CLERK STOLE \$201,000 FATE NOT IN DOUBT

Punishment of Boxer Leaders Made Known Officially.

IMPERIAL DECREES ARE ISSUED

14 Hung Chang Hands Them to French Minister at Pekin-Action Against Nobles Begun.

PARIS, Nov. 18 .- The following nd-

PARIES, Nov. 18.—The following ad-vices have been received from Pekin, dated November 17: "M. Pinchon, French Minister to Pekin, visited Li Hung Chang, who handed to him imperial decrees depriving Prince Tuan and Prince Ching of their itiles of noblity and direction that they be of nobility, and directing that they be imprisoned at Mukden until death. The decrees assert that Prince Ting has already been degraded and imprisoned; that Prince Lien has been ordered not to leave his palace, and that Duke Lin and Ying Nien, president of the Censorate, and others, have been degraded, and that Tu Hulen has been exiled.

"Another decree says it is impossible arrest General Tung Fu Hslang at present, because he is in possession of the troops, but that he will be punished Inter

The foregoing dispatch, with the excep tion of the reference to General Tung Fu Hsiang, corroborates the text of the cablegram from Director-General Sheng to Minister Wu at Washington, which was communicated to Secretary Hay last Friday.

# SCARCITY OF FOOD.

# Already Considerable Suffering in

Tien Tsin. TIEN TSIN, Oct. 20.-Numerous in-stances of robbery and mistreatment of Chinese by European soldiers have been reported to the authorities, and since the withdrawal of the American contingent of the military police of the walled city, lawieseness has increased. Much of it is laid at the door of recently arrived troons. but the Chinese fear of foreigners makes it practically impossible to get evidence against the perpetrators. The American coolle gangs have been robbed several times while returning at night to the na-tive oity, and they assert that the French soldiers did it. Now each gang durfies a small American fag, and as far as re-ported this has afforded them protec-

Within the past few days several com plaints have been made to the provisional city government that soldiers have openly looted Chinese houses into an inght, the Chinese police affording absolutely no protection against foreigners. According to Chinese reports, small bands of rob-bers have been committing depredations one involves the city, but so far no organized effort to suppress them has been made by the military authorities. In fact, the scarcity of troops available for such work, and the utter impossibility of ocating the guilty parties, make such a

task a formidable one. Business is rapidly reviving in the na-tive City of Tien Tain, but little new supplies are coming in, the demand for transportation being so great that the Chinese merchants are unable to secure vessels. The result is a scarcity of food, and the statement is made by raliable matives that there is already considerable suffering. The scarcity of fuel is becom-ing felt even smong Europeans, and there is little doubt that the Chinese will Buffer greatly with the silvent of cold weather, Realizing the conditions which must inevilably prevail when the rigorous north-ern Winter sets in, several American offi-cers quietly set on foot a movement to secure aid from the United States for the natives. A number of resident for-eigners were approached and immediately gave it their emphatic disapproval. They asserted at an informal conference that there would be little, if any, suffering, and intimated that it would be highly impolitic to insugurate a relief expedition at this time. Consequently, the propo-sition was dropped, but on every hand there is ample evidence that the Winter will bring suffering in the already overcrowded Chinese quarters. Hundreds of Chinese have been forced to take refuge in the city from the near-by villages, which were practically all destroyed, and they are taking possession of the ruins and repairing them as well as possible for shelter. Since the withdrawal of the ma-wines, and a part of the Fifteenth In-fantry, to police a large section of the walled town, the provisional government The United States is not now repre-sented in the military police. On Monday last the American garrison was with-drawn from the south arsenal, which was turned over to the provisional government practically intact. Only a few rifles were taken from the warehouses, commissioned officers being allowed to secure a few relics. The evacuation of the arsenal was reaction of the ensemble of the amenal was made the occasion for a little ceremony. Facing the main gate of the building, high on the brick wall, there has flown, since two days after the Japanese and Americans rushed the south gate, an American flag. It was the first blece of red, white and blue buning that ever waved from the old fortifications of the ancient city. At \$ o'clock, the garrison was drawn up under arms, the standard sounded by the bugie, and, as the com-mand presented arms, the flag came slowly down. The problem of placing sufficient supplies in Pokin for the large force which is to Winter there has afforded a fine test for the Quartermasters' and Commis-sary Departments of the various forces. In fact it has been a contest of methods and systems, and it is generally acknowledged that at present the Americans are abent. While supplies have been going steadly up country for the past two months, it was not until the order from Washing-ton directing the retention of the Ninth Infantry, the Third Squadrom of the Sixth Cavalry, and Light Battery F, of the Bixth Artillery, were received, that the Quartermaster's and Commissary Depart-ments were related to the state. systems, and it is generally acknowledged guinternames s and commary pepart-ments were able to properly judge the aituation. Preparations were begun im-mediately on receipt of these orders to equip adequately the Fekin force. Gen-eral Charles S. Humphrey, the Chief eral Charles S. Humphrey, the Chief Quartermaster, who recently arrived, im-mediately gathered an extensive fleet of junks and the work has been publed vigorously. The Commissary Department, in charge of Major Hugh L. Gallagher. has been rushing in supplies as fast as they can be got up from Tongku, and even at this early date, with probably six weeks of navigation left, it is felt that the Americans have the supply situation well in hand. Winter clothing in suffi-clent quantity for all pressing needs is now in Pekin, and tentage and camp stoves will be there in time for cold weather. The chief problem has been transportation. Every junk and lighter in the Pet Ho region has been pressed into service by the allies, and at the start the Americans were somewhat han-Quastermaster, who recently arrived, imstart the Americans were somewhat handisapped. This, however, has now been remedied. In the matter of animal trans-port, the United States contingent of the Chinese expeditionary force is conthe Chinese expeditionary force is con-sidered to be superior to any except per-haps the splendidly equipped Indian pack trains of the British. The big army wagon and large mules have been greatly admired by the officers of other forces, and the character and quantity of the American supplies have been much com-nilmented. The question of supplying the Pekin The question of supplying the Pekin that General Ma with 10,000 men, General and a strice of the sing with 3000 and General Tu with 5600 are marching toward the borders of the affords transportation as far as Tuog Chao, is falling rapidly, and river men any navigation will be extremely difficult after the middle of November, About De-gation will be entirely closed from Taku up. All transportation will then have to

be by pack and wagon trains, and there is apparently little chance that the rail-way will be completed this Winter. The failure of the Russians to restors the road beyond Yang Tsun has caused some severe criticism, and it has been openly reported that they did not desire the rail-way completed. The Americans have practically abandoned the railway for supply transportation. Considerable fric-tion has resulted from the Bussian meth-od of operation, and the service has of AS RESULT KENTUCKY BANK, IS od of operation, and the service has of late become so inadequate that little or no attempt has been made by any of the others to utilize the rail. The occupation of Shan Hai Kwan by

the British has releved the supply situ-ation considerably. With the restoration and operation of the railway there will be easy access to Then Tein all Winter, as Shan Hai Kwan is an open port. This also makes evaluable a fairly plentiful coal supply from Shan Tung on the line of the railway. The mines have not been injured and there is said to be a large ugntity of coal on the dumps ready for

iddition to the several military wires to Pekin a commercial line is now near-ing completion, and there will be no lack telegraph communication from the cap-Ital this Winter should the Legations renain there.

The German contingent, though superb-Is equipped in other respects, has been budly handicapped by lack of animal transportation. For some time foraging parties have been scouring the region around Tien Thin for mules and ponies and carts, and the result has been father an unmilitary looking aggregation of mules, donkeys, shaggy little ponles and naive vehicles, contrasting curiously with the smart and otherwise almost perfect equipment of the force.

IMPERIAL TROOPS ACTIVE.

### At Least Making a Show of Punishing and Dispersing Boxers.

TIEN TSIN, Oot. 21 .- Reports from all tions in Chihll Province Indicate that directions in Chihil Province indicate that the imperial troops are at least making a show of punishing and disparsing the Boxers. It is said in reliable Chiness circles that this movement, which was promised by Li Hung Chang on his re-turn from the south, would assume larger and more general preportions if the au-thorities were sure of security from at-tacks on imperial troops from the allied forces. This fear was weld grounded, as was shown by the reported attack of a was shown by the reported attack of a body of French on an imperial force of 2000 troops, which were operating to the south in the direction of Pao Ting Fu. As cabled the Associated Press, the An As choiced the Amounteen from the British column of the Pao Ting Fu ex-pedition, commanded by General Lorne-Campbell, found a small body of impa-Campbell, found a small body of impa-rial troops at Wen Au Heien, about 50 miles southwest of here. These men or being interrogated asserted that they had been sent out from Pachon to disperse the Boxers, and had severely punianed several villages and killed more than 200 Boxers. While returning to Pachon they met a column of French, who fired upon them and dispersed them. General Camp-bell took their arms and horses and re-

bell took their arms and horses and released them. At a number of villages, scouting parties have found the heads scouting parties have found the nears of Boxors on the walk. Advices from Ping Tu state that 5000 men of Yuan's force have killed a large number of Boxers, and there is scarcely a market town but whose walls are adorned with the ghasily evidences of punishment. At Fing Tu City, it is stated that among the victims of Yuan's troops were a number of mere lads, whom the soldlers tried to spare. Their fanalicism, however, led them to resist the troops. however, led them to resist the troops and they were put to death. Repeated and they prove the earnestness of the Chi-ness authorities in this direction are hav-ing an effect, and there is rather general belief that if some assurance could be beiner that is some assurance could be obtained that the imperial troops will not suffer molestation by the allies thay are among able to quell any local disturb-ances in the north. Tuan's troops have also been active in Southwest Wu Ting Fu, where it is said that early in the Summer an entire community of native Christians, numbering about 120 persons, were massacred by Bozers. Yuan dis-patched a force to that region-recently. and it is reported they engaged the per-petrators of the outrage, killing 70 of them.

RUMORS OF SPRING EXPEDITION. In Event of Pallure of Peace Nego-

CLOSED. He Has Been Missing Several Days and Is Likely Out of Country-Informer Was a Woman.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 19 .- United States CINCINNATI, Nov. 19.-United States Bank Examiner Tucker today took pos-session of the German National Bank at Newport, Ky., and posted a notice that the bank would remain closed pending an examination. He also announced unof-ficially that Frank M. Brown, the asilat-ant cashier, was missing and that a par-tial investigation showed that he was short about 200,000. Brown, who is the son of Paris C.

short about 200,000. Brown, ex-Mayor of Newport, and one of Brown, ex-Mayor of Newport, and one of the leading business men of Cinclinati, has been with the bank for 18 years and was one of its most trasted men. Ex-perts state that his operations extend wars a sected of iss years. He left on a over a period of tan years. He left on a vacation last Wednesday, and is sup-posed to be out of the country. It is generally believed that he has taken with

him a considerable amount of money. Brown, it is slieged, has lived a fast life, with wine, women and gambling in his reperiore. His career was cut short by a jealous woman, who made his do-ings known to the bank's officiala. by a period woman, who make make an our inge known to the bank's official. Brown's alleged shortage had been ru-mored for some time, but the bank of-ficials and directors have repeatedly de-clared that his accounts were correct and

that everything was all right. The wildest scenes were witnessed in Newport today when Examiner Tucker's announcement was made public, and sericus trouble is expected tomorrow. The capital stock of the bank is only \$100,000. Brown's shorrage is double that amount, and more than the reserve

and all the assets, including the bank's real estats. He must have gone the full limit for a small bank. For two weeks there have been rumors

that Brown was short, and some depositors withdrew their accounts. Three Itors withdrew their accounts. Three weeks ago the bank examiners made a good statement, and the officers and di-rectors allayed suspicion by referring to this report and to their last statement. Last Wednesday, Brown left the city and it was announced that he had gone on a vacation. He did get a ticket for Odin, III., but it is learned now that he did not so there and it is scatterily believed that go there, and it is generally believed that he is out of the country with plenty of

more about Brown were false. They con-tinued making these statements to the press as inte as last night, but the statements were not accepted by the Commen cial-Tribune, which exposed his alleged shortage, and caused a panic in Newport today, so that the bank had to be taken in charge by the examiner.

in charge by the examiner. Brown, who is a widower, visited Yel-lowstone Park Inst Summer. A certain Cincinnati woman wästed to accompany him, but this was denied her. When sho ascertained soon afterward that another woman was with Brown on his Western trip, the woman gave the bank officials information that brought about a crisis. The only farewell letter that Brown is known to have left was to this woman whose apartments are on Ninth street in Cincinnati, and in this letter he admits that he had secured about all that he could get, and the time had come to say forewell. Brown was a great poker played. The limit, it is said, was nover too high, and he has been a plunger on home races for years His bets on the races, it is alleged, were frequently too high for the poolrooms in Covington, Ky

and he had brokers in both Chicago and New York. The officers of the German National Bank are wealthy and responsible men and they will be able to make the losses

and they will be able to make the towner good. Among the directors is Paris C. Brown, the father of the defaulting man, who is known from Pitisburg to New Orleans as the head of the stores for boat supplies. The eachier of this bank

THE MORNING OREGONIAN, MONDAY, NOVEMBER 19, 1900.

mediately. His family informed the offi-cers, who had previously been notified of the affair, that he had accidentially shot imself while loading the gun. The na-ture of the wounds and the report of the neighbors that the family had quarrelled frequently with the duad mas, led to the detention of the son. Young Alexander, it is stated, admitted in his confession that the killing had been planned delib-erately, and that he fired the faist shot as his father appeared suddenly around the corner of the house. Alexander was well to do, owning valuable farm lands in the vicinity of Corning.

REMAINS OF LIMON FIEND. Buried by Coroner Where He Met His

Herrible Death: LIMON, Colo., Nov. 12.—After being no-tified that some fragments of bones of a human being had been found on the prairie near this town, Coroner Brown and a jury summoned by him gathered up the scarcely visible "remains" of John Porter, the negro who was burned to death on Friday night, and buried them in a small box at the scene of the trag-edy. The jurors signed a verdict to the effect that the remains were those of John Porter, and that "the death was at the hands of partice unknown." Horrible Death. hands of parties unknown.

ESCAPED CONVICTS SURROUNDED. Posse Will Probably Starvo Them

Out. LEAVENWORTH, Kan., Nov. 18 .- The escaped convicts, Cravens and Estelle, were today surrounded in the hills a mile from Brighton, having escaped from the barn burned by the posse. The place is rough, and well adaptes to screen the convicts, and as they are well armed, the posse will probably starve them out, and

not try to force a surrender. The officers are sure that one of the mon is badly wounded, as a result of the first day's fusillade.

## Aftermath of Paris Tragedy.

PARIS. Nov. 18,-Saturday's tragedy, the killing of Countess de Cornuller by her husband, was the topic of conversa-tion teday at the club and in social circles generally. Count de Cornulier's po-sition prior to his marriage was rather humble, and after his separation from the Counters he lived in a small apartment in the Latin quarter, and evidently main-tained himself on a very moderate in-come. The Countess, on the other hand, lived in fine style, and it was evident that his changed domestic conditions, especially as contrasted with those of the Countess, greatly depressed him. The statement by M. Leroux, the advocate at whose apartments the Countess was shot, that she had placed her affairs in his hands at the suggestion of her father, Count de Vienney, is corroborated by the latter, who emphatically denies that there was any improper connection whatever in the relations existing between his daughter and her legal representative.

Both Husband and Money Missing. DETROIT, Nov. 18 .- Miss Hattle E. Nor-ton, of Detroit, was married to Charles R. Holmes, of San Francisco, in Wind-sor, Ont. Saturday evening. Late this ovening Mrs. Holmes raised an alarm in the Manning Hotel and sent messengers looking for her husband. He could not be found. Then she examined the lining of hir skirt, where she had secreted \$700. The money was missing. Mrs. Holmes said she had known her husband but two weeks, having become acquainted with him through a matrimonial paper. A phy-sician who called to attend her said she was under the influence of a drug. Mrs. Holmes says she drew the money from the bank at the suggestion of Holmes.

VAN WYCK AND ICE TRUST Governor Roosevelt Defines the

Questions at Issue-ALBANY, N. Y., Nov. 18. - Governor Roosevelt has prepared the following memorandum of the charges against Mayor Van Wyck, of New York City, in

the loc-trust matter: "There are three wholly distinct sides to this matter. In the first place, there is the general question whether the Ameri-can Ice Company, dealing, as it does, in a necessity of life to the poor people of New York was one into which it was proper for a public-satisfied man to acts. the ice-trust matter: tintions in China. LONDON Nov. 18.—"It is rumored," is also the paying teller, and Brown re-ing Post, "that a Spring expediton to Shan Pu is already being discussed as the outcome of the probable failure of the peace negotiations. Even if Prince Tuan and Prince Ching are sent from the pres-ent seat of the Chinese court, Emperor Swanz Hau is still helpiess, as he iacks the aid of a strong and progressive ad-

CONDITIONS IN HAWAII GOVERNOR DOLE SUBMITS HIS AN-NUAL REPORT. Good Change in Citizenship of Islands May Be Expected as Resuit of Annexation.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 18 .- The decrease WABHINGTON, Nor. is - the detailing of the Hawaiian race has been staadlif, growing less rapidly for the past several decades, especially the female population, according to the annual report of ex-President Sanferd B. Dole, Governor of

Hawall. The increase of part Hawailans tends to keep down the number of purs Hawailans. While the figures show race progress, the census report as to surviving children are discouraging. In both the census of 1890 and 1896 the pure Hawallan percentage of survivors was the lowest of all nationalities represented in the islands.

An encouraging outlook for the Hawail-ans exists in the fact that out of 5227 owners of real estate in 1896, 3995 were pure Hawalians and 72 part Hawalians. The facts are significant as abowing the ewnership of homes hy so large a num-ber of pure Hawailans and the evident tendency of the race to acquire homesteads.

The ex-President reports that there is reason to expect that annexation is going to influence Hawalian character very faverably through the changed condition effected. Their old dopendence on their chiefs has ceased, and they are forced to rely more upon themselves, and their footing with the white man in the future will be equal. The principal privileges they enjoy in common with other Ameri-can citizens, he says, will tend to edu-cate them in public affairs.

The total valuation of real and personal property in Hawaii subject to ad valorem assessment in ,1900 is \$97,491,584. The re-celpts from taxes are estimated at \$1,381,-650. The commerce of Hawall is shown

550. The commerce of Hawall is shown for the period between January 1 and June 14, 1900, as follows: Imports, \$10,633,515: exports, \$14,404,405; customs revenues, \$507,507. With the exception of the production of sugar, rice, firewood and livestock, and the promotion of irrigation, the development of the natural resources of the Hawalian Islands is stated to have senergible harm. cisco.

stated to have scarcely begun. Recommendations are submitted for leg-laiation thoroughly revising the Hawsiian corporation laws, in view of some deficient cles and questionable features in the same, and new conditions since annexa-tion: legislation for appointment of vari-ous commissioners for the protection of food fishes; provision for education of children unable to pass the required modical examinations; for irrigation legisla-tion, and for a general municipal system. The report says the present aggregate area of public lands is approximately 1,713,713 acres, valued at \$3,569,600.

# NOTE OF THE POWERS.

### Circumstances That Point to Its Early Completion.

PEKIN, Nov. 18-The belief that the note of the powers to the Chinese Com-missioners, Prince Ching and Li Hung Chang, will be completed soon is strength-ened by the results of the recent informai conferences of the Ministers of the powers. Mr. Conger, the United States Minister, said to a correspondent of the Associated Press:

"The situation is apparently very fa-vorable to the early beginning of nego-tiations for a preliminary settlement. I believe that the next meeting of the for

believe that the next maching of the for-eign envoys will virtually settle all points of difference between the representatives of the powers, who will lose no time in presenting the demands. "What the result will be it is impos-sible to foretell. Events have placed China in a very critical position. Wheth-or she will be able to preserve her in-tegrity and to save her trade relations with the rest of the world will depend upon what the powers demand in the final upon what the powers demand in the final settlement, and upon her willingness to accept promptly the conditions proposed. "It is quite unlikely, if not impossible, that the Chinese court will return to Pekin before next Spring, but I do not This is, of course, not a question for legal action in any shape or form. More-over, it is unnecessary to point out that Commissioners, as they are in telegraphic communication with the court." Millitary operations are virtually at a standatili. The German and Italian ex-

there are about a score of other creditors holding claims amounting to \$50 to \$5000. These slaims, Mr. Carley says, are the result of a venture in the South several years ago, in which he lost \$1,500,000. While Mr. Carley was abroad recently one of his clerks acquainted some of the judgment creditors with the fact that about \$400,000 had been placed with certain brokers for investment. Believing that to be Mr. Carley's money, the creditors began to Carley's money, the creditors began to force payment of the judgments, placing staachments on the money, and as a re-sult, he concluded to take advantage of the bankruptcy laws in the interest of all his creditors. Mr. Carley in an inter-view biames certain Wall-street men for forcing him in financial matters, and says he will soon make an expose.

RUSSIAN-ASIATIC TRADE.

American Products in Great Favor

With Russians and Siberians. NEW YORK, Nov. 18 -- William M. Bunker, honorary commissioner of foreign commerce of the San Francisco Chamber of Commerce, arrived today on the Um-bria with his wife. He had a 5.000-mile N. Y. trip through Siberia and Europe, with-out the slightest accident, and never missed a connection. Mrs. Bunker is the first lady of foreign birth who crossed

the Russian Empire from east to weat. Mr. Bunker said tonight: "In Europe I made a study of the conditions bearing upon the Russian Asiatic ditions bearing upon the Russian Asiatic trade. My conclusions are entirely in fa-vor of the United States, and especially the Pacific Coast. The trans-Siberian Railway has given this country a large market for foodstuffs and other supplies, and this market will keep pace with the increasing colonisation of Eastern Siberia. Aithough the railway has been running as far as Irkutak for over two years, the countries of Europe, aside from Russia, have not benefited by the new transporhave not benefited by the new transporfacilities. At the same time, the

Russian-Astatic traie of the United States has stoadly increased. "Americans and American products are popular with the Russlans and Siberians. American are almost invariably given the preference in trade affairs. As far as I can see the Pacific Coast is destined to be the biggest beneficiary of Siberian

dustrial development." Mr. Bunker will remain a short time Mr. in this city and then start for San Fran-

FOR NEW REFORM PARTY.

Gist of an Address to Bryan Force of Country.

BOSTON, Nov. 18 .- An address headed to the "Reform Forces of the Country" has been issued by George F. Washburn. president of the Bryan Club of Massa-chusetts and the National committeeman chusetts and the National committeeman of the Peoples party in which he says: "The campaign of 1900 was a contest of conscience against capital. It was the greatest struggle for human rights since the days of Jackson or Lincoln. The re-election of McKinley was a victory for Imperialism and the trusts. But our grand reform movement will roll on to utilimest victory.

iltimate victory.

"It is beyond the range of human proba-bility that Mr. Bryan will again become the candidate of the Democratic party. But he can lead to victory a new party

But he can lead to victory a new party conducted on safe and conservative, yet progressive, lines. Therefore, to main-tain our present momentum a new party must be formed. We must have a com-plete reunion of reform forces. This can be accomplished by uniting the Bryan Democrats. Beyan Republicans. Populists and other smaller bodies to be lead by th-man of the hour, whoever he may be. I believe that had such a party been formed four wars ago Bryan would have tribeneve that and such a party deen to new four years ago Bryan would have tri-umphed this time. Accordingly, I pro-pose that at an early date we have a conference of the parties referred to in the central part of the country for the purpose of effecting an immediate under-

tanding that we may begin the organisation of a new party.

PULLMAN ORDINARY SLEEP-ERS.

ACT TODAY A great deal of the first-class travel now-a-days is being done in the Fullman ordinary eleeping cars. These cars are equal, if not superior, to the first-class cars of a few years ago. They are up-holstored in plush, finished in pollshed hard woods, have the same convenience or the drawing complement and in a surry Because this offer will be held open only for a limited time as I want to favor the many sufferers who can not afford to pay more for a firstclass electrical appliance such as the Sanden Is.



WERE BURNED TO DEATH

FOUR MEN LOST LIVES IN PENNSYL-VANIA HOTEL FIRE.

Thirty Guests Had Very Marrow Escapes-Blase Due to Overpressure of Natural Gas.

OSWAYO, Pa., Nov. 18.-Four men were burned to death today in a firs that de-stroyed the McGonigal House, a threestory frame building, and the opera-house adjoining, and several overs were in-jured. The buildings were burned to the Jured. ground in half an hour's time. The dead: Arthur Flstcher, bookkeeper for the Pennsylvania Stave Company: Michael Russell, employe of the Petnsylvania Tan-ning Company; William Hulsaney, Rox-ford, N. Y.; Hugh Juneson, of Alfred,

Otto Kauley, a gas line walker of Coudersport, Pa., was burned about the face and arms, and Jerry Balley sustained a broken shoulder by jumping from the third-story of the hotel. One man had a leg broken, and severat others received minor injuries, and slight burns, in mak-

ing their exist from the hotel, The fire originated in the MoGonigal House, from an overpressure of natural gan. There were 30 people in the hotel, which was a filmsy structure, and the finmes licked up the building as if it were linder.

There were many narrow escapes, most There were many harrow escape, most of the occupants jumping from the win-dows. The town has no fire protection. The tannery employes connected a line of hose to the burning building, but on ac-count of trouble with the pump, there was considerable delay in getting a stream in the fire, and the finmes got beyond control. Nothing remains of the four dead but a few charred bones. The property loss is insignificant.

Insurgents March Against Panama, KINGSTON, Jamaica, Nov. 13 .- The British steamer Atrato arrived here tofrom Colon. Captain Copp reports that the insurgents had gained several important victories during the fortnight that preceded his departure, and that when he left Colon they were marching in force against Fanama, where the stores had been closed in momentary ex-pectation of an attack.

Illinois Mill Resumes Operation.

JOLIET, Ill., Nov. 18 .- The billet mill and convertor of the Hinois Steel Works and convertor of the links star a three resumed operations tonight, after a three weeks' shut-down. About 1000 men were affected

The Non-Irritating Cathartic

Easy to take, easy to operate-

Hood's Pills Cut Out This Adv.

Enclose It to Me With TEN DOLLARS

And I will farnish you my highest power belt all complete by mail, without any further payments to be made. I positively guarantee it to be superior to any other belt offered you by others and for which they ask \$40.

and Frince thing are sent from the press ent seat of the Chinese court, Emperor Kwang Hau is still helpies, as he tacks the aid of a strong and progressive ad-viser, all such officials having been be-bended headed.

"General Tung Fu Hslang, Master of the Military Forces, is dreaded even by the First National Bank of Newport Empress Dowaget. The new Cabinet Youtsey, and now with the German Minister, Lu Chuan Lin, is reputed to be partier Yours of Newport has but one bank left another Yang Yi, There is danger there-fore that the terms accepted by the Chi-nese Commissioners in Pakin will be retected at Sian Fit.

Jected at Stan Fu. "Should the court prepare for further resistance, it would be necessary for the allies to declare war. The United States and Russia would probably refuse to take part in such measures. "Since the occupation of Pekin the Ger-man Commander has they more than 100

"Since the occupation of Pekin the Ger-man Commander has shor more than 100 good authority for saying that Brown guilty Boxers. General Chaffee's orders do not provide for dealing with cases of this destination is China. erimes committed before the relief of the Legations. The American plan is to leave such matters to the Chinese, which means nothing."

# PEKIN SANITARY CONDITIONS.

Since Foreign Occupation Many Natives Have Died of Smallpox.

PEKIN, Nov. 18, via Shanghai, Nov. 18, Sanitary conditions are becoming serius. Since the foreign occupation many hinese have died of smallpox and other infectious diseases. Fearing that their funerals would be interfered with, they have kept most of their dead in their

have kept most of their dead in their houses and courtyards. The question of removing garbage has become one of grave importance. The na-tives are forbliden to deposit refuse in the streets, and there is now an enor-mous accumulation in their dwellings and yards, which threatens a serious epi-demic. In view of the large number of In view of the large number of troops in and near the capital, the con-sequences of such an outbreak would be frightful. Smailpox is always prevalent in much more malignant form during the Winter season, and the danger here is ow alarmingly increased.

## Ministers Are Weakening.

LONDON Nov. 19.-Dr. Morrison, wiring from Pekin under date of November 15, says:

The foreign envoys have reopened the discussion of the death penalty for the Princes and other high officials. It is evident that the Ministers are weakening, execution to the severest punishment pro-vided by Chinese law, forgetting that Frinces He beyond the reach of Chinese mmon law.

"The news from the southern prov-inces is more reassuring. Li Hung Chang suys that Prince Tuan has fiel for safety to the residence of his father-in-law at Ning Hai Hslen, on the Mongolian fron-tier, Province of Kan Su."

# To Check Allies' Advance.

SHANGHAI, Nov. 18-It is reported that General Ms with 10,000 men. General Fang with 5000 and General Tu with 5000

even to the extent of violence. The First National Bank of Newport

The German National Bank has about 1500 depositors, among them being the nine building associations that have savings of many poor people. These classes ings or many poor people. These classes talked more today about the slatements given out last Thursday, and since then about Brown's definications. Brown wrote to a worman in Cincinnati that he was bound for South America, but the

# CONFESSED TO CRIME.

### Murder of Denver Woman for Jewels Is Explained.

DENVER, Nov. 18-After nearly two months' confinement in Jail here, Joseph Haennalt has just confessed that he was implicated in the robbery of Mrs. Flora Betts, on the might of August 7, when diamonds valued at \$500 were taken from her, after she had been beaten almost into insensibility. At the time of the robbery, Haennait and Mrs. Betts were returning from a

drive into the country. They were held up by two men, one of whom murderous-ly assaulted Mrs. Betts. Haennait was also robbed of \$40. He was arrested on the following day. following day and has been held over In his confession he charges John Barr,

who operates a vinegar factory on the south side, with being the chief actor. alsouth side, with being the chief actor, ai-though he acknowledged that he planned the robbery and induced Mrs. Betts to go with him for a drive, that his accomplices might secure the jewits, which she was in the habit of wearing. Barr's refusal to visit Haennalt in jall, or to return the \$40, it is said, caused him to make the confession. Barr was arrested some time and hut was reisaned on ball. He has ago but was released on ball. He has been rearrested. Dan Conway, a dairyman, has been arrested as an accessory The police believe that the diamonds were disposed of somewhere in the East

# AN ARKANSAS TRAGEDY.

### Members of Murdered Man's Family Charged With His Death.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Nov. 18-A special o the Times from Poplar Bluff, Mo.,

BUYE: Walter Alexander, the li-year-old sop of Walter Alexander, the li-year-old sop of Richard Alexander, a farmer living across the line in Arkansak, is under arrest on suspicion of being implicated in the death of his father, who was shot and killed yresterday. Young Alexander, who was arrested pending an investigation, is said is have confessed the grime, and to have implicated his mother, sizer and the lat-ter's husband, James Hogan, all of whom have been arrested and placed in jail at Corning, Ark.

have been arrested and placed in jull at Corning, Ark. Citizens are aroused, and Hogan, who they profess to believe is at the bottom of the affair, will be taken to the County Jail at Baragouid, Ark, for safe keeping. Alexander was killed with a shotgun, re-ceiving the contents of both harreds in the breast and stomach, and died almost im-

Nan Kau Pass unopposed.

stock or has hold stock that he thus de-nounces. Attention is called to this feat-ure simply because an effort has been made to show that unless legal action sgainst the trust, or some of its stock-holders, can be taken these same public men are to be exonerated.

"Second, there is the question whether or not the existence of this so-called ice trust is in violation of the anti-trust law. This, of course, can only be decided by the courts. The Attorney-General, May 28, 1900. instituted proceedings to annul Kahn and treats Ambassadors with con the certificate of the ice company under tumely." He also says the readest road to peace and order is the restoration of the young Emperor, and contends that no this law. The corporation, through its counsel, has fought the action at every singe on technicalities on the merits of the case. The first decision before Judge Chester was in favor of the state. An appeal has been taken by the defendanis. penalty can be too severe to inflict upon the Chinese for the murder of our missionaries.

which was argued weeks ago, and the Attorney-General is daily expecting a de-cision by the appellate division on this appeal. The defendants obtained a stay

of proceedings pending the appeal. All possible diligence has been shown by the northwest of the capital. A large force of Chinese cavalry had just evacuated the place." Attorney-General in the effort to secure the annullment of the certificate, and nothing could have been done by the state to expedite proceedings which has not been done. The delay is due to the course of the corporation itself, whose stockhold-ers include the public men above alluded

We now come to the third side of the matter, the only one in which the Governor in his official capacity has any power whatsoever to act, viz., the charges against Mayor Van Wyck. Inasmuch as the question as to whether the ice cor-LONDON, Nov. 18.—"There is considera-ble commotion here." says the Hong Kong correspondent of the Daily Mail. "In consequence of a report that Great Britain intends to send out a flying squadpersition is, or is not a trust or monopoly is before the courts for decision, until they have acted, action by the Governor can only with propriety be taken under the Greater New York charter. Se far as the charges are brought under this oharter, it makes no difference as regards the Mayor's conduct whether the sfore-said corporation is or is not a trust within the meaning of the law."

Lynching Discussed in Chicago.

CHICAGO, Nov. 18 .- The lynching of Preston Porter in Colorado, last Friday, was a theme for discussion in nearly ev ary colored church in Chicago tonight. Several churches adopted the following resolutions, presented by Mrs. Ida Wells Barnett, chairman of the Anti-Lynching

Bureau: 'We, citizens of the United States, re-

specifully call to the sitention of the President this awful crime, committed by the citizens, the Sheriff and the Governor Colorado against the citizenship of the

"We ask the President, in his next "We ask the President, in his next message to Congress to call attention to the fact that during the last 10 years 2000 eithens have been put to death by mobs, and that of the number so lynched 15 were burned alive with unspeakable barbarity. We urge our Chief Magistrate to commond to Congress legislation which shall secure to every person accused of orime a trial by jury, and shall hold orim-inally liable all persons who constitute mobs to toriure, murder and burn alive eitizens of the United States."

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY,

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All ats refund the momey If it fails to cure.

as the drawing-room sleeper, and in every respect are as comfortable as the higher-priced cars. Uniformed porters are in charge whose business it is to keep the cars clean and ventilated, and look after peditions northward passed through the the wants of the passengers.

If you are contemplating a trip East, and the O. E. & N. ticket office and ask for a folder showing views of these cars, both interfor and exterior. Would Give Chinese No Clemency. NEW YORK, Nov. 18 .- Dr. W. A. P. dartin, president of the new Imperial

## No Protection for Woodpeckers.

University in Fekin, today gave out an open latter in which he takes exception to some recently printed newspaper ar-ticles, which advise moderation in the "treatment of the Chinese. He says in ef-PORTLAND, Or., Oct. 18 .- (To the Edi-tor.)--Will you kindly inform me through the columns of The Oregonian whether or not it is a violation of the law to kill birds of the woodpecker family, common-ly called the yellow-hammers? C. F. fect. if the ruling powers in China were fect. if the ruling powers in China were of Chinese strain there might be some ex-cuse for moderation, but he calls the Empress Dowager a "Tartar and usurper, who follows the traditions of the Grand Victoria in the traditions of the Grand

There are state laws for the protection of game and song birds, but the woodpecker family is not included in either category. The only protection these birds have is a city ordinance which makes it unlawful to shoot or discharge frearms at live birds of any kind within the limits of the City of Portland, under a pen-

alty of a fine of \$50 or imprisonment for 30 days for each offense. Although the yellow-hammer cannot sing, it is a pretty and a useful bird, as it destroys insects which are harmful to trees, and therefore should not be molested.

# Better Hours for 6000 Machinists.

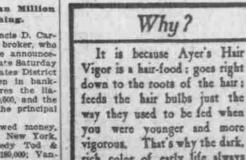
NEW YORK, Nov. 18 -George W. War-NEW YORK, Nov. is.-.seorge w. war-ner, business agent of the International Association of Machinists, said today that the sig-hour work day would go into ef-fect tomorrow among all the machinists in the United States, in accordance with the National Trades Association. Sixty thousand machinists will be affected. SHANGHAI, Nov. 19.—As the outcome of the protest by Great Britain against the transfer of Yu Chang to the Gover-norship of Wu Chang, this official will be replaced by a Governor who is pro-foreign

### Foreign and Domestic Ports.

New York, Nov. 18.—Arrived, Pretoria, from Hamburg; New York, from South-ampton; Umbria, from Liverpool; No-madia, from Liverpool. Salled, State of Nebraska, for Glasgow. Boston, Nov. 18.—Arrived, Ultonia, from

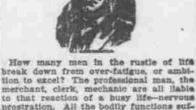
Liverpool. Gibraltar, Nov. 18.—Passed, Hesperia, from New York, for Genos. Queenstown, Nov. 18.—Sailed, Campania, from Liverpool, for New York.

Harris Trunk Co. for suit cases



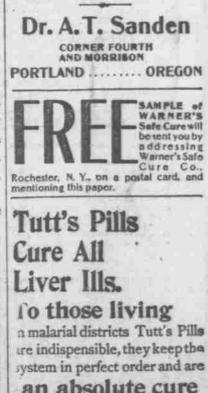
feeds the hair bulbs just the way they used to be fed when you were younger and more vigorous. That's why the dark, rich color of early life always comes back to your gray hair. The hair grows longer, too.

f ron de net obtain tils benefit you desiry m use of the Vizor, write the Decter out it. He will sell you just the right ing to do. Address, Dr.J. CATER, Lewish



fer then, and often the mind is depressed. Dr. Sanden's Electric Belt

Litcutific Defits of electro-medical actions will cure your merve loss, your weakness, your kidneys, your stomach, and poor circulation by endowing you with that vitality which builds up the system. Drugs are useless, they're harmful. My belt cures where harrels of medicine have failed. Why suffer longer? I offer you an lavigorant which has no equal in the world, for it will drive out your pain and make you a strong, sound man. Write for my illus-trated books free.



an absolute cure for sick headache, indigestion, malaria, torpid liver, constipation and all bilious diseases. **Tutt's Liver Pills** 

PEKIN, Saturday, Nov. 17.-The prelim-inary note has not yet been presented. Its terms are not completed, and there will be probably further delay.

his sympathies.

ron.

NEW YORK BROKER FAILS.

Idabilities Are More Than Million Dollars; Assets Nothing.

NEW YORK, Nov. 18 .- Francis D. Car-

ley, a well-known Wall-street broker, who lives in Orange, N. J., made announce-ment today at Newark, that lats Saturday he had filed in the United States District Court, at Trenton, a petilion in bank-ruptcy. The petition declares the lla-bilities to be more than \$1,000,000, and the

assets nothing. A list of the principal creditors are: Mrs. C. D. Carley, borrowed money,

Mrs. C. D. Carley, borrowed money, E09.5%; Inman, Swan & Co., New York, judgment, 205,000; J. Rennedy Tod & Co., New York, judgment, 205,000; Van-schack & Co., New York, balance on contract, 200,000; E. M. Boack, New York, 20,000; Clay City National Bank, judg-mant, indorsement notes of Kentucky Union Railway Company, 2000; German Becurity Bank, Louisville, Ky., guagentee note Kentucky Union Railway Company, 7000; Kentucky Union Railway Company, 7000; Kentucky Union Railway Company, 7000; Kentucky National Bank, Louisville, \$7000; Kentucky National Bank, Louisville rantee note Kentucky Union Railway

Preliminary Note Not Tet Presented.

Chinese Evacuated Tsha Tau.

BERLIN, Nov. 18 .- A telegram from the

German headquarters in Pekin says: "Colonel York's column on November 14, reached Tsha Tau, on the great wall

Outcome of Great Britain's Protest.

Report of Flying Squadron.