THE FALL OF PANAMA

Capture of the City a Foregone Latham Signed by Cincinnati as Util-Conclusion.

GOVERNMENT CAUSE HOPELESS

Hard Fighting in the Outskirts of the Colombian Capital-Business at a Standstill.

NEW YORK, July 25.—A dispatch to the Herald from Panama, dated July 24, says: Fighting is now going on in the out-skirts of this city. Large numbers of the revolutionary forces reached the suburbs early this evening and began a vigor-ous attack, which is still in progress. The rifle fire is sharp and continuous and at intervals the artillery fire is heavy and severe. Government forces are making a strong resistance in the intrenched positions they have occupied for several days. It is calculated that 200 men mave been killed or wounded so far, among them being many well-known young resi-

dents of this city.

The Red Cross Hospital here is filled with wounded and dying soldiers. All available doctors and nurses and Sisters of Charity are caring for them. They are being sided by many private persons, both Columbians and foreigners. assistance is invaluable and is worthy of the highest encomiums. The help of the ambulance corps of the British cruiser Leander has again been requested in car-ing for the wounded, and efforts are new being made to bring about a short armistice in order to bury the dead and pick up the wounded still in the trenches.

Among the wounded is General Lozada formerly in command of the Government troops, who took refuge with others of the cruiser Leander on Saturday. He re turned to shore today and took the place of a private in the ranks, fighting with the bravest. Every possible effort has been made by the foreign Consuls here to prevent a disastrous conflict in the streets of the city, but they have not been successful.

General Herrera, Commander-in-Chief of the revolutionists, is still at Coronal, but it is believed he will soon join his forces now is action. If he does so, the attacks will undoubtedly be still more vigorous and the fighting more general, with disastrous results in the city proper. Panama's streets are almost deserted. Stray bullets are constantly dropping in the streets, and several persons have been struck by them. Railroad traffic has been interrupted. This morning's train from Colon, bringing passengers for New York, had great difficulty in passing under the bridge, on account of the risk from bullets and shells. Passengers had to li-flat on the car floors to avoid bullets. Th Pacific Steamship Navigation Company's steamer Guatemala, which arrived this morning with several passengers for New York, and the French steamer, were un able to make a landing because of the firing in the neighborhood of the wharf at the old station of the Panama Railroad.

Today's fighting followed an indecisive afternoon at La Boca, between the regu-lars and rebels, who were landed from warships in possession of the revolutionists. The fighting was hard, but both sides ma ntained their positions last night. The rebels held several points on the railroad, their purpose being to intercept the Federal troops caming from Colon, numbering 150, under General Surria.

All business places in Panama are closed, Provisions and other necessaries of life are growing scarce, and are hard to get at high prices. Public excitement is in-tense. Many families residing in unprotected localities have taken refuge in the Orand Coutral Hotel for safety in case of an outbreak of trouble in the city.

At the request of the foreign Consuls,

all foreigners here have placed their Na-tional flags over their business-bouses and dwellings. The resulting display of bunting gives the city a gay appearance. The Government has issued a decree calling to arms all Colombian citizens between the ages of 18 and 60 years. All public employes not complying with the decree will be heavily fined.

No American war vessel is at Panama on. It is impossible to foretell what will be the outcome of the present fighting or the end of the struggle. Reinforce-ments expected by the Government have not yet arrived. The gunboat Boyaca is supposed to be still outside of Buena

Consul Gudges Reports.

WASHINGTON, July 25,-The State Department has received a dispatch from sul Gudges, of Panama, saying the revolution there had taken a serious turn. The attacking force-he did not make plain which party to the trouble, but probably the insurgents-was considering the proposition of bombarding the City of Panama. As a party to the treaty of 1846, which guarantees the neutrality of the United States, the United States filed an immediate protest against bombardment which would destroy the terminus of the Isthmian Canal way.

COLON, Colombia, July 25.-A terrific

engagement still continues between the Government troops and the insurgents around Panama, but the former are still holding their ground. Many have been killed and wounded and a four-hours' armistice was agreed upon to attend to the wounded and bury the dead. The steamer Bernard Hall arrived at

Colon from Savantila at 3 o'clock this afternoon with reinforcements for the Government forces, numbering 1900. They were brought by General Serran, Governor of the Department. The cable between Colon and Jamaica was repaired today.

Federal Cause Hopeless.

KINGSTON, Jamaica, July 25.-A reliable passenger by the steamer Darien, which arrived here today from Colon. confirms the statement of the captain of the steamer Flandaria to the effect that under an arrangement Panama was to have been formally surrendered July 23, the rebels having surrounded the city. The Government's cause, the passenger said, is hopeless.

The captain of the French steamer

Bouchet, at Panama, reported that the rebels had 1300 men at Carozol, two miles from Penama, and 1500 more nearer, splendidly armed and disciplined, while the Government had only 700 troops. The principal Government Generals had left Panama by the British steamer Leander. Since July 18 the post and telegraph offices have been closed at Colon and Panama by the rebel forces. Colon and Carthegena were without troops or gov-

Heart third. Baby Bloss, Scrimps and Admiral Dewey also started. With the fall of Baranquilla, which is expected to occur soon; the revolution will end in favor of the rebels.

GOLD STANDARD IN PERU.

New Coin, the Libra, Issued by the Government.

WASHINGTON, July 25.-Mr. Roberts, Director of the Mint, has been advised by the United States Minister at Peru that the latter country adopted the single gold standard and has issued a gold coin known as the libra, or Peruvian pound, being identical in weight and fineness with the English pound sterling. The libra and the silver sol are now received on equal terms by the banks of the country and circulated concurrently. The colnage of the former is free and silver is used only in a subsidiary ca-

Zelaya Renominated. KINGSTON, Jamaica, July E.-Private advices received here today annous

sexumentate of President Zelaya, of Nic- ance, \$4800.

aragua. His election is practically cer-

THE NATIONAL LEAGUE.

ity Man and Coach.

PHILADELPHIA, July M.-Artie Latham was today signed by Cincinnati as utility man and coach. Although Cincinnati played a good game today, Philadel-phia was so far superior that in many cases the visitors were made to appear ridiculous. Attendance, 2165. The score: RHE Cincinnati2 \$ 3 Philadelphia. 18 21 0 Batteries-Scott, Phillips and Peitz; Fraser and Douglas. Umpire-Terry.

Boston Beat St. Louis.

BOSTON, July 25.-Today's game was interrupted three times by rain. 'game was called in the sixth inning The ecount of darkness. Attendance, 2500. The score: tion deplore the "corrupting influence of Boston 18 16 1 St. Louis 5 12 5 wealth upon our social and political ma-

chinery, as displayed in the recent cam-paign of three millionaires for the office of Governor," and pledge the state Dem-Batteries-Nichols and Clements; Rug-ny, Weyhing and Robinson. Umpire-Hurst.

Brooklyn Beat Chicago. BROOKLYN, July 15.-The game today was slow and uninteresting. Attendance, The score:

Thicago2 8 4|Brooklyn6 5 1 Batteries—Taylor and Chance, Dexter; Kennedy and Pasrell. Umpire—O'Day.

Pittsburg Beat New York. NEW YORK, July 25 .- Pittsburg proved o be the best mud performers at the grounds this afternoon, winning eas-The score:

Pittsburg11 14 2|New York 2 6 4 Batteries-Chesbrough and Schriver; Mattheson, Mercer and Bowerman. Umpire-Emsile.

The American League. At Chicago-Chicago, 3; Cleveland, 1 At Sloux City-Sloux City, 2; St oseph, 5. Minneapolis-Minneapolis, 2 De-

At Kansas City-Kansas City, 4; Indian-At Milwaukee-Milwaukee, 2: Buffalo, 6. National League Standing.

ance. Results:

third; time, 1:25%.

The field was against Maybury, but the overwhelming majority sentiment could not be stemmed by the scattering of other candidates either individually or col-Won, Lost, Per ct lectively. Other names were: Thomas G. Cavanaugh, Nathan B. Hayes, S. L. By-nall, Patrick H. Gilkey and ex-Lieuten-

Six furlongs, purse-Eill Fay won, El

Ghor second, Duty third; time, 1:28%.
Handicap, six furlongs—Ohnet won,
Dave Waldo second, Eleanor Holmes

third; time, 1:18%. Six and one-half furlongs—Banish won

Apple Jack second, Henry of Frantzamar

Five and one-half furlongs-George W

Jenkins won, Robert J. aecond, Eva's Darling third; time, 1:06%.

Races at Hawthorne. CHICAGO, July 15 .- Results at Haw-

thorns. Weather, rainy; track, heavy; Five furlongs—Icon won, Woodstick second, Galen Hus third; time, 1:16%.

Six furlongs-Hermoso won, Pupil sec-ond, Pay the Fiddler third; time, 1:19%.

Five furlongs-Dandy Jim won, Sannazaro second, Jiminez third; time, 1:06. One mile—Annowan won, Hold Up sec-

shaw second, Frangible third; time, 1:47%.

One mile-Alahoa II won, The Un-known second, Greenock third; time, 1:51

Norford finished second, but was dis-

Races at Brighton Beach.

the Islip stakes, on which eight were down to go, but all but Skyscraper were

with a rush, and in the sixteenth of a

third, two lengths behind Skyscraper.

Five furlongs - Marothen won. Salamis second, Halleon third: time, 1:01 4-5. Six furlong: relling-Gibraltar won. Gontalong second His Royal Highness third: time, 1:12 3-5.

HARNESS RACES.

Uniformly Fest Time on Des Moines

DES MOINES, July 25.-The opening

day of the great Western circuit races on the Des Moines track was characterized

by pleasant weather, good attendance and uniformly fast time. Results: 2:35 pace, purse \$000—Garnetta won in

straight heats: time, 2:184, 2:14, 2:15. Joe Wheeler second, Shelah third. Alice Gray, Lady Amber, Piumline and Cora

2:14 trot, purse \$000-Mabel Onward won second, third and fourth heats: time,

2:15°, 2:15½, 2:15. Admiral won the first heat in 2:17½, and was second; Mayor Swift third. Prince of Darkness, Joy

Maker. Breezeland and Red Caffery also

2:15 pacing, purse \$600-Country Girl

won second, third and fourth heats; time, 2:12%, 2:14%, 2:15%. Partitude won the

first heat in 2:12% and was second; Black Heart third. Baby Bloss, Scrimps and

Indians Start Forest Fires.

there are over 30 fires now burning flerce-ly? including the finest white pine and cedar on the reserve, and that it is al-

most impossible to estimate the damage. As fast as one fire is extinguished an-other is set, and his rangers are almost

Fire at Yuma.

YUMA, Arin., July 25.—Pire last night swept Main street from First to Jones,

The

destroying everything in its path. The total loss is estimated at \$25,000; insur-

Delphi also started.

Trnck.

ond, Intriguer third: time, 1:5L

qualified for fouling.

Results:

ant-Governor John Strong.

The adoption of the resolutions and the nominating and seconding speeches for Governor occupied the entire afternoon.

After Maybury's nomination, the convention took a recess until 9 o'clock. THE RUNNING RACES. The convention adjourned at midnight, after completing the ticket, as follows, Yesterday's Winners at St. Louis and all the nominees being unanimously elect-Other Tracks. ed without ballots:

LOUIS, July 25.-Judge Steadman Lieutenant-Governor-Judge James G. was made the medium of a big killing in the ring in the first event today, being Ramsdell. Secretary of State-John W. Wing. backed from 30 to 8 by the owner and his cohorts. Owing to the horse's incon-sistent running the stable was suspended Treasurer-Charles F. Sundstrum. Auditor-General-Hiram B. Hudson Attorney-General-James O'Hara. pending investigation of today's perform-

Commissioner of Land Office - Major Seorge Winans.
Superintendent of Public Instruction— Mile and one-quarter, purse -- Judg-Steadman won, Koenig second, Gilbert Stephen H. Langdon, Presidential Electors-at-Large — Law-rence Hubinger and Philip B. Wachtel. third; time, 2:16%. Six furlongs, purse—Kindred won, Sain Lazarus second, Aunt Maggie third; time,

TIGHT FUSION IN KANSAS Democracy Surrendered to the De-

MAYBURY FOR GOVERNOR

TROIT MAYOR.

Kansas Silver Parties Fused and

Nominated a Full State Ticket

-Other Political News.

tion to nominate Maybury was acted upon

and the withdrawal of the half dozen oth-er Gubernatorial candidates before any

vote was taken was received by the dele-gates with loud cheers of approval.

The resolutions adopted by the conve

so as to prevent the shifting of the bur-den on to the shoulders of productive

special privileges are conferred and an amendment of sympathy with the South African Republics was added.

points of Populism.
FORT SCOTT, Kan., July S.-At their convention today, the Kansas Democracy surrendered to the demands of Populism thereby made possible the tightest and most harmonious fusion that has ever existed in this state. The Populists had demanded from the Demanded from office of Associate Justice in exchange for that of that of Attorney-General, accorded one former office had previously been granted the Democrats in what was supposed to be an air-tight agreement. After an allnight session of the conference committees, the question was left open to be settled by the Democratic convention at settled by the Democratic convention at its gathering today. A fight was expected before the Democrats would give up this plum, but, led by Hon, J. G. Johnson, National Committeeman for National Committee and Committee for a love feast. The Populists, when the action of the Democrats was made known to them, went wild with delight, and gave vent to their feelings in a demonstration that lasted 20 minutes and reached the height of enthusiasm. The state ticket completed by the different conventions was finally indorsed by all three-Demo-NEW YORK, July 35.—The chief event in today's racing at Brighton Beach was cratic, Populist and Silver Republican, It

Associate Justice-David Martin, Popu-Governor-John W. Breidenthal, Popu-

afraid of Ethelbert and Imp, and de-clined the Issue. Imp cut out the pace, joined by Skyscraper at the lower turn, and they ran like a team up the back stretch. At this point Ethelbert came on Lieutenant-Governor-A. M. Harvey, mile was a half dozen lengths in front. He won easily pulled up. Imp was cer-tainly out of condition, and staggered in

Secretary of State-Abe Frakes, Demo crat. Tressurer-Conway Marshall: Democrat. Attorney-General-Hugh P. Farrelly,

Democrat. Superintendent of Insurance-Webb Mc-Nall, Silver Republican.

Five furlongs-Watter won, Alsoren second, Dame third: time, 1:05%. Electors-At large, S. W. Turner, Sliver Republican; J. B. Fugate, Democrat; first district, James Falloon, Silver Re-Six furiongs-Baron Pepper won, Dr. Barlow second, Fair Rosamond third; publican; second district, J. B. Goshorn, Democrat; fifth district, C. P. Carstensen, Mile and one-sixteenth, selling-Prestidigator won. Hansbrough second. Wax Taper third: time, 1:67 3-5. Islip, one mile — Ethelbert won, Sky-scraper second. Imp third: time, 1:40. Democrat; seventh district, H. J. Roetzel, Democrat.

The platform adopted by the Democrats demands, among other things, the creation by law of a "public tribunal clothed with all power necessary for the complete and efficient regulation and control of railways," and legislation for the regulation of passenger and freight rates is demanded, as well as the appointment of a railway auditor, with power to examine the books and accounts of railways. The platform refers to Mr. Bryan as "the unconquered hero, the lion of the West. The platform adopted by the Populists declares for the establishment of a state oll refinery and the distribution of native oil to the people of Kansas at cost; pro-vides for a law taxing banks and for the creation of a fund to be under the control of the state bank examiner to be used in reimbursing depositors in banks that have

METCALFE NOTIFIED. Prohibition Nominee to: Vice-Prest-

dent. NEW YORK, July 26—The official notification of Henry B. Metcalfe, of Pawtucket, R. L., of his nomination for Vice-President, on the Prohibition ticket, took place at Carnegle Hall tonight. Samuel Dickey, of Michigan, chairman of the notification committee, made the notification speech. In accepting, Mr. Metcalfe

The platform adopted at Chicago commands my warmest approval. It is an ideal platform, in that it is a clear and complete declaration of the party's or-KALISPELL, Mont., July 25.-One of the Swan Lake country, on the western part of the Lewis and Clark forest reserve. Gus Mosler, superintendent of the reserve, reports that Indians deliberately set fire to the timber, and are clausities of my life in trying with your set fire to the timber, and are clausities of my life in trying with your set fire to the timber, and are clausities of my life in trying with your set fire to the timber. the worst forest fires ever known in Northwestern Montana is now raging in of my life in trying, with you, so to bring neighbors and fellow-citizens into the light that they will dare to be so loyal to set fire to the timber, and are slaughter-ing the game. He will proceed against the perpetrators. Within the space of 30 miles up and down the river, he says. their convictions as to vote in harm

> CAMPAIGN SPEAKERS. Administration Officials Too Busy to

> > Take Part.

NEW YORK, July M .- Senator N. B. Scott, who is in charge of the headquar-ters of the Republican National Commit-tee, in the Metropolitan Life building, has received a dispatch from Senator Hanna, the chairman of the committee, announcing that Senator Hanna will not be in this city before Friday Swater

Cornelius N. Biles and Frederick S. Gibbs will have a conference at the headquarters on Friday, it is expected, and will decide upon arrangements for campaign work in the eastern section of the coun-

MICHIGAN DEMOCRATS CHOSE DE-Mr. Scott, who is to have charge of the arrangements for speakers in the cam

paign, says:
"Every mail brings applications from orators who want to take the stump for McKinley and Roosevelt. I think nearly all the Republican orators of the Kational Republican Committee will be heard in this section of the country before the end of the campaign. I have talked with Secretary Root and Secretary Long, who DETROIT, July E.-Hon. W. C. May-bury, Mayor of Detroit, was this evening tendered the Democratic nomination for Governor of Michigan by the Democratic are extremely busy just now, and I hope to get some speeches from them later The plans for speeches have not been made yet, and the speaking probably will not begin before August 20." state convention. Not a dissenting volce was heard when the vote on the proposi-

SENATOR CLARK'S EXPECTATIONS. Still Believes He Is Entitled to a Sent.

NEW YORK, July 25 .- W. A. Clark, of Montana, who was interviewed by a Trib-une reporter last night, declined to dis-cuss the report that he had contributed a large sum of money to the Democratic

exempting corporations from the equal burden of taxation.

"Becond—A specific tax upon the great mining interests of the state levied in corporation."

"What is your status as a Representive at the present time?" he was asked.

"I am the duly appointed Benator from the State of Montana. The best Constitutional lawyers in the United States or described as a state levied in the corporation. mining interests of the state levied in ac-cordance with the value of their unearned cordance with the value of their unearned stores of wealth.

"Third—A tax upon existing franchises of a semi-public character commensurate with their carrilar newest."

Speaking of the eight-hour system, as adopted in Western copper mines, Mr. with their earning power.
"Fourth-Regulation of property taxes Clark said:

"We put the eight-hour day into effect on the 22d anniversary of the organiza-tion of the labor union of Montana. It is a mistake to assume that I am not a "Fifth-The prohibition of the granting large employer of labor in Montana. I of further franchises by municipalities, have between 500 and 4000 miners in my except by direct vote of the people of the territory affected."

Untiring support is pledged to Bryan

"The eight-hour schedule is also in force

Untiring support is pledged to Bryan and Stevenson, and the Kansas City platform is "heartily indersed in letter and spirit in all its parts." The platform pledges repeal of all laws under which given changing the hours."

GOLD DEMOCRATS.

(Continued from First Page.)

take positive steps against both old par-"We believe that the anti-imperialists, who have done splendid work in recalling the Republic to the ideas of its found-ers, will conclude that they can enforce their ideas more effectively by means of a third ticket than in any other way. We believe that many citizens who have not been identified with the anti-imperialists will welcome this chance to express their disapproval of existing conditions. order to meet these conditions, a mass convention is hereby called to meet at Indianapolis at 2 P. M. on August 14, 1990. to nominate or co-operate in the nomina tion of candidates for President and Vice President upon a platform substantially as follows:

The Republican party is conducting an indirect attack upon the institutions of our country. At home it corrupts the public morals by selling public offices and special privileges to the highest contribu-tors to party assets; abroad, it wages a wicked war of conquest in violation of the principles of the Declaration of In-dependence. The Democratic party is conducting a direct attack upon the in-stitutions of our country. It advocates dishonest money and threatens the integrity of the judiciary. No man serves well his country who joins in either of these attacks. Party to neither, thesefore, but opponents of both, we will give our honest efforts to the following ends: "First-Independence and protection to the inhabitants of Cuba, the Philippine Islands, Porto Rico and Hawaii. "Second—A single and

"Second-A single gold standard and a and banking system.
Third-Abolition of all special privi-

"Fourth-A public service, based on merits only "This call is addressed to all those op-

"Everett V. Abbott, Secretary."
After adopting the following resolu tions, the National committee of the National Democratic party adjourned until

"Resolved, That in the opinion of this committee, the nomination of candidates by the party for the office of President and Vice-President is unwise and unex-

pedient. "Resolved, secondly, That we reaffirm the Indianapolis platform of 1896. "Third—We recommend the state com-mittees in their respective states to preserve their organizations and take such teps as in their opinion may best serve the principles of the party, especially in the maintenance of a sound currency the privilege of private contract, the independence of the judiciary and the au-

thority of the President to enforce Fed-

eral laws, a covert attack on which is

made under the guise of denunciation of government by injunction. "We urge the voters not to be deceived by the pica that the money question mas been finally settled. The specific resteration of the demand for free coinage of sliver at the ratio of 16 to 1 by the Kansas City convention and the history known to all men in connection therewith emphasizes the danger of this de-mand. We indorse the action of Congress in passing a bill embodying the gold dard as a step in the right direction. We feel it would be dangerous to clevate to executive power any one hostile to the maintenance and enforcement of this

Lewis E. Ehrichs, of Colorado, who since 1895 has been active in the gold Democratic movement, said: "This action of the National committee

of the Gold Democracy is outrageous. The whole thing is simply a McKinley indorsement, and I have no doubt that those immediately interested in issuing the call intended such. I have done with the committee and the present organization of the party and shall tender my

Later on Mr. Ehrichs wrote his letter of resignation and withdrawal, which was accepted by the committee.

Pantsmakers' Strike.

NEW YORK, July 25.- Most of the pantsmakers in Manhattan Borough have struck for a 10-hour work day and an advance of 10 per cent in wages. There are 5000 pantsmakers in New York, Brooklyn and Newark. They belong to unions which are affiliated with the United Garment Workers, and the latter organization has used all its influence to prevent a strike, believing the time is inopportune. However, the pantsmakers of New York have called out the men in more than 300 shops. The leaders of the strike sent telegrams to the branches in Brooklyn and Newark informing them of the strike, and received replies saying that the branches would be guided by the action of the New Yorkers. It is said that there has been a gradual return to the task system, under which a man must make a certain number of garments to entitle him to a day's pay. The tasks, the men said, have been grad-ually increased until one had to work a day and a half or two days to earn

one day's pay. Daily Treasury Statement. WASHINGTON, July 25,-Today's state-ment of the Trensury balances in the general fund, exclusive of \$150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption, shows:

RODERTS' ARMY IS PUSHING THE BOERS INTO THE MOUNTAINS.

Kruger and the Burghers Are Re treating Toward Lydenberg-The Dutch Auxfous to Quit.

LONDON, July 25.-The War Office has eceived the following dispatch from Lord

"Vandermerwe Station, July 24.-We made a general advance yesterday from the position we have been holding east of Pretoria since June 12. Isn Hamilton, from the north, reached Rustfontein, seven miles north of Bronkhorst Spruit, July 22. This so completely surrounded the enemy's line of retreat that they abandoned the strong position they had been occupying in front of Pole-Carew. Stepheonson's brigade advanced yesterday un-opposed to Eland's River Station. Our right was protected by the First and Fourth Brigades of Cavalry, under French, and Hutton's Mounted Infantry. The former crossed east of Wilge River. Telegraph and railway communication were restored last night.

"In the supply train captured at Roode-val were 200 Welsh Fusiliers, most of whom had been prisoners. Dewet's force is continuing to move northeastly. It was at Roodepoort, July 22, with Broadwood not far behind, and Little's cavalry brigade following Broadwood.

"Baden-Powell reports as follows: "'Magato Farm, July 22.—Colonels Arey and Lushington, with 450 men, drave 1000 Boers from a very strong position and scattered them with considerable loss. Our casualties were six killed and 19 wounded."

It is not clear whether the supply train and 200 Fusiliers mentioned in the above dispatch are identical with the train and 100 Cameron Highlanders, the capture of which was reported by Lord Roberts in his communication of July 22. The following dispatch from Lord Rob-

erts has also been received:
"Bronkhorst Spruit, Tuesday, July 14.—
We marched here today. This is the
place where the Ninety-fourth was attacked December 20, 1880. The graves of the officers and men are in fair preserva-tion, and will now be put in good order. The march was unopposed, but French's cavalry and Hutton's Mounted Infantry, making a wide detour on our right, met bodies of the enemy. These were driven back, leaving several dead and wounded. A good many were also captured. Our casualties were one killed. Broadwood re-ports that he captured five of Dewet's wagons today. He was waiting at Vrede-fort until Little joined him."

THE BOERS RETREAT. Kruger and His Army Going to Leydenberg.

BRONKHORST SPRUIT, Tuesday, July 24-The Boers, having got wind of the British advance, have evacuated all their positions, and are reported to be moving to the northeast, toward Leyden-berg, whither President Kruger is gor. A portion of the Boers remain rth of Bushveldt, whence they attempt ing. to Interrupt communications on this line. The bridges here and smaller bridges the east have been destroved.

The British forces comprise two bri gades under General French and a brigade and a half under General Hamilton. It is not likely that the advance upon Middelburg will be contested. The Boers remaining upon their farms state that most of the burghers are anxious to bring matters to a finish, but that the foreigners are persistent.

Complains of England's Brutality. BERLIN, July 25.—The German press complains of what one paper calls the "growing brutalization of the South African war." Professor von Rohland, in the Deutsche Juristen Zeitung, deplores the "wound which England's procedure posed to the candidates and the platforms of the Republican and Democratic parties. Those who favor the movement are this to send their names and addresses to the temporary headquarters at

Loubet Received Boer Envoys. PARIS, July 25.-Messrs. Fischer, Wol-sarens and Wessels, the Boer delmarens and egates, were received today by President Loubet in the Palace of the Elysee. They were presented by Dr. Leyds, the diplomatic agent of the Transvaal.

THE MINISTRY SUSTAINED.

THE MINISTRY SUSTAINED. South African Debate in British

House of Commons. LONDON, July 25 .- Discussion of the cionial office vote led to a spirited debate in the House of Commons today, in the course of which the Liberals again renewed most of the old charges against the Colonial Secretary, Joseph Chamber-lain, and indulged in criticisms of the South Arlean war. Finally, Sir Laurier awson moved a reduction of Mr. Chameriain's salary as a mark of censure of

Mr. Chamberlain, replying, welcomed the issue raised by the motion which, he declared, meant that the war was wrong and that, consequently, annexation of the South African republics was wrong and their independence should be restored to them. In his oninion however, the war was just and righteous and should not be judged by its consequences in loss of life. John Bright had defended the Civil War in America as just and righteous, al-though the loss of life was as thousands to units as compared with South Africa Mr. Chamberian charged the Radicals with condoning rebellion. The policy of the government, he declared, however, was not vindictive and instead of subting the rebels to the death penalty imprisonment, it only proposed to dis arm them politically for 10 years.

The opposition did not spare Mr. Cham-berlain. Liberal members sharply interrupted him and charged him with mis-quoting other speakers and reminded him that the whole history of South Africa the past seven years had furnished sub-stantial ground for him to be suspected in all his actions.

A. J. Balfour, First Lord of the Treas-

ury and Government leader in the House, moved the closure, which was carried, 169 ayes to 100 noes. The motion on reduction of Mr. Chamberlain's salary was then lost lost, 205 noes to 52 ayes, and the Colonial office vote was agreed to.

GOVERNMENT AT VIGAN. Another Luxon Town Given Civil Adminstration.

WASHINGTON, July 25 .- General Mac Arthur has cabled the War Department an announcement of the successful erection of another municipal government in the Philippines under the terms laid down by the Philippine Commission. This par-

ticular government is established at VIgan, on the northwest coast of the Island of Luzon, at a point made memorable by the landing of Young's forces during the pursuit of Aguinaldo. The Alcalde re-ferred to in General MacArthur's dispatch nds to the Spanish Alcalde American Mayor. The message reads as

"Manila, July 25.—Adjutant-General, Washington—Following telegram from Alcalde of recently formed municipal gov-ernment at Vigan, Luzon, is transmitted; 'President, Washington-Alcalde and Municipal Council at Vigan, installed un-der General Young's supervision, salute you and tender firm allegiance. Rivero, MACARTHUR.'

Judge J. W. Hughes. WASHINGTON, July M. - Superior

GENERAL ADVANCE BEGUN BALMY SUMMER THE SEASON FOR TREATING DISEASE

What Summer Means in the Cure of Catarrh

There are contracted during the periods of Fall, Winter and Spring those tarrhai conditions of the head and thr and other parts that are engaged in carrying air to the lungs. The changeable weather, the cold spells followed by warm periods with thaws and dampness, to gether with a necessity during the cold weather of living indoors with the house shut up and often overheated, the impurair of closed buildings, all tend to the development of disease of those parts which carry the air to the lungs and to which carry the air to the lungs and the ears. Not only does the inclemency Spring. Fall and Winter produce such disease but the same causes that produce the disease also interfere with the efforts of the doctor curs them. During the Summer months thin are different. The climate is warmer, the his winds loaded with dusty particles that in tate the diseased parts that carry the air a absent; there is pienty of fresh air, as i house is kept open, and this together wi outdoor life, so improves the general heat that Nature is able to improve all those dieases that attack the breathing fracts a cars. Thus, in the treatment of all catarrh diseases, that which has been frequent urard is true, namely, that one month treatment during the Summer, when the liability to catching cold is reduced to the mir mum and Nature lends her aid to the phycian, is worth two months of the most skilli

Opportuniites of Summer to the Deaf.

It has been seen, even during the inelement and unfriendly influence of the severe Winter weather, and the changeable weather of Spring and Fall, how this treatment, even against the influences of the climate and weather, restores the lost hearing to those of all ages, and regardless of the original cause. As is well known, in Southern climates deafness in not nearly so prevalent as in the North. The reason for this is that in a mild climate the inflammation which closes the Eustachian Tube, thus causing deafness, is subdued more ensily. So, from now on Doctor Copeland's treatment will have the wonderful benefits of Nature's help, instead of the trying influences of her opposition, as it has had during the harsh Winter and Spring months. During the Winter and early Spring the influence of the wonderful medication finds constant opposition to its work in opening up the inflamed and exposed passages leading from the throat to the inner ear. Hence, one month of treatment during the Summer is worth at least two months in the Winter

Catarrh 25 Years Cured by the Copeland Treatment

Mr. H. Thompson, Sycamore, Multi-nomah County, Oregon: I went to the nomah County, Oregon: I went to the Copeland Institute to be treated for ca-tarrhal disease of the nose, throat and stomach of about 25 years' standing. The Symptoms I Suffered From

Were those nearly always given by those afflicted with catarrh; "Cold in the head all the time and nose always so stopped up that I couldn't breathe through it."



Mr. H. Thompson, Sycamore, Multnomah County, Oregon.

"Constant dropping of mucus and everlasting hawking and spitting."
"Distracting headache, nose bleed and

"Defective hearing, especially in the right ear."
"Bad taste in the morning, with no relish for breakfast."
"A changeable, craving appetite."
"Misery after eating, with bloating and belehing and growing inability to digest

"Restless nights, with the necessity to rise and clear the throat." "Loss of weight and vitality."

The Wretched State I Had Drifted into, I was always doctoring, but hout any lasting benefit. I could hard. ly have been worse if I had never used a drop of medicine. Finally I went to the Copeland Institute and they soon made a new man of me. My appetite free, It means no charge will be made, returned, I gained in weight and the catarrh left me. When I began treats ment I could not hear my watch tick implied or demanded. It means what it nless pressed close to the right ear; now hear as well as any one.

DISCHARGING EARS AND DEAFNESS

Mrs. M. Douthit, Postoffice address Portland: Many years ago I had diph-therin and since that time have been troubled with my ears. There was a constant discharge from both ears. Sometimes it was merely a little watery discharge; at other times it was thick and foul. I had sharp, shooting pains through the ears, and a terrible itching. At times this would nearly set me wild. The cars were dry and scaly.

My hearing was very dull. I could not understand the common tones of the voice. At church I could not hear what the minister said unless I was right up in front. I could not hear the clock tick except when close up to it. There was a continual buzzing and roaring in my head and a stopped-up feeling.

under the treatment given me at the Copeland Institute my ears healed and my hearing returned. I will gladly answer any letters, for I am always pleased to recommend the treatment that has done so much for me.

HOME TREATMENT.

Doctor Copeland requests all who are ailing, all who feel a gradual weakening or all who realize that their health is being undermined by some unknown com-plaint, to cut out this slip, mark the questions that apply to your case and he will diagnose your case for you.

"Is your nose stopped up?" "Do you sleep with mouth wide

"Is there pain in front of head?" "Is your throat dry or sore?" "Have you a bad taste in the morning? "Do you cough?"

"Do you cough worse at night?" "Is your tongue conted?" "Is your appetite failing?" "Is there pain after cating?"
"Are you light-headed?"

"When you get up suddenly are you dissy?"
"Do you have hot flashes?" "Do you have fiver marks?"
"Do your kidneys trouble you?"
"Do you have pain in back or under shoulder-blades?"

"Do you wake up tired and out of ports? "Are you losing flesh?"
"Is your strength falling?"

For this Doctor Copeland's services are

says. To one and all it is unequivocally

Consultation Free.

Dr. Copeland's Book Free to All.

THE COPELAND MEDICAL INSTITUTE

The Dekum, Third and Washington

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and an invigorating, health-giving tonic.

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vocate keeping the sys-tem cool and the blood pure, and I know of no bester remedy than your hetter remeity take it work.
Albey's ball. I take it every meraing before my bath, and I can assure you as a fact that I abould miss it more than my brenkfast. Your Abbey's Salt is invicorating teams the young teams the young Albeys Fall. I take it every moraing refore my bath, and I can assure you as a fact that I about many breakfast. Your Aboy's Salt is invice-ning, cleans the tongue and mouth and invasts a feeling of freshness and energy to the entite system. I am constantly prescribing it."

Allporan, Kr.

"Your Salt works like a chaim. It seems to be ALLEGGER, Kr.
"Your Salt works like a chaim. It seems to be just whit has always been wanting, cooling and refreshing and not nauseating in any purticular. I shall never be without it in my office."
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DR. ERNEST E. PARKER.

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"Your Solits avery superior article. Am well pleased with it. Hottle waters no comparison."
Dr. Was. B. Mans.

THOUGHTLESS FOLKS HAVE THE HARDEST WORK. BUT QUICK-WITTED PEOPLE USE

SAPOLIO

died at 6 o'clock this evening. A brother-in-law was with him during his last hours.

Photographers' Convention. MILWAUKEE, July 25.-The delegates to the National Photographers' Associa-

Judge J. W. Hughes, of San Diego, Cat., discussion by B. J. Falk on "The Copywho has been ill of cerebral meningitis right Question of Today," and a lecture at the Garfield Hospital for about a week, by Professor Griffiths on "Topics of Interest and Value to Photographic People Generally." A committee on nominations was named and reports of officers received. Buffalo and Detroit are in the lend for the next convention. A resolution was adopted asking Congress to amend the copyright statutes so as properly to protect all copyrighted phototion convention today listened to an able | graphs.