# RYAN'S NEBRASKA TOUR

ECHES IN THE COUNTY SEATS OF THE FIRST DISTRICT.

enty-Two Mile Drive Across the Country-Interrupted by a Teenmsek Republican.

a a busy day for Mr. Bryan. He may said to have begun the day before deciding when he reached Auburn, first stopping-place after leaving Lin-in. Getting a few hours' sleep there. was prepared to commence the day by. He began his speech at Auburn ordy after 8 o'clock. There he made an it's address, and, after being driven to the depot, he was compelled wait 50 minutes for a delayed train take him to Tecumseh, the next step-s-piace. At Tecumseh he spoke briefand, after taking a hasty dinner, red upon a 2-mile drive across the niry to Pawnee. This drive was made means of three relays in two hours. It was apparently a pleasing diver-for Mr. Bryan. At Pawnee, as at urn and Tecumseh, there was a good adance, as there was also at the night ing held at this point. The day courthouses of the countles. Rain threatening in the morning, but the had not progressed far when the ds lifted somewhat, making the day tie favorable for outdoor gatherings, meetings were all held in the First agressional District, Mr. Bryan's old trict, and he was accompanied through-the trip by Mr. Berge, the Democratic didnte for Congress. At each place Bryan made an appeal in Mr. Berge's The trip from Pawnee to Falls was made in a freight caboose be-a special engine. Tecumseh the most interesting in-

the was made in a freight caboose belind a special engine.

at Tecumseh the most interesting indent was a colleguy between Mr. Bryan
ind a gentleman in the audience, evidenta Republican, who took the privilege
propounding several questions indicated
imistakshiy that the questioner was out
temper, but Mr. Bryan responded to
lof them quickly and with good nature
alse gentleman interrupted Mr. Bryan
ward the close of his speech by sugesting that the Fliphnos were on a partin our Indians. To this Mr. Bryan retonded:

"Now, as I understand you, you think
to were right in taking the property of
the lindians."

"No, sir."

"Then do you think it right to take the
"They were asserting that the financial
"They were asserting that the financial

the penitentiary for the commission a crime and going over to the Philip-es and taking charge of the govern-

When I see a man like you," was the sponse of the goulieman, "who favored e peace treaty, I think that man ought have some consistency about him."

am much obliged for your mention-that," replied Mr. Bryan, "for 1
uid not feel like bringing it to your ntien unless called upon to do so. I ged the ratification of the treaty, and o urged the passage of a resolution mising independence to the people of Philippines, and if your Republican ministration had passed the resolution ore would not have been one drop of od spilled in the Philippines."

Oh, that is your opinion."

That is not only my opinion, but if you stop to think about it and give the lie the honest result of your thoughts, will be your opinion that if we had be the same promise of independence the Filipinos that we did to the Cus, we would have had no conflict to Bad we treated Cuba as we did Philippines, there would be war in a today, and had we treated the Fill-

Whether you believe as I do or not, your party said ought to be free. If is true of the Cubans, it is true of os, and I want to make it so.

Speech at Pawnee. At Pawnee, Mr. Bryan spoke on all the

al and trust questions. He urged that if annexation in the sics was to be undertaken for trade poses only, there was sure to be appointment. Tropical countries did supply a great deal in the way of Great Britain's trade with United States was, for instance, far ater per capita, than her trade with ia, and yet Great Britain did not own United States-not quite. He did not m with those who considered it a igious duty to hold on to the Philoligious duty to noid on to the Phil-phines." As a matter of fact, the ma-rity of the Philpinos were already distinant it was still further true that Christians there were antagonistic American domination, while the Mo-

nmedans and Sulus were friendly. t of a monthly stipend of \$250 to the an, contrary to all views American. eminraed upon the idea advanced at on yesterday that it was not profitto kill the Filipines would be a very easy thing to keep

Philippine Islands," he said "but ou keep the islands, you have got to a the people. If you kill the people, dontroy the main argument for trade, cannot trade with people after they dead, so if you kill them all, you lif be compelled to come home. A

id man dose not need much."

It. Bryan also hinted at what he conserod an objection to acquiring outterritory, addressing himself to Be-Bonne, and saying:

cour own selection have been gufity embezziement of the funds be. If that occurs right here, under shadow of your own country, what uld be the embestioments if we sent in to rule over 7,000,000 of Filipinos. en now you will find they are organise development companies in the Unit-States for the Philippines and that one development companies are relying American officials over there to help m get franchises. You will find that de are standing roudy to gobble up franchises in the islands, and don't know what a time we have had in country with those men who are ing the franchises. Illinois is quite good state it is regarded as one of a great states of the Union, and yet Hilmost they got through the Legis-ture a bill which gave the street-car streets of Chicago for 10 years. That was so had that public scattment aroused and they repealed that by the next sitting of the Legislae. If that happens in that state, what happen in the Philippines, thousands

enthusiastic crowd, and it listened to and the Republican party because there is applauded vociferously the speech, which was of more than an hour's duration. Mr. Bryan was received at the railroad station by a large number of people and as he was driven to his stopping place, he was greeted by throngs which lined the street Many of the houses were decorated with the National colors, and

decorated with the National colors, and with Bryan lithographs.

The speech was general in its purport. He spoke of the importance of securing a Democratic Congress, saying that if elected, he wanted the opportunity, not only to fill the office, but to sign bills that would remedy the evils of which the Democrats complain. He paid his respects to Senstor Hanna as follows:

'This morning's paper states that Senator Hanna yesterday went down into New Jersey, the home of the trusts, to make a speech. Did he tell those Repub-

make a speech. Did he tell those Republicans there that the Republican party was going to win and not to worry? Oh, no. He said to them: Tou want to watch out. Don't be over-confident; we have got a great fight on hand. We have got a great fight on hand. We have got to fight hard.' And then I can imagine I can see him put his hand behind him and say: 'Come down.' Is not that a good place for a man to go to scare corporations into contributions? It is possible that's Republican farmer can be deceived as to the attitude of the Hepublican party on the trust question."

Mr. Bryan also asserted that there is a general decrease in the output of the industrial products this year, compared with last year, and he quoted the reports of the commercial agencies in support of this proposition. On militarism he said:

"I don't want our drum beat feared scare corporations into contributions? It

"I don't want our drum beat feared around the world, but I do want the might of American liberty to encircle the entire globe."

Mr. Bryan will leave at 2:30 tomorrow morning for Topeka, reaching that city at 29:30 o'clock.

#### At Auburn.

AUBURN, Neb. Aug. 22.—Bryan made the first speech here today of a series scheduled for the First Congressional

Indians."

Then do you think it right to take the operty of the Filipinos?"

No. sir. "esponded the man in the dience, "and nobody is going to. How es the treatment of the Filipinos differ om the treatment of failbirds in this untry? Do you believe in punishing the libiteds?"

Bryan—Your face is the face of an elligent man, and you cannot fail to the difference between putting men to the penitentiary for the commission a crime and going over to the Philipinos are mand going over to the Philipinos that the first place, Spain had no title, and in the second place, we cannot buy people; nor was it any more asserted, no title and in the second place, we cannot buy people; nor was it any more

cannot buy people; nor was it any more profitable than wise to wage foreign conquest. Already more had been spent in the way of treasure in the Philippines, to say nothing of blood, than the profits of rade with those islands for many years would amount to. The flag had been hauled down in Mexico, and the Mexican people were better off with their own government than they would be with an American carpet-bag government in that

publican party for its alleged inconsist-ency in the position formerly taken on the questions of militarism, money and trusts and the position now taken on those questions, and continuing, said: "The same spirit that carries you to the The same spirit that carries you to the Philippines will lead you into some other place and make you hold those people and make them subjects against their will. The same spirit of militarism and imperialism that carried you to the Philtppine Islands will carry you wherever you and find a people weak enough to be whipped by the United States. The doc-trine of imperialism is the doctrine of the a today, and had we treated the Fillis as we did the Cubans, there would
be as we did the Cubans, there would
be war in the Philippines today."

The equestioner made an indistinct refice to Mr. Bryan's capacity for the
sidency, and asked Mr. Bryan if be
eved the Filliptinos were capable of
the Epublicans, your papers tell
government. To this Mr. Bryan redirections of imperialism is the doctrine of the
bully and the coward. It is the doctrine which takes people under the pretense that you are taking them for their
good, and you reach your hands in their
pockets and rob them while you are tak
ing them. Responsible.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Aug. 22.—In a verdict
rendered today the Coroner's jury, which
has been hearing an inquest over the remains of Blanch E. Skeele, who was beheaded in an accident on the Transit line
dare not say it because you do not arm
savages and turn them out to fight peowas locked up by the police. A crowd of

find any trouble or difficulty in hauling down the flag in Aisska. I suppose they contend that in a cold climate you can haul it down, but that you cannot in a hot climate. The American flag represents the purpose of the American people No one can haul our fag down against our will, but the American people have the right to put it up where they want it, and to take it down where they de-

"The flag is the servant of the Nation the people are not the servants of the fing. If that is true, how are you going to bring the American troops back from Pekin. They planted the fing there want the American flag to come down from the Philippine Islands in order that the flag of a republic might rise in its place. I would rather that we have two flags representing two republics than

# At Tecumseh.

TECUMSEH, Neb., Aug. 22.-The train bearing Mr. Bryan from Auburn was an hour late, and he was compelled to cut short his stay here in order to fill his other engagements. His speech here was briefer than that made at Auburn, but covered very much the same ground. The crowd was large. In the course of his speech here Mr. Bryan related that he had made his first Fourth of July speech in this (Johnson) county II years ago.
"When I concluded," he said, "two men came to me and asked me whether I was

Democrat or a Republican, but they don't have to do that any more. When a man makes a speech in favor of the Declaration of Independence they know he is not a Republican." Mr. Bryan left Tecumseh immediately

after his speech for a 20-mile drive across the country to Pawnee City, where he spoke late this afternoon.

# TELLER AND JONES OF NEVADA.

Democratic Chairman Says They Will Vote for Bryan. CHICAGO, Aug. 22 Senator Jones, chairman of the Democratic National Committee; said today:

"I see a story printed in the newspapers this morning to the effect that Senator John P. Jones has followed Senator Stew-art into the Republican camp, and that Senator Teller, of Colorado, is showing the greatest indifference to the Bryan cause. I happen to have definite infor-mation concerning this matter, and pro-nounce both reports absolutely without any foundation. Senator Jones has been entirely consistent in his views and actions for M years, and he is heartly en

listed in the fight for the Democratic party and for Mr. Bryan this year. We rely upon him implicitly.

"As for Senator Teller, we are in constant correspondence with him, and I can say there is not a man at National headquarters or in the Democratic party who manifests greater solicitude for Mr. Bryan's election, and who has worked harder to accomplish it than has Senator Teller. The stories undoubtedly emanate Teller. The stories undoubtedly emannic from Republican sources, but I am at from Republicans

not a silver issue."

Senator Jones also said that there had been no correspondence between Andrew Carnegie and the National committee in regard to Mr. Carnegie's return from Scotland to make speeches for Bryan and

"This information was given out by the Anti-Imperialist League, at Boston," sald Senator Jones. "I have no personal knowledge of the matter whatever."

## MURPHY AND CROKER.

The ex-Senator and the Tammany
Leader Will Co-operate.

NEW TORK, Aug. 22.—Ex-United States
Senator Edward Murphy came to this
city today and met Richard Croker, at
the Hoffman House. At the close of the
conference it was announced that Mr.
Murphy will remain here until after the Murphy will remain here until after the election. Mr. Murphy said he expects to co-operate with the state committee for the election of Mr. Bryan. Mr. Croker gave out a statement to the effect that he recognized Mr. Murphy as the actual Democratic leader of the state. It has been said for several days that Mr. Mur-phy intends to open state headquarters independently of the Democratic State Committee. Ex-Senator Murphy made a statement tonight, in the course of which

he said:
"Up to the present time there has been absolutely no work done to perfect the harmony that must exist in the Democratic party in New York State to insure success at the ensuing election. A gentleman who four years ago left our party is today on a tour of the western part of the state planting the seeds of discord among Democrats. For the purpose of frustrating the schemes of this gentleman and his associates, all loyal Democrats should band together. It is claimed that Richard Croker is seeking the state leadership. This is absolutely

# Carnegie's Politics.

NEW YORK, Aug. 22.—Senator Hanna today, speaking of the report that Andrew Carnegie had announced himself for Bryan, said:
"It is ridiculous, I don't believe a word of it."

Governor Tanner, of Illinois, was at National Republican headquarters today and announced his intention of taking the stump for McKinley.

Mine Workers Out of Politics, INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Aug. 22.—John Mitchell, president of the United Mine Workers of America, said today that the organization will take no part or interest in polities this Fall.

## Trimble for Congress.

OWENTOWN, Ky., Aug. 12.—South Trimble, Speaker of the last House of Representatives of Kentucky, was today declared the Democratic nominee for Congress from the Seventh District.

Congressional Nomination. Sixth California District—James Lachlan, Republican.

# GEORGETOWN TRIALS.

#### Case of Weaver Called, That of Youtsey Continued.

GEORGETOWN, Ky., Aug. 22.—The case of George F. Weaver, accused of perjury, was called this afternoon before County was called this afternoon before County Judge Yates. Several witnesses testified that they saw Weaver at Grayson's Springs the day on which Senator Goebel was shot. The commonwealth concluded their side of the case today.

The cases of Henry E. Youtsey, "Tallow Dick" Coombs and Harland Whittaker, charged with the murder of Goebel, and of Cautain John Davia charged with

and of Captain John Davis, charged with being an accessory, were continued until the October term of court. Whittaker, Coomba and Davis were allowed bonds, the sum being \$5000. Quite a number of affidavits were filed,

Quite a number of affidavits were filed, charging that Jurors Munson, Mulberry, Murphy, Craig, Crosswalt and Musselman had formed and expressed opinions that Powers was guilty and ought to hang. The affidavit against Craig, who is a prominent shoe merchant, charges that he said, after being summoned and after selected, that he would not be controlled by evidence but by instructions from the court.

Secretary of the Navy that the Filion were better capible of self-govern
in than the Cubans, and that he based
flag in the Philippines once it is raised
judgment on a study of both races."

Was locked up by the police. A crowd of
South Siders who saw the accident made
an attempt to lynch the motorman Sunthere. Even this Administration does not
day but he escaped.

# Victims of New York Riot.

NEW YORK, Aug. 22.-The British Consul in this city stated today that he has received 16 complaints from colored men claiming to be British subjects who state they were injured in the recent race riot in New York. These men claim to be natives of British possessions in the West

#### GENERAL CHICAGO STRIKE. Plan Is to Tie Up Building Opera-

# tions in the City.

CHICAGO, Aug. 22.-Unless the plans of the leaders miscarry every union man connected with the Building Trades Council will be called out on strike be-

fore Labor Day. The plumbers have already been ordered out and the intention is that all other unions whose men are working shall folunions whose men are working shall follow suit. Owing to increased activity in the building trades within the last few days, many union men have been put to work, in some places with the consent of the business agents, and it is the purpose of the unions to stop the work wherever the bosses believed they had won a victory and show them that the labor organizations are still in the fight. The business agent of one of the largest

"Contractors have come to believe that it is comparatively easy sailing for them now, and accordingly have been under-taking some large jobs with the idea there would be no further trouble from the unions. They will find to their disgust that many of the men whom they supposed to be nonunion men have be-come members of the unions and they will simply be unable to do any work. It is the only thing that is left the unions unless they propose to give up their fight. The idea of helping the contractors along in their jobs has been a mistake which is generally recognized now and they will find there is a lot

#### of, fight left among the men yet." Vestmakers Won Strike. NEW YORK, Aug. 22.—The vestmakers in this city have won their strike for the

union scale of wages and the 10-hour working day. The strike affected 200 men, women and girls. Conl Oil Causes Three Deaths. DENVER, Colo., Aug. 22.-Mrs. Ethel Frisbee, wife of F. A. Frisbee, and her

mother, Mrs. M. W. Deray, living in Mont-clair, a suburb of Denver, were burned to death today from efforts to kindle a fire with coal oil. Styrma Klimoski, 7 years old, faughter of K. Klimoski, living at Globeville, another Denver suburb, met the same fate from the same cause late

# First Trip of the Alabams

NEW YORK, Aug. 22-The United States battle-ship Alabama arrived from ill happen in the Philippines, thousands of miles away?

Mr. Bryan had the largest audience of he day at the evening meeting at Hills silver question, and also give out that silver question, and also give out that being cleaned and painted, will proceed all the old silver leaders are going to to Boston for her official trial trip.

# BOER FORCES MASSED

EIGHT THOUSAND MEN ASSEMBLED AT MACHADODORP.

Boths, Meyer and Schalkburger Make a Stand With the Whole Dutch Artillery.

TWYEELAAR, Monday, Aug. 20.—
Through secret intelligence agents, the British authorities learn that General Louis Botha, the Commander-in-Chief of the Boes forces; General Lucas Meyer, the Commander of the Orange Free State forces, and general Schalkburger, Vice-President of the Transvaal Republic, with 8000 Boers, have assembled at Machadodorp (generally understood to be the head-quarters of President Kruger, on the Prequarters of President Kruger, on the Pretoria-Delagoa Bay Railroad), with the whole Boer artillery, including the heavy pleces formerly at Pretoria.

Pretoria Plotter Convicted. PRETORIA Tuesday, Aug. 21.—The trial of Lieutenant Cordua, formerly of the Transvanal Artillery, on charge of being concerned in the plot to kidnap General Lord Roberts, was concluded today.

The prisoner was found guilty of all the counts in the indictment against bim, but sentence was deferred until the findings of the court shall have been con-

firmed by Lord Roberts. Colonel Godfrey, the Judge, in summing up, caused a sensation by declaring that a violation of parole was punishable with death. His speech, which dilated on the weakness and vagueness of the prisoner's defense, was listened to with profound in-teret by the audience, which was mostly composed by men of Dutch birth. A period of 45 minutes was occupied in considering the verdict.

### Report From Roberts.

LONDON, Aug. 22.—The War Office has received the following dispatch from Lord

Roberts, dated August II:
"Lieutenant-Colonel Stillwell, reconnottering near Ventersburg, engaged the
Boers. Two British were wounded. Lieutenants Spedding, Davenport, Surtees and Watson, and a medical officer and 24 men are missing.
"Hamilton has crossed the Crocodile

"Paget and Baden-Powell engaged the commands protecting Dewet August 20. Licentenant Flowers and one man were killed, Lieutenant Kirby and six men were wounded."

Kruger's Counter Proclamation. LONDON, Aug. 22—President Kruger, according to a dispatch from Lorenco Marques to the Daily Express, has issued a proclamation counter to the latest proca proclamation counter to the fatest proc-lamation issued by Lord Roberts. The Transvaal President says:
"It will help nothing to lay down your arms or to leave the commandoes. Every step homewards means a step nearer

Transvani Correspondence. LONDON, Aug. 2.—Henry Labouchere's publication of the correspondence advis-ing him of the seizure at Pretoria of com-

promising letters to Secretary Reitz is to be followed by the publication of the whole correspondence by the Colonial The Cape Treason Bill. CAPE TOWN, Aug. 22.—In the House of Assembly today the treason bill was

## sent to a second reading without a di-FRENCH DECORATIONS.

Commissioner Peck Not in Hurry to Accept Them. PARIS, Aug. 22.—Regarding the accusa-tion that he violated the Constitution in

accepting the election of grand officer of the Legion of Honor, tendered in behalf of the French nation, Ferdinand W. Peck, the Commissioner-General of the United States at the Paris exposition, said today:

"I was especially careful not to make a formal acceptance of the same when presented to me by M, de Launay Bellepresented to me by M, de Launay Belleville (director-general of the exposition) in behalf of President Loubet. I stated to him that I had examined the laws of the United States on the subject, and that while greatly appreciating the honor, I could not make a formal acceptance at the present time."

Mr. Peck has received the decoration,

possession of which he still holds, pend-ing advices from Washington. The Paris edition of the New York Times says over 90 applications for the

decoration of the Legion of Honor have been made by the American Commission, which is twice as many as made by any other foreign commission. A list was fur-nished to the French authorities on their invitation, to each foreign commissioner to recommend such members of his staff as he deemed worthy of the cross. Mr. Peck's list included Mrs. Potter Palmer. Mr. and Mrs. Michael De Young, proprietor of the San Francisco Chronicle, from the National Commissioners; the directors of the various United States sections and their assistants, and most of the important American exhibitors. The applica tions for Mesdames Paimer and Manning were refused. In this connection, the Paris edition of the Times says:

"Either this is a measure of precaution, in view of the fealous uproar which it would create among French women of note who have been denied the honor or perhaps, it is owing to certain social rivalries."

#### AMERICAN IRON IN ENGLAND. In Spite of Competition, Prices Will Be Maintained.

LONDON, Aug. 22.—At a meeting of the Bar Iron Association in Birmingham yes-terday Sir Benjamin Hinkley, the wellknown colliery proprietor and ironmas-ter, who presided, attributed the high price of iron to the action of the owners. He ridiculed the idea that the Americans, "who are sending a few tons of iron, in reality steel, to this country, were going to command the trade of the world. Ebenezer Parks, member of Par-liament for Central Birmingham, said English values would be brought down in consequence of the importation of American iron at present prices. The meeting adopted a resolution declaring that American competition was not serious enough to justify a reduction of current prices, and deciding that these must maintained until raw material is

#### WAR MAY BE AVERTED. Bulgaria Expected to Satisfy Rormania's Demands.

LONDON, Aug. 23.—Numerous dis-patches appear in the morning papers regarding the Bulgaro-Roumanian situa-tion, growing out of the demand of Rou-mania for the suppression of the Macedonian revolutionary committees whose headquarters is at Sofia.

What appears to be the most reliable summary of the latest developments comes from the Vienna correspondent of the Standard, who says: "The convic-tion prevails that the conflict between Roumania and Bulgaria has now lost Roumania and Bulgaria has now lost much of its acuteness, and that in the end Bulgaria will satisfy the Roumanian demands.

# NEW YORK, Aug. 22.-A dispatch to he Journal and Advertiser from Berlin

Count von Bulow's position as Minister of Foreign Affairs for the empire has been so seriously shaken by his differ-ences with the Kaiser over the China matters, that it has led the Emperor to | tee. Mr. Rice will accept.

LONDON, Aug. 23.—The Rome correspondent of the Daily Mail says:
"During the last few weeks duels have caused a perfect slaughter in Italy. As many as, four duelists were killed last Saturday. During the last year 3400 duels have been fought in Italy, and 480 deaths have resulted. Most of these combats were between army officers and based on the most trivial pretexts,"

#### Oscar Will Arbitrate.

STOCKHOLM, Sweden, Aug. 22.-King Oscar has formally agreed to act as arbitrator of the claims for compensation for losses sustained by British and German subjects and American citizens in Samoa.

Costly Blaze at Akron. AKRON, O., Aug. 22.—Fire in the im-mense elevator of the American Cereal Company here today damaged the plant \$75,000. A hundred and fifty thousand bushels of grain were ruined.

#### Rebellion in Coren YOKOHAMA, Aug. 23.-An official dispatch from Corea says that the rebels have attacked Song Sing, burning the government buildings located there.

Cholera in Bombay. WASHINGTON, Aug. 22.—United States Consul Fee at Bombay reports to the State Department that cholera is raging

Berlin Anarchists Dispersed. BERLIN, Aug. 22.—An anarchist-meet-ing held in Berlin today was dispersed by the police, who arrested the speakers.

Kaiser Rides in an Automobile. BERLIN, Aug. 22.—Emperor William to-day began riding in an automobile.

# FARMERS' CONGRESS,

One Thousand Delegates Are in Attendance. COLORADO SPRINGS, Colo., Aug. 22.

The attendance at the 25th annual ses-sion of the Farmers' National Congress was largely increased today by the arri-val of the Illinois and several other Eastern delegations who came by special train from Chicago. The number of del-egates now here is over 1000. State En-gieer McCune, of Colorado, and other rep-resentatives of Western States, are making efforts to have the congress adopt resolutions on the question of irrigation. By invitation, R. W. Tansili, of New Mexico, delivered an address on the Pecos valley and its resources. The afternoon session was addressed by Hon, A. J. Lockridge, of Indiana, on the "Mission of the Farmer," and by J. A. Spring, of Colorado, on "The Livestock Interests of the West." A special feature of the meeting is a fine exhibition of Colorado fruit and vegatelles. Many boxes of the colorado fruit and vegatelles. meeting is a fine exhibition of Colorado fruit and vegetables. Many boxes of Grand Junction peaches were distributed today among the delegates. R. W. Tan-sill brought a carload of Pecos Valley fruit for free distribution. The evening session was addressed by Hon. J. P. Brown, of Connersville, Ind. The resolutions committee announced

## THE SCHARN MURDER.

that its report would not be ready until

New York Police Unable to Solve the

NEW YORK, Aug. 22.—The police seem to be as much at sea as ever concerning the murder of Katherine Scharn. A score or more of detectives are busy on the case, but do not report having made much progress in the unveiling of the mystery. It develops, however, that Miss Scharn was not accompanied on her last shopping tour by a man, but by a girl shopmate, so the widely advertised "man in bits access with "few beauty and the collection of the second of the collection of the c a blue serge suit." for whom the police were believed to be searching, turns out to be a myth. All the gossip of the case continues to center about Frederick Scharn, the young girl's brother, who is still locked up, but is to appear before Judge Fitzgerald tomorrow on a writ of habeas corpus secured by his attorney, who protests that there is absolutely no evidence to warrant the authorities in keeping the lad in custody. While there seems to be an almost perfect allbi, the police claim there is a period of time, something like an hour, which Frederick tion with his movements last Saturday night, when his sister was slain. On the other hand, however, there is plenty of evidence to show that the brother was very fond of his sister.

Was completely broken no promises to pay—no future obligation in health. I had a violent cough, which was always worse in the morning. I had sharp pains and a distressed, sore feeling and absolutely free.

# Adequate Depot for La Grande.

LA GRANDE, Or., Aug. 22.—A commit-tee appointed by the La Grande Com-mercial Club to negotiate with the offi-cials of the O. R. & N. Co. concerning the erection of a fireproof depot in place of the one recently destroyed by fire has re-cived a letter from President Mohler. The substance of the letter is that the company has already completed plans for a two-story wooden building, and that they cannot now be altered owing to the necessity of getting early accommodations The site of the new building will be directly south of the old one, and on the opposite side of the track, thus placing the building between the track and the town, and removing what has heretofore been a constant menace to the life and safety of the citizens. Mr. Mohler assure the committee that the depot will be o good design, and in every way creditable

#### Its construction will be rapidly pushed. Car Jumped the Track.

CLEVELAND, O., Aug. 22.—An electric car on the Cleveland & Chagrin Falls suburb line jumped the track on a curve near Chagrin Falls today while running at high speed. The car was wrecked and the crew and 12 passengers cut and badly bruised. Five persons were seriously injured. They are: John Young, conductor, Chagrin Falls; Miss Rathburn, Newburg, O.; Mrs. M. G. Melce, Chagrin Falls; Mrs. Walter Barrow, Chagrin Falls, and C. H. Hubbell, Chagrin Falls. The accident was caused by a broken rod. Fortunately the car struck a trol-ley pole when it left the track, otherwise It would have gone down a steep embank

# Legion of Honor.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Aug. 22.—The supreme council, American Legion of Honor, began a two days' session here this morning. The annual report of the Treasurer showed receipts of \$75,015 and disbursements of \$51,422. The benefit fund receipts amount to \$1,791,794, out of which funeral claims amounting to \$1,806,500. funeral claims amounting to \$1,606,500, have been paid. Death benefit drafts not yet presented for payment amount to \$176,000, which leaves a net available bal-ance on hand of \$59,204.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 22 .- Today's state ment of the Treasury balances in the gen-eral fund, exclusive of the \$150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption. Shows: Available cash balance \$135,853,950 Gold \$5,045,647

# Philadelphia's Population. WASHINGTON, Aug. 22.—The popula-tion of Philadelphia is 1.283,697. The popu-lation in 1899 was 1.046,964. The increase

during the past 10 years was 246,783, or 23.57 per cent. BOISE, Idaho, Aug. 22.-Chairman Perkins, of the Democratic central commit-tee, today appointed L. C. Rice, State Treasurer, as secretary of the commit-

# take the direction of the Chinese matters out of the Count's hands and assume personal control thereof himself. The downfall of the statesman is regarded here as imminent.

# TO TREAT AND CURE CATARRH

All Chronic Invalids Should Take Advantage of Favorable Climatic Conditions.

imatic conditions are most favorable. in fact, the best of the year, the liabil-ity to taking cold being the lowest, and one month's treatment now will do more good than two months in cold and rainy

Catarrh is an obstinate and dangerous disease. It clings tenaciously to the system, and grows more malignant with each returning Fall and Winter.

The time to take treatment for diseases of a cartarrhal nature is now. The climatic conditions are most favorable.

the next few months what might not be possible the next Summer.

A majority of patients will only put themselves under treatment at the season of the year when they are suffering actual pain and distress, namely, during the Winter season, when at times it is almost impossible to do anything for them on account of the changeable weather, then, as soon as the warm weather comes and the immediate distression experience. weather.

Time and again Dr. Copeland has urged upon persons in desperate stages of catarrhal disease the necessity and importance of taking treatment while the seather is most favorable to a cure.

Those who suffer they do not need further attention, and they do not need further attention. all the influences that operate now in favor of a cure. They should not put the same round of aches and pains and off treatment until next Winter's stormy chronic coughs, growing worse, more deduga, but should prudently "mend their

# INSTANCES OF CURES:

Stomach
Catarch
Twenty-seventh and Tilliamook streets, Portland: In the past 10 years there has been scarcely a time when I could eat a meal without suffering and distress afterward. Food, instead of being digested, soured on the stomach, causing bloating and belching. For two or three hours after eating I would belch and gag and raise particles of food. My stomach was sore and tender, so bad at times that I could not bear my ciothing to touch me.

I also had a bad case of estarrh of the head and throat. I had intense pain on the top of my head, which was so severe at night as to prevent me from sleeping. There was a discharge from the head, and the right nostril was so clogged up that I could not breathe through it. There

I also had a bad case of catarrh of the head and throat. I had intense pain on the top of my head, which was so severe at night as to prevent me from sleeping. There was a discharge from the head, and the right nostril was so clogged up that I could not breathe through it. There was a constant ringing and buzzing in the ears, and on rising in the morning my hearing was very dult.

The disease finally reached a stage where, if I had not obtained relief. I would soon have been an invalid. I had lost 39 pounds, and could no longer work. About two years ago Dra Copeland and Montgomery cured my brother of what we all thought was consumption, and I had every confidence in their skill when I began treatment. I was not disappointed, for I was under treatment but a short time when I began to get better, and now am once more a well man. My stomach is in first-class shape, and the catarrh has been thoroughly cured.

#### Deafness postoffice address Port-

land: May years ago I had diphtheria, and since that time have been troubled with my ears. There was a constant dis-charge from both ears. Sometimes it was merely a little watery discharge; at other times it was thick and foul. I had sharp, shooting pains through the ears sharp, shooting pains through the ears and a terrible itching. The ears were dry and scaly.

My hearing was very dull. I could not understand the common tones of the voice. At church I could not hear what the minister said unless I was right up in front. I could not hear the clock tick except when close up to it. There was a continual buszing and roaring in my head and a stopped-up feeling.

Under the treatment given me at the Copeland Institute my ears healed and my hearing returned. I will gladly answer any letters, for I am always pleased to recommend the treatment that has done so much for me.

Bronchial

St. Johns: When I began treatment at the Copeland Institute I Catarrh

Mrs. N. A. Windle.

toms.

I began treatment at the Copeland Institute with results that were extremely gratifying and happy. I am a different woman now from what I was a few months ago—well and strong.

HOME TREATMENT.

Doctor Copeland requests all who are ailing, all who feel a gradual weakening, or all who realize that their health is being undermined by some unknown com-plaint, to cut out this slip, mark the questions that apply to your case and he will diagnose your case for you.

"Is your nose stopped up?"
"Do you sleep with mouth wide

"Do you steep with mouth with open?"
"Is there pain in front of head?"
"Is your throat dry or sore?"
"Have you a bad taste in the morning?" "Do you cough?"
"Do you cough worse at night?"
"Is your tongue coated?"
"Is your appetite failing?"

"Is your appetite failing?"
"Is there pain after cating?"
"Are you light-headed?"
"When you get up suddenly are you disay?"
"Do you have hot flashes?"

"Do you have liver marks!"
"Do your kidneys trouble you!"
"Do you have pain in back or under shoulder-bindes!" "Do you wake up tired and out

of sorts?"
"Are you losing flesh?"

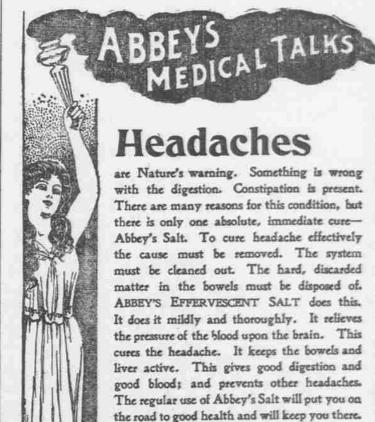
For this Doctor Capeland's services are free. It means no charge will be made,

Consultation Free.

Dr. Copeland's Book Free to All.

The Dekum, Third and Washington

W. H. COPELAND, M. D. J. H. MONTGOMERY, M. D. OFFICE HOURS-From 9 A. M. to 13 EVENINGS-Tuesdays and Fridays. SUNDAYS-From 10 A. M. to 12 M. M., from 1 to 5 P. M.



attack of headache, its cost is repaid with interest. Sold by most druggists, or sent by mail.

If a bottle of Abbey's Salt prebents only one

25c., 50c. and \$1 per bottle. The Abbey Effervescent Salt Co., 9-15 Murray St., New York.

BOOKLET FREE ON REQUEST.