## **ROBERTS IN BRITAIN**

The Field Marshal Lands on the Isle of Wight.

WARMLY GREETED ON ARRIVAL

The Hero of South Africa Paid His Respects to the Queen at Osborne House, Who Bestowed an Earldom Upon Him.

COWES, Isle of Wight, Jan. 2.-The steamer Canada, having Field Marshal Lord Roberts on board, anchored off Os-borne at 11:25 A. M. today. The ships in the Roads were gaily decorated, the sea front was elaborately decorated with bunting, and Venetian masts with festoons adorned the route to Osborne Hause, at the entrance of which was erected a unique tribute of the Queen's appreciation of the Field Marshal's work in the shape of an arch of laurel. This was the first time such an arch had ever appeared there in honor of any subject of Her Majesty.

A large crowd of people awaited Lord

Roberts' arrival at Trinity Pler landing. The Field Murshal landed from the launch at \$20 P. M., which was the signal for deafening shouts of welcome. Prinfor deafening shouts of welcome. Prin-cess Beatrice, in the capacity of Governor of the isle of Wight, and the Duke of Connaught, representing the Queen, awaited Lord Roberts, whose arm was still in a sling as the result of being thrown from his horse in South Africa. He was warmly greeted, and the party started in royal carriages for Osborne House. The route was lined with troops and thronged with cheering sightseers, When Lord Roberts reached Osborne House, he found that the Queen was out driving, and he conversed with several of the Princesses while waiting for Her Majesty to return. The audience lasted a quarter of an hour. Lord Roberts was then taken to Southampton by the royal then taken to Southampton by the toyar yacht Alberta, and went on board the Canada, where he will spend the night. The Queen bestowed an Earldom on Lord Roberts, with a special reminder for his daughters. He was also made a Knight

the Garter.

"the Garter." as referred to, is "a pro-The "minder," as referred to, is "a provision for the passage of patent of nobility to a special successor or line of suc

ity to a special successor or line of succession in default of male issue on the
decease of the present holder."

The only son of Lord Roberts, Lieutenant the Hon, F. H. S. Roberts, died December 17, 1898, of a wound received in
the engagement at the Tugela River. For
gallantry in attempting to rescue the
British guns abandoned on that occasion
he was recommended for the Victoria
cross and the Queen, as a mark of aposs and the Queen, as a mark of appreciation of the young man's valor and the services rendered by Lord Roberts to his country, previous to his departure for South Africa, took the occasion when Lady Roberts visited Windsor Castle, a fey days before she sailed for the Cape, to hand her a small parcel, saying: "Here s something I have tied up with my own

is semething I have tied up with my own hands, and that I beg you will not open until you get home." Lady Roberts found that the parcel contained the Victoria cross worn by her dead son.

Lord Roberts stopped on his way at the town hall of East Cowes, where culogistic addresses of welcome were presented to him. He then resutted his drive, and entered the grounds of Osdrive, and entered the grounds of Os-borne House by the Prince of Wales' en-trance, and proceeded up the noble troop-lined avenue to Her Majesty's Isle of Wight residence. After a hearty reception in the council chamber by a num-ber of Princes and Princesses, Lord Rob-erts was ushered into the presence of the Queen. His audience with Her Majesty was quite private.

Replying to the addresses at the town hall, Lord Boberts said he regretted that his return was not accompanied by im-mediate peace; but, he added, while he feared hostilities would continue for some time, he had implicit confidence in Lord Kitchener, and had no fear regarding the sutcome. He concluded with a sulogy of the magnificent army of Greater Britain, eat. In some cases a portion of a detachcomponent parts of which, he ment at a fire would have to quit and run pointed out, pulled together splendidly, for another fire. Overheated stoves, the

Warning From the Press. LONDON, Jan. E .- Lord Roberts figures largely in the papers this morning, and there is a chorus of eulogistic editorials. Attention, however, is given to the serious position in South Africa, and to the need of patience and moderation, and all appeal to the public to avoid, in what is certain to be a tremendous ovation to-day, any misplaced exaitation, and above all any repetition of the former indecor-ous scenes that have disgraced the capital

## REICHSBANK'S JUBILEE.

Its Two Hundred and Fiftieth Anniversary Celebrated.

on former occasions.

BERLIN, Jan. 2.—The Reichsbank cele-brated today its 250th anniversary. The directors of the central committee met in the large assembly-room, which was splendidly decorated with flowers sent by the leading Berlin banks, President Koch ribed the development of the bank s its origin and Privy Councillor Prentsel, the bank's first vice-president, gratefully recognized the institution's pro-motion of Germany's business interests and presented to the bank a portrait of President Koch by Professor Koner, which will be hung in the assembly-room of the building. Privy Councillor Herz, president of the Chamber of Commerce, presented President Koch with an artistically etigraved address. A banquet was held tonight at the Savoy Hotel, at which the Reichsbank's directors and central comfittee, and higher officials of the bank

The evening papers comment enthusiastically on the jubilee. "The directors of the Reichsbank," says the National Zeitung, "may justly contemplate with satisfaction the brilliant development of the institution. In its short existence the bank has extended its activity in a way which no other note bank in Europe can parallel." The Vossische Zeitung praises the bank's honesty in establishing many branches, pointing out that these now number 32, thus excelling the Bank of hagiand or Bank of France.

## To Sell Crag-y-Nos.

LONDON, Jan. 2.-Mme. Adelina Patti (Baroness Rolf Cederatrom) confirms the report that she is negotiating for the sate. of Crag-y-Nos Castle, her residence to Wales, and says she desires in future to spend the Summer in her husband's country. In response to the request of the Associated Press for her reason in taking this action, Mmc. Patti has sent a tele-gram as follows:

Wishing to spend the Summer months In Sweden, Crag-y-Nos, my Summer resi-dence until now, would become of very little use to me."

BALTIMORE, Md., Jan. 2.-Anna Held, the actress, announced tonight that she was in cable communication today with Madame Adelina Patti, looking to the purchase of the latters estate, Crag-y-Nos. Miss Heid has offered \$500,000 for

King Charles' Speech. LISBON, Jan. 2.-King Charles, in his speech at the opening of the Cortes today,

The Queen of England was pleased to

worth has received ofters from various editors to take charge of their newspaper plants for a day. He said that he did not know which, if any, of these offers he might take up. He is going South, and then possibly he may visit the West. Stops the Cough and Works Off the send recently to Lisbon a powerful squad-ron on a special mission. This was ex-tremely agreeable to me, and will be in one day. No cure, no pay. Price, 22 cents.

equally so to you. The presence of this great squadron signally emphasized the solemn affirmation then made of the close friendship and alliance which unites the two nations."

The speech also dwelt on the financial

Kruger Is Sick.

THE HAGUE, Jan. 2.-Mr. Kruger is suffering from a slight attack of bronchitis. While there is no anxiety as to.

his condition, he is obliged to keep to his bed. Drs. Heymans, Van Khuysen and

Coert today issued the following builetin:

suffering from a recurrence of bronchitis, which, in view of his age and the effects

of this climate, makes it necessary for

him to be more than ordinarily careful,

Queen of Belgium III. BRUSSELS, Jan. 2.- The Etoile Belge

Queen is quite weak and she does not

CABLE AROUND THE GLORE

British Scheme for a State-Owned Line.

QTTAWA, Ont., Jan. 2.—Sanford Fieming, one of the principal promoters of the Pacific cable, has written an open letter to Hon. William Mulleck, Postmaster-General, in favor of a state-

owned telegraph line encircling the globe. This is said to be the beginning

of a movement to nationalize the cable and telegraph services of the British Em-

pire. If this were done, Sir Sanford says,

it would reduce the price of messages to one-eighth or one-tenth of what it now costs to distant British possessions,

Danish Government Is Slow.

NEW YORK Jsn. 2.—A dispatch to the fribune from London says: There is no confirmation in diplomatic

circles in London of the rumors which are constantly repeated from German and American sources that the State Depart-ment is negotiating for the purchase of the Danish West Indies. It was an open

secret a year ago that the Danish court was sounded upon the general subject by a confidential diplomatic agent, and that the State Department was in a po-

New Year's Fires in Chicago

formed banks of ice, on which the firefighters slipped and fell.

In all, seven persons were rescued from burning buildings by the firemen—three at

the West End Hotel, on West Madison street, and four at a boarding-house on

Van Buren street, The total losses of all the fires for the

MacArthur's Death Report.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 2.—General Mac-Arthur's latest death list from Manila fol-

ows: Dysentery-December 20, Thirty-eighth

Infantry Henrman P. Rechteidt; December Z, Forty-ninth Infantry, Oliver Smith, December Z, Eleventh Cavalry, Prentis

Sulteen; December II, Eleventh Cavairy, Sergeant William P. Mynatt; December E. Seventeenth Infantry, George Morgan, December E. Eleventh Cavairy, Chester

A. Markham: December 1: Sixteenth In-

fantry, Hugh Flynn.
All other causes—December 15, Forty-seventh Infantry, Charles H. Williams.

December 24, Third Cavalry, Corporal Ross D. Bond; December 17, Thirty-fourth

Infantry, Samuel L. Spreuse; December 1, Sixteenth Infantry, Samuel E. Swear-ingen; December 27, Seventeenth Infantry.

James R. Young: December 22, Thirty-third Infantry, George O. Brown: Decem-ber 25, Thirty-third Infantry, Sergeans

Michael J. O'Brien: December 24 Third Infantry, Thomas J. McGuire: December

25, Twelfth Infantry, Emil Bettin; December 21, Fourth Infantry; Corporal John

on: December 24, Thirty-fourth Infantry.

A Zambesi College.

Harmsworth's Experiment

to American newspapers. Mr. Harms-worth has received offers from various

Knute Mason.

this month

day amount to \$110,000.

leave her bed for more than a couple

hours each day.

"Mr. Kruger has for some days been

difficulties of the government on account of the successive deficits and urges economy. CYCLE BACE. Six Other Riders Close Behind-Gon Maxim Congratulated. golts Retired From the Contest NEW YORK, Jan. 2.-Sir Hiram Maxim

-Other Sporting News. has received many congratulations upor the bonor of knighthood conferred on him by the Queen, says the London corre-spondent of the Tribune. In his long rest-dence in London he has taken an active part in the work of the American So-ciety. He has been a familiar figure at its annual banquets, has boasted of his Puritan ancestry and has shown pride in his American citizenship. He became a naturalized British subject a year ago, and knighthood has been the reward for important services rendered to the War Office.

BOSTON, Jan. 2.-With but three inches to spare, Kaser, the German, crossed the finish line in the lead in the last mile in the day of racing at Park-Square Gar-Bobby Walthour, the Southern boy, was his closest competitor, and the last man in the frent lot was not 10 yards in the rear. The distance at the end of the day was 582 miles and four laps. The day brought one retirement, that of Gougoltz, which was expected last night. There were no bad falls during the day,

ron and Richard Croker next sesson, at a salary of \$15,000. He will continue to ride here for Sam Hildreth until the lat-IS THREE INCHES AHEAD ter part of March. The results: Six furiones, purse—Deversaux won, Duckey second, Kinstelle third; time, KASER LEADS IN THE SIX-DAY BI-1:14%.

Five and a half furlongs, purse—Joe Frey won. Maresa second, Elfonse third; time, 1:08. lime, 1:08.

Six furlongs—Bab won, Marshal Nell second, Rollick third; time, 1:14.

Mile and 100 yards, purse—Flush of Gold won, Janice second, Don Luis third; time

One mile, purse-Gold Orr won, Bill Garrett second, Socialist third; time, 1:40%. Seven furlongs, selling-Dolly Withom won, Horton second, Ordnung third; time, 1:28.

Races at New Orleans NEW ORLEANS Jan 1-The results

today were: One mile, selling-Gracious won, Patch work second, Valdes third; time, 1:53. One mile, selling-George Lee



LORD ROBERTS, THE HERO OF SOUTH AFRICA, WHO ARRIVED IN ENG-LAND YESTERDAY.

sition to obtain the islands if it wished to gain possession of two good harbors on the lines of approach to the Nicaragua or the Panama Canal. The negotiations have not been pressed at Copenhagen, nor have the conferences been abandoned. It is a sluggish little capital where the King and his Ministers require time for working out any new dearture to policy starters. The first hour's racing was slow and uneventful, the 400 miles be-ing reached in 20 hours and 42 seconds, with Kaser leading. Then Fischer took the working out any new departure in policy.

The German Government has disclaimed any idea of purchasing the islands, but it will be pleased, without doubt, if ne-gotiations between the United States and Denmark for the cession of the group pace and kept it for the rest of the hour. The 21st hour distance was 41s miles and seven laps. The second hour was a repetition of the first. Fischer still leading. The distance was 45 miles, seven for laps. Babcock was 45.2 and Muller 45.5. Gougoltz was absent from the track most of the hour, his score being only. do not come to anything. The diplomatic view here is that if the Washington Gov-srament should obtain the islands be-fore committing itself to any definite canal policy, it will be the cheapest and Gougoltz was absent from the track most of the hour, his score being only 311.2. At 2.30 he finally quit, hopelessly out of the race. At the end of the third hour, McEschern was in the lead, Fischer surest safeguard against a future challenge of the Monroe doctrine by a Euled at the 24th hour, the pace being as slow as ever. At 4:20 he fell from his wheel and was off the track for about 15 wheel and was off the track for about 15 minutes. He was only bruised. Toward the close of the 35th hour the pace quick-CHICAGO, Jan. 2.-In frozen clothing and on sheetings of ice, Chicago's firemen worked almost continuously yesterday. The first day of the new century was a ened a little, and Fischer led at the fin ish, although closely pursued by Mc-Eachern and Kaser. The distance was 400 miles, two laps, when the men were given an hour for supper. record-breaker in the way of fire alarms

Up to midnight 35 had rung in. On the first day of 1900 there were only 20 slarms. The men were back on the track at 7:04, and McEachern jumped away to the lead at the start. The race became a procession. At 7:30 Kaser started to sprint, and shortly after Fischer went down and Walthour went into him. The latter was soon on his feet, but the German was soon on his feet, but the German wa picked up groggy. His ceturn in 19 min Thawing out of gas and water pipes also contributed its share. In a majority of cases the fires were quickly extinguished and the loss was light. utes was the signal for a hot speed in which Kaser and McEachern led. Work by the firemen was done under great difficulty, and with considerable suf-fering on account of the extreme cold. Water thrown against buildings froze and

The 500-mile mark was passed in 25 hours, 31 minutes 43 seconds, Kaper leading. Early this evening a physician announced to the referee that Gougoltz had ruptured the left knee and that it would be impossible for him to ride any longer. His leg will have to go into splints for a week or more. Stinson, at the end of the 26th hour, gained the place by a fine sprint after a hard fight with Kaser and McEachern. His dis-tance was 500 miles, four laps. The 27th hour was enlivened by a number of fast sprints, the evening speed being much

better than before. Soon after the start Pischer and Walsoon after the start Fischer and Wal-thour had the second spill of the day, but neither sustained serious injury. Wal-thour taking a fresh wheel without a rest. The German was a little longer in getting back, his head being slightly hurt. Kaser led with 526 miles, seven laps, at the end of the 27th hour. At the end of the 28th hour. Kaser was in the lead, his score being 547 miles, three laps. At the end of the 29th hour Downey was in the lead, closely pressed by Kaser, McEschern, Walthour, Stinson, McLean and Fischer, all 564 miles, four laps. Babcock and Muller were far be-

The 30th hour shows at the finish of the third day as follows:

Miles, Laps

## INTERSTATE SHOOT.

Duniels and Fanning Tied and Agreed to Divide the Money. NEW YORK, Jan. 2.—Splendid birds, clean, fast flyers, remarkably close shoot-A Eambest College.

CHICAGO, Jan. 2.—A special to the Record from Richmond. Ind., says:
Bishop Hartswell, of the Methodist Episcopal Church in Africa, has arranged with the Rev. George H. Reiboldt, of Indiana, to go to Zambesi, Africa, to conduct a college at New Ontolia, in the country. This being a British country, the British Government donated to the Methodist Episcopal Church \$15,000 and 13,000 acres of land for the purpose of building a school to educate the English residents. Rev. Mr. Reibodt's mission is to go to Africa to superintend this school. He will sail from New York the last of this month. ing and a big attendance of well-known spectators, all went to make the interstate handleap shoot today a memorable trap-shooting event. John P. Daniels, of New York; Harold Morfey, of Oakland, N. J.; John S. Fanning, of San Francisco, and Stephen Van Allen, of Jamatca, N. Y., all of when had won previous events, were eligible. Each man had won two of the handleaps, but Morfer, who tied for the bonors with Van Allen at the last event, withdrew, and Van Allen went in as the winner and shot with the others at the traps. Daniels missed his 18th bird and killed all the rest, making a score of 24 kills out of a possible 25. Fan-ning hit his 19th bird hard, but the leftquarterer flew out of bounds and he tled NEW YORK, Jan. 2.—Alfred Harms-worth, the English newspaper owner and editor, is pleased with his late attempt here with a local newspaper to bring an American daily up to his idea. He thinks the paper issued under his direction proved the success of his idea as applied to American proventages. Mr. Harms Daniels with a total of 24 kills. Van Allen lost his 5th, a low-flying incomer, which fell dead out of bounds. He also falled to stop his lith and withdrew at 16 with 14 kills. Morfey shot at a lot of screaming flyers, two of which-his lith and list-falled to drop, and he was out at 22. This left Daniels and Fanning tied and they agreed to divide the money, and

THE DAY'S RACES.

did so.

Races at Oakland.

SAN FRANCISCO. Jan. I.—Devereaux.

against whom several books laid 109 and 50 to I, took the first race in clever style at Oakland today. Jockey Bullman has signed to fide for Senator P. H. McCar-

Dan Cupid second, False Lead third; time, 2:23½. Six furlongs, handleap—Alpaca won, Boomerack second, Ed Gartland third;

time, 1:20%.
Seven furlorgs, selling-Horseshoe bacco won, Henry of Frantsamar second, Educate third; time, 1,35%. Six furlongs, selling-Scrivener won, Midsummer second. Tom Collins third;

Thorough Test for New Shamrock, LONDON, Jan. 2.-British yachtsmen are preparing to give Sir Thomas Lipton overy assistance in thoroughis testing Shamrock II. Kenneth M. Clark, of Paisley, has purchased C. D. Rose's Distant Shore, probably for the purpose of using her for trial purposes with the new challenger. Captain Hogarth will be the skipper of this cutter designed by Watson and built in 1900, but not launched. James Coates, with a similar intent, has practically completed the plans for the purchase of Valkyrie III. With these two, and with the addition of Shamrock I, the Sybarite and Meteor, the new cup chal-lenger will be tested with a class of yachts such as no previous British com-

## CANADIAN INDEPENDENCE.

New Political Movement on Foot in Montreal.

NEW YORK, Jan. 2.—A special to the Times from Montreal says: For Some time past there has been some discussion about the do-ings of an allied "Independence ings of an allied "in Club" in Montreal, but agers of the new movement did not appear to judge the time opportune for appealing to the public. A good deal of interest was added to the movement by the fact that during the Paris exposition a large num-ber of young men appeared in Paris wearing "Independence of Canada" buttons, and an attempt was made to connect J. I. commissioners, with the movement, tons were among the spoils recovered from men who had burglarized Mr. Per-rault's house.

Mr. Perrault, explained, however, that these buttons were about 15 years old and he had changed his views since. Now the Canadian Independence League has is-sued its plutform and constitution, but declined to publish its list of officers and members. The constitution consists of 18 clauses, of which the first eight are:
First. Dissolution of the colonial relation and declaration of independence. Second-New federation to be known as

United States of Canada.

Third-Province to become states with overeign power, Fourth-Federal authority to have only

such powers as shall be specially delegated to it by sovereign states.

Fifth—No power shall be delegated to the federal authority except with the assent of the majority of delegates of each of the sovereign states convened in a na-tional assembly. . Sixth-Creation of a state militia under

ommand of a federal officer. Seventh-Universal suffrage. Eighth—The great highways and serv-ces (railways, canals, telegraphs, etc.) e he public property. Others deal with changes in laws along socialist lines.

Harrison in a Gas Company. INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Jan. 2.-Ex-President Harrison today was elected a director of the Consumers' Gas Company, of this city, and has indicated his willing-ness to serve. The selection was made as

a concession to public opinion. His posi-tion on the board of directors will be looked upon as a guarantee that the company will change its attitude in respect to certain demands that are made upon the people. Chief among these is the abandonment of the open-grate system and the substitution of meters for nat-ural gas measurement, a step that the company has insisted upon and which Mr. Harrison is known to oppose.

Will of S. M. Murphy. NASHVILLE, Tenn. Jan. 2.—The will of the late Samuel M. Murphy was pro-bated today. It bequeaths \$50,000 each to his pieces, Mrs. Nora Kliroth and Mrs. Nancy Gardner. The residue goes to his wife. The estate is estimated to be worth from \$2,000,000 to \$3,000,000.

## RUSSIA'S SECRET TREATY

GIVES HER POSSESSION OF THE MANCHURIAN FRONTIER.

The Conditions on Which China Is Permitted to Beaume Civil Government-Other Agreements Pending.

LONDON, Jan. 3.—The Pekin correary 1, says: "Russia, by concillation, is trying to se-

"Russia, by conciliation, is trying to secure special advantages, and there is a strong belief that she will receive American support. It is hinted that Russia inspired unfounded charges of barbarity against the German troops, her motive being to sow dissension between Great Britain and Germany."

In a dispatch to the Times from Pekin, dated December 31, Dr. Morrison gives the text of the Russe-Chinese agreement for the Russian protection of the Manchurian the Russian protection of the Manchurian Province of Fen. Ting. Russia, he says, consents that China shall resume the civil government on the following conditions: First—The Tartar General, Tseng, undertakes to protect and pacify the prov-inces and assist in the construction of

Russians engaged in the military opera-tions and construction of the railway. Third—He must disarm and disband the Chinese soldiers, delivering to the Rus sians all ammunition in such arsenals as the Russians have not yet occupied. Fourth—All forts and defenses in the province not occupied by the Russians and all powder magazines not required by them must be dismantled in the presence of Russian officials. Fifth—New Chwang and other places

Second-He must treat, feed and lodge

now in Russian occupation shall be re-stored to the Chinese civil administra-tion when Russia is shissed that the pacification of the province is complete. Sixth-The Chinese shall maintain law and order by local police under a Tartar

and order by local police unit.

Seventh—A Russian political resident, with general powers of control, shall be stationed at Mukden, to whom the Tartar General, Tseng, must give all information respecting any important measures.

Eighth—In the event of the local police in a model of the local police. being insufficient for any emergency, Gen-eral Tseng will notify the Russian resi-dent and incite Russia to send reinforce-

ments. Ninth-The Russian text shall be the standard

"The functions given the Russian rest-dent," says Dr. Morrison, "are similar to those of the Russian resident in Bokhara, or those of the British residents in the native states of India. The agree-ment will necessarily be followed by simillar agreements with reference to the two other provinces. The Manchuria government will be de facto, a Russian protectorate, Russia, by a pre-existing arrangement having already the right to maintain all troops necessary for the pro-tection of the railway."

Commenting upon the information transmitted by Dr. Morrison, the Times

"The problem raised is very serious. The agreement is utterly irreconcilable with Russian attitude toward China and the assurances etc has volunteered to the powers. In fact, the situation contem-plated by the Anglo-German agreement seems definitely to confront us."

CHINA'S GUARANTEE. She Can Prove Her Sincerity by the Punishment of Boxers.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 1 .- Following, at thterval of one day, close upon his anhad decreed the acceptance of the Pekin agreement, Minister Conger cabled the State Department, under date of Pekin, January 1, that the next step had been taken, and that the Ministers had been notified formally not only that the agreement was accepted by the Chinese Government had that the agreement was accepted by the Chinese Government had that the agreement was accepted by the Chinese Government had that the agreement was accepted by the Chinese Government had the control of t

ornment, but that that government felt able to guarantee a performance of the conditions imposed.

It is apprehended that there will be much difficulty in settling the important subject of indemnities. The rearrangement of the commercial treatles between China and the powers, which is provided for only in general terms in the agreement, is expected to present equal difficulties. It is absolutely essential to har-monious relations in the future that there shall be no discrimination in the making culties. monious of these treaties. If by covert arrange-ment one power is to obtain commercial advantage over the others, the result will be the cause of dissatisfaction. There-fore, it is within the bounds of probability that the outcome of the negotiations under this subhead of the agreement touching commercial arrangements will be the framing of something like a general con-vention, which may be signed collectively or singly by the powers, but which will insure uniform treatment to all. The Chinese Government's guarantee of

its ability to perform the acts called for by the agreement is now expected to be followed by the prompt arrest and punishment of the Boxer leaders and sympathiners who were named in the decree of last September, as follows: Prince Chwang, Prince Yih, secondary Princes Tsali Lien and Tsal Ying, Prince Tuan, Duke Tsal Lan, and the President of the Censorate, Ying Nien, assistant Grand Secretary of the Civil Board, and Chao Chu Chiao,

#### THE MINISTERS SURPRISED. They Did Not Look for Such Prempt Acceptance.

NEW YORK, Jan. 1.-A dispatch to the Herald from Pekin says: The prompt acceptance by the Chinese Government of the preliminary demands of the powers has taken away the breath of the Foreign Ministers, who are not prepared to go on. If they do so the differences of an apparently irreconcilable na-ture, which the question of indemnity oreates in diplomatic quarters, will be re-vealed. As a precaution and for the sake of delay the Ministers have asked the of delay the Ministers have some Chinese plenipotentiaries to put the acceptance of the note in a solemn form. It is generally believed that Paris and Washington will take the inflistive in future negotiations.

Reliable information came from the

court today that the Emperor has succeeded in sending General Tung Fuh Sians and his army westward. His Majesty is preparing to return to Pekin by slow marches. He will not enter the city until the allies leave.

#### RETURN OF CONSUL GOODNOW. He Belleves a Shisinctory Settlement Will Soon Be Reached.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 2-John Good-SAN FRANCISCO. Jan. 2.—John Good-now, United States Consul-General to China, with residence at Shanghal, ar-rived in this city on the City of Peking. After a brief visit to Washington he will spend his 60 daya' leave of absence at his old home in Minnesota. In speaking of the probable outcome of the Chinese troubles, he said: troubles, he said:
"I believe a satisfactory settlement will

be reached along the lines laid down by the President. The Chinese, who are working for the integrity of their coun-try, are friendly toward the United States. and are ready to assist in a prompt and amicable settlement. The uprising was by no means a popular move with the great mass of the peaceable Chinese pop-

American troops which were sent to China, and he also praises the work of a little band of women sent by a philanthropic committee of New York people, of which Mrs. Whitelaw Reld was chairman, to provide the sick and needy with hospital supplies and comforts. Two members of this bend returned on the Peking. They are Miss E. B. Ridley and Miss M.

A. F. Chanot, proprietor of the Hotel de Pekin, which was destroyed during the Boxer outrages, is also here. He and his wife were intrenched in the hotel during the terrible stege, and miraculously es caped the deadly fire of shrapnel which ultimately leveled the hotel building to the ground. Chanot brought with him a pony which was to have been sacrificed for food on the very day that rescue cam-from the allied armies.

Austrians Are Skeptical.

NEW YORK, Jan. 1—A dispatch to the Herald from Vienna says:

The latest developments in the Chinese question are favorably received in official quarters here. Remarks are heard in some quarters, however, against too optimistic a view of future events. The acceptance of the joint note may, after all, result in a triumph for China, because she hopes thereby to obtain an armistice, and possibly may have already done so. It will be ascertained in a few days, when negotiations are in progress whether the arrangement will work. The entire course of events thus far has left some scepticism here regarding the sincerity of the Chinese love for peace.

THEN TSIN, Jan. 2.—Ten Germans were killed and nine wounded at Leie Hu, Jan-uary 1, through the firing of a saiute with defective cartridge.

#### TRADE EXPANSION ON COAST The Increase Confined Almost Ex-

clusively to Exports. SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. S-(Special to

New York Journal of Commerce.)-It will probably seem a wiki or exaggerated statement to say that the export trade of the Pacific Coast, has more than doubled in the last half dozen years. As a matter of fact, it doubled within three years, between 1894 and 1897, increasing from \$32,-671.617 in 1894 to \$64,707,874 in 1897. Since then it has fallen backward to \$61,862,678 last year. But the record will be broken in the calendar year just closing, with total exports worth more than \$10,000,000 from all Pacific Coast ports.

This growth in shipments of American products and manufactures to foreign markets from our far Western seaboard has been without a corresponding increase in our imports from those countries that the Pacific Coast supplies. In 189 our im-ports at Pacific Coast ports amounted in value to less than \$42,500,000. In 1899 they were \$8,587,867, an increase of only 40 per cent in imports, while the gain in exports was 100 per cent. The imports for this calendar year will amount to \$52,000,000, as compared with exports worth at least

Ten years ago the foreign trade to and from Pacific Coast ports suffered a de-cline. It fell off from previous higher figures both in imports and exports, and it seemed as if a period of trade stagna-tion had become permanent. This cul-minated, however, with the year 1894, which was low-water mark. In the fol-lowing year there was a gain of \$4,300,000 In imports and of nearly \$10,000,000 in ex-MITTEN. The next year, 1896, showed a decrease of \$3,600,000 in imports, but a gain of \$17,000,000 in exports, which reached \$68,-160,000 thus making a net gain of \$13,400,000 for that year. In 1897 imports increased by \$8,700,000, and exports by \$5,570,000, making a further gain of \$14,270,000 for that year. In 1898 the imports fell back by \$5,000,000, and the exports by \$2,280,000, a net loss of \$7,250,000, as compared with 1897. Last year the imports gained \$12.70,000, while the exports made a further decline of \$66,000. Following is the exhibit:

Pacific Coast Ports. 1899. 1900. \*Ten months only.

course the war with Spain has ten ed to increase the foreign trade of the Pacific Coast ports. But that it has not been the enly controlling factor is clearly shown from the Pacific Coast exports of 1897, the year before the war, which were of greater value than in either 1893 or 1899. This year both im-ports and exports will break all previous

records, the former amounting to about \$2,000,000, and the latter to \$72,000,000.

What is most satisfactory in this show-ing of our trans-Pacific trade is the change in its balance from a debit to a credit one. In 1894 we imported \$10,000,000 more than we exported, and in 1895 to the extent of \$4,000,000 more. Since then our sales have exceeded our purchases every year, the excess of exports being \$15,000,-600 in 1896, nearly \$13,000,000 in 1897, over \$15,000,000 in 1898, only \$2,000,000 last yeas, while for the year just ending our Pa-cific Coast exports will aggregate fully

cline Coast exports will aggregate tuny \$20,000,000 more than our imports. Steamships satiling to Australian ports have for a long time past had larger of-ferings of cargo than they could carry. This trouble will, to an extent, be obviated by the three new steamers of the Oceanic Company, one of which is now on her maiden voyage to the colonies. Between 1894 and 1990 our exports to Australasia have increased by 209 per cent, from \$8,131,-500 in 1894 to \$35,725,000 this year. Japan has been buying largely of American cotton in recent years, and this has tended to increase the volume of the Pacific Coast's exports. With both China and Japan our trade is now in our favor. whereas a few years ago the balance was against us. There have been large shrp-ments of American flour and all kinds of machinery, steel rails and locomotives to both countries, including what is intended for use in Russian Siberia, though much of this goes direct from the Atlantic seaboard. Bryan Again Making Speeches.

GALVESTON, Tex., Jan. 2.-W. J. Bryan returned from Lake Surprise. where he has been since last Sunday with Colonel L. W. Moody, shooting ducks on the latter's reserve. Mr. Bryan left tonight for Palestine and Sherman, where he will speak the three remaining evenings of this week. He will then return home. January 7 he will speak at the Jackson day banquet in Omaha, and the following evening at the Jackson day banquet in Chicago. When asked if he would again refer to ex-President Cleveland's auggestion as to the reorganization of the Democratic party, he answered that he did not like to say whether he would or would not do so. where he has been since last Sunday with

Asked for a Receiver.

would not do so.

Asked for a Receiver.

INDIANAPOLIS, Jan. 1—The Central
Steel Company today asked for a receiver
for the Indiana Steel Company, alleging
that W. G. Wasson, who holds stock, is
about to buy \$6,000 of stock of other
members of the company, and vote it at
a meeting of the company to be held tomorrow. The controversy grows out of
the affairs of the Premier Steel Company, of which the Central Steel Company to the successor.

Havemeyer Declines to Talk. NEW YORK, Jan. 2.—President Have great mans of the peaceable Chinese population. From the very first they deplored the acts of their fellow-countrymen."

In regard to the missionaries and their position in China, Mr. Goodnow thinks there is still a great field for successful work, and their continued presence in the Orient should be encouraged. He, however, is of the opinion that it would not be its stockholders notices informing them:

best to send missionaries outside the that the annual meeting of the company treaty ports until peace has been proclaimed.

Mr. Goodnow has a good word for the are but two directors whose terms will be the company to the company of would be held in Jersey City at noon a week from today. So far as known there are but two directors whose terms will expire at this meeting. They are W. B. Thomas and Charles S. Senff.

### CHOSEN FRIENDS' MUDDLE.

Receiver for the Order Appointed

BALTIMORE, Jan. 2.—On the applica-tion of Cyrus J. Clarke, of Indians, he and Andrew C. Tripp, of this city, were appointed receivers by Judge Stockbridge today, for the Supreme Council of the Order of Chosen Friends. Bonds were given in the sum of \$60,000. In the bill of complaint it is stated that the order is a corporation of Indiana and its in-solvency was caused by the default of the treasurer, William B. Wilson, who was short in his accounts to the extent of upward of \$20,000, and that he Fidelity & Deposit Commpny was surety of the treasurer's bond in the sum of \$50,000. Mr. Clarke was appointed a receiver for the concern in Indiana and to aid him in the collection of the debts and other business of the order, a receiver was asked for in this state.

#### CHICAGO SALOON CLOSED.

Twelve O'Clock Law Rigidly Eaforced by the Police.

CHICAGO, Jan. 1.—After midnight this morning the saloons of Chicago were closed more tightly than ever known before. The second warning delivered to the saloonkeepers by the police in no uncertain terms, caused the down-town all-night places, which have heretofore ignored the order, to draw their shatters at the stroke of midnight and search in out-of-the-way places for rusty keys to at the stroke of midnight and search in out-of-the-way places for rusty keys to lock the doors. The order was final and imperative and was obeyed as such. The threats of raiding the saloups and backing up patrol wagons to the doors to carry off the liquors, accompanied by warrants for the arrest of the proprietors, were freely made by the policemen who notified the salounkeepers.

Daly's Daughter Married.

NEW YORK, Jan. 2.—Miss Margaret Duly, oldest daughter of the late million-aire, Marcus Duly, was married today to Carroll Brown. The wedding was a quiet one, and was celebrated at the resi-dence of the bride's mother. It was to have been a grand affair, and to have taken place before Christmas, but the change was made on account of the sickness and subsequent death of Miss Daly's father. Mr. Brown is a Baltimorean and is a member of the Maryland Club one El-dridge Fox Hound Club and the Bachs-lors' Cotillion Club.

New Year's in Peru.

LIMA, Peru, Jan. 2.—The Government festivities in honor of the birth of the new century were celebrated New Year There were fireworks, torchilens processions and military music. At mig-night a salute was fired. The feativities continued Tuesday. A new carriage drive was opened, and there were exhibitions in

German Cisneros, attache of the Peru-vian Legation in Paris, has been trans-ferred as Second Secretary of the Legation at Rio de Janeiro,

Borough President's Salary.

NEW YORK, Jan. 2.-Controller Coler said today that he had refused to pay the December salary of James Coogan, President of the Borough of Manhattan, The amount is \$400. Mr. Coogan regis-tered and voted at Southampton, L. L. at the last election. The city charter directs that a borough President must be a resident of the borough during his term of office.

## Scrofula

Few are entirely free from it. It may develop so slowly as to cause little if any disturbance during the whole

period of childhood. It may then produce trregularity of the stomach and bowels, dyspepsia, catarrh, and marked tendency to consumption before manifesting itself in much cutaneous

eruption or glandular swelling. It is best to be sure that you are quite ree from it, and for its compi ion you can rely on

Hood's Sarsaparilla The best of all medicines for all humors.

for the human stomach is found in foods prepared

Use it for

Shortening-Frying It is Healthful - Nutri-

tious - Economical. Ask your grocer for it or write India Refining Co.

Philadelphia, Pa.



# CK HEADACHE

Positively cured by these Little Pills. They also relieve Distress from Dyspepata, Indigestion and Too Hear y Eating. A perfect remedy for Dissiness, Nausea, Drough

ness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue

Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable. Small Pill. Small Dosa. Small Price.

