STATE DELEGATION

What Oregon Members Are Doing in Washington.

FEDERAL BUILDING

Tongue Working for River and Harbor Improvements-McBride Discusses the Chances of the Nicaragua Canal Bill.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.-Chairman Mercer, of the house public buildings com-mittee, intends in a few days to draw up an omnibus bill in which appropria-tions will be made for enlarging a num-ber of public buildings already erected. and increasing appropriations for build ings now under construction or which have been held up awaiting an increase. It is expected that the Simon bill for enlarging the Portisand custom-house will be incorporated in this general bill, as well as the bill to increase the appropria-tion for the Seattle public building to

Representative Tongue attended the meetings of the river and harbor com-mittee today, and says up to this time the provision for the mouth of the Co-lumbia has not been reached. When the time comes he will contend for an appro-priation of \$500,000 for the coming year, the amount astimated by the engineers, and thinks that sum can be secured by diligent effort. He also expects provision to be made for a deeper channel to Port-land. Senator McBride asserts that if the House falls to apppropriate the full amount asked, it can probably be secured in the Senate. The Senator favors annual appropriations rather than a continuing contract for this project. Senator McBride today attended the

meeting of the Nicaragua Canal commit-tee, which in an informal way, discussed the canal bill and the possibilities of its passage at this session. After this con-ference with other members, he says that his opinion as expressed in Portland that the canal bill would pass if the Hay-Pauncefote treaty is ratified still holds and, in fact, has been confirmed good, and, in fact, has been confirmed and strengthened. He holds the senti-ment prevails among Republican Sena-tors that the treaty should be ratified first, when there will be no difficulty whatever in getting the bill through. It is his belief that a number of leading Republican Senators will stand out against the canal bill until the treaty is ratified, taking the ground that to come against the canal bill until the treaty is ratified, taking the ground that to pass the bill regardless of the treaty will be

to offer a deep insult to Great Britain. Ex-Senator Wilson has been in frequent conferences with Senator Foster and Representative Jones for two days past, over matters not disclosed. The last two named have been before the river and harbor committee arging a \$400,000 approprintion for Tacoma and good-sized ap-propriations for other Washington im-

ROOT BILL AMENDED.

The Measure Reported by the House Military Committee.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.-The bill reported by the house military committee today is the Root b'll amended. Most of these changes have been reported. Two sections were added to the bill today the first of which is meant to cover the case of General Shafter and the last of Generals Pitzbugh Lee and James H. Wilson. These sections are:

"9). That the President is hereby au-

thorized to select from the retired list of the Army an officer not above the rank of Brigadier-General, who may have distin-guished himself during the war with Spain, in command of a separate Army, spain, in command of a separate Army, and to appoint by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, the officer so selected to be Major-General, United States Army, with the pay and allowances established by law for officers of that grade on the retired list.

"41. That the Prosident is authorized to select from the Brirander-Generals of

to select from the Brigadier-Generals of Volunteers two volunteer officers, without regard to age, and appoint them Brigatates Arms the purpose of placing them upon the re-

Other amendments are: The increase of of artillery shall be in proportion to the increase of the number of menthe Adjutant-General shall have the rank of Major-General during the active serv-ice of the present incumbent, and there-after the rank of Brigadier-General; the age limit for appointment to staff posi-tions is stricken out; the Surgeon-General is authorized in emergencies to appoint as many contract surgeons as may be

Amendment to Subsidy Bill.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4 .- Just before the adjournment of the Senate today, Sena tor Vest gave notice of an amendment that he will offer to the ship subsidy hill. The amendment provides for the repeal of such existing laws "as either prohibit or restrict citizens of the United States from purchasing ships built in other coun-tries to be used in the foreign carrying trade of the United States, or which im pose taxes, burdens or restrictions on such ships when owned by American citi-zens which are not imposed on ships built in the United States." In addition to the repealing provision, the amendment makes it lawful "for all citizens of the United States to buy ships built in whole United States to buy strength country, or in part in any foreign country, have them registered as ships of the United States." When so registered, these foreign vessels are, under the terms of the amendment, to be entitled to all the rights and subject to the same regulations as those governing ships built i lations as those governing ships built in the United States and owned by citizens of this country.

Pro-Boer Resolution.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.-Representative ilzer today introduced in the House the following resolution:

"Whereas, the war in South Africa has degenerated into a relentiess and ruth-less extermination of a brave people, fighting for their homes and liberty "Resolved. That the Congress of the United States protest in the name of hu-manity and civilization against a conon of a war which outrages the facilings of all liberty-loving people, and,
"Resolved, That the Congress of the
United States, being committed to the
peinciples of arbitration for the settlement of international disputes, urges upon the Government of Her Majesty the wis-dom of adopting this policy for the pur-pose of stopping the awful atrocities now going on in South Africa."

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—In the Benate today Senator Stewart introduced a bill fppine Islands, with five Judges, who are to be appointed for life, and each of whom is to draw a sale creating a Supreme Court for the Phil

Philippine Supreme Court.

ippine Islands, with five Judges, who are to be appointed for life, and each of whom is to draw a salary of \$20,000 per annum. The bill provides for an appeal or writs of error to the United States Supreme Court in all cases involving more than \$20,000, and in those in which the Constitution of the United States is involved. Speaking of his metrics in the constitution of the United States is involved. nvolved. Speaking of his motive for locing the salaries at so high a figure, enator Stewart said he had done so in order to secure men of character and professional standing for the office of

War Tax Reduction WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.-The Republi-

committee had another meeting today to consider the bill for the reduction of the war revenue taxes, but no important conclusions were reached. There is some talk in the committee of increasing the reduction over the \$20,000,000 at first agreed reduction over the \$80,000,000 at first agreed upon, and there appears to be a prospect that some increase over the original figures will be made, but no definite action has yet been taken. The Nepublicans probably will hold several other meetings before final action is taken and a caucus of the Republicans may be held.

Patents, Trade Marks, Etc.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—The committee appointed by the President to revise the tatutes relating to patents, trade marks, etc., today submitted a report of its con-clusions to Congress. The changes rec-mmended are embodied in three proposed bills affecting trade marks, drafts of which it submits with the report. The committee recommends the carrying out of the provisions of the international convention signed in Paris in 1883 and a National law which shall protect trade marks better than is now possible. It aso rec-ommends the abolition of caveats,

Presidential Nominations

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—The President today sent to the Senate a large number of nominations Among them were Will-iam D. Bynum, of Indiana, to be Commissioner to revise and codify the criminal and penal laws of the United States; Ja-cob Trieber, of Arkansas, to be United States District Judge for the eastern district of Arkansas; William H. Johnson, of New Jersey, to be First Assistant Postmaster-General.

Hay-Pauncefote Trenty. WASHINGTON, Dec. 4 .- Senator Frye's speech on the subsidy bill kept the Sen-ate so late today that it was found im-practicable to proceed with the consid-eration of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty, as had been intended. Senator Lodge gave notice that he would, at the first opportunity, call the treaty up and ask the Senate to give the question close atten-tion until the motion for ratification is disposed of.

Legislative Appropriation Bill. WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.-The committee on appropriations of the House today completed the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill. The committee expects to be able to obtain consideration for the bill tomorrow. The bill carries \$34,88,508, being \$50,001 less than the estimates and \$328,496 more than is carried by the present law.

Cuban Postal Frauds. WASHINGTON Dec. 4.-Senator Pettigrew today introduced a resolution in the Senate calling upon the Postmaster-Gen-eral to send to the Senate any information he may have in his possession con-cerning postal frauds in Cuba. Senator Platt of Connecticut made objection to immediate consideration, and the resolu-tion went over for a day.

To Investigate Hazing.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—Driggs intro-duced a resolution in the House requir-ing the Secretary of War to investigate the practice of "hazing" at West Point and more particularly the "hazing" of Oscar I. Booz, formerly a cadet at the Academy from the Seventh district of Pennsylvania, who died yesterday.

Anti-Trust Bills.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—Senator Clay, of Georgia, today introduced bills providing for the admission free of duty of articles controlled by the trusts, and for the refunding of the tax collected on raw cotton in the event that the Supreme Court holds to be unconstitutional the level. Court holds to be unconstitutional the law under which the tax was collected.

To Admit Oklahoma.

WASHINGTON. Dec. 4.—Senator Fair-banks today introduced a billi to admit Oklahoma as a state, with two Representatives. The usual provisions for grants of land for state institutions are

TOOK AWAY THE PRIZES.

Agricultural College Exhibits the Feature of Livestock Show.

CHICAGO, Dec. 4. - Immense crowds were present today, when the judging of various classes of blooded animals on exhibition at the International Livestock continued. The exhibitions of the agri-cultural colleges of Wisconsin, Michigan, Minnesota and Iowa are regarded as one of the most important features of the exposition, and the animals bred and raised by the students of those ins out 160 in nnumber, were examed with great interest by stockraisers. In a number of classes so far judged the have received first, second and third prizes, something never attained by ag-ricultural colleges before.

The judging of carload lots in the open considered the most important judging of the entire exposition, began today. In range cattle there was a fierce contest between Frank Gooding, of Shoshone the former winning in one class and the latter in another. L. H. Kerrick, of mington, Ill., a breeder of Aberde Angus cattle, won the first prize 2-year-old cattle. A year ago Mr. Ker-rick received the highest price ever paid at the stockyards since 1880 for beef cattle, selling two carloads for ES 25 per 10 tie, Seining two carionds for as 20 per 100 pounds. The sales of hogs and grade cattle began today. Over 100 animals were sold at an average price of nearly \$500. Freedom, a 3-year-old bull, bred in England and the property of Clem Graves.

SOUTHERN INDUSTRIES.

Object of a Convention That Opened in New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 4.- The Southern industrial convention opened here to-day, with a fine attendance. The convention is a representative one, embrac ing men in every walk of industrial life in the South, and including delegates not only from the South, but from every section of the country. The conve called to order by President H. H. Har-grove. Governor Heard delivered the adiress of welcome. General John B. Gor

don delivered an address.

The report of the committee on organization named the objects of the asization named the objects of the associa-tion to be to promote the industrial de-velopment of the South; to become an agency for gathering and disseminating data regarding the resources of the South; to aid in organizing and maintaining com-mercial organizations or business clubs throughout the South, and, in genera to become the medium for stimulating the efforts toward mainufacturing their ray materials on their own soil, and also to seek to interest capital to invest in the South, and settlers to come to the South-

ern States. Sydney Storr, as chairman of the com mittee on Nicaragua Canal, presented a memorial to the senate urging the early building of the canal. A telegram was sent to Senator Morgan, congratulating him on the prospect of an early passag of the canal bill.

Louisiana Guards Against Plague. EL PASO, Tex., Dec. 1-The State of Louisiana established a quarantine sta-tion here today to guard against the pos-sible introduction of bubonic plague into that state from the far East by way of the Pacific Coast. The Louisiana health office will work in conjunction with the

Greve's Cintment is needed in every home. It curss all skin troubles, burns, humors, etc. Parker's Hair Baleam is life to the hair.

CHANGES IN THE ARMY

SOME RECOMMENDATIONS BY GEN. ERAL BRECKINRIDGE.

Disadvantages Imposed by Inferior Rank-Question of Reorganisation of Standing Army.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.- The report of General J. C. Breckinridge, Inspector-General of the Army, recommends that the benefits of the law of March 2, 1850, providing for the retirement of officers of the Navy under certain conditions, with the Navy under certain conditions, with the rank and pay of the next higher grade, be extended to include officers of the Army. Most of our wars have been fought on land, says the report, and as a matter of justice, rewards for Army offi-cers should be no less than those enjoyed by officers of the Navy. He also touches upon the disaffvantages imposed by in-ferior rank in the Army, citing as an in-stance the China campaign, when Gen-eral Chaffee, a junior among the com-manders, was advanced from a Brigadier to a Major-General to give him the rank requisite to his status as Commander-in-Chief of the United States forces in Chi-na. General Breckinridge also cites that the grade of Brigadier-General is abolished in most of the European armies and is nearly as archaic as that of Com-modore afloat.

In regard to the question of reorganizing the standing Army, the General sug-gestr a standard of two soldiers per 1999 of population, and submits statistics to of population, and submits statistics to show that in the proportion of soldiers to population and to the area of country, and in the war budget in times of peace, the United States is far behind all of the great European nations. General Breck-enridge claims for his department the credit of the discovery of the postal frauds in Cuba. He makes recommendation for additional clerical and messen ger assistance in his department, and also suggests that the War Department pro-vide the various military colleges vide the various military colleges throughout the country with capable mil-Itary instructors.

THE CABINET MEETING. Municipal Code for the Philippines

Was Considered. WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—The Cabinet meeting today developed nothing of special interest. A copy of the civil municipal code for the Philippine Islands, which had been prepared by the United States Philippine Committee, was presented and a portion relative to the collection of revnue was read. The code, is is said, follows closely along the lines of the laws of the United States, guaranteeing civil and religious liberty and protection for persons and property. The code will not go into effect until it has met with the approval of the President, and it is possi-ble that changes may be suggested more fully to meet the views of the Adminis-

It was announced that General Chaffe has telegraphed the Secretary of War asking for authority to provide more suit-able quarters for the legation guard in Pekin during the Winter months.

Soldier and Sailor Dead.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.-Quartermaser-General Ludington has received a ca ter-general Ludington has received a ca-ble from General Humphrey, quarter-master with the troops in China, saying that the transport California salled from Taku, November 20, for San Francisco, with the remains of 74 sallors and ma-rines who died during the recent military operations in China, either from wounds or disease. The remains wave distincted at Tien Tsin, Pelt Sang and Yang Tsen. All the bodies unclaimed by relatives will be buried in the National cometery at the Presidio, with military honors.

The Quartermaster-General is also in formed that the transport Hancock, which has just arrived at San Francisco, brought the remains of 29 soldiers, ma-rines and citizens who lost their lives in the Philippines in the service of the Gov-ernment. In addition, the vessel brought the remains of 38 soldiers and one ma-rine who died in Honolulu. In most cases, these remains will be turned over to relatives for private interment. All unclaimed will be buried at the Presidio.

Wilson Ordered to Washington. WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.-An order was ssued today for Brigadier-General J. H. has just arrived at San Francisco from service in China, to come to Washington "and report in person to the Adjutant-General of the Army for order of the

REPORT ON CANAL.

(Continued from First Page.)

canal will more fully identify our political and social interest and quicks industrial activity of every section of the United States. The iron and steel the textiles and the other manufactures of each Eastern and Southern State, the coal from the mining regions, the cot-ton from the South, and the grain and forest products of the many sections, will flow out to foreign countries in great lume, and this larger trade will shared generally by the ports of all our seaboards—the Atlantic, the Gulf and the Pacific. The canal will cause the com-petition of the United State with Europe in the countries of Western South Ame ica and the Orient to be much keener, with the result that the trade of our country will increase more rapidly than that of our rivals. The canal will-aid

that of our rivals. The canal will sid the United States in securing and main-taining a position of primacy in the in-ternational trade of the world."

The commission concludes with a care-ful comparison of the Nicaragua and Pan-ama routes. It shows that the distances between Atlantic and Pacific ports are shorter by the Nicaragua than by the Fanama route. This is in part offset by the Increased time in sections. the increased time in getting through the Nicaragua canal. The latter route is re-ported to be more favorable for sailing vessels. The Nicaragua route is also regarded as advantageous through its de-velopment of the country through which it passes. It is pointed out that the Panama concession, now held by the French company, prohibits a cession rights to any nation or foreign govern-ment. The concession is limited, so that if the United States acquired it there would not be an absolute ownership in perpetuity, as the concess that the canal shall pass to Colo

after 96 years.
The commission asked President Hutin, of the French company, to name terms upon which the company will dispose of its property and interests to the United States. No formal reply was received States. No formal reply was received until the commission's report was being closed. The report says the conferences have resulted in no offer to dispose of the property to the United States upon any terms; nor has the company expressed any desire to negotiate with the United States in reference to such a dis-United States in reference to such a dis-position. It was proposed by President Hutin that the United States might con-trol the canal scheme as a majority stockholder of the new organization. The company prefers, however, to reincorporate in the United States and accord to this Government such representation on its board of directors and such purchase

of interest as its concessions permitted. The Commission's Conclusions. The final conclusions of the commission

are stated, as follows: "First-The estimated cost of building "First—The estimated cost of building the Nicaragua Canal is about \$88,000,000 more than that of completing the Panama Canal, leaving out the cost of acquiring the latter property. This measures the difference in the magnitude of the obstacles to be overcome in the acutal construction of the two canals, and covers all physical considerations, such as the

greater or less height of dams, the greater or less depth of cuts, the presence or absence of natural harbors, the presence or absence of a railroad, the exemption from liability to disease and the amount of work remaining to be done.

'The new Panama Canal Company has absence as disposition to sell its property

shown no disposition to sell its property to the United States. Should that com-pany be able and willing to sell, there is reason to believe that the price would not be such as would make the total cos-to the United States less than that of the

Nicaragua Canal, "Second-The Panama Canal, after com pletion, would be shorter, have fewer locks and lesser curvature than the Nic araugun Canal. The measure of these ad-vantages is the time required for a vessel to pass through, which is estinmated at 33

to pass through, which is estinmated at 35 hours for Nicaragua.

"On the Cher hand, the distance from San Francisc," to New Fork is 377 miles, to New Orlean, \$58 miles, and to Liverpol 385 miles greater via Panama than via Nicaragua. This time required to pass over these distance, being greater than the difference in the time of transit through the canals, he Nicaragua line, after completion, won't be somewhat more advantageous of the two to the United States, notwithstan, ing the greater cost of maintenance of the longer canal.

Third-The Government of Colombia Third—The Government of Colombia, in which lies the Panama ch. 1sl, nas granted an exclusive concession, which still has many years to run. It a not free to grant the necessary rights to the United States except upon condit, on than an agreement be reached with the new Panama Canal Company. The commission believes such agreement is int mission believes such agreement is inf practicable. So far as can be ascertained, the company is not willing to sell its franchise, but it will allow the united States to become part owner of its stock. The commission considers such an arrangement inadmissable. The Governments of Nicaragua and Costa Rica, on the other hand, are untrammeled by conessions, and are free to grant to the United States such privileges as may be

nutually agreed upon.
"In view of all the facts, and particu-arly in view of all the difficulties of obtaining the necessary rights, privileges and franchises on the Panama route, and assuming that Nicaragua and Coata Rica recognize the value of the canal to themselves and are prepared to grant concessions on terms which are reasonable and acceptable to the United States, the commission is of the opinion that the most practicable and feasible route for an isthmian canal, to be under the management and ownership of the United States, is that known as the Nicaragua route." The message of the President transmitting the report is as follows: 'To the Senate and House of Representatives: I transmit herewith for the information of the Congress a preliminary report of the Isthmian Canal Commission

dated November 30, 1900. "WILLIAM M'KINLEY. "Executive Mansion, December 4, 1900.

SENATE CANAL COMMITTEE. No Conclusion Reached as to Line

of Action. WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.-The Senate committee on inter-oceanic canals held a meeting today at the instance of its chairman, Senator Morgan, to consider the status of the Nicaragua canal bill. The bill is the special order in the Senate for next Monday, but there is a desire on the part of the Republican members to have it postponed for a time at least pending the consideration of the subsidy shipping bill and the Hay-Paunce-fote treaty. Senator Hanna, who is especially interested in the shipping bill, sat with the committee, presenting the sat with the committee, presenting the views of the Republican managers on the relative claims of the various measures to precedence in the matter of considera

The committee did not reach any dennite conclusion as to the line of action to be pursued. When the committee adjourned, however, the members felt from the expression of the friends of the canal bill, and especially from Senator Morgan's attitude, as developed at the meeting that there would be a formeeting, that there would be no effort on the part of the friends of the bill to obstruct the subsidy bill with the canai bill. Senator Morgan admitted that if the subsidy bill should be made the regular order of the Senate, as contemplated, that action would have the effect of displacing the special order. He did not seem disturbed over this fact, but on the contrary appeared quite satisfied with the virtual assurances of other members of the committee that the canal bill should the committee that the canal bill should follow the subsidy measure for consideration. He also expressed his willingness that the Hay-Pauncefote treaty should be acted upon in advance of action upon the canal bill.

PACIFIC CABLE.

The New Submarine Wire Will Be Pan-Britanie.

NEW YORK, Dec. 4.-A dispatch to the Tribune from London says: The work of consolidating the British Empire grows apace. It is officially anunced that a tender of £1,000,000 has en accepted for the construction of a Pacific cable. This new wire will be pan-Britanic. Wherever it touches any land will find itself on British soil. Thus it will not only link together Great Britain and her far-away colonies, but it will also connect Australia and Canada, as they have never been connected before. In all earlier British Pacific cable schemes Honolula was selected as the landing place of the first section, but on the annexa of the Sandwich Islands by United States this was, of course, impossible, as the cable was to be all British The contingency of American ownership of the Sandwich Islands was, however, foreseen as far back as 1888, and in order to provide against it. Fanning Island was in that year incorporated in the British Empire. The cable, which is to be com-pleted by the end of 1802, will be the longest direct wire in the world, as it will cover a distance of nearly 9000 miles in

American Capital in London. LONDON, Dec. 5.—The Daily Express publishes an interview this morning with Frank Hawley, an electrical promoter, who is now in London in the interest of an American syndicate. Mr. Hawley says the capitalists he represents are ready to spend no less than £4,000,000 in the cot struction of electric surface roads in London and to the suburbs to a radius of 3 miles. Not a penny of British capital will be asked. He expresses himself as confident that the undertaking will be

The Caar Sits Up.

LIVADIA, Dec. 4.—The physicians of the Czar, in their bulletin today, say his majesty's condition is very favorable. The Emperor is now able to sit in an invalid chair at intervals during the day.

New York's Smallpox Scare.

NEW YORK, Dec. 4.-Forty cases in the pesthouse on North Brothers Island, one new case in the infected district on the West Side and two deaths to shate was the condition of the smallpox out-break as reported by the Board of He alth today. None of the officials took any comfort from the fact that but one new case developed today as against its Ion-day, for the disease has overleaped the bounds to which they had tried to con-fine it in the neighborhood of "All Na-tions Block" in West Sixty-ninth sh eet. where it started. They are now satis fied that they will have many new cases: to

Los Angeles Election.

DOS ANGELES, Cal., Dec. 4.-Complete returns of sesterday's election in this dity show that M. P. Snyder, the Democray's nominee for Mayor, was elected by a plurality over Herman Silver, the Republicam candidate, of 3000. The Republicam elected seven of the nine Councilmen and five of the eight other municipal officers.

BY LACK OF INSTRUCTIONS PROM THEIR GOVERN MENTS.

Yesterday's Meeting at Pekin Was Barren of Results-Only One More Will Be Held.

PEKIN, Dec. 4.- As was expected, the neeting of the for tign envoys today did not result in any definite conclusion, owing to the fact that no foreign Governments have notified their representatives as to the form of the prediminary note to the Chinese plenipotenriaries. Mr. Conger, the United States Minister, said

after the meeting:

"Apparently it is the desire of all to arrive at a satisfactory conclusion. I believe the next meeting will be the last, but will not be called until every Minister has received definite instructions covering every point. Personally, I am satisfied with the results of the proceedings today."

THE REICHSTAG DEBATE. German China Expedition Not an Act

BERLIN, Dec. 4.—During the debate in the Reichstag today on the supplementary credit for China. Buron von Richtofen, Secretary of Foreign Affairs, formed Herr Bebel that the China exiten was not regarded at an act of of War.

h 'ormed Herr Bebel that the China exped tion was not regarded at an act of was 'ut as armed intervention against an antifer in the condition of affeirs not permitting a continuance of a cd tain amount of intera wirse between Germany and the Government of China.

The Minh ter of War, General von Gossler, dee ared that while epidemics were rife amo. If the troops in China, the deaths were sub, one-third per cent of the entire expedition, ry corps. General von Gossler also asso, inced that Count von Waldersee, in respect to a telegram from the War Office, as to the treatment of surrendering Chinese, 'roops, had decided that troops who surrendering chinese,' roops, had decided that troops who surrendering chinese,' dered were to be disarmed and dispersed. disarmed and dispersed.

Dr. Mumm von Scha arzenstein, the German Minister to Chine, cables that he has received a conciliatory lispatch from Yuan Shi Kai (the Military Governor of Shan Tung), asuming full re ponsibility for the safety of Bishop Anger, who is about to proceed to Tsi Nan Fu to confer with him.

A BOLICY OF SCUTTLE. Shanghai Correspondent Believes

the Powers Will Withdraw. LONDON, Dec. 5.—The Shanghai cor-respondent of the Morning Post, who

believes that the powers will withdraw their forces from Pekin in order to en-able the court to return, says: "The policy of scuttle once begun, every power would endeavor to be the first to conciliate the Chinese. Europe has already lost her face so utterly that no further yielding would make her degradation worse.

"Native papers report." says the Shanghai correspondent of the Times, "that the court has decided to issue an edict ordering the decapitation of Prince Tuan

ordering the decapitation of Prince Tuan and General Fu Tung Stang."

Dr. Morrison, wiving to the Times, Monday, from Pekin, 2019.
"Evidence has been produced proving that Captain Watts Jones was murdered after four days inhaman tosture eight marches beyond Calgosa. The statement that the customs revenue is being remitted to Sieas Evis errondous. The mitted to Sinan Fu is errondous. The, only money remitted to the court his been the provincial silver contributions to the central division."

THE SOUTHERN REBELLION. Trinds Laying in Fresh Supplies of Ammunition-

SHANGHAI Dec. 5.-An Imperial edics deprives General Tung Fuh Slang of his rank and titles, but permits itim to retain command of the troops. He has been ordered to disband 5000 men and to withdraw to the Province of Kan Su with the remainder. The edict dep recates his ignorance and roughness in dealing with foreign affairs, but it is not regarded

lion is reported. The Triads are said to be getting fresh supplies of amniunition pres the belief that the court is preparing to return to Pekin whither cyders

Kalgan Expedition Failed. LONDON, Dec. 4.—A special dispatch; from Hankow Pass, dated November 30, says the Kalgan expedition was ineffective, the Chinese evading all attempts to engage the troops. The towns en route alry captured the baggage of the retreat-Chinese force at Swen Hwa killed 30 of its guards and secured 20,000 tacls. Three Mandarins, who were instigators of the massacre of converts at Tsi. Ming. and 23 Boxers, were executed, but: the Germans generally ignored evidences of anti-foreign activity. There are con-tinuous disturbances in the interior. where a bad impression has been made by the excessive withdrawal of foreign

Choate and Lansdowne. LONDON, Dec. 4.-United States Ambassador Choate had a long conversation today with the Marquis of Lausdowne, in which the proposed alternatives and amendments in Secretary Hay's recent note and the notes of the other the most friendly spirit, and no differ ences of any importance came up. Choate is notifying Secretary Hay of Lord Lansdowne's views. Further consulta-tions will follow shortly.

Proceeding Against Regulars. BERLIN, Dec. 4.-A dispatch from Count von Waldersee, dated Pekin, Mon-

day. December 3, says a considerable force of Chinese regulars has taken up a position at Bang Chou. 56 kilometers southward from Tien Tain, and that two detachments of troops from Tien Tsin, commanded by Colonel Lohrscheidt and Major Ealkenhsyne, are proceeding against these Chinese. German Losses at Pao Ting Fu. SHANGHAI, Dec. 4.—It is reasserted in Tien Tsin that the Germans lost 20 killed and many wounded west of Pao Ting Fu.

A quantity of loose powder exploided in the last areenal occupied by the Russians, It is supposed the explosion was caused by two Chinese smoking. Both China-men were killed. The shock was feit at

where they were attacked by 2500 Boxers

Author of Pao Ting Outrages. TIEN TSIN, Dec. 4.-Tang Wang Pao Ting Fu miss'onaries, a rived today, and was paraded through the Victoria road in a cart under a strong German guard, previous to being handed over to the provisional government for decapita-

Will Make Improvements.

BOSTON, Dec. 4-Following the visit of New York Central railroad officials in the course of their tour of inspection of the Boston & Albany railroad, came the announcement that the New York Central in the near future would expend fully \$2. 500,000 in the development of its extensive harber property here. While the programme has not been mapped out in all the details, it is a set-

ENVOYS, HANDS; ARE TIED DO YOU GET UP WITH A LAME BACK?



Do You Have Rheumatism? Have You Bladder or Uric Acid Trouble?

To Prove What Swamp-Root, the Great Kidney and Bladder Remedy, Will Do for YOU, All Cur Readers May Have a Sample Bottle Sent Free by Mail.

Pain or dull ache in the back is unmis- evidence that your kidneys and bladder takable evidence of kidney trouble. It is need immediate attention.

nature's timely warning to show you. In taking Swamp-Root you afford natnature's timely warning to show you ural help to neture, for Swamp-Root is the most perfect healer and gentle ald to the kidneys that is known to medical

that the track of health is not clear. If these danger signals are unheeded, more serious results are sure to follow: Bright's disease, which is the worst form Swamp-Root is the great discovery of Dr. Kilmer, the eminent kidney and blad-der specialist. Hospitals use it with marked success in both slight and severof kidn'sy trouble, may steal upon you.

The 'mild and the extraordinary effect of the world-famous kidney and bladder reme'ly. Swamp-Root, is soon realized. It s'ands the highest for its wonderful cur is of the most distressing cases. A tri al will convince any one—and you may If you have the slightest symptom of kidney or bladder trouble, or if there is a trace of it in your family history, send at

tri al will convince any one—and you may he we a sample bottle for the asking. Lame back is only one symptom of kid-acy trouble—one of many. Other symp-toms showing that you need Swamp-Root are, obliged to pass water often during the day and to get up many times at night, inability to hold your urine, smart-ing or arritation in passing, brick-dust or sediment in the urine, catarrh of the bladder, constant headache, dizziness, sleeplessness, nervousness. irrecular bladder, constant headache, dizziness, siesplessness, nervousness, irregular heart-beating, rheumatism, bloating, irritability, worn-out feeling, lack of ambition, loss of fiesh, sailow complexion.

If your water, when allowed to remain purchase the regular 50-cent and 31 size buttles at drug stores. Don't make any mistake but remember the name, Swamp-Root, and the tiling, or has a cloudy appearance, it is

ude the building of a new 2,000,000-bushel grain elevator of the latest pattern, the erection of a mammoth new storage ware-house probably of 10 stories, the extension of several of the wharves and the deepening of the docks at which the foreign steamers now discharge.

pressed the opinion that the influence of the Mormons would be exercised in behalf of Colonel Trumbo.

GOTHAM'S MORAL WAVE.

Scores of Women Driven From the

Red Light District. NEW YORK, Dec. 4-Scores of women driven from their rooms in the "light" district, left the neighborhood day. The exodus was the result of the mave of the authorities against the landlards who own the tenements in which the women lived, and who, in turn, served the women with dispossess notices. The unfortunates got out of the city, some to Brooklyn, others to New Jersey, while some are said to have gone to the large Eastern cities.

An financian restraining the police from interfering with the legal business of Billy McGlory's place, on West Fifty-minth street, was granted today by Justice Blanchard, in the Supreme Court. The Paulist Fathers and the policem At Paulist Fathers and the policemen and been vigilint about this piace, and Adam Kessel, Jr., the alleged proprietor, got the injunction and placed a big sign with "Opening Night" on it, and procured some musicians and Illuminated the place brightly tonight and waited for business. The police sent detectives down at once to see what he was going. down at once to see what he was going

Tender for Amphitrite.

BOSTON, Dec. 4.-A use has evidently een found by the Navy Department for the little auxiliary gunboat Peoria, the former steam pilof boat Philadelphia. which has been lying at the Charleston

from the navy-yard as to what time and at what cost the little craft could be fitted out as a tender and auxiliary to the big double-turreted monitor Amphitrite in the latter's work as a gunner-training ship at Port Royal. A general estimate of \$5000, and 30 days was returned as the amount and time necessary to completely fit the craft for the purpose intended.

Everything Filed Upon. CROOKSTON, Minn., Dec. 4.—The agricultural lands in the four ceded town-ships on the White Earth Reservation were thrown open to settlement at 3 o'clock this morning, and by noon nearly every available piece of land had been filed upon. Everything passed off with the utmost regularity and very quietly.

A large number of those who filed claims left for the reservation today

Will Contest Hoyt's Will.

CONCORD, N. H., Dec. 4-Mrs. Mary E. Green, of this city, and John H. Hoyt, of Nashus, first cousins of the late of Nashus, first cousins of the late Charles H. Hoyt, have retained counsel to contest the probate of the playwright's will. The grounds of contest will be that Holt was of unsound mind when he made his will, and that it had but two wit nesses, instead of three, as called for by the statutes of New Hampshire,

Pardoned by Pingree DETROIT, Dec. 4.-At 10 o'clock tonight Governor Pingree pardoned both General White and General Marsh upon the pay-ment of \$5000 fine each.

Utah Senatorship SAN FRANCISCO. Dec. 4-George Cannon, head of the Mormon Chur-ust before sazing for Honolulu, when that O. J. Salisbury and Colonel Issae.

Trumbo were the only prominent candidates. He was confident there would be a deadlock in the Legislature, and expressed the opinion that the influence of

ases. Doctors recommend it to their atients and use it in their own families, ecause they recognize in Swamp-Root

the greatest and most successful remedy.

N Y., who will gladly send you free by mail, immediately, without cost to you, a sample bottle of Swamp-Root and a book of wonderful Swamp-Root testimonials.

Be sure to say that you read this gener-

ous offer in the Portland Daily Oregon-

Traveling Men's Convention. CHICAGO, Dec. 4.-Scores of delegates and members of the Northwestern Travet-ing Men's Association, residents of this state and various parts of the country. will attend the national convention of the organization, to be held in this city, De-cember 27. All the Northwestern and North Central States of the Union will be represented at the gathering; also New Jersey, Pennsylvania and Massachu

Paris Fair Commission PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 4.- The United States Commissioners to the Paris Ex position met here this marning at the Hotel Bellevue, and completed their re-port, which they will submit to President McKinley tomorrow. M. H. De Young, president of the Commission, presided. Franklin Murphy, of New Jersey, was che rman of the committee which prepared the report.

Expelled From the Board. CHICAGO, Dec. 4.-Lloyd J. Smith, who was acquitted in the Criminal Court of a charge of shipping grain from the warehouses of the Chicago Elevator Com-pany without cancelling the receipts, was found guilty by the board of directors of the Board of Trade early today and

Saturday Leander Goode, son-in-law of J. R. Smith, of Sums, whose home is at Orrick. Mo., was almost instantly killed by the accidental discharge of his gun He had been hunting and as he was He had been hunting and as he was re-turning home espited a snake under a log-near a small bridge over Saar Creek. He raised his gun, and struck a downward blow at the reptile with the but, the hammer of the barrel struck a projec-tion on the log, discharging the weapon and the load of duck shot passed through the unfortunate man's breast. He fell partly into the stream and Claude Sente. partly into the stream, and Claude Smith, his brother-in-law, lifted him up and asked if he should go for a physician. Goode replied: "No: it will only be a ninute," and was dead as the words left

Thousands whom it has cured vouch for the value of Hood's Sarsaparilla as a cure for catarrh.

It Won't

There's a lot of things Ayer's Hair Vigor won't do. They are just the things you don't want it to do. But the things it will do will certainly please you, such as stopping the hair from coming out, restoring color to gray hair, and making the hair grow thick and long. Give it a good trial.