

VOL. XL.-NO. 12,473.

OREGON, TUESDAY, DECEMBER 4, 1900. PORTLAND,

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JESSIE MORRISON'S TRIAL. Continuation of the Examination of

Olin Castle.

ELDORADO, Kan., Dec. 3.—Olin Castle was on the witness stand for five hours today, during which time he detailed his relations with Jessie Morrison before the Inter's fatal quarrel with Mrs. Castle. Those who had expected that his crossexamination would reveal sensational teswere disappointed. It was not isclosed that his relations with Miss forrison had been anything but those f a friend. It was shown that he had taken Miss Morrison riding, had accepted ies from her and received letters from her, the latter after he had become en-gaged to Miss Wiley, who afterward be-came Mrs. Castle. Castle admitted showing some of the letters to Miss Wiley, and that they made her augry with Miss Morrison; he also admitted that Miss Morrison had never threatened his fances, but instead had made friendly overtures to her. It was made plain that jealousy over Castle existed between the two wo-

Just before Castle was dismissed from have told all that there was in your re-

Witness did not flinch when he replied: 'Yes, str.' There was nothing more intimate than what you have told?

Later in the week Miss Morrison will take the stand in her self-defense.

The Livestock Exhibition CHICAGO, Dec. 3.-Tonight in the Dexter Park Pavillon, at the stockyards, the greatest livestock show ever held in this country was formally opened. Tonight the prize-winning animals were paraded through the ring. During the afternoon the sheeps, hogs and cattle were exhibited in the different arenas inside the uilding, while the horses were inspected out of doors. The greatest interest was centered in the sheep exhibit, which is said to be by far the finest display of the kind over seen in the United States.

FOREIGN SUGAR BOUNTY. Its Effect on the Industry in This

NEW YORK, Dec. 3.—The news that France, Germany and Austria have eached a tentative agreement for abannoment in local sugar circles; and somewhat diverse theories are current regard-ing the effect of such a change if made

refiners' supplies here. There seems a general agreement, however, that a very important effect would be an immediate and large increase in the exports of American preserved fruits and jellles at the expense of the business of the great English and Scotch preserves. The effect of the removal of the bounties would also, it is argued, be to increase would also, it is argued, be to increase the competition and restrict production of sugars in the Continental countries of production, and thus remove that of all empetition of other sugars arriving here Beet-sugar growing is carried on on such a close margin that it is not profitable unless the growers get a bounty. This decreases competitior. This in turn will encourage the production of cane sugars and will thus benefit directly Cuba and

Porto Rico. "I believe," suid one of the closest stu dents of the raw sugar supply, "that with the development of Cuba under the trade relations which will probably be sought by that island with this country, that island will in a few years be producing sufficient cane augar to shut out com pletely the beet sugars of Europe. Cuba's last crop will amount to 200,000 tons. This crop will run about 500,000 tons, and the next crop will probably be 750,000 to 1,000 ..

San Diego Coaling Station. SAN DIEGO, Cai., Dec. 1.—Admiral R. B. Bradford arrived here today, accompanied by Captain J. J. Meller, United States Army, to decide upon a site for the Government coaling station in the harbor. Admiral Bradford says the sta-

Was Launched.

Beau Brummell LITTLE WORK DONE

Day Given Up to Reading of President's Message.

THE ATTENDANCE WAS LARGE

Early Adjournment Taken Out of Respect to Late Senators Davis and Gear and Representatives Daly and Hoffecker.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.-In the Senate washington, Dec. 3.—In the Senate locember 1, so that Mr. Compor had been today, the work of the short session of elected to fill the vacancy, which did not the 66th Congress was successfully launched. It had been the purpose of the Senate to announce the death of Senators Gear, of Iowa, and Davis, of Minnesota, after assembling, and then to adjourn and to receive the message of the President tomorrow, but as this had been announced by the leaders of both branches of Congress to be a "husiness assion." of Congress to be a "business session,"
It was determined to receive the measage today and thus gain one day in a ton in which that much time may be

f immense importance.

Aside from the reading of the message and the administrating of the oath of ffice to William B. Dillingham, the new Senator from Vermont, who succeeds the late Justin S. Morrill, no business was transacted. The other new member of the body, ex-Representative John C. Dolliver, who succeeds the late Senator Gear, of lows, was present throughout the ses-sion, but his credentials were not pre-sented and he was not sworn in. These formallities will be compiled with to-morrow, now that the Senate has been officially informed of the death of Sena-tor Gear.

Since the Senate last convened a

great National campaign has been in-augurated and conducted to a conclusion, and as the Senatore assembled they ex-changed political greetings as well as the changed political greetings as well as the warm hand clasps of personal friendship. A notable meeting on the floor just before the session opened was that between Hanna (Rep., O.), and Jones (Dem., Ark.), the chairmen respectively of the Republican and Democratic National Committees, Surrounded by many of their colleagues has a committee the colleagues has been also been also better the service of the chamber was heavy with the perfume of magnitudent floral pleces. fificent floral pieces.

The fall of Senator Frye's gavel caused

a hush to fall over the chamber at 13 o'clock and then Mr. Milburn, the venerable blind chaplain, in a beautiful prayer, paid touching tribute to the deaths of Senators Davis and Gear. The call of the roll disclosed the presence of a Sen-ators and the Senate then proceeded to routine business. William B. Dillingham was gworn in.

A resolution by Hoar (Rep., Mass.), that a committee of two Senators be ap-pointed to join a similar committee of the House to inform the President that Congress was in session and ready to receive any communication he might have to make, was adopted. The chair appointed Hoar and Cockrell (Dem., Mo.). The Senate then took a recess of 40 minutes and on reassembling Hoar announced that the President had expressed his pleasure that Congress once more was in session and that he would communicate with it forthwith.

Instantly Major Pruden, one of the sec-retaries of the President, was regognized and prevented the awaited message of the President. It took Mr. Bennett, the secretary of the Senate, one hour and 50 minutes to read it.

Allison (Rep., Ia.) then announced the

death in July last of his colleague, Senstor John Henry Gear, and offered the usual resolution of sorrow, which was adopted. Nelson (Rep., Minn.), who had returned only two hours before from St. Paul announced formally the death of Senator Davis, saying that in his death "the Nation has lost one of its wisest public servants and the State of Minnetota one of its most distinguished sons. The Senate, then, at 2-45, on motion of Allison, as an additional mark of respect for the memories of Senator Gear and Senator Davis, adjourned.

OPENING IN THE HOUSE. First Session Was Brilliant, but Not

Exciting.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.-The opening session in the House was brilliant, but not exciting. There were the usual throngs in the galleries and the usual display of floral pieces on the floor, but the proceedings were purety formal, con-sisting of the rapping to order by the Speaker, prayer by the chapiain, the rollcall of members, the appointment of the formal committee to wait on the Presi-dent, and the reception and the reading of the President's message. Despite the fact that a great Presidential campaign had concluded within a month, the best of feeling seemed to prevail between victors and vanquished. The reading of the message, which naturally was the featur-The reading of the of the day, occupied over two hours. It was listened to with respectful interest by both sides. The deaths of the late Representatives Daly, of New Jersey, and Hoffecker, of Delaware, and Senators Davis, of Minnesota, and Gear, of Iowa, were announced, and as a further mark of respect to their memory, the House adjourned until tomorrow.

When Speaker Handerson called the House to order at noon, the deaks of half the members were freighted with flowers from admiring friends or constituents, and the profusion of the floral pieces gave the hall more the appearance of a garden than a legislative assembly. The floral pieces were of infinite variety. Roses, carnations and chrysanthemums of every hue were made into every conceivable de-sign. The great proportion of the flowers were on the Republican side, and one could mark the geographical limits of the victorious party in the recent campaign by the floral area. Here and there, however, an admiring constituent had deposited a bunch of flowers on a desk on the Democratic side. They usually marked the seat of one who won a per sonal triumph. In the gallery, the wealth tion will have a capacity of 250 tons, but and beauty of the capital was present, it will be designed to increase that onpacity as occasion demands.

A rap with the gavel, and "The House."

will be in order," from Speaker Hender-son, commanded the assemblage on the floor and in the galleries to remain quiet, and then the blind chapiain delivered a prayer. In his invocation the chaplain referred feelingly to the deaths of the late Representatives Daly, of New Jersey, and Hoffecker, of Delawure, which occurred during the recess. The Speaker then directed the clerk to call the roll. As soon as the clerk been

The Speaker then directed the clerk to call the roll. As soon as the clerk began the conversation on the floor and in the galleries was resumed. The confusion became so great that the clerk could not hear the responses, and the Speaker was obliged several times to call for order. The Speaker announced that 25 members had responded to their names, a quorum, and the House was ready for business.

The following members-elect then appeared at the bar of the riouse and took the oath: Albert D. Shaw, who succeeds the oath: Albert D. Shaw, who succeeds the late Representative Chickering, of New York; Allen F. McDermott, who succeeds the late Representative Daly, of New Jersey: Walter C. Hoffecker, who succeeds the late Representative Hoffecker, of Delaware; Edward D. Morrill, who succeeds the late Representative Harmer, of Pennsylvania; William Richardson, who succeeds General Wheeler, of Alabama; W. S. Jackson, who succeeds Governor Smith, of Maryland; Samuel D. Woods, who succeeds Representative De Vries, of Californs.

Balley (Dem. Tex.) questioned the form

Balley (Dem. Tex.) questioned the form of the resignation of Representative Dol-liver. He said he doubted the right of a member to resign at a future fixed date. He said he would not raise the point for-maily, but merely called attention to it so that in future it could not be used as a precedent. Mr. Dolliver's realgnation. a precedent. Mr. Dolliver's resignation, he said, had been tendered to take effect December 1, so that Mr. Connor had been elected to fill the vacancy, which did not exist at the time of the election. He cited a court decision to show that a resignation to take effect at a future date was not a sectionation in track but simply. desire to press the matter, but desired the protest to be filed. The Speaker stat-ed that, inasmuch as objection has been made, Mr. Connor would step aside until

the protest has been disposed of.

The Speaker announced the appointment of Babcock (Rep. Wis.) on the committee of ways and means, to succeed Dolliver, Payne (Rep. N. Y.), Grosvenor (Rep. O). Richardson (Dem. Tenn.) were appointed to join the committee of the Senate to notify the President that Congress was in session and ready to receive any comnunleation from him. The clerk was also directed by resolution to notify the Senate that the House was ready to do

business.

After the adoption of these formal resolutions, the House, at 1 o'clock, took a recess until 2 o'clock, when the President's message was laid before the House, its reading was listened to attentively. The reading occupied two hours and ten minutes. There were no demonstrations during the reading, but as the clerk finished, there was a scattering round of applause on the Republican side. The deaths of Representatives Hoffecker The deaths of Representatives Hoffecker and Daiy, and Senators Gear and Davis were then announced, and after the adoption of resolutions of regret, the House, as a further mark of respect to the memory of the decount members, at \$120 F. M. adjourned.

SURRENDER OF BOLOMEN. MacArthur Reports the Affair Near Vignn, Northern Luson.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.-The War Department today received the following dispatch telling of the voluntary surrender of a large number of rebels to General

Santa Maria. (They) renounced insurrec-tion and swore allegiance to the United States. The oath was administered by the padre at the church with impressive religious ceremonies. General Young at-tributes the surrender to the President's re-election and vigorous prosecution of the war. Although no rives and deating a dered, this is important as indicating a the war. Although no rifles were surrenreaction among the people. . . ble columns Samar, Panay, co Twenty-eighth operations Regiment, United States Volunteer Infantry, MACARTHUR. to Mindonao.

TACOMA. Dec. 3.-The steamship Kintuck arrived today from Manila, via Nagasaki. The Kintuck will take here about 1800 tons of coal for her own consumption, and about 2500 tons of forage, for the cargo of several hundred Army mules to transported to the Philippines, cording to the statements of the Kintuck's officers, the Army reorganization bill, in-cluding the three-year extension of service, is reported to meet with small favor among the American officers in the Phil-ippines. Out of the S volunteer infantry regiments whose terms of service expire in June, the officers on the Kintuck state that not one will re-enlist, and that the will have to be recruited from

Supplies for Guam

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—The Navy Department has made arrangements to send a supply of lumber, nalls, etc., to Guam on the brig Spreckels, which will leave San Francisco the 5th or 5th inst. with naval stores for Manila. The material is for the purpose of repairing the dam-age done at Guam by the typhoon. The supplies are sent in response to a requisi-tion from Admiral Remey. Further sup-plies will be forwarded by the transport scheduled to leave the 15th inst,

Alaya Escaped the Typhoon. WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—Admiral Remey has informed the Navy Department of the movements of the General Alava, over which vessel some uneasiness had been felt, as it was thought she would encounter the Guam typhoon on her wi over from that Island to Cavite. The Ge eral Alava left Guam November 25 at arrived safely at Cavite yesterday with a detachment of marines and some of the

WASHINGTON, Dec. 1.—The following cablegram has been received at the Navy

Cavite, Dec. 2.-Bureau Navigation. Washington: Detachment of marines and some of Yosemite's officers have arrived by the General Alava, which left Guam on the 16th ult. Restoration work there progressing favorably. REMY."

Ingleside Track Sold.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 3.-As a resul of a meeting of prominent turfmen held today, Edward Corrigan, Joseph Ullman and their associates in the Western Turf Association have gold out their interests in the Ingleside track to the San Francisco Jockey Club

Subsidy Bill Will Displace Spooner Measure

THE SENATE CALENDAR

Hay-Pauncefote Treaty Will Receive Alternate Attention With the Shipping Bill-Morgan's Canal Bill.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.- The Republi-WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.—The Republi-can Senatorial committee on order of business this afternoon decided that the ship-subsidy bill should displace the Spooner Philippine bill as the unfinished business. It also considered at the same time the disposition of the Hay-Paunce-fote treaty, and decided that that ques-tion should receive alternate attention with the shipping bill. The arrangement provides that the shipping bill shall have provides that the shipping bill shall have preference, but that when no one is pre-pared to make a speech on it the Sen-ate shall go into executive session for sha consideration of the treaty.

In accordance with this understanding, Senator Frye, at the first opportunity tomorrow, will move to take up the bill, and if this motion prevails, as there is little doubt it will, the effect will be to displace the Spooner bill, which there is no disposition at this time to press. Sen-ator Frye probably will make a speech. It is not expected that any one other Senators will be prepared to proceed on the subsidy measure, and in that event Senator Lodge, of the committee on for-eign relations, who will have charge of the treaty, will move an executive session in order to consider the treaty. The arrangement further provides that if the Army bill reaches the Senate prior to the disposal of the shipping bill or the treaty. or either, both of these may be displaced mporarily in order to permit the promp-nsideration of that measure, which is nationed to be of more pressing imporance than either of the other questions The same undestanding prevalls regard-ing the appropriation bills. Senator Morgan's Nicaragua Canal bill

received some consideration at the hands of the committee on order of business. While no definite agreement was reached concerning it, the opinion was generally expressed that it should wait upon the Senate's action on the treaty. The members of the committee apparently consider that the ratification of the treaty is a necessary preliminary to the passage of the canal bill, and the present disposition is to contend for that order of precedents.

The committee also discussed the possibility of Democratic opposition to the subsidy bill. Some of the members who had talked with Democratic Senators expressed the opinion that there would be no effort to prevent this legislation by factional opposition, though they expect a numb. of speeches member it Senator Lodge was called into the conference for the purpose of consultation concerning the treaty. He stated that he would be prepared to proceed with it at any time, and that he was anxious to have it disposed of at as early a day as possible. disposed of at as early a day as possible.

WAR DEPARTMENT ESTIMATES.

mittee.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 1.—The Secretary of War forwarded today to the House committee on appropriations a comparative statement of the War Department washington: Two thousand one hundred and eighty Batipunan insurrectos came from the mountains and surrendered to General Samuel B. M. Young today at Santa Maria. (They) renounced insurrection and swore allegiance. 1902 amount to \$171,773,855. The appropriations for the present fiscal year amount to \$148,205,935. The estimates for public works, including rivers and harbors, forth-fications, etc., amounting to \$25,460,666, are \$182.26 more than the estimates for 1901, and \$24,710.851 more than the appropriations for the present fiscal year. This increase is accounted for by the fact that an aggregate sum of \$20,000,000 is included in the present estimates for river and harbor work, exclusive of continuing contract work for which no appropriation was made for the current fiscal year, and by an increase of \$2.233,000 in the estimate for gun and mortar batteries, and an in-crease of \$2.356,338 in the estimate for armament of fortifications

DEMOCRATIC CAUCUS. Diversity of Opinion as to Army

Legislation. WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—A caucus of the Democratic members of the House was held in the hall of the House at the close of the session today to consider the course to be taken on Army legislation. Representative Hay, of Virginia, a member of the military committee, explained the status of the Army bill proposed by retary Root, and urged the desirability of not legislating until the course of the Government as to the Philippines has been more definitely determined. He pro-

posed the following resolutions:
"Resolved, That it is the sense of this caucus that the law now in existence as to the Army be continued for two years, from July 1, 1990."

This led to extended discussion. Slay-

den of Texas, also of the military com-mittee, proposed to amend the time to one year. Jones of Virginia presented a substitute resolution expressing the opposition of the caucus to the Army reorganization bill submitted by the War Department. Representatives Richardson, Bailey, Carmack, Newlands, Cox and others made speeches, showing considerable di-versity of opinion as to what should be done. Hay finally withdrew his resolu-tion and the other propositions were not passed upon, the caucus adjourning with-out action.

The Conspiracy Bill.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 1.—Representative Littlefield, of Maine, of the judiciary committee of the House, today presented a favorable report on what is known as the "conspiracy" bill, limiting the use of restraining orders and injunctions in disrestraining orders and injunctions in dis-putes between employer and employe in places under Federal control. The report favors two changes in the bill. One strikes out the provision which would have the effect of excepting combination rade disputes from the operations of the Sherman anti-trust law. The other amends the bill so that it will not cover instances of threats to injure persons or property, business or occupation or overt acts of interference with the rights of

Reapportionment Bill. WASHINGTON, Dec. 2 .- The first bill of the session introduced in the House of Hepresentatives was by Representative good day Crumpacker, of Indiana, "making an apportionment of Representatives in Constant infactory,

gress under the last census." It provides an increase of membership from 357 to

The following states gain in represents tion: Arkansas, 1; Colorado, 1; California, 1; Connecticut, 1; Florida, 1; Illinois, 2; Massachusetts, 1; Minnesota, 1; Missouri, 1; New Jersey, 2; New York, 3; North Dakota, 1; Pennsylvania, 2; Texas, 2; Washington, 1; West Virginia, 1.
The following states lose: Kansas, 1; Louisiana, 2; Mississippl, 3; Nebraska, 1; North Carolina, 4; South Carolina, 3; Virginia, 4;

Sympathy for Kruger.

Virginia, L

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.-A resolution in behalt of ex-President Kruger was introduced in the House today by Represen tative Fitzgerald, of Massachusetts,

Whereas, The heroic struggle made by the Boer Republics to maintain their ex-istence has excited the sympathy of the whole world; therefore, be it "Resolved, That the efforts of Paul Kruge to obtain the assistance of the civilized nations of the world in securing peace and proper terms of settlement be-tween Great Britain and the Boer Republics is deserving of the praise and sympathy of the American people."

Army Reorganization Bill. WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—Secretary Root's bill for the reorganization of the Army was introduced today by Chairman Hull. 'I the House military committee, and immediately referred to that commit-tee. Work on the bill has been in progress and the measure is now practically com-pleted, and ready to be reported. The report probably will be made tomorrow, and Chairman Hull says he hoped to be-gin consideration of the measure within a day or two, certainly by Friday, with the expectation of it passing the House before the close of the present week.

War Revenue Bill.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—Chairman. Payne, of the ways and means committee, said today that no exact programme had been fixed as to the time of acting in committee on the bill reducing the war revenue or for considering the measure in the House. There has been some talk of a caucus, but it has not come to the attention of Mr. Payne that a caucus on the measure is desired, and there is some doubt as to whether one will be re

SUPREME COURT.

Kentucky Negro Coach Law Sustained.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3,-The Kentucky state law requiring railroad companies In that state to provide separate coaches for colored passengers was made the sub-ject of an opinion in the United States Supreme Court today, the case being that of the Chesapeake & Ohio Rallroad Com-pany vs. the State of Kentucky. It came to this court from the Kentucky Court of Appeals. The opinion was handed down-by Justice Brown, and the Kentucky court's judgment in favor of the state was affirmed. Justice Brown stated that the railroad company had attacked the statute on the ground that it was un-constitutional, in that it was an interconstitutional, in that it was an interference with the interatate commerce law.
Justice Harian, dissenting, stated that
his opinion is that the state law is an
interference with interstate commerce
and that the Kentucky Lerisiature has
no right to classify citizens in color in
railroad conches.

An opinion in the case of Fred Stearns,
County Auditor of Altkin County, Minnesota, vs. the State of Minnesota, was
handed down by Justice Brewer. The
case came to the court on error of the
Supreme Court of Minnesota. It was
brought up at the instance of certain
railroad companies and involved the ques-

rallroad companies and involved the ques-tion of whether real estate, belonging to them and not used in the operation of their roads, is subject to taxation according to its value or is exempted by vir-tue of a contract alleged to have been all property. The taxes of the St. Paul & Duluth Railway Company were immediately involved in this case. The case also included the question of the validity of the Minnesota state law of 1895, repealing the former contract law and year is tremendous. In the company seeking to separate the lands of rail-which he controls his investments are roads and their other property for purposes of taxation, still retaining the 3 has paid about \$45,000,000 in dividends the per cent tax on gross earnings. The effect of today's opinion is to hold the law of 1886 invalid. The opinion by Justice Brewer sustained the view that the The past year.' original legislation was in the nature of a contract which was binding and which could not be invalidated by the act of 1885 seeking to repeal it. This latter act. therefore, was pronounced repugnant to the Federal Constitution and void in this respect. Justices Harian, Gray, Brown, White and McKenna concurred in the re-sult, but did not agree with their col-

league as to the grounds on which the conclusion was reached.

The court rendered an opinion in the case of the Las Animas Land Grant Company vs. the United States, on appeal from the decision of the Court of Private Land Claims, refusing to take jurisdiction in the case on the ground that the grant had been disposed of by Congress prior to the enactment of the law creating the Court of Private Land Claims. Today's opinion affirmed that verdict. The claim opinion affirmed that verdict. The claim covers about 4,000,000 acres of land in Southeastern Colorado.

BOTH OFFICES TO CLOSE.

Union Pacific and Short Line to Withdraw From Portland.

OMAHA, Dec. &-It is definitely announced that both the Union Pacific and Oregon Short Line offices are to be withdrawn from O. R. & N. territory. Indeed, it is understood that the order has been given for both to cease so-liciting business at once and to wind up their affairs and close shop by Jan-

(Both Agent Lothrop, of the Union Pa-cific, and Agent Coman. of the Oregon Short Line, said yesterday they had re-ceived no official information that their respective offices would be withdrawn from Portland. It was not denied, however, that official notice was expected any day. The O. R. & N. will have much to do with the matter and it is regarded as probable that Traffic Manager Camp-bell, who is now in the East, will an-nounce the details of the impending change when he returns. He is expected home in about a week.)

The Schofield Floated. LONDON, Dec. 3.—The American ship George K. Schoffeld, of San Francisco, Captain Street, bound to Port Arthur, which, as before reported, was ashore

near Toi Salki, near the southern ex-tremity of the western end of Japan, has been floated. She will be towed to Naga-saki, where repairs will be made. The Canr's Condition. LIVADIA, Dec. 3.—The bulletin regarding the condition of Emperor Nicholas issued today says the Czar passed a very good day yesterday and slept well last night. This morning his condition is sat-

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

Only Member of the Oregon **Delegation Present**

SHOUP FOR CABINET PLACE

He Will Accept the Interior Portfolio if It Is Offered to Himanal and Ship Bills May Fail.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.-Representative Moooy was the only member of the Oregon delegation that answered to the roll-cult in either House of Congress today. This was somewhat disappointing to those anxious for the promotion of Oregon's interests. Representative Tongue arrived in the afternoon, but the committee on rivers and harbors, of which he has been a member, has been in sea-sion a week, and it is feared that Oreents have been neglected Eenator McBride also arby his absence. Eenator McBride also ar-rived in the afternoon. Senator Simon is not expected to be here until after the

Both Senators Foster and Turner were present from Washington, and Represen-tative Jones was in the House. Mr. Cushman is still detained in Iowa on acunt of illness, and will not arrive for

There was considerable earnest talk to-ay among Western Senators and Repre-entatives of urging Senator Shoup for ecretary of the Interior in the next Cabinet. It is stated by persons close to the Senator that he will be glad to accept this portfolio f it is offered him, al-though it was feared-heretofore that he would not accept a Cabinet position, but would return to Idaho and resume the practice of law. His legal experience and broad knowledge of land and Indian matters make Senator Shoup exceptionally well fitted for such a place. The senti-ment seems to prevail here that the West should be represented in the Cabinet, and

no one is more entitled to this honor than the retiring idaho Senator. The Wilson boom seems to have col-lapsed, Wilson himself now declaring that he would not take the office. The latest information from inside sources is to the effect that Secretary Hitchcock intends to retire from the Interior Department March 4.

Canal and Subsidy Bills,

It is evident that there is going to be a sharp contest between the Nicaragua Canai bill and the ship subsidy bill. The subsidy bill interests have already determined that the ultimate prospect, in case of such a fight, is that both will fail. The test will come Monday, when the friends of the shipping bill will endeavor to displace the special order that has been set for the consideration of the ca-

STANDARD OIL STOCK.

Yesterday's Advance Gives it a Market Value of Over \$800,000,000.

NEW YORK, Dec. 3.-The Mail and Ex-

ress says: "The Standard Oil Company's capital of \$100,000,000 now has a market value of over \$800,000,000. The stock is the second highest-priced industrial in the country. It was quoted today at Sio, an advance of 30. The rise in the price of Standard Oil made several years ago through legis-lation by the state and providing rail-road companies should pay 3 per cent on their gross earnings in lieu of taxes on all property. The taxes of the St. Paul points advance during the last fortnight. It is understood John D. Rockefeller owns 43 per cent of the capital of the company. The increase to his fortune during the

LONDON, Dec. 3.—The Pacific Cable Committee has accepted, on behalf of the Government of Great Britain, New South Wales, Queensland and New Zealand, the bid of the Telegraph Construction & Maintenance Company, to make and lay a cable from Vancouver to Queensiand and New Zealand, via Fanning, Fifi and Nor-folk Islands, for £1,755,600, the work to be finished by the end of 1902.

SUMMARY OF IMPORTANT NEWS.

Congress.

The short session of the Fifty-sixth Congress was successfully opened. Page 1. The ship subsidy bill will displace the Philip-pine bill. Page I. Hay-Pauncefote treaty will receive aits attention with the shipping bill. Page 1.

Moody was the only member of the Oregon delegation present. Page 1. Federal Government. The President's message is published in full. ienator Shoup is mentioned for Secretary of the Interior. Page 1.

Secretary Root's annual report covers a wide Page 2. Attorney-General Griggs files his annual report Page 8. Foreign. The British Parilament opened yesterday.

Kruger wept at Emperor William's refusal to meet him. Page 2. A report of the massacres in Shan Si are re-ceived. Page 2.

Domestic. Five men were killed by the blowing up of a power-house in Chicago. Page 2. in Castle testified at the Morrison trial,

Pacific Coast. Robbers blew up a Silverton, Or., bank yes-terday morning, but failed to get at the

terday morning, but terday morning, but cash. Page 10. we reversals and one affirmance came from the Oregon Supreme Court yesterday. drunken man was killed and his body de-ralled a beavy locomotive on the O. R. & N. Page 10.

salem, Or., re-elected its reform municipal ofnicers. Page 10. Commercial and Marine rement in the wheat markets. Page 11. Expected subsidy legislation booms Pacific Mall. Page 11.

Captain John W. Gage dead. Page 8. Largest marine boiler ever brought to Port-land. Page 8. Local.

Suit brought to break the will of "Jack" Hol-man. Page 5.

Skngway man tells of Alaska's legislative

eds. Puge 12.