# CHINA'S PROPOSAL

Earl Lland Prince Ching Want Negotiations Begun.

SURRENDER THE GUILTY

Plenipotentiaries Accept the Principle of Indemnity for the Legations Destroyed.

PARIS, Oct. 18.-The Haves agency has received the following dispatch

"The diplomatic corps has received a joint note from Li Hung Chang and Prince Ching, saying that it is time to end the present situation and to treat for peace, and that the Princes and Mininters who were accomplices of the Boxers will be handed over to the courts to be judged and punished according to Chinese law. As plenipotentiaries, Li Hung Chang and Prince Ching offer to treat for peace and accept the principle of indemnity for the legations destroyed. The losses are to be estimated by delegates of the powers. European nations can be accorded fresh commercial advantages on the old treaties modified, but as the requirements of the powers vary, each power must formulate its own. The pleni-potentiaries demand an immediate cesation of hostilities, because of their offer and request an interview with the Tsung

Il Yamun for October M. "Replying to the note, M. Pichen, the French Minister, said that China, having ognized that she had violated the lav nations, was bound to accept for that very reason the responsibilities involved. Consequently, he demanded that exem-plary punishment be inflicted upon the principles guilty, namely, Prince Tuan, Prince Chwang, Kang Yi and Tung Pu Heining, adding that so long as their heads had not fallen, it was impossible

M. Pichon had been confined to his bed for several days with a slight attack of typhoid fever, but his condition is not grave. Owing to the arrival of Count Waldersee, General Vryon, com mander of the French forces, has decided to prolong his stay in Pekin until he receives fresh orders.

## CONGER HEARD FROM.

#### Cables the Chinese Proposals to the State Department.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 18.-For the first time in three days Minister Conger was heard from at the State Department toflag. He communicated by cable the sub-stance of certain propositions advanced by Prince Ching and Li Hung Chang as a basis for the conduct of negotiations for a settlement of the Chinese trouble. The Chinese Government already has pre-pared the way for these by a preliminary action looking toward the punishment of Chinese officials guilty of complicity in

he Boxer uprising.
While the text of Mr. Conger's comunication is not made public, it is beaddressed to some of the propositions con-tained in the French note, being in the nature of counter proposals and proceeding upon the theory that what has been done in the matter of punishments is suf-ficient to meet the demands from the

powers in that respect,
It was learned at the State Departmen that Minister Conger's previous instruc-tions fit him perfectly to fieal with the new phase of the Chinese situation, deseloped by the general acceptance of the French rote as the basis for present ac-ion. Yesterday, M. Thiebaut, the French Tharge here, called at the State Department and proposed to the Secretary the immediate institution at Pekin of nego-tiations for a settlement, and it appears that the Secretary then agreed to do his part. His promise was made verbally, and it may not be reduced to writing at all, but Mr. Conger is already acting in reservations, but it is said that they all agree upon a sufficient number of points of the first magnitude to warrant the assembling of the diplomatic body at Pekin to begin the work of formulating ob-jects of common desira, and reconciling divergent views. It is probable that to this body will be referred the latest Chinese counter proposition, received today by cable from Mr. Conger.

Wu called at the State De partment today by appointment and had long conference with Secretary Hay. The Secretary previously had spent an hour with the President at the White House, presumably in connection with Mr u's call, and it is believed that Minister Wu was called to the department to throw light upon some of the detailed

About the most serious obstacle which stands in the way of immediate peace negotiations is the absence of the imperial family from Pekin, and the doubt this as to full approval being given to work of Chinese plenipotentiaries. While the latter claim to have full credentials, yet the powers have looked upon the presence of the Emperor at Pekin as an almost indispensable requisite toward giving the negotiations complete efficacy, In this connection the presence of the Emperor might have a significance considerably beyond anything thus far brought out, in the way of firmly re-establishing his imperial authority and freeing it from the intrigues and anti-foreign influences which have for the last two years practically nullified his rule

Secretary Hay said today that the reply to the message of the Emperor of China, thanking the President for the attitude of the United States, and expressing hope of a speedy settlement, had been dispatched. It was purely formal in character; it thanked the Emperor for his ex-pressions, and joined in the hope of a speedy and satisfactory peace.

## England Receives a Copy.

LONDON, Oct. 18 -- A representative of the Associated Press learns that Prince ing and Li Hung Chang have finally succeeded in drawing up a joint proposal for a settlement. This has just b ceived by the powers. Beyond the fact that it is quite likely to require considerable alteration before being acceptable, nothing is ascertainable regarding the actual terms. The Chinese Minister here, Sir Chih Chen Lo Feng Luh, professes ig brance of such proposal, but it can be definitely said that it is now engaging the attention of the British Foreign Office.

## CAPTURE OF MUKDEN.

#### Russians Occupied the City After a Hard Fight.

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 18 -- Detailed reports to the War Office of the occupation of Mukden, Manchuria, showing that the Russians met with strong opposition at Schacho, where the Chinese with 10 battalions, 30 field guns and Krups and Maxims occupied the railway embankment and heights. The fighting continu from 9 o'clock in the morning until 3 o'clock in the afternoon. The Chines cavalry enveloped the Russian right flank and endeavored to take it in the rear. They were repulsed, but returned repeat-edly to the attack. Finally after artillery preparations, the whole Russian colur eas thrown against the Chinese, who by evening were in full retreat.

The next day the Chinese made a les stubborn stand in a strong position on the mountain in front of Lino Jau. The posttion was captured at noon, but the Rus slane were unable to pursue the Chinese owing to extreme fatigue and difficult

strong resistance, and only arrived at Lizo Jau at 5 o'clock in the afternoon. The Russians, in the course of the two days' operations, lost 50 killed and wound-ed. They captured several guns. Further official advices show that the

Russians left camp at Liao Jau September 20. The Chinese retired before them in disorder, plundering and burning the villages as they traversed them. The main body of Chinese retired in the direction of Mukden, although large numbers moved eastward and westward. At Lino Jau, General Subbovitch, one of the Russian commanders, learned that the Chinese authorities had deserted Mukden and that their flight had been followed by that of the Chinese troops after pillaging the town. He immediately dispatched a flying column, under Colonel Artamonoff. which, after slight resistance, occupied Mukden at 4 o'clock P. M. October 2. The Chinese had fired the mines and

destroyed the city gates. The Russians found all the buildings belonging to Europeans and native converts burning. The Imperial Palace had been looted and partially burned. A few Chinese maintained a weak rifle fire in the streets, but soon retired. The main body of the Russians The main body of the Russians occupied the town in the course of the following day, and cleared out the remaining Chinese troops. Considerable stores and war materials, with some modern guns and rifles, were found.

## CAPTAIN LEONARD HOME.

Lost an Arm in Performance of Heroic Act.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 18.-Captain Henry Leonard, United States Marine Corps, and Sergeant J. M. Adams, of the same branch, were passengers on the steamer City of Pekin, which arrived from the Orient today. Capiain Leonard lost his left arm in the battle of Tien Tsin July 13. He rescued Captain Butler in the face of a galling fire, and after taking the wounded man to a place of safety just as the reinforcements reached the position of the Ninth Regiment a few minutes after Colonel Liscum fell, Leonard was struck in the left arm and the bone entirely shattered by a bullet. Sergeant Adams helped the young man to escape to the rear. Captain Leonard was in the hospital until two days before sailhome. His recovery is now regarded as certain

# The Pao Ting Expedition.

PEKIN, Wednesday, Oct. 17.—The Pekin column of the Pao Ting Fu expedition arrived at a point six miles south of Chi Chow yesterday without encoun-tering opposition. They found the heads of 14 Boxers on the walls at Chou Choon, and they killed seven of the imperial

Field Marshal Count von Waldersee has arrived here, and has been accorded full military honors. He was accompanied by an escort of international troops to the palace of the Dowager Empress

TIEN TSIN, Oct, 18, via Shanghai, Oct. 18.—A courier reports that the British col-umn of the Pao Ting Fu expedition reached the walled town of Chi Chow October 15, meeting with no resistance, and that the other columns have also been unopposed. The natives are friendly and are supplying food to the troops. The Taotal of Chi Chow asserts that a body of troops, supposed to be French or German, dispersed a force of Boxers around Wenan October 9, inflicting severe and burning a number of villages. General Chaffee has ordered two com

panies of the Ninth United States Infantry to garrison Tien Tsin. The provincial government of Tien Tsin has sentenced six Boxers to death.

PARIS, Oct. 18.—Russia, Austria, Ger-nany and Great Britain, having replied affirmatively to M. Delcasse's note, he is affirmatively to M. Delcasse's note, he is notifying the powers of the acceptance of the first note, and is asking each of them to instruct their Ministers at Pekin to begin peace negotiations. Favorable replies are expected from all M. Pinchon, the French Minister at Pekin, therefore has been instructed to place himsef in touch with the Ambassadors himsef in touch with the Ambassadors and Chinese emissaries for the purpose of opening negotiations at the earliest mo-

Startling Rumors From Shaughai. from Shanghai recite numerous rumors in circulation there. Among these are reports that the heir apparent, Pu son of Prince Tuan, is dead; that Li Hung Chang has been degraded on account of the surrender of Pao Ting Fu, and that Prince Tuan has got possession of the Emperor's seal and is terrorizing the

Germans Leaving Shanghai. SHANGHAI, Oct. 18.-The Germans are withdrawing their troops stationed here, and a transport is expected tomorrow

#### GENERAL J. W. FISHER DEAD Wyoming Pioneer and Justice of Territorial Court.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., Oct. 18.-General J. W. Fisher died at his home in this city today, at the age of 86 years. General Fisher was one of Wyoming's pioneers, coming to Cheyenne in 1871 as Associate Justice of the Territorial Court. He was appointed by President Grant. He was afterward Chief Justice of the Supremo ord was particularly brilliant, rising from of volunteers to be Brigadier General. At the battle of Bethesads Church he had supreme command of the Union forces, He left a family of three sons and one daughter, together with

William L. Wilson's Funeral.

LEXINGTON, Va., Oct. 18.—Memorial services for the late William L. Wilson were held in the University Chapel today The edifice was filled. On the rostrum were the university faculty, the Virginia Military Institute faculty and the Lee Camp of Confederate Veterans, of which Mr. Wilson was a member. A special funeral train will leave here the morning over the Baltimore & Ohlo Railroad for Charleston, W. Va., his old home, where the final funeral services and interment will take place at 12 o'clock. The family will be accompanied by the faculty, trustees and students,

WASHINGTON, Oct. 18.-Ex-President Cleveland, accompanied by Isador Straus, of New York, passed through Washington this evening for Charleston, W. Va. where they will attend the funeral of William L. Wilson.

Death of Professor Whiteley. SALT LAKE, Oct. 18.-Professor Joseph Whiteley, M. A., principal of the Sait Lake School of Law, dropped dead out of his chair after dnishing his lunch at the Brandt Cafe, this afternoon, the cause of his death being hemmorrhage of the brain. Professor Whiteley was well known throughout the state as being a scholar of rare attainments, and as at one time being connected with the State University faculty. He was an M. A., having taken his degree at Oxford University, England, and before coming to Utah he was a

## Rabbi Heyman Schwarz,

clergyman in the Church of England.

HOUSTON, Tex., Oct. 18 .- Rabbi Hev. man Schwarz, a well-known Jewish lit-terateur, died today, aged 76. He had an ternational reputation as a writer the Jewish religion.

Dwight T. Reld Dead. WASHINGTON, Oct. 18.-Dwight T. Reid, Vice-Consul at Madrid, died today.

Indian Gold for America. LONDON, Oct. 18.-It is rumored that gold to the amount of £500,000, which is Another Russian column met with has been engaged for the United States. due to arrive here from India next week,

WILL BE BUILT BY HENDERSONS AND SYCAMORE WILL SAIL HER.

Sir Thomas Will Bring Both the New and Old Shamrock Across in July.

LONDON, Oct. 18. - Misapprehension having arisen over the wording of Sir Thomas Lipton's challenge, Sir The asks the Associated Press to say that the challenge provides for five complete races. and not three, as might be inferred from

the wording. It is understood that the Shamrock II will be built by the Hendersons, on the Clyde, and that Sycamore will be her skipper, with Mr. Jameson in general charge. Sir Thomas Lipton will take both the new and the old Shamrock across the Atlantic. The contracts for building Watson's new craft are not yet closed, but it is expected that the work on Shamrock II will start shortly. Sir Thomas hopes to arrive in the United States about the

middle of July.

In an interview with a representative of the Associated Press, he said he was de-lighted that his callenge had received such a prompt and satisfactory answer. He

# THE NEW CHALLENGER | won, Rimmage second, Jimp third; time,

CENCINNATI, Oct. 18.—Results: Mile and 50 yards, selling—Beana won, Louisville Belle second, Dr. Black third;

time, 1:5%. Five furlongs-Port Wine won, Clorita second, Miss Aubray third; time, 1:01%.
Six furlongs—Pantland won, Lissle
Jackson second, Jeana third; time, 1:15%.
One mile, handicap—John Yerkes won,
Clay Pointer second, Miss Soak third; time, 1:41%.

Belling, one mile—Our Ledy won, Little
Tim second, Pacquelin' third; time, 1:43.
Six furlongs—Princess Thyra won, Jake
Weber second, Deist third; time, 1:14%.

Races at Harlem.

CHICAGO, Oct. 18.—Results at Harlem: Five furlongs—Kohn Wreath won, Ellis Glenn second, Watlla third; time, 1:00 4-5. Mile and a half-Frangible won, Harry Nutter second, Topmast third; time, 2:3.
Five furiongs—Kenilworth won, Robert
Waddell second, Blink third; time, 1:00 2-5. Mile and 20 yards—Freylinghuysen won, Golden Sceptre second. Yolo third; time,

Six furlongs—Chappaqua won, Mint Sauce second, Dolly Weithoff third; time, Mile and 20 yards—Aurea won, Dissen-ter second, Astor third; time, 1:42 2-5.

Miss Gast's Long Ride. NEW YORK, Oct. 18 .- With her face

## COST OF THE COAL STRIKE

Loss to miners in wages\$	
Loss to operators	4,000,000
Loss to railroad companies as carriers	4,440,000
Cost of state troops at Shenandoah	34,000
Loss to railroad employes	62,500
Total\$	13,494,500

added: "The only difference mentioned, that of extending the time of the start from 11 to 2 o'clock, seems a good idea, lay and bring better sport. Crossing the ocean does not bother me a bit."
"Suppose, Sir Thomas," he wa "Suppose, Sir Thomas," he was akeed, "the old Shamrock should beat the new in

"It is impossible," he replied impress

"Talking of fair play," continued Sir Thomas, "none of us is quite infallible, but I guarantee to say should anything controversial by any chance happen to occur, I am certain I shall get the benefit of any doubt existing, such is my belief in the integrity and sportsman spirt of the New York Yacht Club. The continuation of the last accident clause, men-tioned by Mr. Oddie, is evidently satisfactory. It was my own suggestion, and I see no reason for any change. Some people seem surprised at my challenging with a cutter, and I have seen it stated that I intend taking over a 75-foot schooner. The idea never entered my head. I have worked continuously upon the matter, and you may be sure no data, however small, will be overlooked which might tend to make her succeed."

Interest in Washington. NEW YORK, Oct. 18.-Considerable inerest is taken in naval circles in Washington, says a Herald special, characteristics of the new defender to be built to compete with the yacht Sir Thomas Lipton will send to the United States to lift the America's cup. Rear-Admiral Hichborn, Chief Constructor,

"The time intervening between the last race for the America's cup and the race now contemplated has not been lost by designers. The 70-foot Yankee class which were built by the Herreshoffs Company, and which were so thoroughly tried in the many competitions furing the last Summer, have kept the minds of yachts lert to take

tage of any possible improvements.
"If when the trials of Shamrock Nos 1 and 2 are held, it will be found that the last boat is better than the first, I believe our designers will be able to improve the which shall successfully defend the cup.

## BROOKLYN WON THE CUP.

Beat Pittsburg Three Games for the Championship.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 18.-Brooklyn is cham pion of the baseball world, the owner of the beautiful Chronicle-Telegraph cup, and carries away one-half the gate cup, and carries sway one-half the gate receipts of the four games necessary to decide the supremacy over Pittsburg. In only one game of the four played did Pittsburg look to be in the same class with Brooklyn. The Pittsburg men went at their work today with determination, and every point was well covered up to the fourth inning, when a fumble by Leever netted Brooklyn three runs. After that the locals seemed to lose their snap, and, though they played hard to win, it was conceded by the spectators that the home team was outclassed. Waddell was put in the box as a forlorn hope, but the handicap was too great. McGinnity won his second game in the series by keeping his hits well scattered and receiving the finest support. Cross was pecially effective by getting in the way of numerous balls speeding toward left field, and making wonderfully fast throws. The score:

RHE Pittsburg ..... 9 3 Brooklyn ..... 6 8 0 Batteries-Leever, Waddell and O'Con-nor and Zimmer; McGinnity and Farreli. Umpires-Swartwood and Hurst. The Brooklyn team went out of train

irg immediately after the game today, and tonight indulged in a jubilee dinner at their hotel. The team, by unant consent, decided to turn over to Pitcher McGinnity the handsome trophy cup, it to be his personal property forever. The Brooklyn management gave McGinnity \$100 extra for his good work.

## THE DAY'S RACES.

Races at Morris Park. NEW YORK, Oct. 18 .- Results at Mor-

One mile, selling-The Amazon won, Alsike second, Armor third; time, 1:41%. Six and a half furlongs-Little Dais; won, Fleet Wing second, Aleyon II third; Ramapoo handicap, one and one-eighth

miles—Killashandra won, Gonfalon sec-ond, First Whip third; time, 1:55½. Seven furlongs—Belle of Troy won, Charentus second, Kinnikinnic third: time, 1:28%. Alard Schreck finished first but was disqualified for being two pounds One mile-Asquith won, The Chamber lain second, Harry McCoun third; time,

One and one-quarter miles-Bangor won, Intrusive second; time, 2:06%. Only two

Races at St. Louis. ST. LOUIS, Oct. 18 .- Results:

Seiling, six furlongs-Harry Thoburn won, Winlie Bejour second, Gaston third; time, 1:15. e and a half furlongs-Tea Gown Dalkeith second, Belle of Eigin third; time, 1:08. Selling, seven furlongs-Jack Adle won

Curd Gillock second, Farmer Bennett third; time, 1:28. Selling, six furlongs—Theory won, Tom Kingsley second, Captain Gaines third; Kingsley Selling, one mile—Innuendo won, Tildy Made by the Anheuser-Busch Brewing Ann second, Will Fay third; time, 1:48. Ass'n., St. Louis, U. S. A., and sold by One and three-sixteenth miles-Domsie all druggists,

showing plainly the terrible strain she is undergoing, Marguerite Gast, the girl cy-clist, who is trying to establish a record for 3000 miles on the Valley Stream, L. L. course, completed her 2475th mile at 11:30 today. She had then been 11 days, 22 hours and 30 minutes in the saddle, She had sprinkled red pepper in her stockings so that the pain might keep her awake. Save for a rest between 11:20 last night and 3:05 A. M. today, Miss Gast rode continually for 15 hours. By Saturday she hopes to complete 2000 miles. No has yet established a record for more

Sale of Race Horses. the entire Silver Brook stud, the property of E. O. Appleby, of Shrewsbury, N. J., was held tonight at Madison-Square Garden. Fifty head were offered. The chief attraction was Knight of the Thistie, the great English race horse. The Knight won the Kempton Park Jubilee stakes last season, a famous English ovent. The first bid was \$10,000. By \$1000 bids it went up to \$30,000. At this price he was knocked down to Charles Reed. of Gallatin, Tenn. Forty-one head were sold, bringing a total of \$64,700—an average of \$1577 per head.

Gans Challenges Erne. DENVER, Oct. 18.—Al Herford, manager for Joe Gans, announced tonight that he had mailed to William Naughton, of Chicago, a draft for \$1000 as a forfeit for six-round fight with Frank Erne, in Chicago.

## NICARAGUA CANAL,

Commission Wants a Larger Water-

NEW YORK, Oct. 18 .- A special to the Herald from Washingotn says: The Isthmian Canal Commission is at n its report, but it is evident it will find it impossible to do more than submit a preliminary statement to Congress when the session begins. This report will present facts and figures referring to both the Panama Canal and the Nicaragua route. A vote has not yet been taken by the commission as to which it will recommend, nor will a decision be reached until further information has been re-

regarding both projects. M. Hutin, president of the Panama Canal Company, has arrived in Washington and paid his respects to the Commission. He came to Washington in compliance with the request of Rear-Admiral Walker, and will stay here until he can be spared, when he will return to Paris. He will come back to Washington during the ses-

sion of Congress.

Notwithstanding the Commission has not taken a vote as to the route, it is to a point in the trend of its investigation that it favors the Nicaragua waterway. Because of the dimensions and displacement of modern steamships, it has been determined that a canal 30 feet deep will be too small, and the Commission is preparing estimates on a canal which shall be 35 feet in depth and have a minimum width of 150 feet. On the 30-foot canal, the majority of the first Walker Commission estimated the cost at about \$125,000. 000. The increase in depth and width projected will necessarily make the projected canal more expensive. Borings are being made to ascertain if the increased

excavation necessary will require the removal of rock or soft dirt. Advocates of the Nicaragua Canal are getting considerable comfort out of the fact that the execution of the route recommended by the first Walker Commission has, except in a few instances, shown its entire practicability. Engineering par-ties sent out by the Isthmian Commission have gone over every foot of the route. They have recommended that the sites of the several locks be changed, and the ommission will adopt their recommendations. The general impression seems to be, however, that the Commission will favor the Walker route, provided the bornot show the cost to be excessive.

ings being made for a larger canal should Mr. Lampse, secretary of the Panama Canal Company, who is in this city, said last night that the company was prepared to meet any of the conditions which might be laid down by the Isthmian Commission, and was ready and willing to onform to any of its recommendations, It was a matter of impossibility, however, for the Panama Canal Company to outline its course of action, as everything would depend upon the results that would He declared that there are no obstacles

which engineering skill cannot overcome in making the Panama Canal acceptable to the Isthmian Commission, and that a canal of 35 feet in depth, with a minimum width of 150 feet, is perfectly feas-Ible at the Panama route Harold Smith Pleaded Guilty.

Smith, formerly Quartermaster-General of the state, who was indicted by the grand jury for alleged fraud and embezzlement in connection with the military clothing frauds, today changed his plea in the Ingham Circuit Court from not

LANSING, Mich., Oct. 18.-Harold A.

Matt Nutrine brings cheer to the despondent, slumber to the sleepless, appetite and strength to the feeble, the aged, the convalescent.

# DISMISSED WITH THANKS

EMPEROR'S ACCEPTANCE OF HO-HENLOHE'S RESIGNATION.

Press Comment on the Government Change-Von Bulow to Be His Successor.

BERLIN, Oct. 18 .- A special edition of the Reichsanzeiger announces that Em-peror William has acceded to the request of Prince Hohenlohe that he be relieved of the post of Chancellor. The Emperor will confer upon Prince von Hohenlohe the Order of the Black Eagle, and will present to the retiring Chancellor a magnificent set of diamonds. Count von Bulow, it is announced, has been appointed Chancellor, President of the Prussian Ministry, and Minister of Foreign Af-

Emperor William has written to Prince Hobenlohe an autograph letter expressing the warmest thanks for his fidelity, dis-tinguished services, self-sacrificing devotion, and unvarying faithfulness.

change in the government has not caused any excitement. Newspaper comment is passionless. The papers are gen-erally fair toward Prince Hohenlohe, and refrain from anticipating the policy of the new Chancellor. They assume that Count von Bulow's holding of the two offices will be only temporary, and that in any event he will devote his attention chiefly to foreign affairs.

Today it was hinted that Prince Hohen-

lohe had decided to resign only after he saw Emperor William at Homburg. The Berliner Neuste Nachrichten says: "Prince Hohenlohe declared Friday that he had no intention to resign, since resignation might appear to be a deserting of the colors, and Saturday he stoutly as-serted that he intended personally to jus-tify in the Reichstag his failure to convene that body in special session."
In this connection, it is suggestive that the Berliner Post, in which Prince Hohen-lohe is understood to be a stockholder,

no reason for it. The Boersen Zeitung regards as the main cause of the resignation an unwill-ingness to assume responsibility for Em-

asserted this morning that his resignation

peror Wi...am's policy in China.
In dealing with Prince Hohenlohe's rec ord, the press generally considers the first years of his chancellorship to have been more fruitful than the latter. The Cologne Gazette asserts that "only later generations will comprehend the importance of Prince Hohenlohe as a check on the Kaiser." The Berliner Post, after declaring that he "largely succeeded in restoring harmony among state-conserving parties," mentions among his achieve-ments the civil code, the reform of military court procedure and naval enlargement. The Kreuz Zeitung denies that the Conservatives felt any enmity toward NEW YORK, Oct. 18.—The disposal of him. The agrarian press comments bit-terly upon Prince Hohenlohe's liberal-rty of E. O. Appleby, of Shrewsbury, ism and his resistance to agrarian demands. The agrarian and liberal press says the Chancellorship has practically long been vacant. The press generally adopts an expectant attitude, and there is much curiosity as to Count Bulow's policy in respect to the Prussian Diet. general feeling is that a strong sible chief in command of the state and a number of well-known American empire.

#### KRUGER'S VISIT TO EUROPE. France Will Show Her Sympathy With the Boer Cause.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18-It is stated on excellent authority, says a cablingram to the Times from Paris, that ex-President Kruger will, after landing at Marseilles, pass through Paris, and that he will be received with all the honors due to the head of a state. The municipality

in the Transvaal has reawakened Euro-pean interest in the Boer cause, and the French Government, in common with other European governments, is not sorry to see this reawakening of sympathy, as Great Britain's hands are all but completely tied, while the Boers remain active. In China and in the settlement of any difference with Great Britain, her rivals can therefore take advantage. It is quite likely for this reason that Europe, and especially France, will give a semblance of encouragement to Mr. Kruger, and will hold out a vague hope of intervention. A well-informed politician has stated that this will be the policy of the French Government, Kruger will be well received, and the Boers will be encouraged as much as possible. The end of hostilities need not, therefore, be for at present Mr. Kruger's friends are still hoping that he will visit

Boers Tearing Up Railway. PRETORIA, Oct. 18 .- The Boers are daily tearing up portions of the railroad and cutting the telephone and telegraph wires. Their attacks are intolerable. The repairing linemen cannot leave the garri-son points without considerable escort. The only remedy seems to be to corral all the burghers and deport them, as apparently none of them can be trusted.

#### JAPANESE POLITICAL UPHEAVAL. Caused by, the Necessity for a

Stronger Foreign Policy. YOKOHAMA, Sept. 29.—The resignation of the Japanese Cabinet and the probable coming into power of Marquis Ito is the theme of the hour. The change came as a surprise, although it was deemed inev-itable in the not distant future. It was doubtless, unwelcome to Marquis Ito himself, who has by no means yet got his new party in proper trim for harmonious and successful work. Although the latter is well organized, it is made up of many incongruous and warring elements, and early trouble is predicted for it, especially in view of a distribution of the offices before it is brought under any sort of

discipline. ostensible cause of the sudden up heaval in politics here is doubtless the necessity which has arisen for a more decided and strenuous foreign policy in view of the situation in China. It is generally felt that Japan has thus far kept herself too much in the background the negotiations progressing on the neighboring continent, and that the time has come for her to assert herself, her geographical position, her eminent services in the recent rescue of the Legations, and, above all, her superior knowledge of what can and ought to be done in China, all entitling her word and counsel to be held to be of greater weight than that of any other nation. Marquis Ito is the only man to whom the country can turn in this emergency, as has been the case for many years past whenever an impor-tant crisis had arisen. A significant feat ure of the present case is to be found in the fact that the Marquis is now credited with strong pro-Russian tendencies,

### THE BRITISH CABINET. Organization May Not Be Completed Before February.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18.-The rumor-mongers are again reconstructing the British Cabinet, says the Tribune's London cor-respondent. Lord Salisbury is most reticent and deliberate and there is one associate whom he consults. This is Mr. Balfour, who in due time will succeed him. The best informed men do not look Cabinet, but expect that the process will not be completed before February. "that Lord Durham is right. English Officers in the army do not favor the boys have the same chance to learn the appointment of either Mr. Chamberlain American style of riding as our boys

or General Kitchener to the War Office. Mr. Baron, when he was in London as the champion of the Australian federation, made no secret of his preference for Mr. Chamberiain as the English states-man who could render the greatest service to the cause of imperial federation. He believes that Mr. Chamberiain, if allowed believes that Mr. Chamberiain, if allowed to remain for a second term in the Colon-ial Office, would carry out some practical scheme by which the self-governing col-onies of the empire would have permanent representation in the Imperial Coun-cil. Neither he nor his Australian col-leagues considered an imperial solverein practicable, but they were convinced that some approach to imperial federation would be made as a direct result of the co-operation of the colonies in South Afria if Mr. Chamberlain remained in the

Colonial Office.

Members of Parliament in sympathy with him assert that his real constituence lies in the self-governing colonies which he represents more closely than any other Englishman, and that he would be likely to get out of touch with them if he were to abandon the Colonial Office.

Premier Laurier's deciaration that the only basis for imperial softwerein is absolute free trade within the Empire. but that the time is not ripo for its fulfil-rient, attracts much attended in London. England has been ready for that sollverein since Cobden's time. It is not by ary means certain that Mr. Chamber'ain would not be willing, as he once suggested to a Canadian club, to have free trade within the Empire and a revenue tariff on wool, sugar, and foodstuits from the

### YOUNG MEN OF RUSSIA. Organize a Society Similar to the Y.

M. C. A. ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 16. - The "Society for the Moral and Physical Improvement of Young Men," an organization similar in all respects to the Young Men's Christian Association, was successfully launched in this city this afternoon in a building specially fitted up for the purpose. This has been done largely through the personal efforts of Franklin Gaylord, the representative of James Stokes, the philanthropist of New York, who has invested a princely fortune in such buildings at London, Paris, Berlin and at Rome.

The honorary curator is Prince Alexander Petrovitch Oldenberg. The other officers are B. K. Orden, Chamberlain of the Imperial Court; two assistant secre-taries of the Minister of the Interior; three influential priests of the Greek Church, P. T. Verenitzki and P. A. Pote-

nin, prominent men of letters. The religious services were conducted by three of the most prominent priests in this city, assisted by one of the largest of St. Petersburg's wonderful male choirs. There were several speeches in Russian, but that of James Stokes was in English. In the course of his remarks, Mr. Stokes referring to the historical cause of the United States, caused by the former sen ing her fleet of war vessels to the United States during the darkest hour of the Civil War, which act, it was claimed, prevented the recognition of the Southern Confeneracy by England, was loudly applauded.

Among those present were a number of Among those present were a number of the members of the Imperial Court, Her-bert H. D. Pierce, Charge d'Affaires; Sec-retary Hagerman, Military Attache Slo-cum, and the ladies of the United States Embassy; the American Consul-General, the pastor of the British-American Church

#### NETHERLANDS RAILWAY. May Be Confiscated by the British Government.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18 .- South Africans explain the investigation in progress there respecting concessions in the Transvani as a preliminary measure for the con-fiscation of The Netherlands Railway and other properties, says the Tribune's Lon-don correspondent. They assert that some resources must be found for meeting the of Marseilles is making preparations for a grand reception for Kruger, and it is quite certain that he will be enthusiastically received by the population in gencettle and horses. Land taxes will yield little when the two new colonies are important to the colonies of their property and the less of their cattle and horses. Land taxes will yield little when the two new colonies are important to the colonies of the colonies are important to the colonies of the real.

The recommencement of active defense poverished, and the mining industry cannot be bled until it is reorganized and

can be made available at an early day as the basis for an adjustment of the demnity claims. The state railroad of the Orange River Colony, South Africans say, can be confiscated by military con-quest, and The Netherlands Company's property they believe will share the same as it was subsidized by the Trans vaal Government and was the base of the Boer line of military defense.

## DOWIE MEETING BROKEN TP.

London Students Drive the Elouist From His Hall. LONDON, Oct. 18.—Bands of medical tudents this afternoon attended the secting held by John Alexander Dowie, the Zionist, of Chicago. Groups of students formed in all parts of the hall, bellowed interruptions and jeered in chor-us. Dowie violently denounced the disturbers and sent for the police. The latter enterd the hall during the uproar and arrested the students, which restored or-

Further disagreeable scenes took place this evening. A body of students tried to rush the platform. They threw chairs at Dowle, who called upon the police and fled by a side door. The police fought their way in and endeavored to expel the rioters, arresting a number. Fighting was then resumed, sticks and chairs being used as weapons. The students tried to rescue those under arrest. Untimately nore police were summoned and the hall was cleared. Tomorrow the ringleaders will be arsigned at the Police Court, and the committee of St. Martinstown Hall, where Mr. Dowle's meetings have held, will consult with a representative of Scotland Yard as to the advisability of

American Contracts in Africa. LONDON, Oct. 18 .- The Daily Express ntinues its campaign in behalf of British engineers against the Americans regard to the South African contracts Today it gives voice to the protests of various English firms which denounce the unfairness of the rumored preference for Americans.

On the other hand, the Daily News doubts the accuracy of the report and defends Lieutenant-Colonel Girouard, Director of Railways in British South Africa, from the charge of partiality for the United States. In concludes its editorial thus: "Time is important in South Africa, as

was in Egypt. If American firms

should eventually get any share of the contracts, it will be because they are smarter than British competitors or because they have less work on hand. The est protest will be to best the Americans in their estimates." Reopening of Cortes Postponed. MADRID, Oct. 18.-The Cabinet has deolded to postpone the reopening of the Cortes until November 20, on account of the Spanish-American Congress, which

will meet November 18, and last until No-

vember 20. The Spanish Government will

take an active part in the Congress and an exceptional welcome will be given to the official delegates from the Central American and South American Repub lics. Lord Durham's Criticism. NEW YORK, Oct. 18 .- Several prominent racehorse owners express decided opin-ions on Lord Durham's criticisms in regard to American owners, trainers and lockeys. It is the main topic of converstation at the Morris Park course.

"I do not think," said Richard Croker



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have. We would be quick enough to foilow English style out here if English jockeys taught us anything. There ought to be no restrictions as to nationality. I suppose American trainers will not be able to get any more licenses to train at Newmarket. Superiority of American jockeys consists in putting the saddle forward and the crouching attitude, which offers less wind resistance, and that can be copied. Depend upon it, the English

oys will have to come to it." David Gideon said: I think Lord Durham's criticism is entirely uncalled for. Any boy that does wrong should be punished, be he American or Scotchman.

## Duke of York's Trip.

LONDON, Oct. 18.—It is officially anmpanied to Australia, where he is to open the Commonwealth Parliament, by a guard of honor composed of details of men from every branch of the British Army, including volunteers. The Indian troops sailed for Australia October 17.

The Pope Has a Cold. ROME, Oct. 18.—The pope intended to wait St. Peter's today and bless the French and Italian pligrims, but Dr. Lappont forbade him to do so, owing to a

slight cold. It is hoped he will be to visit St. Peter's Saturday. Parliament Prorogued. LONDON, Oct. 18 -- At a meeting of the Privy Council at Balmoral today the Queen prorogued Parliament until early in December, when it will be again prorogued until the usual time of assemb

King Oscar in No Danger. COPENHAGEN, Oct. 18-It is announced that the immediate danger atpassed, but that he will require a long

the middle of February.

Linares Is a Minister. MADRID, Oct. 18.-General Linares has been gazetted as Minister of War, and General Azecarra for the Senate,

The Shortlidge Insurance Case. BUFFALO, Oct. 18.—An inaccurate account of the Provident Life & Trust Company, contesting a claim on the life of the wife of Professor Swithin C. Short-lidge, of Media, Pa., who was killed by her husband in 1896, has been widely published, and as an act of justice the exact facts are here stated: The policy was not on the life of the wife, but was on endowment (maturing September 17, 1966) on the life of the husband, who has been released from the insane asylum to which he was committed after the death of his wife. The only contest is between the creditors of the husband and the heirs of the wife. The company is forced to wait until the court decides to whom the money is due, and, so far from making an effort to escape payment, was ready and anxious to make payment in full on

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