

SAVING THE FOREST

How Service Has Grown and What It Does.

LARGER APPROPRIATIONS MADE

Arrangements to Permit Lumbering on Reserves and to Reproduce Timber on Damaged Land.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 7.—The question of the public forests and forest reserves receives considerable attention in the annual report of the Commissioner of the General Land Office, and the various questions relative to forests and forest preservation are taken up and discussed quite fully.

The Commissioner expresses great gratification over the passage of an act in the last session of Congress which put an end to the question of surveying lands in lieu of holdings within forest reservations. During the past year 2022 applications for such land selections were filed, but because he recognized that these selections were being made in order to secure valuable tracts in place of tracts that were worth but little, action was held up, and but 243 applications were approved, the remainder either being held up or suspended. The area desired to be relinquished made up a total of 463,094 acres. However, the Commissioner is desirous of further protecting the Government in such exchanges, and recommends that the act be amended to the effect that the natural state of the tract relinquished has not been changed except to such an extent as may have been necessary in clearing the tract for agricultural purposes. Such a provision as this would cut off speculators who have located tracts in forest reserves, denuded them of their timber and seek to secure in exchange equal tracts that are valuable for their timber land.

More Rangers Needed. A recommendation is also made that all unreserved forest lands should be brought under the care of an adequate force of fire rangers. This recommendation, the Commissioner says, is so much more important than all others connected with the public forests that they sink into insignificance by comparison. The most important step in a national forestry system is to insure to the public forests exemption from the scourge of fire. Under the present system the forests on unreserved lands are swept by fires, in addition to which is the indiscriminate cutting of timber, from which the Government derives no return. To gether these evils cause an irreparable destruction of timber which is appalling, and the Government remains powerless to prevent them to any extent. The evil can only be properly remedied by the prompt withdrawal from further entry or disposal of all the reserves in the past year, hereinafter by the Government which are more valuable for forest uses than for other purposes, and placing them under an efficient forest service, which shall see to both their protection and their reproduction.

Many applications were received for the elimination of tracts said to be agricultural lands, but general investigation developed that if these lands were not timbered to the extent of 100 acres, or in some way essential to the forest cover. As a general thing, sheepmen have been the parties making applications for these eliminations, and the result is to the essential injury to the water supply, the lands have generally been sold to private parties. From 1887, when our forestry system first took its start, up to the past fiscal year, the efforts of the forestry officials were devoted to getting the new system into effect. In the past year, however, they have striven to put into operation a practicable system for harvesting and marketing the timber in accordance with the needs of the local population, with particular reference to the production of the crop and maintenance of proper forest conditions. Instructions were issued to each of the forest superintendents to make a careful study of the subject of conservative lumbering, and to apply to the particular reserves under his charge, and submit a report, showing what he considers the best methods to be pursued in connection with harvesting the timber there. He is to report where there is a demand for timber, to what extent it can be supplied, what portions of the reserves can best be drawn upon, and how the forests shall be guarded to insure a continual growth of timber.

Petitions for Sale.

There have been but few petitions for the sale of timber from lands within forest reservations, most of them subsequently being withdrawn. But 13 petitions were effected, the proceeds of which amount to but \$36.74. Other petitions were filed asking for the sale of timber from forest reserves. Thirteen such petitions have been effected, involving 100,000 feet of timber, realizing over \$6000.

The forest superintendents are instructed to permit the cutting and removal under their supervision of such forest reserves timber as can be taken without detriment to the objects of the reserve, to meet the applicant's individual needs for fuel, fencing, buildings, mining, prospecting and other domestic uses. The amount not exceeding \$100 in stumpage value, provided no injury to the forest will result. The further cutting of timber is allowed only by permission of the Secretary of the Interior. The law permitting free use of timber is framed in the interest of the individuals, and therefore debar mining corporations requiring large amounts of wood as soon as the Secretary of the Interior is notified. The law is in connection with maintaining well-developed mines.

Although several applications to lease lands in forest reserves, made on or before February 23, 1899, have been filed, none have yet been approved, as they did not meet the requirements of the department. Under the existing law the leasing of these lands is restricted to lands near mineral springs, but the Commissioner thinks the law should be extended to all tracts which would be used for any purpose, which would not injure the forests or their water supply. Among the peculiar permits asked for, was one for the establishment of a boarding-house within a forest reserve, and another for the establishment of a saloon. Both were rejected. Several permits were issued for cutting hay for local consumption, but not where the hay was to be sold.

Bigger Appropriations Granted.

Year by year larger sums are being appropriated for the protection of the forest reserves. The appropriation for the fiscal year is \$1,000,000, which is more commensurate with the requirements of the service than any previous provisions. Under the current act there are nine superintendents, 23 supervisors, and 330 rangers. This ranger force was increased to 466 on July 15, and an additional force of about 50 was also provided. It is believed by the Commissioner that this increased force and the possibility of retaining a sufficient force where really needed for a longer period than was possible in the past, will prove most satisfactory.

The forest rangers, in addition to their other duties, have been required to clear out old trails and roads, and to blaze and cut new trails through the reserve, and at danger points to cut fire breaks. During the year there have been cleared out and made accessible for unobstructed use 500 miles of old trails, 1096 miles of new trails have been cut, and 1286 miles of

trails have been blazed; 364 miles of permanent fire breaks have been cut, with an average width of 39 feet. The opening of trails is considered one of the most important features of patrol work, as it makes possible the reaching of forest fires in the shortest possible time, saving, in many instances, long journeys to get from one danger point to another.

A number of matters of purely local interest are treated in the report, among them being the following:

Cedar Lake Withdrawal.

"On September 19, 1899, the Mayor and City Controller of the City of Seattle, Wash., addressed a letter to this office, referring on behalf of the City of Seattle, that a forest reservation be established containing Cedar Lake and certain lands immediately surrounding same, which they stated was for cultivation, and chiefly valuable for their timber.

"They further set forth as follows: Your petitioners, the City of Seattle, has this direct interest in securing the reservation of the land for cultivation, and a water system by a system of conduits to a point on Cedar River about 20 miles from said city, at a cost of about \$1,200,000, and in order to protect its water supply from contamination is about to secure the lands along and up Cedar River about 25 miles from the proposed intake to Cedar Lake, which is really for storage reservoir.

"On the strength of this petition the department, on October 4, 1899, ordered that a temporary withdrawal be made of the lands, whilst the question of the advisability of the withdrawal of the requested reserve was being considered; which withdrawal was subsequently effected.

Idaho-Montana Boundary.

"The sundry civil act of June 4, 1897, provided for the survey of that portion of the boundary between the States of Idaho and Montana, beginning at the intersection of the 108th meridian west from Washington, with the boundary line between the United States and the British possessions, and extending south to the summit of the Bitter Root Mountains. The survey has been executed and approved by the Director of the Geological Survey, and copies of the plats and field notes have been filed in this office for the use of the General of Idaho and Montana, as provided by the appropriation act.

Entries in Alaska.

"One townsite entry (Juneau) and 20 non-iron entries have been made in Alaska. Five of the non-iron entries have been patented during the last fiscal year, two having previously been patented, leaving 15 suspended for various reasons, such as illegal surveys, alleged mineral character of the tract, insufficiency of the proof submitted, etc.

California's Big Parks.

Report of Superintendent and His Recommendations.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 7.—Captain Frank W. Wadsworth, acting superintendent of the Sequoia and Kings Canyon National Parks, in California, has submitted his annual report to the Secretary of the Interior. The first of these parks is the largest containing, it is estimated, from 1900 to 3000 of the mammoth Sequoia trees, for which California is noted. Captain Wadsworth, for the benefit of the public, as the best route for reaching the great forests is not generally known that the proper point at which to leave the railway is Visalia, thence there is a good road through the park-like country to the Kaweah River and thence northward to the Kaweah mountains into the park. The park itself is on a table land 6000 to 8000 feet in altitude, and commands a view of some of the most magnificent mountain scenery in the Rockies.

He recommends in some detail the extension of the park boundaries to take in a portion of this mountain tract eastward to Mount Whitney and the main Sierra Nevada range, and to take in the Kings River canyon. This section, Captain Wadsworth says, exceeds in beauty and grandeur anything to be found in Switzerland, and is a part of the public domain, though partly or entirely within the limits of a game preserve and to conserve the water supply on which the immense citrus fruit interests of Tulare County depend.

The General Grant Park is only two miles square, and is in very bad condition, owing to fallen timber and rubbish, which should be cleared away immediately. It contains over 215 large Sequoias, including the famous General Grant tree, and a little work would make it a marvelously beautiful spot.

One serious danger, which also threatens the Sequoia Park, is the presence of sawmills on private lands included within the boundaries of the park. It is said there are 5400 acres so held. The mills are ruining the giant trees in the neighborhood, using them in the most criminally wasteful manner, taking only the clear timber and leaving the immense tops to rot on the ground and be a menace by fire to all the remainder of the park. Captain Wadsworth recommends that these lands be appraised and purchased by the Government.

There has been little trespass this season, but poaching and the indiscriminate slaughter of game is soon as the soldiers leave for the season threaten to exterminate the larger animals. Captain Wadsworth recommends an appropriation of \$21,000 for carrying forward the various lines of work next year.

"BEYOND PARDON."

Words Written by Young Woman Before Taking Poison.

NEW YORK, Oct. 7.—The body of a young woman who committed suicide Saturday night in the Grand Hotel in this city lay on the marble slab at the city morgue today unclaimed. Letters and three letters written by her on the hotel and undelivered before she drank the deadly acid that caused her death appear to prove that she is Matilda Nelson, the young Swedish girl who attained notoriety in 1886 by suing the estate of Austin Corbin for \$50,000 on the basis of alleged verbal promises made to her by Mr. Corbin. The defense, alleging blackmail, won a verdict.

Among the papers found on the body of the woman was a receipt for \$100 paid to her attorney for conducting the case against the Corbin estate; several letters from lawyers, and newspaper clippings concerning the trial.

Lying on the desk where she had written her farewell was a sheet of paper upon which two words were scrawled: "Beyond pardon."

Bottled Beers labeled "Budweiser," "Faust," "Black & Tan," "Anheuser-Standard," "Export Pale," "Export Lager," "Lager-Beck's," "Anheuser-Busch" is on the label they are pure beers. W. J. VAN SCHUYVER & CO., Portland, wholesale dealers.

MONEY MATTERS EASIER

COMPLETELY CHANGED ASPECT OF THE GERMAN BOURSE.

Diplomatic Events Influence the Market—Gold for New York.

BERLIN, Oct. 7.—Influenced by the latest diplomatic events in China and by the remarkable ease of the money market, the Bourse last week had the best experience it has had for months. The fact that foreign powers regard the Chinese situation as more favorable had a great weight with operators. The fall of 1/2 per cent in private dividend on Monday and Tuesday acted favorably on the market, and the influence was maintained until Friday, when the rate rose 1/4.

The Bourse presented a completely changed aspect from that of previous months. All lines of securities showed improvement until Friday, when the rate was checked. This was followed by rather heavy falls yesterday, but the

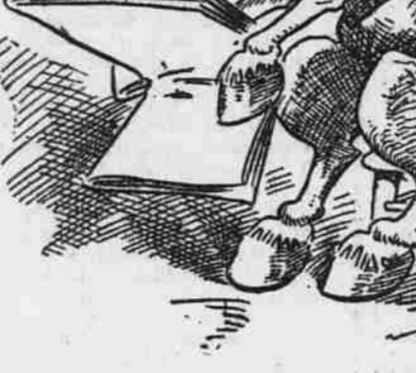
market was not so much affected as it had been in previous months. The rate of exchange on New York has fallen from 11 1/2 to 11 1/4. Bankers do not anticipate a steady rise in silver. The demand for Mexican silver dollars for China continues. There is

A Cornerstone in Jerusalem.

JERUSALEM, Oct. 7.—Today the bishop of Jerusalem, in the name of the pope, and in the presence of the German Consul and 300 German pilgrims, laid the cornerstone of the church which is to be erected on Mount Zion on the site Abdul Hamid presented to Emperor William on the occasion of the latter's visit to the Holy Land.

Business in Mexico.

MEXICO CITY, Oct. 7.—Exchange on New York has fallen from 11 1/2 to 11 1/4. Bankers do not anticipate a steady rise in silver. The demand for Mexican silver dollars for China continues. There is



WHENEVER I THINK OF TRUSTS IT SENDS A COLD CHILL UP MY SPINAL COLUMN.

—St. Paul Pioneer Press.

week's trading shows a moderate rise. The so-called "New York Treasuries" gained 5 cents, the demand continuing above the supply. Chinese loans gained from 2 to 4 points.

Coal and iron shares rose steadily until Friday, notwithstanding the gloomier reports from the iron centers. The weakness of the iron situation is apparently growing, some reductions in wages and discharges of operatives having been reported. Manufacturers of structural iron in Germany are trying to find relief for the fullness of the home market by underbidding Belgian manufacturers. The coal situation remains strong, but the opinion prevails that the scarcity will soon be over. The syndicate has decided to raise prices in the case of a few grades after April. German cokers are offering coke at Liege cheaper than the Belgians. It is understood that discounts at the Reichsbank during the present week will be heavy. The New York exchange rate has risen near the gold point, and fear is expressed that German gold will go to New York.

The organ of Dr. Von Miquel, Prussian Minister of Finance, the Politische Nachrichten, announces that no Prussian loan will be made during the present fiscal year, and probably none will be made for several years to come.

BRIGHTER IN LONDON.

Marked Revival in American Stocks—Money Abundant.

LONDON, Oct. 7.—The Stock Exchange last week was distinctly brighter. The success of the government in the Parliamentary elections strengthened confidence among investors. The public also showed a disposition to purchase speculative securities, and the market for the home railway shares 1/4 to 1/2 points higher. Americans were decidedly strong yesterday, scoring advances on the week. Even the long dormant Eries responded to a brisk revival and closed at top prices, which was the case all along the Erie Northern Pacific 1/2, Baltimore & Ohio 1/2, St. Paul 1/2, Erie 1/2, and others 1/4 to 1/2.

The feature of the week was the buying of Chinese securities, which closed 1/2 to 3/4 points higher.

Mines, although still quiet, begin to show signs of returning confidence on the part of outsiders, many rising 1/2 to 1 point. It may be noted that there is a growing interest in British Columbian mines, which is indicated by the rise in quotations of some of the companies.

SOCIALISTS WERE QUIET.

Prince Albert and His Bride Royally Received in Brussels.

BRUSSELS, Oct. 7.—Prince Albert, of Belgium, and his bride, Duchess Elizabeth, of Bavaria, were received at the town hall this afternoon. The royal procession was warmly acclaimed by the populace. The Socialist members of the municipal council were absent from the ceremony.

When was over the royal couple appeared on a balcony facing the square where school children were assembled to the number of 5000. The latter waved thousands of Belgian and Bavarian flags while the onlookers generally cheered and waved handkerchiefs. The children then sang a patriotic hymn while the Prince and Princess reviewed them. As the 80-page report of the Commission on Foreign Missions will begin its nineteenth annual meeting at Pilgrim Congregational Church in this city. The meeting will be in session three days, and President C. W. Johnson, of Boston, will be the most important of any meeting ever held by the board since its organization in 1891, owing to the famine in India, and the crisis in China, where many workers have been killed and much property belonging to the missions under their control destroyed. Matters relating to the work in those and other fields will come up for discussion on Monday, and officers for the ensuing year will be elected.

Chinese Killed Boy Assaulted.

SALT LAKE, Oct. 7.—About 3 o'clock this morning three boys going from city to their homes in the suburbs began thrashing rocks at the house of Chin Poy, a Chinaman. Poy fired at the trio, killing Charles Holmes. Poy is under arrest.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY, Take Lavative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All Druggists sell them. Price 25c. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

GALVESTON NEEDS MORE

PEOPLE REQUIRE MATERIAL TO BUILD THEMSELVES HOUSES.

Greater Loss Than at Johnston, but Aid Given is Much Less—Clara Barton's Appeal.

GALVESTON, Tex., Oct. 7.—Miss Clara Barton, president of the National Red Cross Society, today issued a statement to the manufacturers and business men of the country in which she appeals to them for aid in the way of material to be used in the building of homes for those who lost their all in the recent storm. It is addressed "To the Manufacturers and Dealers in Lumber, Hardware, Builders' Materials and Household Goods and to the Business Men in General of the United States and says:

"We believe it is generally stated that there is not one house in the area of the storm undamaged by it. A large proportion of those persons formerly occupying them are entirely without homes or even shelter, save such as persons nearly as destitute as themselves can offer them temporarily to their own great inconvenience and cost.

"The number of this homeless class is estimated at 8,000 or more. Winter is less than two months away. Although a mild climate, still snow and ice are known here. It seems would protect which they will not, and the sand would not hold them down. Some substantial shelter must be had at once for these people.

"The havoc wrought by the storm in Galveston at once was much larger in loss of life and property than at Johnston, but the donations in money so far aggregated are only a small fraction of the city and mainland than was given at Johnston.

"While the bountiful outpouring of the people's generosity has enabled the general relief committee and the Red Cross to feed the hungry, clothe the naked and render the streets of Galveston partially passable, nothing has as yet been done toward relieving the immediate sufferers in houses where they can escape disease and enjoy a slight measure of the comforts of which the storm deprived them.

"It is for the purpose of awakening the sympathies of the American people and further appealing to their bountiful instincts to rescue these sufferers from the hardships still confronting them that the foregoing statements have been put forth."

Philadelphia Sent Over \$100,000.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 7.—The cash contributions made by the citizens of this city to the relief fund for the Texas flood sufferers now exceeds \$100,000. This is exclusive of numerous train loads of provisions, clothing, drugs and other articles sent.

TRIED TO SAVE NONPAREIL

Storm Prevented, So She Was Scuttled and Fired.

NEW YORK, Oct. 7.—The British steamer Knight Templar, Captain Finis Shields, reports that on October 1 she sighted the abandoned British ship Nonpareil, of London, which left New York on September 10 for Java and was abandoned September 23. Captain Finis sent a boat to the Nonpareil and it was thought possible that she could be towed into port. There was a 16 inches of water in her hold. A volunteer crew was prepared for and after putting them aboard a hawser was passed to the vessel. She was towed from 12 o'clock P. M. until midnight when the vessel was abandoned. The heavy rain, at 2 A. M., October 2, the hawser parted. The Knight Templar stood by until daylight when it was decided to cut off the volunteer crew and scuttle the vessel. She was scuttled and thought she would eventually sink as the water was washing around the hatches. The Nonpareil was fired directly in the track of the vessel bound to and from New York and about 120 miles from New York. She was a new ship and was laden with coal oil. Her owners were the Standard Oil Company. The crew of the Nonpareil was taken off by the steamer Glenocly which arrived here September 30 from Beyrout.

HEAVY FOG OFF NEW YORK.

Delayed Atlantic Liners—Steamer Cuts Schooner Almost in Two.

NEW YORK, Oct. 7.—The big transatlantic liners Campania, Pennsylvania, Ethiopia and Ems and half a dozen other steamers which sailed from their docks yesterday were compelled by a heavy fog to anchor in the lower bay last night. They all passed out today but there was still much fog, making it necessary for them to proceed with caution. The Old Dominion Line steamship Hamilton, bound here from Norfolk, ran into and sank the Philadelphia schooner A. Shaw, coal laden, bound for Providence, Rhode Island, from New York. The schooner was cut almost in two. The Lightship early this morning. Captain Smith and seven men, comprising the schooner's crew, were saved and brought ashore by the Hamilton. The schooner was running at 30 knots speed at the time and struck the Shaw in the dense fog, cutting her almost in two.

The Deutschland Touched Bottom.

LONDON, Oct. 7.—The Hamburg-American steamer Deutschland, which left Hamburg yesterday for New York and was reported as having grounded in the Elbe, sailed from Southampton this afternoon. Captain Albert von Mevius, in the course of an interview at Southampton, denied that the Deutschland went ashore. He explained that her bow just grazed a shoal in the Elbe, owing to the easterly wind and the receding water. The vessel therefore was backed into deep water, where she anchored for a couple of hours to await the rising of the tide.

Peary Not Yet Coming Home.

ST. JOHNS, N. F., Oct. 7.—The failure of the Peary exploring steamer Windward to return from the north leads local observers to believe that the explorer will not attempt to get back this Autumn. Probably the season just passed was an open one in the far north. Should that have been the case, Lieutenant Peary is likely to have taken the Windward into some high latitude, hoping to use her in a further expedition next season. This would mean that he made no special record during the present year.

American Collier Floated.

SUEZ, Oct. 7.—The American steam collier Emir, which recently sank in the Suez canal while on her way to Manila with coal for the American fleet, but was successfully floated yesterday, has arrived at Suez today. The vessel, however, to enter the port, as she draws too much water. Her cargo is being discharged, and divers will examine her bottom to ascertain the extent of her injuries.

Domestic and Foreign Ports.

ASTORIA, Oct. 7. Sailed at 10:30 A. M.—British steamer Braemar, for Manila; 11:30 A. M.—German steamer Eva, for Hong Kong and Vladivostok; and Italian ship Elisa, for Algeas Bay. Arrived at 4 P. M.—German bark Nomia; French bark Europe; British ship County of Edinburgh; at 4:30, German ship Altair. San Francisco, Oct. 7.—Arrived—Steamer State of California, from Portland. Sailed—Schooner Louise, for Willapa; ship Berlin, for Tacoma. COS BAY, Oct. 7.—Sailed at 8 A. M.—Steamer Del Norte, for Portland. NEW YORK, Oct. 7.—Arrived—Etruria, from

Liverpool and Queenstown: La Touraine, from Havra. Sailed October 5—Anchored in lower bay on account of dense fog and proceeded this morning—Steamers Campania, for Queenstown and Liverpool; Pennsylvania, for Plymouth, Cherbourg and Hamburg; Ethiopia, for Mowla and Glasgow; Ems, for Gibraltar, Genoa and Naples.

Southampton, Oct. 1.—Sailed—Deutschland, from Bremen, for New York. Bremen, Oct. 7.—Arrived—Alier, from New York. Antwerp, Oct. 7.—Arrived—Noordland, from New York. Queenstown, Oct. 7. Sailed—Lucania, from Liverpool, for New York. Hoquiam, Wash.—Sailed October 5—Schooner Laura May, from Aberdeen, for San Francisco; schooner Sallor Boy, from Aberdeen, for San Francisco.

NATIONAL LEAGUE GAMES.

Chicago and Cincinnati Back Win to the Other.

CHICAGO, Oct. 7.—The first game was an exciting and sharply played article of baseball, Chicago winning out in the ninth on two gifts, a sacrifice and a hit. Chicago took the second by pounding Hughes all over the field. Attendance, 2500. The score:

First game—R H E Chicago..... 4 11 8 Cincinnati..... 3 7 1 Batteries—Garvin and Donahue; Breitenstein and Kahos. Umpire—O'Day.

Second game—R H E Chicago..... 2 5 1 Cincinnati..... 7 14 1 Called sixth—darkness. Batteries—Hughes and Donahue; Newton and Kahos. Umpire—O'Day.

Called on Account of Darkness.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 7.—Umpire Emalie called the game in the seventh today on account of darkness. He was nearly mobbed for doing so. Fully half an hour after the game was called the sun was shining and it was just as bright as when the game commenced. Timely hits by Williams and O'Connor won the game for Pittsburgh. Attendance, 3000. The score:

St. Louis..... 2 5 1 Pittsburgh..... 3 8 2 Batteries—Young and Criger; Philippi and O'Connor. Umpire—Emalie.

Frenchman Wins Cycle Race.

PARIS, Oct. 7.—A large crowd witnessed the much-talked-of match today which was held at the Parc des Princes, between the French, Dutch and American cycling champions, Jacquelin, Meirs and Tom Cooper. The contest, which was in the hands of the French, Jacquelin, the positions of the men in each heat being Jacquelin first, Cooper second and Meirs third. The winner, who rode extremely well, received a great ovation from his compatriots. The distance was 1200 meters, and the best time, 2 minutes and 3 1/2 seconds.

New World's Shot-Putting Record.

NEW YORK, Oct. 7.—New world's records for putting the 12- and 16-pound shots were made by Dennis Hogan at the benefit games held today under the auspices of the Pastime Athletic Club. Hogan put the 12-pound shot 55 feet 3/4 inches, or 9 1/2 inches further than ever before. In putting the 16-pound shot Hogan added half an inch to his own world record of 88 feet 2 inches.

BOERS SHORT OF AMMUNITION

Retreating With Their Guns—Boers to Come This Month.

LONDON, Oct. 8.—It is estimated, according to the Pietermaritzburg correspondent of the Daily Mail, that 600 to 1200 Boers have retreated from Pieter's Rest, northeast of Lydenburg, with four long toms and 22 other guns. The correspondent understands that their long tom ammunition is almost exhausted, and will leave South Africa during the last week of October. The authorities have decided to limit the number of Colonial troops who are to be the Queen's guests in London to 500.

Volunteers Returning to England.

CAPE TOWN, Oct. 7.—The City of London Volunteers sailed for England today, their departure being attended by a scene of tremendous enthusiasm. Sir Alfred Milner, in the course of an address thanking them for their services to the empire, told them that a still greater reception awaited them at home.

Buller Pursuing the Dutch.

LYDENBURG, Tuesday, Oct. 2.—General Buller's force has been pursuing the Boers through Pieter's Rest and Krugerpost. He is now near Ohrdrift, and it still remains northward. The Boers now have made a stand.

Lord Strathcona's Return.

NEW YORK, Oct. 7.—Lord Strathcona, the Lord High Commissioner of the Dominion of Canada, arrived on the Etruria today. He equipped a mounted regiment and sent it at his own expense from Canada to fight the Boers. The regiment is commanded by Colonel Stedman. The Lord High Commissioner left for Montreal tonight, and when asked what he thought of the English selections, said with a smile: "I would not be proper in the Lord High Commissioner of Canada to permit myself to discuss English politics, but I may say that there is a wave of imperial feeling, and a more spirited, honest man I have never in my life met."

Actor Instantly Killed.

HUNTINGTON, W. Va., Oct. 7.—W. J. McCauley, of Philadelphia, an actor playing with the Woman in White theatrical company, was killed today by Pearl Newman. McCauley and three friends had entered a restaurant and were talking to Miss Dorothy Brown, when Newman opened fire, killing McCauley instantly. Newman escaped to Ohio.

The Non-Irritating Cathartic

Easy to take, easy to operate—

Hood's Pills

Tutt's Pills

Cure All Liver Ills.

Tried Friends Best.

For thirty years Tutt's Pills have proven a blessing to the invalid.

Are truly the sick man's friend.

A Known Fact

For bilious headache, dyspepsia, sour stomach, malaria, constipation and all kindred diseases.

TUTT'S Liver PILLS

AN ABSOLUTE CURE.

Dr. A. T. Sanden

Cor. Fourth and Morrison

Portland - Oregon

KILL THE DANDRUFF GERM

Or Your Hair Will Fall Out Till You Become Bald.

Your scalp has discovered that dandruff is caused by a germ that digs down to the roots of the hair, where it destroys the hair's vitality, causing falling hair, and ultimately baldness. After Professor Unna, of Hamburg, Germany, discovered the dandruff germ, all efforts to find a remedy failed until the great laboratorist, Dr. Sanden, made his discovery in New York's Herald. It is one of all other hair preparations kills the dandruff germ. Without dandruff hair grows luxuriantly. "Destroy the cause, you remove the effect."

Dr. A. T. Sanden

Cor. Fourth and Morrison

Portland - Oregon

REPUBLICAN CAMPAIGN

IN BEHALF OF McKinley and Roosevelt

The Republican State Central Committee of Oregon announces the following assignments of speakers for the Presidential campaign of 1900:

GOVERNOR T. T. GEHR.

Clatskanie.....Thursday, Oct. 25
Astoria.....Friday, Oct. 26
Hood River.....Saturday, Oct. 27
Astoria.....Sunday, Oct. 28
Hood River.....Monday, Oct. 29
Hoggar.....Tuesday, Oct. 30
Brownsville.....Wednesday, Nov. 1
Myrtle Creek.....Thursday, Nov. 2
Medford.....Saturday, Nov. 3

HON. THOMAS H. TONGUE.

McMinnville.....Monday, Oct. 8
Independence.....Tuesday, Oct. 9
Dallas.....Wednesday, Oct. 10
Astoria.....Thursday, Oct. 11
Jefferson.....Friday, Oct. 12
Oregon City.....Saturday, Oct. 13
Astoria.....Sunday, Oct. 14
Lebanon.....Monday, Oct. 15
Corvallis.....Tuesday, Oct. 16
Douglas.....Wednesday, Oct. 17
Cottage Grove.....Thursday, Oct. 18
Astoria.....Friday, Oct. 19