ARMISTICE IN CHINA

Suspension of Military Excursions Ordered.

NO OCCASION FOR THE RAIDS

China's Acceptance Is Regarded as an Ingenious Stroke of Diplomacy —Von Waldersee Reports Progress of Two Flying Columns.

LONDON, Dec. 31.—A dispatch to the Pall Mall Gazette from Pekin, dated Sunday, December 30, says an armistice has been proclaimed.

Instructions to Our Minister.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 31.—The officials here are puzzled to account for the announcement of this armistice before the Chinese answer, which asked for it, has been received by the Ministers at Pekin, for they assume that answer was not received until last night. However, it is suggested that the rather vigorous expressions of dissatisfaction by some of the powers at the prosecution of these military raids upon the Chinese, who are showing no disposition to attack foreigners, may have had some effect at last. The State Department has sent a strong instruction to Minister Conger directly in line with the Chinese request for a suspension of military excursions. It is not an "armistice," technically speaking, that is looked for now, but merely a suspension of military activity. Were the powers formally to consent to an armistice, they thereby would commit themselves to a recognition of the existence of actual war with China, and there are strong reasons why such a committal should be avoided if possible.

REPORTED BY CONGER.

China's Acceptance of the Demands of the Powers.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 31.—The State Department has received from Minister Conger, at Pekin, dated December 30, a cablegram announcing the Chinese plenipotentiaries have notified the representatives of the powers that the Emperor decrees the acceptance of their demands as a whole, and Prince Ching requests a further conference. They also desire that military excursions to the interior should cease. It is well known that this last request is in accordance with the views of the President.

In diplomatic quarters, the acceptance given by the Chinese envoys is regarded as a most ingenious stroke of diplomacy. Among diplomatic officials it is said that this is not an unconditional acceptance, although it is such a concurrence in the general principle of the note that the powers cannot well set it aside. It appears to be directed toward reopening the word "irrevocable," and securing more definite, and, if possible, more moderate conditions on some of the points involved. It is not clear whether the envoys will sign the note first and then ask for negotiations, or endeavor to ameliorate the terms before the final signatures are affixed. In any event, it is felt that the gravest features of the trouble are overcome by the submissive attitude of the Emperor, and but little remains now but to perfect the details of the peace treaty on the general lines heretofore laid down.

Minister Wu is back from his trip to Montclair, N. J., but is still without advices from Pekin as to what has been done. The report of an edict from the Emperor directing an acceptance has not reached the Minister, so that he had no occasion today to confer with the State Department.

Progress of Flying Column.

BERLIN, Dec. 31.—Count von Waldersee reports to the War Office, under date of Pekin, December 29:

"The Chinese who fled south were pursued by Iriot's squadron to Sokien, 160 kilometers southwest of Pekin, where the Chinese scattered. Grueberg's column seized great quantities of munitions, quick-firing and Krupp guns, Maxims, rifles, etc., at Si Nani Chen, 21 kilometers east of Pao Ti Hsin, which has been abandoned by the fleeing Chinese."

Chinese Emperor Congratulates Czar

SHANGHAI, Dec. 31.—The Universal Gazette publishes a letter from Emperor Kwang Hsu to Emperor Nicholas, congratulating the latter upon his recovery, and expressing gratitude for Russia's proposed restoration to China of Manchuria, the native land of Emperor Kwang Hsu, and the resting-place of his ancestors.

STORMS IN ENGLAND.

Floods, Landslides and Washouts Reported at Many Points.

LONDON, Dec. 31.—Severe snow storms, deluging rains and furious gales have created havoc in the United Kingdom. In many parts of the country there have been disastrous floods, landslides and washouts. On all sides much stock has been drowned. The railroads and highways are blocked, bridges have been carried off, and overflowing streams have inundated miles of country, while they have submerged the streets in some towns three or four feet deep. At Coventry the devastation is greater than at any time for the past 30 years. Hundreds of the inhabitants are imprisoned in their homes.

Many trains on the Midland Railroad have been stopped and their fires extinguished by the floods. The town of Bath is endangered by the rise of the Avon, which is now 10 feet above the normal. Immense tracts of land in several counties have been transformed into inland seas, the inhabitants seeking refuge in the upper rooms of their dwellings. Many villages are altogether isolated and some towns of considerable size are without gas, owing to the works being flooded.

The midlands are entirely inundated. In South Leicestershire a well-filled passenger train narrowly escaped destruction, a bridge collapsing just as the train crossed. The train was derailed on the muddy embankment. There were no fatalities.

NEW YEAR'S HONOR LIST.

Hiram Maxim Is Made a Knight—Several Decorations.

LONDON, Dec. 31.—The New Year's honor list includes the names of Hiram S. Maxim, who was born in Maine and who is the inventor of the automatic system of firearms. He is knighted. Sir Alfred Milner, the administrator of South Africa, is made a Knight of the Grand Cross of the Bath; Colonel Kitson, formerly commanding at Kingston College, and Lieutenant-Colonel Irwin, Secretary of the Canadian Patriotic Fund, are made companions of the Order of St. Michael and St. George, and Sir Samuel Griffith is made a Privy Councillor. In addition there is a long list of Australians, prominent in the federation, who have received minor honors. Colonel Jekyll, secretary of the British commission at the Paris exposition, is made a Knight Commander of St. Michael and St. George; Clive Bingham, an attache of the Pekin Legation, and C. W. Campbell, Vice-Consul at Shanghai, who both served with Vice-Admiral Seymour's relief column, are made Companions of St. Michael and St. George as are several other British Consuls in China. No peers are created, and only a few persons are made baronets or knights. On the whole, it is an uninteresting list, with the exception of the foregoing. Edmund Barton, ex-Attorney-General of New South Wales, is also made a Privy Councillor.

CUIGNET'S INSUBORDINATION.

Military Board Investigated the French Major's Case.

PARIS, Dec. 31.—A military board of inquiry, presided over by General Noellat, commanding the Sixth Division of the Third Army Corps, began at Fort Mont Valerien today, an investigation into the charges against Major Cuignet. The indictment charges him with writing directly to the Premier, M. Waldeck-Rousseu, and to the Minister of War, General Andre, instead of through his immediate superior officer, with publishing these letters, and with refusing to reply to General Andre's interrogatory. The witnesses included the following Ministers of War, De Gallifet, Zurlinder, Cavaignac and Kranz, and Generals Roget, De Boisdeffre and Gonse and Deputy Lasies. The inquiry was concluded this afternoon, but the decision of the board was not divulged. It is understood, however, that a decision was arrived at on the question as to whether Major Cuignet's offense justified his being dismissed from the Army.

Joseph Lasies, the Deputy for Condom, informed the board that he had given to the press Major Cuignet's letter to the president of the council without the officers' authorization, and that, therefore, he was wholly responsible. The board of inquiry decided by a vote of four to one against cashiering Major Cuignet. Consequently, the Minister of War, General Andre, will be able to inflict a disciplinary punishment of 60 days' imprisonment in a fortress.

Cause of the London & Globe Failure

LONDON, Jan. 1.—An immense number of brokers have been affected more or less seriously by the collapse of the London & Globe Finance Corporation, Ltd. The Daily Chronicle says:

"The immediate cause of the trouble was the failure of the Baker-street-Waterloo Railway issue made in November, which involved the London & Globe Finance Corporation in a liability of £1,120,000; and as there was no possibility of raising such a sum, it is probable that the suspension of the company will involve that of the railway. Voluntary liquidation will be strongly opposed, and we think the Marquis of Dufferin and Ava ought not to leave the company. In the minds of many he is directly responsible for much of the loss, which the public has to bear."

Hostile Gathering of Chinese.

PARIS, Jan. 1.—The Havas Agency has received the following dispatch from Pekin:

"A mustering of regulars and Boxers is reported in the suburbs and along the railway between Pekin and Pao Ting Fu. The French and German posts have been doubled to avoid surprise. Colonel Guillet and 1500 men are threatened near Tching Ting Fu by several thousand regulars, and General Bailloud has gone to their rescue."

Kruger Still Trying.

LONDON, Jan. 1.—Mr. Kruger is again importuning Queen Wilhelmina, says the correspondent of the Daily Mail at The Hague, to write personal letters to Emperor Nicholas, President Loubet and Emperor William, with a view to stopping the war. It is reported that the Queen is not unwilling, but that the Netherlands Ministry is divided.

New Year Wishes Exchanged.

PARIS, Jan. 1.—Emperor Nicholas and President Loubet exchanged New Year's telegrams with wishes for the prosperity of the friendly and allied nations.

Portland Real Estate Transfers IN 1900

January	$ 218,323
February	242,646
March	436,942
April	504,188
May	257,115
June	262,578
July	233,387
August	198,492
September	213,714
October	268,745
November	365,736
December	220,000
Total	$3,521,866
1899	3,622,305
1898	3,323,728

While the transfers of 1900 were less by $100,000 than those of 1899, they represented healthy business.

FIRE IN AN ILLINOIS TOWN.

Large Plant Destroyed and Many Buildings Threatened.

CHICAGO, Dec. 31.—Fire destroyed the Bellaire Stamping Company's plant at Harvey, Ill., early today, causing a loss of $400,000 and throwing 700 men, boys and girls out of employment. Insurance of $375,000 was carried. A high wind carried burning embers about the village, threatening its destruction. Citizens formed a bucket brigade and prevented the spreading of the flames. Several tanks, two of them filled with naphtha, exploded. Fragments of iron flew almost everywhere, but no one was seriously injured. The water failed at 3:30 A. M. and the firemen left the factory to its fate and turned their attention to surrounding property.

Town Nearly Wiped Out.

WILLIAMSON, W. Va., Dec. 31.—Almost the entire business portion of this town was wiped out by fire Sunday. The flames raged for five hours and all the buildings on one of the principal thoroughfares for a distance of two squares were consumed. The loss is estimated at $75,000. All structures consumed were of frame and owing to their close proximity no insurance could be effected. There will be much suffering as a result.

Nine Business Blocks Lost.

FAIRBANKS, Ia., Dec. 31.—Fire today destroyed nine business buildings here. The entire destruction of the village was prevented only by the tearing down of several buildings.

Bookcase Factory Destroyed.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., Dec. 31.—The entire plant of the Grand Rapids Bookcase Company was destroyed by fire today, together with the greater part of the season's output. Loss about $50,000.

Two Fatally Burned.

PITTSBURG, Dec. 31.—By the explosion of a kerosene lamp at 1229 Lake street, Allegheny, today, Lily Brown, aged 22, was burned to death and her mother fatally injured.

Big Fire at Pittsburg.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Dec. 31.—The Penn Petroleum Company's plant at Coreapolis, Pa. was almost completely destroyed by fire today. Loss $100,000.

PILES CURED WITHOUT THE KNIFE

Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. No Cure, No Pay. All druggists are authorized by the manufacturers of Paso Ointment to refund the money where it fails to cure any case of piles, no matter of how long standing. Cures ordinary cases in six days, the worst cases in fourteen days. One application gives ease and rest. Relieves itching instantly. This is a new discovery and is the only pile remedy sold on a positive guarantee, no cure no pay. Price 50c. If your druggist don't keep it in stock send us 50c in postage stamps and we will forward same by mail. Manufactured by Paris Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo. Manufacturers of Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets.

THE MESSAGE A FORGERY

COLVILLE EXPLAINS THE LINDLEY MISUNDERSTANDING.

Dispatch to Spragge Was Sent by Some One Enabled to Tamper With the Wires.

LONDON, Dec. 31.—Since his arrival in London Major-General Sir Henry Colville has received information tending to show that Lieutenant-Colonel Spragge actually received a forged telegram purporting to be signed by General Colville, dated Lindley, May 23, saying:

"I am badly in want of mounted troops. Come here at once."

The telegram was sent off three days before General Colville reached Lindley, and was the cause of Lieutenant-Colonel Spragge hastening there. One of the principal charges against General Colville is that, after appealing to the Yeomanry for help, he abandoned them to their fate.

"I never heard of this telegram," said General Colville, "until now. But it explains the mystery of my alleged message to Colonel Spragge. It was known at the time that some one was tampering with the wires near Lindley in the interest of the Boers."

General Colville reported himself at the War Office today. General Sir Evelyn Wood, the Adjutant-General, merely sent a subordinate to meet the General.

THE CAPE COLONY INVADERS.

Kitchener Reports the Movements of the Boer Forces.

LONDON, Dec. 31.—Lord Kitchener, in a dispatch to the War Office dated Pretoria, December 31, says:

"A small portion of the enemy's force, which entered the Colony to the east, broke away in a southwestern direction and crossed the railway at a point between Bangor and Sherborne. They did some damage to the railway. The column under Williams will be in touch with this body today. The force which entered the Colony to the west passed the road from Carnarvon to Victoria West at 7 o'clock yesterday morning. They were going south, and were closely followed by Thorneycroft and De Lisle. Very few recruits from the Colony joined the enemy. Hertog's men are already dropping their worn horses."

General Kitchener telegraphed from Pretoria Sunday, December 30, as follows:

"The post at Helvetia was surprised at 2:30 A. M., the enemy first rushing a 4.7 gun. At dawn the officer commanding the post at Swartzkopje sent out a patrol and shelled the enemy out of Helvetia, making them abandon the gun temporarily. The Boers, however, formed our prisoners around the gun, and got away eventually. No ammunition belonging to the gun was captured. The casualties were four officers wounded, 11 men killed and 22 wounded. A column was sent out from Machadodorp, but, owing to bad roads, it failed to arrive in time."

It is now ascertained that the Boers who trekked westward from Vryburg, and who were supposed to be going to Damaraland, are making for the Prieska district of Cape Colony.

A dispatch from Craddock says:

"The Boers burned an empty goods train near Rosmead Junction. The authorities at Rosmead have sent the women and children away to Craddock. It is reported that a commando has crossed the line and is making toward Middleburg."

LOYALISTS CALLED UPON.

A Cape Force to Resist the Invasion.

CAPE TOWN, Dec. 31.—The Cape Government has called upon the loyalists in 27 districts, including Cape Town, to assist the military to repel the invasion by the formation of a paid defense force. In a preamble to the call, the government announces the situation as follows:

"Owing to the fact that the armed forces of the enemy have penetrated south of Carnarvon in the west, and south of Middleburg in the east, it is necessary to repel the invasion promptly, and the government calls upon loyal inhabitants to aid the military in this duty by the formation of a colonial force for the sole and exclusive purpose of repelling invasion, guarding lines of communication and maintaining order in the disturbed district. Volunteers should enroll with the Civil Commissioners in their respective districts. They will be paid 5 shillings per day, with rations, forage, arms and horses. The term of service is not expected to exceed three months."

This notice especially applies to the districts named in it, but other districts may assist. Enlisting was begun Thursday. It is estimated that no fewer than 1500 Cape Dutch have joined the invaders, who have penetrated further south than ever.

Boers Captured a Train.

PORT ELIZABETH, Dec. 31.—Reports are in circulation here that the train which was held up near Rosmead was not empty, but had 60 of the Prince Albert Guards on board, who were returning from the front, and about 40 passengers, women and children. The Boers numbered 200, with supports that could be seen in the distance. The soldiers defended themselves until their small quantity of amunition was exhausted, and they were captured, though subsequently released. The passengers had narrow escapes, as the bullets of the Boers perforated their carriages. An officer and three soldiers were severely wounded. The railway traffic has been stopped, but the Boers do not appear to have injured the permanent way.

Boers Half Way to Cape Town.

LONDON, Jan. 1.—The Boers have now reached a point half way between the Orange River and Cape Town, and, in spite of the optimism of the London press, the government announcement at Cape Town shows how seriously the invasion is regarded there. The only thing that really touches the British public is the loss of a big naval gun. The Times today, however, draws attention to what might prove a serious danger, namely, the possibility of another outbreak of enteric fever among the soldiers worn down by the hardships and privations of a prolonged and exciting campaign.

Lord Wolseley Will Explain.

LONDON, Jan. 1.—"We are authorized to say," says the Daily Mail, this morning, "that Lord Wolseley will take the first opportunity afforded the House of Lords to give his views on army reform."

Miles Undecided.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 31.—General Miles was beset today by newspaper men seeking to secure from him some explanation or opinion as to the recently published article by ex-Secretary Alger, relative to the beef supply of the United States during the Spanish-American War. He was still undecided as to whether he should make any answer to the criticisms passed upon his course or should ignore what he denominated as false statements contained in the article, on the ground that the American public had already passed upon the controversy. The General was in consultation during the day with some of his close adherents in the Army and in civil life.

Reviewed the Army Situation.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 31.—Secretary of War Root had a long conference with President McKinley today, at which they reviewed in detail the Army situation, not only in China and the Philippines, but in Cuba and Porto Rico.

Stops the Cough and Works Off the Cold.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No cure, no pay. Price, 25 cents.

NEW YEAR'S FOOTBALL

MULTNOMAH FIELD

MULTNOMAH VS. SALEM

The Salem boys play football like a house afire. Their friends believe that the Salem team can even outplay the Stanfords. If they can, look out for a hot old game on Multnomah Field on New Year's day. Anyway, it will be a rattling good game. Take your wife, your sister or your sweetheart to see the great contest of skill and endurance

The Last Gala Event of the Winter Season on Multnomah Field

NEW YEAR'S DAY

Game called at 2:30 P. M. sharp. Price of general admission, 50c; grand stand, 25c.

NEW CENTURY WELCOMED

WATCH-NIGHT SERVICES IN THE EASTERN CITIES.

Crowds Heard Trinity Chimes in New York—Services in Europe—Pope's Midnight Mass.

NEW YORK, Jan. 1.—Famous Trinity Church and its chimes were magnets for hosts of people in the city, who trooped in Broadway to usher in the new year and new century downtown. All the avenues led to the historic spot. From over the bridge came thousands. The boats from Long Island and Jersey were crowded with those who were intent upon hearing the chimes. No service took place in the church, as it would have been entirely inadequate to hold a part of the throng in the streets. At 11:30 the first peals of the grand bells were heard. Fourteen numbers in all were given, at brief intervals.

There was an interesting celebration at City Hall earlier in the evening, in the Council chamber. President Guggenheimer and Vice-President Oakley made brief speeches, but the noise of horns and other instruments in the streets became so great that the meeting was adjourned. It is estimated that 100,000 people were massed in the City Hall Square to hear the bands play, the chorus sing, see the display of fireworks and watch the crowds go by in their efforts to get to Trinity Church and hear the chimes.

In the National Capital.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 1.—In accordance with directions given by Pope Leo, the closing of the nineteenth and the beginning of the twentieth century was observed with solemn high mass in all the Catholic churches of the city, the services beginning at midnight. At St. Patrick's Church, Mgr. Martinelli, the papal delegate, celebrated pontifical high mass.

President McKinley witnessed the arrival of the new year in a very quiet way with Mr. Cortelyou and Abner McKinley, in the Cabinet-room.

In Chicago.

CHICAGO, Dec. 31.—Thousands of people throughout the city tonight celebrated the birth of the new century. Watch meetings were held in the churches, crowds of men and boys marched up and down the streets, blowing horns and cheering, while every steam whistle in the city was turned loose on the stroke of 12.

CEREMONIES ABROAD.

Celebrated in London.

LONDON, Dec. 31.—The celebrations attending the death of the old year and the birth of the new followed the usual course in London. Watch-night services were held in all the religious edifices. At 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon, which was equivalent to midnight in Australia, the Lord Mayor hoisted the Australian flag over the Mansion House, as a sign that the Australian commonwealth was born. Telegrams from the various European capitals tell of illuminations, fetes and other celebrations in honor of the New Year.

Bank Clearances in Portland IN 1900

January	$ 7,847,379 45
February	7,121,148 77
March	8,008,443 51
April	7,753,709 59
May	8,125,476 49
June	8,353,353 22
July	8,855,866 61
August	7,874,155 95
September	9,832,717 09
October	12,042,343 27
November	10,498,704 40
December	10,688,317 00
Total	$106,936,526 44
1899	91,052,230 63
Increase	$15,274,295 81

Australia's New Era.

SYDNEY, N. S. W., Dec. 31.—The new century and with it the new era of federation were ushered in for Australia with every sign of public rejoicing. This city is overflowing with visitors to such an extent that many have to be accommodated on passenger steamers in the harbor.

The Pope's Midnight Mass.

ROME, Jan. 1.—The pope celebrated midnight mass in his private chapel. Cardinal Rampolla, papal secretary of state, celebrated at St. Peter's cathedral, where there was a huge crowd, in spite of the rain.

Magill's Sentence Commuted.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Dec. 31.—Governor Tanner today granted a commutation of sentence to nine months in the case of George L. Magill, convicted in Chicago in April last of receiving deposits in his bank after it was insolvent, and sentenced to Joliet prison under the indeterminate sentence law. The petition for executive clemency was signed by some of the leading men.

Battle-ship Wisconsin Finished.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 31.—The new battle-ship Wisconsin was formally turned over to the Government today at the Union Iron Works, and went under the Stars and Stripes. Since the vessel's trial trip some weeks ago, the Wisconsin has been undergoing much minor work, and, while not entirely completed, is practically finished. The battle-ship is not expected to be placed in commission for some time.

THE LAWSHE REPORT.

THE LAWSHE REPORT.

President May Not at Once Comply With Senate's Demand.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 31.—There is likely to be some delay on the part of the Executive in complying with the terms of a resolution introduced by Senator Bacon and adopted on the 19th, directing the Secretary of War to transmit to the Senate the report of Abraham L. Lawshe, Auditor of Cuba, giving in detail the result of his investigations, made under the direction of the War Department, into the receipts and expenditures of the Cuban Government. Secretary Root has transmitted it to President McKinley, with a statement that in his opinion its publication at this time "would be incompatible with the public interests." Several criminal prosecutions are under way as a result of the discoveries made by Auditor Lawshe, in connection with the administration of Cuban affairs, and the Secretary of War regards it as inadvisable to publish to the world the data upon which proceedings are based, pending their judicial determination.

Out of the situation arises an extremely interesting question, which is left for the decision of the President. The Senate, in unqualified terms, "directs the Secretary of War to transmit the Lawshe report to that body," and the Secretary has referred the matter to the President with a statement that he does not think the resolution should be complied with at the present time, on the ground that such action would be prejudicial to the public interests.

In Favor of the African Treaty.

NEW YORK, Dec. 31.—Bishop E. G. Andrews, of the Methodist Episcopal church, and many Methodist preachers, today sent a message to Senator Frye, president of the United States Senate, as follows:

"The undersigned petitioners ask the Senate to make the ratification of the African treaty with the Lodge resolution the keynote of the new century."

The treaty in question, designed to protect African savages from the liquor and the arms of the white men, has already been ratified by 15 nations. An effort is now being made to have its ratification the first act of the Senate in the 20th century. The Lodge resolution is as follows:

"Resolved, That in the opinion of this body the time has come when uncivilized people everywhere should be protected against the destructive traffic in intoxicants, opium and firearms, by the enactment of such laws and the signing of such treaties as will effectually prohibit the sale of these articles to aboriginal tribes."

SHOSHONE NATIONAL PARK.

Idaho Delegation and Governor Protests Against It.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 31.—The entire Idaho delegation and Governor Steunenberg have united in protesting against the establishment of Shoshone National Park, on Snake River, which they unitedly recommended during the Summer. They contend that the land proposed to embrace in the park is susceptible to irrigation, and would be worth many millions if irrigated according to a plan proposed by a company recently organized for that purpose. The matter is held in abeyance pending a report of a special agent of the department.

President Want's England to Accept.

LONDON, Dec. 31.—The Washington correspondent of the Daily Telegraph wires another interview with President McKinley, in the course of which he expresses a wish that the United States and Great Britain might continue in amity during the new century. Mr. McKinley, according to the correspondent, said he hoped for the acceptance of the amended Hay-Pauncefote treaty, and hoped to see the Nicaragua Canal commenced thoroughly in his second term of office.

Coal Dock Burned.

SHEBOYGAN, Wis., Dec. 31.—Fire broke out this afternoon in the Reiss Coal Company's dock, No. 1. In a moment the entire dock was wrapped in flames. The fire was under control at 3 P. M., and confined to the dock property. The loss, it is stated, will reach $75,000. The cause of the fire was spontaneous combustion.

Henry S. Eastham.

OAKLAND, Cal., Dec. 31.—Henry S. Eastham, the only surviving member of Commodore Perry's squadron, which opened the Japanese ports many years ago, died today at his home in Berkeley.

More New York Resignations.

NEW YORK, Dec. 31.—Deputy Assistant District Attorneys Daniel O'Reilly and Forbes J. Hennessy resigned today. Both resignations were requested by District Attorney Philbin. Assistant District Attorney Henry W. Unger, who has had charge of the indictment bureau for some years, handed in his resignation today.

District Attorney Philbin announced that he had retained Assistant District Attorneys James W. Osborne, Gerald Hull Gray, Thomas F. Byrne and K. J. O'Connor. Charles F. T. McCann, a nephew of Richard Croker, and a Deputy Assistant District Attorney, handed in his resignation, and it was accepted.

Fire at Baku.

ST. PETERSBURG, Dec. 31.—A fire at Baku has destroyed 25 naphtha springs and three warehouses.

Antwerp—Arrived Dec. 30—Southwark, from New York. Sailed Dec. 31—Noordland, for New York.

Dragged-Down Feeling

In the loins.

Nervousness, unrefreshing sleep, despondency.

It is time you were doing something.

The kidneys were anciently called the reins—in your case they are holding the reins and driving you into serious trouble.

Thousands of testimonials prove that

Hood's Sarsaparilla

a purely vegetable compound, acts with the most direct, beneficial effect on the kidneys. It contains the best and safest substances for correcting and toning these organs.

It thoroughly cleanses the blood and strengthens all the bodily functions.

"Ko-Nut"

A pure vegetable fat from the cocoanut. Not a substitute for lard, but a complete victor over the animal product. Fresh Mush fried in

"Ko-Nut"

is a revelation.

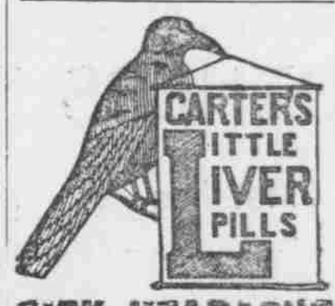
Ask your grocer or write

India Refining Co.

Philadelphia, Pa.

It stands alone, above, apart.

The Blumauer-Frank Drug Co., Portland, Or., Distributers.



SICK HEADACHE

Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

C GEE WO

GREAT CHINESE DOCTOR

132½ Third Street, Portland, Or.

Now is your chance to get cured at small cost. This great doctor makes special prices for 30 day and GUARANTEES to cure the following diseases:

Catarrh, Asthma, Lung, Throat, Rheumatism, Paralysis, Nervousness, Neuralgia, Stomach, Kidney, Liver and Bladder diseases, $5 to $20. All simple diseases of men, women, piles, skin, blood poison, $2 to $40. All other diseases not mentioned, $1 up.

Call and see him. CONSULTATION FREE. Patients out of the city write for blank and circular. Inclose stamp. Address The C. Gee Wo Chinese Medicine Co., Portland, Or.

Another Addition

To Portland's Already Large Jobbing Concerns

Articles of incorporation were recently filed in the County Clerk's office of the Consolidated Implement Company, of this city, which concern will deal extensively in agricultural implements and vehicles of all kinds; also bicycles, automobiles, etc. The company will represent some 20 of the largest and best-known manufacturers of the East.

The Consolidated Implement Company has been founded on a substantial basis, and will have very intimate relations with the various manufacturers represented, which will enable it to carry at all times the largest and most complete stock of any concern in the Northwest, comprising wagons, buggies, carriages, sleighs, hay presses, plows, harrows, drills, seeders, binders, mowers, reapers, rakes, tedders, hay tools, engines, threshers, road machinery, fanning mills, feed cutters, binder twine, harness, belting, pumps, windmills, bicycles, automobiles, etc.

The Consolidated Implement Company is in reality a branch house for each manufacturer. The active members of the company are Messrs. J. F. O'Donnell and W. L. Archambeau, who will manage its affairs, and we predict that in the future their movements will be watched with interest by their older competitors.

No More Dread of the Dental Chair

TEETH EXTRACTED AND FILLED ABSOLUTELY WITHOUT PAIN by our late scientific method applied to the gums. No sleep-producing agents or cocaine.

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Fourth and Morrison Sts., Portland, Or.
HOURS—8 to 8; SUNDAYS, 10 to 4.
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