NEAR THE RECORD

Sixty Millions.

MAY BE FURTHER INCREASED

It Is the Second Largest in the History of the Country-Some of the Items of Interest to the West.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 21.-The river and harbor bill was completed tonight and Chairman Burion gave out a statement showing the amounts appropriated. The total is approximately \$80,000,000 of which about \$23,000,000 is in direct appropriations, and about \$37,000,000 in the author-leation of contracts for continuous work.

Harbors-	Cash.	Contract.
New York, Buttermilk	600,000	\$3,000,000
Channel Buffalo, Erie basin and	300,000	1,500,000
Black Rock harbor	200,000	614,643
Savannah, new project. Southwest Pass, Miss-		1,000,000
Issippi	550,000	2,760,000
Galveston harbor	500,000	1,000,000
San Diego	50,000	2,200,000
Ban Luis Obispo	50,000	
Delaware River, New Jersey and Pennsylva-		
nia St. Johns River, Florida.	600,000	2,400,000

from Jacksonville to the ocean
Trinidad River, Texas.
Ohio River
Dam at Cullom's Rippie, Ohio
Locks at Cullom's Rippie, Ohio
Detroit
Wester, Nobio 100,000 150,000 500,000 Western Neebish
Mississippi River, reservoirs at headwaters.
Mississippi, from head of passes to mouth of Ohio 200,000 2,500,000

dississippi, between the the Missouri and St. Paul Paul
Missouri River, general
improvements from
Sioux City to mouth.
Missouri, removal of
obstructions above
Stoux City
Examinations, surveys
and contingencies of
rivers and harbors, inspection of bridges,
etc. 1,300,000 200,000 40,000

The statement does not cover in detail the surveys to be authorized and general provisions of legislation, as these features are not yet completed and will probably be given out tomorrow.

THE POSTAL COMMISSION.

It Does Not Find the Railroads Have Made Excessive Charges.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 21.—The commis-sion made up of members of the Senate and House of Representatives in Congress, known as the Postal Commission, has mbout completed its labors, and probably will make its report to Congress by Jan-uary 10. Numerous charges having been made of exorbitant sums charged the Government for carriage of mails by the railroads and for use of postal cards, etc., Congress committed to this commission the duty of making a thorough investigation of rates paid railroads for mail transportation. The members of the commission are Senators Wolcott, Allison, Chandler and Martin, and Representatives Loud, Moody, Catchings and Fleming. The investigation has been in progress during the last two years, and has been exhaustive in all branches. The commission has visited San Francisco, Chicago, New York, Buffalo, Detroit and Boston. taking testimony. It is understood the commission is unanimous in the view that the specification of exerbitant railroad mail carrying charges, amounting to three or four times the fair value, have not have marked to the characters. We will be commissed the specification of the rest. been sustained by the testimony. One of the specifications was that the cost of railroad carriage to the Government could be cut 5 per cent at once, and that in-vestigation would show that a reduction of 75 per cent could be made, so that the total annual cost to the Government would be about \$5.000.000, instead of upwards of \$20,000,000. It is this specifica-tion which, it is understood, the commis-sion is unanimous in not sustaining. Its members are not yet agreed, however, on the question as to whether there is any overcharge, and this is one chief point yet to be decided. It is not yet clear that the report will be unanimous on all

NO BUSINESS IN CONGRESS. Both Houses Adjourned Until Jan-

uary 3.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 21.—The House was in session only 25 minutes today when it adjourned out of respect to the memory of Representative Wise (Rep. Va.), who died at his home in Williams. burg. Va., carly this morning. The cus-tomary resolutions were adopted, and a committee of 17 members was appointed to attend the funeral. Under the concurrent resolution adopted a few days ago, the adjournment was until January 2, 1901. When the House met there was less than 100 members on the floor. The maof the members bad already departed for their homes to spend the holi-day recess. The Chaplain in his invoca-tion referred tenderly to the deaths of Mrs. Frye, wife of Senator Frye, and Congressman Wise. After the approval of

the journal, some routine minor business was transacted by unanimous consent. No business was transacted in the Sen-The news of the death of Mrs. William P. Frye, wife of the President pro-tem of the Senate, was conveyed offi-cially to the body, and out of respect to her memory immediate adjournment was taken until January 3, 1801. Fairbanks (Rep. Ind.) called the body to order, and Rev. Dr. W. H. Milburn pronounced a beautiful invocation. The secretary then read a jetter from Senator Frye, appointing Fairbanks presiding officer during his absence from the Senator Meantime a conference of Senators had been held as to the order & business. The reading of the journal was suspended, and at 12:25 P. M., on motion of Hoar (Rep. Mass.), the Senate adjourned until January 3, 1801. er memory immediate adjournment was

Cliff-Dwellers' National Park

WASHINGTON, Dec. 21.—Representative Lacey, of lowa, today introduced a bill providing for a "cliff-dwellers' National Park." It provides for setting aside a large tract of public land in New Mexico for the purpose of preserving the prehis-toric caves and rulns of the cliff-dwellers and other relics thereon.

Delegure Perez, of New Mexico introduced a bill authorizing the sale of cer-tain New Mexican lands for the benefit of a territorial university.

contains both population and wealth suffi-cient to justify the conditional form of government for which the bill provides.

River and Harbor Bill Carries

Washington, Dec. II.—The Senste committee on agriculture today continued its hearing on the oleomargarine bill, the only witnesses being opponents of the The Oleo Hearing.

> CRAMP IS FOR SUBSIDIES. Some of His Reasons for Pavoring

the Bill. PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 21.-Charles H.

Cramp, head of the Cramp Ship Building Company, appeared before the Industrial Commission today and gave testimony regarding marine architecture. Mr. Farquhar, of the commission, wanted to know why it is that American money does not seek investment in trans-Atlantic and Pacific trade.

"The first reason," Mr. Cramp replied, "is that it does not pay, and the second is that the people have not been educated to the hostered." to the business. A person cannot make money unless he has been educated in the

Mr. Farquhar asked if it were true, as reported, that the increased cost of build-ing a ship in this country over that of a foreign-built vessel was responsible for the lack of American interest in the inleation of contracts for continuous work. Compared with former river and harbor bills, the present one is the second largest on record, and after the Senate has added amendments, it is expected to be well up to. if not ahead of all previous records. The oill of 1896 carried \$39.988,186, and that of 1897, which was the largest on record. Carried \$12,725,864. The contracts over \$25,000 for the Western States, and the largest Eastern items, are:

Cash. Contract.

Cramp said that the cost of operating the vesting and are denouncing the subsidy bill because they will not benefit by it. Mr. Cramp said that the cost of operating foreign vessels is less than that of Americans are buying British cast-off ships at a bargain and are denouncing the subsidy bill because they will not benefit by it. Mr. Cramp said that the cost of operating foreign vessels is less than that of Americans are buying British cast-off ships at a bargain and are denouncing the subsidy bill because they will not benefit by it. Mr. Cramp said that the cost of operating foreign vessels is less than that of Americans are buying British cast-off ships at a bargain and are denouncing the subsidy bill because they will not benefit by it. eign vessels is less than that of American ships, and American people acquainted with the business can operate ships if they are given the benefit.

if they are given the benefit.

"I am in favor of the subsidy bill," said
Mr. Cramp. "The shippards in either
America or Engiand cannot build ships
enough to supply the demand. This being the case, and these vessels being needed. I think if we can secure more of our own by the introduction of free ships, we should do it. The merchant marine cannot be rehabilitated without a

Mr. Cramp said he thought the subsidy named in the Hanna bill was "about right." He said: 'Great Britain's source of wealth is in

her ship-building, is in the vessels she builds for other countries. The ship-building interests are assisted by the gov-

was compelled to pay the full rate of \$800 was compened to pay the lim rate of except a ton to Carnegie for armor. This, he said, was one-third the cost of the ship.
"If I could get the profit on armorplate," declared Mr. Cramp, "I would build a warship at cost." build a warship at cost."
"At what price could armor-plate be furnished to the Government and give the producer a fair profit?" inquired Mr.

Kennedy. "I do not know," was the response, "I would not like to say."

Reservoir Site Filings.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 21.-The Commis-ioner of the General Land Office has rendered a decision, holding that the filing of reservoir site declaratory statements in the West upon the public domain with the intention of constructing reservoirs, is done with the understanding that fillings or other adverse entries will be allowed by the General Land Office during the pendency of the reservoir declaratory statement, and take precedence over it in the event the party of first filing does not comply with the law.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 21.—Senator Fos-ter and Representative Jones, of Wash-ington, called at the White House today and invited the President to extend his trip to San Francisco in May so as to include Portland, Tucoma, Seattle, North Yakima and Spokane. The President readily consented, providing nothing occurred to prevent,

Chief Marshal of Inaugural Parade. WASHINGTON, Dec. 21 .- Senator Han-

The Inaugural Ball.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 21.—Secretary Hitchcock today granted the inaugural committee a commission to hold the ball and entertainments incident to the coming inauguration of President Mckiniey in the Pension building.

WRONG NEGRO LYNCHED.

Man Hanged by a Gulf Port Mob Was Innocent.

GULF PORT, Miss., Dec. 21.—Henry Lewis, the alleged negro murderer of Marshal Richardson, has not been caught, though bloodhounds and possees are still after him. The negro Lewis, who was lynched here yesterday by a mob, it now appears, was a cousin of the alleged murderer, and wholly impocent of the crime. The father of Henry Lewis has been cap-tured, and is in jall at Mobile. His broth-er, Joseph, who was captured yesterday, is in fail at Scranton. Lynching is probable if the gullty fugitive is caught.

Silent to the Last.

PARIS, Ill., Dec. 21.—Preserving to the last the silence with which be has shroud. ed his identity. John Owens, alias Rad-cliffe, went bravely to an ignominious death on the gallows today for the bruta! murder of James P. Hogue, of this city. September 2. About 200 persons were present at the hanging.

Shooting Affray in a Florida Town. TALLAHASSEE, Fig., Dec. 21.-News reached here today of a serious shooting affray over business matters at Sopcho py. 30 miles from here, last night, between State Senator W. C. Rouse, Edgar Nims, A. F. Edwards and Frank Walker, Nims was shot dead and Rouse has since died.

Receiver for Baltimore Bank.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 21.—The Controller of the Currency tonight appointed J. Frank Aldrich temporary receiver of the American National Bank of Baltimore. This bank, it is stated, has suffered a large shrinkage in deposits, and has sustained some heavy losses. large shrinkage in deposits, and has sus-tained some heavy losses, which have in-volved its capital and surplus and re-duced greatly its resources. The indica-tion of its assets are such that the loss to its depositors will be small. It was decided, in view of the condition of the bank, that no further credit could be ex-tended to it, and the Controller being sat-isfied of a condition of insolvency a reisfied of a condition of insolvency, a receiver was appointed.

Wants to Meet Meuevern.
NEW YORK Dec. II.—Ben Jordan, the
English feather-weight, has accepted the
National Sporting Club, of English feather-weight, has accepted the offer of the National Sporting Club, of London, and has signed articles to fight Terry McGovern. The agreement calls for a D-round bout at III pounds for a purse of \$350, of which the winner is to receive \$350 and the loser \$50. If McGovern consents to meet Jordan, the but, tie will take place June 1.

THE FIGHT. The Railroad Company Has Filled

Their Places With New Men, and

Refuses to Dismiss Them.

TOPEKA, Dec. 21.-President Dolphin TOPERA, Dec. 21.—President Dolphin, of the Order of Railroad Telegraphers, has declared the strike of the operators on the Santa Fe off. All the striking operators here received orders tonight from President Dolphin that the strike would continue no longer. The operators are beginning to speculate as to whether they will be reinstated in the employ of the company. They now have the permission of the organization to work if they can of the organization to work if they can secure it. General Manager Mudge would

secure it. General Manager Mudge would not express an opinion as to whether the men would be re-employed or not. He said, however, that the Order of Railroad-Telegraphers would not be recognized under the present management. "Let the operators get new officers," he said, "and then we shall talk to them." Following is the circular issued tonight: "Galveston, Tex., Dec. II.—To Members of the Order of Railway Telegraphers and Friends of the Order, Guif Colorado & Santa Fe Railroad: After a most careful and earnest consideration of the entire situation, your committee feels that it is situation, your committee feels that it is situation, your committee feels that it is uneless to continue further the struggle inaugurated on the line of the Gulf, Colorado & Santa Fe. With the causes leading up to the most stubborn fight ever known in the history of our order you are familiar, and with the conduct of the campaign you have been kept as fully advised as the facilities of your committee have permitted, and if we have failed in our desire to keen you in full truck with our desire to keep you in full touch with the system it has been from lack of time and facilities, not negligence. We have done our best and only regret that your

done our best and only regret that your effort and ours have not brought us the victory which we feel was deserved.

'The loss of the battle or of a campaign does not indicate that the cause was wrong. History is laden with just such events and out of our defeat it may be there shall come a victory for right and humanity which those who come after us shall enjoy and bless us for the noble stand we took. Let no man look back with regret. Our destiny lies before us, not behind us, and the men who for lidays made the gallant fight that you have are the men that will wrest from building interests are assisted by the government. I want to compete with England."

A reason why this country should have more ships, Mr. Cramp said, is the stead. Ily decreasing coal supply of Europe, and eventually all Europe will come to this country for coal. Mr. Cramp spoke of the enormous profit on armor-plate. In building warships for Russia, his company was compelled to pay the full rate of \$200

desire to add that we, individually, have felt honored by the steadfast courage and unwavering loyalty which you have and unwavering loyalty which you have siven us, and in bidding you perhaps a lifelong farewell, we feel that we have been assisted in this struggle with bravery rather than fellow-craftsmen. May God bless each of you. Therefore, from and after 12 o'clock noon, Saturday, December 22, the Order of Railway Telegraphers will cease to be in a state of conflict with the Guif, Colorado & Santa Fe Railroad Company.

"The strike is off. T. M. Pierson, first vice-president; A. Russell, A. T. Hickey. C. D. Clark, J. R. Zimmerman, committee. "The action of this committee as given above is sanctioned and authorized.

"M. M. DOLPHIN, President.

"By T. M. Pierson, First Vice Prass.

"By T. M. Pierson, First Vice-Prest-

No Places for the Strikers. CHICAGO, Dec. 21.-Third Vice-President Barr, of the Santa Fer said tonight.

cent narr, of the Santa Fer said tonight, upon being informed that the strike had been declared off:

"As far as we are concerned it has been off a long time. We have all the men we need at present, and we shall discharge none of them to make room for any striker who wishes to come back. Those men broke their contract with us in a manner entirely unjustifiable and we are done forever with the telegraphers as an organization."

AUTONOMY IN PHILIPPINES

Leaders of the Party Lay Their Plan Before the Commission.

MANILA, Dec. 21.—Every mountain trail in General Young's district north of the Abra River has been followed up by the American scouts this month. A similar American scouts this month. A similar movement has taken place in the Provinces of Union, Benguet, Lepanto and the part of South liccos which lies south of the Abra River. Fifteen insurgents have been killed, and more than 100 captured. The villages were always abandoned because of the arrival of the Americans, but many buildings that were used as barracks have been destroyed. as barracks have been destroyed.

The leaders of the projected autonomy party have again visited the Philippine Commission and the platform proposed was discussed provately and in an informal way. The Commissioners advise the elimination of a few minor features. the elimination of a few minor features. Personally they approve the movement as a forward step in the direction of the ultimate measure of self-government, which the commission has already been which the commission has already been instructed to endeavor to bring about. The plan of the party is to form United States territories involving candidature for ultimate statehood. The platform declares in favor of a Senate and House of Representatives elected from the districts of the archipelago, according to population. In preparing a bill of rights, the United States Constitution is utilized with the exception of the features of trial by jury. According to the pian, the Governor-General appointed by the President would have the power to veto except in cases of a two-thirds vote of the Legislature. The Legislature would choose five Delegates to the United States Congress. The platform opposes the sale of the Philippines without the consent of the Legislature it contains little regarding judiciary or local affairs.

General Bates reports that a detachment of the Fourth United States Cawalry, assisted by a gunboat, attacked the declares in favor of a Senate and Ho

alry, assisted by a gunboat, attacked the town of Pantangan and dispersed the armed occupants, killing 30.

An order of General Otis has again been promulgated to the effect that members of the volunteer force imprisoned for military offenses may be released and sent home in the discretion of the Colonels of their respective regiments, providing

Mrs. W. P. Frye Dead. WASHINGTON, Dec. II.—Mrs. William P. Frye, wife of the president pro tem. of the Senate, died suddenly at the Hamliten Hotel at 5:40 o'clock today. Mrs. Frye on Tuesday last suffered an acute attack of indigestion, and had since been When she arose this morning, was apparently much improved, and par-took of breakfast. Shortly after leaving the table the end came without the slightest warning, heart failure causing death. The body will be taken to Lewin-ton. Me., the home of Senator Frye.

surprise. He was here a few days ago, and performed his Congressional duties. Dr. Wise was twice seated as a member of the House on a contest in the last and present Congress, and had given notice he would contest for the seat in the next Congress. He was a member of the well-known Wise family of Virginia, and a brother of John S. Wise, of New York. SANTA FE OPERATORS GIVE UP

> THE DEMOCRATIC REMEDY. Comment on Ex-President Cleve-

land's Statement. NEW YORK, Dec. II .- The Herald pub-

NEW YORK, Dec. II.—The Heraid publishes the following comments on expression: Grover Cleveland's statement in regard to the Democratic party:

Richard Olney, Secretary of State in the Cleveland Administration—I have read an abstract of the article, but I do not care to discuss the subject now. I would prefer to wait until I have read the article in its entirety before expressing an opinion, if I have any to express.

J. Sterling Morton—I fully concur in the opinions of Mr. Cleveland as to the cause of the defeat of the Democratic party in 1888, and also as to the reasons for its bittingly accentuated and vehemently emphasized walloping in 1990. Until all the heresies of Bryanarchy are renounced by the reasons for the first witness called was William E. Guthrie, of Missouri, a cadet of the first than the following the transfer his heresies of Bryanarchy are renounced by the Democracy it will remain a minority. I should prefer a realignment of Amer-ican voters under a new name, which its

opponents could taunt with no past.
Representative De Armond, of Missouri—I think the former President is correct in his conclusion that it is not necessary for the party to put itself for reorganiza-

for the party to put itself for reorganization purposes into the hands of some of
those who deserted it. When he informs
us at what time in its history the rank
and file of the Democratic party were consulted more freely than in 1856 and 1960 we
shall know better how to estimate his
epitome of his own deliberations.
Hilary A. Herbert who was President
Cleveland's Secretary of the Navy—I indorse the article heartily, excepting insofar as it may be a criticism of the action
of the Democratic party in supporting
Greeley on the Liberal Republican platform of 1872. If Mr. Cleveland had meant
to say that the Greeley movement was,
taken as a whole, unwise, I should put taken as a whole, unwise, I should put in my emphatic dissent. The times in 1872 were abnormal. The Southern States were in the throes of carpet-bagger mis-rule. For the Southern people it was a question of life and death. The South turned to Greeley in its distress and he became, in fact, the candidate of the Southern rather than of the Northern ocracy. The effect of this support was to open the eyes of Northern voters, and in the next election came the tidal wave of 1874. Still, Mr. Cleveland is right in saying that the rank and file of the Democrats could not be brought into the line to support an old antagonist. Taken altogether, there is no answering Mr.

ocrats can best aid the party by takling every opportunity to work against the Republican party? I agree with Mr. Cleveland that it is not so much the reorganization of the party that is necessary as the return to old principles, the first of which is, I believe, to make a de-cided stand on behalf of the people against any fresh attempt by the syndicate that exploits McKinley to loot the American Edward M. Sheperd-I will merely say

that I welcome any utterance of Mr. Cleveland; it will do good. As to the criticism that he does not sufficiently point out what steps should be taken by

point out what steps should be taken by the Democracy in the direction of reorganization. I would say that I suppose Mr. Cleveland wishes to set people thinking right before they take action.

Howard R. Bayne—We all realize the facts as they have been set forth by Mr. Cleveland, and many persons have said substantially the same thing before. I do not think that among Democrats there can be any difference of opinion as to the necessity of reorganization. Mr. Cleveland's reconciliation scheme hill Gold Democrats will concur in but if I may be permitted to criticise certain parts of his article. I should say that they are too general to be of any practical benefit in the reorganization of the party.

COMING ALASKA SECTION.

Copper Mines About Valdes Will Forge It to the Front.

WASHINGTON, Dec. II.—Mr. H. C. Elliott, now in this city, coming down recently from Valdes, Alaska, seems to be very enthusiastic over the future of that locality, and predicts that, although a very small Army post at the present time, Valdes will develop into one of the brightest of Alaska's permanent towns. The Copper River region, which is adjacent to Valdes, will, in his opinion, through the development of its vast copper mines, tend to make Valdes a port of per mines, tend to make Valdes a port of some little prominence. These mines, he says, promise to make a colossal fortune for a ngintler of men who are interested. In fact, the copper-mining industry in in fact, the copper-mining industry in the iteriffery will in all probability prove Brooke, sharply.

Brooke, sharply.

Cadet George R. Spaulding, of Michigran proportion to the amount of land turned. Veins have been discovered which produced 471 pounds to the cubic foot, or a percentage of S. In comparison, Montana copper land produces 8 per cent of ore. There are many great placer.

Cadet George R. Spaulding, of Michigan, who acted as timekeeper at the fight, said Booz was not severely injured, and walked all right from Fort which produced 471 pounds to the cubic foot, or a percentage of S. In comparison, Montana copper land produces 8 per cent of ore. There are many great placer.

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Cadet George R. Spaulding, of Michigan, who acted as timekeeper at the gan, who acted as timekeeper at the fight, said Booz was not severely injured, and walked all right from Fort County of the Cadet George R. Spaulding, of Michigan, who acted as timekeeper at the gan, who acted as timekeep which produced 471 pounds to the cubic foot, or a percentage of S. In comparison, Montana copper land produces 8 per cent of ore. There are many great placer gold mines in this vicinity which are paying handsomely. Goldbearing dirt worth 8 a ton has been discovered on Copper River, and mines have been opened which are four times as rich as the famous Treadwell mine, of Juneau. In addition to fits mineral wealth, the Copper River region has great possibilities as an agricultural region. A grade of grass left the could not lie down. He told Prentice that he was afraid he told Prentice that he was afraid he tucky product, and timothy and redtop are raised in abundance. Hay is selling, for \$40 a ton."

THE STOCK TICKER CASE.

Decided in Favor of American Bell Telephone Company.

BOSTON, Dec. 21 .- Justice Colt. in the United States Circuit Court, today de-cided in favor of the American Bell Telephone Company in the royalty suit brought by the Western Union Telegraph Company. The case is known as the stock-ticker case, in which the Western stock-licker case, in which the Western Union sought to recover \$12,000,000 rentals or royalties under a contract between them and the National Bell Telephone Company, the defendant's predecessor, made November 10, 1879. The case has been before the courts since 1883, and was mainly based upon a claim of 20 per cent of the profits received by the defendant is return for the telephone huminess. ant in return for the telephone business of the Western Union, which, under the contract, was turned over to the telephone company.

To Abolish Colonist Rates. CHICAGO, Dec. 21.—The Northern Pa-cific and Soo roads have agreed to the Great Northern's proposal to abolish round-trip colonist tickets west of St. Paul. Other Western roads are considering the advisability of withdrawing the rate west of the Missouri River gateway points.

Large Christmas Present. CHICAGO, Dec. 21.—Seventy thousand dollars in gold is to be distributed by the American Express Company among its employes as Christmas remembrances. Byery man who has been in the employ of the company for one pair the company for the company the company for the company that the company for the company that the co of the company for one year will receive a \$5 gold piece Christmas eve.

ECZEMA; NO CERE NO PAY. of a territorial university.

Admission of Arizona.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 21.—The Benard guments by Governor Murphy and Delegate Wilson, of Arizona, in support of the bill for the admission of that territory as a state. They dwelt especially upon the marked increase in the population of the territory, and urged that it

HE FOUGHT WITH BOOZ

CADET KELLER'S TESTIMONY BE-FORE THE HAZING COURT.

Witness Branded the Pennsylvania Man as a Coward-Much Evidence Yet to Be Taken.

The first witness called was William E. Guthrie, of Missouri, a cadet of the first class. He saw Boor shortly after his fight, and noticed that one of his eyes was blackened. He knew Cadet Breth, and was positive Breth had never been placed in a straight-jacket. Such a thing would be so unusual that if it were done to any one at the post the witness would certainly have known of it. He The Servian Consul at Mitrovitsa estimates the class of their bodies before killing them. A Greck orthodox priest was tied in a sack and pitched into the river at Genovitsa. would certainly have known of it. He knew of men being dragged in a blanket from their tents to the company streets. Personal violence fiad never been used in

Cadet Lewis Brown, of Rhode Island one of Keller's seconds in the fight with Booz, said Booz ran from Keller and was struck several times in the back. In the second round Booz lay down and

refused to get up.
Cadet W. G. Caples, of Missouri, said
he had given hot sauce to several cadets,
but not more than four or five drops to any one.

Licutenant Frank W. Coe, instructor in mathematics in the academy, testified that Booz was deficient in his mathematics, and never could have passed his examination. He was mentally far be-low the standard required by the Military Academy. Cadet Frank W. Keller, who had the

fight with Booz, said:
"I was chosen by a committee of my class to 'call out' Cadet booz because he disobeyed the orders of the Corporal of the Guard and made insolent remarks to a higher class man. I was weighed in, and I turned in 150 pounds. Booz was 152 pounds. He was taller than I, and had a longer reach. We stripped to the had a longer reach. We stripped to the waist. My seconds told me I had a tough customer to meet, and they told me to do my best. For the first 39 seconds after the call of time, Booz showed a little fight, as he struck me a couple of times about the shoulders. I struck him under the left eye, cutting it slightly. After this, he turned his back and kept running says. I frequently told him to face ning away. I frequently told him to face me or I would hit, him in the back. I did hit him a couple of blows under the right arm. In the second round, I thought be was going to put up a fight after all, but he immediately began running again. I struck him in the right eye, and then on the stomach. He went down, although the blow was neither a knock-down nor a knock-out blow. He lay on the ground and was counted out. I went up to him and shook hands. I said I hoped he had no ill feeling toward me. He said 'No,' and smiled."

"Did you hit any blows in the region of the heart?" asked General Clous. "No, sir; I did not." When questioned as to whether he had

hazed lower class men or given them hell sauce, Keller said "No," but he admitted hawing braced a few. Caree Raiph N. Hayden, of New York. one of the sentinels at the fight, said Booz was not hit hard enough to knock him down, and that all through he acted cowardly. Booz lay on the ground and cried. Hayden acknowledged having taken part in hasing lower class men. Cadet W. T. Bettleon, of Kentucky, told the control of the contr

of one occusion when Booz was on senti-nel duty at the rear of Bettison's tent, when he spoke to Booz, who was standing at one of the posts, and told him to patrol his post properly.
"Had you any right," asked General
Brooke, "to give him any such instruc-

"No, not officially," replied the witness "But I felt I had a right to give some information to him when he was doing wrong.

"Was it not a breach of military discipline for you to speak to a sentry on "It was."
"And as a result of that, Mr. Booz was

"Yes, sir,"
"Then, sir, you had no right to put Cadet Booz in that position," said General

He told Prentice that he was afraid he had heart disease, and Prentice advised him to resign. Boor also suffered from sore feet, and witness gave him powders to use on them. He saw Booz read his Bible, and one day saw him reading a small book which he held inside of his Bible. He could not say what kind of a book it was. Prentice saw Boor braced one night in the camp. Boor seemed to have a weak back. Cadet Edward H. De Armond, of Mis-

souri, who acted as a sentinel at the fight, says he saw it all, and that Booz got a black eye. He never knew Booz to be required to take pepper sauce. "Did you ever require any one to take this hot sauce?" asked General Clous. "Yes sir: I gave four drops on a spoon to Cadet John C. Pegram, and the same to George F. Rdselle, Jr." Cadet Fred I. Deen, of Texas, who,

according to a previous witness, gave hot sauce to Booz, denied that he had done so. He said Booz was not forced to take the sauce. It is well known among the West Pointers that Deen, when a fourth class man, fought eight rounds with an upper class man, and, although defeated, came out of the fight with giory.

ATLANTIC COAST STORM.

A Collier Stranded.

MIAMI, Dec. 2f.—The large English steamer reported last night as ashore on Elbow Reef. 55 miles south of Miami, is said to be the Mound Oswald. She is coal laden, and is being discharged by wreckers. She probably will be saved. There are a number of small wrecks re-

Unknown Schooner Ashore. PHILADELPHIA, Dec. M.-A big unknown schooner is reported ashere on Hen and Chicken Shoal, just below Cape Henlopen. The wind is so fierce that the lifesavers are unable to send any assist-

Gunbout Annapolis Flonted. NORPOLK, Va. Dec. 21.—The United States gunboat Annapolie, which ran aground opposite Lambert's Point early this morning, was floated in the after-noon by tugs. The vessel is not thought

Three Men Were Drowned. CAPE HENRY, Va., Dec. M .- By tele-

phone from Dan Neck Station it is learned that the schooner Jennie Hall, which stranded eight miles south of Cape Henry at 4 A. M., will be a total loss. The captain and two men were drowned. A northwest gale is blowing 50 miles an

TURKISH OUTRAGES.

Over One Thousand Christians Bru tally Massacred.

NEW YORK, Dec. 21.-A dispatch to the ournal and Advertiser from Vienna says:

Further reports of Turkish Massacres of Christians show that their instigator is a Mohammedan named Harduk Islum, who brags of having slaughtered 200 Christians with his own hand. The Turkish authors. ties have shown utter indifference to the massacres and the outrages perpetrated Christians are beyond description. At Bituch, men were crucified on tree and stakes driven through their hands and feet. Women were attacked and then mutilated. Children were murdered by mutilation before their parents' eyes. Women were maltreated at Grumma before the eyes of their husbands, fathers and brothers, and then carried into the bondage of harems. Men were done to before killing them. A Greek orthodox priest was tied in a sack and pitched into the river at Genovitsa. The Servian Consul at Mitrovitsa estimates that 1100 persons have been Ritted and 400 women attacked and placed in

Will Lead a Kurd Rebellion. LONDON. Dec. 21.—General Osman Pasha, who led the Kurd rising in 1878, told a representative of the Daily Mail yesterday that he would leave London today to head another rising to free Kurd-istan from Turkish rule. "I hope for English sympathy," he said,

harems.

REIMBURSE WHATCOM COUNTY

Claims for Care of Immigrants Taken to Treasury Department.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 17.-Congressman W. L. Jones has brought to the atten-tion of Secretary Gage, of the Treasury Department, the claim of Whatcom Coun-ty for reimbursement growing out of the detention by the Sheriff of the county of about two dozen Russian immigrants. The immigration agent at New Whatcom last April turned over to the Sherin of Whatcom County these immigrants, thinking that they were inadmissible to the country under the pauper set, the immigration officer claiming they did not have the amount of funds necessary under the law. Of course, under the circumstances, the Sheriff could do nothing but accept the immigrants, and they were committed to the county jail. While they were there smallpox broke out among them, and the entire basement was placed under quar-antine until the Russians were removed from the fail and placed in quarantine quarters just outside of New Whatcom. At the end of the time at which the quarantine was prescribed, the immigrants continued on their way, presumably to Tacoma.

As it was afterward learned, the in migration officer was incorrectly advised as to their not being such persons as are permitted to come into this country under the immigration laws, and that, so far as the immigration laws, and that, so far as the detention was concerned, he was acting without authority in the premises, or, in other words, a further investigation satisfied the authorities that they had the right to enter, the county now seeks to be repaid for the expenses incurred in their maintenance. The officials of the county contend that the Government, ought to have detailed them at the international boundary line, and not have all national boundary line, and not have allowed them to come as far as they did. The amount claimed for medical attendance and maintaining quarantine regulations is \$772 07, and an itemized has been presented along with the re-quest for reimbursement.

FRASER SALMON FLEET.

Five Ships Will Carry the Export Surplus of 300,000 Cases, The British Columbia salmon fleet for

the present season will consist of bur five vessels, carrying about 300,000 cases of salmon. The last ship chartered for this business, the Ilala, put into Montevideo dismasted several weks ago, and has dismasted several weks ago, and has been so long on the way that the salmon intended for her has been shipped overland to the Atlantic ports, and thence to Europe. The vessel had a wheat charter at a low rate, and will accordingly take a cargo of the cereal from Seatile or Tacoma. The salmon ships which have aiready salled are the Clan Mackensie. with 69,451 cases, Ardnamurchan 73,738 cases, Flery Cross Si,066 cases, and Naiad 41,270 cases. The Machribanish is now on the Fraser River finishing her cargo, She

will carry about 75,000 cases.

The liaia is a small ship, and will not cut much of a figure in the wheat business alongside of such monsters as the 9000-ton Hyson, which is now loading at Tacoma for Kerr, Gifford & Co., of this

THE DAY'S RACES.

Races at Tanforan. SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 21.-The results

at Tanforan: Six furlongs, purse—Glissando won, Par-menion second, The Buffoon third; time

Mile and an eighth-Lou Rev won Don Luis second, Acrobat third; time, 2:064.
One mile, selling-Kickum Bob won, Mc. Namara second, Osmond third; time, 1:45. Six furiongs, purse—Articulate won, Seide second, Andrattus third; time, 1:17. Seven furiongs, purse—Lennep won, Teremon second, Autumn third; time, 1:22. Six and a half furlongs-Be The Singer second, Cyril third; time, 1:24,

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 21.—The weather was fine and track heavy. The re-One mile, selling-Dommadge won. Uh-

ers second, Miss Loretta third; time, Six furlongs-Fleet Wing won, Algie M. second, Cogswell third; time, 1:18%. Selling, mile and an eighth-Phidian won, Indian second, Faise Lead third; time, 2:02%. Handleap, one mile Chorus Boy won formal second, Glen Lake third; time

Six furlongs, selling-Midsummer won

Five furlongs, selling-Emigre won, Re-

second, Judge Magee third; time

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located?

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ANTISEPTIC

By mail; 25 and 75c. HALL & RUCKEL, N.Y. City.

Dousterswivel second. Scrivener third:

time, 1:16%. Why Not Fine Groceryment PORTLAND, Dec. 20.—(To the Editor.) Every groceryman in Portland is violat-

on 5 of the horticultural law by selling wormy or infected apples. Why not enrich the tressury by fining them? A few extracts from the law follow: Sec. 5. It shall be unlawful for any per of or diseased fruit of any kind in the

State of Oregon.

See, 6. Every person who packs or prepares for shipment to any point without the state, or who delivers or causes to be delivered to any express agent, or railroad agent, or other person, or to any transpertation company or temperation for shipment so any point without the state, any fruit or fruits, either fresh, cured or dried, that is infected with insects, pests or diseases injurious to trees, shrubs,

pests or diseases injurious to trees, shrubs, plants, fruits or vegetables, is guilty of a mis-

demeanor.

"See, 7. Any person, firm or corporation vio-lating any of the previsions of this act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not less than \$25 nor more than \$100.

Sec. 8. It shall be the suty of the Commis-sioner of the State Board of Horticulture of the district in which a violation of this act occurs to present the evidence of the case to day to head another rising to free Kurdistan from Turkish rule.

"I hope for English sympathy," he said,
"If hot for more material support in the
struggle against the despotic Turks, who,
dominated by Russia, have compelled the
brave, warlike Kurds to act the part of
assassins toward their brother Armenew of the state demand immediate attention,
this act shall be in full force and effect from
and after its aunroyal by the Governor. and after its approval by the Govern

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