

ONLY TWO MEMBERS

Bill Gives Washington No Extra Congressman.

LEADERS WILL PRESS MEASURE

Several Other States Protest and Matter May Go Over This Term—Puget Sound Naval Station's Increased Appropriation.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—The Congressional reapportionment bill which was prepared by Chairman Hopkins and favorably reported by the census committee does not allow an additional Representative to the State of Washington, although the Crumpacker and Burleigh bills assign three members to that state. It is the intention of the House to press the Hopkins bill, but that measure reduces the representation of Ohio, Indiana, Maine, Nebraska, Washington and several Southern States, which all rebel and put up a stubborn fight against such an apportionment.

The leaders generally favor the Burleigh bill, which provides for 37 members, and it is possible that they will step up such an opposition that the entire question may go over to the next Congress. Both Washington Representatives are fighting the Hopkins bill, and will be supported by the Senators. Chairman is for the Burleigh measure, thinking it stronger on a basis of 184,000 than a bill for nearer 200,000, which would let his state in on three members. Jones is for a bill which will give Washington three members.

Chairman Foss, of the naval committee, assures Representative Jones that the Puget Sound naval station will receive a more generous appropriation this year than last.

FIRE IN WOOLEN MILLS

Blaze Discovered in Time, and Large Damage Was Averted.

OREGON CITY, Dec. 18.—A fire broke out in the washed wool stored in the picker department of the woolen mills this afternoon, probably from a steam boiler, but was extinguished before the damage was extensive. After the wool was washed it is stored in the dryer room of the picker department, where it is kept for a few days before being sent to the extent of the damage cannot be ascertained until the wool is overhauled.

Checkups and Incorporation

The residents of Clackamas Station held another incorporation meeting last night, and after a long session the question of the matter until Monday night. A purse will be raised to defray the expense of an injunction suit against storing powder within a specified distance of the public school building, provided it is decided not to incorporate. The principal object in incorporating is to pass an ordinance making it unlawful to store powder in the city limits, but the question now to be decided is which would be the most effective plan to secure relief. Recently the Vigor Powder Company erected a large magazine within about 30 yards of the school, but have stored no powder there up to this time. The Clackamas Powder Company also has a powder magazine a short distance from the school, but the intention to make the boundary lines include both magazines. It is claimed by the advocates of incorporation that a large majority of the citizens are opposed to storing powder so near their homes.

ASHLAND AGAINST SALOONS

Voters Decide Not to License Them—Republicans Carried City Election.

ASHLAND, Or., Dec. 18.—The city election passed off very quietly today. Very little interest was taken in the polling, outside of the Anti-Saloon League, and the license question, and a very light vote was cast. The entire Republican ticket was elected, as follows: Mayor, Recorder, Milton Berry; Treasurer, Henry Gale; Councilmen—First ward, P. B. Whitney; second ward, Thomas H. Simpson; third ward, P. P. Powers.

On the question of saloon license, 425 votes were cast, the totals being 215 against and 197 for, giving a majority of 18 against the issuance of license to saloons. This vote was taken under a city ordinance, asking an expression of the voters on the subject at each city election. At the present time there are six saloons in Ashland that pay \$50 license each per year. If the city council takes notice of the pleasure of the voters, no more license to retail liquor will issue after that date.

The Anti-Saloon League claims that the new Council, which is composed of six members, will stand four to two against the issuance of license, and there will be no more saloons in Ashland after January 15. At the last city election, held on the license question, 34 votes were cast, in which license carried by nine majority. B. P. Bell was the candidate on both the Republican and Democratic tickets.

PROBLEM FOR SALEM COUNCIL

Expenses Down to Bedrock, and Assessment Revenues Reduced \$2700.

SALEM, Dec. 18.—The Salem City Council tonight passed an ordinance making slight advances in the various city license fees.

The Council intended passing an ordinance determining the revenue and expenses for the ensuing year, as provided by the charter, but the matter was laid over.

It is reported that the reduction of valuations in this year's assessment will cut down the city's revenue \$2700. The City Council must either cut expenses that amount or increase the revenue. As expenses have already been cut to bedrock and the revenues have been made as large as possible, the Council is in a quandary, and will struggle with the difficulty at an adjourned meeting Friday evening.

Received at Asylum

Charles Albee was brought to the penitentiary today from Baker County, where he was found guilty of the crime of larceny. After spending an hour with him, he was sentenced to three years' imprisonment.

Committed to Asylum

Fred Banker, aged 24 years, and a resident of Detroit, Marion County, was committed to the asylum today by County Judge Scott.

F. G. Smith, aged 30 years, and a resident of Salem, was also committed to the asylum today from Marion County.

FAITH IN CRIMINAL SHATTERED

Baker City Minister Forced to Forego Good Opinion of Man.

BAKER CITY, Dec. 18.—Charles Albee, the wealthy, and well-known citizen, who pleaded guilty to stealing material to build a house, has been sentenced to three years in the penitentiary by Judge Eakin. Before Albee's sentence, he was visited by Rev. J. R. N. Bell, pastor of the Presbyterian Church, and one of the prominent ministers of the state. Mr. Bell visited the culprit as spiritual adviser. After spending an hour with him, he came out of the cell assuring the jailer that Albee would be a better man when he had served his term, and that he seemed to have good parts. As Dr.

Bell started to leave the Courthouse he was arrested on the stairs on the station on which he was recognized as his own, and immediately asked where the jailer had got his trunk.

"That is not your trunk; that is Albee's," he said. "Well, if that fellow didn't steal my trunk!" Rev. Mr. Bell is credited with saying that he believed there was no hope for the criminal. Circumstances alter cases. A man that would steal the parson's trunk had little hope for reformation.

CHEHALIS WANTS BETTER WATER

Analysis of Present Supply Proves That It Is Impure.

CHEHALIS, Wash., Dec. 18.—At a meeting of the City Council last night, a resolution was introduced and passed declaring the water now supplied the piece from the well of the Chehalis Water Company, and that the city should be supplied with water by a company that would furnish water from a pumping station on the Newburg river. The company furnished water from a pumping station on the Newburg river, and the water was analyzed, and it was found that the water was impure. The City Council took the matter in hand and secured an analysis of the water by Professor Byers, of the State University, who pronounced the water impure. Water will again be supplied the city from the pumping station on the Newburg river. During the winter time this supply is generally considered satisfactory, but in the summer it is not.

Toledo School Bonds Sold

A \$5000 issue of school bonds was sold Saturday by the County Treasurer for the Toledo school district, where a new schoolhouse is to be built. Coffman & Kepler, of this place, bought the bonds, paying about 25 more than par for the lot, which will draw interest at the rate of 4 per cent. The bonds are to run 10 years, but there is an option allowing payment to be made at the end of five years.

COURT AT VANCOUVER

Burglary Charge Not Sustained—Burglars Plead Guilty.

VANCOUVER, Wash., Dec. 18.—A verdict of "not guilty" was rendered today in the case of the State of Washington vs. John Sankonjan, Jr., charged with burglarizing the premises of Nestor Watne, at Hookinson.

John Sankonjan and Ira Edgill, who were bound over for trial in the Superior Court in Justice Court a few days ago for burglary, pleaded guilty to the charge before Judge Edgill this morning.

The petit jury was dismissed this afternoon, notwithstanding the fact that several cases still remain on the calendar for trial. The Judge explained that the adjournment at this time was necessary in order to enable him to attend court in Coville County, which convenes tomorrow morning for the trial of the sickle murder case. The jurors were notified that they could return to their homes at any time during the early part of January.

NORTHWEST DEAD

Mary Fisherman, Noted Indian Woman.

COTTAGE GROVE, Or., Dec. 18.—Mary Fisherman, an Indian woman, died near Cottage Grove, Oregon, this morning. She was the last of the Calapooya tribe, and was a niece of the old Chief, Ha-lo-tsh. Her age is a matter of conjecture. Old settlers remember seeing her here when they settled in 1854. The citizens gave her a respectable burial today and raised money by subscription for funeral expenses.

Jesse Ferguson, Washington Pioneer

Jesse Ferguson died at his home, a few miles from Olympia, Sunday. He was one of the first pioneers of the State of Washington, having arrived in 1852. He lived in Washington until his death, nearly all the time in what is now Thurston County.

WASHINGTON INFANTRY OFFICERS

Four Appointments to Commissioned Staff of First Regiment.

OLYMPIA, Wash., Dec. 18.—Adjutant-General Fox today made the following appointments on the regimental staff of the First Regiment, Infantry, National Guard of Washington:

George B. Lamping, Seattle, Captain and Adjutant, with rank from December 25, 1899.

Fred E. King, Tacoma, First Lieutenant and Commissary, with rank from December 15, 1899.

William L. Lemon, North Yakima, First Lieutenant and Quartermaster, with rank from December 11, 1899.

A. G. Simmer, Seattle, First Lieutenant and Signal Officer, with rank from December 13, 1899.

Forest Grove Notes

FOREST GROVE, Or., Dec. 18.—Removal of the machinery of the Washington Flouring Mills from Forest Grove, Oregon, where it has been located for a number of years is now in progress. The Crescent Flouring Mills will at once be moved into the quarters vacated. The machinery of the Washington Flouring Mills is being removed, but from the walls left and the face of the ledge where work ceased, it is estimated that the Gem yielded handsomely. The ore is almost entirely free millings, there being a very small per cent of sulphurets. The quartz is easily mined.

The Gem, like other properties in the Sparta and Sager districts, is remarkably easy of access. The country is one of low hills of gentle slope. Nowhere is found the rugged mountain sides where quartz veins are usually located. First in line is the fine water power of Eagle Creek, six miles distant, where an electric power plant is contemplated. With such a plant the operations of the Gem will be able to secure power at a trifling cost.

GOOD POSITION FOR MINING MAN

Elected Manager of Large Smelter at Salary of \$10,000 Per Year.

BAKER CITY, Or., Dec. 18.—Bela Kadish, owner of the Baker City Smelting Works, which has handled most of the concentrates and ore shipped from the region of the Northport smelter. This smelter, handling the product of the famous Le Roi mine, is a very large institution. It is reported that Mr. Kadish will receive a salary of about \$10,000 a year. He has been identified with the smelting business for many years, and bears the reputation of being an expert in the work.

The Baker City Smelting Works has recently been incorporated with a capital stock of \$250,000, all being held by Mr. Kadish. The business of the concern will continue as before, under the management of N. E. Imhaus, a well-known mining operator of Eastern Oregon, who has had control for the past two months.

SHORT ABOUT 15,000 BUSHELS

Result of Investigation at Junction City Warehouse.

JUNCTION CITY, Or., Dec. 18.—The weighing of the wheat in the Baker warehouse, which has been going on for the past four or five days, was completed last evening. The number of bushels in the warehouse and those holding receipts against it should have been as follows: E. A. Ramsey, 5600; Eugene Loan & Savings Bank, 2000; O. C. Miller, 4000; G. H. Christman, 2000; Jesse Lovan, 2000; Mrs. Cook, 1200; L. N. Hembree, 1200; K. F. Caldwell, 400; Hurlburt, 400; C. F. Hurlburt, 300; J. and P. Williams, 400; F. E.

OLD GEM MINE BONDED

COLORADO CAPITALISTS SECURE OPTION ON PROPERTY.

The Deal is Generally Regarded as One of Great Importance to the Sparta District.

BAKER CITY, Dec. 18.—The old Gem mine, in the Sparta district, has been bonded to Denver capitalists. The deal is generally taken to mean that the property is to be worked on a large scale. Colorado mining men are known to be thoroughly progressive, and once they take hold of a proposition they keep persevering at it until its full value is determined. The greatest advantage peculiar to that state, and where many time-honored precedents failed, they do not stampede at a dyke, such as are found in many good mines of Eastern Oregon.

REWARD FOR MURDERER

Washington County Offers \$500 for Arrest of Dahlberg's Slayer.

HILLSBORO, Dec. 18.—Judge Rook, of Washington County, after consultation with Commissioner Ward, of Gatin, has decided to offer a reward of \$500 for the arrest and conviction of the murderer of Andrew Dahlberg. Sheriff Sewell has discovered that the murdered man, Dahlberg, killed at Reedville Saturday night, and found with a bullet hole through his head, was last seen at Hillsboro on the 11th inst.

DR. JAMES WITHEYCOMBE



ONE OF THE PRINCIPAL SPEAKERS AT THE FARMERS' INSTITUTE, HELD AT STAFFORD.

as Colorado has much of the dyke formation. They have found that great values go with depth in their own state, and so far as they have expressed themselves on Eastern Oregon, believe the same rule applies here, although there are few instances where the idea has been put into execution.

The Gem represents the greatest depth attained in Sparta. It has one perpendicular shaft, 150 feet deep, another 45 feet, and an incline on the vein down 450 feet. Considerable development has been done on the extreme lower level, thus testing the permanence of the vein at that depth. Those who have inspected the Gem freely state that there is no visible reason why sinking should not continue.

The Gem is one of the oldest producers in this region. It is situated in the midst of the rich plateau diggings of early days. What it yielded in pre-statistic days is not known, but reports handed down from mouth to mouth are very favorable. It has been idle for a considerable period, but not in an altogether abandoned state. The property has always ranked as a mine, although not active, and has been looked upon as holding values for the management that would work it properly. Last February, F. J. Perkins, of Portland, acquired the property; first by bond and later by purchase. A single hoist engine of 12 horsepower, and a 30-gallon Dye steam pump were immediately installed. The property was cleared of water which had accumulated in the lower levels, and development work was begun. A considerable force was employed during the summer. Several claims are included in the property, one of which the Gem is patented, and the others are held by location.

No figures are given out as to the amount of the bond. Both parties interested regard this information as private. Various rumors are heard, some of which place the sum at \$50,000. The time when the new management will take possession and begin its operations is not divulged, but it is understood to be in the near future.

One values in the Gem vary, like those in all other properties that have come to rank as good producers. Some of the ore is known to have been remarkably rich. No records have been found showing how much of this class of quartz was removed, but from the walls left and the face of the ledge where work ceased, it is estimated that the Gem yielded handsomely. The ore is almost entirely free millings, there being a very small per cent of sulphurets. The quartz is easily mined.

The Gem, like other properties in the Sparta and Sager districts, is remarkably easy of access. The country is one of low hills of gentle slope. Nowhere is found the rugged mountain sides where quartz veins are usually located. First in line is the fine water power of Eagle Creek, six miles distant, where an electric power plant is contemplated. With such a plant the operations of the Gem will be able to secure power at a trifling cost.

Corvallis Poultry Show Opens

CORVALLIS, Dec. 18.—The local poultry show opened today. It continues until Saturday, inclusive. Many coops of fine birds are already on exhibition, and others are arriving by each train and boat. All will be in place early tomorrow, when it is expected that the quarters reserved for the exhibit will be completely crowded. The indications are that the exhibit will be very successful. Farmers of the vicinity are manifesting unusual interest, and local townspeople are lending every encouragement to the exhibition. Many of the coops of birds are from other countries, some of them coming from as far north as Multnomah.

Driving Association Incorporates. THE DALLIES, Dec. 18.—Articles of incorporation were filed in the County Clerk's office by The Dallis Driving Association, which has recently been formed here for the purpose of providing a permanent and proper grounds where trials, etc., can be held. The property of the association consists of \$1000 in cash, and the property is being purchased by joining this place, where the work upon a tract leased from the Catholic Mission is well progressed. The incorporators of the association are: E. C. Pense, H. L. Kuck, J. S. Fish and D. V. Peeling.

Colored Miner Killed Sweetheart

SEATTLE, Dec. 18.—Elisha B. Francis, colored, a young coal miner, Sunday night shot and instantly killed his sweetheart, Lela Jones, also colored, at Newcastle, a mining town 20 miles from here. He was drunk and jealous. He is now in jail here awaiting trial.

Monmouth Farmers Organize Grange. MONMOUTH, Or., Dec. 18.—A local Grange organization was instituted here today by Deputy Organizer J. C. White, of Polk County. About 50 farmers compose the membership.

If you wake in the morning with a bitter taste in the mouth, coated tongue, perhaps headache, your liver is torpid. You need Carter's Little Liver Pills.

OREGON INSANE ASYLUM

BIENNIAL REPORT OF SUPERINTENDENT CALDBREATH.

Large Gain in Number of Curables—Statistics of Institution—Several Recommendations.

SALEM, Dec. 18.—Superintendent J. F. Caldbreath, of the Oregon Insane Asylum, today made his biennial report to the board of trustees of that institution. Of the 14 months in the biennial term, Dr. Caldbreath served as superintendent for 13 months, and Dr. Hildreth filled the office for the remaining 11 months. The report opens with the following statistical information regarding the population of the institution:

Table with 3 columns: Males, Females, Total. Rows include No. of patients Dec. 31, 1900, No. admitted, No. term, No. escapes returned, No. No. escapes returned.

No. of patients Dec. 31, 1900, 755 375 1130. No. admitted, 499 232 671. No. term, 449 232 671. No. escapes returned, 23 11 34. No. No. escapes returned, 23 11 34.

No. number under treatment, 1263 698 1961. Discharged, recovered, 116 71 187. Discharged, much improved, 54 45 99. Discharged, not improved, 38 14 52. Discharged, died, 137 62 199. Escaped, 50 26 76. Died, 443 206 649.

Total remaining November 30, 1900, 821 352 1173. The daily average population during the term was 1162.

It is noted that the proportion of cures has risen to 31.5 per cent on admissions during the term, and to 11% per cent on the whole number treated. When we compare the general average of patients discharged as cured in the United States is approximately 20 per cent on the admissions and ours has reached 31.5 per cent, it certainly affords satisfaction. Of the whole number remaining in the hospital, November 30, 1900, it is considered that 102 of them may be classed as curable; 689 incurable, and 41 doubtful. The check placed upon committing persons to the asylum is being more strictly enforced to the immediate effects of the "drug habit" and their defective control of the same, has been effective. Only those really insane, either coincidentally or as a result, have been received.

Criminal Insane. "Representations have been made in former reports, calling attention to the impropriety of associating the insane, with the epileptic, and those affected with tuberculosis. And to this list may well be added the criminal insane. The last class is entitled to just and intelligent consideration, both in the framing and operation of laws. If the person who commits an act knows its nature and quality, and that it is wrong, but through mental aberration, the result of disease, is irresistibly urged to commit the act, he should be, in justice, be sent to the prison? If his self-control has been so undermined by disease that even trifling provocation or temptation suffices to overcome it, so that he cannot resist the impulse to commit a crime, should he, in justice, be sent to the prison? Such persons constitute a menace to community safety, and the state is protected, but this safety can be subserved without the stigma of felon or convict attached to the irresponsible criminal.

"Rigid and separate provision should be made for the detention of such persons when convicted, but they should not be classed among ordinary criminals. On the other hand, it is unfair and unwise to place the criminal insane with the other classes because of the individual infirmity of management, danger of escape and their contaminating association. That both these objectionable conditions exist in Oregon today is a matter of common knowledge."

Individual Treatment. "Of the cases ordinarily admitted to the Insane asylum, it is probable that over one-third have, apparently, a fair chance for cure, with the ordinary care and treatment, the greater part of this one-third attains recovery, but it is undeniably true that there is a certain proportion whose prospects hinge entirely upon the character and quality of the individual treatment they receive at first. The recent patient should, most emphatically, be met at the very door with the most advanced methods of individualized medicine. To the end trained nurse must be utilized, and she must be further equipped by special training in this branch of service. With our present knowledge, the greatest efficiency can be secured in the treatment of the insane, but this requires a greater relative expense, but if a greater curative success were reached, there would be no better financial investment, nor one more cordially applauded by citizens of our state."

It is recommended that the system of conveying patients be changed so as to provide that asylum officials shall attend the patients during their transportation to the capital. In support of this, statistics are presented, showing that in Idaho the cost of transportation has been reduced.

It is estimated that the general appropriation for the ensuing term of two years be the same as during the last two years, \$250,000. Other appropriations are advised aggregating \$75,000, the principal items of which are \$24,000 for finishing and furnishing the new wing, closed cottage and new kitchen and for repairing and painting all the buildings; \$50,000 for lighting, and \$10,000 for the purchase of 25 acres of land upon which to store firewood.

The financial statement for the term shows that the total expenditures for articles consumed was \$168,461.98; total pay-roll, \$131,710.74; pay of board of trustees and clerk, \$1338.35; grand total, \$301,511.07.

The patients now in the asylum were received from the various counties as follows:

Table with 3 columns: Males, Females, Total. Rows include Baker, Benton, Clackamas, Clatsop, Columbia, Coos, Curry, Douglas, Gilliam, Grant, Harney, Jackson, Josephine, Klamath, Lane, Lincoln, Linn, Malheur, Marion, McMinn, Multnomah, Polk, Tillamook, Umatilla, Wheeler, Yamhill.

Totals, 821 352 1173. TRAMP FELL FROM MOVING TRAIN. Went to Sleep and Lost His Hold on Truss Rod—Not Badly Hurt. CENTRALIA, Wash., Dec. 18.—Hoover

MODERN MISERS.

Men Who Starve Themselves to Accumulate Money.

There is a certain fearful fascination about the stories of the misers of the past. The money they accumulated was of no more practical value to them than the trinkets stolen and secreted by some magpie or jackdaw. They hid it from the sight and use of men and in silence and secret gloated over the useless wealth, to gather it they lived on crusts or off, grudging clothes to cover them and fire to warm them, lived starved lives and in not a few cases died of starvation. That was the old-time miser. The modern miser resembles this man of the past in the particular that he frequently dies of starvation. In his eagerness to gather money he

pays little heed to the claims of health. He eats anything, anyhow, anywhere, and anywhere. He doesn't eat crusts, by any means, nor spare his purse to fill his stomach. The mistake he makes is in thinking that when a man has filled his stomach, that is the end of the business of feeding. Instead of being the end of feeding it's only the beginning. There is no value in food unless it is digested, assimilated, and those affected with tuberculosis. And to this list may well be added the criminal insane. The last class is entitled to just and intelligent consideration, both in the framing and operation of laws. If the person who commits an act knows its nature and quality, and that it is wrong, but through mental aberration, the result of disease, is irresistibly urged to commit the act, he should be, in justice, be sent to the prison? If his self-control has been so undermined by disease that even trifling provocation or temptation suffices to overcome it, so that he cannot resist the impulse to commit a crime, should he, in justice, be sent to the prison? Such persons constitute a menace to community safety, and the state is protected, but this safety can be subserved without the stigma of felon or convict attached to the irresponsible criminal.

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