in this county to 35 days in each year. The usual season at the Tanforan track is 30 days in the year. The other 36 days of the annual season of 100 days are reserved by arrangements for the track at Oakland. to prohibit the sale of liquor in the Philippines, he had made a statement that liquor licenses had been lasued to misons in Mantia by an army officer

Gallinger expressed regret that he had been led into the error he had made. "Does that telegram tell," inquired Cockrell, "who did issue the licenses?" "It does not," replied Gullinger. On motion of Allison, chairman of the

committee on appropriations, the Senate then proceeded to the consideration of the legislative, executive, and judicial appropriation bill. When, in the reading of the bill the paragraph was reached appropriating \$10,000 to keep open the library of Congress from 2 until 5 P. M. each Sunday, Gallinger said he desired to enter the protest against the desired to enter his protest against the opening of the library on Sunday. Congress, it seemed to him, had dealt very generously with the library and the people of the District of Columbia, and the latter ought to be satisfied that the li-brury was open 13 hours each week day. Allson replied that the proposed amendment had been recommended by two committees of the Senate and by the Librarian of Congress. Personally, he could see no better way for persons so-journing in Washington or for residents spend a few hours on Sunday in the library of Congress. The

At 5:25 P. M., after 66 pages of the bill completed, the Senate ad-

JEFFRIES AT CINCINNATI. Kansas City Makes a Bid for the

Heavy-Weight Fight. CINCINNATI, O., Jan. 21,-James

Accompanying him were his trainer Billy Delaney, his brother Jack, his sparring partner Bob Armstrong, and his secretary, J. P. Eagan. The opponents of the fight, while not disclosing their plans, still de-clare their belief that the fight will not W. J. Berkowitz, president of the Kan-

was City Manufacturers' Club, at a meeting of the Cincinnati Manufacturers' Club here tonight, made an offer of \$70,000 to the Saengerfest Club as a bonus if it will give up the Jeffries-Ruhlin fight to Kansas City, provided assurances are given that all the people who would come to Cincinnait to see the contest would come to Cincinnait to see the contest would go to Kansas City. Mr. Berkowitz said:

"Kansas City will take your fight if you don't want it. We want it. We will have it if you don't. We won't ask to pull it off in the name of charity. Neither will our citizens, or authorities, or our ministers, demand that it be called a sparring contest. I understand that the Suengercontest. I understand that the Spenger fest needs \$70,000, and wants to give this fight to raise that amount of money. Kan-sas City will give you \$70,000. We will give you that amount as a bonus if you will give us the fight. We must take the whole thing off your hands if you will give us the crowds. Assure Kansas City that all the people who are coming to that all the people who are coming to Cincinnati to see the fight will go there, and we will take the fight and pay off the Saengerfest deficit, and pay you a pre-

WANTS AN ACCOUNTING.

Brady Brings Suit Against His Bicycle Race Partners,

NEW YORK, Jan. 21.-William A. Bra-dy has brought suit in the Supreme Court against Jim Kennedy, manager of the Twentieth Century Sporting Club, of San Francisco, and Patrick T. Powers, man-ager of the Eastern Baseball Leasue, for a dissolution of the partnership which existed between them in regard to the carrying out of bloycle races at Madison-Square Garden. Brady also asks that a receiver be appointed to take charge of the moneys belonging to the partnership. An adjournment was asked for by counsel for Kennedy. David Gerbor, on behalf of Brady, opposed any adjournment, alleging that he feared Kennedy would leave the state and take the moneys with him, so that when the receiver was appointed there would be nothing for him to receive. He added that the defendant, Powers, had remained out of the state to avoid the serving of papers opon him. Justice Truax granted adjournment un-

til Thursday. Brady says that the profite of the six-day bleycle race at Madison-Square Garden exceeded \$12,000, and that he has been unable to induce Kennedy to divide the money. Kennedy claiming that the delay was due to Powers. When Brady found Kennedy was about to leave for California, he brought his action.

THE DAY'S BACES.

Winners at New Orleans.

NEW OBLEANS, Jan. 21.—Results: Mile and a sixteenth—Arthur Behan won. Petit Maitre second, Prince Real third: time, 1:26. Six and a half furlongs—Athara won.

Kohnwreath second, Divonie third; time, Mile and a half, selling-Admetus won,

Bert Davis second, Woodtrice third; time Handicap, six furlongs-Bummer wor

Sakatuck second, Andes third; time, 1:14. Seven furiongs—Free Hand won, Porter B. second, Dousterswivel third; time, Seven furlengs-Jim Breese won, Mamle

ou second, Fair Deceiver third; time,

Baces at Tanforan.

SAN FLANCISCO, Jan. 21.-The results at Tanforan were:
Six furlongs, purse—Ordung won, Gold
Lace second, Caedale third; time, 1:15%.
Mile and an eighth, purse—Credo won,
Vincitor second, Charles LeBel third; at Tanforan were:

le race, mile and a quarter-Lomo Lothian second, Granger third; time, 2:27%. Six and a half furiongs, selling-Moce rito won, Ada N. second, Bernota third;

Six and a half furlongs, selling-Handicapper won The Singer second, El Topio third; time, 1.24% One mile, selling—Astor won, Scotch Plaid second, Hobenlohe third; time,

Golf Association.

NEW YORK, Jan. 21 .- If the report of the nominating committee of the United States Golf Association is not announced today by the secretary, Robert B. Kerr it will be made public very early in the week. The nominating committee, con-sisting of Charles B. McDonald, chairman; Oliver W. Bird and Rodman E. Griscom, has finished its labors and its report was sent to Secretary Kerr last week. Mr. McDonald said that the committee was imous in its choice, and he thought

the ticket was a strong one.

The chief point of interest, of course, lies in the president, as most, if not all, of the other officers will be renominated. of the other officers will be renominated. The general impression is that Richard H. Williams or Henry B. Hollins will be selected. The vice-presidents, it is said, will continue to be John Reid, of St. Andrews, and Hobart C. Chatfield-Taylor, of Onwentels, Chicago. Robert B. Kerr will spice souther term as secretary. enjoy another term as secretary.

Hanley Yackt Will Not Be Built. BOSTON, Jan. 21.-The Hanley center board yacht, as competitor in the trial races of cup defenders, will not be built, according to the statement tonight by one of the men who offered to give financial aid to the project. The reason given is that the men who intended to be the spon-sors for the boat were divided over the matter of material, many wanting a metal hull, while others held to a wooden

Racing Season Limited. REDWOOD CIHY, Cal., Jan. 21.-The

JAMES S. HARLAN TO BE ATTOR-NEY-GENERAL OF PORTO RICO.

Bitter Personal Language Used Between Senators Chandler and Hawley During the Executive Session.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.-The Senate in executive session, confirmed the nomi-nation of James S. Harlan, to be Attorney-General of Porto Rico. The final vote was reached after a discussion of more than two hours duration, and when amounced stood 42 to 21 in favor of confirmation. All the Republicans cast their votes in the affirmative, and two or three Democrats voted with them.

The session was characterized by a pirited colloquy between Senators Chander and Hawley, in which pitter personal language was used. The controversy be-tween them grew out of a letter written by Senator Chandler in 1877, and which was read by Senator Petitgrew, concern-ing the controversy over the Hayes and Tilden election, in which reference was made to the part taken by Senator Haw-ley and Justice Harian (neither then oc-cupying his present place) in the settlement of the Louisiana controversy of that time. In that letter Mr. Chandler stated that a committee, of which those gentlemen were members, had been sent to Louisiana by President Hayes to destroy the Packard state government. This being accomplished, Mr. Chandler said the President undertook to "recognize" the members of the committee, giving Mr. Horlan the appointment of Associate Judge, and offering Mr. Hawley the place of director of the Paris exposition, which the latter declined, Mr. Chandler said, because of the inadequacy of the salary.

When this point in the article was reached Mr. Hawley interrupted in a somewhat excited manner to denounce the statement as false, which he did in very emphatic and plain language.

Chandler replied in like manner, saying that the article had been prepared by him 23 years ago; that it had never before been stradicted, that he still stood for it. He added that the whole subject was an-cient history, and announced his intention to vote for Mr. Harian's confirmation

Senators Spooner, Mason and Lindsay nade brief speeches. Mr. Mason spoke of Mr. Harlan's qualifications as a lawyer and said that he did not think any the les of Justice Harlan because of his attach-ment for his family. Mr. Spooner said there appeared to be no opposition except that of Senator Pettigrew. Referring to Senator Spooner's remarks, Mr. Pettigrew quoted extracts from editorials in a num-ber of newspapers in reprobation of Mr. Harlac's nomination. He said he had no purpose to delay a vote, and when he conduded the ballot was taken. Senator Lodge gave notice that tomor-

row he would move an executive session the consideration of the Spanish

Amendments to War Tax Bill. WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—Senator Cock-rell today introduced the following amendment to the war revenue reduction

"That the provisions of the existing laws in regard to exportation of distilled spirits are hereby extended so as to permit the exportation of rectified and blended spirits in packages of not less than 30 wine gallons, with the privilege of drawback taxes paid on such distilled spirits, provided that the taxable gallons of such rectified or blended spirits subject to rebate shall be determined according to such regulations as the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, may

Senator Martin also introduced as amendment to this bill providing that no deed or contract made or entered into since the war revenue act went into effect shall be considered invalid because of the fallure to attach a stamp as required

Deficiency Estimates.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—Secretary Gage today transmitted to the House deficiency estimates of appropriations for

Gold-Standard Bills.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—The House committee on coinage, weights and measures today continued the hearings on the various gold bills before it. Charles A. Conant and Representative Overstreet

Amendment to Subsidy Bill. WASHINGTON, Jan. 21 .- Senator Vest today gave notice of an amendment he will propose to the ship subsidy bill, ap-plying the provisions of the anti-trust

inw to shipbuilding under the bill. For Storage Reservoirs. WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—Senator War-ren today gave notice of an amendment he ent to the river and harbor bill, ding for storage reservoirs in Wyom-

Consideration of Army Bill. WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—The conferees on the Army reorganization bill will hold their first meeting tomorrow.

MARCHING MINERS.

Two Deaths Result From the Kentucky Strike.

EARLINGTON, Ky., Jan. 21.—Union miners today started on a march from Boxtown to the Carbondale mines, in Hopkins County, to stop the nominton men at work there. They were 1900 strong, On the way a Sheriff's posse of five men attempted to stop them, and were arrested by a shot. A fusiliade followed, the miners retreating. One of their number, Bill Cook, was killed, and another, John faylor, died of his wound in a few hours. Boxtown is reported deserted, but officers are searching for members of the march-

ing party. In Favor of the Brewers.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 21.-President Samuel Gompers, of the American Federation of Labor, who has been called to this city to arbitrate and adjust the trade dispute between the Brewery Workmen and Team Drivers' Union as to which organization should have jurisdiction over brewery teamsters, rendered his decision in favor of the brewers tonight.

Glass Works Close Down HARTFORD CITY, Ind., Jan. II.—The American Window Glass Company and the Independent Manufacturers' Association today agreed to close their plants un-til April I, instead of June 1. Eighty fac-tories and about 20,009 workers will be affected. The object of the shut-down is to-curtail production and maintain prices,

Repairs to the Sherman. SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 21.—Repairs now in progress on the United States transport Sherman will consist principally of new decks, the rebuilding of the hospital, new decks, the reconding of the hospital, additional staterooms, and general enlargement of the vessel's capacity. When the Sherman returns to the service the transport will closely resemble the Sheri-

dan, upon which extensive repairs and al-terations have lately been made. parantine Regulation. SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. IL-Collector Stratton has received a communication from Quarantine Officer Kinyoun, in

which it is stated that hereafter colliers plying between this city and ports of British Columbia may proceed immediately to dock on arrival here, providing they do not carry passengers; and that, in addition to the bill of health now prescribed, there shall be fornished a certificate from the sanitary benefits resident. cate from the sanitary inspector at that the vessel and its crew have been exposed to any quarantinable

NO CHOICE IN UTAH.

Republican Senatorial Caucus Was Not Harmonious. SALT LAKE, Jan. 21.-The Republican enatorial caucus met tonight and took 0 ballots, without making a nomination, lineteen votes were necessary to a choice.

The first ballot was: The 10th ballot stood:

The caucus was not altogether harmo-nious. Senator Allison, of Ogden, in a speech, vigorously attacked Thomas speech, vigorously attacked Thomas Kearns, charging that church influence was being used to secure the nomination, and that Mr. Kearns was the beneficiary of that influence. Representative Smith also said church influence was being used. The charges were denied by Representatives Gardner and Johnson. The first Senatorial ballot will be taken in the Legislature tomorrow. lature tomorrow.

The Montana Deadlock. HELENA, Mont., Jan., 21.—There were few changes in the result of the joint builot for Senator today. Ex-Senator Mantle holds the Republican strength and the Fusion vote scattered. The vote stood: Mantle Cooper MacGinnis 3 Connolly

Sympathy for Tagals and Boers LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Jan. 21.—The House spent an hour today discussing a resolution extending sympathy with the Filipinos "in their heroic struggle for freedom." The resolution was amended so as to include the Boers, by a vote of 53 to 29, and was then adopted amid

White Teachers in Negro Schools. NASHVILLE, Tenn., Jan. 21.—The bill introduced by Senator Peak to prohibit the employment of white teachers in negro schools, colleges and universities, was withdrawn, and another introduced, making the inhibition applicable only to the public schools of the state.

Democratic Nominees in Minnesota. ST. PAUL, Minn., Jan. 21 .- The Democratic members of the Legislature, in cau-cus tonight, decided to support ex-United States Judge R. R. Nelson for the long Senatorial term, and Senator Charles A. Towns for the short term,

DOVER, Del., Jan. 21.—The sixth ballot in the deadlock for two United States Senators was taken at noon today in the session of the Legislature, with no mate-Nevada Legislature.

No Change in Delaware.

CARSON, Nev., Jan. 21.—The 20th session of the Nevada Legislature convened at noon today. C. D. Van Dueser was elected Speaker of the Assembly. No committee appointments were made. INTEREST IN FRANCE.

Not All the Newspaper Articles Are Sympathetic. PARIS, Jan. 21.—The dispatches from

Osborne are eagerly read here. The even-ing papers publish more frequent editions, which are quickly sold. The articles in which are quickly sold. The articles in the papers are sympathetic, though they give evidence of the anti-British feeling aroused by the South African War. Many of the writers ascribe Queen Victoria's collapse to the cloud of melancholy en-shrouding her on account of the situation in South Africa and the ever-increasing death roll. Joseph Chamberlain is spoken of as the evil writer recognible for the deficiency estimates of appropriations for the various departments to complete the service up to June 30, 1901, amounting to \$11,286,052, and \$2,541,885 for the postal service, payable from the postal revenues.

Hillevoye publish, however, in the Libre Parole and Patric respectively, ruthless expectations of the date.

etins posted at the British embassy and British consulate were read by a large number of visitors. Many notable people called at the British embassy and inscribed their names, including M. Cro-sier, Chief of the Protocol; General Zurinden, the Belgian and Swiss Ministers

linden, the Belgian and Swiss Ministers, President Faure's widow and daughters, and M. Loubet. The government was kept closely informed from London. The Temps, in a kindly article, says: "Queen Victoria has become the sym-bol of the nation and the empire, the glories and prospertites of her long reign, and the century of progress and well beand the century of progress and well be In her majority she was the ideal constitutional sovereign. The Prince of Wales has had his tastes, friends and court. Even if he desired to efface himself and to follow the example of his mother his sex would render the step difficult. The death of the Queen will be, probably, in more than one domain the signal for grave changes. It is the end of an era."

CHICAGO, Jan. 21.—Chicagoans demon strated their interest in the dying Queen by gathering wherever they could read the bulletins that came from London at half hourly intervals. Around the news-paper offices there were groups all day rending copies of the latest dispatches from Osborne House. In the newspaper offices telephones were kept busy by those who were too far from the center of the city to obtain their information other-

By arrangement with the newspapers or press bureaus most of the important clubs were kept informed of the progress of Her Majesty's illness. The messages were Her Majesty's illness. The messages were posted or read aloud to the members assembled in the smoking-room. In many of the churches the pastors spoke feelingly of the dying Queen's long and honorable reign, while from nearly every pulpit was voiced a prayer for her restoration to health.

In the rotunda of the down-town hotels the shelf tonic of conversation was the

In the rotunds of the down-town notes the chief topic of conversation was the illness of Queen Victoria. Canadians strangers to each other, but drawn together by a cause of common bereavement, formed little groups in the lobbies and talked quietly of the calamity about to overtake the British Empire. All expressed their confidence in the Prince of Wales.

Bolivin Rejects Chile's Proposal. NEW YORK, Jan. 21 .- A special to the

NEW YORK, Jan. 21.—A special to the Herald from Washington says:
Bolivia has rejected the proposal of Chile contemplating the payment by the latter country of the Bolivian bonded debt, the construction of a railroad connecting Bolivia with a Pacific port, the free entry of goods, and the establishment of custom-houses in exchange for the recognition by the La Pax Government of Chilean sovereignty over the territory in dispute between the two countries. The Minister of Foreign Affairs in Bolivia, who urged the acceptance of the Chilean proposal has, in consequence of the adverse action of the congress of his country, resigned his office. The Chilean Minister to Bolivia has left his post on leave, but it is understood that he will be directed to return to La Paz, perhaps with the new proposition. with the new proposition

Amateur Billiard Tournament. NEW YORK, Jan. II.—Ferdinand Pog-genberg, the billiard champion, was beaten tonight by Edward C. Faddner, the Pas-saic Club star, 300 to 207.

PEOPLE WHO HAVE CAUSE TO FEAR CONSUMPTION

DR. COPELAND POINTS OUT JUST WHO SHOULD BE ON THEIR GUARD

Why It Is That Those Who Have Cause to Fear This Disease Should Make the Effort to Rid Themselves of the Danger.

There exist in our climate conditions which ever tend to the development of consumption of the lungs. These condi-tions consist, first, of the seeds of con-sumption themselves, which are coughed up and spit out by consumptives. This material becomes dry and still holding in its meshes the seeds of the disease floats in the air and is liable to be breathed by anybody. Only certain persons, how-ever, who breathe the seeds of consumpto a develop the disease. Just who are in danger of developing consumption by inhaling the germs of the disease I will try to show. A person whose general health is run down from any cause, whose system is weakened, whose blood is poor and thin, is in such a condition that he cannot resist the seeds of consumption when once introduced into his system, and consequently is liable to develop the dis-

THE TRUTH ABOUT INHERITING CONSUMPTION.

Those persons whose near ancestors have and consumption have cause to fear

AFRER EFFECTS Mrs. J. Duke, 391 Ivon street Port-

"Three years ago this Winter I had a severe attack of grip, and, like many others, I thought it was little more than a cold, and while I suffered greatly with it at that time, I expected it would soon pass away, but instead of passing away it seemed to take on a chronic form and stay with me. it seemed to to stay with me.

that I was losing strength and weight, and I was feeling very bad all the time. I had a cough and sorcness through my chest and lungs; I raised quantities of pink, frothy mucus and had nightsweats. My appetite was changeable and uncertain; I was very short of breath, and could not take a long breath, without severe pain, especially in my right lung. I felt miserable. "There was a history of lung trouble in our family and my friends

'My sister, Mrs. Sam Strebin, of Troutdale, and her family had been treating distempers bred and spawned by grip, is with the Copeland physicians and were now, not only an assured reality, but a greatly pleased with their treatment. She came to see me one day and was so much cluding medicines.

CONSUMPTION INVITED BY

CATARRH.

ticed that those persons who come of con-sumptive families take cold easily, and that their colds, instead of getting well, hang on and develop into catarrh.

A SORE THAT WON'T HEAL the seeds of consumption. It is in sore places that the seeds of

the disease, because consumptive parents consumption frequently lodge and enter frequently hand down to their offspring the system. Any person that has a sore weakened systems, upon which the seeds that won't heal has a body that is not up of consumption easily fasten themselves. to the proper standard. The consump-The very fact that a parent has had con- tion germs lodge on a sore anywhere in the The very fact that a parent has had consumption whows that he has a system that predisposes to the disease, and the same predisposition is usually inherited by the produce a sore called lupus; I have seen them lodge on a sore on the leg and mui-tiply; I have seen them lodge on a sore on the neck and cause abscesses. Catarrh While is has been shown that catarrh alone does not cause all cases of consumption, still it is catarrh that those who have had consumptive ancestors have most to dread. This disease weakens the body, makes a drain on the blood, and prepares the way for the admission of the seeds of consumption. I have no the disease, catarrh, becomes such a serious matter. The very fact that a serious matter. person has chronic catarrh is absolute proof that his bodily vigor and general health are not what they should be, and that such a person has not the necessary resisting power to combat and throw off W. H. COPELAND.

HOME TREATMENT.—No one deprived of the benefits of the Copeland treatment because of living at a distance from the city. If you cannot come to the office, write for Home Treatment Symptom Blank and Book, and be cured at home.

Is in Its Prostrating After Effects

and the Train of Serious Maladies

The epidemic of la grippe now reigning

and raging in Portland is in some features

worse than a plague of yellow fever or

GRIP AND ITS TERRIBLE

and, relates her experience with the

"It was not long until I noticed

were greatly worried over my condition. Nothing seemed to do me any good. I had little ambition and hardly life enough to care whether I got well or not.

It Engenders,

with the grip it's different. It leaves the convalescent sufferer with the seeds of death remaining in the system with Its Awful Germ Poisons.
le.- alive in his blood, in his lungs, in his stomach, in his kidneys—with the chance

which the prostrating effects of the griphave left them exposed, all should keep a quieting thought to those thus visited that under the Copeland system the cure of catarch, of lung and stomach troubles, of all the diseases and distempers bred and spawned by grip, is now, not only an assured reality, her under some masured reality, her under the copeland system the cure of catarch, of lung and stomach troubles, of all the diseases and distempers bred and spawned by grip, is now, not only an assured reality, her under the copeland system the cure of catarch, of lung and stomach troubles, of all the diseases and distempers bred and spawned by grip, is now, not only an assured reality, her under the copeland system the cure of catarch, of lung and stomach troubles, of all the diseases and distempers bred and spawned by grip, is now, not only an assured reality, her under the copeland system.

PERIL OF THE GRIP alarmed over my condition that she would not let me rest until I went up to their not let me rest until I went up to their office with her. After a careful examina-tion I began treatment, and at the end of my course was again a well woman. It is two years since I had any treatment, and I weigh more than I ever did before and feel as well as can be.

Mr. S. Saulcer, Kelso, Wash. Until worse than a plague of yellow fever or cholera. Those fierce and frightful maladies do their work of death suddenly a nattack of grip some years ago I was in perfect health. When I got over the acute stage I found I had catarrh and asthma. My head was stopped up, breath short, and I coughed incessantly. I had convalescent sufferer with the seeds of death remaining in the system with Its Awfal Germ Poisons.

le. allve in his blood, in his lungs, in his

CONSULTATION FREE. DR. COPELAND'S BOOK FREE TO ALL.

THE COPELAND MEDICAL INSTITUTE THE DEKUM, THIRD AND WASHINGTON STREETS,

OFFICE HOURS-From 9 A, M. to 12 M.; from 1 to 5 P. M. W. H. COPELAND, M. D. J. H. MONTGOMERY, M. D. EVENINGS-Tuesdays and Fridays.

PURPOSE IS BLACKMAIL

Offers to Restore the Asphalt Property for One Million Dollars-In-

surgents Gain a Battle.

VENEZUELA TRYING TO SQUEEZE

PORT OF SPAIN, Trinidad, British West Indies, Jan. 21.—(Via Haytien Cable.)—The arrivals today from Venezuela confirm the reports of the existence of a critical condition of affairs in that repubic. A former Venezuelan Minister asserts that the politicians at Caracas are mak-ing a determined raid on the Bermudese Asphalt Company. He adds that they tried it before on a modest scale, squeez-ing \$30,000 out of the company, when United States Minister Loomis protested and stopped further action of this descrip-The government, the Minister also says, listened to reason then, but has now lost its head and offers to restore the property for \$1,000,000, although it is said to have been illegally taken by a dictatorial decree. In addition, the assertion is again made that if foreign governments permit the action of the Venezuelan authorities to pass without some protest, all foreign investors will be driven from South America, for the latter claim they are always being illegally plundered. In this connection, the assertion is made that no former Venezuelan government would have dared to act as this one does toward Washington. It is explained that the Venezuelan authorities are counting

the disinclination of strong nations o coerce weak ones. At the office of the Orinoce Company, se two steamers were recently selzed by the Venezuelan authorities, the manager says the British Minister at Caracas, Mr. Haggard, has informed the American Minister that the British Government will not protect the company because its shareholders are Americans. The com-pany is said to be losing heavily through

the seigure of the steamers. the seisure of the steamers.
The commander of the French cruiser
Suchel, stationed at Curapano for the protection of the large French interests in
that vicinity, reports that disturbances
are increasing. The insurgents of Veneguela have just gained a battle near Gu-

Germany Not Interested. RERLIN, Jan. 21 .- The German Foreign Office shows no interest whatever in the reports regarding the situation in Vene-zuela, and characterizes the newspaper ecounts of the difficulty as exaggerated.

Accident to the Bailey. WASHINGTON, Jan. II.—The torpedo-boat Bailey has come to grief again. The accident which disabled her in this case was peculiar. While lying at Newport. about to undertake a trial trip on the fol-lowing day, the intense cold froze the water in her bollers, bursting a number of

The boat has been sent

New York for repairs, and the trial board has been ordered home. Haring Committee Congratulated. WASHINGTON, Jan. 21 .- The members WASHINGTON, Jan. II.—The memoers of the House confinities appointed to investigate the basing at West Point, with special reference to the charge that the late Oscar L. Bosor had come to his death as a result of the brutal hazing he received there, were the recipients today of general congratulations upon the thorough manner in which they had probed into the

hazing practice, and especially upon the in Mexia, Tex. Bering wired the bank-voluntary action of the classes in pledging firm in Texas and learned that Allen, ing themselves to abolish hazing, so far had no account in the bank. Bering them as they were concerned. The committee took out a warrant. Allen it is said reptomorrow will make a report and recom-mend legislation which it is believed will result in the abolition of hazing at the

ROCK ON THE TRACK.

academy.

Train Robbers Tried to Hold Up the Overland Express Near Kearney.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., Jan. 21.—Informa-tion was received here today to the effect that a desperate attempt was made last night by a gang of train robbers to hold up the overland express near Kearney.

Neb. The bandits placed a large pile of rock on the track in order to wreck the train, which is reported to have had a large amount of money. The robbers secreted themselves behind a hill near the creted themselves behind a hill near the railroad. A pedestrian traveling along the track came upon the obstruction, was pounced upon, severely beaten, and robbed of all his money, amounting to \$50. He got away from them and ran to Kearney, where he gave the alarm, and a posse was at once organized and orders given to hold the train. The posse came trace the headily and constitute one the headily and constitute one. upon the bandits and captured one, the others escaping. The officers are still in

KERR WILL CONFESS. Will Tell All About the Bonnchieter

Tragedy. NEW YORK, Jan. M .- New light has been thrown upon the case of George J. Kerr, indicted as one of the four mur-derers of Jennie Bosschieter, in Paterson, N. J. The ressons for giving Kerr a sep arate trial also have been made public. Judge Dixon, at the time he granted Kerr the privilege of being tried separately, said he would file his reasons, and he has now made them known. Judge Dixon said the object of this secrecy was to prevents facts from reaching the jurors in the trial of the other three men that might possibly unduly influence their minds. It now appears that Kerr intends to tell all about the tragedy; that he will claim that he was not present at the time the deadly drug was administered to Jen-nie Bosschieter, and that he not only did not take part in the assault, but, on the other hand, protested against it. Kerr expects to prove this by the confessions of Campbell and Death. Prosecutor Emely will insist that Kerr had guilty knole-edge of all that took place on that night, and that he sided and abetted in the pois-

In giving his reasons for postponing Kerr's trial, Judge Dixon says that the statements made by Death and Campbel to the police implicated Kerr in certain ways, but such statements are not legal evidence of Kerr's guilt, and being in-troduced on the trial of Campbell. Death and McAlister, they might have blased the minds of the jurors against Kerr. He further says that the counsel for Kerr made known to him that they would introduce an entirely different line of dese for Kerr to that made by Campbell,

Swindled Mayor Harrison. CHICAGO, Jan. 21.—The Record says: "After victimizing Mayor Harrison and several hotels in Chicago and other large several hotels in Chicago and other large cities, as the police assert. H. F. Allen, alias W. O. Perry, railroad man, law-yer, politician and alleged representative in the Texas State Logislature, has been arrested on charges of obtaining money under false pertenses. Allen requested Clark Bering, of the Tremont House, to ossh a draft on a private banking firm

SUNDAYS-From 10 A. M. to 12 M.

Eaten by Rats. CHICAGO, Jan. 21,-With her face dis figured beyond recognition, and her flesh on hands and feet eaten by rats, Mrs. Norah Hannigan was found dead at her home. 33 Sennott place, last evening, by John Adams, a friend of the family, who called at the house. The woman's body lay on the floor, with her head resting on the edge of a washtub. There was every indication that the woman had been dead several days. The rings from the fingers were found scattered about the floor, where they had rolled when gnawed off by the rats that infested the hot were rapidly eating the decompose



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