REPLY TO EARL LI

United States Not Yet Ready to Begin Negotiations.

HIS CREDENTIALS NOT QUESTIONED

Preparations for Withdrawing Troops From Pekin-Our Soldiers Did Not Loot at Tien Tsin.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.—The State Department this afternoon issued the following:

The following communication was handed to acting Secretary of State Hill this afternoon from the Chinese Min-

"Cablegram from Earl Li Hung Chang, dated the 7th of September, 1900, trans-mitted by the Chinese Minister at St. Petersburg, under date of September 8, and received by Minister Wu on the lastnamed date:

"I am in receipt of an Imperial edict of the 30th day of the seventh moon, August 34, 1900, transmitted from Pao Ting Pu. It is as follows:

Ting Fu. It is as follows:

"Le Hung Chang, Envoy Plenipotentiary, is hereby vested with full discretionary powers, and he shall promptly deal with whatever questions may require attendance. At this distance we will not control his actions. Let this edict be forwarded with extra expedition at the rate of 600 li per day (to Earl La) for his information and guidance. Re-La) for his information and guidance. Re-

spect this."

To the above communication Acting Secretary Hill has handed Mr. Wu the following reply:
"The United States does not feel call-

ed upon to express any opinion at this time as to the sufficiency of Li Hung Chang's authority, but hopes it will transpire that his credentials are full and authoritative, not only for negotiations, but to enable him, without further delay, to give assurance that the life and property of Americans will henceforth be respected throughout the Chinese Em-

From this formal statement it appears that the State Department is not yet ready to begin direct negotiations with Li Hung Chang. It does not question his credentials as a plenipotentiary, but simply leaves the matter in abeyance. Probably this is because all of the powers have not returned their responses to the Russian note, as it is desired to avoid placing the United States first among the powers to abandon the hope of harmonious action and strike for itself toward the settlement directly with China. Also, it may be deemed well to wait to hear from Mr. Conger, who, several days ago, was invited to express his overlag about suffice Pakin. his opinion about quitting Pekin.

Li Wanted Transportation. Minister Wu was twice at the State Department today. It was understood that his first call was in part at least to secure transportation for Li Hung Chang to Taku on a United States vessel, His later call was to receive the answer of the Department to that appli-cation, as well as to the communication respecting Li Hung Chang's functions. The answer returned by the State De-partment to the latter communication apparently made it unnecessary at this time to pursue the inquiry as to the ship, for if Earl Li may not enter into negotiations at present, there is no oc-casion to transport him to Taku. The greatest difficulty which General

Chaffee has had to deal with in China at present in the contemplated withdraw-al of American troops from Pekin to the Philippine Islands is the demand of the missionaries at Pekin that the Chinese converts be taken from Pekin under the protection of the United States forces and guaranteed protection from assaults in future, or, be brought to places of safety. It was said at the time of rescue of the Ministers that there were about as the peace preliminaries have been 3000 Chinese converts there who have signed.

Garonne are ready to go to Taku as soon as General Chaffee starts from Pe-kin. One or more of the Regular troops also will be available. The four ves-sels named will carry 3800 troops. The Pak Ling, which arrived at Manila today with the horses of the First Cavthe Port Stephens, now at Manila, the Athenian, which arrived at Kobe, Jepan, today, will be available to bring the horses of the cavairy and artillery and mules of the transports from

Minister Wu made indignant denial to day of the statement cabled to the Lon don Times by its correspondent at Pe-kin, Dr. Morrison, that he and Minis-ter Lo Feng Luh at London had promulgated "shameless lies" and transmitted bogus imperial edicts, thereby laying the departure of relief until it was too late.

Taku to Manila.

Americans Did Not Loot. The War Department today made public the following telegram:
"To Fowler, Che Foo.—Send following cablegram to Coolidge, commanding United States forces Tien Tsin;

Reported here extensive looting in Tien Tsin. Report immediately whether American troops took part. If so, punish severely, repress sternly. Absolute re-gard for life and property of non-com-"By order of Secretary of War.

"Che Foo, to Corbin, Washington.
-Tien Tsin, July 35.-Looting by American troops walled City Tien Tsin uncan troops walled City Tien Tsin un-founded and denied. Silver taken from burned mint under direction Colonel
Meade, Marine Corps, commanding, who
was invalided today. No property destroyed except under military exigency.
American troops have orders to protect
life and property of non-combatants in
American southeast current of the city. American southeast quarter of the city assigned them. Will forward reports commanders of American guards in city. "COOLIDGE."

Supplementary to the above, Colonel collidge also transmitted the reports of Coolidge also transmitted the reports of Major Waller, of the Marine Corps; Ma-jor J. M. Lee, commanding the First Battalion of the Ninth Infantry, and Biajor Morris C. Foote, commanding Company M. of the Ninth, which latter were the first American troops to enter the city, and also an additional report, signed by himself, all of which bear wit-ness that the United States troops had no hand in the looting at Tien Tein, Indeed, all the reports indicate that the Chinese themselves were foremost in the contense themselves were foremost in the looting, and that pillaged property covered the streets before the allied forces entered the city. The report of Major Foote, while excluding the Americans from any share in the plundering, testifies that looting was indulged in by the troops of the other nations.

The horrible condition of Tien Tsin, when the city was occupied, was referred

when the city was occupied, was referred to in Majot Lee's report. The stench from unburied corpses and refuse is said to have been terrible, although everything possible was done by the American forces, at least, to bring order and cleanliness out of the chaos and fifth that out of the chaos and filth that reigned in the streets of Tien Tsin.

THE SITUATION IN PEKIN.

LONDON, Sept. 12.—The Times publishes this morning additional advices from its Pekin correspondent, Dr. Morri-son, under date of August 21.

"The censorship, which is under General Al'red Gaselee's command, makes it difficult," said the correspondent, "to convey a true picture of the present sitnation in Pekin. Today the foreign com-

munity was thrilled with horror at the news of the massacre of the missionaries at Pao Ting Fu, who were under the pro-tection of the imperial troops. Children were butchered before the eyes of their were butchered before the eyes of their parents, while women were ravished and carried into captivity. Parents were tortured and murdered. Massacres by red Indians never called in vain for vengeance, yet the troops remain here inactive. Their one thought and wish is to be given work or to be recalled from Pekin. Surely the civilized world will not suffer this cruel massacre to remain unaversed and cruel massacre to remain unavenged and make no effort to ascertain the fate of the poor martyred Celestials and white

"Since the relief of the Legations, one feature stands conspicuous-the predom-inance of Russia and the overmastering position she is now asserting here. The pageant in the Forbidden City, August 28, was a triumphant entry by Russia, fol-lowed by the other powers. Russia did the honors, greatly to the chagrin of the other Ministers, "Russian troops are pouring into Pekin

daily. Mineteen hundred came yester-day and 2800 the day before. Already the Bussians outnumber the Japanese. and they will soon outnumber the com-bined forces. Their stay is assuming overy character of permanency. Cos-sacks daily raid the country and drive the Chinese peasants through the de-serted and dismantled city, setting them to build their military camp. No one, not even Claude MacDonald, is allowed to enter the Summer palace, and the splendid palace buildings within the imperial domain which are occupied by the Russians without permission. The ex-pected arrival of Vice-Admiral Alexieft, who, it is announced, will remain during the Winter, indicates the importance which Russia attaches to future develop

ments.
"Russia has occupied Kin Chau and the branch railway of the Nan Pac col-lieries, thus securing the possible control of the richest coal mines in Northern China. She will also occupy Shan Hai

"The British position is anomalous. The British action of detaining the brigade at Hong Kong has had a bad effect. The Japanese are openly expressing dissatis-faction that a smaller British force has been sent than was promised. The outlook is not promising. It is unaccountable why Japan, to whom belonged the honors of the rescue, should consent consistently to give way to Russia and apparently accept Russian predominance. Fortune favors Russia, for Baron Nishi, formerly Japanese Minister to St. Peters-burg, is credited, perhaps unjustly, with being much under the influence of M. De Glers, and the appointment of Li Hung Chang to negotiate peace is grateful tidings to Russia

"Meanwhile a famine is inevitable. The government must quickly make prepara-tions if the British troops are to Winter

France Will Accept Prince Ching.

PARIS, Sept. 11.—It is asserted here that should Prince Ching arrive in Pekin properly accredited, France will readily accept him and begin peace negotia-tions. Ching is regarded as being a capable man, and well fitted to act as a peace commissioner. The relation between the appointments of Prince Ching and Li Hung Chang is rather perplexing, especially in view of the contradictory advices, and it is believed in Paris that the appointment of Li Hung Chang to the appointment of Li Hung Chang to act in conjunction with Prince Ching is due to the hope that the powers will leave Pekin and negotiate at Tien Tsin or Shanghai. When it was found that the troops of the powers are not leaving the Chinese capital Prince Chineses ing the Chinese capital, Prince Ching was named. The French Foreign Office was named. The French Foreign Office has not received the counter proposition which Italy, according to a dispatch from Rome, has forwarded to the powers.

Basis of Peace.

PARIS, Sept. 11.—A special dispatch from Rôme says that the Italian Min-ister of Foreign Affairs, Marquis Vis-conti Venosta, has addressed to the powers a note proposing negotiations with China on the following basis; First—The evacuation of Pekin as soon

signed.
Second—The participation and support foreign legations.

Continued preparations are being made to bring away the United States troops as soon as orders are issued. The transports Pennsylvania, Indiana, Sumper and Garonne are ready to go to Televice.

The Pao Ting Fu Expedition. CHE FOO, Sept. 8, via Shanghai, Sept. 10.—The Pao Ting Fu expedition leaving

TAKU, Sept. 6, via Shanghai, Sept. 10,on Friday. It is made up as follows: British, two regiments of cavalry, a battery of horse artillery and 300 infantry; Italians, 1000; Japanese, 300; Russians, 300, and Americans, 500.

Riot Soon Suppressed

HONG KONG, Sept. 11.—There was a riot in the village of Tal Kuk Tsul last evening but the Kow Loon police sent reinforcements and quelled Nine arrests were made. nents and quelled the disorder The United States transport Meade arrived here from Manila to be docked.

Barry and Wilson at Tien Tsin TIEN TSIN, Sept. 3, via Nagasaki, Japan, Sept. 18.—General Thomas H. Barry is here, en route to Manila. General James H. Wilson has arrived.

GEORGETOWN, Island of Penang Sept. 11.—Field Marshal Count von Waldersee landed here today, proceeding this

THE THREATENED STRIKE.

Mineworkers Give Operators Until Thursday to Come to Terms.

CHICAGO, Sept. 11.—"I will leave for Indianapolis tomorrow night, and if, upon my arrival there Thursday morning, I fail to hear anything from the op erators in New York indicative of their willingness to meet us in conference, I shall immediately order a strike." These were the words of John Mitchell. President of the United Mineworkers of America, tonight,

"It is with the greatest reluctance that I take this step," continued Mr. Mitchell, "but nothing else remains for us to do. It is possible that the operators will, at the last moment, agree to arbitrate our difficulties, but I must say the prospect

CHICAGO, Sept. 11.-Dal Hawkins, th California light-weight, gained an easy victory over Jim Popp, of Canada, in a six-round bout at Tattersalis tonight. Hawkins fought a careful battle through-out, and nearly had his man gone in the

Billy Rotchford, of Chicago, was given the decision over Hugh McPadden, of Brooklyn, at the end of the sixth round. Johany Reagen, of Brooklyn, defeated Clarence Forbes, of Chicago, in six rounds. Both were fast as lightning, but Forbes tired badly toward the close, Billy Swift and Barney Connors sparred to a draw in the wind-up.

Philippine Postal Receipts

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11 .- The Postmaster-General has received a communi-cation from F. W. Valle, Director of Posts in the Philippines, showing that there will be a surplus of receipts over expenditures up to June 30 of \$19,447. This does not include fees for money orders of \$5500, and there is one department, that of Bacolor, yet to hear from.

Gold From Cape Nome.

SEATTLE, Sept. 11.—The steamship San
Pedro arrived from the north this morning with 300 passengers and \$50,000 in Non

ROOSEVELT IN THE WES

MOST OF THE DAY SPENT IN SOUTH DAKOTA.

He Predicts the Burial in November Once and for All, of the Democratic Party.

YANKTON, S. D., Sept. 11.—The lemonstration here tonight in honor of Governor Roosevelt's arrival was almost unequalled in the history of this small city. The train arrived at 7 o'clock, and the party was driven through the crowd-ed streets to a platform which had been erected in one of the principal streets of the town. A torchlight procession and a the town. A torchlight procession and a parade were the features of the evening. In the mounted escort were a number of Indians, clad in their aboriginal costumes, with blankets and feathers and painted faces. After the evening demonstration the special train pulled out for the West, and is to make eight calls tomorrow in the journey through the State of South Distota and a part of Iowa.

speech. The opera-house was filled to coverflowing. Governor Roosevelt said LARGE in part:
"In the days of the Civil War we know

In the days of the Civil War we know how our people were asked to vote as they fought. South Dakota has been represented in the Philippines by men who not only cast reflected honor upon South Dakota, but upon all the Netton. I ask, in this campaign, that South Dakota vote the way her men shot in the Philippines, and not the way one of her Semators has talked. Senators has talked. "You cannot get prosperity by any cheap patent device. If the hand of fate

or Providence is heavy upon us, it is not in human power even to achieve prosperity. I have seen many a good man go down in a struggle. Even if fate favors us we cannot bring prosperity to the thriftless. Each one of us at times slips, each one of us at times needs to have a helping stretched out to him. Remember when ever a man slips to help him on his feet. You cannot carry him. If he wants to be carried it shows that he is not worth carrying. He can walk himself. Here in this Western country. here in the country of the men who have n doing the typical American work, see the qualities developing that the special train pulled out for the West, and is to make eight calls tomorrow in the journey through the State of South Dakota and a part of Iowa.

At various stations people assembled in

FILED

GROWING OUT OF THE HAWAIIAN PLAGUE SCARE.

Chinese and Japanese, Whose Buildings Were Burned, Want \$2,500,000 Damages.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.-Claims aggregating \$2,500,000 or more have arisen in connection with the efforts made in Hawaii to prevent the bubonic plague from securing a footbold in this country and its outlying possession by burning fown a considerable part of the Japanese and Chinese quarters where it was thought the disease might find lodging. Two Japanese residents are said to have lost their lives, furniture and practically all belongings. The Japanese loss is estimated at \$500,000. The Chinese loss was estimated at about \$2,000,000.

"I contend that the main issue in this campaign is free sliver, and every collateral issue that has been injected in this campaign has been for the purpose of throwing dust in the eyes of our working people, and as manager of this campaign I process that they shall not bit. paign I propose that they shall not hide this question." After explaining that if Mr. Bryan was

elected the Senate would have a majority in favor of free silver, Mr. Hanna con-

cluded by saying:
"I want every man to expect to be called upon for his services in this campaign, and to know the facts. I don't want any sentimental idea that we are all right, anyhow. Therefore I say to the Republicans of the West, there is always danger until the ballots are count-ed, and there is danger now, and we must meet it." (Applause.)

THE NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Cincinnati Played Brooklyn to a Standatill.

BROOKLYN, Sept. 11. — Cincinnati played Brooklyn to a standstill today, after the home team had a lead of 5 to 0. Phillips was wild at the start, but settled down after the second inning. How-ell held the visitors down to 6 to 2, when the eighth had begun, but by a single by McBride, Breitenstein's triple and Barrett's home run tied the score. Attendance, 1100. The score:

RHE Cincinnati ... 6 14 2 Brooklyn 6 7 2 Batteries-Phillips and Kahoe; Howell, McGinnity and McGuire.
Umpire—Snyder. Called at end of ninth.

A Game and a Draw. NEW YORK, Sept. 11.—New York won a game and played a draw with Chicago today. Attendance, 2000. Score: First game-

Chicago 3 8 5 New York 14 28 2 Batteries-Callahan Chance and Dexter; Hawley and Bowerman. Umpire-Emslie. Second game-RHE

RHE | RHE | RHE | Chicago 3 7 5 | Sew York 3 6 2 Batteries-Griffith and Kling; Carrick and Bowerman. Umpire—Emslie. Called at end of ninth on account of

Boston Beat St. Louis. BOSTON, Sept. II.—Both teams put up a slow game in the field. Attendance,

1000. The score: RHE ... 7 10 28t, Louis..... 4 7 3 Batteries-Lewis and Clarke; Sudhoff and Buelow. Umpire-Hurst.

Pittsburg Beat Philadelphia. PHILADELPHIA, Sept. II. - Leever pitched great ball for Pittsburg today, al-lowing the home team only three singles. Attendance, 2924. The score:

RHE RHE Pittsburg 2 8 1|Philadelphia .. 0 3 0 Batteries-Leever and O'Connor; Orth and McFarland. Umpire-O'Day.

National League Standing. Won, Lost, Per ct. Brooklyn 66
Pittsburg 65
Philadelphia 56 Chicago Boston St. Louis
 8t. Louis
 52

 Cincinnati
 52

 New York
 52

The American League. At Kansas City-First game, Kansas City, 6; Indianapolis, 3. Second game, Kansas City, 4; Indianapolis, 10.
At Chicago-Chicago, 3; Cleveland, 1.

THE DAY'S RACES.

Yesterday's Winners at the Grand Circuit Meeting. NEW YORK, Sept. 11,-The second day of the Grand Circuit meeting at the Empire City track had a first-class card,

time and sensational racing. The weather was perfect and the track excellent. Speculation was lively and heavy.

Nine started in the 2:30 trot, and the chestnut horse, Major Greene, was at once made the favorite at 100 to 50. The race was never in doubt, as the favor-

ite won in three straight heats, with quite a little in hand. In the first heat, the brown gelding, Tiverton, was a good second, though it was his first race, while Dolly Bidwell was a close se in the other two. The keenest race of the day was the 2:09 pace, for which the bay gelding, Harry O., was so hot a choice that he

sold as a strong favorite over a strong field of seven. He won the first and sec-ond heats in close and whipping finishes. Fanny Dillard then slashed to the front with a couple. The fifth heat looked as if it would decide the race, as Harry O. appeared to be winning in the stretch won by half a length. In the sixth heat, Fanny Diliard led a tired party home in 2:06 by a length.

The 2:05 pace had only four starters,

and Frank Bogash sold at 100 to 50, ir spite of the high reputation of the black gelding, Connor. This was a race which finished in three heats, each heat being a race. Connor won the first heat in the sensational time of 2:03%. The finish in the second heat was a hair-raising one, as Frank Bogash, Connor and Royal R. Sheldon came down the stretch together and shot under the wire so close that it took the judges to place them, the heat going to Sheldon. Connor won the third heat in a whipping finish.

3:09 pace, purse \$1200-Fanny Dillard won the third, fourth and sixth heats in 2:05%, 2:07%, 2:09. Harry O. won the first and second heats in 2:06%, 2:06, Will Leyburn won the fifth heat in 2:09. Flirt, Sidney Pointer, Red Seal, Joe Pilot and Sphynx S, also started.

2:30 trot, purse \$1200-Major Greene won three straight heats in 2:14, 2:14%, 2:14. Dolly Bidwell, Tiverton, Springdale, Kal-J. R. P. also started. 2:06 pace purse \$1200—Connor won the first and third heats in 2:064, 2:07. Royal R. Sheldon won the second heat in 2:06. Frank Bogash and Baby Ruth also Free-for-all pace to wagon-Hentas Cook won. Silver Maher, Quadriga and

DETROIT, Sept. II.—Four of the six winners at Windsor were favorites today. Results:
Selling, four furlongs—The Covenanter
won, Dalsy Chain second, John McCarthy third; time 0:50.
Selling, mile—Dora Farris won, Marion
Sanson second, Charley Estes third;

time 1:44. Selling, seven and a half furiongs— Charley Shane won, Come Quick second, Oneto third; time 1:35. Selling, mile and a sixteenth—Earl Fonso won, Zonne second, Cross Molina third; time 1:43%. Selling, mile and an eighth—Monk Way-man won, Beau Ideal second, Virgie O. third; time 1:54. Seiling, five and a half furlongs-

Races at Gravesend. NEW YORK, Sept. II.—Bright skies, a fast track and a good-sized crowd were to the polis on election day.

"I would have been glad to have brought you encouraging word from the East, but I have found the same conditions there, and I am not afraid to talk about it. And I am not afraid to talk about it. And I am not afraid to talk about it. And I am not afraid to talk about it. And I am not afraid to talk about it. And I am not afraid to talk about it. And I am not afraid to talk about it. And I am not afraid to talk about it. And I am not afraid to talk about it. And I am not afraid to talk about it. And I am not afraid to talk about it. And I am not afraid to talk about it. And I am not afraid to talk about it. And I am not afraid to talk about it. And I am not afraid to talk about it. And I am not afraid to talk about it. And I am not afraid to talk about it. And I am not afraid to talk about it. And I am not afraid to talk about it. And I am not afraid to talk about it. And I am not afraid to talk about it. And I am not afraid to talk about it. And I am not afraid to talk about it. And I am not afraid to talk about it. And I am not afraid to talk about it. And I am not afraid to talk about it. And I am not afraid to talk about it. And I am not afraid to talk about it. And I am not afraid to talk about it. And I am not afraid to talk about it. And I am not afraid to talk about it. And I am not afraid to talk about it. And I am not afraid to talk about it. And I am not afraid to talk about it. And I am not afraid to talk about it. And I am not afraid to talk about it. And I am not afraid to talk about it. And I am not afraid to talk about it. And I am not afraid to talk about it. And I am not afraid to talk about it. And I am not afraid to talk about it. And I am not afraid to talk about it. And I am not afraid to talk about it. And I am not afraid to talk about it. And I am not afraid to talk about it. And I am not afraid to talk about it. And I am not afraid to talk about it. And I am not afraid to talk about it. And I am not afraid to talk about it. And I am not afraid to talk about

when I go back to the East I want to take back encouraging words to them that the West is awake and at work. Are Made Miserable by Kidney Trouble.

> Kidney trouble preys upon the mind, discourages and lessens ambition; beauty, vigor and cheerfulness soon disappear when the kidor diseased.

neys are out of order Kidney trouble has become so prevalent that it is not uncommon

for a child to be born afflicted with weak kid-neys. If the child urinates too often, if the urine scalds the flesh or if, when the child reaches an age when it should be able to control the passage, it is yet afflicted with bed-wetting, depend upon it, the cause of the difficulty is kidney trouble, and the first step should be towards the treatment of these important organs. This unpleasant

kidneys and bladder and not to a habit as most people suppose. Women as well as men are made miserable with kidney and bladder trouble, and both need the same great remedy. The mild and the immediate effect of by druggists, in fifty-cent and one dollar sizes. You may have a Swamp-Root is soon realized. It is sold

trouble is due to a diseased condition of the

sample bottle by mail free, also pamphlet telling all about it, including many of the thousands of testimonial letters received from sufferers cured. In writing Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., be sure and mention this paper.

robin won, Peron second, George Keene third: time 3:53 The Junior Champion, six furlongs-Commando won, Belia Rio second, Olympian third; time 1:13 4-6. Mile and a quarter, first special-Kin-ley Mack won, McMeekin second, Imp third; time 2:08. Five furlongs—Gertrude Elliott won, Animosity second, Luck third; time

1:02 1.5. Five furlongs, seiling-Inshot won, 1:02 3-5. Mile and a sixteenth—Candle Black won, Flaunt second, The Chamberlain third; time 1:48,

Races at St. Louis. ST. LOUIS, Sept. 11.-Results:

Five furlongs-Donna Beila won, Down Hearted second, Juanetta third; time, 1:00%. One mile, selling-Henry of Frantsmar won, El Ghor second, Sam Lazarus third; time, 1:45.
Six and one-half furlongs-Inuendo and

Old Fox ran a dead, heat, Pomella third; time, 1:23.
One mile, selling—Amelia Strathmore won, Sallie Lamar second, Eugenia S. third; time, 1:45%. third; time, 1:45%. Six and one-half furlongs-Southbert won, Guide Rock second, Percy R, third; time, 1:22%. Mile and one-sixteenth-Peter Duryes won, Grey Forge second, W. B. Gates

Races at Sacramento. SACRAMENTO, Cal., Sept. 11.-Results oday:

third; time, 1:50%.

Pacing, 2:18 class, purse \$1000-King Cadenza won, Frederick S. Burg second, Tags third; best time, 3:13%. Trotting, 2:26 class, purse 2000-Bonzalins won, Lottie second, Altavela third; best time, 2:14%. Running for ponies, half mile-Viola-won, Fusiliade second, Slats third; time,

0:50% Running, Futurity stake, 2-year-olds. stanning, Futurity stake, L-year-ob's, six furlongs-Strica won, Lily Andrews second, Spain War third; time, 1:16. Running, selling, six furlongs-Alturan won, Redwald second, Limber Kim third;

time, 1:14%.

Races at Harlem. CHICAGO, Sept. 11.—Weather cloudy, track fast at Harlem today. The results

Five and one-half furlongs-Bard Avon won, Kohnwreath second, Cora Goetz third; time, 1:00.
Six furlongs-Pyaletta won, Bettie second. Hanlight third; time, 1:15 4-5. Six furlongs—Tame Irishman won, Peace second, L. T. Caton, third; time, 1:14. Four and one-half furlongs-Joe Frey won, Miss Bennett second, Duelist third; time, 0:50.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 11,—It was given out today that Tommy Ryan, who yesterday informed the National Club that he could not meet Jack Moffatt to-morrow night, owing to illness, is now prepared to go against Moffatt, having sufficiently recovered from his recent in-disposition to warrant his fighting tomorrow night.

Parker Matched With Chester. DENVER, Sept. 11.-"Kid" Parker, champion lightweight pugillat of Colorado, has accepted, through his mana-ger, Billy Edwards, an offer from the National Sporting Club of England for a match with Billy Chester. lightweight of England, the fight to oc-

WOMEN IN MEN'S CLOTHES. Arrested in Oregon City With Hus

band-Explained to Court. OREGON CITY, Or., Sept. II.-Late last night Officer Moody arrested a woman in male attire, who was sixting on the railroad track near the depot, and placed her in the city jail, in spite of her entreaties. Soon the husband came up and was also placed in custody. It was known that earlier in the evening the man had been trying to get some one to send a trunk to his address in Southern Oregon, stating that he desired to take his departure on the south-bound freight train due here at 2:50 P. M. When arraigned in court this morning, the man gave his name as C. E. Edwards, stating that the woman was his wife. and that he had lost a good position in the Idaho mines. They came up from Portland on the trolley car, the woman changing her attire after they reached here, so that they would have less difficulty in making their way on the freight train, as they were short of money. The explanation was satisfactory to the court, and the couple were discharged from cus-tody. Beth were well dressed, and were apparently trying to make their way with the least expense possible.

Young Toughs Assault Officer. Officer Shaw is confined to his room from injuries received last night while trying to take two young men to the city jail, who refused to go home when or dered to by the officer. With the as-sistance of bystanders, he succeeded in landing the men in jail, but had to be carried home after being revived by a physician. He received some cuffs about the head, and the region around the left

To Look Out for Game Slayers

State Game Warden Quimby was here this afternoon in response to complaints that the game law governing the killing of Chinese phensants was being extensively violated in various sections of the county. H. S. Moody was appointed deputy, with authority to enforce the pro visions of the law wherever violations could be proved. Complaints have been made that deer on the Upper Molalla, which are plentiful this season, were being run with hounds and killed. No tangible proof, however, has been offered,



A SEVERE CASE OF STAGE FRIGHT AND SPEECHLEESSNESS.

more or less large crowds to get a glimpse of the Vice-Presidential candidate as he phased. Among the places at which stops were made were Dell Rapids, Madison, Flandereau, Canton and Elk Point, S. D.; Hawarden, N. D., and Akron, Is.

Ton, Is.

**Ton, Is.*

**Ton, I

At Sloux Falls considerable of a halt was made. There the Governor left the train and delivered two addresses, one in on a platform erected for the accommodation of those who could not get into the other meeting. The streets of the City of Sioux Falls were crowded with people who had come from distant places to see and hear. The city was decorated with flags and banners, giving the scene a gay appearance, and the carriages were escorted by marching clubs and a com-pany of mounted cowboys. Rooseveit, in his short address in the open air, fol-lowed substantially the line of argument

that he had used in some of his speeches. At the Auditorium he said: "Vermont spoke a week ago, and Vermont gave the second largest majority she ever gave, even in a Presidential year, for the Republican party, and now Maine has spoken, and we had hoped that we were going to do very well. Our most optimistic prophets had ventured with some misgivings to say that we would get 30,000 majority, but we have gotten 33,000. You recollect that Oregon spoke some time ago, showing a great gain over four years ago. Our principles have been most triumphant in the furthermost West, and now our banner is carried aloft in the furthermost East. From the Atlantic to the Pacific we are going to roll up bigger majorities that will bury, once and for all, the party that stands opposed to the material prosperity of the country at home and to the honor of the flag

FLANDREAU, S. D., Sept. 11.—When the train bearing Governor Roosevelt westward arrived here today, a large crowd was assembled at the station, Governor Roosevelt appeared at the rear platform of his private car, and was in-troduced by General Grigsby, of this state. Colonel Roosevelt said in part:

"I know I do not have to make an ap-

peal that you stand by the Nation and the flag, and that you do not flinch from your duty in the face of the world. You men who built up what but 25 years was called the far West have built this country. You who have filled this land with prosperous homes and smiling fields are not afraid of seeing this Na-tion do its work. You and the men of the Grand Army, you men who passed through the great war, as you look back into your life, what are the four years that you are especially anxious to hand on as a heritage of honor and as a mem-ory to your sons? Are not they the four years that you served in the army in the Civil War? (Applause.) That is so. We are proud of America because of what has been done in the past year by Americans. We have proved ourselves worthy of our existence as a Nation. selves worthy of our existence as a Nation. Why are you here today? It is because you have expanded. You recollect in 1890, only 10 years ago, when the Ogallala outbreak occurred between here and the Black Hills, you put the regulars here until that was suppressed. Did you feel that you were imperialists when you did it? They were just exactly as much imperialists then as the men who are fighting in the Philippines are now. If Judge Taft and his associates and Gen-Judge Taft and his associates and Gen-eral MacArthur and General Wheaton and his associates are imperialists, then every Indian agent and every officer on any reservation in these states is an

MADISON, S. D., Sept. 11.—The special train bearing Governor Roosevelt was greeted by a large assembly here. Governor Roosevelt and party in carriages were escorted to the opera-house, where arrangements had been made for a brief

imperialist now."

ing or what he is receiving, and you cannot hope to succeed.
"I ask the support of you people of South Dakota for the re-election of Mc-Kinley, because I feel that the interests of the this country are vitally concerned. I ask your support for the sake of our material well-being. I ask it for the sake of upholding our standard of civic honesty, and I ask that you stand with us exactly as you stood behind Lincoln in 1850 and 1884, because we are doing the work of a great Nation and uphold-ing the bonor of the flag in the face of all nations of mankind."

SIOUX FALLS, S. D., Sept. 11.—Gov-ernor Roosevelt was greeted here by a great crowd. At Auditorium Hall, which was filled, he spoke for three-quarters of an hour. An overflow meeting was afterward addressed in the open air for 10 minutes by the Governor, and large numbers of people were unable to hear him. A number of excursion trains from adoining towns brought in hundreds of people to the city to perticipate in the welcome to the New York Executive. Every ward in the city turned out a ward club which participated in a street parade. John P. Clarke, of New York; Governor Shaw, of Iowa; Senator Nelson, of Minnesota, and Curtis of Boston, were present at the Audi-

NEW HAMPSHIRE REPUBLICANS. Chester B. Gordon Nominated for

Governor. CONCORD, N. H., Sept. II.—The Republican State Convention began here to-day. The resolutions adopted express ap-proval of the Republican National platorm and congratulate the country the Republicans have established by the Republicans have established by leg-islation the gold standard and on the prosperity during the administration of President McKinley, and commend the foreign policy of the Administration, Chester B. Gordon, of Lancaster, was

Maine Election Returns. LEWISTON, Me., Sept. 11.—A careful tabulation shows that 220 towns and plan-

nominated for Governor on the first bal-

tations out of 512 in the State show s Republican loss of 10 per cent and s Democratic gain of 22 per cent, TORONTO, Ont., Sept. 12, 2:30 A. M.-A fire is raging in Paris, Ont., 40 miles west of Toronto, and there is little hope saving the business portion of the town.

A message asking for immediate assist-

Daily Treasury Statement. WASHINGTON, Sept. 11. - Today's statement of the Treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the \$150,-000,000 gold reserve in the division of re-

ance was sent early this morning to

Duluth's Population WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.—The popula-tion of Duluth, Minn., as officially an-nounced tonight, is 52,989, an increase in population of 19,864, or 59.9 per cent, from 1890 to 1990.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.—The Control-ler of the Currency has issued a call for the condition of National banks at the

-St. Paul Ploneer Press.

moreover, there is no fund available for such losses. The subject is under consideration, however, and it is hoped that some means may be adopted by co-operation with Washington and Honolulu for

Watson Is Relieved. WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.-By an order issued by the Navy Department Rear-Admiral J. C. Watson, lately in com-

mand of the naval forces on the Asiatic station, is detached from the cruiser Bal-timore and ordered to proceed to his come and wait orders. Commander E. C. Pendleton has be detached from duty at the Naval War College and ordered to assume The Atlanta is to take the place of the Montgomery, which goes out of commis-sion on the 15th inst. She is compara-

tively a new boat, having been entirely HANNA TELLS OF DANGER.

Republicans May Lose the Election

by Over-Confidence CHICAGO, Sept. 11.—Senator Hanna, at a dinner at the Hamilton Club tonight in honor of Senator Mason, talked frankly of the danger of over-confidence on the of the danger of over-con part of the Republicans, and declared with all possible emphasis that everything that Republicans and parriotic Democrats fought for four years ago is at stake in the present campaign. The silver question, and not imperialism, he asserted, is the paramount issue, Senator Hanna said

in part:

"In return for the courage that you have put into my heart at this meeting, I want to give you a little advice. I have not restrained the expression that I believe there are elements of danger in this campaign, principal among which is the over-confidence of the Republicans of the United States. Is it any wonder that men who have lived during the last form were the confidence. who have lived during me last four years, in comparison with those four preced-ing should feel comfortable? Is it any wonder that we should have faith in our institutions, in our country and in our-selves, after the years of McKinley's Administration?

"But I want to suggest that this is no time to enjoy comfort, but rather to make ourselves ready for the work which is be-fore us, which is of more importance than that of four years ago. We can prove that by ourselves. Every man's condi-tion can be compared by himself. His environment and his observation are object lessons, and if we expect a continuance of these conditions we must feel and act that our full duty cannot be transferred upon the shoulders of our

'It is to such organizations as the Ham llton Club and kindred clubs that I look to for the opening of the campaign which shall put fire into it, furnish work for it; and it is only by those methods that we are entitled to win the victory. I say that there is an apathetic condition, and has been. Gentlemen, I ask you from this night to begin active operations in Chicago. This is a good field to work in, and I have come here to join you shoulder to shoulder to carry the State of Illinois (applause, and cries of "Good"), and we will do t. There are Republican votes enough in all the Middle West be youd doubt to carry every state for Will-

won, Marcopola second, Fairy Dell third;

Steeplechase, about two miles-Cock-

may be serious.