GOODNOW TRUSTED

No Stock Taken in the Charge of Complicity.

PRAISE FROM STATE DEPARTMENT

The Only Allegation Against Him Is Made by an English Paper in Shanghai.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 11.-The State Department takes no stock in the story put forth by the Chinese Gazette at Shanghal, accosing Consul-General Goodnow of complicity with the Chinese. On the con-trary, he is spoken of in the very highterms and his course in the trying autuation is commended. A number of statements have appeared concerning Mr. Goodnow's suggestion about the landing of British troops. The only part which Mr. Goodnow took in this matter was to inform the State Department that he doubted the wisdom of landing troops of occurred the wiscom of familia proops of one nation without others having the same privilege. It is also said that the Chinese Gazette is a British paper and positively represents a sentiment existing among the English at Shanghai opposed

to Consul-General Goodnow and the course be has pursued. The Navy Department received the fol-lowing dispatch from Admiral Berney: "Taku, Aug. 16.—Message from Pekin

"Taku, Aug. 16.—Message from Pekin 18th; Legations closely blocked by Chimies; provisions ample for three weeks; all reported well.

The Chinese Minister was clated when word trached him of the press dispatches amnouncing that the Legationers had been relieved. Not a word had come to him confirmatory of the reports, and this led him to examine the unofficial advices from Shanghai and elsewhere with considerable care. He pointed out that Shanghai was cure. He pointed out that Shanghai was some 800 miles from Pekin, and it was surprising that information did not come from Then Tah or Taku, only about 100 miles from Pekin, and the base of the allied forces. Morrover, the appeal of Li Hung Chang for an armistics was dutod the 15th, and showed that Earl Li did not know at that time of the alleged re-tirement of the Imperial party from

The Chinese have no knowledge of the departure of the Empress Dowager and the Imperial household from Pekin on August 1, as mentioned in the Shanghat dis patches. The place named as the point where they took refuge is said to be about 100 miles back from Pekin. It is Chinese officials that a move out of Pekin might be made, but they have never been borne out by official actives. If the Im-perial party has left Pekin, it is said if thority goes with the Emperor, wherever kin. he may be located.

thorny goes with the superor, wherevolu-he may be located.

It appears to be accepted that at least some of the powers will keep their military force in China, at least until all questions growing out of the crisis are settled. This is expected to involve questions not only of money indemnity, but of territorial extension on the part of the European parties to the controversy. It is not believed that the United States will be a party to any such territorial con-traversy, as the declaration of Secretary Hay, made at the beginning of the trouble, forecasted the purpose of this Gov-ermment to seek to preserve Chinese terri-

ritorial and administrative entity.

Chinese officials are apprehensive that
a long period of diplomatic exchange
may follow the crisis, covering six
months or a year, during which Germany. France and some of the other powers will keep their armies on Chinese soil to reinforce any demands of money and ter-ritorial indemnity. With China's present impotent condition, there appears to be o issue out of this long struggle but her eventually yielding to the various de

THE SHANGHAI MUDDLE.

NEW YORK. Aug. II.—A dispatch to the Tribune from London says:

The proposed lamiling of Indian troops at Shankal has turned out, as was anticipated for some days past, a sad bungle. In the first instance, Liu Kun Yi, who is the most molecular and propressive of the most molecular and propressive of the settlement, and the transports were should be disembarked for the defense of the settlement, and the transports were a success, and the men, although very fatigued, were ready for duty.

"On the 14th inst., the south gate having been blown in, we moved into the walled city at about 6 o'clock A. M. We found the city filled with dead Chinamen and animals. No resistance was insidered outrageous by most of the citizens of our city, in one that ought openly to be censured and condemned.

A license of \$12,000 per day (the proceeds of 24,000 people) for Ringlings' circus is so unjust and so unfair that it apareses infantry upon the enemy. Who responded from the suburbs. Since the settlement we have had undisturbed possession of all Tien Tsin."

Colonel Meade inclosed the following its things.

Then Liu took altern and last Friday telegraphed, saking that to shock the good sense of our fair-minded citizens and we are led to ask. Is this indeed our boasted City and the day of the commander of the British forces, to the officers commanding the United States forces:

"Tien Tsin, China, July 15, 1900.—Sir: I desire to express the high appraciation."

Then Liu took sharm and last Friday felegraphed, asking that the Indians should be sent away. The British Consul remonstrated and subsequently Liu minority they must be wrong, and so made the word made the vote unanimous; what a strong, would not consent to international occupation. Admiral Seymour was ordered
to keep the men on the transports pending further developments, and there they
have remained, swettering in the steaming river, while the diplomatists endeavor
to actile their differences. If, after all,
the talked with a large number of
our merchants, and all alike condemn
the act of the Council, saying that a circus brings more people and more money
to the city than any kind of an attraction that we can have, and add, "the more
attractions the better, the more people the
better, and the more money the better."

the ships should be ordered north without discharaths the troops, the blow to British prestige would be as had as when known as the prestige would be as had as when known as permitted to occupy Port Arthur.

But, as it happens, the whole foreign community is really alarmed by the effect that this withdrawal might have on the Chinese mind, and all the fereign Contains a Shaughal have agreed to a joint resolution to their respective soveraments representing the dangerous consequences of now removing the Indians from Weo Sung. They suggest that they should be followed by the other foreign contingents. This solution is very unpaintable to the British Government, which claims a parties of new enterprise which tries to get the order of several solution is very unpaintable to the British Government, which claims a parties of new enterprise which tries to get British Government, which claims a paramount laterest in the Yangtae region. But it will probably have to be accepted to avoid the alternatives of a humiliating retreat or a serious friction with

Chinese Minister in London says that the landing of a large foreign force small detachments are employed to se-cure the safety of the Shanghai settle-ments. Japan is understood to be sup-porting Great Britain in this matter, ow-ing to the extreme indignation felt in the island empire at the connunc of a con-in taking advantage of the general con-freelm to appropriate New Chwang. The Japanese, who have done the hardest and Japanese, who have done the hardest and the conting. Attorney-General God-home-coming. Attorney-General Godisland empire at the conduct of Russia is likely to be the dispatch of a powerful

Japanese army to Corea at an early day. The muddle over the Shanghai ques-tion would perhaps have been avoided if Lord Salinbury and his infidential colagues were now in consultation, but the nister is now Buried with his actor at a remote watering place in the Vosges, and the other Ministers are scattered about on the moors or in various English and Scotch country bouses. The business of the nation has to be conducted from day to day by the under Sec- Boston. of Foreign Affairs and a few clerks

eneral Wheeler Pleased.

CHICAGO, Aug. II.—General Joseph Wheeler, Commander of the Department of the Lakes, expressed great pleasure on hearing that the allied forces had reached Police. Me said that it has been

nese trouble that the officials and memers of the present dynasty have been celding to delay the entry of the allied cross into Pekin in order to give the Chinese authorises an apportunity to move the capital with all the archives and sacred writings to another point, probably the ancient capital of the Chi-

Failed to Flood the Country.

LONDON, Aug. 17.-The collapse of Chinese resistance is explained in dispatches from Shanghai as being due to the failure of the Chinese to flood the country below Tung Chow. The earthworks connected with the dam at Pel Ho were unfinished and the canal at Tung Chow was full of water, facilitating boat transportation when the allies arrived there. Signals between the allies and the Legationers holding part of the wall at Pekin were exchanged during the morning of August

OFFICIAL REPORTS FROM OFFI-

General Dorward's Praise of the Gallantry of the American Troops

WASHINGTON, Aug. II .- The Navy De-

Lieutenani-Colonel Coolidge and the offi-cers and men under his command." Major Waller, who accompanied the un-successful expedition of June 19, composed successful expedition of June 19, composed of 400 Russians and 100 Americans, that sought to reinforce the Tien Tsin garrison, reports that he objected to the movement but was overruled. He describes the meeting with 1500 intrenched Chinese, the abandonment of the American Colf gun and the retreat, abandoning the four dead and bringing back the nine wounded. The advance the next day with 1500 men was successful and they nine wounded. The savance the next day with 1800 men was successful and they

entered the city. The conduct of the American soldiers was beyond praise. CIVILIZATION OF CHINA. Ho Yow Says the Effect Might Be

WHEN THE OREGON STRUCK

CHINESE CRUISER STOOD BY TO RENDER ASSISTANCE.

A Russian Made Preparations to Seize Her, But Captain Wilde

coast recently: The Chinese cruiser Haichi, commanded

when the allies arrived there. Signals between the allies and the Legationers bolding part of the wall at Pekin were exchanged during the morning of August 16.

Excellent Scouting.

PARIS, Aug. II.—A dispatch received here from General Frey. In command of the French marine force in China, dated August 5, says the rapid advance of the allies towards Pekin was due to excellent scouting of the Russians and Japanesse. General Frey returned to Tien Tsin

coming. I feel serry for my children You will get enough money from my lodges to put \$1000 in the business and hold the balance for yourself and my dear the balance for yourself and my dear dren. It is hard to part, but I don't see any other way."

SANDUSKY BAY WRECK.

Five Trainmen Were Injured-Mail in the Water.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 17.—Mail advices from Yokohama, Japan, contain the following story in connection with the stranding of the Oregon on the Chinese coast recently:

The Chinese contains the first mail, between New York and Chicago, on the Lake Shore, was wrecked at 1 o'clock this morning on the long bridge over Sandusky Bay, but no one was killed or seriously injured. But the coast recently: bridge over Sandusky Bay, but no one was killed or seriously injured. But two cars left the track, an express ear and a combination express and smoker. The express messengers got out of the car by breaking the windows. They were not injured. There were 14 passengers in the combination car. They were rescued through windows. No one, so far as it is obtainable at this hour, was hurt. The engine and two baggage carpassed over safely. The smoker and one day coach, were entirely submerged in the lake; one coach one end down the

the lake; one coach one end down the bank, a sleeper about half tipped over down the bank, and the last sleeper off the track right on the treatle. It is the track right on the trestie. It is claimed the cause of the wreck was spreading of the rails. Everybody got out of the coaches, but several got badly cut up. No lives were lost. Five trainmen were injured. These are: Baggageman William Frawley, Cleveland, Internally; Chief Clerk J. C. Beck, Goshen; Al. Spalding, Adrian; F. R. Greening, Austin, Ill., and B. S. Wise, Chestertown.

Fourteen passengers were in the c bination car, of whom two were cut by flying glass. Their injuries were dressed before the surgeons arrived. At the time of the wreck the train was running 25 miles an hour. The bridge on which the wreck occurred is a half mile long and but six feet above the water, which is from 14 to 20 feet deep. A large amout of mail is still in the water.

Ran Into a Freight Train. KANSAS CITY, Aug. 17.—A special to the Star from Goodland, Kan., says: Rock Island passenger No. 6, from Denver and Colorade Springs for Kansas City, crashed into a freight train at a curve in a deep cut a mile west of Bethune, early today. James Boyle, engineer, and Chris Kimm, fireman, both of the passenger, were seriously and perhaps fatally injured. The passengers were rolled out into the aisles and bruised, but none was seriously hurt. The passenger engine went clear through the caboose, but no one on the freight the caboose, but no one on the freight train was injured.

Engines Wrecked.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Aug. 17.—The Southern Pacific-San Pedro passenger train into this city and the outward-bound Santa Monica fiver collided last night at Santa Monica Junction inside the city limits. Both engines were wrecked, but none of the passengers was injured. The engineer of the Santa Monica train jumped and his left collar bone was broken. The crews of both trains claim the semaphore was set for them, giving them the right of way.

Three Campers Killed.

ALLENTOWN, Pa., Aug. 17.—A passengen train on the Perklommen Railroad struck a team at Palm, Mount Perry County, today and instantly killed the three occupants of the buggy. The dead are: John F. Wolle, of Allentown; Har-vey C. Wolle, his brother, of Allentown, and John V. Gettschalk, of New York, a brother-in-law. The men were camping on the Perkiemmen Creek, near Palm.

while of the amisser was accompanied of a whole retinue of maids. But she was a little figurehead. She could not walk any more than a few steps, and never assisted her husband in the social duties a little figurehead. She could not walk any more than a few steps, and never assisted her husband in the social duties of the legation. But this was because the venerable and dignified Cheng Tsao Ju was a very different man from Wu Ting Fang, and was corded in with the tight and straight-laced ideas of his country in regard to women, whereas Minister Wu is delightfully democratic and broad. Mrs. Cheng, young, inexperienced and having her poor little feet compressed in babyhood, which made walking a misery to her, was content to remain secluded.

to her, was content to remain secluded, and was so seldom seen in the world that only those who were on intimate terms with the legation knew of her presence there. But to Mrs. Cheng in America came her greatest happiness. United States soil and under the protecting folds of the Stars and Stripes. The Minister rejoiced over it, and called the Hittle maiden Mi, the Chinese equivalent for America, a name, he gracefully of the States on Soldiers' Postoffices.

Sal Francisco, Aug. 17.—H. M. Robinson, Superintendent of the American between the States on Soldiers' Postoffices.

Sal Francisco, Aug. 17.—H. M. Robinson, Superintendent of the American between the States and Called Service to be established in China, who, with his assistant G. W. H. Sal Service to be established in China, who, with his assistant G. W. H. Sal Service to be established in China, who, with his assistant G. W. H. Sal Service to be established in China, who, with his assistant G. W. H. Sal Service to be established in China, who, with his assistant G. W. H. Sal Service to be established in China, who, with his assistant G. W. H. Sal Service to be established in China, who, with his assistant G. W. Sal Service to be established in China, who, with his assistant G. W. H. Sal Service to be established in China, who, with his assistant G. W. Sal Service to be established in China, who, with his assistant G. W. Sal Service to be established in China, who, with his assistant G. W. Sal Service to be established in China, who will be a service to be established in China, who will be a service to be established in China, who will be a service to be established in China, who will be a service to be established in China, who will be a service to be established in China, who will be a service to be established in China, who will be a service to be established in China, who will be a service to be established in China, who will be a service to be established in China, who will be a service to be established in China, who will be a service to be established in China, who will be a service to be established in China, who will be a service to be established in China, who will be a service to be established in China, who will be a service to be established in China, who will be for America, a name, he gracefully said,

spent here. Cheng Yen Hoon, who was still a bachelor when he acted as Minister here, encreeded Mr Tsul and although he ensucceeded Mr. Tsul, and, although he en-tertained assiduously, no woman assisted at his functions. No woman, indeed, could have dressed more magnificently than did this diplomat. He brought trunks full of clothes, his gowns were made of the handsomest brocade, stiff with embroidery and studded with pre-clous stones.

clous stones. It is said that he never wore a dress It is said that he never wore a ureas more than once. At any rate, no one ever saw him tiwes in the same costume. His jewels were beautiful in the extreme, and he was invariably profusely decorated with them. On his thumb he wore a jade ring, curiously carved, and his manda,

Mr. Cheng was succeeded by the grave Mr. Cheng was successed by the average and middle-aged Tsul Kou Yin, who brought with him Mrs. Tsul, also grave and middle-aged, and inclined to stoutness, which, together with her little feet, made it impossible for her to go about. She made no attempt, indeed, to take an active part in society, for no other reason than that she suffered to such an extent than that she suffered to such an exter in walking, and the first and only time she made her bow to the American public was at a reception given just before her

Hinkey, who coached the victorious Yale football teams of 1894 and 1895, will no help coach that university's team this Autumn. He said in an interview rela-tive to a report that Walter Camp, ex-Captain McBride and he would be the Yale coaches this year:

"You can say positively that I will not go to New Haven, and will not assist in preparing the Yale team this Fall. I cannot afford to spend any more time

ARGUMENT NOT FINISHED

NO NIGHT SESSION OF THE POWERS TRIAL.

Case Will Go to the Jury Today-Colonel Campbell's Speech for the Prosecution.

GEORGETOWN, Ky., Aug. II.—The argument in the case of Caleb Powers, charged with being an accessory to the murder of William Goebel, was not concluded today, the court refusing to hold a night session. Commonwealth's At-torney Robert B. Franklin will make the closing speech for the prosecution tomor row morning. The argument for the defense was closed by ex-Governor John Y. Brown. The entire morning session and nearly an hour this attenuous was taken up by Colonel T. E. Campbell for the

The largest crowd that has yet been in attendance thronged the Courthouse this morning. Colonel Campbell began addressing the jury at 9:30.

In his preliminary remarks, Colonel Campbell took occasion to regret the heated state of public feeling in Kenucky, and appealed to the jury not to think of and appealed to the jury not to think of politics, but to weigh the evidence and return a verdict based on that. He took the diagram of the state capitol grounds, and this, in connection with the measurements of civil engineers and the autopay on the body of Goebel, was used in tracing the bullet. By this, he said, it was conclusively proved that the shot was fired from Caleb Powers' office, and he defield the defense to try to shake the correctness of the demonstration.

defied the defense to try to shake the correctness of the demonstration.

Mr. Campbell referred to Attorney Owens, of the defense, as one of Powers' fellow-assassins, and said that while he always refrained from calling men Hars, the temptation was great in the case of Lawyer Sinciair, who made himself one of three witnesses who testified that the sound did not come from the direction of Powers' office, while over 160 other witnesses testified that it did come from that direction.

Colonel Campbell took up the evidence of various witnesses and discussed its

thing Culton had said was sufficient to hang him, the speaker declared. Henry E. Youtsey, who has been threatened with typhold fever, was re-ported improving this morning, and his

An Outbreak in New Orleans.

sys say he will be ready for trial

An Outbreak in account to the Tribune from New Orleans says:
Another outbreak against the negroes was narrowly averted here last night. Branch Payne, a powerful negro, living in the neighborhood in which Robert Charles, the negro desperado, was killed a few weeks ago, opened fire on two Deputy Sheriffa who attempted to arrest him on a warrant charging shooting at a white man. The negro resisted arrest and shot at the officers, who returned the fire. Four shots

were exchanged.

Angry citizens quickly gathered, but the police charged the crowd in number and forced a dispersal. The negro, frightened by the demonstration, submitted peace-fully to arrest and is now in fail with double guards protecting him.

Race War in Georgia.

WHO WAS BEFORE MRS, WU?

Reminiscences of the Celestial Ladies of Former Administrations.

Washington Post.

Mrs. Wu is by no means the first Chinese woman in Washington, During President Arthur's administration the wife of the Minister was accompanied by a whole retinue of maids. But she was with negroes and since that time discon-tent has grown on both sides until now a

charges that Weller, while in his employ as salesman, appropriated to his own use time. Weller admits owing Guest a small sum, but denies committing any criminal

act. that had been chosen for her because offices to be used for the benefit of the on leaving this country he would be United States troops will be portable, constantly reminded of the happy days They can be put together or taken apart spent here.

Warm Weather

Weakness is Quickly Overcome By Hood's Sarsaparilla.

The cooling, toning, and blood enriching qualities of this great medicine are wonderful. It strengthens the stomach and digestive organs, creates an appetite, and cures that tired feeling. It also cures pimples, boils, sait rheum, scrofula and all other troubles originating in impure blood.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Is America's Greatest Medicine. Price \$1. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.



Positively cured by these Little Pills. They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia.

Indigestion and Too Hear'y Eating. A perfect remedy for Disziness, Nausca, Droval pess, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. Thes Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable. Small Doses 9mall Pill.

Small Price.

Inches Thompson's Eye Water

THE BATTLE OF TIEN TSIN

CERS OF THE MARINE CORPS.

-Instances of Bravery.

partment today made public the reports of Colonel Robert L. Meade and Major L. W. T. Waller, of the United States Marine Corps, on the battle of Tien Tsin. Colonel Meade's report is dated at Tien Tsin July 16. After teiling of the situation of the situation of the situation of the situation of the situation.

Daugerous.

VIEW OF THE CITY OF PEKIN, TAKEN FROM THE HA-TA-MEN.

Arrivals at Taku.

LONDON, Aug. 17.—Dispatches from Snanghal say that troops are still arriving at Taku. The German transports Wittekind and Frankfort are due there today

ran on a reef August 14.
The Japanese cruiser Takasago, which went ashore recently, has been towed on and is now at Port Arthur. and is now at Port Arthur.

A dispatch from Yokohama, under to-day's date, announces that an official telegram from Seoul, the capital of Corea, says the inhabitants of Pyong Yong district, adjoining the frontier, are alarmed at the landing of 1000 Russians in that osterburbood.

British Will Land at Shanghai, SHANGHAL, Aug. 17.—The British troops

will land here tomorrow. All here and in the Yangtse Valley. WANTS TO SEE THE CIRCUS

Prohibitory License.

The spirit of discouraging every attrac-

tion or new enterprise which tries to get a foothold in our city and state seems to at last have pervaded the Portland City It seems to me that every person to the city, under the circumstances, of attend the circus, providing it be in or near the city, and urge their acquaintances and friends to go also, in order that outsiders may get an impressio that we have at least a little fairnes left. R. W. WILBUR.

Senator Ingalls' Funeral.

ATCHISON, Ken., Aug. 17.-The body of John J. Ingalls is being carried to Russia already beginning the annexa-of Chinese territory. One consequence Saturday, but, in consideration of the Saturday, but, in consideration of the expressed wish of Mr. Ingalis, the request could not be complied with.

> Massachusetts Democrats. BOSTON, Aug. 17 .- The Post says that

the Democratic state ticket this Fall will be Robert Treat Paine, Jr., and John B. Mack-the same ticket as last Pall. The state committee will meet in a few days, probably next week, and decide upon the candidates and place of holding the state convention. It will probably be held in

Light Battery en Route. NEWPORT, R. L. Aug. 17,-Light Bat-

tery C. Seventh Regiment, was given a

rousing send-off last night on its depart-

ure from Fort Adams on route to join the forces in China. Local militia companies and citizens in general did escort duty and mind the fire was hurned.

in order to lead the reinforcements of toward night I began to be apprehensive and all the engines of warfare with equal his duty to take possession of her. Capwhere they took refuge is said to be about 100 miles hack from Pekin. It is not where the Funumer palaces are located. Burnors have beretefore reached the Germans, Austrians and Italians, who were not represented with the advance of being left in the advance of the fortist in the substitution in a fight where no prisoners were taken on either side, with only the bayonet to might not."

The three chief causes of the present with equal hight left in the advance of the fortist in the advance of the left and rear and we drove them away. Later in the day, about 2 P. M., they again made a flanking effort, but at this time the infantry support of the artillery company was on the mud wall of the city and aided us by a cross fire. The effort of the enemy proved a failure and we drove them in.

"We remained in the trenches until about 8 P. M., when we received an order from the Brigadler-General command-The Russian transport Nijni Novgorod

ing to withdraw, which was probably the most difficult action of the day, since the enemy had so well covered our position that their shots struck the crests of the trenches and threw dirt in our faces -many being hit. "General Dorward ordered that the

troops should sieep upon their arms that night, and on the following morning enter the city. The south gate had to be blown in by guncotton.

The troops had had nothing whatever to eat on the 15th, save the small lunchson which each man carried in his haversack. It was not expected when we started that the action would prove so long, but General Dorward, knowing the situation, kindly sent to the reservation Common Council Censured for Its for food and other necessaries, and the blyounc proved a success, and the men,

desire to express the high appreciation of the British troops of the honor don them in serving alongside their comrade

of the American Army during the long and hard fighting of the 18th, and the subsequent capture of Tien Tsin City, and of my own appreciation of the high honor accorded to me by having them under my command. "The American troops formed part of the front line of the British attack, and so had more than their share of the fight-ing that took place. The ready and will-ing spirit of the officers and men al-ways make their command easy and

pleasant, and when one adds to that the

pleasant, and when one adds to that the steady gallantry and power of holding on to exposed positions which they dis-played on the 13th inst., the result is soldiers of the highest class.

"We all deeply sympathize with you in the heavy lesses you have suffered, and especially with the Ninth Regiment's and especially with the Ninth Region Lies of their gallant Colonel, E. H. Lis while at the head of his men, and while at the head of his men, and while at the head of his men, and whose the second s with the First Regiment of marines, in the death of Captain Davis, who met a soldier's death in the very front of the fight. I biame myself for the mistake made in the taking up of their position by the Ninth Regiment, not remembering that troops wholly fresh on the scene of action and hurried forward in the excitement were likely to lose their way. Still, the position they took up and gal-lantly stuck to all day undoubtedly pre-vented a large body of the enemy from turning the right of the attacking party and inflicting serious loss on the French

and Japanese "Among many instances of personal bravery in the action I propose especially to bring to notice in dispatches the con-duct of First Lieutenant Smedley D. Butler, United States Marine Corps, in bringing a wounded man from the front under heavy and accurate fire; Lieutenant But-ler was wounded while so doing, but, I am glad to learn, not seriously. The Regimental Adjutant, First Lieutenant Henry Leonard, as Lieutenant Butler was suffering severely, volunteered to carry him out of the firing line. This gallant feat he successfully accomplished, but, I regret to say, was very dangerously wounded in so doing.

"The Ninth Regiment was fighting

somewhat outside of my sphere of action, so I am able to bring forward only one instance of personal gallantry in that regiment, although, circumstanced as they were, fighting for about 12 hours almost alone and unsupported, and never giving back a foot of ground until di-rected to retire under cover of the night and the fire of the naval guns, such instances must have been very numerous. The one I would refer to is the bringing The one I would refer to is the bringing back to me by the Acting Regimental Adjutant, Captain Lawton, of the account of the position of the regiment across a wide fire-swept space, and returning with reinforcements to guide them to his regiment when he was severely wounded. The withdrawal of the regiment was a delicate operation, finely carried out, on which I congratulate.

upon another. Army Changes. WASHINGTON, Aug. 17.—By direction of the President, First Lieutenant Bissell Thomas, Thirty-fifth Infantry, has been discharged from the Army "for the good of service," to take effect August 20.
Captain Seth M. Milliken, Assistant Commissary of Subsistence United States

Volunteers, having tendered his resigna-tion, is honorably discharged from the service, to take effect August 25.

Major Edward T. Comegys, Surgeon, now in San Francisco, has been ordered to proceed to Nagasaki, Japan, for duty

as a medical supply officer at that place.

No Japanese Loan. NEW YORK, Aug. 37.-In regard to the rumors that Japan was about to raise a war loan in the United States, Mr. Uchida, "I am in a position to state that our government has no intention at present

to float any loan in connection with the war in China." Bacon for American Soldiers. KANSAS CITY, Aug. 17.—The War Department has just closed a contract with a local packing-house for 125,000 pounds of their best fancy breakfast bacon, for immediate shipment to China for the Amer-

tean soldiers now serving under Major-General Chaffee. The First at Fort Leavenworth. LEAVENWORTH, Kan., Aug. 17 .- Com

thorough rest the companies will doubt-less be sent to China. Second Battalion of the Fifth. CHICAGO, Aug. 17.—The second bat-tailon of the Fifth Infantry, at Fort Sheridan, has been ordered to leave for San Francisco, August 20. The first ba talion has already gone, and the third has just arrived at the fort from Cuba.

THE WHISKY TRUST.

Application Made Yesterday for Dissolution. TRENTON, N. J., Aug. 17.—Application was made today by the Court of Chancery for the dissolution of the American Distilleries Company of America, which is incorporated under the laws of New Jersey with a capitalization of \$125,000,000. The application was made on behalf of Henry I. Dittman and Kalinan Hass, of New York, who are stockholders of the

New York, who are stockholders of the Kentucky Distilleries & Warehouse Kentucky Company. The latter company is one of four that were absorbed by the Distilleries Company of America, and itself controls a large number of smaller concerns.

They claim they are acting for themselves and others, and maintain that the management of the Distilleries Company of America is inimical to the interests of the Kentucky company. The other com-panies which have been absorbed by the Distilleries Company of America are the American Spirits Manufacturing Company, the Spirits Distributing Company and the Standard Distilling & Distributing Com-

Fatal Knockout Blow.

pany.

NEW YORK, Aug. 17 .- George Kelly is dying in Seney Hospital in Brooklyn from the result of a knockout blow delivered by Michael Myers in a "try-out" bout at the Greenwood Athletic Club last night. The boys were deadly enemies on accoun of a young girl, and sought the ring so the grudge could be settled regularly. has not yet regained conscious ness.

LEAVENWORTH, Kas., Aug. 17.-Cap. LEAVENWORTH, Kas., Aug. II.—Captain Oberlin M. Carter, serving a sentence in the Federal penitentiary for defrauding the Government on Southern contracts, was visited today by Dr. Carter, of Chicago, his brother, and L. D. Carter, of Oakland, Ill., an uncle. After a conference Carter's relatives are quoted as saying they have strong hopes of securing a pardon for the Captain.

Hoping for Pardon for Carter.

guns are in excellent condition."

The next day, after the departure of the Russian, Captain Wide visited the Haichi and suggested to Captain Sah that, as he was protecting some refugees on board, it might be well for him to run up the American flag to the fore. This was done, and no questions were asked by passing cruisers afterwards.

FIRE IN YELLOWSTONE PARK Not Enough Men Available to Con-

trol It. WASHINGTON, Aug. 17.—Acting Super-intendent Goode, of the Yellowstone Na-tional Park, today telegraphed the Intional Park, today telegraphed the in-terior Department that another big for-est fire has broken out there, and is now raging between the lake and the upper basin. The department wired nu-thority for the employment of outsiders to assist in fighting the fire, but none could be secured. The Interior Department has requested the department to detail for this purpose some of the men engaged on the roads there.

Colorado Forest Pires. DENVER, Colo., Aug. 17 .- A special to the Times from Del Norte, Colo., says: Heavy timber fires are raging south and west of Del Norte, from the head of the south fork of the Rio Grande to the head

of the Conejos River. The damage is the greatest in the history of the coun-try. There is almost conclusive evidence that these fires are being intentionally set. BUENA VISTA, Colo., Aug. 17.—The forest fire in Pine Creek Gulch, near Riverside, 10 miles above this city, is steadily spreading. People from that re-

BRECKENRIDGE, Colo., Aug. 17,-A big forest fire is raging in the range of hills on the east side of the Blue River, a few miles north of Dillon. The entire valley is filled with smoke.

MONTROSE, Colo., Aug. 17.—Forest fires are burning fiercely in all directions. To the east there is a big blaze on the Black Mesa, to the north huge volumes of smoke go up from the Grand Mesa and the Uncompanier Plateau to the

west is ablaze in three different places. Fatal Fire in Chicago. CHICAGO, Aug. 17 .- One man lost his life and three were injured in a fire towhich destroyed the building 154-00 Desplaines street. Edward Gray was burned while asleep in the building. The injured are: James Minor, severely burned, jumped from a window: Thomas L. Morney, fireman, leg broken; John Mitchell, fireman, burned. The building was owned by Albert E. Barr, and was occupied by the Independent Paper Stock Company. The total loss is put at \$250,000. The fire is believed to have been of meendary origin.

The Smithfield Fire. PEORIA. III. Aug. 17.—Smithfield, a town of 1500 inhabitants, 45 miles west of here, was visited last night by a very disastrous fire, which threatened for a time entirely to destroy the place. As it was, a dozen buildings were burned, and the loss, it is estimated, will aggregate \$50,000 to \$75,000. The village has no fire department. The fire was of incendiary

Summer Resort Burned. MACKINAC ISLAND, Mich., Aug. 17.-Pine cottage, one of the large boardinghouses of the island, was burned to the ground early today. The flames, fanned by a strong wind, threatened for a time to destroy many buildings. The loss is estimated at \$25,000 to \$15,000; no insur-

fire department, was seriously injured.

William Tailon, a member of the

Suicide of a Despondent Chicago Wall Paper Dealer. CHICAGO, Aug. 17.—Charles A. Mielenz died by his own hand some time on Wed-nesday on the prafries near Foster and Southport avenues, in order that his wife might receive the benefit of \$2000 insurance which he carried in two German lodges. Mrs. Mielens learned from the police last evening that her husband's body had been found. Her four boys, none of

them 10 years old, played about the house where the mother was sobbing. Mielenz conducted a wall paper and paint business at 512 Larrable street, and it was not prosperous. He left home on Tuesday morning to attend to a contract which he had and was last seen alive on Wednesday morning out in Lake View. On Wednesday afternoon, Mrs. Mielenz received a letter from her husband, mailed from a suburb, and written partly in German and partly in English, in which he said:

"It is the best you can do to let me go, so everybody can get what they have chances this year,

as readily as camp luggage. At Military station No. 1, to be located at Taku, will be kept a record of the movement of the troops, so that as good mail dispatch to and from China may be had as in any world.

cap was studded with magnificent dia-monds.

was at a reception given has seen as thusband was receiled.

The most popular and attractive of the Chinese women who have been connected with the legation was Mrs. Yang, the wife of Mr. Wu's predecessor, who is at present in St. Petersburg. Mrs. Yang is a Manchurian by descent, and so was not handicapped by the small feet which reverted Mrs. Cheng and Mrs. Tsul from not handicapped by the small feet which prevented Mrs. Cheng and Mrs. Tsul from assuming the place in society to which they were entitled. Tall and graceful, possessed of winning manners, much tact and a kindly nature, the charming wife of the Chinese Minister, although she could not speak a word of English and was invariably accompanied by an interpreter, soon made a warm place for herself here, and her departure was genuinely regretted. FOR HIS FAMILY'S BENEFIT ly regretted.

> Will Not Coach Yale. TONAWANDA, N. Y., Aug. 17.-Frank

coaching football teams. My business in-terests here are too important." Hinkey declined to talk about Tale's