TWO NEW CARDINALS

The Church in America to Be Honored.

RED HAT FOR MGR. CHAPELLE

The Other May Be Bestowed on Corrigan, Ireland or Martinelli.

NEW YORK, Nov. 22-A dispatch to e Herald from Rome says:
"A very strained condition of feeling exists between the Austrian representative of the Vatican and His Holiness. It concerns the coming distribution of cardinais' hats. The Austrian Government has of late been urging with much persistence of the been triging with made personal re-that the archbishop of Prague should re-ceive the coveted scarlet. The See of Prague is considered by Americans, for Americal and other reasons, to be ofpremier rank, and has been held by a succession of dignitaries of princely title. It is now occupied by Earln Scribnitz. The Pope, however, has just given a final decision, which is negative, on the ground the archbishop is too young.

"Furthermore, there are other disap-pointments in view. These will touch French aspirations, as the total number of cardinals' hats expected by the French church will not be granted. This last decision is due to the growing importance attached by His Holiness to the increas-Ing development of the Roman Catholic faith in the United States, in which country, in consequence, two new appointments of princes of the church have been "But Mr. Bryan is a great man, one of the amount of support which the Roman Catholic church in the United States is giving to the Holy See, as compared with other nations."

stp will be set going at a fast pace by this announcement that two red hats are to come to the United States. One solution of the ecclesiastical friction that has for years existed between the East and West used to be that both Arch-hishops Corrigan and Ireland should be raised by the sacred college and thus all rivalry equalized; but a new factor has appeared on the scene in the person of Archbishop Chapelle, of New Orienns, the delegate apostolic to Cuba, Porto Rico and the Philippines. This is a most important office, and as Monsignore Chapelle seems to be meeting its many require-ments successfully, he will no doubt re-ceive the customary reward of the red hat that Rome bestows on her successful

"This would dispose of one of the newly promised dignitaries. Then who is to get the other? Such a course would leave the old trouble unsolved. Both architishop Corrigan and Architshop Ireland have been in Rome this Summer, and both were received there with the highest hon-ors. Archbishop Corrigan made a report ors. Archbishop Corrigan made a report to the Pope of wonderful proaperity and progress in his diocese of New York. But this point is balanced by the high honors paid to Archbishop Irsiand in France and his undoubted repute as a force of even international weight.

"Another idea is the recently mooted topic of a carving deep resident in

topic of a cardinal de curia, or resident in Rome for the United States. He would be specially charged to look after the affairs of the church here. For this Monsignore Martineill, who will undoubtedly soon be made a cardinal, has been spoken of, but it is not thought he would do because he is really as Italian and and because he is really an Italian and not an American, though so long a resident

THE PAPAL CONSISTORY.

Appointments of the New American Cardinals Soon to Be Announced. WASHINGTON, Nov. 22 .- The approaching papal consistory at Rome is attracting much attention in the highest eccle-slastical circles of the Catholic church, owing to the growing impression that honors may be conferred upon one or more of the representatives of the church in America. Private advices received re-cently from sources close to the Vatican express the belief that Monsignore Martinelli, the present papal delegate to the United States, will be elected to the car-dinalate. This is entirely unofficial, and until the consistory assembles December 17 there can be nothing definite, but the sources of the information are such as to strengthen the belief that the appointment is under consideration and will be an-mounced at that time or soon thereafter. The name of Archbishop Chapelle, of the archdiocese of New Orleans and papa.

delegate to Cuba and to the Philipp is also being mentioned as a possible re-ciplent of the distinguished honors, ai-though this is not based on the advices from Rome heretofore alluded to. It is noted, however, that Archbishop Chapelle is expected to be in Rome at Christmas, time, about the time of the consistory, after having spent some time in the Phil ippines adjusting affairs relating to the church. His visit to Rome is understood to be for the purpose of making a report of his work as delegate to the new American acquisitions. In previous ru-mors concerning the bestownl of the red the name of Archbishop Ireland, of St. Paul, has figured, and there is a renewal of this comment now, as there is said to have been some recent movement In that direction.

NICARAGUA CANAL BILL. If it Ever Comes to a Vote in Senate, it Will Pass.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17 .- No one longe doubts that if the Nicaragua Canal bill ever comes to a vote it will pass. With that knowledge in mind, the friends of that knowledge in mind, the friends of the measure have determined to make the best possible fight in its behalf at the coming session, it having already passed the House, and it awaiting the ac-tion of the Senate, the date for its con-sideration being fixed December 19, at 2 o'clock. Under this special order, the bill will be considered every day at this hour until it is finally disposed of. It is a rather hard matter to see how the ememies of this great piece of legislaenemies of this great piece of legisla-tion can defeat it, especially if the friends of the bill work unitedly in its behalf. It is well recognized that to amend the bill as passed by the House would likely prove disastrous, and would be a most dangerous move in this short session, and on that account the friends of the bill will endeavor to prevent any amend-ment of the House bill. The bill in its present form consists of six sections, which may be briefly summarized as fol-

Section 1 authorizes the President to sequire from Costa Rica and Nicaragua control of the territory through which the canal will pass, from Greytown on the east coast to Breto on the west, and appropriates such sum as may be necessary to secure such control, no specific

amount being named.

Section 2 empowers the Secretary of War, when such control has been secured. to excavate and construct a canal of sufficient capacity and depth to accou vessels of the largest tonnage and great-est depth, with safe and commodious har-bors at the termini, and such provisions for defense as may be necessary for the safety and protection of said canal and

The third section provides for the necessary surveys.

Baction 4 directs the use of the Ban Juan River and Lake Nicaragua, wherever practicable. The fifth section authorizes the use of son why EVANS Ale by the canal by Costa Bica and Nicaragua to the lives of manking.

upon terms to be hereafter arranged.

The last section appropriates the sum of \$10,000,000 to begin the project, authorizes the Secretary of War to make contracts for excavation, material and construction, and limits the total cost to \$10,000,000.

\$19,00,000.

The objection will probably again be raised that the provision of this bill permitting fertification of the canal is in direct conflict with the provisions of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty, but it is not expected that the friends of the canal will allow this obstacle to balk them, and will get around the apparent hindrance in a clean and outright manner, so as to remove all fust criticism.

Whether or not the bill passes now seems to rest with the friends of the

seems to rest with the friends of the measure. They practically have it in their power to put the bill through. If it falls, it will be due to their own neglect or indifference. Never before was the chance so good of having a trans-isskmian canal, and a chance that has been sought so long should not be neglected when ripe.

JONES DROPS BRYAN.

Says He Will Not Be a Candidate for President Four Years Hence.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Nov. 22.—United States Senator James K. Jones, cnairman of the Democratic National Committee, spent the day in Little Rock, and left to-night for Washington. Before leaving, he

mild in an interview:
"The election result was a great surprise to all Democrats. All were so confident of success that the sweeping Republican victory came as a severe shock. Even on the evening of the day before election, reassuring telegrams came from lenders that New York was safe for Bryan, and from leaders in other pivotal states that the Democrats were sure to

"But Mr. Bryan is a great man, one of decided upon. This appointment of two the greatest in America today, and his additional American cardinals may cause influence will be felt for many years to jealousy, but it is only in accordance with come in American politics. He is a giant intelligence and simply indefatigable Catholic church in the United States is in the prosecution of a campaign. Whether the prosecution of a campaign whether the matiens."

Commenting on the above, the Herald is not probable that he will. It is more reasonable to presume that he would de-cline the nomination, even should it be line the nomination, even should it be ffered to him. "Reorganization! Oh! that's all non-

sense. There's nothing in it, and it will blow over in 30 days. It is participated in by those who deserted the party and gave aid and comfort to the enemy, and does not represent the strength or the spirit of the genuine Democracy. What they would do is to adopt all the policies of the Republican party and be Demo-crats only in name. But, granting that there is cause for so-called reorganization, who has the power within the party to do it now? Not the disgrantied dis-organizers who have raised the issues. If there is to be a reorganization of the National committee or platform, it cannot be done for four years, or until the next National convention. As to the is-sues, that must depend largely upon the National and international developments of the next four years. It may be laid down primarily, however, that the Democratic party will never vary from its es-tablished fundamentals, a strict construc-tion of the Constitution and unswerving adherence to its principles and econom

benefit of the governed. The sliver question may solve itself. Should the amount of gold produced be ample to maintain a sufficient volume of metallic money and insure the stability of prices, the silver question will be sub-ordinated, but should the supply fall short by the demands of trade, the silver question will be made prominent. The ques-tion of imperialism may also find a solu-tion outside the ballot-box. I believe the Supreme Court will decide against the Porto Rican law, and, should this be done, there will be a revulsion on the part of Republicans themselves against the retention of the Philippines. But just what the issues of 1906 will be, no one can pre-dict with any degree of certainty."

The Vote in Illinois. SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Nov. 22.-Following is the official vote of Illinois on President and Governor: President—McKinley, 597,586; Bryan, 501,-508; Woolley, pro, 17,585; Debs, soc dem,

Governor-Yates, rep. \$30,158; Alschuler, dem. 518,966; Barnes, pro, 15,618; Perry, soc dem. 8617.

Arkansas' Vote.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Nov. 22.-The official vote of Arkansas was announced today as follows: Bryan, \$1.142: McKinley 44 500 Barker 961: Woolley 509: Bills 60 Bryan's plurality, 38,442, against 72,591 in

Missouri's Vote for President. JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Nov. 21.—Missourt's official vote for President is: Bryan, 181,513; McKinley, 214,083; Barker, 424; Woolley, 5835; Debs. 6128; Maloney, 2141. Total vote, 683,635. Bryan's plurality, 37,530, against 58,727 in 1896,

CARTER'S HABBAS CORPSUS Henring in the Proceedings Will Begin This Morning.

LEAVENWORTH, Kan., Nov. 22 -- The hearing in the nabeaus corpus proceed-ings in the case of Oberlin M. Carter, late Captain of Engineers, U. S. A., will some up in the United States District Court in this city tomorrow morning. Judge Thayer, of St. Louis, will sit in the case. Captain Carter has made an effort to have the case heard without enort to have the case heard without having to appear in cours, desiring to avoid the guse of the curious crowd. This request has been denied. However, he will be spared the degradation of appearing in his prison uniform. Colonel John W. Clous, Judge Advocate of the military court, which tried and sentenced Carter, will be present to assist the United. Carter, will be present to assist the United States Attorney. Frank B. Biair, of Chi-cago, attorney for Carter, and General Grosvenor, of Washington, D. C., arrived today.

Population of Three States. WASHINGTON, Nov. 22.-The population of Missouri, as officially announced by the Census Bureau today, is \$,103,865, as against 1.579.134 in 1890, an increase of 427.481, or 15.5 per cent. The population in 1890 was 2,148,380, showing an increase of 510,804, or 21.3 per cent, from 1880 to 1890. The population of Buchanan Coun-ty is 121,888; of Jackson County, 185,128; St. Louis City, 575,228. The population of West Virginia is 958,-

500, as against 762,784 in 1830, an increase of 195,006, or 25.5 per cent. The population of Mississippi is 1,551,870, as against 1,289,500 in 1890, an increase of 261,670, or 20.2 per cent.

Chief of Engraving Bureau. WASHINGTON, Nov. 22.—Captain W. M. Meredith, of Illinois, has been ap-pointed chief of the Bureau of Engraving and Printing Captain Meredith served as chief of the Bureau of Printing and Engraving during the Harrison Admini-tration. He is a practical plate printer, and at present is in charge of the plate printing department of the Western Bank Note Company, of Chicago.

Tried to Sell a Code Book. LONDON, Nov. 22.—At the Old Balley today, F. F. Hodgkinson, an ex-British Vice-Consul at Bremerhaven, was sen-tenced to 13 months' penal servitude for trying to sell a Foreign Office code book to an agent of a foreign power

The best ale by reasons of its ingredients is substantially the essence of the green fields of nature. That is one rea son why EVANS Ale brings sunshine in

DENOUNCED THE

ENVOYS PROTEST AGAINST PRO-POSED REDUCTION OF PENALTY.

Nine of the Ministers Declare That Tung Fu Halan Must Be Punished.

LONDON, Nov. 21 .- "Nine of the foreign envoys," says the Pakin correspondent of the Morning Post, wiring resterday, "have written strong letters denouncing the punishment edict and declaring that

ould have consequences which the porties healthte to contemplate.

China Debate in the Reichstag. BERLIN, Nov. 22.—The speakers in the Reichsting today, during the debate on the Chinese policy of the government, excepting the Social Democrats, deciared themselves to be in general agreement with the policy of the government. Bavaria's representative in the federal council mid the federated governments all approved the Chinese policy last summer.

THE ASSOCIATED PRESS. Election of Directors and Officers in

New York.

the punishment ediet and declaring that Tung Fu Hsian must be punished. Dr. Von Mumm Von Schwarzenstein, the German Minister, has told Li Hung Chang that the fareign powers must themselves punish the gullty officials."

NOT REPORTED AT WASHINGTON.

No Word Prom Conger on the Pekin Impasse.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 22.—The State Department so far Fas heard nothing from Minister Conger respecting the "impasse" reported to have been reached by the foreign Ministers yesterday at Pekin. In fact, save a brief expression respecting the insufficiency of punishment proposed by the Chinese Government to be reached by the Chinese Government to be a specific or the Associated Press was held vesterday. As the balloting was very heavy the result was not known instead posterior for the Associated Press was held vesterday. As the balloting was very heavy the result was not known instead posterior for the Associated Press was held vesterday. As the balloting was very heavy the result was not known instead posterior for the Associated Press was held vesterday. As the balloting was very heavy the result was not known instead posterior for the Associated Press was held vesterday. As the balloting was very heavy the result was not known instead posterior for the Associated Press was held vesterday. As the balloting was very heavy the result was not known instead posterior for the Associated Press was held vesterday. As the balloting was held vesterday. As th

MGR. CHAPELLE



WHO MAY BE APPOINTED A CARDINAL.

Inflicted upon the responsible leaders of the Boxer movement, Mr. Conger has not communicated with the department for more than a week. Without taking issue with Mr. Conger respecting this matter of punishment, the State Department has carnestly advised him not to insist on impressions. Prank B. Noyrs. Washington Star, president: Clark Howell, Atlanta Constitution. ing the powers at Pekin cannot reach an upon Japan, and even some of the lesser powers represented at Pekin by Ministers might have great power in swaying the proceedings of the council. The impres-sion seems to be that if a majority of the Ministers, or even one of the repre-sentatives of the great powers withholds assent to the agreement, then the whole dertaking falls, and there must be either fresh negotiations directly between latter contingency having been provided for in the German-British agreement.

PUNISHMENT OF CHINESE.

Conger's Views Not Shared by the Administration.

NEW YORK, Nov. 22-According to a special from Washington to the Herald. Conger's dispatch to Secretary Hay, as-serting his belief that the punishment of iese leaders imposed by the decree issued by the Chinese Government is not adquate, is opposed to the opinion held by the President and Secretary of State. Another important development in the ituation is that Germany has proposed that as a condition to continuing the ne-gotiations, China be compelled to execute the Il Princes and officials alleged to be responsible for the Chinese cutrages, This condition is very distanteful to the Ad-ministration, which is expected to take steps to secure its modification. Mr. Conger's message was in response

to an inquiry from Secretary Hay, sent immediately after the presentation of the decree to this Government by Minister Wu. The Secretary cabled that the United States did not intend to pursue a poltcy of vengeance, but stated that because of Mr. Conger's experience, the President necessarily left in his hands the determination of whether the punishment im posed were adequate. Secretary Hay also urged him to take into full consideration the attitude of the Chinese and the abil-ity of the Imperial Government to carry out more severs sentences.

It is evident to the officials that the siege through which Mr. Conger and other Ministers went last Summer has angered them against the Chinese and caused them to be foremost in demanding blood explation. In the hope of deterring Mr. Conger from any ideas of yengeanes, W. W. Rockhill was sent to Pakin as his adviser. It is an open secret that the authorities would have preferred the ret-erence of the negotiations to a commis-sion formed of commissioners, three in number appointed by each power, but this plan falled of accomplishment,

The proposal of Germany that the con-tinuance of negotiations depend upon the execution of the Princes and officials thought responsible for the sutrages, is another form of the propositions sub-mitted to the Washington Government several weeks ago by Baron you Stern-berg, then German Charge d'Affaires Germany proposed at that time as condition precedent to negotiation the ender the "first and real perpetrators of the crimes committed against interna-tional law."

The response of the United States was that it could not join in a demand of this character; that China should be of this character; that China should be afforded an opportunity to punish the criminals, and that provision for their punishment should be made in the negotiations for a final settlement. The President is considering the new German proposal and he will probably decline to agrice to it, suggesting a modification that may lead to a satisfactory solution.

An official said that as some of the men condemned by the Ministers are powerful Princes and officials controlling Chinese forces, it is plain that unless the Im-

ness forces, it is plain that unless the Im-perial Government, desirous of carrying out the ultimatum of the foreign representatives, is able to acrost the culprits his party left Baracoa this morning for quickly, they are likely to combine in their own defense. The possibility is suggested that they might kill the Emperor. Such an act would be a signal for an anti-foreign outbreak all over China, and will develop the money if it falls to cure. Take Lazaliva Bromo-Quintos Tablets. An druggists refront the money if it falls to cure.

As interesting problem is suggested by Patterson, Rocky Mountain News Den-the possibility, which today is aimost a cr. Colo. second vice-president; Melville probability, that the Ministers representager: Charles S. Diehl, assistant secretar agreement. If Russia, France and the and assistant sceretary V. P. United Stares should record by the Brit-lab representative, much would depend Frank B. Noyes, Victor F. Lawson and upon Japan, and even some of the lesser Charles W. Knapp.

THE HORSE SHOW.

Yesterday's Attendance the Best of the Exhibition.

NEW YORK, Nov. 22.-Thursday and the home governments in the effort to agree upon new bases of action, or the powers must proceed to deal with the proved the banner days of past exhibits. Chinese situation singly or in groups, the as today's attendance was the largest of the exhibition. In the morning, hackneys occupied most of the time and the Shetland ponies and qualifie and the Shetland ponies and qualified hunters made a bid for second place. In the afternoon, harness horses, saddle horses, ponies in harness, roadsters to rigs, harness tandems, horses to victorias or cabriettes, stallions and qualified hunters were judged in the order named, and some magnificent animsis were brought out.

The programme for tonight was an at-

ractive one, embracing the novice har-ness class, in which such well-known horsemen as Frank J. Gould, Clarence Mackay, Albert C. Bostwick, Joseph E. Widener, Reginald Rives, Arnold Lawon and others had entered their best gramme, and this evening crowded the ringside with hundreds of roadster-lovers. C. K. Gilling's bay mare Lucille got the

Torpedo-Boats Launched.

BOSTON, Nov. 22.—The torpedo-boats Binkeley and De Long, which have been under construction at the works of George Lawley & Son, South Boston, were successfully launched today. Invitations for the double event called together a very large attendance of speciators and many distinguished guests. The Blakeley, who was born in Ireland in 1711, and who became famous as commander of the who was born in Freiand in 141, and who became famous as commander of the fighting ship Wasp in the War of 1811. Mrs. Sophie Laurie De Long Mills, of New York, christened the De Long, amid much cheering. She is a daughter of Lieutenant-Commander De Long, for whom the boat was named. The contract for the Blakeley and the De Long called for boats of 185 tons displacement, with a speed of \$\mathbb{B}\$ knots per hour.

Mrs. Creede's Allowance Denied. LOS ANGELES, Cal., Nov. 22.—Judge Shaw this morning denied a motion of Shaw this morning denied a motion of Mrs. Louisa N. Creede for a family al-lowance of \$250 a month from the estate. Mrs. Creede entered into a separation contract with Creede in consideration of a payment of \$50,000, made by him to her. The court, therefore, dehied any such a share in the estate.

Awarded to Wakefield. SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 21.—The Harbor Commission today awarded a contract to R. H. Wakefield, of Portland, Or., to build four new wherves and two ferry slips on the water front. Wakefield's bid was 1326,847.

Daily Treasury Statement. WASHINGTON, Nov. 21.-Today's Treasury statement shows: Available chah balances\$155,985,418

War Revenue Receipts. WASHINGTON, Nov. 22.—The receipts from the war revenue act for the first four months of the present fiscal year was \$15,558.965.

Secretary Root's Movements.

HAVANA, Nov. 22. Secretary Root and his party left Baracoa this morning for Puerto Principe,

COMPOSER. OF "MIKADO"

SUDDEN DEATH OF SIR ARTHUR SULLIVAN.

He Had Been Ailing Since He Returned From Switzerland in the " Middle of September.

LONDON, Nov. 22.-Str Arthur Sullivan, the famous musical composer, is dead. His death was very sudden, and occurred in his residence shortly after 3 o'clock this morning, when he was stricken with eart fallure. He expired in a few minutes. Sir Arthur had been ailing since he returned from Switzerland, in the middle of September. He caught a chill there, and his chest and lungs became affected. He took to his bed a formight ago, but was convalescing and aitting up in his bed just before he expired.

Sir Arthur was knighted by the Queen at Windsot in 1882. In 1897 he was deco-rated with the Victorian order, and be-fore that time had been honored by association with various eminent orders of continental Europe. The music on which the composer's permanent fame will rest are his oratorios and cantetas, which disclose genius of a lofty order. He is more widely known, however, by his light op-eras and his operetias, among which the most popular are "Pinafore," "Patience," most popular are "Pinatore," Patience, "The Mikado" and the "Pirantes of Penzance." Sir Arthur was 58 years old.

LONDON, Nov. 23.—Sir Arthur Sulfivan's death has a widely sympathetic interest for Englishmen, and the morning papers are filled with obituary notices, sketches and reminiscences. The Daily

News says:
"The death of no other contemporary man of genius could have awakened a more general and personal regret. Sir Arthur Sullivan holds a place in the Victorian era with Darwin and Tennyson."

This expresses the general feeling. Various opinions are given to his place in the musical pantheon, but the general verdict is that he has been England's most representative composer since Purcel".

The final scene calls for a brief descrip-The final scene calls for a brief descrip-tion During the morning his nurses no-ticed alarming symptoms and sent for the doctors, but the end came before they arrived. About 9 o'clock, after he had been chatting and taking his coffee, he suddenly sat up with the exclamation: "My heart! My heart!" He began to fa'nt and restoratives were applied, but he payer regaling conclusions. he never regained consciousness. The end came quickly and painlessly. It is said his father died in almost precisely the same way.

The body will be embalmed and interred

The body will be embained and interred in Brompton cemetery, unless a strong feeling should develop in the profession in favor of asking the dean to allow burial in Westminster Abbey, which might change the plans.

His projected opera for the Savoy is still unscored for orchestra.

THE CRISIS PAST. Improvement in the Condition of

Czar Nicholas. LONDON, Nov. 23.-Better news has been received as to the Emperor's condi-tion at Copenhagen. A courier has ar-rived with news that the doctors believe the crisls is past. Similar favorable in-telligence has reached Berlin. Grand Duke and Ducheas Sergius, who arrived in Vienna yesterday from Florence, were expected to start immediately for Liva-dia, but on receipt of favorable telegrama they decided to remain at the Austrian capital until Saturday, unless there should be an unexpected change for the Worse,

The Doctors' Bulletin. LIVADIA, Nov. 22.—The Casr passed a fairly good day. At 2 o'clock in the after-noon his temperature fell to 160.1 At 16 in the evening it had risen to 161.7; pulse, 68. During the night His Majesty slept a little. Early in the morning the patient's condition was good. His strength was also satisfactory. At 8 his temperature was 101.1; pulse, 72. Today's bulletin apparently indicates that the crisis is past,

Rumor of the Caar's Death. BRUSSELS, Nov. 22—A private tele-gram from Paris makes the assertion that the Cxar is dead. There is no confirma-tion from any other source.

LONDON, Nov. M .- The rumor of the Czar's death appears to be unfounded. Nothing to confirm it has been received at the Russian Embassies in Berlin and Parls, and the Embassy here has received nothing since the bulletin yesterday.

BULLER PRAISED HIS MEN. Denied the Stories of Ravishing Wo-

men in the Transvaal. LONDON, Nov. 22.—General Buller, in the course of a speech today at Exeter, on the occasion of a sword of honor being presented to him, said he had received a presented to him, said he had received a quantity of old iron sent by some German critics while he was trying to relieve Ladysmith. He added: "The laugh was on my side, because when the iron came I was inside Ladysmith." (There is an old saying in German, "He should be thrown upon the old iron heap," meaning that the person so Te-

ferred to is of no good. It may be pre-sumed that the sending of old iron to General Buller by his German critics had reference to this saying.)

Speaking this evening at a banquet in his honor. General Buller defended the British Army against the charges of rav-ishing women and of barbarous treatment of Boers, declaring that all were false. He said that in three cases of alleged assault upon women that were brought to his attention, two of the accused were Hottentota following the forces, and the second was a local Kaffir.

"No army ever behaved better," Sir Redvers said. "There is no doubt that the war has come to its crisis and induced severer treatment. But why is it so? Are the real patriots fighting for their country? The whole people whom we know as Boers have already surrendered or are prisoners or doing their level best to surrender. The people left in the field are either mercenaries or bandits." General Buller quoted an Orange River Colony Judge as saying that the moment when the men in the field ceased to be paid the war would end.

Brands' Boers Defeated. BLOEMPONTEIN, Nov. II.—The Boers under Brand were defeated November 13 at Baderspan, with heavy losses, the Lancers charging through the Boer line, doing deadly damage, as a number of ri-deriess borses demonstrated. Brand him-self was wounded, The British casual-

Expelled Germans Want Damages BERLIN, Nov. 21.-The Pan-German Association has taken up the cause of several hundred Germans who were ex-pelled from the Transvand by the British. It is announced that "it will force the ernment to make an energetic demand on Great Britain for adequate dam-

Steyn and Dewet. MASERU, Basutoland, Tuesday, Nov. 20.—Natives report that Steyn and Dewet, with 1000 men, traversed the British lines between Alexandria and Wardingham's store and attacked a British post, subsequently retiring by the roud to I wetsdorp, in the Orange River country.

NEWFOUNDLAND ELECTION. The Bondites Succeeded in Carrying

Sixteen Districts. ST. JOHNS, N. F., Nov. 21.—With the declaration today of the result of the poli in the St. Barbe district, the new Legis-

lature is completed. John Parsons, Liblature is completed. John Parsons, Lib-oral, was elected by a majority of EZ over Mr. Mott, his Tory opponent. The dis-trict want to the Tory candidate at the newtons election by a majority of 25. Mr. Bond has carried if districts, return-ing 17 members, securing withal an im-mense majority of the popular voter. Mr. Morine has carried two districts, return-ing four members.

Dividing the French Squadron. PARIS. Nov. 22.—The Admiral in com-mand of the French fleet in Chinese waters cables that he has divided his veswaters cables that he has divided his vessels into three squadrons, in accordance with instructions to make the best showing of the French flag. The first squadron will be stationed in the Gulf of Pei Chi I.4, which will be the base of operations, with a vessel at Nagasaki, and another at Che Foo. The second squadron will be stationed at Shanghai, its duty being the surveillance of the Yangtse Klang and its contiguous islands, and the coast as fat as Foo Chow. The third squadron will cover the coast from Foo Chew to the Tonquin frontier.

Webb Hayes' Assignment. WASHINGTON, Nov. Z.-It was announced at the War Department loday that Webb C. Hayes, son of ex-President Hayes, and late Lieutenant-Co. ted States Volunteers, having reported in person at the headquarters of the China relief expedition, Pekin, September S, was appointed a volunteer aide-de-camp on the staff of Major-General Chaffee, commanding the relief expedition.

The Italian Chamber. ROME, Nov. 22.-The Chamber of Deputies today resumed its isbors. The presi-dent of the House, Signor Villa highly sulogized the conduct of the Italian sol-diers in China, and the Minister of Marine, Vice-Admiral Morin, replied, thank-ing the president in behalf of the army and navy, and saying the Italian troops in China did their duty without particlpating in the excesses which they justly

Macedonian Plotters Sentenced. BUCHAREST, Nov. 22.-The trial of the Macedonian Bulgariana accused of par-ticipating in a plot to assassinate King Charles of Roumania, was concluded today. All were sentenced to hard labor for life in the salt mines or to long terms of imprisonment. The court also sentenced many others who were in default

Strike in Welsh Quarries. LONDON, Nov. 22-About 5000 men re-cently struck in the Penrhyn (Waise) quarries because the management refused to install a dismissed overlooker. Lord Penrhyn afterwards closed the quarries. Violence is expected, and troops were sent there several days ago.

Lord Roberts' Mishap. LONDON, Nov. 22.—The following dis-patch has been received at the War Office from Lord Roberts, dated Johannesburg; "My horse fell with me Sunday and bruised me somewhat. Am doing work. Hope to be about in a few days."

A Berlin Commissioner Absconds. BERLIN, Nov. 22 - During the trial to-day of the fich Berlin banker, Sternberg, who is accused of an offense against morality, the announcement was that Criminal Commissioner Thiel has ab-

Newspaper Gambling. LONDON, Nov. 22.-The Anti-Gambling League took out summons this afternoon against C. A. Pearson for publishing skill competitions in his weekly paper.

Ship Yards at Vladivostock. ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 21.—The Russian Government is planning ship yards for warships and merchantmen at Visdivostock.

STATE PRESS COMMENT.

When the Filipinos volunteer to serve under American officers and join in put-ting down the rebellion and in the cap-ture of Agulnaldo, as they have been doing lately, it is evident that the oppo-sition to American government in the Philippines is on its last legs .- Albany

There is danger that the Republicans in Congress will consider the result of the election an indorsement of extravagant appropriations, and will act accordingly. The surplus in the Treasury is a great temptation to the manipulators of jobs.-Baker City Democrat.

The importance of Portland as a shipnoting the difference between her ship-ments for the first month of this year and those of other leading cities of the United States. She shipped during the month 45,000 bushels more than New York and 500,000 bushels more than San Francisco. The shipments for the same time were six times as large as those from Puget Sound cities. In fact, her shipments were larger than sll the other Pacific ports combined.—Wallowa News.

There can be no excuse now for the continuation of the Philippine war. The Administration should vigorously push the war and subdue the Filipinos so thoroughly that another outbreak will not occur in the history of our new possessions.—Myrtle Point Enterprise.

On November 6 Oregon voted for Pacific Coast expansion. It voted for retention of the Philippines and the opening up of a vast and profitable trade with the Orient that will increase and develop every industry in Oregon and give to the farmers a better price for the products of the scil. The result of the election opened the door to Oregon's golden opportunity. What now remains to be done
is to choose a man for United States
Senator who will labor in the interest of
the state. What we must have is a man
of broad, comprehensive statesmanship,
a man who will have influence abroad as well as at home. One who can grappi with the problem of building up the gree and growing Pacific Coast and co a hearing in the Senate in our behalf. Of the men mentioned in this connection, Oregon has several who we believe would be equal to the emergency, and the com-ing session of the Legislature in making the sciencian should be careful to choose the man who can best carry out the eapress will of the state for establishing a mighty commerce with the far East and the construction of the Nicaragua Canai. These are Oregon's paramount issues just now, and the man who can best represent us along these lines is the man about all others that should be chosen as Unite States Senator.—Eugene Register.

Our Democratic contemporaries our Democratic Street S mon table sait of a tair quality to be per '800 pounds. 'This company.' are told, 'controls directly \$5 per cent the sait output of the country, and able to dominate the remaining 5 cent.' If this statement is true, he comes it that 'common table sait of fair quality' is at this writing, Novembly the statement of the property of the property of the property of the period of the 21, retailing in The Dalles for 65 cents hundred, and that the best quality table salt in the American market is talling at 11 20 per hundred, or 60 ces or a fo-pound sack? When our Demo-

CASTORIA For Infants and Children. The Kind You Have Always Bougi Bears the Chart Hutcher

Smash Your Mirror

You feel like it sometimes, don't you? It says, "My, but you are growing old fast." You know why: it's those gray hairs. Don't you know that Ayer's Hur Vigar would restore color to them, all the dark, rich color they used to have? It stops falling of the hair also, and makes the hair grow long and heavy.

If you do not obtain the benefit you dealer from use of the Visco, write the Doring about it. He will tell you just the right Ding todo, Address, Dr. J. C. AYRE, Lawell, Man.

ratic contemporaries essay to answer these questions, they will please romes ber the rule not all to speak at once-Dalles Chronicie.

BAD OUTLOOK FOR TAMMANY

No Issue to Win On, No Record to Appeal To. New York correspo

Appeal To.
New York correspondence St. Paul Pioneer
From.
Tammany politicians of high and low
degree admit in private that the outlook for the organization for the municipal control next year is not encouraging if they have to fight united effort. They have been left without an issue upon which they can appeal to the voters. Bryanism has been buried, and they can-not go into a municipal contest upon party questions, because all the issues in the so-called Democratic platform have

been reguliated at the polls.

Those Tammany politicians who some-times talk frankly in private admit that next year the organization will be on the defensive on every local issue. They can-not ciaim a low tax rate, because as-sessments have been increased and the slight reduction of the tax rate is not felt by property-owners. The rate next year will also be high unless there is an-other advance of assessments. The lend-ers cannot make an issue of economy in city expenses, because the budget has been largely increase each year since the present administration came into office. In brief, the city budget has jumped from the company to the city budget has jumped from the company to the co \$65,000,000 in 1998 to \$88,000,000 for 1908, abox the bulk of this increase goes for in-creases in salaries and for additional emcreases in saiaries and for additional em-ployes. Tammany will be forced to go before the public defending a policy of maintalining many useless offices and in-creasing salaries and wages in all de-partments. The present administration cannot claim credit for a single new public improvement. The pub-lic work pow going on is more-ly a continuance of the policy and plans of a former administration, and nearly every important improvement was nearly every important improvement was delayed more than a year by a squabble about the debt limit. The present administration has not inaugurated a single public improvement of any magnitude or importance, but on the contrary delayed rapid transit, the public library and the hall of records. Several times contrac-tors and citizens have been compelled to mandamus the Tammany municipal assembly to prevent a cessation of sary public work that was under con-

The Coming of November.

and the last sheaf been piled and whosled

The pheasants glean among the stubbles That walt the coming of the wintry pion

Memory sits and sighs, contrast with Now! Stripped is the fast straight hop-pole and the long Green loops of vine with clustering fruitage

crowned,
Lie in brown leaflers coils upon the ground, And Silence waits in vain for sound of shoot

In sylvan spaces o'er the dewy grass Creepeth the shadow of a coming grief, And now an scent falls, and now a leaf, The seeded sedges shiver and sigh, "Aissi Fruit like to flower, is dromed to perish and to pass,"

The last pale ross upon the gable gray, Pair, but funereal, decorates decay. The rounded apple reddens to its fall, And Autumn winds her mist, to weave the -Alfred Austin.

Profitable Convict Farms.

Louisville Commercial.

The penitentiary board of control of Mississippi has made its farming arrange. nents for another year, leasing the same plantations that were worked this year. These several big farms, all of which are in the delta, comprise 3550 acros of cleared, land, on which 750 convicts will be used. In addition to these, the state owns and farms 500 acres of its own land, on which 180 convicts will be amployed. Mississippi has found that farming with convict labor is profitable, the net revenues this season being estimated at at least \$100,000, and for that reason the last Legislature ap-propriated \$80,000 for the purchase of an-

other truct of not more than 12,000 acres, Army Bill Will Be Passed Early. PITTSBURG, Nov. 22.—Sensior Charles 7. Fairbanks, of Indians, who passed ough Pittsburg today, en route Washington, states that the bill providing for an increase in the regular Army will be passed shortly after Congress conthan 20,000 or 40,000. The ship subsidy bill will also receive favorable consideration and it is likely some definite action will be taken on the isthmian canal measure.

Keep Davis' Pain-Killer Handy.

Many forms of nervous debility in men yield to the use of Carter's Little Liver Pills. Valuable for nervous weakness, night sweats. Try them. No Gripe, Pain

Bold by all druggists. 25 cents

Or discomfort, no irritation of the in-testines—but gentle, prompt, thorough healthful cleansing, when you take Hood's Pills

Tutt's Pills Cure All Liver Ills.

Perfect Health. Keep the system in perfect orler by the occasional use of Tutt's Liver Pills. They regilate the bowels and produce

A Vigorous Body. For sick headache, malaria, bilousness, constipation and kindred diseases, an absolute cure TUTT'S Liver PILLS