A SUDDEN ENDING

Collapse of the Revolution in Colombia.

SURRENDER OF THE INSURGENTS

Government Troops Inflicted Heavy Loss Upon the Rebels in the Fighting at Panama.

WASHINGTON, July M .- The State Dewashington, July 2. - The State De-partment has received a dispatch from Consul-General Gudger, at Panama, an-nouncing the cotapse of the revolution-ary movement there. He states that the Liberals unexpectedly surrendered, and

PANAMA, July 26.-The insurgents in the Department of Panama have sur-

NEW YORK, July 26.-Consul-General Esplonia, of the Republic of Colombia, said today of the revolution in Panama: "I think it is all over. Eight hundred government troops met 1200 insurgents and either killed or wounded 400 of them. Reinforcements for the government came

their arms and surremiered." TWELVE HOURS' ARMISTICE. Agreed Upon Between Federals and

Rebels.

NEW YORK, July M .- A dispatch to the Heraid from Panama, July 25, says: Fighting between the government troops and the revolutionists, which began carly yesterday morning, when the rebeis at-tacked the outskirts of Panama, continued all night, with heavy casualties on both sides. Efforts begun yesterday bring about an armistice, in order that the dead might be buried and the wounded collected, were kept up during the night and proved successful this morning. It was agreed by the leaders that hostilities should be suspended for 17 hours, so that each side might care for its dead and wounded.

After firing had ceased under this agreement, Hezekish A. Gudger, the American Consul-General, and the British Consul, acting in behalf of the entire consular corps, had a long and important confer-corps, had a long and important confer-ence with the revolutionary leaders. South Prairie, and helped by throwing a Through their intervention, but sides single stream on the blaze. Loss about sented to extend the armistice until boon tomorrow.

The Consuls are using every effort to prevent a bombardment of the city by the insurgents. Consul Gudger is especially active in this work, because of the treaty bligations which require the United States to insure the neutrality of the Isthmus of Panama, and preserve freedom of transit on the railroads. General Campo Zerrano, Governor of Panama, has arrived in Colon with 1000 troops from Barranquilla. He is expected to reach Panama with these reinforcements during

The armistice has brought great relief the panic-stricken citizens of Panama, It has enabled them to appear in the streets with safety, which could not be one while the firing continued, for stray bullets were constantly dropping in the Several persons were wounded by these bullets. The ambulance corps from the British cruiser Leander, which was asked by the government to help in at-tendance upon the wounded, landed this morning and rendered valuable assistance. Every physician in the city, Sisters of Charity and many private citi-

Fighting became desperate several times during the night and both regulars and insurgents lost heavily in officers. Among the revolutionists killed were Generals Temistocles Diaz and Joacquin. On the government side Colonel Barona, Majors Holguin and Rolando Linares and Captain Pedro Pachio were killed.

Disorder ast Panama.

KINGSTON, Jamaica, July 28.-Advices from Colon announce that after a des perate battle Tuesday, July 24, the government troops turned and fied to Panama, throwing away their rifles. Governor-General, Louzada, has sought refuge on board the British cruiser Leander. So much disorder prevails at Pana-ma that 90 marines have been landed from the Leander for the protection of the Consulates. American residents com-plain that there is no United States warship either at Colon or at Panama statement is again repeated that 1500 well-armed rebels are at Corogal, two miles from Panama, and 1500 more are re-ported near by. Barranquilla, the key to the republic, is now bestered by rabels els have taken Tucamo Island, at the mouth of the Barbacoss River, with the custom-house. The 10wn of Bar-bacoss is also held by the rebels. This is an important position, bordering on whence the rebels get their supplies.

CLAIM AGAINST COLOMBIA.

Republic Will Have to Answer for the Death of a British Subject. NEW YORK, July 26 .- The Herald to-

morrow will say:
"The United States of Colombia will have shortly to answer to Great Britain and the United States for the death, May at Tumaco, Colombia, of Reginald Paris, a British subject. Mr. Paris died. of the treatment he suffered at the bands of General Vincent Micolta, in charge of the Colombian Government forces near Tumaco. Great Britain will be sure to press a claim for £10,000 in half of Mr. Paris' estate, and the United States will ask compensation for the loss of a steam yacht, the property of the Manhattan Rubber Manufacturing Company, taken from him by General Mi-

'Mr. Paris undertook to deliver mail to the British ship Quito, lying off Morro, for the Vice-Consul at Tumaco. He set out in the isunch belonging to the Manhattan Company, with Thomas Clark, a British subject, March 17. They were held at Morro by General Micolta and not allowed to continue. Paris was taken pris-oner and so abused that his death resulted in nine weeks."

A San Domingo Plot. SAN DOMINGO, July 26.-A plot to assassinate the Governor of Santiago, Ra-mon Caceres, has been discovered, and 25 of the conspirators have been impris-Several military officers The accused will be tried by court-martial.

sident Jiminiz is visiting the interior. The country generally is quiet.

The Cut Worm and the Army Worm. M'MINNVILLE, July 26.-John R. booth, a prominent farmer here, says the predatory worm devouring the vege-tation of the country is only the ordinary out worm that has appeared in great numbers because the Summer has been favorable to them; that there will be no second crop of clover this year as they are eating it as fast as it grows; that army worm moves in vast armies. eating up all vegetation like a prairie

The Late George W. Gray, of Salem. PORTLAND, July E .- (To the Editor.)-As I am probably the only person in Oregon who was associated with this good man during the first three sessions of the Iowa Legislature at Des Molnes, I will sak to say a farewell word to his memory. Out of 150 members, he was uni-versally respected and loved. He was than it had last year.

conservative, judicious, kind and obliging -a model citizen and legislator. It was in 1857, nearly 42 years ago, that we met in a stormy session at the new capital Being very young and my name at the head of the list, Mr. Gray took a seat near me and gave me the benefit of his counsel and advice, where we tried to lead our party to victory. "Bill" Hepburn called the roll, and often cast a de-flant look at us when we were overwhelmed by the opposition vote

BAD FIRE AT BUCKLEY.

Destruction of Most of the Town Is

Threatened.

BUCKLEY, WASH., July 27, 2 A. M .- A fire which broke out about half an hour ago promises to destroy the greater portion of the town. It has gained such headway that the fire department is powerless to check it. There was a paniein the hotels and dwelling-houses when the fire was discovered.

The livery stable of A. T. Banks was the first to go up in fiames. Young Banks, a boy of 15, who was asleep in the building, had a narrow escape from being burned to death. The entire building, 10 horses and all the buggles, wagons and harness were destroyed. The flames quickly spread to the Standard saloon just then, General Campos bringing 1999 additional troops. There was nothing else to do, and the insurgents just laid down and the Buckley Hotel. The latter building was crowded with guests, and there was a panic for a few moments, and a number of the guests rushed out into the streets scantily attired.

> In a short time after the fire started the whole town had been aroused, and everybody did what they could to aid the fire department. Their efforts were of no avail. A strong wind was blowing, and the dry wooden buildings were licked up very rapidly. The Lavequesic saloon was threatened, and a determined effort was made to save it.

2:30 A. M .- At this hour two hotels and three saloons and M buildings are on fire. All the burned structures are situated near the depot in the heart of the city. When it was discovered that the fire department could not cope with the flames, ald was asked of the neighbor-\$10,000.

THE STATE FAIR.

Timely Words by Vice-Director of Oregon Agricultural College.

CORVALLIS, Or., July 26 .- (To the Edi-

tor.)-Kindly grant me space for a few words in advocacy of agricultural fairs,

more particularly the coming State Fair. Our State Board of Agriculture, in its laudable effort to rehabilitate our State Fair, is deserving of the loyal support of every citizen. A properly-conducted fair is of more than ordinary significance to the agricultural interests of a community. It is not only tangible evidence of substantial progress in the various lines of husbandry, but is one of the very best mediums for attracting and causing desirable emigrants to settle among un Nothing impresses a visitor in a community so forcibly as an attractive dis play of the products of the farm, garden and orchard. It is suggestive of possible wealth and the comforts of life. No state is great from an agricultural point of view without her state fair. An agricultural fair is educational in the high-est degree, and imparts to the farmer an impetus to excel. With our flag planted in the island of the sea will come new markets and increased opportunities for our farmers. Hence any effort put forth to improve our agricultural conditions, which are paramount to all other industrial interests of our state, merits the support of every one. A fair can only be made successful by the contribution our farmers and stockmen. It should be the aim of every farmer to excel in the productions of his farm, and take pride in placing the fruits of his skill in friendcompetition with that of his neighbors Our State Board of Agriculture is doing nan work in its earnest endeavors t make the fair of 1900 the best in the his-tory of the organization. The premium list has been carefully and intelligently revised, and every industry in the state regardless of section, has been impartially recognized. The very liberal promiums offered for county exhibits should neet with responsive effort from the citi zens of every county to make these ex-hibits the leading feature of the fair. A display of the products of each co this state will demonstrate the character and magnitude of our productions, and perhaps convey a better impression as to the extent of our natural resources than

any other system of advertising. In conclusion, let me urge our stock-men, farmers and artisans to put their houlders to the wheel and manifest by the exhibits of their stock, farm prod ucts and handiwork, that they appreciate the efforts of the State Board of Agriculture, and will assist in every possible to make the Oregon State Fair for 1996, as it should be, a brilliant suc-cess. JAMES WITHYCOMBE.

WORK OF INDIAN CHILDREN

Interesting Exhibit in Charleston-Oregon Was in the Lead.

WASHINGTON, July 21 .- An interesting collection of industrial and literary work prepared by the various Indian schools of the United States for the educational convention recently held in arieston, was displayed at the Office in this city after the close of the convention and excited no little interest and favorable comment. Miss Estelle Reed, superintendent of Indian schools, had the display in charge, and took great pride in pointing out the merits of system of teaching the Indian children. There were exhibits of needlework such as dresses, suits of clothes and other wearing apparel, showing the industry of the Indian giris, and harness, horseshoes, saws, knives, shoes, window cases, churns, rakes, hoes and other useful articles of wood and metal, testifying as to the efficiency which the Indian boys ac-quire in handling tools. The Indians at Grand Ronde, Warm Springs, Salem and Klamath, as well as those at Puyallup, Lumni, Yakima and Fort Simcoe were represented in the exhibition. The character of the work from the Oregon schools shows very conclusively that the Indians of that state are receiving a very sound practical and thorough instruction along lines that may be turned to practical advantage. Miss Beed takes a great pride in the work of the Indian children, and is highly gratified to note the efficiency which has been attained in the Pacific Northwest, where the schools, though many of them are small, are first class, and where the Indian children are afforded the best possible advantages. Every Indian school of the country was represented at this display of handlwork, but none made a showing of better results than the schools of the country was represented at this display of handlwork, but none made a showing of better results than the schools of the country was represented as the schools of the country was represented as the schools of the country was represented as the country was repre

sults than the schools of Oregon.

Ex-Governor Blasdell. OAKLAND, Cal., July 26.—Ex-Govern-or Blasdell, of Nevada, died today at his home on Orange avenue, this city. The cause of death was an aggravated attack of the grip, complicated with brain

Germany has 26 fewer bicycle factories

LIBERAL LEADERSHIP

ROSEBERY MAY SUCCEED CAMP-BELL-BANNERMAN.

Sir Henry Incensed at the Attempt

to Reduce the Salary of the

Colonial Secretary.

LONDON, July 28.—Sir Henry Campbell-Bunnerman, Liberal leader in the House of Commons, was so incensed at the ac-tion of the Radicals in forcing a vote yes-terday on the motion to reduce the salary of the Secretary of State for the Colonie Joseph Chamberlain, that he threatened to resign the leadership of the party. Friends succeeded, however, in person ing him to reconsider his decision, and he called a meeting of the party leaders. which was held privately this evening, to tary of War does not issue orders to discuss the situation. The result was courts," replied Secretary Root to the

different nationalities demand attention, and for those voters who cannot speak English political arguments in their own language must be prepared and circu-lated. There are, besides, pictures, songs, cartoons, buttons, badges and number-less devices for winning voters with which the National Committee must deal, The election of a President will always e a serious matter, requiring thoughtfulness, skill and energy of the highest order. Moreover, a large sum of money is needed for legitimate expenses of a campaign. This is a necessary evil, for the money must be raised by voluntary contribution; and those who give largely to campaign funds, if they do not look for something in return, are always sus-pected of doing so.

CHARGES AGAINST RATHBONE Initial Steps Toward Bringing Him to Justice.

WASHINGTON, July 26.- The Secre

PRESIDENT OF NICARAGUA.



J. Santos Zelaya, who has just been renominated for President of Nicaragus for the fourth time, is over 50 years old, and is a wealthy coffee planter. From his youth he was interested in politics, and has been siways known as a leader of the Liberal party. He was educated in Paris, and lived in that city for eight years. During the wars of the Central American States he won the rank of General, and the Liberals ran him for and elected him to the Presidency.

vided he was not again subjected to such a rebuff. Probably, however, there will another meeting of the whole party on the subject, and the rumor credits the Liberal Imperialists with intriguing for the overthrow of Sir Henry's authority, with a view of giving the leadership to

RELIEF WORK IN INDIA. Lord George Hamilton's Statement

in the House of Commons. LONDON, July 25.-In introducing the Indian budget in the House of Commons today, the Secretary of State for India, Lord George Hamilton, commended the patience, resignation, courtesy and abstention from crime with which the 52. 000,000 people in the stricken area have faced famine. The latest reports from India, His Lordship said, were anything but satisfactory. On the other hand, there were certain compensating advantages in the shape in which the revenue year closed. There was, he said, a sub-stantial credit balance of £2,870,000, but the famine expenditure and remission of taxation would turn this into a deficit of \$836,000. The Government proposed to apply the unexpended balance of £3,000. of the former loan towards relief is would, he said, meet all demand If the resources of India did not suffice to save the lives of the famine-stricken then an appeal would be made to the imperial exchequer. In the last

en expended in famine relief. Max Regis Acquitted.

GRAGUIGANAN, France, July M.-The trial of Max Regis and 11 of his friends ended today with the acquittal of the

years Lord Hamilton said £13,000,000 had

Max Regis is the notorious Jewhalter and ex-Mayor of Algiers. During term of office, anti-Semitic outbre outbreaks were constantly occurring. Shortly after the affair in the Rue de Chabrol during the Dreyfus trial, when the anti-Semitic agitator Guerin barricaded his house and held it against the police of Paris for several weeks, M. Regis was threatened with arrest. He fled during the night to Spain, where he remained several months, but on stepping back to France recently was arrested and arraigned on the charge of taking arms against the gov-

Defeat of Ashantees.

BEKWAL, Ashantee, July 26.-Colonel Moreland, under instructions from Colonel Willcocks, with a force of infantry and five guns, attacked a large war camp at With a brilliant charge the stockades were rushed before the had time to occupy them, and, therefore, they were forced to evacuate the town. A large amount of ammunition and arms were captured. The town was then razed, thus removing an important

Coren's Protest.

YOKOHAMA, July 26.-According to oul reports, the Corean Government has protested against the presence of Russian refugees at Wiju, but, after an audience, the Russian representatives agreed to remove them to Port Arthur without de-

More Indian Native Regiments. SIMLA, July M.-The Imperial Government has sanctioned the raising of thre new regiments of native infantry qiai stations, such as Mauritius and Singapore.

Conducting a Campaign. Youth's Companion.

From the day that any party convenuntil the ballots are counted in November the chairman of that party's National Committee is an exceedingly busy man. The task of "running" a Presidential campaign has become very large. The business transacced at a National headquarters is varied and extensive. The raising of the money for the campaign is an important and delicate task. The "literary bureau," which prepares political matter for the party newspapers of the restful tonic, that quiets nerves, inheadquarters is varied and extensive. The is an important and delicate task.

that he agrees to retain his position, pro- direct question as to whether or not he had given orders for the arrest of E. G. Rathbone, late Director of Posts in Cuba. He also added that General Wood did not issue orders to the courts of Cuba. He then explained that the Bristow report had been forwarded to General Wood by mail, but as this could not reach him soon enough, the main features of the report had been already placed in his pos session, and were also in possession of the proper authorities in Cubs. He said the proceedings on the part of General Wood would be the same as directions by the Attorney-General to a District Attorney to proceed with the prosecution of persons charged with offenses against the Government. The Bristow report would be made the basis of prosecution against the persons who were charged with offenses against the postal laws.
It was learned later that General Wood

and Acting Director-General Fosnes, of the Cuban postal service, have taken the initial steps already toward bringing the case of ex-Director-General Rathbone to the attention of the judicial authorities

Secretary Root's attention was called alleged charges against Major Black, of the engineer department at Havana. It had been published that these charges were made by General Wood. Secretary Root said there was no foundation for the statement, but, on the contrary, General Wood had spoken highly of the engineer department in Havana. The expenditures of the engineer department, as well as al others in Cuba, were being investigated, but nothing that would call for any criticism had been found.

CHRISTIAN UNION.

Presbyterian Organization in Convention at Denver.

DENVER, Colo., July M .- The convention of the Young People's Christian Union, of the Presbyterian Church, began its regular session this morning. praise and prayer service and Bible study, conducted by Rev. C. S. Strong, of Sterling, Kan., the following convention offi-cers were elected: President, W. E. Nichof Tarkio, Mo.; recording secretary, Miss Josephine Spencer, of Sterling, Kan-press secretary, Rev. J. D. Rankin, D. D., f Denver; treasurer, E. K. Marquis, Indianapolis. Reports were submitted by General Secretary McGill, Junior Secretary J. F. Jamieson, and Treasurer Mar-quis. An address was given by Rev. A. McLennan, of Boston, on "Revival of Religion, Young People's Place in It, which a recess was taken until 2:30

Little business was transacted at the afternoon session. Members of the committees on audit, resolutions and reforms were chosen, after which Rev. Huber Ferguson, of Portland, Or., addressed the convention on "The Human Element in the Development of the Divine Life." The last hour of the afternoon session was devoted to an impressive prayer service led by Rev. Wilbur Chapman, of New

THE EFFORT FAILED.

Gompers Could Not Settle the Chiengo Strike.

CHICAGO, July 26.-The effort of Presi dent Gompers, of the American Federa-tion of Labor, to bring about a settlement of the Chicago labor troubles has appar-ently failed. He was notified today by a way a settlement could possibly be ofwas by the unions withdrawing from the Building Trades Council. Gompers replied to the contractors that, as he was a representative of the men practically the agent of the Building Trades Council, he could not countenance such a settlement as this, and would not

cal matter for the party newspapers, or to be distributed as leaflets, is very busy. Then the bureau of speakers, or "spell-binders," as they are sometimes jocoacly the preparation of the Anheuser-Busch Brewing Asi'n, which fact guarantees its called, requires skillful direction. The quality. Sold by all druggists.

THWARTED BY ACCIDENT

BOLD PLAN FOR THE RELIEF OF PITTSBURG PRISONERS.

Long Tunnel With Electric Light Plant and Air Pump Discovered -Done by Boyd's Friends.

PITISBURG, July 26 .- One of the boldest and most systematic plans for the release of one or more prisoners from Riverside Penitentiary was thwarted today by accident. The first theory advanced, when the matter was discovered, seemed to point to the release of Alexander Berkman, the anarchist who is serv-ing a 22-year sentence for the shooting of H. C. Frick, during the big Home-stead strike of 1892, but the conclusion reached tonight by Director Muth, of the Allegheny police department, is that the real object of the rescuers was to secure the freedom of the real estate swindler, J. C. Boyd, who is serving a seven-year sentence in the penitentiary. This opinion is shared by the Pittsburg police offi-cials also, and many reasons are brought forward to confirm the theory. Among these are the fact that Boyd is wanted in nearly every state in the Union on charges of real estate swindles, has confederates all over the country, and is accounted one of the wealthlest prisoners in Riverside. It is argued that Berk-man's friends could not afford the expensive outfit which was used in this instance, and their resources could not possibly equal those of Boyd's confede-

The plan by which the rescuers hoped to reach the inside of the penitentiary wall was by a tunnel from the celiar of a house on Sterling street, nearly opposite one of the gates. Their work is re-markable, considering the obstacles to be overcome. Investigation today shows that the tunnel was over 200 feet long, but because of its zig-zag character had not reached the prison wall. One of the offi-cers who crawled a distance of 201 feet in the dark passageway today was compelled to return before reaching its end by reason of the foul gas arising. From this it is inferred that the tunnel had tapped a sewer. Director Muth, how-ever, believes that the dead body of one of the tunnelers will be discovered tomor-row when the tunnel is opened from the surface. He thinks the man was overme by gas, and that his companions

The elaborate arrangements that had been made for completing the tunnel and for providing for the safety of the diggers source of amazement to the authori-An electric bell, connected with the entrance of the tunnel in the cellar, used in giving the workers watchers an instant warning, and an air pump had been used to keep the tunnel free from gas. It is estimated that the electric plant and other apparatus used the would-be liberators at . least

March 15 last, Thomas Brown, who represented himself as a Chicago solicipurchased from John C. Langfitt, who is an engineer in the penitentiary, the house at 28 Sterling street, for \$4000, paying \$250 down and agreeing to pay the balance in installments. Soon afterwards Brown, a woman, whom he said was his wife, and his brother-in-law moved into the house, and operations were probably begun at once. The Misses McCarthy, who lived just opposite the house, had their suspicions aroused secause of the small quantity of furniture going into the supposed home of the new family and by the fact that the principal arti-cle taken in was a plano. During the occupancy of the house the shades were silent. Mrs. Brown played and sang al-most constantly. During the intervals when there was no music, the Misses Mc-Carthy heard a grinding, whirring noise which gave them the impression that the Browns were always grinding coffee. They called the attention of the police to the place, but no charge could be made against the occupants. The Browns left the house the night of July 5, leaving word for Mr. Langfitt that they were poing to New York but would return fuly 24 to pay the first installment on the house. Their failure to return led to an nvestigation by Mr. Langfitt, with the esuit given above. The theory is that the Browns were frightened away cause all of the apparatus was found the house, with the exception of the digging tools, which Director Muth thinks are in the tunnel with the body of the

digger. THE JESTER TRIAL.

All of the Evidence Is Now Before the Jury. ST. LOUIS, July 28.—A special to the Post-Dispatch from New London, Mo.,

The defense in the trial of Alexander Jester, charged with the murder of Gilbert Gates, today put on the stand a number of witnesses to impeach the tes-timony of William S. Shrewsbury, who testified that he saw the murdered man's body in the defendant's wagon near the When the court convened this afternoon Judge Eby was informed that dence in the case was before the He told the attorneys he would the eviden allow each side 18 hours in which to argue This will be two days to each side, as court only holds eight hours a day. The case will probably Tuesday evening. Court then

SEVERE PUNISHMENT.

adjourned until tomorrow.

Eighty-nine Filipinos Killed Murder of a Soldier,

MANILA, July 28.-At Oroquieta, in Northern Mindanao, two soldiers entered a native store for the purpose of buying food. While there one of them was killed by a bolo and his head severed from his body. The other escaped and gave alarm. A company of the Fortleth Infantry, stationed at Cagayan, repaired to Oroquieta and killed 89 natives, 28 of them being in a single house. Subsequently the gunboat Callao, commanded by Lleuten-ant George B. Bradshaw, shelled Oroquieta, burning the warehouse. One of the crew was killed.

A force of the enemy, estimated to num ber 500, under the leadership of Alvarez formerly the insurgent President of Yarbranga, is now persistently troubling Northern Mindanao, A marine at outpost of Isabella de Bastlan was be by natives and so badly wounded that he died. Yarbella is tranquil.

Six Thousand Roasted Chickens. CHICAGO, July 26.-Fire which broke out at noon today in the building at 25 227 South Water street, occupied by the commission firm of H. L. Brown & Co. caused damages estimated between \$60, 000 and \$75,000, and created a panic among a score of girls, caused the death of 5,000 chickens, and for a time threatened the whole block. Three girls were re-Three girls were reported missing, but it is believed the

Daily Treasury Statement. WASHINGTON, July 26.-Today's state-

nent of the Treasury balance in the gen eral fund, exclusive of the \$150,000,000 gold. reserve in the division of redemption Available cash balance\$151,155,681

Washington Times.

A Catholic missionary in India son hearts, were obtaining fire by rubbing two flints together, distributed among them several boxes of match and instructwas rewarded by the people in a peculiar way. After a brief absence the priest returned to the village and found the in habitants worshiping the boxes of matches he had presented to them as deities.

THE DAY'S RACES.

Sidney Lucas Won Turf Congress Stakes at Betroit.

DETROIT, Mich., July 15.—Sidney Lucas, a strong favorite in the betting, won the Turf Congress stakes at the opening day of the Highland Park Cab's Summer eting. The results: Six furlongs-Dangerous Maid won, Cor-

diais second, Wine Press third; time, Five furiongs-Kid Cox won, Paletov second, Terminus third; time, 1:02%. Seven furiongs-Gold Fox won, Quaver second, The Benedict third; time, 1:28%. The Turf Congress stakes, \$2000 added,

-year-olds, one and one-sixteenth miles Sidney Lucas won, Advance Guard sec-ond, John Yerkes third; time, 1:484. Five and a half furlongs-Do won, Formalis second, Anna Chamber-lain third; time, 1:08%. Mile and an eighth-Windward won, Kattle Regent second, Baffled third; time,

Six furlongs—By George won, Hungarian second, Glad Hand third; time, 1:15%

Races at Hawthorne. CHICAGO, July 26. - The results at Hawthorne today were: Five and a half furiongs-Icon won, Hurry second, Omdurman third; time,

1:12. Six furlongs-Rival Dare won, Josephine B. second, Prestaar third; time, 1:184. Steeplechase, short course — Globe II won, Once More second, Passe Partout third; time, 3:16%. Five furiongs, the Lassie stakes—Miss Bennett won, Bonnie Lissak second, Prin-cess Tatyana third; time, 1:034. Seven furiongs—Frangible won, Tildy Ann second, Tame Irishman, third; time,

Mile and a sixteenth-Great Bend won, Hub Prather second, Boney Boy third; time, 1:52.

Races at St. Louis. ST. LOUIS, July 26.-The results today

Six furlongs-Regatta won, Maggie Y. second, Tigris third; time, 1:18% Mile and 70 yards—Colonel Gay won, Tom Cromwell second, Iron Chancellor third; time, 1:51. Six furlongs—Love's Labour won, Odnor econd, Two Annies third; time, 1:17.

Mile and a sixteenth—Go To Bed won, Pinochle second, Tom Gilmore third; time, Seven furlongs-Hi Kollar won, Libbie second, Tickful third; time, 1:30.

Five and a half furlongs—Obia won,
Ampere second, Orleans third; time, 1:00%.

Races at Brighton NEW YORK, July 25.-The results at Brighton Beach:
Mile and a sixteenth—Maximo Gomez won, Bettle Gray second, Raffello third;

time, 1:48 3-5. Five furlongs-King Pepper won, Tesecond, Demurrer third; 1:01 4-5. One mile, the Scagull-McMeckin won, ombshell second, Plucky third; time,

Mile and a half-Autumn won, Lindula she and a bair—autum won, Lindula econd, Spurs third: time, 2:40 1-5. Six furlongs—Waring won, Heliobas econd, Gertrude Elliott third; time, 1:15 1-5.

Mile and a furlong, selling-Ansike w Rare Perfume second, Sir Fitzhugh third, time, 1:57 3-5.

THE HARNESS RACES. Failure of Cassell to Secure a Place

in Des Moines Race. DES MOINES, July 36.-The feature the harmess races today was the failure of the harmess races today was the failure of Cassell, the favorite in the 2:18 pace, to secure a place in a five-heat race. The results were:

2:24 trot, purse \$900-Contralto won sec-ond, third and fourth heats; best time. 2:1514. Backman Boy won first heat in 2:214, and was second. Lillie Sherbet

2:18 pacing, purse \$600-Lou Vaughn won first, second and fifth heats; best time, 2:10%. Oak Grove won third and fourth heats and was second; time, 2:11%. Dun-

on was third. 2:29 trot, purse \$000-Miss Lycurgus won second, third and fourth heats; best time, 2:14%. May Alcott won first heat in 2:15 and was second. Clematis was third.

Races at Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, July M.-There was more fine sport at the Grand Circuit races to-day, the track being very fast. The 2:00 pace was the sensational race of the day. Hettie G. was the favorite, and she justified the confidence of her backers by winning the race, after losing the first two

The results: The 2:15 class, pacing, purse (one heat Tuesday)-Sidney Pointer won in straight heats; time, 2:10, 2:05%, 2:09. Lady Pipes second, Annie Thornton third. Henry P. The Admirst and Tom Calhoun also start

The 2:25 class, trotting, purse \$1200, best two in three (one heat Tuesday)—Lord Derby won in straight heats; time, 2:13% Marique second, Texana third. allax, Bell Girl and Red Cliffe also start-

The 3:23 class, trotting, purse \$250)-Helen Simmons won second, third and fourth heats; time, 2:11%; 2:13%, 2:16. Red Star second. Mr. Middlemay third, George H. Ray fourth. Annie Burns, distanced in Ray fourth. Annie Burns, distanced in second heat, won first heat in 2:12%. Gold Lace, Axtello and Bert Herr also started. The 2:21 class trot, purse \$1200—Onward Silver won in two straight heats; time, 2:14%, 2:14%. Bell Metal second, Helen A. third. Brittolus, Pauline B. Kiddler, Alice Greenlander and Carrie C. also start-

The 2:09 class, pacing, purse \$200-Hettie G. won third, fourth and fifth heats; time, 2:08%, 2:06%, 2:10. Connor won second heat in 2:68% and was second; Riley B. won first heat in 2:06% and was third. Harry O., Colbert, Jersey Mac, Fanny Dillard, Flirt, Raymond M. and Katie Medium also started.

pace, purse \$1200-Dumont won second and third heats; time, 2:104, 2:104, Ira won first heat in 2:114, and was second; Tom Nolan third. Alcatruse and Fay Higwood also started.

LIVERPOOL, July 26.—At the opening of the Liverpool July meeting today, the American jocksys started well, winning five out of seven races, though Consolu-tion, one of Tod Sloan's mounts, was afterwards disqualified for boring.

The American League. At Kansas City-Kansas City & Indinapolis 7. At Chicago-Chicago 8, Cleveland 6. At Minneapolis-Minneapolis 1, Detroit 3, At Milwaukee-Milwaukee 2, Buffalo 3.

Coon Bay Notes. MARSHFIELD, Or., July 26.-The Co. County Teachers' Institute convened at There are in attendance about 75

Superintendent Ackerman is expected to arrive tomorrow. C. A. Hooper & Co., of San Francisco, have sold their new vessel now on the ways here. The vessel will be launched on Saturday next.

land schools, attended today's se-

D. A. Grout, principal of one of the Port-

Charles H. Hoyt Insane.

NEW A Juny 26.—Charles H. Hoyt, the playwright and theatrical manager, has been adjudged insane at Hartford, Conn., and taken to a retreat there. His condition is critical.

LOOKS BAD FOR YOUTSEY

SENSATIONAL TESTIMONY AT THE POWERS TRIAL.

Seen to Leave the Executive Building Immediately After the Murder of Geebel.

GEORGETOWN, Ky., July 28.-Walter Bronston, a Lexington attorney, who as-sisted in the arrest of Caleb Powers and John Davis, at Lexington, was the first witness in the Powers trial today. Powers and Davis were disguised as soldiers, and were both armed. Witness identified them to the police officers. After a foreible arrest, Powers was taken to jail, where the pardon granted him by Governor Taylor and \$1300 in money were found in his pockets.

Deputy Sheriff Frank Rodgers, of Lexington, also testified as to the arrest. The pardon granted Powers by Governor Taylor and attested by the defendant him-self was then exhibited to the jury. Waiter Bronston, recalled, told of a con-

versation with Powers after the arrest. Powers, referring to the pardon, said: "I know this looks a little bad, but we were making our way to a place where the pardon would have been recognised." Assistant Attorney-General David R. Murray, who in response to a subpena duces tecum had brought with him the muster rolls of state militia, was next

After Murray had gone over such parts of the muster rolls as were admitted, H. Davis Harrod, a Constable of Frankfort, was called. He testified that when the shooting occurred he ran to the executive building and entered the west door. The door of the ante-room to the executive office was closed, but witness pushed it open. After this he encountered several men, who thrust pistols in his face. He told them he was an officer, but they kept cinting their pistols in his face and made no reply. Harrod said that just as he en-tered the main door a short, stout man slammed the door of the Secretary of State's office and dashed down the steps to the basement. Witness did not know Youtsey at that time.

During the cross-examination, ex-Congressman Owens, of the defense, repeated a question several times. Judge Cantrill ordered the clerk to enter a fine of 35 against Mr. Owens for contempt for repeating the question after objection had peen sustained.

W. H. Mayner gave sensational testi-mony against both Powers and Youtsey this afternoon. He said he was in the Secretary of State's office a few days be-fore the shooting, and a man whom he did not know, referring to Goebel, said: "Somebody ought to kill the d-n rascal." Youtsey said: "I have made up my mind to do that myself." Saturday even-ing before the shooting, Caleb Powers said in conversation: "If we could get the head of the ticket to act, we could do so,

If he does not stand up, I intend to ex-pose the whole d-n business."

The defense put Robert Noaks on the stand this afternoon and questioned him at length for the purpose of laying a oundation to contradict his testimony. Perry Tandy, Assistant Secretary of State, produced the executive journal kept by Governor Taylor. The journal did not show an order calling out troops The journal after the assassination. The orders issued to Powers, Finley, Culton and Davis were recorded. recorded. The prosecution wanted to show the pardons issued by Governor Taylor to mountain men who had been fined in the Frankfort Police Court for carrying pistols, but the court excluded

Graham Vreeland, night editor of the ourier-Journal at Louisville, saw the crowd of mountaineers January 25. There were probably 1200 of them. He was in the office of the Commissioner of Agriculture, and saw Charles Finley giving the men their guns. A man, whose name he afterwards learned was Matthews, called out to the crowd in the room and said; "We ought to go up to the hotel and get that — Goebel," Witness heard so many threats that he left the room as

A DEMOCRAT ON CHINA.

Says There Should Be a Distinctly American Policy Pursued.

WASHINGTON, July II.-It is generally understood that the President's polley with regard to China is heartily proved by the Republicans, but the Democratic view of the Chinese situation is not so generally known, because party leaders have been reticent about express. ing themselves. So far there has been nothing in the acts of the Administration that has given the Democrats a loophole to enter an attack, and whatever political advantage there has been to be gained has gone to the Republicana

However, Judge De Armond, the able Democratic Representative from Missourt has been quoted somewhat exten-sively on the matter, and is reported as saving in part: "It has been the traditional policy of our Government to uphold the rights and protect the interests of its citizens, no matter where they may be. In dealing with the Crinese, I believe this Government should do whatever may be necessary to defend the lives of our peo

punish those who attack them. It is an

American duty, about which there can

be no question. The hands of the Gov-

ernment will be usheld by all good cit-izens, regardless of party, so far as its efforts are used to protect our people. This outbreak in China calls for prompt action "It may not be necessary to conduct an extensive war. Investigation and further information as to what has been done will determine that. But this outbreak and the condition in which we now find ourselves illustrates the philosophy of our party that it is the duty of this Government to attend to its own business and the interests of its own people and avoid entanglements abroad, must act as an American Nation, not as a part of any aggregation, not as a faction of some European performance

merged in European or Asiatic al-

only sensible for us to co-operate with

other Christian nations, but the American

character of our action ought not to be

The Arch of Chinese Origin. The Engineering Magazine. The arch, that beautiful structure from the scientific, as well as the esthetic point of view, is generally believed to be of Roman origin. It was not known to or at least never used by, the Greeks; and although the shape appears in certain specimens of Hindoo architecture, it is of false variety-that is, a succession of protruding corbels. In China, on the other hand, we find it of most widand general application, and examination shows that the principles involved are

thoroughly understood. The Baker City Water Works.

BAKER CITY, Or., July 5.-Fife & Conian, the contractors for the new water system in Baker City, today received all the machinery and tools from Spokane, and in the morning will put a large force of men to work on the reservoir, about a mile and a half from the Fife states that the contract entered into by the company will be completed on time, and if there are no other delays, the

new system will be in operation this Fall Smelting Trust Buyen Mine. HELENA, July 26 .- Officials in the em-

ploy of the smelting trust today purchased the copper mine of Huffaker & Holbrook, recently located within the city limits. The ore is high grade,