NO QUORUM PRESENT

Two Attempts to Hold Clark Caucuses Failed.

THE SENSATION IN MONTANA

Another Effort Will Be Made to Nominste a Senator Monday Night-Republicana and Labor Men Also Held Meetings.

HELENA, Mont., Jan. 11 .- The Demo crats circulated five petitions for a cau-cus on the long-term Senatorship, for which W. A. Clark is the only candidate. When the meeting was called to order in Legislative Hall, last night, but 25 of the 52 members answered to roll-call, or 22 less than the required ma-Jority to nominate, and, after some time spent in an attempt to muster the requisite number, the meeting inally adjourned without action. The affair created a sensation, especially in that the delegation from Helena was among the

absentees, this city being regarded as the Clark stronghold. The labor men and Populists held a

The labor men and Populists held a separate caucus, but refuse to divulge the nature of the proceedings.

Mr. Heins, president of the Montana Ore Purchasing Company, has dropped out of the race, and John MacCinnis, vice-president of the same company, is developing considerable strength in the race for the short term.

A caucus of the Democratic members was called for tonight, but was postponed until Monday night, many of the members being out of the city, having gone home for the Saturday adjournment.

gone home for the Saturday adjournment. The call for the caucus was not signed by quite enough members to insure the election of the nomines, but it is believed it will be by Monday night.

The Republicans held a caucus to nom-inate a candidate for the complimentary vote of the minority. The members were sworn to secrecy, and up to this hour their proceedings have not been made known. If they made a nomination, which is doubtful, they named Senator Carter to succeed himself.

COLONEL THOMPSON TALKS.

He Explains the Reason for the Hold-Up of the Cancus.

Colonel W. A. Thompson, of the Thompson Opera Company, who managed Clark's campaign during the recent election, speaking of the hold-up of the caucus,

W. A. Clark and F. H. Heins will be elected Senators without a doubt. Mr. Clark is a magnificent man, very able and well liked by everybody. The election proved that the people want him. He has 8 out of the 102 members of the Legislature, and will be elected when the proper time comes. They don't want to come over too sudden, and be considered mere cattle, as it were, and so pretend mere cattle, as it were, and so pretend there is a little opposition. There is also some objection for the reason that both Clark and Heins are from Butte, which perhaps accounts for their putting the thing off a little while. Clark and Heins are the best of friends, and worked hand in hand during the campaign. There never was such a victory. Heins is a young man, only 21, but is a most brilliant was and will make a tood Sanator. liast man, and will make a good Senator. The principal opposition to Clark and Heinz is from the Standard Oil Company. Clark and Heinz, with their great wealth, are a thorn in the side of that concern.

TROUBLE FOR BAILEY. Charges Brought Against Him in the Texas Legislature.

AUSTIN, Tex., Jan. Il.-The House of AUSTIN, Tex., Jan. II.—The House of the Texas Legislature today ordered the appointment of a committee of seven to investigate charges against Congressman J. W. Bailey that he was interested in securing the reissuance of a permit to the Waters-Pierce Oil Company to do business in this state after that com-pany's charter had been annulled. The preliminary movements of the investigapreliminary movements of the investigation will be awaited with much interest by all political factions, as the Legislature will have to vote for a United States Senator Tuesday, and Mr. Balley is a candidate for that position, we enough instructed votes to elect him.

Adams Withdraws From the Bace. DENVER, Jan. IL-Ex-Governor Alva Adams tonight issued a letter in which he said he withdraws from the Senatorial race, on the ground that a three-cornered fight would be likely to result in a deadlock, and consequently a prolonged strug-gle, interfering with business of great public interest. It is understood that Mr. Adams' strength will go to T. M. Pattermon.

PORTO RICAN TARIFF.

(Continued from Pirst Page.)

territories were not a part of the United States, it must be taken that goods could go free from Porto Rico to Alaska, but this was not the case, for the same du ties are charged on goods from a terri-tory going to Porto Rico as from a state. That the tax loyled is a local tax was denied, but it was denominated a tax for

Carlisle read the portions of the Ports Rican act establishing the rates of duty and disposition of the moneys col-lected as a basis for his complete ar-gument, and said the court would see that on all goods from the United States to Porto Rico there should be levied 15 per cent of the duties on foreign goods, with the internal revenue of Porto Rico added, and that goods from Porto Rico to the United States enter upon the payment of 15 per cent of customs, with in-ternal revenue only added when the goods are of Porto Rican manufacture, while goods from other countries paying the Porto Rico internal revenue may country without any internal

"We insist," he added, "that this is not an import duty. We object to the form under which the Government seized our goods and held them on their arrival at Porto Rico until we paid them tribute in the form of a tax."

Import and Export Duties.

import is something, he said, coming from a foreign country. Porto Rico cannot be a foreign country, for its couris send appeals to this body. This is, there-fore, not an import tax, but an export tax upon goods sent out of these states, and there are two specifications ugainst such export duties. Opinions of the court were read to show that the tribunal had held that no duty might be laid on exheld that no duty might be laid on ex-ports from one state to another, or to a foreign country. Argument was made that the tax was an export tax, and as such in direct violation of the Constitu-tion of the United States. This tax, Mr. Carlisle said, which under this law is just as general as a tariff law, is said to be a local tax. It is collected everywhere, in every state and territory. How can it be called local? Is the fact that the pro-ceeds of this tax are to be used for cer-tain purposes of more consequence than tain purposes of more consequence than that the tax is laid first and appropriated afterward, in proving that this is a local tax? More than half the general duties are, he said, collected at New York; yet It is not a local tax, but a tax the pro-ceeds of which may be used everywhere. "We deny." he went on, "that Congress has any right to impose any such tax

territories. Congress may regulate com-merce and may govern the territory, but under the guise of governing that tend-tory may not govern the States of New York or Pennsylvania. When it places

a tax upon the goods taken to Porto Rios it is governing the state. The limitation must follow every nower."

The power of Congress to legislase must be subject to all the limitations of the Congressive of the Congress to the constitution.

be subject to all the limitations of the Constitution.

"Had it not been that African slavery was involved," Mr. Carlisle said, in conclusion, "there would have been no dissent from the decision in the Dred Scott case. Now we have a case with the negro eliminated. We have a case where citisers are taxing their property in a territory of the United States, but in which there is no conflicting point like slavery, the conditions are changed. Then the unlimited power of Congress was urged by the advocates of slavery; now it is urged by the advocates of freedom. If it is true that there lies this arbitrary power in the Constitution, we should be de-lighted that it was not discovered for more than 100 years, until we had a great country made up of free states and filled

with free people."

He did not believe that the framers of

He did not believe that the framers of the Constitution ever meant to give to Congress unlimited power over the lives and property of the people. When Mr. Carlists concluded, Senator Lindsey, of Kentucky, began the argu-ment for the plaintiff in the next Porto Rican case, that of Hausa vs. the New York & Purto Rico Stramship Company. The case is one involving the question of whether or not Congress has the right to make the trade with the Islands coasting trade or foreign trade.

ENGAGEMENT ANNOUNCED.

Richard Stuart Hooker to Marry Miss Condit Smith.

NEW YORK, Jan. 11 .- The Journal and Advertiser says:
"The cards announneing the en-

"The cards announneing the engagement between Miss Mary Condit Smith and myself are being printed," and Hichard Stuart Hooker, in an interview. "We are to be married in February," he continued. "I believe the President and Secretary Long are to be present. I would prefer a quieter wedding, I think, as I'm rather bashful. It was my love of army and navy life that led me to collet in the marines." collet in the marines."

eallet in the marines."

Altogether the story of the love match is lively in detail. The young people have known each other since childhood. Bergeant Hooker is the son of Mrs. Bessie geant Hooker is the son of Mrs. Bessie Stewart Hooker and grandson of Senator Stewart, of Nevada. In 1897, when the Klondike gold fever started, the marine went to the Klondike where he remained for about a year. Disposing of his out-fit and claim to advantage, he came back to civilization at the outbreak of the Spanish-American War, and it was not long before he succeeded, aided by his remarketers. Influence in securing as

long before he succeeded, aided by his grandfather's influence. In securing an appointment in the marine corps.

It was about a year ago that Miss Condit Smith, in answer to an invitation from her slater, wife of Lieutenant Keyen of the Navy, then stationed in Yokohama determined to leave this country and travel in the Orient. It was after a visit to Lieutenant and Mrs. Keyes that she recommanded the and Mrs. Regist that she accompanied Mr. and Mrs. Squires to Pekin. She stayed with them at the old temple on the great wall of China, from which place the two women were rescued just in time to save them from the Hoxers, and conveyed to the British legation in Pekin.

As soon as they were rescued Miss Con-dit Smith started for her home in Washington and arrived less than a fortnight ago, being met in New York by Sergeant Hooker.

SAILED FOR PANAMA.

Cruiser Philadelphia Will Protect American Interests.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11 .- The Navy Department has been informed of the de-parture of the cruiser Philadelphia today from Porto Valjo, Salvador, for Panama. The recent reports of renewed disquiet among the revolutionists in Colombia make the appearance of a United States vessel at Panama a timely event. It has een stated by naval officers that the Philadelphia was not sent to Colombia under special orders, but that this port is included in her regular itinerary. How long she will remain probably will depend upon the state of affairs in Colombia. Consul-General Gudger, at Psnams, cabled the State Department today that the Colombian revolutionists, who are expected to attack the city, had withdrawn, and quiet is now restored. This disposed of the minor troubles which have devel-

Colombian Rebels Driven Back. COLON, Colombia, Jan. II, via Galves-on.—The few rebels who were outside The few rebeis who were butside town of Panama have been driven back to the bush by the government There is no extensive revolutionary movement.

Election in Jamaica. KINGSTON, Jamaica, Jan. 11.—The quinquennial logislative election is pro-ceeding here. The result thus far is against Joseph Chamberlain's desire to revert to crown government.

Diamonds Found in Guiana. KINGSTON, Jamaica, Jan. 11.-The mall from Dergarara brings a report of large finds of diamonds in the interior of A company has been formed in England to work the claims.

The Irrigation Campaign

CHICAGO, Jan. 11.—Western irrigation promoters who are anxious to secure a Governmental appropriation for the irrigation of the vast tracts of arid lands of the West, will make their headquarters

in Chicago this Winter.
Governor M. A. Otero, of New Mexico,
and Governor N. O. Murphy, of Arizona,
conferred with George H. Maxwell, chairman of the National Irrigation Association here yesterday, with reference to the work. After the conference Mr. Murphy left for Arisona, while Mr. Otero went to Washington, where he will place the mat-

er before Congress.
Governor Otero said: "There are great many prominent Westerners interested in the movement, and through our association we hope to secure from Con-gress an appropriation of \$250,000 this Winter.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 11.—Mrs. Lulu Prince-Kennedy, who last evening shor and killed her husband of a month, Philip H. Kennedy, contracting agent of the Merchanta Dispatch Transportation Com-pany, at his office in the Ridge building. passed a restless night in jail. She re-rused to talk to reporters of the murder except to inquire, with a smile: "Did they get out an extra, and did the

papers say I was good-looking?" "I don't want to talk to any man," said Mrs. Kennedy, later. "I will let the oth-er people do the talking."

Jessie Morrison's Second Trini.

TOPEKA, Kan., Jan. 11.-The second trial of Jessie Morrison for the murder of Mrs. Olin Castle will be held at the March term, in Eldorado. The District Judge has formally assigned the case to place on the docket. Miss Morrison has given up her proposed trip to the East.

ECZEMAI NO CURE NO PAY. ECZEMAI NO CURE NO PAY.

FOUR druggist will refund your money if
PAZIO OINCAMENT falls to cure Ringworm.

Twitter, Old Ulcers and Sores, Frinjdes and
illacableads on the face, Riching Rumors, Dandruff and all Skin Disasses no matter of bowlong standing. Frice 55c. If your druggist
should full in have it send as 50c in postage
stamps and we will forward same by mail, and
at any time you holly us that the cure was
not satisfactory we will promptly return your
money. Tour druggist will tell you that we are
retunde, as our Laxative innode gettinness
Tablets, which have a National reputation for
colds, are handled by all druggists. Address upon the trade between the states and PARIS MEDICINE CO., St. Louis Mo.

TONGUE WILL MAKE REPLY

PREPARING AN ANSWER TO CUSE-MAN'S ATTACKS.

Two Oregon Pension Bills Passed by the House-Hearing on the Federal Court Bill.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.-Representative Tongue is preparing an elaborate re-ply to Cushman's attack upon Columbia River appropriations. He will speak to-

Senator Foster has offered an amend ment to the sundry civil bill appropriat-ing \$10,000 for roads, fences, etc., in Rai-nier National Park, and directing the Secretary of War to detail troops to protect and patrol the park

The House today passed two Oregon pension bills introduced by Senator Mc-Bride, as follows: William Chittenden, Roseburg, Indian War veteran, 38: James Covington, The Dalles, Mexican War vet

TO ENFORCE JUDGMENT. Bill to Increase the Power of Fed-

eral Courts. WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—Representa-tives of municipalities throughout the country appeared before the judiciary committee of the House today relative to the bill proposing to give the Federal Courts means of enforcing their judgments

STATES.	Present Appor- tionment	Appor- tionment
Aiabama Arkansas California Colorado Connecticut Jelaware Florida Georgia idaho Illinois Indiana lowa Kansas Kentucky Louislana Maryland Maryland Maskachusetts Michigan Minnesota Missouri Missouri Missouri Missouri Missouri Missouri Missouri	121118111511646131177-151	37 8 3 5 1 1 2 2 5 1 1 1 1 8 1 1 6 6 6 1 1 1 1 8 8 1 6 1 1 1 1
Nebraska New Hampshire New Hampshire New Jersey New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oregon Pennsylvania Rhode Island South Carolina	2 8	10 37 10 37 10 31 21 22 32 32

against muntcipalities. An important de parture from existing laws is involved in the proposition, and one affecting all cities and towns which borrow money on bonds

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... 367 386

or otherwise.

At present there are no means of en roing judgments from the Federal Courts on these obligations, and many peculiar conditions have arisen in Missouri, Wasonsin and Texas, through efforts to enforce them. The United States Supreme Court has ruled that mandamus against the local tax officers to compel them to put the obligation on the tax relie is the only remedy. But in several cases the lo-cal officials have avoided the mandamus by resigning. Several exciting incidents have occurred in some of the cases, the local officials taking to the woods to avoid

service. rectly and indirectly many millions of dollars of claims against municipalities have been heard by the judiciary committee, and it is now desired to hear from the municipal debtor class. The plan under consideration is to authorize the United States District Court, at the place where a municipality is in default and

the local officers fall to act, to appoint a special tax officer to assess the tax. Representative Jenkins, of Wisconsin, chalrman of the subcommittee having the matter in charge, says it is the first in-stance in which the power of the Fed-eral Courts is sought to be extended to municipalities. Aside from the many millions involved, Mr. Jenkins says the matter is specially important not only to municipalities in default, but to those desirous of protecting their credit and necur-ing low interest rates.

Oleomargarine Bill Hearing. WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.-The Senaté

committee on commerce did not succeed yesterday in closing its hearing on the oleomargarine bill. Today E. S. Peters, of Texas president of the American Cot--Growers' Association, opposed the bill the ground that it seeks to discriminate in favor of one agricultural interest as against another, which Mr. Peters

secretary Knight, of the National Dairy Union, followed Mr. Peters, conthuing his argument begun yesterday. He thought the cotton-seed mill product used in the manufacture of eleomargarine was comparatively small, and that the passage of the bill in his opinion could out little effect upon the cotton-seed industry.

To Perfect Title.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—The House committee on public lands today favorably reported a bill to perfect title in cer-tain Chippewa scrip land located inside the City of Sait Lake. This scrip land was located and patented years ago, and has been laid out in town lots, sold and built upon. The Supreme Court held that the strip had been improperly located and was vold. As many innocent purchasers had improved the property, the commit-tee acted favorably upon the bill to quiet

Punishment of Train-Robbery, WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—The Senate ommittee on judiciary today authorized a favorable report upon Senator Hoar's bill for the punishment of train-robbery. The bill provides a penalty of 20 years' morisonment and a fine of \$5000, or both, for the offense.

Codifying the Postal Laws. WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.-Representaive Loud, of California, from th office committee, today reported to the House a bill revising and codifying the postal laws. No radical changes in ex-isting laws are proposed in the bill.

United States Attorney. WASHINGTON, Jan. II.—The President today nominated William G. Wheeler, of Wisconsin, to be Attorney of the United States for the Western District of Wis-

Bertha at Valparatso. SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. II.-A cable-

consin

gram received by the Merchants' Ex-change today stated that the German bark Bertha had arrived at Valparaiso December 8, bound from Tacoma to New York. Part of the cargo had been jet-tlaoned to save the ship during a severe

Reinsurance on the British bark Andra-Reinsurance on the British bark Andra-da has advanced, now being quoted at 50 per cent, an increase of 10 per cent since Thursday, and of 20 per cent since Wednesday. Since December 11, when the Andrada was sighted off the Columbia River bar by a pilot; the Andrada has not been heard from, and the belief is gain-ing currency that the vessel was lost during the terrific southeaster that swept the coast about the middle of December.

COINAGE FOR A YEAR.

Director Roberts Reports the Largest Business in Nation's History.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11 .- George Rob erts, Director of the Mint, in his annual report shows that the coinage of the past year was in excess of any previ-ous year in the history of the service, aggregating \$141,851,960, as compared with \$156,855,676 in the last fiscal year. The value of the gold coinage was slightly below that of the previous year, being \$107,837,110, as compared with \$108,177,150. The coinage of silver dollars was 18,244,-984, as compared with 18,154,708 in the pre-vious year. The chief increase was in the output of subsidiary and minor coins, which surpassed all records, and, it is stated, may doubtless be attributed to the extraordinary activity of retail trade throughout the country. The coinage of subsidiary silver amounted to 57,114,270 pieces, of the vale of \$12,876,849, and of dinor coirs to the extraordinary total of 101,501,753 pieces, of the value of \$2,343.017. The seigniorage, or profit, on this coinage was \$5,677,535. The seigniorage our the coinage of silver dollars, subsidiary and minor coins during the year was \$10,286,-

The deposits of gold builion at the mints and assay offices of the United States during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1909, exclusive of redeposits, were of the value of \$133,930,119, against \$143,497,139 reported previous year. The total deposits of d were not so great as in the previous year, the deposits of buildon showing a decline, but the deposit of domestic bullion again surpassed all records, amount-ing to \$87,658,836, against \$76,252,487. Including silver contained in gold de-

posits, the deposits and purchases of sliver during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1900, exclusive of redeposits, amounted to 11,396,137 standard ounces, against 14,073,464 standard ounces reported for the previous

The fluctuations in the price of silver in the 12 months ended June 30, 1900, were not of a wide range, the lowest price being 20%1 and the highest price 23 9-18d. For the first nine months of the fiscal year, the market, was sustained mainly by purchases for India and the Straits Settlements, with small demand on Continental account and also for the do-mestic colonge of England and her colonies. Early in April, 1900, a demand for sliver came from China, which continued for the remainder of the year, and this, with the demand by the Indian Government, caused the price to advance by the end of June to 28 9-16d, the highest of the of June to 28 3-16d, the highest of the year. The average price of silver for the year, based upon daily London quotations, was 27.3750d, equivalent at par of exchange to \$0.600 II per ounce, fine, in United States money. At the highest market price for silver during the year the commercial ratio of silver to gold was as 1 and 1 to 33.01 at the lowest price, 1 to 35.41; at the average price, 1 to 34.44.

JOHN MARSHALL DAY.

Programme for the Celebration in Chiengo.

CHICAGE, Jan. 11.—Civil and military authorities, the judiciary, clergy, atudents and scholars of local and foreign distinction will unite with others in the cele-bration Chicago is preparing for the cen-tennial anniversary of the induction into office of John Marshall, the first Chief Justice of the United States. The cele-bration will be general throughout the

Final arrangements for the event have been completed by Adolph Moses, secre-tary of the National John Marshall Day Association, and in charge of the Chicago celebration. The programme will begin with an oration to be delivered at the Auditorium by Senator Henry Cabot Lodge, of Massachusetts, at 2:30 P. M. February 4. All courts will be closed on that day, and there will be observances at all the schools and colleges. The celebration will conclude with a banquet at the Auditorium Hotel. The toasts and the Auditorium Hotel. The toasts and speakers follow: "John Marshall," Judge P. Grosscup: "The Nation and the State," ? Grosscup; "The Nation and the State," ohn S. Baker, Assistant Solicitor-General of Philadelphia: "The National Judi-ciary," John V. Quarles, of Wisconsin; "Illinois in the National Government," Henry D. Estabrook, of Chicago: "Cen-tennial Days," Archbishop Ireland, of St. Paul.

Preferred Death to Blindness. CHICAGO, Jan. 11.—Faced by the pros-ect of total blindness and told she was sevend all medical help, Margaret Donovan, 26 years old, who resided with her aunt, Mrs Mary Donovan, at Fifty-fourth street and Indiana avenue, committed suicide by drinking carbolic acid.

For almost two years the young woman had confronted bravely the problem of falling eyesight, almost without a word of complaint or despondency. She was an orphan and had come from a little village in Minnesota a year ago to live with her aunt and receive medical treatment, in Chicago. One physician after another was tried, but gave her no encourage-ment. She did not lose heart until two days ago, when she was told positively that there was no cure.

Carnegle's Tube Plant.

NEW YORK, Jan. 11.—The Journal of commerce says that further information regarding the Carnegie Steel Company's plan for a tube and pipe plant at Conneaut, O., indicates the project is even of more importance than at first supposed. It is reported that the new plant will have a capacity of 1,000,000 tons at the start, which closely approaches the total capacity of the National Tube Company. It is further reported that the Carnegie Company has acquired the plant of A. M. Byers & Company, considered one of the chief tube concerns outside of the National Tube Company.

Defaulter Brown's Wherenbouts. CINCINNATI, Jan. 11.—It has been carned here that Frank M. Brown, who is charged with defrauding the German National Bank of Newport, Ky., out of \$191,000, has returned to Central America. Brown was in New Orleans this week, and was met there by some friends from Newport, who returned tonight. It is generally believed that they furnished him with money to return to Honduras. Reports have been current here for some days that Brown would return to New-port, give himself up and make a confession that would involve prominent people,

A New York-Oriental Line. NEW YORK, Jan. 11.-The Pan-American Steamship Company, which was incorporated three weeks ago in New Jer sey, will begin the operation in the Spring of a regular freight service between the port and China, Japan and the Phinp-plnes, via the Suez Canal. A weekly service will be established.

Killed by an Express Train. Captain of Transport Relieved. BOSTON, Jan. II.-Charles E. Bockus, for many years an editorial writer the Boston Herald, was instantly killed tonight by an express train at Dorchester. For a Cold to the Head.

WITNESSES MUST ANSWER

CADETS CANNOT EVADE QUESTIONS BY CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEE.

Continuation of the Hazing Investigation at the West Point Milltary Academy.

WEST POINT, Jan. 11.-The Congressional committee investigating the causes of the deaths of Cadets Booz and Breth and making inquiries regarding the practice of hazing at the military institute decided today that every witness called must answer all questions put to him. Congressman Driggs, of Brooklyn, said during the course of the hearing:
"We are here as representatives to get all the facts, not only in the cases of Cadets Boox and Breth, but in every particular regarding heating in the mess hall

ticular regarding hasing in the mess hall or any other place in this institution. The academy is on trial and every one connected with it. We intend to show the country the truth of the matter, and has

ing must go."

These are the lines on which the committee is going to pursue its investigawere more than usually interesting. Cadet were more than usually interesting, cadet George R. Spaliding, of Michigan, who acted as timekeeper at the Keller-Booz fight, was the first witness called, and, after being sworn, was examined by Con-grossman Wanger. He said he was an ex officio member of the "scrapping com-mittee" being vice oversident of his class. mittee," being vice-president of his class,

"Is that a standing committee?"
"Yes, sir, but there is not as much use for it now as there was some time The testimony then reverted to the Booz-Keller fight, Fringing out nothing new. Some of the Congressmen wanted to know why the cadets did not settle "af-

fairs of honor' with the Army six-shooter, but the witness said he thought in that case the fourth class men would be at a worse disadvantage than in a bare

be at a worse disadvantage than in a bare knuckle contest.
Cadet Spalding, said Mr. Hueizler, of the class of 1902, an unpopular man, had been dismissed on account of demerits. The witness added that the officers were inclined to ignore delinquencies in the cases of unpopular men.
Cadet John Herr, of New Jersey, said he hazed whenever he got a chance. Cadet Grant was among his victims. The witness said he had been dismissed from the academy about a year, but had gone the scademy about a year, but had gone to Washington and secured his reinstate-ment. His dismissal was connected with hazing offenses of which the authorities

had become cognizant. had become cognizant.

Cadet O. N. Taylor, of Maryland, testified he had been eagled 400 times for no offense at all, made to hang from a stringer and made to do other things. He came near fainting. The witness re-fused to tell at first who hazed him, but the commander said he must answer, and he did, saying that Cadet Evans, since expelled, and Cadet A. J. Barry, of the present first class, were the hazers. "Who hazed MacArthur?"

"Those were two men, of whom Cadet Dockery was one."

Taylor told of the hazing of Carpenter, one of his class, when Cadet Myer, of the present first class, interrupted the hazers and made them desist. Carpenter was put to bed suffering from muscular convulsions. He was also hysterical and

onvulsions. He was also bysterical and 'What about MacArthur?' souri, said he had given is drops of pep-per saure to Cadets Fegram and Roselle, but to no others. He also based Will-iams, who was afterwards diamissed, and a cadet named Davis. Congressman Driggs asked the young Missourian to listen to his reading of three words and their meaning from the dictionary. The words were "barbarous," "brutal" and "cruel"

"Now, which of these describes the form of hazing practiced by upper class men when a man is punished to the limit of his endurance."

"In such extreme cases," said the wit-

ness, "I should say 'cruelty' describes it best, because it causes pain." SALE OF DANISH ANTILLES. Negotiations Are Approaching a Set-

tlement. COPENHAGEN, Jan. 11.—The negotiations for the sale of the Danish West Indies to the United States are seemingly approaching settlement. The mat-ter has been placed in the hands of the finance committee of the Rigadag, with the view of arranging the difference in the price asked and offered. The King and Ministry are in favor of the sale, but final action may be delayed by powerful opposition, both in the islands and here.

Soldiers Dislike Cuban Service. WASHINGTON, Jan. 11 .- Special orders manating from the Department of Cuba ontain the records of 22 court-martials of setvates charged with drunkenness, absence without leave, for giving passes and other offenses "to the prejudice of good order and military discipline."

General Wood recently called attention to the increasing number of misdem nors of this sort, and stated as his lief that the enlisted men were taking advantage of the article providing for a dishonorable discharge after "five previ-ous convictions by summary court-mar-tial within a year," to get out of the service. Out of the 20 cases above re-ferred to, only in six was the centence of dishonorable discharge approved. In three of the others the prisoners were sentenced by the court to dishonorable discharge, but these sentences were disapproved by the Department Commander, and mitigated to forfeiture of pay and confinement at hard labor.

Southern Naval Station. WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.-Secretary

long today made public the report of the tablishment of a naval station on the South Atlantic Coast, and more particu-larly with reference to the relative merits of Port Royal or Charleston, S. C., as the site for this station. The board recommends in favor of Charleston, reinforcing its views with an elaborate statement of the advantages of

that place over Port Royal. A dissenting view is presented by Rear-Admiral George umner, who favors a retention of the naval station at Port Royal. The majority report is signed by Rear-Admiral Frederick Rogers, president of the board; Captain George A. Converse. civil engineer C. E. Assison; Naval Con-structor J. H. Linnard, Commander E. H. Leutze and Lieutenant-Commander S. A.

Exports of Domestic Products, WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—The monthly statement of exports of domestic products Issued by the Bureau of Statistics show that during the month of December, 1900, the exports by articles

follows, comparisons being made Mineral oils.....

*Decrease.

. For the 13 months the aggregate was \$832,384,250, a net increase of \$119,000,000.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 11.—As a result f the investigation conducted on board of the investigation conducted on board the transport Grant by Colonel Morse, Captain John F. Schiller has been relieved of the command of the yessel. The trouble arose from differences between

Captain Schiller and Quartermaster Ba-ker, of the Grant, on the homeward trip of the transport. It was stated that the officers clashed frequently in matters-con-cerning their respective authority.

A Claim Against Morocco. A Claim Against Morocco.

NEW YORK, Jan. 11.—Papers in a damage sult for 135,000 against the Government of Morocco in favor of Otto Boyn, of this city, an American citizen, are to be flied with the Secretary of State next Monday. Boyn, who was a stock farmer in the Province of Casiabianca, Morocco, alleges that in April, 1857, the government seized his property and killed his native servant.

ILLINOIS SENATORSHIP.

Cullom Making Hard Fight to Succeed Himself-His Opponents.

WASHINGTON, Jan. L-If Senator Culwashington, Jan. L.-If Senator Cul-lom, of Itlinets, fails to be returned to the Senate by the Legislature of his state, which meets on the 5th inst., It will not be due to any lack of effort on his part. Senator Cullom perhaps has faced the strongest party opposition of any of the Senatorial candidates who has been seek-ing re-election. Senator Chandler, of New Hampshire, has had a hard row to hoe, but his consession to not slow from hoe, but his opposition is not alone from his party, but from railroad interests and corporations which belong to both parties. In Pennsylvania the fight is an old one, and the factions which have been opposing Quay, although not to di-rectly succeed himself, are the same fac-tions that have been lined up against him for years. Of course, in Delaware it is a two-sided fight, and one of long

itanding.
In Illinois, however, it has been a fourcornered affair, so to speak. The candi-dates are: Senator Cullom, Governor John R. Tanner, always a power in Hilhols. R. Tanner, always a power in lillnols, and Representatives Joseph G. Cannon and Robert R. Hitt. There is not a man in the race who, if he were united on by the party, could not call forth the most hearty support of his side of the Legislature. All are good mem and tried. Senator Cullom has shown in his term in the Senate that he is a valuable man to both the state and the country at large. He was the father of the literstate Comwas the father of the Interstate Commerce Commission, and has always taken the keenest interest in that body. Fur-thermore, he has been one of the stanch friends of Hawall, and in all matters per-

taining to those Islands has been an earnest and persistent worker.

The one aim of Governor Tanner is to bring about the defeat of Cullom. He bring about the defeat of Cullom. He would be willing to sacrifice the seat so far as he is personally concerned, if he were assured that Cullom would not be re-elected. Cullom's friends now set up the claim that he aiready has a good majority of the Republican votes of the Legislature, while the friends of Governor Tanner set a claim to a smaller number. This much is certain, however; the fight at the present moment lies between Tunner and Cullom. In case Tunner see that he cannot win, his strength will b turned over to Hitt, and in case Cullom finds at the last moment that his own re-election is beyond a possibility, he will turn his votes over to Cannon

Controller of Currency Charles G. Dawes has Benatorial aspirations, but it is gen-erally understood that he will not enter the field at this time. He will hold over and enter the campaign two years hence, when the term of Senator Mason ex-pires. Mr. Dawes will be a very formida-ble candidate, and will be quite a factor In the campaign.

As for the present fight, however, it may be said that Senator Culion stands very close to the Administration, and enjoys

"What about MacArthur?"

"He was the worst case here. He had convulsions, and it took quite a while to bring him around. I waw him in bed whimpering hysterically."

Cadet Edward H. DeArmond, of Missouri, said he had given 15 drops of pepper sauce to Cadets Pegram and Roselle, but to no others. He also haved Williams, who was afterwards dismissed, and a cadet named Dayls. Congressment before a sked the young Missourian to tor from illinois. I's a situation that may be turned one way or the other by unforeseen circumstances, and will re-main uncertain until the result of the final vote is announced.

> Floods in Kentucky and Tennessee CATLETTSBURG, Ky., Jan. 11.—Pigeon River is 14 feet above low water, and is rising at the rate of one foot an hour. Log booms have been broken, and many rising at the rate of one foot an nour-Log booms have been broken, and many rafts have been lost. Fences have been destroyed and driftwood swept away. Fully 25 miles on each side of the river is given up to wheat fields, and these are submerged. They are expected to be a stell lost. total loss.

> KNOXVILLE Tenn., Jan. 11.-The Ter nessee River is five feet above low-water mark here, and is rising six to eight inches an hour. It will likely reach from 15 to 25 feet, as the water from Pigeon River and French Broad River must comthis way.

To Test Franchise Law. COLUMBUS, O., Jan. 11.-The Attorney-General has brought suit in the Supreme Court to test the validity of perpetual franchises in Ohio. The case in point is that of the State against the Cincinnati Edison Electric Company, being an action in ouster. The important feature is that in ouster. The important readure is the Supreme Court will be called upon to pass upon the perpetual franchise of of various corporations in streets of mu-

nicfpalities Coming Livestock Convention. SALT LAKE, Utah, Jan. 11.-Hon. John SALT LARS, ORM, Jan. H.—Hon. John W. Springer, president of the National Livestock Association, arrived this morning, and began at once to get in touch with the work of the convention, which will open here next week. In an interview Mr. Springer expressed the opinion that Salt Lake is going to have the biggest livestock convention ever held in the gest livestock convention ever held in the

Rochester Fire Victims. ROCHESTER, N. Y., Jan. IL-Hyman Saperstone, aged 4 years, is dead, making the Sist victim of the orphan asylum fire of Tuesday morning. The child was not fatally burned, but his lungs were so badly affected by the inhalation of smoke that a severe case of pneumonfa resulted, and death relieved the sufferer. Of the remaining injured victims of the fire all, it is thought, will recover.

Water Car Overturned. SANTA BARBARA, Cal., Jan. 11 .- A water car attached to a construction water car accessed to the construction train, engaged in ballasting the roadbed beyond Naples, 13 miles from here, broke loose today and was overturned, taking several men with it. Two men were killed outright and several seriously injured. Fumigated and Reopened.

thoroughly fumigated and reopen Music by the Cowboy Band. PUEBLO, Colo., Jan. 11.—Jack Sinclair's amous Dodge City Cowboy Band will

MADISON, Win., Jan. 11.-The Univer-

sity Law School, which was closed yesterday on account of a smallpox scare

Rheumatism

What is the use of telling the rheumatie that he feels as if his joints were being dislocated? He knows that his sufferings are very much like the tortures of the rack.

What he wants to know is what will permanently cure his disease. That, according to thousands of grateful testimonials, is'

Hood's Sarsaparilla It corrects the acidity of the blood on which the disease depends, strengthens the stom-ach, liver and kidneys, and builds up the whole system. Try Bood's.

leave tomorrow with full equipment for Salt Lake City, and will be the official held in that city next week,

THE DEATH ROLL.

General Prosperino Pinson, NEW YORK, Jan. II.—A cable dispatch nanounces the death of General Prosperno Pinson, at Bogota, capital of Colombis. The cause of death is not men-tioned. General Pinzon was born in the State of Boyaca, 60 years ago. He was at one time Governor of Boyaca.

William L. Trenholm. NEW YORK, Jan. 11.-William L. Tren-tolm, who was Controller of the Treasury during Cleveland's first administratio died at his home in this city today of

The Canadian Census. OTTAWA, Ont., Jan. 11.—The taking of the Canadian consus will begin Monday, April 1. All persons living at midnight Sunday. March II, will be counted.

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