

Morning



Oregonian.

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PORTLAND, OREGON, MONDAY, NOVEMBER 26, 1900.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

Bar Fixtures ...Newest Designs..**Billiard Tables** ...Pool Tables..**Billiard Supplies** ...and Repairs..**Bowling Alley**

...Supplies and Repairs..

ROTHCHILD BROS.

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PRICES REDUCED—THE MANUFACTURERS OF

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Announce greatly reduced prices on their makes of cameras. Prices on application.

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SEVENTH AND WASHINGTON STREETS, PORTLAND, OREGON
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PACKARD SHOE FOR MEN

KRAUSSE & PRINCE 87-89 FIRST ST.
Sample pairs delivered free by mail or express.

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Removing Mud From Rubbers
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Artista Photo Slips?

They are just what you want for Christmas photos.

REMEMBER—We are selling Premo, Poco, Cyclone and all Cameras at the reduced prices.

Prof. Duray, of the Nevers, Montreal Co., will demonstrate his latest improved photographic system on the manipulation of Velox Paper in our store Thursday evening, Nov. 22, 8 P.M.

Photographic Merchants,
Fourth and Washington Sts. **Woodard, Clarke & Co.**

THE PORTLAND



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AGAINST OUR EXPORTERS.

SENATOR DAVIS' CONDITION

Passed Comfortable Day, but Toward Evening Became Restless.

ST. PAUL, Nov. 26.—According to the reports from Senator Davis' house to-night, the patient passed a comfortable day. His delirium was a trifle less acute, and he was able to secure some sleep. The kidney trouble, however, does not yield to treatment. Toward evening the Senator became restless again, and Dr. Stone was called to the house. The doctor did not issue a bulletin during the day Sunday, so that any statement of the Senator's condition is unofficial.

Dr. Stone's midnight bulletin says:

"Senator Davis' condition is not materially changed. He rested better last night and slept more. His pulse, temperature and respiration are about the same as last report, except that the pulse is weaker."

Commissioner Wilson Very III.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—The condition of Commissioner Wilson is critical tonight. He is weaker than yesterday, but still retains consciousness.

Cement Mills to Form Combine.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Nov. 26.—The Courier-Journal tomorrow will say that the 14 cement mills located in the vicinity of this city and Jeffersonville, Ind., which supply the greater part of the United States, have in contemplation the formation of this combine.

Germany and Turkey at Odds.

CONSTITANTINOPLE, Nov. 26.—A difficulty has arisen between Germany and Turkey. The Ottoman Government objects to Germany using Farsan Island, in the Red Sea, as a coaling station, wishing to establish there a Turkish depot, which would be at all the powers. Germany, however, insists that she will not abandon the island.

Germany and Turkey at Odds.

CONSTITANTINOPLE, Nov. 26.—A difficulty has arisen between the Russian railroads and the Prussian Governmental railroads to carry into execution a project of the Russian Minister of Finance which will involve a discrimination against the exportation of American coal, cottonseed and machinery to Europe. By the terms of the proposed arrangements, according to United States Vice-Consul-General Hanauer, at Frankfurt, Germany, in a recent communication on this subject to the State Department, Germany is willing to carry Russian petroleum on her roads at a low figure, provided Russia will reduce her by giving low salinity rates for German freight. The press reports it has that this arrangement has been agreed upon and that freight schedules now are being made on this basis. The differential rates accorded by Russia comprise imports and manufactured goods as well as oil products.

Our American exporters would do well to examine closely into this matter," says Mr. Hanauer.

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FIGHT ON NEW LINES

But Maintain the Old Democratic Organization.

SENTIMENTS OF THE PARTY LEADERS

Defeat Could Not Have Been Avoided,
But It May Be Hereafter—
Interesting Letters.

The Oregonian has received additional answers to its recent letters to Democrats as to the suggested reorganization of the Democratic party. Appended will be found letters from such well-known party leaders as A. S. Bennett, John Burnett, E. R. Skipworth, Jefferson Myers, S. H. Hazard and John Welch, all of whom supported Bryan in the recent campaign. While all say the party is not in need of reorganization, some of them clearly state that it does want and have new issues and new leadership. The letters follow.

DEMOCRACY LOST ITS CHANCE,
It May Have New Leadership, But Not Reorganization

CORVALLIS, Ore., Nov. 27.—(To the Editor)—You letter of November 18, asking for my views on the question of the reorganization of the Democratic party is before me, and in answer thereto I have to say, that the term reorganization implies in this case that there is a disorganization of the party. One definition of reorganization is to make anew. To reorganize the Democratic party would be to make a new party. In my opinion, there is no application to political parties in this country, and there is no ground for invoking it now, except the defeat of the party in the last Presidential election, and that is not ground at all. When the Federal party ceased to exist, the Whig party took its place. When the Whig party ceased to exist, the Republican party took its place, the old organizations in each case furnishing a basis or nucleus for the new. When the Democratic party ceases to exist, a new party with a new name will take its place, but that time has not arrived yet. Its demise has been often predicted, but it is not dead, nor even sleepeth. There is no need of a resurrection or reorganization.

The Federal party opposed the War of '61, was made responsible for the Hartford convention, and received the sentence of death. The Whig party opposed the annexation of Texas and the war with Mexico, and received the same sentence. While many of the leaders of the Democratic party opposed the war for the preservation of the Union, Democratic platforms always announced the fact that they were in favor of the Union. If the rank and file of the party had opposed the war, it would have gone the same way. For myself I may be permitted to say that I was in favor of the Union. As a Democrat in favor of the Union, I am an active part in raising the first company in the regiment called for from Oregon by President Lincoln. The Democratic party was in favor of the Spanish War; but, strange as it may seem, failed to realize its importance or grasp the fruits of victory, thus departing from the teachings and principles and traditions of the party for 100 years. For that they have no right, but that does not call for reorganization. The party has been defeated before for a less offense.

In 1860 the Whig party elected Harrison. In 1860 the Whig party elected Harrison, with low cabinas, cockneys and hard cider. The defeat of the Democratic party was complete. Van Buren carried only seven states, and 60 electoral votes, out of 294. But four years afterwards, the Democrats swept the country under the banner of "Pork, Dallas and Texas; 54-40 or bust." The Democratic legislature.

In 1860 the Democratic party stood for a gold currency against the United States Bank and won. In 1864 the party stood for expansion and a war with Mexico to enforce it, and won. In 1860 it stood in the shoes of the old Whig party on these questions, and lost. Comment is unnecessary. Notwithstanding its late defeat, the Democratic party stands close to the hearts of the masses on the question of equal rights, all, special privileges to none, opposition to high tariffs and protective legislation.

Corporate power is the bane of the Republic, and the father of the trusts, and must be controlled. It has enabled a comparatively few corporations and individuals to pile up immense fortunes through friendly legislation. It has prevented the construction of the Nicaragua Canal, and threatens the country with a ship subsidy bill, a favorite few. It has forced the President into an inconsistent policy to the detriment of the regular Democrats, the Populist-Democrats and the Free-Silver Republican-Democrats.

Democracy would be as difficult a question, or perhaps greater, than a settlement at the present time of the entire Philippine and Chinese questions which are now pending before the American Congress. I don't know how you could possibly arrive at a result which would satisfy all the中国人民. I believe him to be a brave and pure statesman, and hope for no better President than he would make when we once more control the Government. I have much more which I could give you as reasons for our present defeat.

As to your third and last question—"Could the defeat of 1860 have been avoided?"—I think not. If the Democratic party had been in power the last four years the war with Spain would have been fought just the same, with our arms victorious as they now are. We would have had abundant crops, the family income and other things to 10 years older. I believe him to be a brave and pure statesman, and hope for no better President than he would make when we once more control the Government. I have much more which I could give you as reasons for our present defeat.

There are two opposing and enduring forces at work in our Government, and have been since its formation, one tending to centralization; the other to separation. In 1860 the extremists of the latter school rushed the country into a war, and the ship of state came near being wrecked on the Scylla of disunion. Since the close of the Civil War the tendency has been slowly but surely toward the centralized centralization. As the Republican party does foremost in saving the country from disunion, so it will be the Democratic party that will save it from the whirlpool of centralization that has engulfed all former republics, by its stern and unflinching advocacy of the doctrine of states' rights, and rule of the "common people."

In answer to your last interrogatory, "Do you think that the defeat of 1860 could have been avoided?" I answer Yes, by a declaration that the financial question had been settled by the Republican party adopting the gold-currency law of the Democratic administration of 1861 and the ratio of 16 to 1 established at the same time, and further enforcing said ratio by providing in the last Congress for colining 1,600,000 silver dollars per month at that ratio, and the like, bearing in mind the hind sight the best;" but he said the same thing substantially before the meeting of the Kansas City convention.

Commissioner Wilson Very III.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—The condition of Commissioner Wilson is critical tonight. He is weaker than yesterday, but still retains consciousness.

Cement Mills to Form Combine.

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Ohio Woollen Mills Destroyed.

TIFFIN, O., Nov. 26.—Fire destroyed the Ohio Woollen Mills. Loss \$100,000.

you ask me to give you my views on the present status of the Democratic party. As to your first question—"Is it in need of reorganization?" my reply is No. The party is well organized, with our best men in the lead. By reorganization we are to understand that Republicans and Democrats, such as Cleveland, Carlisle, Dickinson, Whitney and their kind, are to come to the front again. They are retired. All that is left for them to do is to be pensioned by the Republican party. Treat them kindly. They have done you much good. We have no further use for them, and soon they will understand this.

"As to your second question—"What

measures should be taken to bring success in 1860?—As far as the state and congressional elections are concerned, I have no suggestion to offer. We will continue to advocate government by the people and for the whole people, equal rights for all, and special privileges for none. This is sound Democratic doctrine, such as Jefferson promulgated. If these principles of government are to be put aside for government in the interest of a few, then we have started on the down-grade as a republic.

The great and glorious old Democratic party has been unfortunate in more ways

TERMS AGREED UPON

Final Session of Diplomatic Body in China.

GOVERNMENTS MUST NOW ACT

With Approval of Respective Powers, Negotiations With Peace Commissioners Will Commence.

PEKIN, Nov. 24.—The diplomatic body held a final meeting this morning, and agreed upon the terms of the preliminary truce to be signed by the Chinese and the Russian troops under General Ma and Admiral Ho between San Hu and Hunan, killing 20 Chinese and capturing six ammunition wagons.

Russia Will Retain Railway.

Express wires that the Russians are assuring the Chinese that the Amur massacres were really repugnant to the Russian officers, but were carried out under orders of Count von Waldsee.

Chinese Army Retiring.

LONDON, Nov. 25.—The Times has the following from its Shanghai correspondent:

Ten thousand Chinese, under Admiral Ho, are said to be retiring in the direction of Kalgan, before Colonel Tordz's expedition. It is said that the population is friendly and glad to be rid of Ho's soldiers.

Russia Will Retain Railway.

LONDON, Nov. 25.—Dr. Morrison, writing

A DOUBLE TRAGEDY

G. W. Traylor Killed Another, Then Himself.

DEED COMMITTED AT JACKSONVILLE

His Victim Was J. Hardenbrook, Who Met Death While Slept at Fireside of His Slayer.

JACKSONVILLE, Ore., Nov. 25.—There was a double tragedy here last night. G. W. Traylor shot and killed J. Hardenbrook and then ended his own life.

The facts developed before the Coroner's jury are as follows: G. W. Traylor had lived near Drain, Douglas County, for two years past. He arrived in this place with his wife, Miss Sarah L. Beeson, daughter of W. N. Beeson, of Clackamas County, came here with them. Mr. Hardenbrook had been paying his addresses to her, and it is understood they were engaged to be married.

Mr. Traylor objected to the marriage, and several times threatened to kill Mr. Hardenbrook. The day before the shooting, Traylor said Hardenbrook would not live till Sunday, though he gave his consent for him to come to the house to see Miss Beeson.

Last night, at 11 o'clock, Miss Beeson, Mr. Traylor and others were sitting around the stove when Mr. Traylor walked out on the porch to the house. A few moments later a ball came crashing through the window, and took effect in Mr. Hardenbrook's face about the left eye. He fell forward in his chair but was caught by Miss Beeson, and supponed until he could be sent to a hospital.

He lived an hour but never spoke. After investigation, Traylor ran to some old buildings 175 yards distant, and shortly after shots were heard. Upon investigation, it was found that he had shot himself twice, the first taking effect under the chin and tearing away part of the nose and face, and the second entering the head above the nose and carrying away the greater portion of this organ.

The man had never any dispute or personal trouble of any kind, and though Mr. Hardenbrook had been repeatedly warned of the threats, had been made a target, hit, but not able to hit them and seemed to feel in no danger. It developed during the examination that Mr. Traylor had not been sound in mind for the past year; that he saw strange visions, and was afflicted with loss of memory. No valid reason was alleged for his antipathy to Hardenbrook, and there appears to have been no animosity why he should have had any dislike for him.

The shooting was no doubt the result of homicidal insanity, as Mr. Traylor had declared only a short time since that rather than that Mr. Hardenbrook and Miss Beeson should marry, he would kill both of them. The above facts are in accordance with the verdict of the jury in their interest.

THE DEATH ROLL

John W. Hendrie, Philanthropist.

SOUTH BEACH, Calif., Nov. 25.—John W. Hendrie died at his home here today, aged 75 years. In 1854, he went West to seek his fortune and with a capital of \$100,000 entered into business in San Francisco, having as a partner H. M. Lockwood, of New York, with whom he continued to be associated in various enterprises for many years. On his return to California he was worth a considerable fortune, and returned East. His gifts to California institutions were lavish and numerous, his principal benefaction in San Francisco being \$15,000 to the Mercantile Library. In 1873, the same year, he left San Francisco for the Philippines, and subsequently to Siam and the provinces from Siam to the provinces and Governor orders them to cease the manufacture of modern arms and to revert to the old style of weapons, because modern arms have proved utterly useless against the foreigners."

FAVORABLE CONDITION.