Cossacks Defeated, Chinese.

ST. PHTERSBURG, Aug. 16.—General Reetnenkamp, according to advices to the Russian War Office, while pursuing the Chinese from Aigun, found 400 infantry.

5000 cavairy, and 12 guns in a strong posi-tion at Sanjshan. Although the Russians were inferior in numbers and had only

two guns, they made combined front and

To Protect the Allies Rear. ROME, Aug. 16.—The following dispatch has been received here from Taku, via

"A Russian resiment has disembarked to protect the rear of the allied forces, which is seriously threatened.

Hart Has Left Pekin.

HONG KONG, Aug. 16.—It is rumored that the Canton customs department has

received a dispatch that Sir Robert Hart,

perceived a dispatch that Sir Robert Hark Director-General of Chinese Imperial Maritime Customs, accompanied by his staff, has left Pekin under Chinese escort

and that a cruiser will be sent to meet him on his reaching the coast.

BERLIN, Aug. 16.—A dispatch received here from Tien Tsin, dated August 14, an-nounced that the allies captured Chang

Kin Wan, with slight loss. The Chinese left 500 dead on the field. The remainder fied, some to Tung Chau and some to

France Accepts Von Waldersee.

PARIS, Aug. 16.-France has notified

Germany that when Field Marshal Count von Waldersee arrives in China to as-sume command of the allied forces, Gen-eral Voyron, the French military Com-mander-in-Chief, will act in perfect ac-

Goodnow Accused of Complicity. SHANGHAI, Aug. 16.—The Shanghai Gazette impeaches the United States Consul, John Goodnow, of open compli-city with the Chinese.

NEW YORK'S POPULATION.

three other boroughs in Greater New

APPLETONS' AFFAIRS.

The Publishers Will Pay One Hun-

dred Cents on the Dollar.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16,-The creditors of

D. Appleton & Co., the publishers will be paid 100 cents on the dollar. This state-

ment is on the authority of James G. Lan-

non, chairman of the reorganization com-mittee of D. Appleton & Co. Mr. Cannon stated today that every claim which was

to be extended under the reorganization

of the company had been deposited with the Metropolitan Trust Company, of this city. The proposed reorganization will

give the house ample capital to carry on

SUMMARY OF IMPORTANT NEWS

Unofficial reports continue to arrive of the cap-ture of Pekin by the ailies. Page 1.

Chinese troops were dereated at Tung Chow Sunday. Page 1.

Li Hung Chang's appeal to the United States

Minister Conger sends a list of casualties in Pekin. Page 2.

England will not land troops at Shanghai.

Pransport Warren, with troops for China, salled from San Francisco. Page 2.

Political The Anti-Imperialist Convention indersed Bry-an's candidacy. Page 1.

Bryan has returned to Lincoln, where public wa Democrats nominated a full state ticket. Page 2.

Domestic.

Many persons were injured in anti-negro riots in New York. Page 3.

The closing argument in the Powers trial will be made tonight. Page 2. Ex-Senator J. J. Ingalis died at Las Vegas, N. M. Page 3.

New York's population, excluding Brooklyn, is

Iwo new quartz strikes have been made in Southern Oregon. Page 4.

At the Chemawa Institute the need of efficient industrial teachers in Indian schools was

The wheat yield of the Northwest estimated at 25,000,000 bushels. Page 1.

Sugar advanced 10 cents per hundred in the local market, making a total gain of 40 cents in a week. Page 11.

New York bank statement expected to show a heavy loss of cash Saturday. Page 11. London stock market looks for easy money

rates, but bankers discount the expectation

Two women committed nuicide, one by shoot-ing, one by poisoning. Page 8. A fund of \$250 was started for the ransom of

Young Venfile. Page 12.

Commercial and Marine.

system of claterus is to be built at Fort

ditions at Cape Nome are told in a let-

Pacific Coast.

ter by a mining engineer. Page 4.

vens this Pall. Page 4.

voiced. Page 5.

ons threatens to claim the champion-

for an armistice was mot with a refusal.

its business.

Page 2

Page 2.

cord with him.

"The Japanese Admiral announces that the ailles occupied Tung Chow last Sun-day, and that he is awaiting news of an attack on Pekin today."

Che Foo. August 15:



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BLATZ BEER THE STAR MILWAUKEE

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CAPTURE OF PEKIN

Unofficial Reports of the Attack on the City.

MINISTERS BELIEVED TO BE SAFE

Allies Indicted a Heavy Defeat on the Imperial Troops at Tung Chow Sunday.

LONDON, Aug. 17, 3:45 A. M.—A cable-gram to Vienna from Hong Kong an-nounces the capture of Pekin; but the Austrian Government, like other Euro-pean powers, is still without confirma-tion of this report.

An official telegram, dated Taku, Aug-

ust 14, has been received at Rome which asserts that the attack on Pekin began Monday, that Sir Claude MacDonald, the British Minister, opened communication

with the relieving forces and that the allies have established their headquarters at Tung Chow.

Chinese officials in Shanghal are reported as admitting that the allies in-flicted a heavy defeat on the Chinese Imperial troops around Tung Chow Sunday and then marched direct on Pekin. This if the courses the Imparase officials of the Chinese of the Imparase of the I

nay and then marched direct on Pekin.
This, if true, carries the Japanese official advices announcing the capture of
Tung Chow one step further.
The Western powers, according to a
dispatch to the Daily Express from Kobe,
have accepted the proposals formulated
by Japan for arranging an armistice
dependent upon the immediate delivery of dependent upon the immediate delivery of the foreign Legations to the allies or the granting of permission to the allied forces to enter Pekin and to guard the legations. Upon this basis, the correspondent says, Japan has already begun to negotiate. Shanghai dispatches declare that the

Chinese had intended to make a final attack upon the legations last Sunday, but whether the plan was carried out is

not known there. From the same place comes the statement that Vice-Admiral Seymour and Brigadier-General Creab have joined in protest against the withdrawal of the British troops. All the morning pa-pers, which comment on the subject, appeal to Lord Salisbury not to witndraw them and dilate upon the serious results of such action to British prestige. American negotiations looking to a ces-ation of hostilities also receive considerable attention, favorable and otherwise. but all the editorials agree that too pre-cipitate a withdrawal from Pekin after the delivery of the Legations would have a bad effect upon the Chinese situation.
The consensus of opinion expressed by
the morning papers tends to the belief
that the members of the Legations are

now safe with the allies.

Describing the capture of Ho Si Wu, a special dispatch says that the head-gear of the Americans was quite insufficient for the awful heat and that the consequence was direful.

Entered Pekin Wednesday, LONDON, Aug. 17 .- A special from Shanghal says:

Shanghai Says:

The allies entered Pekin August 15, It is believed that Yuan Shi Kai's troops have gone thence to Shen Si to protect the three other boroughs in Greater New is believed that Yuan Shi Kal's troops have gone thence to Shen Si to protect the Empress, who, according to reports received by local officials here, with Tuan, the Imperial household and the bulk of the army and Boxers, left Pekin August 7 for Hsian Fu.

CONFERENCE AT YANG TSUN.

Decided to Push on Headed by the Japanese.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—A telegram has been received at the Japanese legation. The protection of the sun of the sun of the sun output of the sun of the sun output of the

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—A telegram has been received at the Japaese legathe foreign office at Tokio. stating that at a conference held the 7th inst., at Yang Tsun the commanders of the several forces decided to push on at once to Pekin. The forces were needed by the Japanese and followed in order by the Russians, British and Americans. They expected to reach Tung Chow the 12th. The French troops were compelled by the inadequacy of their commissariat to remain at Yang Tsun while the small sodies of Austrians, Italians and Germans turned back to Tien Tsin.

Immediately upon the fall of Tien Tsin the Russians set about repairing the rien Tsin-Pekin Railway, which will be repaired as far as Yang Tsun about the 20th of this month. The Chinese from Shan Hai Kwan report that the Rus-sias are repairing the Tong Tu Lu Tar Railway toward Shan Hai Kwan, Russian engineering officers with abo men of the rallway corps at Ussuri are expected at Tien Tsin.

The British Consul at Tien Tain save he has been informed by Chinese from Pekin that Li Ping Hang arrived at the capital with 10,000 men, and after an audience with the Empress Dowager left with them for an unknown destination. The Empress Dowager will, it is be-lieved, take refuge in Tai Fuen Pu, in

PRAISES AMERICANS.

Von Waldersee Says It Will Be Necessary to Take the Offensive. BERLIN, Aug. 16.-This merning Count von Waldersee, accompanied by the Countess and by Vice-Admiral von Wal-dersee, his brother, visited the United States embassy and asked John B. Jackson, secretary of the embassy, to pre-sent his best compliments to President McKinley, He spoke in the highest terms of the American troops, saying: "I know what they can do, and will consider it a great honor to have such gallant soldiers under my command." Before leaving Hanover yesterday he made a speech to the workingmen's Hed-

ertafel, saying that he hoped to finish his task and return soon to Hanover. In response to the address of the munici-pal deputation, he said: "With trust in God and in the firm, cheerful courage of my troops, I hope to carry out the plans and overcome all difficulties."

The press points out that Count von Waldersee is talking too much, and ad-vises him to talk less. Several jour-nals have dubbed him "felt marshal." In the course of a conversation at the offices of the general staff today he said: The general situation for the allies is unfavorable, even if Pekin is taken or is about to be taken, since the allies are everywhere on the defensive, except in this advance on Pekin. It is necessary to

adopt the strategical offensive through-

His idea seems to be to have the allies act in conjunction with the Russian forces in the provinces of Kirin and Sheng King, by way of Mukden.

Count von Waldersee will leave tomorrow for Cassell, where farewell festivities will be held Saturday. These will consist of a military parade and a banquet, to be attended by a number of Generals. The banquet will also take the form of a celebration of the 70th birthday of Emperor Francis Joseph. day of Emperor Francis Joseph. The Protestant mission here has re-

ceived a Canton cable saying that the mission at Tiechi Chin, Noman and Luk Hang have been destroyed. The first was in the northern part of the province of Quang Tong, and the third in the south-

ern part.

The German Foreign Office thinks that the allies will not attempt to hold Pekin, but will retire immediately with the members of the Legations to Tien Tsin. Liberty Congress Indorsed the Democratic Candidate.

WARM FIGHT OVER THE PLATFORM

Most Vigorous Opponents to Indorsement Were Members of the Third-Ticket Convention.

two guns, they made combined front and flank attacks on the Chinese August 16. The Chinese succeeded in breaking up the flank movement, and fought with great stubborness, but eventually they were compelled by a flerce Cossack attack on their center to evacuate the position and withdraw the guns. of Anti-imperial its today emphatically indorsed the candidacy of Bryan for President. The convention did not adopt the particles who will oppose the policy of imparting the resolutions committee without a long "While we welcome any other method

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind. Aug. 16.—The in order to stamp Liberty Congress of the American League what he has done.

to grasp imperial power. A self-govern-ing people on mave no more imperative duty than to drive from public life a Chief Magistrate who; whether in weak-ness or of wicked purpose, has used his temporary authority to subvert the character of their Government and destro

with their final disapproval of his attempt

their National Ideals.
"We, therefore, in the belief that it is essential at this crisis for the American people again to declare their faith in the universal application of the Declaration of Independence and to reassert their will and that their servants shall not have or exercise any powers whatever other than those conferred by the Constitution, ear-nestly make the following recommenda-tions to our countrymen:

"First-That without regard to their views on any questions of domestic policy they withhold their votes from McKinley, in order to stamp with their disapproval



THE LATE SENATOR JOHN J. INGALLS.

question was ordered, less than a store we advise direct support of Mr. Bryan could be marshiled to vote against the as the most effective means of crushing Bryan Indorsement. The vote was viva imperialism. We are convinced of Mr. Census Shows an Increase of 35 Per WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—The census office this morning announced the population of Greater New York (Manhattan and Broax Boroughs) as 2,032,032. The population of the Forough of Manhattan is 1,850,055, and that of the Broax, 300,-

The most vigorous opponents of the Bryan pronouncement in the platform were conspicuous members of the National, or third-ticket, convention, who
were also admitted as delegates to the
ant-imperialist congress. They were led
by Thomas M. Osborne, of Auburn, N. Y..
and advocated the nomination of a third
palgn. ticket on the theory that their followers, while opposed to President McKinley, were not prepared to accept Mr Bryan on tion of Mr. Bryan's name in the conven-tion called forth enthusiastic applianse. Speakers who opposed the Bryan plank in the platform were received with jeers and cries of "time" from the delegates, and the chairman at times had difficulty in obtaining a hearing for them.

The Platform.

The platform follows:
"The Liberty Congress of anti-imperialists recognizes a great National crisis which menaces the Republic upon whose future depends in such large measure the hope of freedom throughout the world. For the first time in our country's history the President has undertaken to subju-gate a foreign people and to rule them by despotic power. He has thrown the protection of the American flag over slavery and polygamy in the Sulu Islands. He has arrogated to himself the power to Impose upon the inhabitants of the Philppines government without their consent, and taxation without representation. He is waging war upon them for asserting the very principles for the maintenance of which our forefathers pisdged, their lives, their fortunes and their sacred hon-or. He claims for himself and Congress authority to govern the territories of the United States without constitutional re-

dependence. Its truths are not less selfevident today than when first announced by our fathers. It cannot be abandoned while government by the people endures. We believe in the Constitution of the

fettered by Constitutional restraint, and, in the Philippines, prosecutes a war of conquest and demands unconditional surrender from a people who are of right free and independent. The struggle of men for freedom has ever been a struggle for constitutional liberty. There is no liberty if the citizen has no right which the Legislature may not invade, if he may be taxed by a legislature in which he is by fundamental law against the arbitrary action of executive power. The policy of the President offers the inhabitant of Perto Rico, Hawaii and the Philippines no hope of independence, no prospect of American citizenship, no Constitutional protection, no representation in the Con-gress which taxed him. This is the government of men by arbitrary power without their consent; this is im; perialism

There is no room under the free fing of America for subjects. The President and Congress, who derive all their powers from the Constitution, can govern no man without regard to its limitations. We be-lieve that the greatest safeguard of liber-ty is a free press, and we demand that the censorship in the Philippine Islands. which keeps from the American people the knowledge of what is done in their name, be abolished. We are sutilled to know the truth and we insist that the powers which the President holds in trust for us shall not be used to suppress it.
"Because we thus believe, we oppose
the re-election of Mr. McKinley. The supreme purpose of the people in this mo-mentous campaign should be stamped

and heated debate, but when the previous, of opposing the re-election of McKinley voce, and its exact result will never be known, but the sentiment was clearly shown as being in favor of the indersement of Bryan as the most effective manuer of checking the alleged imperialistic policy of the Administration.

Bryan's sincerity and of his carnest purpose to secure the Filipinos their independence. This position and the declarations of checking the alleged imperialistic policy of the Administration.

meet our unqualified approval.
"We recommend that the executive committees of the American Anti-Expansionist Leagues and its allied leagues con-

'Until now the policy which has turned the Filipinos from warm friends to bitter enemies, which has slaughtered thou-sands of men and laid waste their coun-

Osborne, of Auburn, N. Y., permanent chairman, and Everett V. Abbott, of New York, permanent, secretary. A motion was made and carried that a convention be held in New York City, September 5, for the purpose of nominating a ticket.
It is said that the third party men today

offered the Presidential nomination to Moorfield Storey of Massachusetts, but that Mr. Storey declined the honor. Will-lam I. Paimer, of Colorado, was reported to be their choice for Vice-President. The leaders of the movement said to-

night that they expected a large repre-sentation at the convention in New York September 5, and that candidates for President and Vice-President would then sure-Secretary Mize, of the Liberty congress,

today received a letter from William Lloyd Garrison, of Boston, pledging the writer's support to Bryan. Proceedings of the Convention. The second day's session of the league was called to order by ex-Governor Boutwell, after a brief prayer by Rev. S. W. Sample Astor, of the People's Church, of

Minneapolis, and pending the report of the committee on resolutions, Dr. L. United States. It gives the President and Congress certain limited powers and secures to every man within the jurisdiction with much applause. He charged that of our Government certain essential the President had "done that which he "We are absolutely opposed to the policy of McKinley, which proposes to govern millions of men without their consent, which in Porto Rico establishes taxation without representation, and government by the arbitrary will of a Yangarana was a second of the policy of McKinley, which proposes to govern millions of men without their consent, which in Porto Rico establishes taxation without representation, and government by the arbitrary will of a Yangarana was a second of the policy of the po

upon this new adventure in China, without assembling Congress in extra session? The people who like myself have come from Germany know to their sorrow what militarism means. These are the last men who will vote to convert their coun-The President has business. Is it the emblem of liberty in Manila and Porto Rico. There it floats over subject people not free people. have always been a Republican, but I now feel it my duty to fight the Republican party with all the strength I possess, be cause it has now become the party of

om concluded with a declaration for Mr. Bryan.
Colonel Charles R. Codman, of Masses

chusetts, read the report of the committee on resolutions, which took the form of an address to the American people. Colonel Codman said that is members of the com-mittee were unanimous in submitting a report to the convention. report to the convention.

The resolutions advise the people to withhold their support from McKinley and to give direct support to Bryan as the most effective means of checking imperialism. At the mention of Mr. Bry-an's name the delegates arose in a body

and gave three cheers for the Demo-cratic candidate. Moorfield Story, of Massachusetts, said he cordially joined in the statement of principles contained in the resolutions,

(Concluded on Third Page.)

WHEAT CROP OF 1900

The Figures WIII Approximate 35,000,000 Bushels.

EARLY ESTIMATES WERE TOO HIGH

Yield on Heavy Lands Were Unsatisfactory and Light Lands Produced Record Tields.

The time-honored saying that a big wheat crop is always overestimated, while small crop is underestimated, holds exeptionally good in the case of the crop now being harvested. The early estimates made on this crop were nearly all recordbreakers, some of them so much so that they were ridiculous. State Grain Inspector Wright, of Tacoma, an official whose or uments from the wheat industry are sufficlet to warrant at least a small degree of accuracy in his statements, early in the season led off with an estimate of 30,000,000 bushels for Washington alone. He has since reduced his figures to 35,-000,000; but there is still plenty of leaway for lopping off 5,000,000, to 7,000,000 trushels and yet be in no danger of having the

Whitman County, Wash., and Umatilia County, Or., are the banner wheat counties of the respective states, and both of these big counties will fall from 30 to 50 per cent short of their record yields. In a few districts in both Oregon and Washington the yield is above the average, and in Idaho and Oregon, there is a considerable area of new land which offsets the large amount of Summer fallow which is idle this year but which was not idle in the record-breaking year of 1897. While age standpoint, it is insufficient to make up the shortage due to a light yield. In the course of a 1500-mile journey through the principal wheat districts of Oregon, Washington and Idaho, an Oregonian representative interviewed upwards of 100 representative wheat men in their respective localities, wheatbuyers, wheatgrowers, others directly and indirectly interested in the industry discussed the matter in detail. The net results of this inquiry indicate a crop for Oregon, Washington and Idaho of from 32,000,000 bushels to 35,000,-000 bushels of the finest quality of wheat that has ever been produced in the Northwest. These figures, of course, may be

tions later on. There is still considerable late sown Spring grain in the Palouss and there are also several thousand acres of grain If Providence is kind to these shiftless farmers this wheat will figure in the above totals: if otherwise is will swell and sprout and make good hog feed, although bogs are scarcer than wheat in the Inland Empire.

As to the cause of the light yields in so many sections of the country, there are all sorts of theories. That it is due of the soil is disproved by the rankest growth of straw that was ever known, the harvesters leaving field after field of heavy stubble three feet high while some After the adoption of the resolutions in-dorsing Bryan, the representatives of the third party met in the assembly-room of frost which nipped the wheat before it the Commercial Club and selected Thomas was knee high, killed the top and when the root resumed business, instead of sending up one stalk, two or three stalks sprang up, forming a kind of a voltateer growth, and extracting so much of the strength from the earth that the head was imperfectly provided with nutriment and did not produce as many berries as it would have done under ordinary circumstances. The crop in Umatilia County on lands which have always been regarded as sure 40-bushel producers, under anything like favorable circumstances. The light lands, however, are not showing up so unfavorably, proportionately, as the beavy lands, the excessive rains being absorbed to better advantage by this soil. Over on Eureka Flat, where "the crops never fall " the best lands are turning off 35 to 40 bushels to the acre. An occasional yield of 60 hushels to the

ere is reported in the western part of Whitman County, where the yield will be nearly up to the average per acre, but part of the county, so far as threshing has progressed, is running about 10 per cent under the average. Owners of threshing machines complain bitterly of the diffi-Some of them claim that they are handling more than twice the usual amount of straw handled in threshing out a bushel of wheat, and the owner of a machine operating near Pullman, stated that he suffered an actual loss of 315 per day for the first seven days of his run, and that he proposed to lay his machine up as soon as he had filled contracts already made. Another machine man stated that it was impossible to make anything at less than 12% cents per bushel, a rate which would make the cereal look "worse than 30 cents" at most Inland Empire points.

Numerous samples from fields around Colfax, Pullman and Garfield show a large number of very small grains. These grains are not shriveled, but are perfectly formed and plump and materially increase the weight per bushel, the returns from one field of 160 acres near Pullman showing by machine measure but 23% bushels to the acre, while the actual weight showed a return of 24 bushels to the acre. The banner yield for Washington this year is coming from the much-despised chenp lands in the vicinity of Ritaville and Hatton. This land souks up water like a sponge, and while the heavy lands farther south were suffering from an overdose of moisture, this "five-dollar land." as it is frequently termed, softened and mellowed under the heavy showers, but did not "pack" and afterwards bake under the sun's flerce rays. These favorable con

ditions have resulted in a number of 50-(Concluded on Fifth Page.)