# STRUCK BY TORNADO

Barn Dropped on a Saloon in a Michigan Town.

EIGHT PERSONS WERE KILLED

They Had Taken Refuge In the Building, Which Collapsed, and Were Burled in the Debris.

MINNEAPOLIS, Sept. M .- A special to the Times from Faribault, Minn., says: Meager details have just reached here of a catastrophe which visited the village of Morristown, 10 miles west of Faribault, shortly before 6 o'clock this evening. The village was struck by a tornado and a barn was raised in the air and dropped directly on top of Paul Gatseke's scioon, where 16 people had taken refuge from the storm. The saloon collapsed, and all its occupants were buried in the debris. At present it is said that eight dead bodies and three injured persons have been taken from the rulns Following is a correct list of the dead

and injured. The dead are: Harry S. Walte, a farmer, aged 40, left a wife and family. Otto Gatseke, son of Paul Gatseke,

Frank Pittman, of Waterville, aged 50. John Rohrer, aged 22.

Elmer Brooks, aged 20.

Jacob Miller, Jr., aged 23.

Jacob Weger, aged 23.

Jacob Weger, aged 23.

— Peterson, a hired man.

The injured are: Paul Gaiseke, proprietor of the saloon, injured internally, may die; Frank E. Wilder, injured internally, may die; Frank Pittman, 18 vers of may die; Frank Pittman, 1

may die; Frank Pittman, 12 years of ago, son of Frank Pittman, may die; Porter A. White, head bruised, condition serious; Bernard A. Schmiet, slightly; William ks, slightly.

The storm came without warning, from a mile, but, owing to its peculiar action, the distress and damage resulting were not as great as they might have been.

The storm made jumps of one block, but whenever it came down everything was crumbled by the power of the wind. A barn belonging to Dn Datgabel on the outskirts of the village was the first structure destroyed. It was picked up and carried a block leaving the floor up. and carried a block, leaving the floor un-injured, with two horses standing on it. Before reaching the Gatseke saloon there is a two-story building, which was left untouched. All the people killed and injured in Morristown were in the saloon, having hurriedly taken refuge there when the storm was seen on the outskirts of the storm was seen on the cousairts of the village. There were 15 people in the structure at the time the storm struck. The building was crushed like an eggshell. Before the building fell three people man-aged to escape, but the others are found in the lists of dead and injured.

in the lists of dead and injured.

After leaving the saloon, the storm crossed the street and destroyed the barn of J. G. Temple, and took the roof from the barn of W. M. Bigoli. It then crossed the Cannon River and destroyed the barn of Adam Snyder, killing several hogs The storm then passed bff to the northeast, and did no further damage. Before reaching town the storm descended on the ing town the storm descended on the farm of John Olsen and killed a hired man named Peterson.

#### TEXAS' LATEST STORM.

Town of Marble Falls Reported to Be Washed Away. HOUSTON, Tex., Sept. M .- A bulletin

from Austin says: It is rumored here at a late hour to-night that the town of Marble Falls has been washed away by the Colorado River, and that there is a 56-foot rise at Kings-land. Efforts to reach Marble Falls are without avail. It is a small town of 800 people, E miles above Austin, on the Colorado River, and is the terminus of Stopeopie, E miles above Austin, on the Colorado River, and is the terminus of a branch of the Austin & Northwestern road. The dispatcher says that at 3 o'clock all offices on his line were closed, and he has heard nothing of any delayer. Kingsland is a small town in Liano County, also on the Austin & Northwestern and is near the junction of the Liano and Colorado Rivers, both McCulloch and the Owen families, who were formerly it surely is unnecessary for me to call

Trinity River Rising.

DALLAS, Tex., Sept. 21.—The Trinity River is higher tonight than it has been since 1890, when it broke all records. The water tonight lacks only six feet of reaching the 1900 mark and is still rising. Owng to heavy rains last night and yesterday on the Elm Fork the West Fork and the Clear Fork, all of them empty-ing into the Trinity above Dallas, the prospect is favorable for the stream go ing past the 1890 mark some time No lives have been lost in the immediate vicinity of Dallas, but cotton and livestock, notably sheep and hogs, have suffered heavily. The County Comhogs, missioners of Dallas County estimate the loss of county bridges at \$25,000, inde-pendent of numerous small bridges, and the streets damaged in the County of Dallas, which will be nearly as much. The item of damage to roads and bridges the dozen or more counties affeeted in Northern Texas will be about

A bulletin received here this morning from Fowler, Bosque County, says:
"Brazos River out of banks; higher than
in 12 years and going higher. Big rise
will result tonight." Fowler is 50 miles

Brownwood Not Seriously Damaged. HOUSTON, Tex., Sept. 24.-The town of Brownwood has not been seriously dam-aged by the overflow of the Pecan Bayou, nor have any lives been lost. The water flooded the town, and some damage re-sulted from this cause. Trains will be running through tomorrow over both the Ennta Fe and the Rio Grande. The rise in the Trinity has not yet reached the lower river, and the people in the towns have been warned by the newspapers. There are few tele-graph stations along the course of the Trinity, and it is difficult to get reliable information of the damage done. The rise in the Branes has reached Hearne, and people in the bottoms have been warned that an overflow is possible, but not probable. The greatest damage has been to cotton open in the fields. Correspondents at all points in Northern Texas

report this loss as heavy.

The reports from West Texas are meager as to damage done by the Nucees River. The country is sparsely settled, and it will be some days before accurate information is obtainable. The loss of life reported from Sen Antonio is so far all that has been heard of.

Governor Issues a Warning. AUSTIN, Tex., Sept. 24.—Governor Sayers wired tonight to all points south of here warning notices that the most terrific flood in the history of the Colorado River, which flows by this city, is now surging down through the mountain gorges to the northwest of here, and is expected at this place by midnight. The warning was sent out by Governor Sayers in response to the following telegraphic

"Goldihwalte, Sept. 34.-To Governor Sayers: Notify all towns on Colorado River and have towns notify country peo-ple that the river is 10 feet higher than before known, and is still rapidly rising. Very urgent.

PHIL H. CLEMENTS.

Bridges and Crops Swept Away. HOUSTON, Tex., Sept. 21.—A special from Goldthwaite says there has been no less of life, but that the rise in the Colorado River has swept all bridges

Many houses have been destroyed and 100 families are homeless, though they es-caped to the highlands. A special from Liano says the Liano River, a tributary Idano says the Liano River, a tributary of the Colorado, is 17 feet above normal and has done much damage in the valleys. No loss of life has been reported. Reports from various points in Western and Northern Texas are to the effect that all the amail streams are greatly swollen and are sending a large volume of water into the larger streams.

Destruction at Sansaba.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 2.—A special from Austin, Tex., says:

A telephone message received here by the Chief of Police from Liano says that Sansaba, 40 miles north of that place, containing about 1000 people, was partly swept away by the flood in the Sansaba River, which is still rising. All bridges have been carried off. No news can be had from Sansaba tonight, the wires being down. It is feared there has been great loss of Ute in the bottoms, as the rise was in the night and without warning. The Colorado River here at 10 P. M. was rising rapidly and people in the lowlands have prepared to move out, having been warned by the police.

Six Persons Perished. SIx Persons Perished.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 24.—Dispatches from Nueces River Valley, Texas, say in a little Mexican village, La Aigle, on Gallardo Creek, a branch of the Nueces, not a house is left standing as a result of the flood. A Mexican family of four and two American campers, supposed to have been deer hunters from Eagle Pass, perished. All efforts to get word from Brackettaville which was wrecked by a Brackettsville, which was wrecked by a flood a year ago, failed, owing to the washing away of the telegraph wires.

GALVESTON'S DEATH LIST. As It Stands It Represents a Total

of 3859 Names.
GALVESTON, Sept. 24.—The newest list of deaths from the storm represents a

total of 3889 names. The indications are that not more than 2000 will be actually accounted for. The News has made a diligent effort to get as complete a list of the dead as possible. It is reasonable to assume that 800 or 1000 people were lost whose names are not obtainable, which would make the total list on Galveston a southwesterly direction. The length of would make the total list on Galveston its path in the village was less than half Island about 5000. The News is of the opinion that the death list on the island is slightly below rather than above 5000. This statement is made, notwithstanding the fact that there are close observers at Galveston who are still estimating the death list on the Island as high as 7000. Nearly 10,000 men went to work today clearing the beach front of debris and dead bodies.

After being closed a fortnight the saloons opened by consent of the Mayor. The railroads are trying to replace their tracks in the storm-swept district between here and Houston, but find it difficult to get men. General Manager Krutt-schultt and Manager Van Vleeck, of the Southern Pacific, were here today, and made an inspection of the property of the company. The work on the wharves has been resumed with all the men available. morrow to confer with the central relief committee in regard to giving out a state-ment of contributions received for the relief of Galveston, also in regard to providing for the support of necessary de-partments of the city government.

The storm swept away a great many coffins which had been placed in vaults in the city cemeterles. Among the missing coffins is that which contained the remains of Charles Coghlan, the actor, who died here November 27 last. His re-mains had been placed in a receiving vault awaiting final disposition upon\_order of his relatives.

The Galveston Wharf Company has entered into a contract for the reconstruction of grain elevator "B" and the re-building of all wharf sheds, the work to be completed within 80 days. A contract for repairing grain elevator "A" has already been let.

#### TROUBLE OVER A PEA FOWL A Kentucky Coroner Shot and Killed

are neighbors, and who were formerly friendly, and seemed to come to a head this afternoon over a pea fowl, which escaped from the yard of Mrs. Owen's The fowl had been given by Mrs. McCulloch to Mrs. Owen, mother of the man who was killed. Mrs. Owen says that McCulloch fired seven times at her with a revolver, none of the bullets hit-ting her, but several of them hit the Owen house. Dr. McCulloch came home at 7:30 o'clock P. M., and, going into the Owen yard, according to Mrs. Owen, began to e her. George Owen came in at this and addressed Dr. McCulloch, who, Mrs. Owep says, immediately shot the young man, and then shot a Newfound-land dog that belonged to the Owens.

## THE DEATH ROLL.

Phil A. Jullien. BUTTE, Mont., Sept. 24.—Phil A. Jul-lien, Coroner of Silver, Bow County, and one of the best-known of the old-time newspaper men of the country, died suddenly this morning of heart disease, native of Washington, D. was 56 years of age. He worked on the Washington Republican in the early days of that paper, and on other papers at the Capital. He had been on newspapers

George C. Tietjen.

in Montana for about 15 years.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 24.—George C. Retjen, a commercial traveler representing the Western Implement Company of Port Washington, Wis., was found dead in his room at the Grand Hotel. He was last seen Priday, when he complained of

Dr. Stillwell.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 24.-Dr. Still-well, for 20 years professor of theory and practice of medicine at the University of Pennsylvania, died today, aged 87.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Sept. 24.—Preston B. Scott, president of the Association of Physicians and Surgeons of the Confederate Army, died today, aged 68

WASHINGTON, Sept. 24.—The Surgeon-General's office of the War Department has no information regarding the epidemic of yellow fever in Havana. Private advices indicate that the outbreak is serious. The fever exists in the best parts of the city and among Americans who have gone there. It is said at the War Department that no fears are entertained of a serious outbreak among the American troops, as they are outside the city and not in the infected districts. Surgeon-General Sternberg does not think there need be any apprehension concern-

ing the spread of the disease. Locomotive Firemen DES MOINES, Ia., Sept. M.-At the ses-sion today of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, Chattanooga, Tenn., was selected for holding the next meeting in 1902. The two weeks' session will con

Girl Shot Her Father. LEAVENWORTH, Kan., Sept. 24.—Ani-ta Lutz, aged 18, shot and fatally wound-ed her father, John Lutz, near Lansing. because her father had sent her brothe away to school.

Steps the Cough and Works Off the Cold. Colorado River has swept all bridges Laxative Brome-Quinna Tablets cure a cold away and destroyed cattle and crops. In one day. No cure, no pay. Frice, 26 cents. APPEAL TO AMERICANS

SPEECHES MADE BY ROOSEVELT IN WYOMING.

Conliners Were His Auditors at Hanna-His Remarks at Laramie.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., Sept. 24.—Governor Roosevelt's first stop today was made at Rawlins at 3 o'clock. He addressed a large audience in the Opera-House. At this point this morning the regular passenger train, on which were Perry S. Heath, Colonel R. C. Kerens and party, bound for Chicago, passed Roosevelt's special. Greetings were exchanged be-tween the two parties during the few moments of the stop.

The Roosevelt special made a short stop

which will be heartily indored by all American lovers of sport. He says there are no finer yachtsmen in the world than Americans, and he has never been able to see why American yachtowners so often secure English salling masters and crews for their boats. The American public shares Mr. Lipton's inability to understand this preference shown for English salling masters when we have skillful skippers both in New York and New England. The victory of the Columbia fast year would have been much more satisfactory to the American peo. more satisfactory to the American peo-ple if it had been sailed by a Yankee, and it would have saved us some particularly taunting English comment. If the Amer-ica's cup cannot be kept here by American skill in sailing, it would be much

MASONIC BODIES.

General Triennial Conventions Held in Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, O., Sept. 24.—Grand Ma-sonic bodies began their triennial ses-sion here today, which will continue durat Hanna today, and Governor Roosevelt spoke a few minutes to the people. Three

#### \* PROSPERITY IN TERMS OF CASH.

Enormous Proportions to Which Bank Deposits Have Grown in Five Years.

A certain test of the prosperity of any people is the amount of money in bank. If bank deposits grow, it may be taken for granted that the depositors are making money and the country is thriving. In the five years from 1894 to 1899, the people of the United States increased their bank deposits in the stupendous sum of \$1,733,000,000. The total amount of money deposited to the credit of the people in 1894 was \$2,874,589,406. In 1899 it was \$4,608,096,005. The average amount in each bank account increased from \$520 in 1894 to the average of \$602 in 1899. All this looks like the country had fared well under a Republican Administration. The figures, just obtained from the report of the Controller of Currency, are as follows: Total United States

Total Chiles State	81.	
Bank-	Total Number 1894.	
National	1,424,966 502,756 205,368 3,413,477	1,931,183 966,394 443,321 4,254,516
Total Increase in number of depositors	6,545,867	7,655,414 2,109,547
Ronk	Total Amount	of Deposits. 1899.
National	239,504,892	\$1,830,116,140 418,281,267 576,724,117 1,782,974,481
Total		\$4,608,096,005 \$1,733,506,599

hundred and fifty miners, besides the women, came out to listen to the speech. When this place was named, Mark Han-na was a director in the Pacific Coal Company, whose mines are here. Gov-ernor Roosevelt reminded his hearers of the times four and six years ago when it was difficult for miners to get work and asked them to compare those times with the present, when all were em-ployed and all obtaining good wages, and asked if they wanted to change back again to the hard times from which they had emerged with so much difficulty. Laramie was reached at about

Laramie was reached at about 2:30 o'clock today, and here two speeches were made to permit all who wished to see and hear Governor Roosevelt speak. The day meeting aroused a good deal of interest. Governor Roosevelt said in part: "I do not appeal to you primarily as Republicans. I appeal to you as Americans. I appeal to you as Americans. I appeal to you as citizens with whom the welfare of the Nation is greater than any other consideration, to stand above anything that is merely partisan. There are two interests in this campaign. One is the interest of our material well-being, the interest of the material prosperity of this country. The other is the

your attention as to how this Nation became the great Nation that it and how it has moved forward, onward and upward. If throughout our history we had had to deal with timid souls who feared danger and who feared to risk, who feared to go forward when the Nation went forward, you would not have been here. We began to expand within three years after the second Continental Congress sat in Liberty Hall and declared ourselves free and independent. In 1803 occurred the greatest bit of expansion in our history. Under the administration of Thomas Jefferson we acquired what was then called the Louisians Purchase, which extended from the Gulf of Mexico to the Rocky Mountains. Themas Jefferson was the author of the Governmental doctrine, but did not try to push to so ridiculous and fantastic a conclusion his theory as to get the consent of the dwellers in that take it. It was right emphatically that we should deal justly with those we found in the land, but it would have been folly and weakness for this Nation to have halted in its onward growth because o some scruples as to our right to introduce the spirit of civilization in these waste places of the earth. Afterwards, we quired from Mexico what is now Cali-fornia and New Mexico. We also ac-quired Alaska. The acquisition of all this

territory was opposed by men who used the same arguments in that day that are used by our opponents now." Preparations on quite an extensive scale were made for the reception of Governor Roosevelt and his party at this place tonight. The special train arrived at 6:45. Excursion trains from various parts of the state brought in quite a number of visitors. Two evening meetings were arranged for, one at Turner Hall and the other at the opera-house. Both places were crowded. Expansion, militarism and imperialism were the points touched on by the Governor in his remarks tonight. In reference to Mr. Bryan's remarks in a recent speech about the menace to the people of 190,000 troops walking about in

dieness, he said; "Lawton no longer walks about in tale ness; Liscum and Reilly no longer walk about in idleness. Was it idleness when Chaffee, at the command of President Mc. Kinley, took his troops forward, refusing to wait longer for the other allied forces who said they could not advance until they were shamed into advancing by his forward movement? Was It idlenes when the boy Titus sprang on to the walls surrounding an immoral despotism with the flag that was to bring security and liberty to the women and children starving and waiting in that dreadful barrier surrounding the legations? Was it idleness? The gallant efforts of our men in the Philippines and the death of so many of them, it seems to me, night at least spare them the slight and sneet of any of our own people.

A Pertinent Comment.

Sir Thomas Lipten in his latest interview declares his determination to another attempt to carry off the America's cup. Speaking of the races last year, he says: "The best boat won on its merits." He further says that he intends calling the new yacht "Sham-rock," and that the two Shamrocks will have trial races. He has not changed and does not intend to change the con-struction of the old boat, so that it may have a fair trial with the new one ex-actly as it was when it competed with Columbia. In the course of the inter-view, Mr. Lipton made one statement ing the week-the general grand chapter and the general grand council, the high-est degree of the York Rite, below that of Knight Templar. These meetings are preliminary to the grand encampment of Knights Templar at Louisville next year All the officers of the Grand Council were present today and there are over 200 del egates. The reports showed a member-ship of \$1,500. The Grand Chapter meets tomorrow, the two bodies alternating, as most of he visitors are members of both The general triennial convention of the

grand lodge of the Free and Accepted Masons of the United States met here today at Scottish Rite Cathedral. These officers were elected: General grand chaplain, John W. Chamberlain, Tiffan, O.; grand master, W. H. Mayo, St. Louis; deputy grand master, Andrew P. Swanson, St. Paul; general grand principal conductor, Henry C. Lar-rabee; general grand treasurer, Charles Heaton, Montpeller, Vt.; general grand recorder, Henry W. Modhurst, Fort Wayne, Ind.; general grand marshal, Ed-ward W. Wellington, Ellaworth, Kan.; general grand steward, George A. Newell, Mendina, N.-Y.

National Prison Association. CLEVELAND, O., Sept. 24.—At today's ession of the Congress of the National Prison Association, President Alvin Garven delivered his annual address. Garven is warden of the Connecticut state prison and his report covered wide range of subjects in connection therewith. H. F. Hatch, of Iona, Mich. read a paper entitled "A Contractor' View of Prison Discipline." Superintend ent J. L. Scott, of Massachusetts state reformatory, spoke on "Civil Service in Prisons." A general discussion followed on "The Food Problem in Prisons," and

"Recreations and Privileges as Alds to Prison Discipline." At a meeting of Prison Chaplains' Association today the president, Rev. Wil-liam J. Batt, of Concord Junction, Mass., delivered his annual address, after which

a number of papers were read Catholic Federation. NEW YORK, Sept. 24.—Catholic laymen and clergymen from all parts of the coun-try will hold a convention at which the federation of Catholic societies is to be a leading topic, in Brooklyn, on Tuesday and Wednesday. The organization is the Young Men's National Union. Rev. Dr. Francis H. Wall, rector of the Church of Holy Rosary of this city, who is presi dent of the National Union, will preside It is expected that Dr. Wall himself, an earnest advocate of Catholic federation, will advise the delegates to indorse the project as laid down by Bishop McFaul,

SCRANTON, Pa., Sept. 24.—The bien-nial convention of the Carpenters' and Joiners' Union of America began its second week's work today, aking up constitutional questions. It was decided to remove the National headquarters from Philadelphia to Indianapolis. This mat-ter goes to subordinate lodges for their

Civic Federation. CHICAGO, Sept. 24.—At the meeting of the Civic Federation tomorrow the de-bate on "Imperialism" and other public questions, which had been set for October 1, 2, 3 and 4, will be formally opened.

Colorado Strike Averted. VICTOR, Colo., Sept. 24.—The threatened strike of the miners employed in six of the largest gold mines in this district, be cause of an order recently issued by the English management of Stratton's Independence mine requiring all miners to strip naked and pass before the super-intendent for inspection to prevent their purioining valuable are, has been prevented by an agreement entered into to-night between the miners' committee and the managers. The order was modified so as only to make it necessary for the men to remove their outer clothing. It required several meetings between the representatives of both sides to at-

Sherman Sails From Manila. WASHINGTON, Sept. 24.-General Mac-Arthur cables that the transport Sherman sailed from Manila September 23 for San

PILES CURED WITHOUT THE KNIFE PLES CURED WITHOUT THE KNIFE

Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles.

No Cure, No Pay. All drugsists are authorized by the manufacturers of Pago Ointment to refund the money where it falls to cure any case of piles, no matter of how long standing. Cures ordinary cases in six days, the warst cases in fourteen days. One application gives ease and reat. Relieves itching instantly. This is a new discovery and is the only pile remedy sold on a positive guarantee, no cure no pay. Price 50c. If your drugsist don't keep it in stock send us foc in postage stamps and we will forward same by mail. Manufactured by Payls Medicins Co., St. Louis, Mo., Manufacturers of Lazzitys Breme Culning Tablets. IN THE CAPE PARLIAMENT

BOERS KEEP ALIVE THE SPIRIT OF INDEPENDENCE.

British Captures at Komatipoort-Rumors of Pending Changes in English Cabinet.

CAPE TOWN, Sept. 22.—J. W. Sauer, ex-Commissioner of Public Works, introduced an independent resolution in the Cape Parliament today, declaring that the spirit of independence in the Transvaal and the Orange River Colonies might he kept down with bayonets for a time, but it would rise again. The peace of South Africa, he further asserted, called for the restoration of the independence of the two republics. The Premier, Sir J. Gordon Sprigg, replied vigorously, advising Mr. Sauer to address himself to Messrs Kruger and Steyn. In the course of the debate, the Premier, referring to Messrs Kruger and Steyn. In the course of the debate, the Premier, referring to the attacks upon capitalists, said that Mr. Kruger was the greatest capitalist in the country and that he was not only a capitalist but a thief. The opposition speakers condemned the Premier's references to Mr. Kruger.

Mr. Schreiner, ex-Premier, moved an amendment to Mr. Sauer's resolution to amendment to Mr. Sauer's resolution to the effect that the two republics should be supplied, under the protection of the Queen, with a guarantee preserving their National existence. The House rejected the Schreiner amendment, and by a vote of it to 39 decided to go into committee of supply without discussing Mr

Found in Komatipoort.

LONDON, Spt. 24.-Lord Roberts re-ports from Pretoria, under date of September 24, that the guards under General Pole-Carew occupied Komatipoort this Pener 14, that the guards under General Pole-Carew occupied Komatipoort this morning. The bridge was found intact. Much rolling stock, locomotives, truck loads of "Long Toms" and munitions were captured. Only a few rifle shots were fired. Lord Roberts adds: "Paget captured Eramus' camp, 3000 cattle, 8000 sheep, 33 prisoners, Methuen made another big haul of stock."

Boers Will Harass the British. LONDON, Sept. 25 .- "Messrs. Steyn and Reitz," says a dispatch to the Daily Mail

from Lourenco Marques, "will remain with the fighting burghers and it is estimated that a force of Boers aggregating from 7000 to 12,000 is planning to harass the British lines, of communication." THE BRITISH CABINET.

Many Rumors of Pending Changes

in Its Make-Up. NEW YORK, Sept. 34 .- A dispatch to the Tribuna from London says: Lord Salisbury's manifesto is remark able for the manifestation of style and argumentative force. It contrasts strong-ly with Mr. Chamberlain's Birmingham speach, which is open to criticism for faults of taste. Mr. Chamberlain aimed, however, at drawing the fire of the Radioals and setting them talking about South

Africa, and in this way hoped to swell the Unionist majorities. The air is heavy in the political clubs with the rumors of Cabinet changes. Mr. Joschen's retirement from the Admiralty is now regarded as a foregone conclusion, since his health is broken and he is weary of official responsibilities, and cannot be induced to remain at the post.
Lord Salisbury, who considers old age a
poor excuse for retirement, is reported
to be greatly annoyed by Mr. Goschen's
determination to abandon office, but will
be forced to find a successor for the Admiralty.

miralty.

Lord Lansdowne's tenure of the War Office will also be short, but he will not leave the Cabinet. Lord Salisbury's relations with Lord Lansdowne are most intimate and he is not convinced that any change in the War Office is required. Well-informed men, who know what is going on behind the scenes, assert that Lord Salisbury when forced to admit that the logic of the situation requires a new head for the War Office since military reorganisation is heralded as the first work of the next Parliament, will first work of the next Parliament, will transfer Lord Lansdowne to the Foreign Office. This result has been predicted by leading members of the diplomatic service who have reasoned from the inof the two statesmen that Lord Sallsbury will be likely to choose Lord Lansdowne as his successor in the For-elgn Office. This transfer would leave Mr. Balfour leader of the Commons where the old Tories are not ready to take orders from Mr. Chamberlain.

orders from Mr. Chamberlain.

The succession to the War Office is generally conceded to Mr. Chamberlain on the ground that he is the only minister with sufficient force of character and administrative ability for carrying out thorough and far-reaching reforms in the military system. The reformers, how-ever, are over-zealous when they assume that the emergency required the services of Mr. Chamberlain at the War Office. Lord Roberts as Commander-in-Chief, and Lord Kitchener as Adjutant-General of the British Army, must be in a bad way if the concentration of so much tal

ent is indispensable.

One of the freshest rumors in the al points to another field of activity for Mr. Chamberlain. This is the report that Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, as well as Mr Goschen, is weary of office and bent upon retiring from the Cabinet. If this rumor be well-founded Mr. Chamberlain may become Chancellor of the Exchequer and become Chancellor of the Exchequer and leave Sir Alfred Milner to work out the settlement of South Africa. This solu-tion would delight military men. who know that Mr. Chamberlain čannot be controlled from Aldershot and possibly it would tend to promote a reconciliation of the whole race in South Africa, where the Dutch are bitterly prejudiced against If Mr. Chamberlain does not take the War Office, George Wyndham may succeed Lord Lansdowne. He has earned promotion by his debating skill and is

the most promising among the younger men on the conservative side. The retirement of Viscount Cross, the Duke of Devonshire, and Lord James is also strongly hinted at from many sources of information. Lord Salisbury, unless all signs fail, will be forced to reuniess all signs fail, will be forced to re-construct his Cabinet after the elections. His superannuated colleagues have not learned the secret of perennial youth, nor has he himself found it in his chemical laboratory at Hatfield. He scribed by those who have recently seen him, as more cummunicative than ever, as harassed and wearled with public life, and as hard to part from his colleagues or do anything but brood in silence about perplexities and Chinese complication. There is, however, no lack of either power or skill in his appeal to the constitu-

Bard Sentenced.

HAMBURG, Sept. 24.—Leon Bard, ex-United States Vice-Consul here, was sen-tenced today to 15 months' imprisonment for misappropriating 23,500 marks, part of an inheritance which he received for Dispassionate Strike Reflections.

New York Times. To accept the statements of the coal

mine owners in regard to the demands of the strikers necessitates the assumption that the strike leaders are an amax ingly stupid as well as a deplorably men-dacious lot. Now. If one may judge from the tone and quality of the proclama-tions and other documents issued by those leaders, they do not lack intelligence, however they may be as to veracity, and it is simply impossible to be lieve that they would ask for the abolition of company stores and company doc-tors that did not exist, or that they would vehemently complain about the cost of company powder and the size of company tons if that cost and that size were mere matters of convention, with no particular bearing on the profits of the operators or the earnings of the

and administered it to any member of the family at the approach of a cold or cough. As soon as you feel the first symptoms, take asmall quantity in a wine glass of water, milk or cream, and continue to do so three or four times a day until all signs of

four times a day until all signs of the cough or cold have dis-appeared. Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey not enly CURES the cough, but heals the lungs and kills the consumption germ. Medica and one of our most learned chemista, says:—"Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey is absolutely pure and does not contain a drop of fusel oil:" ABRAM E. ELMER of Utica, N. Y., 118 years and 6 months old, says:—"Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey has prolonged my life kept me perfectly well. I take no other medicine."

The World's Famous Medicine Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey is the only Whiskey taxed by the government as a medicine. It is stamped as such.

All druggists and grocers, or direct. \$1.00 a bottle. Beware of imitations, they are injurious. Send for free medical booklet.

DUFFY MALT WHISKEY CO., ROCHESTER, N.Y.

THE ONLY ABSOLUTELY PURE MALT WHISKEY IN THE WORLD.

An absolute cure for Con-sumption. There would be

an absolute cure for Comsumption. There would be
few deaths from Consumption, Bronohitis, Grip or
Whooping Cough if every
family kept a bottle of
Duffy's Pure Mait
Whiskey in the house
and administered it to

extortionate only in appearance, why the miners desire? If the excessive weight in the mine "ton" is only a manner of speaking, why not abandon that manner and speak some other way? Of course, these questions might be turned about and addressed to the miners, but the effect would not be the same. To the miners the points at issue at least seem to be important, and their employ-ers declare that there is nothing in them. The controversy over the stores and the fredoctors is of a different sort. The facts must be known to everybody in the coal region, and in considering the contradictory assertions presented, outsiders are forced to remember that the complain-ants are those who would suffer from the grievances alleged, while the defendants would profit from them—if they were not imaginary. The positive fips the scale against the negative in cases like that. Incidentally, we have not yet seen explained just why the company decreases are considerable. doctors are objectionable. A somewhat similar arrangement is voluntarily by the members of many mutual bene fit organizations, and the charge of 31 a month for medical attendance is not

of the selected doctors dubie compulsory utilization of their services that makes the trouble? ANGLO-JAPANESE SIGNS.

A Constant Source of Amusement to

obviously excessive. In the competency

European Travelers. Century.

In the larger cities of Japan many shopkeepers have applied to a sign-painter who has acquired that dangerous thing, a little knowledge of English, without drinking deep at the Pierian spring, for a "shingle" that shall ex-press to the world in Western characters the nature of their business. The assur ance of these signpainters is not matched by their familiarity with English spelling, construction, moods, and tenses; and the result is often amusing in the ex-treme. For instance, one is amazed to see in Tokio a sign that boldly announces

A Tailor Cut to Order. Another one informs us Photographer Executed Here.

General Sort Straw Hat, and another informs the public that he Dealer Newandstlishstrawhat Will Make to Order. Some of the signs really seem to suggest needed English words, like

Butchery and Provisions, Why not "butchery"? Another tells us that he deals in Soft Goods.

but soft woolen goods. A baker tells us that he keeps a Baketry. Another sign which I daily passed for

nearly a week told the world that within dwelt The Inventor of Kobe,

though what he invented, or when, or why, deponent saith not. A merchant in Osaka has hung out his shingle with superfluous articles, as follows: Patent the Charcoal Patent the Pocket Stove.

The conjunctions are almost as difficult for the average sign-painter to master. Consequently he sometimes tells the

House Ship and Painter. or that within there is for sale Shottingan Powder And, A glance at the rifles, shotguns and pow-der-horns within makes the sign plain.

world of a

Another tells us that Bycicle to Lend, Sel, And within. It is not strange that single letters should get out of place, as in Restaurand,

Meals at All House,

Cigarand and Cigaretted, and the like. But it does seem as if a wag with a keen sense of humor had been at work when we read, as we do in prominent street of Osaka: Er-Man-Wash.

Put the last syllable first, and you will

catch the thought. A wag, too, must have prepared the label for a dealer in borax, who, after extolling the purity and value of his preparation, put in large letters at the bottom; Beware Our Trademark.

Perhaps the most startling milk sign in Japan is: Cows Milked and Retailed, which, if I mistake not, is to be found in Kloto, Cloth-dealers also have had not

## The Stimulus of Pure Blood

That is what is required by every organ of the body, for the proper performance of its functions. It perfects all the vital processes.

It prevents biliousness, dyspepsia, constipation, kidney complaint, rheumatism, catarrh, nervousness, weakness, faintness, pimples, blotches, and all cutaneous eruptions. It is assured by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla which acts directly and peculiarly on the plood.

This statement is proved by thousands of unsolicited testimonials.

W. P. KERTON, Woodstock, Ala., writes: When I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla my blood was impure and I had not been feeling well-for some time. I was bothered very much with that tired feeling. When I had taken the medicine a few days I began to feel better, and after taking two bottles I felt like another person. That tired feeling was gone and I could do my

### Hood's Sarsaparilla

rids the blood of scrofulous and all other humors and all foreign matters.

If the charge for explosives is a little difficulty in making known their wares. Here is one of their sign reluctance to make the change which the Silk, Hemp, Cotton and Several Hairs, Several Kinds Yarn. Real Estate Lone and Correcting Agency appears in Tokio, a place, perhaps, for

bad boys and girla. Public signs and notices are often as using as the shop signs. For instance, one that appears on the way up the famous Bluff at Yokohama; It is Forbidden to Throw the Stane

A Man Being Wounded. Probably in some past year a gione thrown over the bank hit a passer-by, but the man is still being wounded. At a temple door we read: All Visitor Are Not Allow to Eenter

This Temple Putting on Their Shoe. Hence, of course, we took off our shoe. I capted the following from a poster on the side of a house in a little fishing village on the shore of the Inland Sea: To Let Graund in Bench When if You Like I Will Did Away From Street and Will Taken Dirty Cottage.

On mixture deliberation of several savants it was decided that the owner meant to say that if we rented his lot on the beach he would move his house from the street, and also take away the "dirty cottage" that now encumbered his ground

When you suffer from sick headache, dizziness, constipation, etc., remember Carter's Little Liver Pills will relieve you. One pill is a dose.



по ворру woman ..... :

PHILIPSTON, HOST., New 21, 77. My hair was coming only your papelly, as

our physician he stroighty recommons the physician my had stopped for incoming in grant of the first and coming in garden the coming in the control of the control with the control of the contr

For Sale at all Virst-Class Drug Stores.

"Ko-Nut"

A pure sterilized fat from

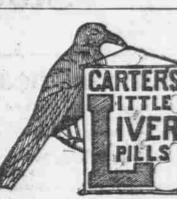
the cocoanut for Shortening and Cooking

Clean-healthful-sweet. Try egg plant or potato

chips, fried with "Ko-Nut." They are great! " Ask your grocer or write

India Refining Co.

Philadelphia, Pa.



# SICK HEADACHE

Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia Indigestion and Too Hear!y Eating. A perfect remedy for Disainess, Nausca, Drowns. ness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

Small Pill. Small Dose: 8-all Brice.

MEN No Cure

THE MODERN APPLIANCE -

THE MODERN APPLIANCE — A positive way to perfect manheed. The VACUUM TREATMENT CURES you without medicine of all nervous or diseases of the generality organs, such as lest manheed, exhaustive drains, varicoccie, imputoney, etc. Men are quickly restored to perfect health and strength. Write for circulars. Correspondence confidential. THE HEALTH APPLIANCE CO. FORMS 47-48 Safe Deposit building, Seattle, Wash.